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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

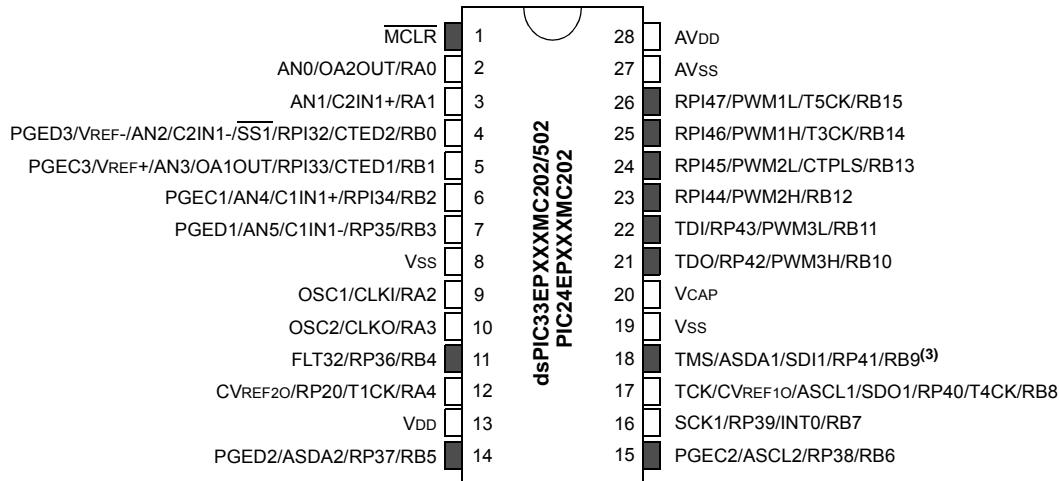
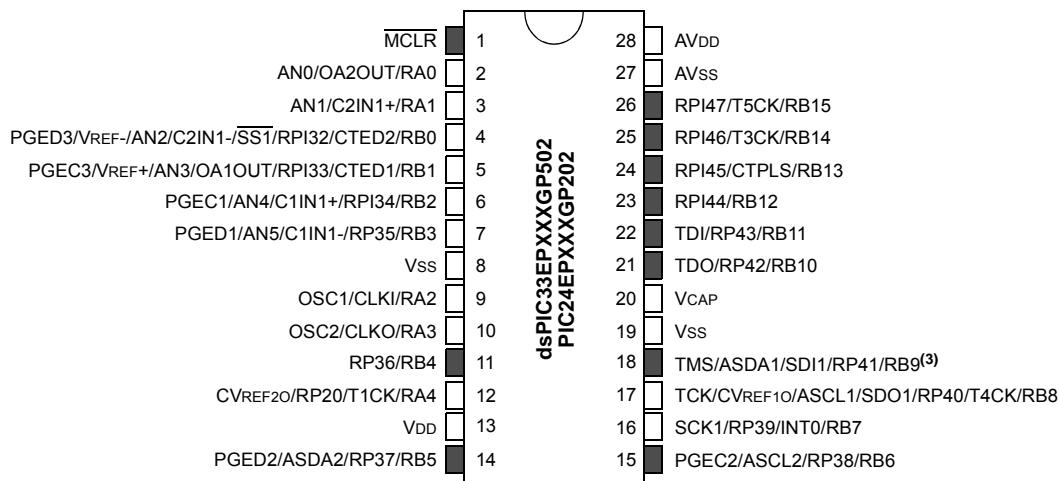
Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	256KB (85.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep256mc504t-e-pt

Pin Diagrams

28-Pin SPDIP/SOIC/SSOP^(1,2)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

