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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

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Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPs
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	512KB (170K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	24K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep512gp502-i-so

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

TABLE 2: dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X MOTOR CONTROL FAMILIES (CONTINUED)

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Device	Page Erase Size (Instructions)	Program Flash Memory (Kbytes)	RAM (Kbytes)	16-Bit/32-Bit Timers	Input Capture	Output Compare	Motor Control PWM ⁽⁴⁾ (Channels)	Quadrature Encoder Interface	UART	SPI ⁽²⁾	ECAN™ Technology	External Interrupts ⁽³⁾	I ² C TM	CRC Generator	10-Bit/12-Bit ADC (Channels)	Op Amps/Comparators	CTMU	ЪТG	I/O Pins	Pins	Packages
dsPIC33EP32MC504	512	32	4																		
dsPIC33EP64MC504	1024	64	8																		VTLA ⁽⁵⁾ ,
dsPIC33EP128MC504	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	9	3/4	Yes	Yes	35	44/ 48	TQFP, QFN,
dsPIC33EP256MC504	1024	256	32																	40	UQFN
dsPIC33EP512MC504	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP64MC506	1024	64	8																		
dsPIC33EP128MC506	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	16	3/4	Voo	Voo	53	64	TQFP,
dsPIC33EP256MC506	1024	256	32	3	4	4	0	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	10	3/4	Yes	Yes	55	04	QFN
dsPIC33EP512MC506	1024	512	48																		

 Note 1:
 On 28-pin devices, Comparator 4 does not have external connections. Refer to Section 25.0 "Op Amp/Comparator Module" for details.

 2:
 Only SPI2 is remappable.

3: INT0 is not remappable.

4: Only the PWM Faults are remappable.

5: The SSOP and VTLA packages are not available for devices with 512 Kbytes of memory.

Referenced Sources

This device data sheet is based on the following individual chapters of the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"*. These documents should be considered as the general reference for the operation of a particular module or device feature.

Note 1: To access the documents listed below, browse to the documentation section of the dsPIC33EP64MC506 product page of the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com) or select a family reference manual section from the following list.

> In addition to parameters, features and other documentation, the resulting page provides links to the related family reference manual sections.

- "Introduction" (DS70573)
- "CPU" (DS70359)
- "Data Memory" (DS70595)
- "Program Memory" (DS70613)
- "Flash Programming" (DS70609)
- "Interrupts" (DS70600)
- "Oscillator" (DS70580)
- "Reset" (DS70602)
- "Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes" (DS70615)
- "I/O Ports" (DS70598)
- "Timers" (DS70362)
- "Input Capture" (DS70352)
- "Output Compare" (DS70358)
- "High-Speed PWM" (DS70645)
- "Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI)" (DS70601)
- "Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)" (DS70621)
- "UART" (DS70582)
- "Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)" (DS70569)
- "Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C[™])" (DS70330)
- "Enhanced Controller Area Network (ECAN™)" (DS70353)
- "Direct Memory Access (DMA)" (DS70348)
- "CodeGuard™ Security" (DS70634)
- "Programming and Diagnostics" (DS70608)
- "Op Amp/Comparator" (DS70357)
- "Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)" (DS70346)
- "Device Configuration" (DS70618)
- "Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)" (DS70669)
- "Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)" (DS70661)

4.2 Data Address Space

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/ 50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X CPU has a separate 16-bit-wide data memory space. The Data Space is accessed using separate Address Generation Units (AGUs) for read and write operations. The data memory maps, which are presented by device family and memory size, are shown in Figure 4-7 through Figure 4-16.

All Effective Addresses (EAs) in the data memory space are 16 bits wide and point to bytes within the Data Space. This arrangement gives a base Data Space address range of 64 Kbytes (32K words).

The base Data Space address is used in conjunction with a Read or Write Page register (DSRPAG or DSWPAG) to form an Extended Data Space, which has a total address range of 16 Mbytes.

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices implement up to 52 Kbytes of data memory (4 Kbytes of data memory for Special Function Registers and up to 48 Kbytes of data memory for RAM). If an EA points to a location outside of this area, an all-zero word or byte is returned.

4.2.1 DATA SPACE WIDTH

The data memory space is organized in byteaddressable, 16-bit-wide blocks. Data is aligned in data memory and registers as 16-bit words, but all Data Space EAs resolve to bytes. The Least Significant Bytes (LSBs) of each word have even addresses, while the Most Significant Bytes (MSBs) have odd addresses.

4.2.2 DATA MEMORY ORGANIZATION AND ALIGNMENT

To maintain backward compatibility with PIC[®] MCU devices and improve Data Space memory usage efficiency, the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/ MC20X instruction set supports both word and byte operations. As a consequence of byte accessibility, all Effective Address calculations are internally scaled to step through word-aligned memory. For example, the core recognizes that Post-Modified Register Indirect Addressing mode [Ws++] results in a value of Ws + 1 for byte operations and Ws + 2 for word operations.

A data byte read, reads the complete word that contains the byte, using the LSb of any EA to determine which byte to select. The selected byte is placed onto the LSB of the data path. That is, data memory and registers are organized as two parallel, byte-wide entities with shared (word) address decode but separate write lines. Data byte writes only write to the corresponding side of the array or register that matches the byte address. All word accesses must be aligned to an even address. Misaligned word data fetches are not supported, so care must be taken when mixing byte and word operations, or translating from 8-bit MCU code. If a misaligned read or write is attempted, an address error trap is generated. If the error occurred on a read, the instruction underway is completed. If the error occurred on a write, the instruction is executed but the write does not occur. In either case, a trap is then executed, allowing the system and/or user application to examine the machine state prior to execution of the address Fault.

All byte loads into any W register are loaded into the LSB. The MSB is not modified.

