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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPs
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	32KB (10.7K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	2K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VFTLA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-VTLA (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep32mc504-i-tl

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Pin Diagrams (Continued)



Pin Name ⁽⁴⁾	Pin Type	Buffer Type	PPS	Description
AN0-AN15	I	Analog	No	Analog input channels.
CLKI	I	ST/ CMOS	No	External clock source input. Always associated with OSC1 pin function
CLKO	0	—	No	Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes. Always associated with OSC2 pin function.
OSC1	I	ST/	No	Oscillator crystal input. ST buffer when configured in RC mode; CMOS
OSC2	I/O	CMOS —	No	otherwise. Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes.
REFCLKO	0		Yes	Reference clock output.
IC1-IC4	Ι	ST	Yes	Capture Inputs 1 through 4.
OCFA OCFB OC1-OC4	 0	ST ST	Yes No Yes	Compare Fault A input (for Compare channels). Compare Fault B input (for Compare channels). Compare Outputs 1 through 4.
INT0	I	ST	No	External Interrupt 0.
INT1 INT2		ST ST	Yes Yes	External Interrupt 1. External Interrupt 2.
RA0-RA4, RA7-RA12	I/O	ST	No	PORTA is a bidirectional I/O port.
RB0-RB15	I/O	ST	No	PORTB is a bidirectional I/O port.
RC0-RC13, RC15	I/O	ST	No	PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port.
RD5, RD6, RD8	I/O	ST	No	PORTD is a bidirectional I/O port.
RE12-RE15	I/O	ST	No	PORTE is a bidirectional I/O port.
RF0, RF1	I/O	ST	No	PORTF is a bidirectional I/O port.
RG6-RG9	I/O	ST	No	PORTG is a bidirectional I/O port.
T1CK	Ι	ST	No	Timer1 external clock input.
T2CK T3CK		ST ST	Yes	Timer2 external clock input.
T4CK		ST	No No	Timer3 external clock input. Timer4 external clock input.
T5CK	i	ST	No	Timer5 external clock input.
CTPLS	0	ST	No	CTMU pulse output.
CTED1	Ι	ST	No	CTMU External Edge Input 1.
CTED2	Ι	ST	No	CTMU External Edge Input 2.
U1CTS	Ι	ST	No	UART1 Clear-To-Send.
U1RTS	0		No	UART1 Ready-To-Send.
U1RX		ST	Yes	UART1 receive. UART1 transmit.
U1TX BCLK1	0	ST	Yes No	UART1 Iransmit. UART1 IrDA [®] baud clock output.
Legend: CMOS = CM ST = Schmi PPS = Perip	MOS co itt Trigg	ompatible er input v	input with CN	or output Analog = Analog input P = Power

TABLE 1-1:PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS

Note 1: This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

2: This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

3: This is the default Fault on Reset for dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices. See Section 16.0 "High-Speed PWM Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)" for more information.

4: Not all pins are available in all packages variants. See the "Pin Diagrams" section for pin availability.

5: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

4.0 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to "Program Memory" (DS70613) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual', which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/ 50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X architecture features separate program and data memory spaces, and buses. This architecture also allows the direct access of program memory from the Data Space (DS) during code execution.

4.1 Program Address Space

The program address memory space of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices is 4M instructions. The space is addressable by a 24-bit value derived either from the 23-bit PC during program execution, or from table operation or Data Space remapping, as described in Section 4.8 "Interfacing Program and Data Memory Spaces".

User application access to the program memory space is restricted to the lower half of the address range (0x000000 to 0x7FFFF). The exception is the use of TBLRD operations, which use TBLPAG<7> to read Device ID sections of the configuration memory space.

The program memory maps, which are presented by device family and memory size, are shown in Figure 4-1 through Figure 4-5.