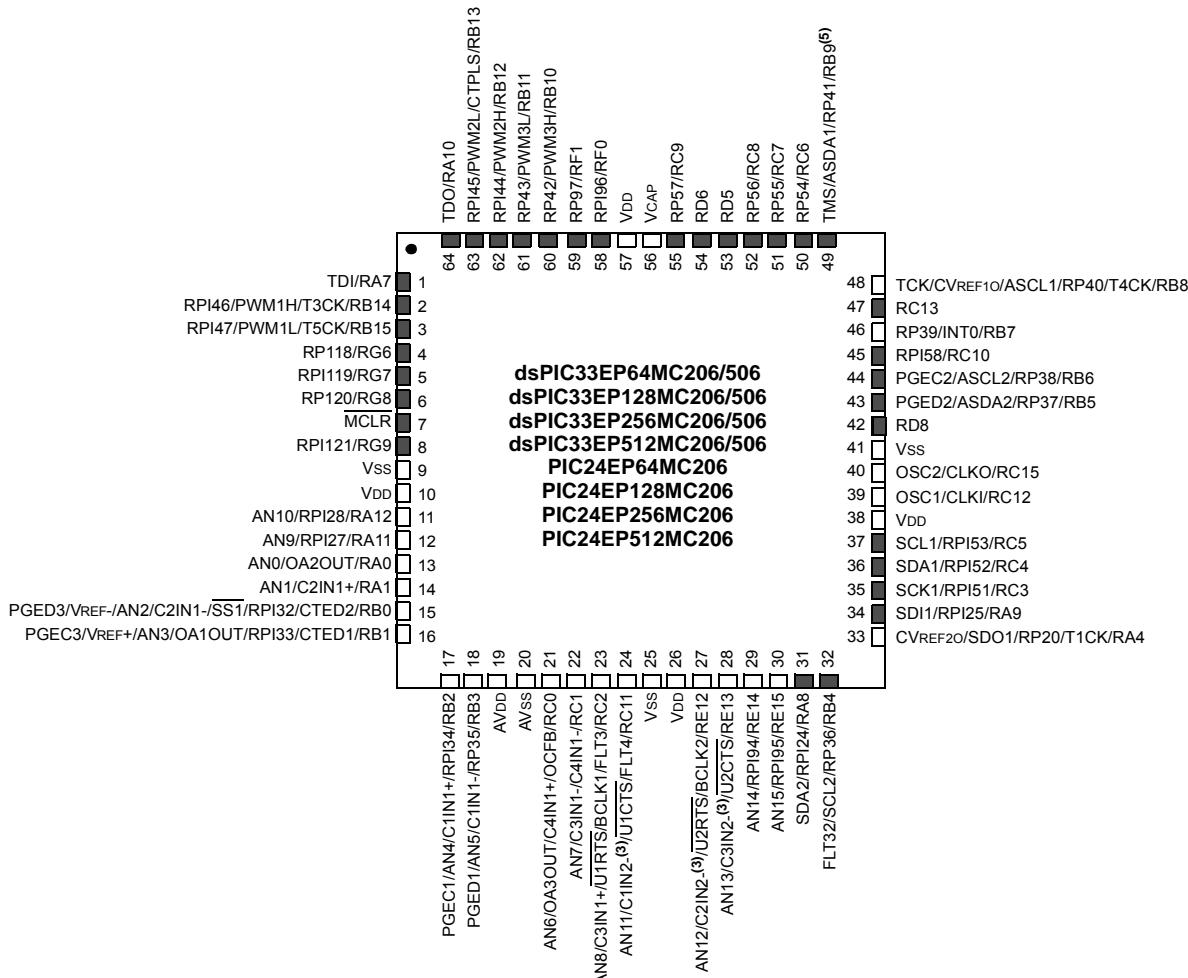


- Note 1:** The RPn/RPI_n pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 "Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)"** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- 2:** Every I/O port pin (RA_x-RG_x) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNA_x-CNG_x). See **Section 11.0 "I/O Ports"** for more information.
- 3:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

64-Pin QFN^(1,2,3,4)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note 1:** The RPn/RPI_n pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- 2:** Every I/O port pin (RAx-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CN_{Ax}-CNG_x). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- 3:** This pin is not available as an input when OPMODE (CM_xCON<10>) = 1.
- 4:** The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to Vss externally.
- 5:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