A Sign-Extend (SE) instruction is provided to allow user applications to translate 8-bit signed data to 16-bit signed values. Alternatively, for 16-bit unsigned data, user applications can clear the MSB of any W register by executing a Zero-Extend (ZE) instruction on the appropriate address.

4.2.3 SFR SPACE

The first 4 Kbytes of the Near Data Space, from 0x0000 to 0x0FFF, is primarily occupied by Special Function Registers (SFRs). These are used by the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X core and peripheral modules for controlling the operation of the device.

SFRs are distributed among the modules that they control and are generally grouped together by module. Much of the SFR space contains unused addresses; these are read as '0'.

Note: The actual set of peripheral features and interrupts varies by the device. Refer to the corresponding device tables and pinout diagrams for device-specific information.

4.2.4 NEAR DATA SPACE

The 8-Kbyte area, between 0x0000 and 0x1FFF, is referred to as the Near Data Space. Locations in this space are directly addressable through a 13-bit absolute address field within all memory direct instructions. Additionally, the whole Data Space is addressable using MOV instructions, which support Memory Direct Addressing mode with a 16-bit address field, or by using Indirect Addressing mode using a working register as an Address Pointer.

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IFS0	0800	_	DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF	T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA0IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF	0000
IFS1	0802	U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF	_	_	_	INT1IF	CNIF	CMIF	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF	0000
IFS2	0804	_		_	_	_		_	_		IC4IF	IC3IF	DMA3IF	_	—	SPI2IF	SPI2EIF	0000
IFS3	0806	_	_	_	_	_	QEI1IF	PSEMIF	_	_	_	_	_	_	MI2C2IF	SI2C2IF	—	0000
IFS4	0808	-	_	CTMUIF	_	_		—	_	_		_	_	CRCIF	U2EIF	U1EIF		0000
IFS5	080A	PWM2IF	PWM1IF	_	_	_		—	_	_		_	_	_	_	_		0000
IFS6	080C	_	_	_	_	_		—	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	PWM3IF	0000
IFS8	0810	JTAGIF	ICDIF	_	_	_		—	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
IFS9	0812	_	_	_		_	_	_	—	_	PTG3IF	PTG2IF	PTG1IF	PTG0IF	PTGWDTIF	PTGSTEPIF		0000
IEC0	0820	_	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIE	T3IE	T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INTOIE	0000
IEC1	0822	U2TXIE	U2RXIE	INT2IE	T5IE	T4IE	OC4IE	OC3IE	DMA2IE	—	_	—	INT1IE	CNIE	CMIE	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE	0000
IEC2	0824	_	_	—	-	_		—	—	_	IC4IE	IC3IE	DMA3IE		_	SPI2IE	SPI2EIE	0000
IEC3	0826	_	_	_		_	QEI1IE	PSEMIE	—	_	_	—	—	-	MI2C2IE	SI2C2IE	—	0000
IEC4	0828	_	_	CTMUIE		_		—	—	_	_	—	_	CRCIE	U2EIE	U1EIE		0000
IEC5	082A	PWM2IE	PWM1IE	—		_	_	_	—	_	_	—	_		_	—		0000
IEC6	082C	_	_	_		_		_	—	_	_	—	_	-	_	_	PWM3IE	0000
IEC8	0830	JTAGIE	ICDIE	_		_		_	—	_	_	—	_	-	_	_	—	0000
IEC9	0832	_	_	_		_		_	—	_	PTG3IE	PTG2IE	PTG1IE	PTG0IE	PTGWDTIE	PTGSTEPIE		0000
IPC0	0840	_		T1IP<2:0>		_		OC1IP<2:0)>	_		IC1IP<2:0>				INT0IP<2:0>		4444
IPC1	0842	_		T2IP<2:0>		_		OC2IP<2:0)>	_		IC2IP<2:0>		-	[DMA0IP<2:0>		4444
IPC2	0844	_	-	U1RXIP<2:0	>	_	:	SPI1IP<2:0)>	_		SPI1EIP<2:0	>	-		T3IP<2:0>		4444
IPC3	0846	_	_	—	—	_	C	MA1IP<2:	0>	_		AD1IP<2:0>		-		U1TXIP<2:0>		0444
IPC4	0848	_		CNIP<2:0>		_		CMIP<2:0	>	_		MI2C1IP<2:0	>	-	5	SI2C1IP<2:0>		4444
IPC5	084A	_	_	—	—	_		—	—	_	_	—	—	-		INT1IP<2:0>		0004
IPC6	084C	_		T4IP<2:0>		_		OC4IP<2:0)>			OC3IP<2:0>			[DMA2IP<2:0>		4444
IPC7	084E	_		U2TXIP<2:0	>	_	ι	J2RXIP<2:	0>			INT2IP<2:0>	•			T5IP<2:0>		4444
IPC8	0850	_	_	—	—	_		—	—	_		SPI2IP<2:0>	•	-	5	SPI2EIP<2:0>		0044
IPC9	0852	_	_	_	-	_		IC4IP<2:0	>	_		IC3IP<2:0>		-	[DMA3IP<2:0>		0444
IPC12	0858	_	_	_	-	_	N	112C2IP<2:	0>	_		SI2C2IP<2:0	>	-	_	—		0440
IPC14	085C	_	_	_	_	_	(QEI1IP<2:0)>	_		PSEMIP<2:0	>	_	_	_	_	0440
IPC16	0860	_		CRCIP<2:0	>	_		U2EIP<2:0	>	_		U1EIP<2:0>		_	_	_	_	4440
IPC19	0866	_	_	—	—	_	—	—	_	_		CTMUIP<2:0	>	_	_	_	_	0040
IPC23	086E	_	F	PWM2IP<2:0)>	_	P	WM1IP<2:	0>	_	_	_	—	_	_	_	_	4400
IPC24	0870	_	_			_		_			_	_	_	_	F	PWM3IP<2:0>		4004