FIGURE 4-1: PROGRAM MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP32GP50X, dsPIC33EP32MC20X/50X AND PIC24EP32GP/MC20X DEVICES

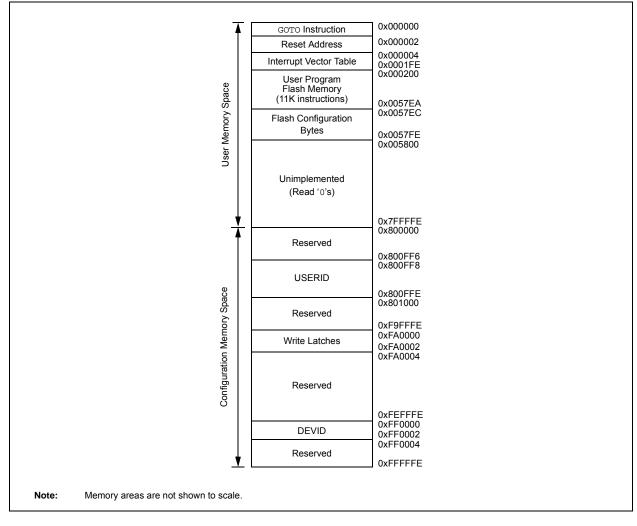


TABLE 4-7: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC50X DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IPC23	086E		F	PWM2IP<2:0)>		Р	WM1IP<2:	0>			_		—	_	-		4400
IPC24	0870		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	F	WM3IP<2:0>		0004
IPC35	0886			JTAGIP<2:0	>	-		ICDIP<2:0	>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4400
IPC36	0888		I	PTG0IP<2:0)>	-	PT	GWDTIP<	2:0>	_	P	GSTEPIP<2:	:0>	_	_	_	_	4440
IPC37	088A	_	_		—	_	F	PTG3IP<2:0)>	_		PTG2IP<2:0>	•	—	F	PTG1IP<2:0>		0444
INTCON1	08C0	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	COVAERR	COVBERR	OVATE	OVBTE	COVTE	SFTACERR	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL		0000
INTCON2	08C2	GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	—	_	_	_				_		_	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	8000
INTCON3	08C4	_	—		—	_	_	_				DAE	DOOVR	_	—	_		0000
INTCON4	08C6	_	_		—	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	—	—	_	SGHT	0000
INTTREG	08C8	_	—	-	—		ILR<	3:0>					VECNU	JM<7:0>				0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-37: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0760	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	_	_	_	I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	_	_	AD1MD	0000
PMD2	0762	_	_	_	_	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD	_		_	_	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0764		_	_	—	_	CMPMD	_	-	CRCMD	_				_	I2C2MD	_	0000
PMD4	0766		_	_	—	_		_	-	—	_			REFOMD	CTMUMD	_	_	0000
PMD6	076A		—		—	_		_		—	_				—	—		0000
													DMA0MD					
PMD7	076C	_			_								DMA1MD	PTGMD	_			0000
	0700	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	DMA2MD	FIGMD	_	_	_	0000
													DMA3MD					

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-38: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0760	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	QEI1MD	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	_	_	AD1MD	0000
PMD2	0762	_	_	_	_	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD		_	_	_	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0764	_	_	_	_	_	CMPMD	_	_	CRCMD	_	_	_	_	_	I2C2MD	_	0000
PMD4	0766	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	REFOMD	CTMUMD	_	_	0000
PMD6	076A	_	_	_			PWM3MD	PWM2MD	PWM1MD	_	—	—	_		—	_		0000
													DMA0MD					
PMD7	076C												DMA1MD	PTGMD				0000
FIVID7	0700	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	DMA2MD	FIGND	_	_	_	0000
													DMA3MD					

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-46: PORTA REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC206 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC206/506 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	0E00	_	_		TRISA12	TRISA11	TRISA10	TRISA9	TRISA8	TRISA7	_		TRISA4	_		TRISA1	TRISA0	1F93
PORTA	0E02	_	_	-	RA12	RA11	RA10	RA9	RA8	RA7	_		RA4	_	-	RA1	RA0	0000
LATA	0E04		_	_	LATA12	LATA11	LATA10	LATA9	LATA8	LATA7		_	LATA4		_	LA1TA1	LA0TA0	0000
ODCA	0E06		_	_	ODCA12	ODCA11	ODCA10	ODCA9	ODCA8	ODCA7		_	ODCA4		_	ODCA1	ODCA0	0000
CNENA	0E08		_	_	CNIEA12	CNIEA11	CNIEA10	CNIEA9	CNIEA8	CNIEA7		_	CNIEA4		_	CNIEA1	CNIEA0	0000
CNPUA	0E0A		_	_	CNPUA12	CNPUA11	CNPUA10	CNPUA9	CNPUA8	CNPUA7		_	CNPUA4		_	CNPUA1	CNPUA0	0000
CNPDA	0E0C		_	_	CNPDA12	CNPDA11	CNPDA10	CNPDA9	CNPDA8	CNPDA7		_	CNPDA4		_	CNPDA1	CNPDA0	0000
ANSELA	0E0E	_	_	_	ANSA12	ANSA11		_	-	_	_	_	ANSA4	_	_	ANSA1	ANSA0	1813