REGISTER 3-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-5	IPL<2:0> : CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits ^(2,3) 111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15); user interrupts are disabled 110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14) 101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13) 100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12) 011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11) 010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10) 001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9) 000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)
bit 4	RA : REPEAT Loop Active bit 1 = REPEAT loop in progress 0 = REPEAT loop not in progress
bit 3	N : MCU ALU Negative bit 1 = Result was negative 0 = Result was non-negative (zero or positive)
bit 2	OV : MCU ALU Overflow bit This bit is used for signed arithmetic (2's complement). It indicates an overflow of the magnitude that causes the sign bit to change state. 1 = Overflow occurred for signed arithmetic (in this arithmetic operation) 0 = No overflow occurred
bit 1	Z : MCU ALU Zero bit 1 = An operation that affects the Z bit has set it at some time in the past 0 = The most recent operation that affects the Z bit has cleared it (i.e., a non-zero result)
bit 0	C : MCU ALU Carry/Borrow bit 1 = A carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred 0 = No carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred

- Note 1:** This bit is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X devices only.
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 3:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.
- 4:** A data write to the SR register can modify the SA and SB bits by either a data write to SA and SB or by clearing the SAB bit. To avoid a possible SA or SB bit write race condition, the SA and SB bits should not be modified using bit operations.

TABLE 4-24: CRC REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
CRCCON1	0640	CRCEN	—	CSIDL	VWORD<4:0>					CRCFUL	CRCMPT	CRCISEL	CRCGO	LENDIAN	—	—	—	0000	
CRCCON2	0642	—	—	—	DWIDTH<4:0>					—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>					0000	
CRCXORL	0644	X<15:1>												—					0000
CRCXORH	0646	X<31:16>												—					0000
CRCDATL	0648	CRC Data Input Low Word												—					0000
CRCDATH	064A	CRC Data Input High Word												—					0000
CRCWDATL	064C	CRC Result Low Word												—					0000
CRCWDATH	064E	CRC Result High Word												—					0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Shaded bits are not used in the operation of the programmable CRC module.

TABLE 4-25: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC202/502 AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC202 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
RPOR0	0680	—	—	RP35R<5:0>					—	—	RP20R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR1	0682	—	—	RP37R<5:0>					—	—	RP36R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR2	0684	—	—	RP39R<5:0>					—	—	RP38R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR3	0686	—	—	RP41R<5:0>					—	—	RP40R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR4	0688	—	—	RP43R<5:0>					—	—	RP42R<5:0>					—			0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-26: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC203/503 AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC203 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
RPOR0	0680	—	—	RP35R<5:0>					—	—	RP20R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR1	0682	—	—	RP37R<5:0>					—	—	RP36R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR2	0684	—	—	RP39R<5:0>					—	—	RP38R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR3	0686	—	—	RP41R<5:0>					—	—	RP40R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR4	0688	—	—	RP43R<5:0>					—	—	RP42R<5:0>					—			0000
RPOR5	068A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000		
RPOR6	068C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000		

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

8.0 DIRECT MEMORY ACCESS (DMA)

- Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Direct Memory Access (DMA)**” (DS70348) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).
- 2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The DMA Controller transfers data between Peripheral Data registers and Data Space SRAM