TABLE 4-4: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

IABLE 4	-14:	PVVIVI G	ENERA	IUR Z R	EGIST		FOR as	PIC33EP	ATOR 2 REGISTER MAP FOR OSPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY									
File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PWMCON2	0C40	FLTSTAT	CLSTAT	TRGSTAT	FLTIEN	CLIEN	TRGIEN	ITB	MDCS	DTC	<1:0>	DTCP	_	MTBS	CAM	XPRES	IUE	0000
IOCON2	0C42	PENH	PENL	POLH	POLL	PMOD	0<1:0>	OVRENH	OVRENL	OVRDA	\T<1:0>	FLTD	\T<1:0>	CLDA	AT<1:0>	SWAP	OSYNC	C000
FCLCON2	0C44	_		(CLSRC<4:0)>		CLPOL	CLMOD		FLT	SRC<4:0	>		FLTPOL	FLTMO	D<1:0>	00F8
PDC2	0C46															0000		
PHASE2	0C48														0000			
DTR2	0C4A	_	_											0000				
ALTDTR2	0C4C	_	_						AL	TDTR2<13	:0>							0000
TRIG2	0C52							TI	RGCMP<15:0)>								0000
TRGCON2	0C54		TRGDI	V<3:0>		_	—	_	_	_	-			TRO	GSTRT<5:	0>		0000
LEBCON2	0C5A	PHR	PHF	PLR	PLR PLF FLTLEBEN CLLEBEN — — — — BCH BCL BPHH BPHL BPLH BPLL (0000				
LEBDLY2	0C5C	_	_	_	_						LEB<11:0)>						0000
AUXCON2	0C5E	_	_	—	—		BLANK	SEL<3:0>		_	—		CHOPS	SEL<3:0>		CHOPHEN	CHOPLEN	0000

I- DIGGOEDV/VMOGOV/EGV AND DIGGAEDV/VMOGOV DEVICED ONLY

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-15: PWM GENERATOR 3 REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PWMCON3	0C60	FLTSTAT	CLSTAT	TRGSTAT	FLTIEN	CLIEN	TRGIEN	ITB	MDCS	DTC<	<1:0>	DTCP	—	MTBS	CAM	XPRES	IUE	0000
IOCON3	0C62	PENH	PENL	POLH	POLL	PMOD)<1:0>	OVRENH	OVRENL	OVRDA	T<1:0>	FLTD	AT<1:0>	CLD	AT<1:0>	SWAP	OSYNC	C000
FCLCON3	0C64			C	CLSRC<4:0)>								FLTMO	D<1:0>	00F8		
PDC3	0C66						PDC3<15:0>							0000				
PHASE3	0C68						PHASE3<15:0> 0							0000				
DTR3	0C6A		—						[DTR3<13:0	>							0000
ALTDTR3	0C6C		—						AL	TDTR3<13	:0>							0000
TRIG3	0C72							Т	RGCMP<15:	0>								0000
TRGCON3	0C74		TRGDI	V<3:0>		_	_	_	_	_	_			TR	GSTRT<5:	0>		0000
LEBCON3	0C7A	PHR	PHF	PLR	PLF	FLTLEBEN CLLEBEN — — — BCH BCL BPHH BPHL BPLH BPLL							0000					
LEBDLY3	0C7C		—	_	_						LEB<11:0)>						0000
AUXCON3	0C7E		—	—	—		BLANK	SEL<3:0>			—		CHOPS	SEL<3:0>	•	CHOPHEN	CHOPLEN	0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

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TABLE 4-56: PORTA REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC203 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC203/503 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	0E00	_	_	_	_		_	_	TRISA8	_	—	—	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	011F
PORTA	0E02	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	RA8	_	_	_	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	0000
LATA	0E04	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	LATA8	_	_	_	LATA4	LATA3	LATA2	LA1TA1	LA0TA0	0000
ODCA	0E06	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	ODCA8	_	_	_	ODCA4	ODCA3	ODCA2	ODCA1	ODCA0	0000
CNENA	0E08	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	CNIEA8	_	_	_	CNIEA4	CNIEA3	CNIEA2	CNIEA1	CNIEA0	0000
CNPUA	0E0A	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	CNPUA8	_	_	_	CNPUA4	CNPUA3	CNPUA2	CNPUA1	CNPUA0	0000
CNPDA	0E0C	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	CNPDA8	_	_	_	CNPDA4	CNPDA3	CNPDA2	CNPDA1	CNPDA0	0000
ANSELA	0E0E	_	—	_	—	_	—	_	—	_	—	—	ANSA4	—	—	ANSA1	ANSA0	0013

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-57: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC203 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC203/503 DEVICES ONLY