Legend: - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-47: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC206 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC206/506 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	0E10	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
PORTB	0E12	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx
LATB	0E14	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx
ODCB	0E16	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12	ODCB11	ODCB10	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	ODCB6	ODCB5	ODCB4	ODCB3	ODCB2	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000
CNENB	0E18	CNIEB15	CNIEB14	CNIEB13	CNIEB12	CNIEB11	CNIEB10	CNIEB9	CNIEB8	CNIEB7	CNIEB6	CNIEB5	CNIEB4	CNIEB3	CNIEB2	CNIEB1	CNIEB0	0000
CNPUB	0E1A	CNPUB15	CNPUB14	CNPUB13	CNPUB12	CNPUB11	CNPUB10	CNPUB9	CNPUB8	CNPUB7	CNPUB6	CNPUB5	CNPUB4	CNPUB3	CNPUB2	CNPUB1	CNPUB0	0000
CNPDB	0E1C	CNPDB15	CNPDB14	CNPDB13	CNPDB12	CNPDB11	CNPDB10	CNPDB9	CNPDB8	CNPDB7	CNPDB6	CNPDB5	CNPDB4	CNPDB3	CNPDB2	CNPDB1	CNPDB0	0000
ANSELB	0E1E	_	_	—	_	-	_	_	ANSB8	-	_	-	-	ANSB3	ANSB2	ANSB1	ANSB0	010F

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-48: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC206 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC206/506 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISC	0E20	TRISC15	_	TRISC13	TRISC12	TRISC11	TRISC10	TRISC9	TRISC8	TRISC7	TRISC6	TRISC5	TRISC4	TRISC3	TRISC2	TRISC1	TRISC0	BFFF
PORTC	0E22	RC15	_	RC13	RC12	RC11	RC10	RC9	RC8	RC7	RC6	RC5	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	RC0	xxxx
LATC	0E24	LATC15	_	LATC13	LATC12	LATC11	LATC10	LATC9	LATC8	LATC7	LATC6	LATC5	LATC4	LATC3	LATC2	LATC1	LATC0	xxxx
ODCC	0E26	ODCC15	-	ODCC13	ODCC12	ODCC11	ODCC10	ODCC9	ODCC8	ODCC7	ODCC6	ODCC5	ODCC4	ODCC3	ODCC2	ODCC1	ODCC0	0000
CNENC	0E28	CNIEC15	—	CNIEC13	CNIEC12	CNIEC11	CNIEC10	CNIEC9	CNIEC8	CNIEC7	CNIEC6	CNIEC5	CNIEC4	CNIEC3	CNIEC2	CNIEC1	CNIEC0	0000
CNPUC	0E2A	CNPUC15	—	CNPUC13	CNPUC12	CNPUC11	CNPUC10	CNPUC9	CNPUC8	CNPUC7	CNPUC6	CNPUC5	CNPUC4	CNPUC3	CNPUC2	CNPUC1	CNPUC0	0000
CNPDC	0E2C	CNPDC15	—	CNPDC13	CNPDC12	CNPDC11	CNPDC10	CNPDC9	CNPDC8	CNPDC7	CNPDC6	CNPDC5	CNPDC4	CNPDC3	CNPDC2	CNPDC1	CNPDC0	0000
ANSELC	0E2E	_	_	_	_	ANSC11	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	ANSC2	ANSC1	ANSC0	0807

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
VAR	—	US1	US0	EDT	DL2	DL1	DL0
bit 15		•					bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SATA	SATB	SATDW	ACCSAT	IPL3 ⁽²⁾	SFA	RND	IF
bit 7		•					bit 0

REGISTER 7-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾

Legend:	C = Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bi	t, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1'= Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit

VAR: Variable Exception Processing Latency Control
 1 = Variable exception processing is enabled
0 = Fixed exception processing is enabled
IPL3: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit 3 ⁽²⁾
 1 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is greater than 7 0 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 or less

Note 1: For complete register details, see Register 3-2.