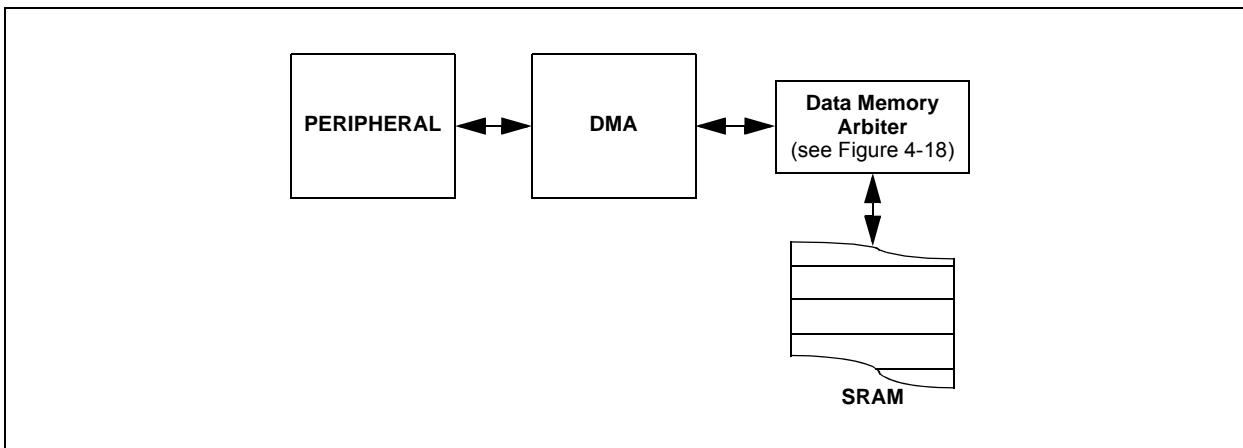
In addition, DMA can access the entire data memory space. The Data Memory Bus Arbiter is utilized when either the CPU or DMA attempts to access SRAM, resulting in potential DMA or CPU stalls.

The DMA Controller supports 4 independent channels. Each channel can be configured for transfers to or from selected peripherals. Some of the peripherals supported by the DMA Controller include:

- ECAN™
- Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)
- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)
- UART
- Input Capture
- Output Compare

Refer to Table 8-1 for a complete list of supported peripherals.

FIGURE 8-1: DMA CONTROLLER MODULE



9.0 OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “Oscillator” (DS70580) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

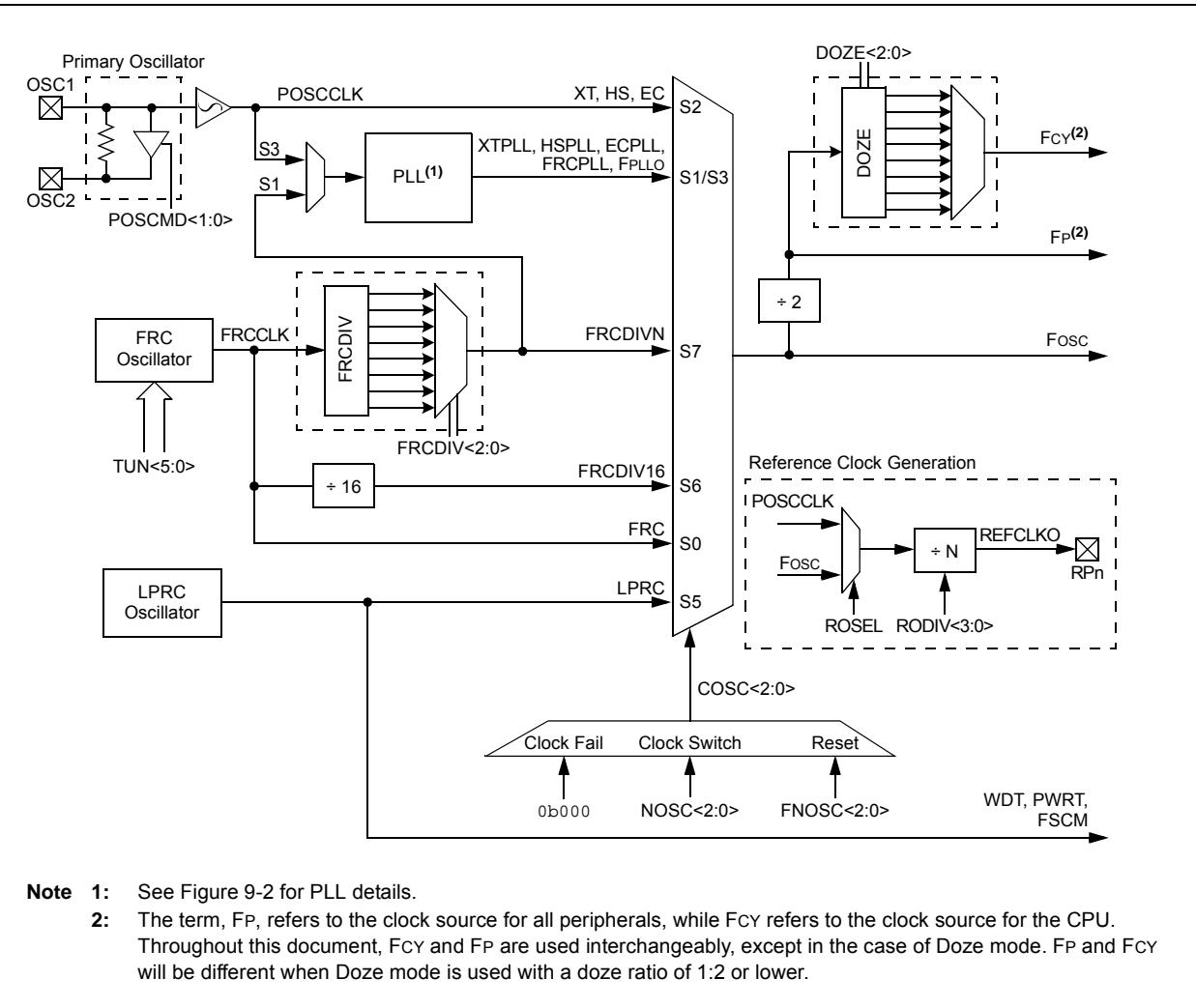
- 2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X oscillator system provides:

- On-chip Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) to boost internal operating frequency on select internal and external oscillator sources
- On-the-fly clock switching between various clock sources
- Doze mode for system power savings
- Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) that detects clock failure and permits safe application recovery or shutdown
- Configuration bits for clock source selection

A simplified diagram of the oscillator system is shown in Figure 9-1.

FIGURE 9-1: OSCILLATOR SYSTEM DIAGRAM



REGISTER 10-2: PMD2: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11 **IC4MD:** Input Capture 4 Module Disable bit
 1 = Input Capture 4 module is disabled
 0 = Input Capture 4 module is enabled
- bit 10 **IC3MD:** Input Capture 3 Module Disable bit
 1 = Input Capture 3 module is disabled
 0 = Input Capture 3 module is enabled
- bit 9 **IC2MD:** Input Capture 2 Module Disable bit
 1 = Input Capture 2 module is disabled
 0 = Input Capture 2 module is enabled
- bit 8 **IC1MD:** Input Capture 1 Module Disable bit
 1 = Input Capture 1 module is disabled
 0 = Input Capture 1 module is enabled
- bit 7-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **OC4MD:** Output Compare 4 Module Disable bit
 1 = Output Compare 4 module is disabled
 0 = Output Compare 4 module is enabled
- bit 2 **OC3MD:** Output Compare 3 Module Disable bit
 1 = Output Compare 3 module is disabled
 0 = Output Compare 3 module is enabled
- bit 1 **OC2MD:** Output Compare 2 Module Disable bit
 1 = Output Compare 2 module is disabled
 0 = Output Compare 2 module is enabled
- bit 0 **OC1MD:** Output Compare 1 Module Disable bit
 1 = Output Compare 1 module is disabled
 0 = Output Compare 1 module is enabled

**REGISTER 11-15: RPINR37: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 37
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)**

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	SYNCI1R<6:0>						
bit 15	bit 8						

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **SYNCI1R<6:0>:** Assign PWM Synchronization Input 1 to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**REGISTER 11-17: RPINR39: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 39
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)**

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	DTCMP3R<6:0>						
bit 15	bit 8						

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	DTCMP2R<6:0>						
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **DTCMP3R<6:0>:** Assign PWM Dead-Time Compensation Input 3 to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **DTCMP2R<6:0>:** Assign PWM Dead-Time Compensation Input 2 to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