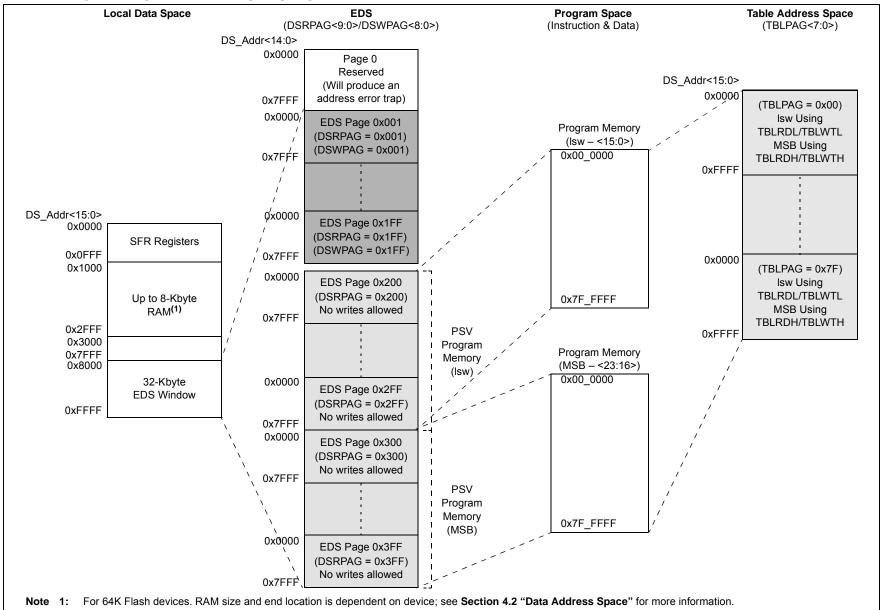
File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	0E10	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
PORTB	0E12	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx
LATB	0E14	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx
ODCB	0E16	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12	ODCB11	ODCB10	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	ODCB6	ODCB5	ODCB4	ODCB3	ODCB2	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000
CNENB	0E18	CNIEB15	CNIEB14	CNIEB13	CNIEB12	CNIEB11	CNIEB10	CNIEB9	CNIEB8	CNIEB7	CNIEB6	CNIEB5	CNIEB4	CNIEB3	CNIEB2	CNIEB1	CNIEB0	0000
CNPUB	0E1A	CNPUB15	CNPUB14	CNPUB13	CNPUB12	CNPUB11	CNPUB10	CNPUB9	CNPUB8	CNPUB7	CNPUB6	CNPUB5	CNPUB4	CNPUB3	CNPUB2	CNPUB1	CNPUB0	0000
CNPDB	0E1C	CNPDB15	CNPDB14	CNPDB13	CNPDB12	CNPDB11	CNPDB10	CNPDB9	CNPDB8	CNPDB7	CNPDB6	CNPDB5	CNPDB4	CNPDB3	CNPDB2	CNPDB1	CNPDB0	0000
ANSELB	0E1E	_	_	-	_	-	—	-	ANSB8	_	_	_	_	ANSB3	ANSB2	ANSB1	ANSB0	010F

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-58: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC203 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC203/503 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISC	0E20	_	_	_	_	_	—	—	TRISC8	_	_		_		-	TRISC1	TRISC0	0103
PORTC	0E22			-	-		—	_	RC8	—	-		_			RC1	RC0	xxxx
LATC	0E24			_	_	_	_	_	LATC8	_	_	_	_	_	_	LATC1	LATC0	xxxx
ODCC	0E26			_	_	_	_	_	ODCC8	_	_	_	_	_	_	ODCC1	ODCC0	0000
CNENC	0E28	_	_	-	_		_	_	CNIEC8	—			_			CNIEC1	CNIEC0	0000
CNPUC	0E2A			_	_	_	_	_	CNPUC8	_	_	_	_	_	_	CNPUC1	CNPUC0	0000
CNPDC	0E2C			_	_	_	_	_	CNPDC8	_	_	_	_	_	_	CNPDC1	CNPDC0	0000
ANSELC	0E2E	-	_	_	_	_	—	—	—	—		_	_	_		ANSC1	ANSC0	0003

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.



EXAMPLE 4-3: PAGED DATA MEMORY SPACE

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X

R/S-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
FORCE ⁽¹⁾		_	_	—		_	
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IRQSEL7	IRQSEL6	IRQSEL5	IRQSEL4	IRQSEL3	IRQSEL2	IRQSEL1	IRQSEL0
bit 7							bit
Legend:		S = Settable b	oit				
R = Readable	bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimpler	mented bit, read	d as '0'	
-n = Value at F	POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown
bit 15	FORCE: Force	e DMA Transfe	er bit ⁽¹⁾				
	1 = Forces a	single DMA tra	insfer (Manua	l mode)			
	0 = Automati	c DMA transfer	initiation by D	DMA request			
bit 14-8	Unimplemen	ted: Read as 'd)'				
bit 7-0	IRQSEL<7:0>	-: DMA Periphe	eral IRQ Num	ber Select bits			
		ECAN1 – TX D		2)			
		IC4 – Input Ca					
		IC3 – Input Ca					
		ECAN1 – RX D SPI2 Transfer I	-				
		UART2TX – UA		itter			
		UART2RX – U					
		TMR5 – Timer5					
	00011011 =	TMR4 – Timer4	1				
		OC4 – Output (
		OC3 – Output (
		ADC1 – ADC1					
		UART1TX – UA					
		UART1RX – U/ SPI1 – Transfe		er			
		TMR3 – Timer3					
		TMR2 – Timer2					
		OC2 – Output (
		IC2 – Input Ca					
	00000010 =	OC1 – Output (Compare 1				
		IC1 – Input Ca					
	00000000 =	INT0 – Externa	I Interrupt 0				

REGISTER 8-2: DMAXREQ: DMA CHANNEL x IRQ SELECT REGISTER

- **Note 1:** The FORCE bit cannot be cleared by user software. The FORCE bit is cleared by hardware when the forced DMA transfer is complete or the channel is disabled (CHEN = 0).
 - 2: This selection is available in dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
-	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8
U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-1	R-1	R-1	R-1
_	_	_	_		LSTC	H<3:0>	
bit 7							bit 0
Legend:							
R = Readat	ole bit	W = Writable	bit	U = Unimpler	mented bit, read	1 as '0'	
-n = Value a	at POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cle	ared	x = Bit is unkr	nown
bit 15-4	Unimplemen	ted: Read as '	0'				
bit 3-0	LSTCH<3:0>	: Last DMAC C	hannel Active	e Status bits			
	1111 = No DI 1110 = Rese	MA transfer has rved	s occurred sir	nce system Res	set		
	•						
	•						
	•						
		rved data transfer wa data transfer wa					
		data transfer wa					

REGISTER 8-13: DMALCA: DMA LAST CHANNEL ACTIVE STATUS REGISTER

0000 = Last data transfer was handled by Channel 0 0000 = Last data transfer was handled by Channel 0

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—			—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8
U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—				U1RXR<6:0>	>		
bit 7							bit 0

REGISTER 11-10: RPINR18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 18

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit	, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 6-0 U1RXR<6:0>: Assign UART1 Receive (U1RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits (see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers) 1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

REGISTER 11-11: RPINR19: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 19

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	
	—		_	_	—	—		
bit 15							bit 8	
U-0	R/W-0							
— U2RXR<6:0>								
bit 7							bit 0	
Legend:								

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, rea	d as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

^{0000000 =} Input tied to Vss

13.0 TIMER2/3 AND TIMER4/5

- Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to "Timers" (DS70362) of the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).
 - 2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Timer2/3 and Timer4/5 modules are 32-bit timers, which can also be configured as four independent 16-bit timers with selectable operating modes.

