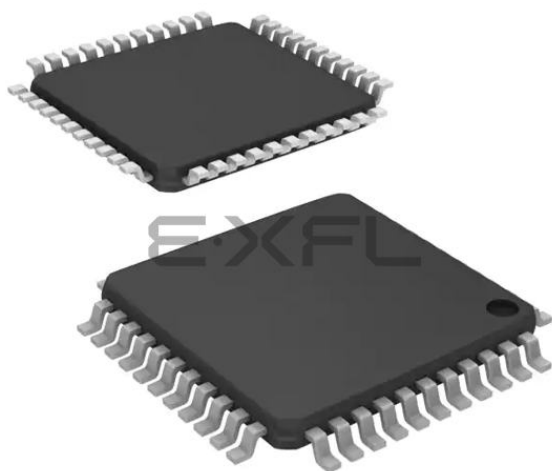




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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	512KB (170K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	24K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 150°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep512mc504-h-pt

TABLE 4-33: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets		
RPINR0	06A0	—	INT1R<6:0>								—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
RPINR1	06A2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2R<6:0>								0000	
RPINR3	06A6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	T2CKR<6:0>								0000	
RPINR7	06AE	—	IC2R<6:0>								—	IC1R<6:0>								0000
RPINR8	06B0	—	IC4R<6:0>								—	IC3R<6:0>								0000
RPINR11	06B6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCFAR<6:0>								0000	
RPINR12	06B8	—	FLT2R<6:0>								—	FLT1R<6:0>								0000
RPINR14	06BC	—	QEB1R<6:0>								—	QEA1R<6:0>								0000
RPINR15	06BE	—	HOME1R<6:0>								—	INDX1R<6:0>								0000
RPINR18	06C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U1RXR<6:0>								0000	
RPINR19	06C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2RXR<6:0>								0000	
RPINR22	06CC	—	SCK2INR<6:0>								—	SDI2R<6:0>								0000
RPINR23	06CE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SS2R<6:0>								0000	
RPINR37	06EA	—	SYNC1R<6:0>								—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
RPINR38	06EC	—	DTCMP1R<6:0>								—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
RPINR39	06EE	—	DTCMP3R<6:0>								—	DTCMP2R<6:0>								0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

4.4.2 EXTENDED X DATA SPACE

The lower portion of the base address space range, between 0x0000 and 0x7FFF, is always accessible regardless of the contents of the Data Space Page registers. It is indirectly addressable through the register indirect instructions. It can be regarded as being located in the default EDS Page 0 (i.e., EDS address range of 0x000000 to 0x007FFF with the base address bit, EA<15> = 0, for this address range). However, Page 0 cannot be accessed through the upper 32 Kbytes, 0x8000 to 0xFFFF, of base Data Space, in combination with DSRPAG = 0x000 or DSWPAG = 0x000. Consequently, DSRPAG and DSWPAG are initialized to 0x001 at Reset.

Note 1: DSxPAG should not be used to access Page 0. An EDS access with DSxPAG set to 0x000 will generate an address error trap.

2: Clearing the DSxPAG in software has no effect.

The remaining pages, including both EDS and PSV pages, are only accessible using the DSRPAG or DSWPAG registers in combination with the upper 32 Kbytes, 0x8000 to 0xFFFF, of the base address, where base address bit, EA<15> = 1.

For example, when DSRPAG = 0x001 or DSWPAG = 0x001, accesses to the upper 32 Kbytes, 0x8000 to 0xFFFF, of the Data Space will map to the EDS address range of 0x008000 to 0x00FFFF. When DSRPAG = 0x002 or DSWPAG = 0x002, accesses to the upper 32 Kbytes of the Data Space will map to the EDS address range of 0x010000 to 0x017FFF and so on, as shown in the EDS memory map in Figure 4-17.

For more information on the PSV page access using Data Space Page registers, refer to the “**Program Space Visibility from Data Space**” section in “**Program Memory**” (DS70613) of the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”.