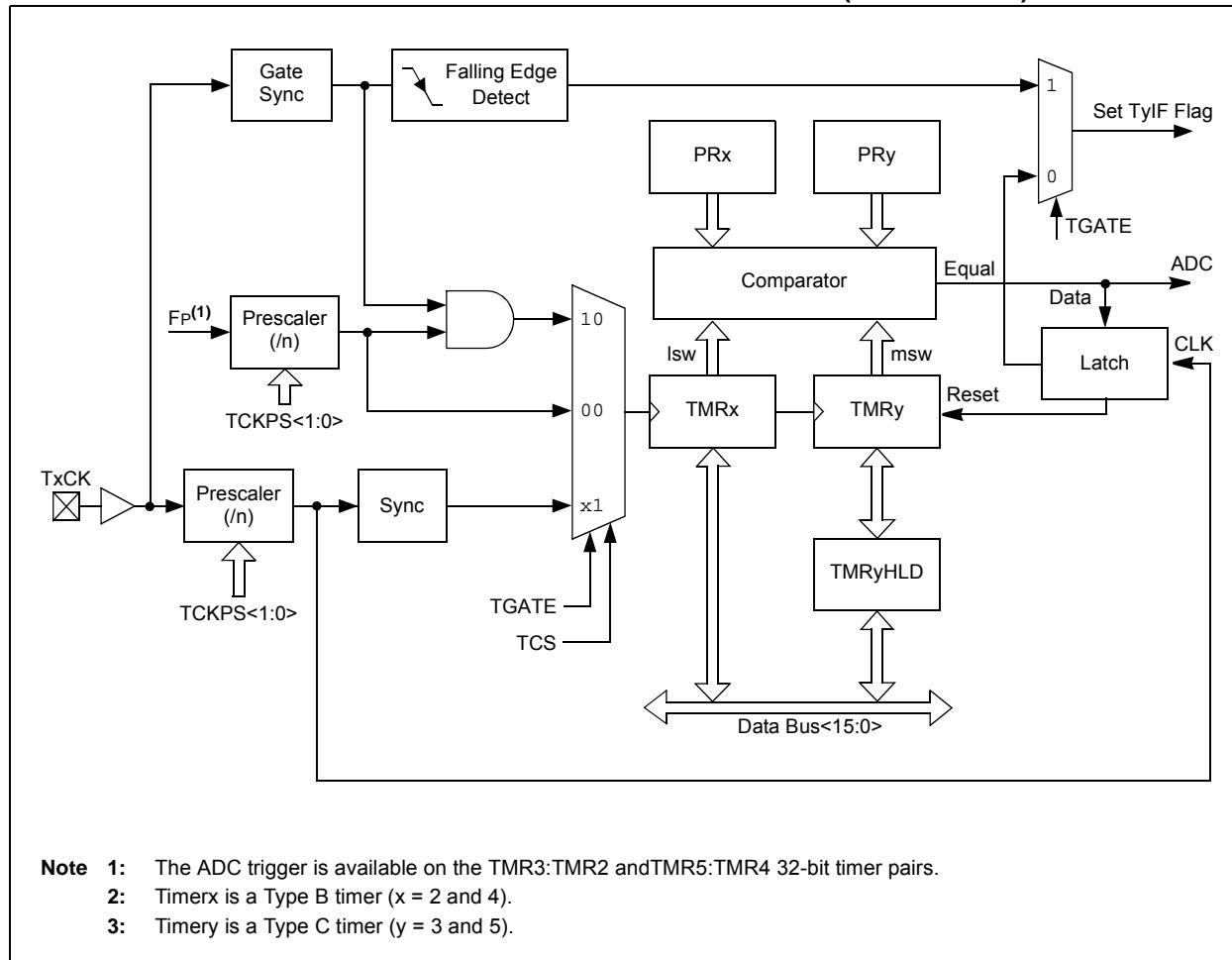
1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

FIGURE 13-3: TYPE B/TYPE C TIMER PAIR BLOCK DIAGRAM (32-BIT TIMER)

- Note**
- 1: The ADC trigger is available on the TMR3:TMR2 and TMR5:TMR4 32-bit timer pairs.
 - 2: Timerx is a Type B timer ($x = 2$ and 4).
 - 3: Timery is a Type C timer ($y = 3$ and 5).