As 32-bit timers, Timer2/3 and Timer4/5 operate in three modes:

- Two Independent 16-Bit Timers (e.g., Timer2 and Timer3) with all 16-Bit Operating modes (except Asynchronous Counter mode)
- Single 32-Bit Timer
- Single 32-Bit Synchronous Counter
- They also support these features:
- Timer Gate Operation
- Selectable Prescaler Settings
- Timer Operation during Idle and Sleep modes
- Interrupt on a 32-Bit Period Register Match
- Time Base for Input Capture and Output Compare Modules (Timer2 and Timer3 only)
- ADC1 Event Trigger (32-bit timer pairs, and Timer3 and Timer5 only)

Individually, all four of the 16-bit timers can function as synchronous timers or counters. They also offer the features listed previously, except for the event trigger; this is implemented only with Timer2/3. The operating modes and enabled features are determined by setting the appropriate bit(s) in the T2CON, T3CON, and T4CON, T5CON registers. T2CON and T4CON are shown in generic form in Register 13-1. T3CON and T5CON are shown in Register 13-2.

For 32-bit timer/counter operation, Timer2 and Timer4 are the least significant word (lsw); Timer3 and Timer5 are the most significant word (msw) of the 32-bit timers.

Note: For 32-bit operation, T3CON and T5CON control bits are ignored. Only T2CON and T4CON control bits are used for setup and control. Timer2 and Timer4 clock and gate inputs are utilized for the 32-bit timer modules, but an interrupt is generated with the Timer3 and Timer5 interrupt flags.

A block diagram for an example 32-bit timer pair (Timer2/3 and Timer4/5) is shown in Figure 13-3.

Note: Only Timer2, 3, 4 and 5 can trigger a DMA data transfer.