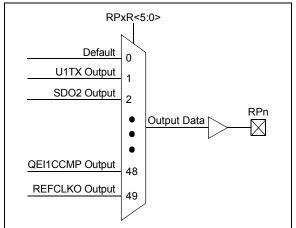
2: The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

11.4.4.2 Output Mapping

In contrast to inputs, the outputs of the Peripheral Pin Select options are mapped on the basis of the pin. In this case, a control register associated with a particular pin dictates the peripheral output to be mapped. The RPORx registers are used to control output mapping. Like the RPINRx registers, each register contains sets of 6-bit fields, with each set associated with one RPn pin (see Register 11-18 through Register 11-27). The value of the bit field corresponds to one of the peripherals and that peripheral's output is mapped to the pin (see Table 11-3 and Figure 11-3).

A null output is associated with the output register Reset value of '0'. This is done to ensure that remappable outputs remain disconnected from all output pins by default.

FIGURE 11-3: MULTIPLEXING REMAPPABLE OUTPUT FOR RPn



11.4.4.3 Mapping Limitations

The control schema of the peripheral select pins is not limited to a small range of fixed peripheral configurations. There are no mutual or hardware-enforced lockouts between any of the peripheral mapping SFRs. Literally any combination of peripheral mappings across any or all of the RPn pins is possible. This includes both many-toone and one-to-many mappings of peripheral inputs and outputs to pins. While such mappings may be technically possible from a configuration point of view, they may not be supportable from an electrical point of view.

TABLE 11-3: OUTPUT SELECTION FOR REMAPPABLE PINS (RPn)

Function	RPxR<5:0>	Output Name
Default PORT	000000	RPn tied to Default Pin
U1TX	000001	RPn tied to UART1 Transmit
U2TX	000011	RPn tied to UART2 Transmit
SDO2	001000	RPn tied to SPI2 Data Output
SCK2	001001	RPn tied to SPI2 Clock Output
SS2	001010	RPn tied to SPI2 Slave Select
C1TX ⁽²⁾	001110	RPn tied to CAN1 Transmit
OC1	010000	RPn tied to Output Compare 1 Output
OC2	010001	RPn tied to Output Compare 2 Output
OC3	010010	RPn tied to Output Compare 3 Output
OC4	010011	RPn tied to Output Compare 4 Output
C1OUT	011000	RPn tied to Comparator Output 1
C2OUT	011001	RPn tied to Comparator Output 2
C3OUT	011010	RPn tied to Comparator Output 3
SYNCO1 ⁽¹⁾	101101	RPn tied to PWM Primary Time Base Sync Output
QEI1CCMP ⁽¹⁾	101111	RPn tied to QEI 1 Counter Comparator Output
REFCLKO	110001	RPn tied to Reference Clock Output
C4OUT	110010	RPn tied to Comparator Output 4

Note 1: This function is available in dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

2: This function is available in dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

11.7 **Peripheral Pin Select Registers**

REGISTER 11-1: RPINR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 0

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—				INT1R<6:0>			
bit 15							bit 8
U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	_	_	—
bit 7		•		•			bit 0

Legend:

Legena:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read	l as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
--------	----------------------------

bit 14-8 INT1R<6:0>: Assign External Interrupt 1 (INT1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits (see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers) 1111001 = Input tied to RPI121 0000001 = Input tied to CMP1 0000000 = Input tied to Vss bit 7-0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

NOTES:

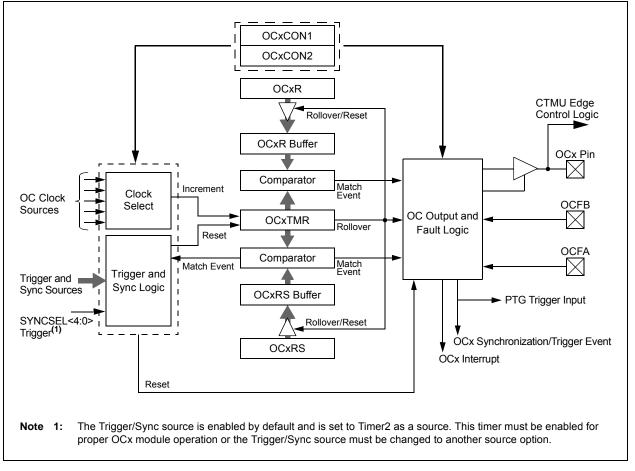
15.0 OUTPUT COMPARE

- Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to "Output Compare" (DS70358) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).
 - 2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The output compare module can select one of seven available clock sources for its time base. The module compares the value of the timer with the value of one or two compare registers depending on the operating mode selected. The state of the output pin changes when the timer value matches the compare register value. The output compare module generates either a single output pulse or a sequence of output pulses, by changing the state of the output pin on the compare match events. The output compare module can also generate interrupts on compare match events and trigger DMA data transfers.

Note: See "Output Compare" (DS70358) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual" for OCxR and OCxRS register restrictions.





22.2 CTMU Control Registers

REGISTER 22-1: CTMUCON1: CTMU CONTROL REGISTER 1							
R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CTMUEN	_	CTMUSIDL	TGEN	EDGEN	EDGSEQEN	IDISSEN ⁽¹⁾	CTTRIG
bit 15						bit 8	
U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
		—	_		<u> </u>		_
bit 7							bit 0
Legend:							
R = Readable	e bit	W = Writable b	oit	U = Unimplen	nented bit, read	as '0'	
-n = Value at	POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknow			own
bit 15 CTMUEN: CTMU Enable bit 1 = Module is enabled 0 = Module is disabled							
bit 14	Unimpleme	nted: Read as '0	3				
bit 13 CTMUSIDL: CTMU Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode							
bit 12	bit 12 TGEN: Time Generation Enable bit						

REGISTER 22-1: CTMUCON1: CTMU CONTROL REGISTER 1

	 1 = Hardware modules are used to trigger edges (TMRx, CTEDx, etc.) 0 = Software is used to trigger edges (manual set of EDGxSTAT)
bit 10	EDGSEQEN: Edge Sequence Enable bit
	 1 = Edge 1 event must occur before Edge 2 event can occur 0 = No edge sequence is needed
bit 9	IDISSEN: Analog Current Source Control bit ⁽¹⁾
	 1 = Analog current source output is grounded 0 = Analog current source output is not grounded
bit 8	CTTRIG: ADC Trigger Control bit
	1 = CTMU triggers ADC start of conversion
	0 = CTMU does not trigger ADC start of conversion
bit 7-0	Unimplemented: Read as '0'

1 = Enables edge delay generation0 = Disables edge delay generation

EDGEN: Edge Enable bit

bit 11

Note 1: The ADC module Sample-and-Hold capacitor is not automatically discharged between sample/conversion cycles. Software using the ADC as part of a capacitance measurement must discharge the ADC capacitor before conducting the measurement. The IDISSEN bit, when set to '1', performs this function. The ADC must be sampling while the IDISSEN bit is active to connect the discharge sink to the capacitor array.

REGISTER 23-5: AD1CHS123: ADC1 INPUT CHANNEL 1, 2, 3 SELECT REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 0

CH123SA: Channel 1, 2, 3 Positive Input Select for Sample MUXA bit In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), CH123SA is Unimplemented and is Read as '0':

Value	ADC Channel					
value	CH1	CH2	CH3			
1 (2)	OA1/AN3	OA2/AN0	OA3/AN6			
0 (1,2)	OA2/AN0	AN1	AN2			

Note 1: AN0 through AN7 are repurposed when comparator and op amp functionality is enabled. See Figure 23-1 to determine how enabling a particular op amp or comparator affects selection choices for Channels 1, 2 and 3.

2: The OAx input is used if the corresponding op amp is selected (OPMODE (CMxCON<10>) = 1); otherwise, the ANx input is used.

24.0 PERIPHERAL TRIGGER GENERATOR (PTG) MODULE

- Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X. dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to "Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)" (DS70669) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).
 - 2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to Section 4.0 "Memory Organization" in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

24.1 Module Introduction

The Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) provides a means to schedule complex high-speed peripheral operations that would be difficult to achieve using software. The PTG module uses 8-bit commands, called "Steps", that the user writes to the PTG Queue registers (PTGQUE0-PTGQUE7), which perform operations, such as wait for input signal, generate output trigger and wait for timer.