13.1 Timerx/y Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

13.1.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “Timers” (DS70362) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” Sections
- Development Tools

REGISTER 17-7: VEL1CNT: VELOCITY COUNTER 1 REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
VELCNT<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
VELCNT<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **VELCNT<15:0>:** Velocity Counter bits**REGISTER 17-8: INDX1CNTH: INDEX COUNTER 1 HIGH WORD REGISTER**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INDXCNT<31:24>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INDXCNT<23:16>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **INDXCNT<31:16>:** High Word Used to Form 32-Bit Index Counter Register (INDX1CNT) bits**REGISTER 17-9: INDX1CNTRL: INDEX COUNTER 1 LOW WORD REGISTER**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INDXCNT<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INDXCNT<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

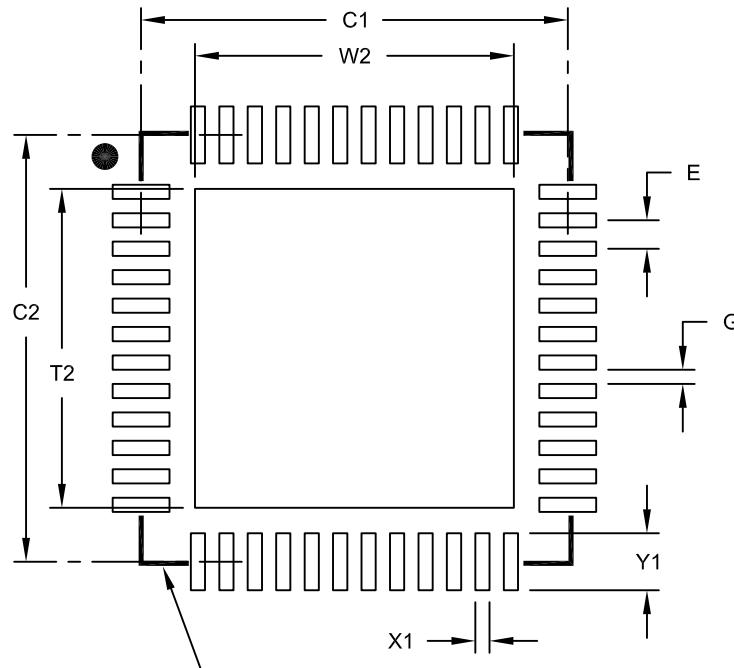
x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **INDXCNT<15:0>:** Low Word Used to Form 32-Bit Index Counter Register (INDX1CNT) bits

NOTES:

48-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MV) - 6x6 mm Body [UQFN]
With 0.40 mm Contact Length

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at
<http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch		0.40 BSC		
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			4.45
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			4.45
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		6.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		6.00	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.20
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			0.80
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2153A

Revision E (April 2012)

This revision includes typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-3.

TABLE A-4: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
“16-bit Microcontrollers and Digital Signal Controllers (up to 512-Kbyte Flash and 48-Kbyte SRAM) with High-Speed PWM, Op amps, and Advanced Analog”	<p>The following 512-Kbyte devices were added to the General Purpose Families table (see Table 1):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PIC24EP512GP202• PIC24EP512GP204• PIC24EP512GP206• dsPIC33EP512GP502• dsPIC33EP512GP504• dsPIC33EP512GP506 <p>The following 512-Kbyte devices were added to the Motor Control Families table (see Table 2):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PIC24EP512MC202• PIC24EP512MC204• PIC24EP512MC206• dsPIC33EP512MC202• dsPIC33EP512MC204• dsPIC33EP512MC206• dsPIC33EP512MC502• dsPIC33EP512MC504• dsPIC33EP512MC506 <p>Certain Pin Diagrams were updated to include the new 512-Kbyte devices.</p>
Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”	Added a Program Memory Map for the new 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-4). Added a Data Memory Map for the new dsPIC 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-11). Added a Data Memory Map for the new PIC24 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-16).
Section 7.0 “Interrupt Controller”	Updated the VECNUM bits in the INTTREG register (see Register 7-7).
Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”	Added tip 6 to Section 11.5 “I/O Helpful Tips” .
Section 27.0 “Special Features”	The following modifications were made to the Configuration Byte Register Map (see Table 27-1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added the column Device Memory Size (Kbytes)• Removed Notes 1 through 4• Added addresses for the new 512-Kbyte devices
Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the Minimum value for Parameter DC10 (see Table 30-4). Added Power-Down Current (lpd) parameters for the new 512-Kbyte devices (see Table 30-8). Updated the Minimum value for Parameter CM34 (see Table 30-53). Updated the Minimum and Maximum values and the Conditions for parameter SY12 (see Table 30-22).