17.2 QEI Control Registers

	REGISTER 17-1:	QEI1CON: QEI1 CONTROL REGISTER
--	----------------	--------------------------------

U-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 — INTDIV2 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV1 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV0 ⁽³⁾ CNTPOL GATEN CCM1 CCM0 bit 7								
bit 15 bit 2 U-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 - INTDIV2 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV1 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV0 ⁽³⁾ CNTPOL GATEN CCM1 CCM0 - INTDIV2 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV1 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV0 ⁽³⁾ CNTPOL GATEN CCM1 CCM0 - INTDIV2 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV1 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV0 ⁽³⁾ CNTPOL GATEN CCM1 CCM0 bit 7 - intdividue W= Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' bit 15 GEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to bit 13 GEISDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode bit 12-10 PIMOD-2:0>: Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 100 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 100 = Next index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Next index input event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Index input event dees not affect position coun	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
U-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 - INTDIV2 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV1 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV0 ⁽³⁾ CNTPOL GATEN CCM1 CCM0 bit 7 bit 0 Dit 7 Dit 7 Dit 7 Dit 7 Dit 7 Legend: R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' Dit 7 en value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 0 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to Dit 13 QEISDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode Di Continues module operation on In Idle mode Dit 12-10 PIMOD<2:0>: Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 100 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 101 = Resets the position counter 101 = Resets the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 101 = Resets the position counter when the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 000 = Index input e	QEIEN	_	QEISIDL	PIMOD2 ⁽¹⁾	PIMOD1 ⁽¹⁾	PIMOD0 ⁽¹⁾	IMV1 ⁽²⁾	IMV0 ⁽²⁾
- INTDIV2 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV0 ⁽³⁾ CNTPOL GATEN CCM1 CCM0 bit 7 bit 7 bit 0 Legend: R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' bit 0 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0' Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 13 QEISDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation unter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 10 = Resets the position counter when the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 10 = Next index input event frees the position counter 111 = Reserved 112 = Rise index input event mees the position counter 11 = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Next index input event mees the position counter 10 = Next ind	bit 15							bit 8
- INTDIV2 ⁽³⁾ INTDIV0 ⁽³⁾ CNTPOL GATEN CCM1 CCM0 bit 7 bit 7 bit 0 Legend: R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' bit 0 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0' Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 13 QEISDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation unter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 10 = Resets the position counter when the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 10 = Next index input event frees the position counter 111 = Reserved 112 = Rise index input event mees the position counter 11 = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Next index input event mees the position counter 10 = Next ind								
bit 7 bit 0 Legend: W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to 0 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0' 0 = Continues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode bit 12-10 PIMOD-2:0-: Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 110 = Resets the position counter 101 = Resets the position counter when the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 101 = Nexet input event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event resets the position counter 011 = Every index input event resets the position counter 012 = Nease B match occurs when QEB = 1 0 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 0 bit 8 IMV0: Index Match Value for Phase A bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 <t< td=""><td>U-0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>R/W-0</td><td>R/W-0</td><td>R/W-0</td><td>R/W-0</td></t<>	U-0				R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
Legend: R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' In = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 0 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to 0 bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0' 0 bit 13 QEISIDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 11 = Reserved 111 = Reserved 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 101 = Resets the position counter when the position counter equals QEI1GEC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 101 = First index vent after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 001 = Every index input event resets the position counter 010 = Next index input event does not affect position counter 001 = Every index input event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register		INTDIV2 ⁽³⁾	INTDIV1 ⁽³⁾	INTDIV0 ⁽³⁾	CNTPOL	GATEN	CCM1	
R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' In = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEISIDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0' East as '0' East as '0' East as '0' bit 13 QEISIDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode bit 12-10 PIMOD<2:0>: Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 10 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event initializes the position counter 101 = Reserved III = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 102 = Mext index input event does not affect position counter 01 = Phase	bit 7							bit 0
R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' In = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEISIDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0' East as '0' East as '0' East as '0' bit 13 QEISIDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode bit 12-10 PIMOD<2:0>: Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 10 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event initializes the position counter 101 = Reserved III = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 102 = Mext index input event does not affect position counter 01 = Phase	Logondy							
n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Bit is unknown bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Bit is unknown bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0' 0' 0' Bit is cleared 0 = Continues module operation when device enters ldle mode 0 = Continues module operation in ldle mode bit 12-10 PIMOD<2:0>: Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 10 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI11C register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI11C register 10 = Next index input event resets the position counter with contents of QEI11C register 101 = Every index input event resets the position counter 00 = Index input event does not affect position counter 001 = Every index input event genst bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 1 011 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 1 0 = Phase B match occurs when QEA = 1 015 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 015 = Phase A match occurs when QEA =		lo hit		hit	II – Unimplor	monted bit read	ac '0'	
bit 15 QEIEN: Quadrature Encoder Interface Module Counter Enable bit 1 = Module counters are enabled 0 = Module counters are disabled, but SFRs can be read or written to bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 13 QEISIDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 11 = Discontinues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation counter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 011 = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event resets the position counter 001 = Nevery index input eve					•			
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bit 13 QEISDL: QEI Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode bit 12-10 PIMOD<2:0>: Position Counter Initialization Mode Select bits ⁽¹⁾ 111 = Reserved 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 100 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 101 = Resets the position counter when the position counter equals QEI1GEC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event initializes the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 011 = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event initializes the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 011 = Every index input event resets the position counter 001 = Every index input event for position counter 001 = Index input event does not affect position counter 000 = Index input event does not affect position counter 001 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 1 0 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 0 0it 8 IMV0: Index Match Value for Phase A bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0 0it 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'	bit 15	1 = Module co	ounters are ena	abled				
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 111 = Reserved 10 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 101 = Resets the position counter when the position counter equals QEI1GEC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 011 = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event initializes the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 011 = Every index input event resets the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 000 = Index input event does not affect position counter 000 = Index input event does not affect position counter 011 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 1 0 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 0 0 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 0 1 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0 						dle mode		
 110 = Modulo Count mode for position counter 101 = Resets the position counter when the position counter equals QEI1GEC register 100 = Second index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 011 = First index event after home event initializes position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 010 = Next index input event initializes the position counter with contents of QEI1IC register 001 = Every index input event resets the position counter 000 = Index input event does not affect position counter 000 = Index input event for Phase B bit⁽²⁾ 1 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 1 0 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 0 bit 8 IMV0: Index Match Value for Phase A bit⁽²⁾ 1 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0 bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0' 	bit 12-10	PIMOD<2:0>	: Position Cour	nter Initializatio	on Mode Selec	t bits ⁽¹⁾		
1 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 1 0 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 0 bit 8 IMV0: Index Match Value for Phase A bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0 bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'		110 = Modulo 101 = Resets 100 = Second 011 = First in 010 = Next in 001 = Every i	b Count mode f the position co d index event a dex event after idex input even index input even	bunter when the fter home event home event in t initializes the put resets the p	e position cou at initializes posi nitializes positi position coun position counte	sition counter wit on counter with ter with contents	h contents of C contents of QE	EI1IC register
0 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 0 bit 8 IMV0: Index Match Value for Phase A bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0 bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'	bit 9							
bit 8 IMV0: Index Match Value for Phase A bit ⁽²⁾ 1 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 1 0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0 bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'		1 = Phase B match occurs when QEB = 1						
1 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 10 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0bit 7Unimplemented: Read as '0'								
0 = Phase A match occurs when QEA = 0 bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'	bit 8				1			
bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'								
	bit 7							
		-			inters onerate	as timers and th		> hits are

Note 1: When CCM<1:0> = 10 or 11, all of the QEI counters operate as timers and the PIMOD<2:0> bits are ignored.

2: When CCM<1:0> = 00, and QEA and QEB values match the Index Match Value (IMV), the POSCNTH and POSCNTL registers are reset. QEA/QEB signals used for the index match have swap and polarity values applied, as determined by the SWPAB and QEAPOL/QEBPOL bits.

3: The selected clock rate should be at least twice the expected maximum quadrature count rate.