The PTG module has the following major features:

- Multiple clock sources
- Two 16-bit general purpose timers
- Two 16-bit general limit counters
- Configurable for rising or falling edge triggering
- Generates processor interrupts to include:
 - Four configurable processor interrupts
 - Interrupt on a Step event in Single-Step modeInterrupt on a PTG Watchdog Timer time-out
- Able to receive trigger signals from these peripherals:
 - ADC
 - PWM
 - Output Compare
 - Input Capture
 - Op Amp/Comparator
 - INT2
- Able to trigger or synchronize to these peripherals:
 - Watchdog Timer
 - Output Compare
 - Input Capture
 - ADC
 - PWM
- Op Amp/Comparator

REGISTER 24-8: PTGC1LIM: PTG COUNTER 1 LIMIT REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			PTGC1L	IM<15:8>			
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
			PTGC1L	IM<7:0>			
bit 7							bit C

Legena.					
R = Readable bit	R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimple		lemented bit, read as '0'		
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown		

bit 15-0 **PTGC1LIM<15:0>:** PTG Counter 1 Limit Register bits May be used to specify the loop count for the PTGJMPC1 Step command or as a limit register for the General Purpose Counter 1.

REGISTER 24-9: PTGHOLD: PTG HOLD REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGHOLD<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGHOLD<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	adable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'		t, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PTGHOLD<15:0>:** PTG General Purpose Hold Register bits Holds user-supplied data to be copied to the PTGTxLIM, PTGCxLIM, PTGSDLIM or PTGL0 registers with the PTGCOPY command.

Note 1: This register is read-only when the PTG module is executing Step commands (PTGEN = 1 and PTGSTRT = 1).

Note 1: This register is read-only when the PTG module is executing Step commands (PTGEN = 1 and PTGSTRT = 1).

Most instructions are a single word. Certain double-word instructions are designed to provide all the required information in these 48 bits. In the second word, the 8 MSbs are '0's. If this second word is executed as an instruction (by itself), it executes as a NOP.

The double-word instructions execute in two instruction cycles.

Most single-word instructions are executed in a single instruction cycle, unless a conditional test is true, or the Program Counter is changed as a result of the instruction, or a PSV or Table Read is performed, or an SFR register is read. In these cases, the execution takes multiple instruction cycles with the additional instruction cycle(s) executed as a NOP. Certain instructions that involve skipping over the subsequent instruction require either two or three cycles if the skip is performed, depending on whether the instruction being skipped is a single-word or two-word instruction. Moreover, double-word moves require two cycles.

Note: For more details on the instruction set, refer to the *"16-bit MCU and DSC Programmer's Reference Manual"* (DS70157). For more information on instructions that take more than one instruction cycle to execute, refer to **"CPU"** (DS70359) in the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"*, particularly the **"Instruction Flow Types"** section.

Field	Description	
#text	Means literal defined by "text"	
(text)	Means "content of text"	
[text]	Means "the location addressed by text"	
{}	Optional field or operation	
$a \in \{b, c, d\}$	a is selected from the set of values b, c, d	
<n:m></n:m>	Register bit field	
.b	Byte mode selection	
.d	Double-Word mode selection	
.S	Shadow register select	
.w	Word mode selection (default)	
Acc	One of two accumulators {A, B}	
AWB	Accumulator write back destination address register ∈ {W13, [W13]+ = 2}	
bit4	4-bit bit selection field (used in word addressed instructions) $\in \{015\}$	
C, DC, N, OV, Z	MCU Status bits: Carry, Digit Carry, Negative, Overflow, Sticky Zero	
Expr	Absolute address, label or expression (resolved by the linker)	
f	File register address ∈ {0x00000x1FFF}	
lit1	1-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0,1\}$	
lit4	4-bit unsigned literal ∈ {015}	
lit5	5-bit unsigned literal ∈ {031}	
lit8	8-bit unsigned literal ∈ {0255}	
lit10	10-bit unsigned literal ∈ {0255} for Byte mode, {0:1023} for Word mode	
lit14	14-bit unsigned literal ∈ {016384}	
lit16	16-bit unsigned literal ∈ {065535}	
lit23	23-bit unsigned literal ∈ {08388608}; LSb must be '0'	
None	Field does not require an entry, can be blank	
OA, OB, SA, SB	DSP Status bits: ACCA Overflow, ACCB Overflow, ACCA Saturate, ACCB Saturate	
PC	Program Counter	
Slit10	10-bit signed literal ∈ {-512511}	
Slit16	16-bit signed literal ∈ {-3276832767}	
Slit6	6-bit signed literal ∈ {-1616}	
Wb	Base W register ∈ {W0W15}	
Wd	Destination W register ∈ { Wd, [Wd], [Wd++], [Wd], [++Wd], [Wd] }	
Wdo	Destination W register ∈ { Wnd, [Wnd], [Wnd++], [Wnd], [++Wnd], [Wnd], [Wnd+Wb] }	