TyCON (Timer3 and Timer5 Control).....	211
UxMODE (UARTx Mode).....	283
UxSTA (UARTx Status and Control).....	285
VEL1CNT (Velocity Counter 1).....	259
Resets.....	123
Brown-out Reset (BOR).....	123
Configuration Mismatch Reset (CM).....	123
Illegal Condition Reset (IOPUWR).....	123
Illegal Opcode.....	123
Security.....	123
Uninitialized W Register.....	123
Master Clear (MCLR) Pin Reset.....	123
Power-on Reset (POR).....	123
RESET Instruction (SWR).....	123
Resources.....	124
Trap Conflict Reset (TRAPR).....	123
Watchdog Timer Time-out Reset (WDTO).....	123
Resources Required for Digital PFC.....	32, 34
Revision History	507
S	
Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)	265
Software Stack Pointer (SSP).....	111
Special Features of the CPU	379
SPI	
Control Registers	268
Helpful Tips	267
Resources	267
T	
Temperature and Voltage Specifications	
AC	413, 471
Thermal Operating Conditions	402
Thermal Packaging Characteristics	402
Timer1	203
Control Register	205
Resources	204
Timer2/3 and Timer4/5.....	207
Control Registers	210
Resources	209
Timing Diagrams	
10-Bit ADC Conversion (CHPS<1:0> = 01, SIMSAM = 0, ASAM = 0, SSRC<2:0> = 000, SSRCG = 0).....	464
10-Bit ADC Conversion (CHPS<1:0> = 01, SIMSAM = 0, ASAM = 1, SSRC<2:0> = 111, SSRCG = 0, SAMC<4:0> = 00010)	464
12-Bit ADC Conversion (ASAM = 0, SSRC<2:0> = 000, SSRCG = 0)	462
BOR and Master Clear Reset	416
ECANx I/O	454
External Clock	414
High-Speed PWMx Fault	422
High-Speed PWMx Module.....	422
I/O Characteristics	416
I2Cx Bus Data (Master Mode)	450
I2Cx Bus Data (Slave Mode)	452
I2Cx Bus Start/Stop Bits (Master Mode).....	450
I2Cx Bus Start/Stop Bits (Slave Mode).....	452
Input Capture x (ICx)	420
OCx/PWMx	421
Output Compare x (OCx).....	421
QEA/QEB Input	424
QEI Module Index Pulse	425
SPI1 Master Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1)	441
SPI1 Master Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1)	440
SPI1 Master Mode (Half-Duplex, Transmit Only, CKE = 0).....	438
SPI1 Master Mode (Half-Duplex, Transmit Only, CKE = 1).....	439
SPI1 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)	448
SPI1 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 0, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)	446
SPI1 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)	442
SPI1 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)	444
SPI2 Master Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1)	429
SPI2 Master Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1)	428
SPI2 Master Mode (Half-Duplex, Transmit Only, CKE = 0).....	426
SPI2 Master Mode (Half-Duplex, Transmit Only, CKE = 1).....	427
SPI2 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)	436
SPI2 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 0, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)	434
SPI2 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)	430
SPI2 Slave Mode (Full-Duplex, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)	432
Timer1-Timer5 External Clock	418
TimerQ (QEI Module) External Clock	423
UARTx I/O	454
U	
Universal Asynchronous Receiver	
Transmitter (UART)	281
Control Registers.....	283
Helpful Tips.....	282
Resources	282
User ID Words	384
V	
Voltage Regulator (On-Chip)	384
W	
Watchdog Timer (WDT).....	379, 385
Programming Considerations	385
WWW Address	524
WWW, On-Line Support	23