20.3 UARTx Control Registers

REGISTER 20-1: UXMODE: UARTX MODE REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
UARTEN ⁽¹) _	USIDL	IREN ⁽²⁾	RTSMD		UEN1	UEN0
bit 15							bit
					D 444 A		
R/W-0, HC		R/W-0, HC	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	URXINV	BRGH	PDSEL1	PDSEL0	STSEL
bit 7							bit
Legend:		HC = Hardwar	e Clearable b	it			
R = Readal	ole bit	W = Writable b	it	U = Unimplem	nented bit, read	as '0'	
-n = Value a	at POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is clea		x = Bit is unkn	iown
bit 15	1 = UARTx is	ARTx Enable bit s enabled; all UA s disabled; all UA	ARTx pins are				
bit 14	Unimplemen	ted: Read as '0	,				
bit 13	USIDL: UAR	Tx Stop in Idle M	lode bit				
		nues module opera			le mode		
bit 12	1 = IrDA end	Encoder and De oder and decod oder and decod	er are enable	d			
bit 11	$1 = \overline{\text{UxRTS}} p$	le Selection for bin is in Simplex bin is in Flow Co	mode	t			
bit 10	Unimplemen	ted: Read as '0	,				
bit 9-8	11 = UxTX, U 10 = UxTX, U 01 = UxTX, U	JARTx Pin Enab JxRX and BCLK JxRX, UxCTS ar JxRX and UxRT nd UxRX pins a atches	x p <u>ins are</u> ena nd UxRTS pin S pins are ena	s are enabled a abled and used;	nd used ⁽⁴⁾ 	controlled by PC	ORT latches ⁽⁴
bit 7	WAKE: Wake	e-up on Start bit	Detect During	Sleep Mode E	nable bit		
	in hardw	continues to sam are on the follow -up is enabled			generated on t	the falling edge	; bit is cleare
bit 6	LPBACK: UA	ARTx Loopback	Mode Select I	bit			
		Loopback mode k mode is disabl					
e	Refer to the " UAI enabling the UAF	RTx module for re	ceive or trans	mit operation.	-	<i>ce Manual"</i> for i	nformation or
2:	This feature is or	nly available for	the 16x BRG	mode (BRGH =	0).		
	This feature is or	-	=	-			
4	This fasture is ar	ly available on (24 nin dovice	-			

4: This feature is only available on 64-pin devices.

26.0 PROGRAMMABLE CYCLIC REDUNDANCY CHECK (CRC) GENERATOR

- Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to "Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)" (DS70346) of the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).
 - Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to Section 4.0 "Memory Organization" in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The programmable CRC generator offers the following features:

- User-programmable (up to 32nd order) polynomial CRC equation
- Interrupt output
- Data FIFO

The programmable CRC generator provides a hardware implemented method of quickly generating checksums for various networking and security applications. It offers the following features:

- User-programmable CRC polynomial equation, up to 32 bits
- Programmable shift direction (little or big-endian)
- · Independent data and polynomial lengths
- Configurable interrupt output
- Data FIFO

A simplified block diagram of the CRC generator is shown in Figure 26-1. A simple version of the CRC shift engine is shown in Figure 26-2.

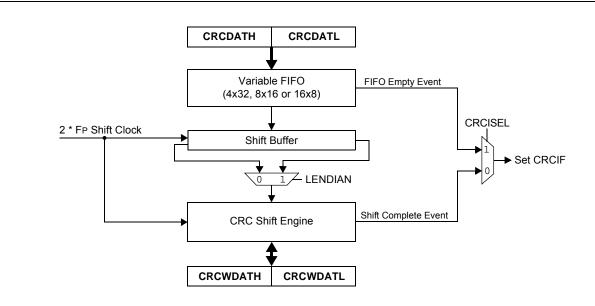


FIGURE 26-1: CRC BLOCK DIAGRAM

27.6 JTAG Interface

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices implement a JTAG interface, which supports boundary scan device testing. Detailed information on this interface is provided in future revisions of the document.

Note:	Refer to "Programming and Diagnostics"
	(DS70608) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family
	Reference Manual" for further information
	on usage, configuration and operation of the
	JTAG interface.

27.7 In-Circuit Serial Programming

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/ 50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices can be serially programmed while in the end application circuit. This is done with two lines for clock and data, and three other lines for power, ground and the programming sequence. Serial programming allows customers to manufacture boards with unprogrammed devices and then program the device just before shipping the product. Serial programming also allows the most recent firmware or a custom firmware to be programmed. Refer to the "dsPIC33E/PIC24E Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits" (DS70663) for details about In-Circuit Serial Programming (ICSP).

Any of the three pairs of programming clock/data pins can be used:

- PGEC1 and PGED1
- PGEC2 and PGED2
- PGEC3 and PGED3

27.8 In-Circuit Debugger

When MPLAB[®] ICD 3 or REAL ICE[™] is selected as a debugger, the in-circuit debugging functionality is enabled. This function allows simple debugging functions when used with MPLAB IDE. Debugging functionality is controlled through the PGECx (Emulation/Debug Clock) and PGEDx (Emulation/Debug Data) pin functions.

Any of the three pairs of debugging clock/data pins can be used:

- PGEC1 and PGED1
- PGEC2 and PGED2
- PGEC3 and PGED3

To use the in-circuit debugger function of the device, the design must implement ICSP connections to \overline{MCLR} , VDD, Vss and the PGECx/PGEDx pin pair. In addition, when the feature is enabled, some of the resources are not available for general use. These resources include the first 80 bytes of data RAM and two I/O pins (PGECx and PGEDx).

27.9 Code Protection and CodeGuard™ Security

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/ 50X, and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices offer basic implementation of CodeGuard Security that supports only General Segment (GS) security. This feature helps protect individual Intellectual Property.

Note: Refer to "CodeGuard[™] Security" (DS70634) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual" for further information on usage, configuration and operation of CodeGuard Security.

TABLE 30-48:SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)TIMING REQUIREMENTS

АС СНА	AC CHARACTERISTICS			erating erwise sta mperatur	ated) e -40°	C ≤ TA ≤	V to 3.6V +85°C for Industrial +125°C for Extended
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Input Frequency	—		11	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK1 Input Fall Time	—	—	_	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK1 Input Rise Time	—	—	_	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	_	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	TscH2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	30	—	_	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	_	ns	
SP41	TscH2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	_	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	SS1 ↓ to SCK1 ↑ or SCK1 ↓ Input	120	—	_	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	SS1 ↑ to SDO1 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	TscH2ssH, TscL2ssH	SS1	1.5 TCY + 40	—		ns	(Note 4)

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCK1 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