TABLE 28-1: SYMBOLS USED IN OPCODE DESCRIPTIONS

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic		Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles ⁽²⁾	Status Flags Affected
52	MUL	MUL.SS	Wb,Ws,Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = signed(Wb) * signed(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.SS	Wb,Ws,Acc ⁽¹⁾	Accumulator = signed(Wb) * signed(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.SU	Wb,Ws,Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = signed(Wb) * unsigned(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.SU	Wb,Ws,Acc ⁽¹⁾	Accumulator = signed(Wb) * unsigned(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.SU	Wb,#lit5,Acc ⁽¹⁾	Accumulator = signed(Wb) * unsigned(lit5)	1	1	None
		MUL.US	Wb,Ws,Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = unsigned(Wb) * signed(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.US	Wb,Ws,Acc ⁽¹⁾	Accumulator = unsigned(Wb) * signed(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.UU	Wb,Ws,Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = unsigned(Wb) * unsigned(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.UU	Wb,#lit5,Acc ⁽¹⁾	Accumulator = unsigned(Wb) * unsigned(lit5)	1	1	None
		MUL.UU	Wb,Ws,Acc ⁽¹⁾	Accumulator = unsigned(Wb) * unsigned(Ws)	1	1	None
		MULW.SS	Wb,Ws,Wnd	Wnd = signed(Wb) * signed(Ws)	1	1	None
		MULW.SU	Wb,Ws,Wnd	Wnd = signed(Wb) * unsigned(Ws)	1	1	None
		MULW.US	Wb,Ws,Wnd	Wnd = unsigned(Wb) * signed(Ws)	1	1	None
		MULW.UU	Wb,Ws,Wnd	Wnd = unsigned(Wb) * unsigned(Ws)	1	1	None
		MUL.SU	Wb,#lit5,Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = signed(Wb) * unsigned(lit5)	1	1	None
		MUL.SU	Wb,#lit5,Wnd	Wnd = signed(Wb) * unsigned(lit5)	1	1	None
		MUL.UU	Wb,#lit5,Wnd	{Wnd + 1, Wnd} = unsigned(Wb) * unsigned(lit5)	1	1	None
		MUL.UU	Wb,#lit5,Wnd	Wnd = unsigned(Wb) * unsigned(lit5)	1	1	None
		MUL	f	W3:W2 = f * WREG	1	1	None

TABLE 28-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Note 1: These instructions are available in dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

2: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.



FIGURE 30-29: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

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Microchip Tradema Architecture — Flash Memory Fam Program Memory S Product Group — Pin Count — Tape and Reel Flag Temperature Range Package Pattern	Examples: dsPIC33EP64MC504-I/PT: dsPIC33, Enhanced Performance, 64-Kbyte Program Memory, Motor Control, 44-Pin, Industrial Temperature, TQFP package.			
Architecture:	33 24	= =	16-bit Digital Signal Controller 16-bit Microcontroller	
Flash Memory Family:	EP	=	Enhanced Performance	
Product Group:	GP MC	= =	General Purpose family Motor Control family	
Pin Count:	02 03 04 06	=	36-pin 44-pin	
Temperature Range:	l E	= =	-40°C to+85°C (Industrial) -40°C to+125°C (Extended)	
Package:	ML MR MV PT SO SP SS TL TL		Skinny Plastic Dual In-Line - (28-pin) 300 mil body (SPDIP) Plastic Shrink Small Outline - (28-pin) 5.30 mm body (SSOP) Very Thin Leadless Array - (36-pin) 5x5 mm body (VTLA)	