AC CHARACTERISTICS			$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$					
		Cloci	k Parame	eters				
AD50	TAD	ADC Clock Period	76	_	_	ns		
AD51	tRC	ADC Internal RC Oscillator Period ⁽²⁾		250	_	ns		
		Conv	version F	Rate		•		
AD55	tCONV	Conversion Time		12 Tad	_			
AD56	FCNV	Throughput Rate	_	—	1.1	Msps	Using simultaneous sampling	
AD57a	TSAMP	Sample Time when Sampling any ANx Input	2 Tad	—	_	—		
AD57b	TSAMP	Sample Time when Sampling the Op Amp Outputs (Configuration A and Configuration B) ^(4,5)	4 Tad	_	—	—		
		Timin	g Param	eters				
AD60	tPCS	Conversion Start from Sample Trigger ^(2,3)	2 Tad	—	3 Tad	_	Auto-convert trigger is not selected	
AD61	tPSS	Sample Start from Setting Sample (SAMP) bit ^(2,3))	2 Tad	—	3 Tad	—		
AD62	tcss	Conversion Completion to Sample Start (ASAM = 1) ^(2,3)	_	0.5 Tad		—		
AD63	tdpu	Time to Stabilize Analog Stage from ADC Off to ADC On ^(2,3)		—	20	μs	(Note 6)	

TABLE 30-61: ADC CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but not characterized. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

- 2: Parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.
- **3:** Because the sample caps will eventually lose charge, clock rates below 10 kHz may affect linearity performance, especially at elevated temperatures.
- 4: See Figure 25-6 for configuration information.
- 5: See Figure 25-7 for configuration information.
- 6: The parameter, tDPU, is the time required for the ADC module to stabilize at the appropriate level when the module is turned on (ADON (AD1CON1<15>) = 1). During this time, the ADC result is indeterminate.

TABLE 30-62: DMA MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS		$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +85^{\circ}C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ & -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +125^{\circ}C \mbox{ for Extended} \end{array}$					
Param No.	Characteristic	Min.	Тур. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions	
DM1	DMA Byte/Word Transfer Latency	1 Tcy (2)	-	_	ns		

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Because DMA transfers use the CPU data bus, this time is dependent on other functions on the bus.

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dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X

TABLE 31-11: INTERNAL RC ACCURACY

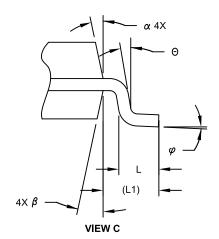
AC CH	ARACTERISTICS	Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stateOperating temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +150^{\circ}C$					herwise stated)	
Param No.	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions		
	LPRC @ 32.768 kHz ^(1,2)							
HF21	LPRC	-30	_	+30	%	$-40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +150^{\circ}C$	VDD = 3.0-3.6V	

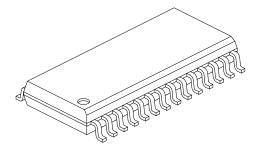
Note 1: Change of LPRC frequency as VDD changes.

2: LPRC accuracy impacts the Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (TwDT). See Section 27.5 "Watchdog Timer (WDT)" for more information.

28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging





	N	ILLIMETER	S		
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins	N		28		
Pitch	е		1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	Α	-	-	2.65	
Molded Package Thickness	A2	2.05	-	-	
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.30	
Overall Width	E	10.30 BSC			
Molded Package Width	E1	7.50 BSC			
Overall Length	D		17.90 BSC		
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.75	
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27	
Footprint	L1	1.40 REF			
Lead Angle	Θ	0°	-	-	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°	
Lead Thickness	С	0.18	-	0.33	
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51	
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°	
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°	

Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. § Significant Characteristic
- 3. Dimension D does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs, which shall not exceed 0.15 mm per end. Dimension E1 does not include interlead flash or protrusion, which shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
 - BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances. REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
- 5. Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-052C Sheet 2 of 2

Revision E (April 2012)

This revision includes typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-3.

TABLE A-4:	MAJOR SECTION UPDATES
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Section Name	Update Description
"16-bit Microcontrollers and Digital Signal Controllers (up to 512-Kbyte Flash and 48-Kbyte SRAM) with High- Speed PWM, Op amps, and Advanced Analog"	The following 512-Kbyte devices were added to the General Purpose Families table (see Table 1):
	 PIC24EP512GP202
	• PIC24EP512GP204
	• PIC24EP512GP206
	• dsPIC33EP512GP502
	• dsPIC33EP512GP504
	• dsPIC33EP512GP506
	The following 512-Kbyte devices were added to the Motor Control Families table (see Table 2):
	• PIC24EP512MC202
	• PIC24EP512MC204
	• PIC24EP512MC206
	• dsPIC33EP512MC202
	• dsPIC33EP512MC204
	• dsPIC33EP512MC206
	• dsPIC33EP512MC502
	• dsPIC33EP512MC504
	• dsPIC33EP512MC506
	Certain Pin Diagrams were updated to include the new 512-Kbyte devices.
Section 4.0 "Memory	Added a Program Memory Map for the new 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-4).
Organization"	Added a Data Memory Map for the new dsPIC 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-11).
	Added a Data Memory Map for the new PIC24 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-16).
Section 7.0 "Interrupt Controller"	Updated the VECNUM bits in the INTTREG register (see Register 7-7).
Section 11.0 "I/O Ports"	Added tip 6 to Section 11.5 "I/O Helpful Tips".
Section 27.0 "Special Features"	The following modifications were made to the Configuration Byte Register Map (see Table 27-1):
	 Added the column Device Memory Size (Kbytes)
	Removed Notes 1 through 4
	Added addresses for the new 512-Kbyte devices
Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"	Updated the Minimum value for Parameter DC10 (see Table 30-4).
	Added Power-Down Current (Ipd) parameters for the new 512-Kbyte devices (see Table 30-8).
	Updated the Minimum value for Parameter CM34 (see Table 30-53).
	Updated the Minimum and Maximum values and the Conditions for paramteer SY12 (see Table 30-22).