FIGURE 4-17: EDS MEMORY MAP

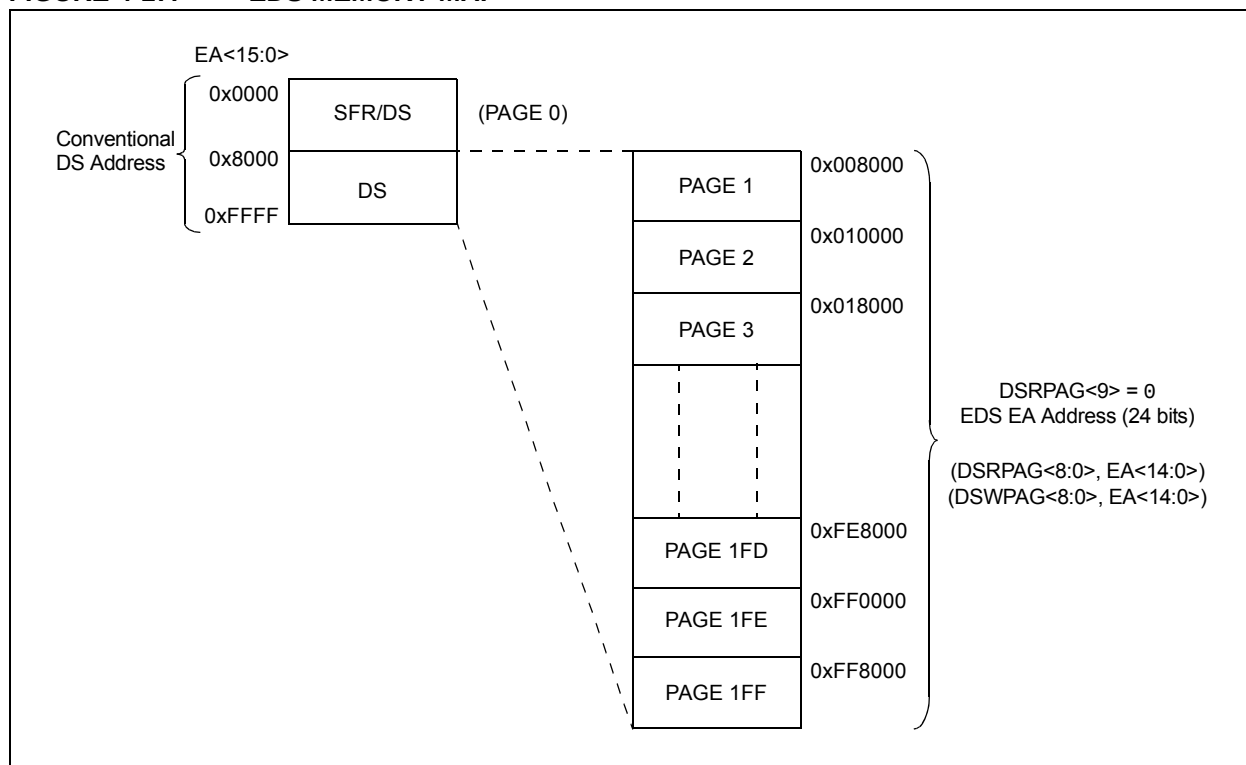


TABLE 7-1: INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS (CONTINUED)

Interrupt Source	Vector #	IRQ #	IVT Address	Interrupt Bit Location		
				Flag	Enable	Priority
QE11 – QE11 Position Counter Compare ⁽²⁾	66	58	0x000088	IFS3<10>	IEC3<10>	IPC14<10:8>
Reserved	67-72	59-64	0x00008A-0x000094	—	—	—
U1E – UART1 Error Interrupt	73	65	0x000096	IFS4<1>	IEC4<1>	IPC16<6:4>
U2E – UART2 Error Interrupt	74	66	0x000098	IFS4<2>	IEC4<2>	IPC16<10:8>
CRC – CRC Generator Interrupt	75	67	0x00009A	IFS4<3>	IEC4<3>	IPC16<14:12>
Reserved	76-77	68-69	0x00009C-0x00009E	—	—	—
C1TX – CAN1 TX Data Request ⁽¹⁾	78	70	0x000A0	IFS4<6>	IEC4<6>	IPC17<10:8>
Reserved	79-84	71-76	0x0000A2-0x0000AC	—	—	—
CTMU – CTMU Interrupt	85	77	0x0000AE	IFS4<13>	IEC4<13>	IPC19<6:4>
Reserved	86-101	78-93	0x0000B0-0x0000CE	—	—	—
PWM1 – PWM Generator 1 ⁽²⁾	102	94	0x0000D0	IFS5<14>	IEC5<14>	IPC23<10:8>
PWM2 – PWM Generator 2 ⁽²⁾	103	95	0x0000D2	IFS5<15>	IEC5<15>	IPC23<14:12>
PWM3 – PWM Generator 3 ⁽²⁾	104	96	0x0000D4	IFS6<0>	IEC6<0>	IPC24<2:0>
Reserved	105-149	97-141	0x0001D6-0x00012E	—	—	—
ICD – ICD Application	150	142	0x000142	IFS8<14>	IEC8<14>	IPC35<10:8>
JTAG – JTAG Programming	151	143	0x000130	IFS8<15>	IEC8<15>	IPC35<14:12>
Reserved	152	144	0x000134	—	—	—
PTGSTEP – PTG Step	153	145	0x000136	IFS9<1>	IEC9<1>	IPC36<6:4>
PTGWDT – PTG Watchdog Time-out	154	146	0x000138	IFS9<2>	IEC9<2>	IPC36<10:8>
PTG0 – PTG Interrupt 0	155	147	0x00013A	IFS9<3>	IEC9<3>	IPC36<14:12>
PTG1 – PTG Interrupt 1	156	148	0x00013C	IFS9<4>	IEC9<4>	IPC37<2:0>
PTG2 – PTG Interrupt 2	157	149	0x00013E	IFS9<5>	IEC9<5>	IPC37<6:4>
PTG3 – PTG Interrupt 3	158	150	0x000140	IFS9<6>	IEC9<6>	IPC37<10:8>
Reserved	159-245	151-245	0x000142-0x0001FE	—	—	—
Lowest Natural Order Priority						

Note 1: This interrupt source is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X and dsPIC33EPXXXMC50X devices only.

Note 2: This interrupt source is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

In addition, DMA transfers can be triggered by timers as well as external interrupts. Each DMA channel is unidirectional. Two DMA channels must be allocated to read and write to a peripheral. If more than one channel receives a request to transfer data, a simple fixed priority scheme based on channel number, dictates which channel completes the transfer and which channel, or channels, are left pending. Each DMA channel moves a block of data, after which, it generates an interrupt to the CPU to indicate that the block is available for processing.

The DMA Controller provides these functional capabilities:

- Four DMA channels
- Register Indirect with Post-Increment Addressing mode
- Register Indirect without Post-Increment Addressing mode

- Peripheral Indirect Addressing mode (peripheral generates destination address)
- CPU interrupt after half or full block transfer complete
- Byte or word transfers
- Fixed priority channel arbitration
- Manual (software) or automatic (peripheral DMA requests) transfer initiation
- One-Shot or Auto-Repeat Block Transfer modes
- Ping-Pong mode (automatic switch between two SRAM start addresses after each block transfer is complete)
- DMA request for each channel can be selected from any supported interrupt source
- Debug support features

The peripherals that can utilize DMA are listed in Table 8-1.

TABLE 8-1: DMA CHANNEL TO PERIPHERAL ASSOCIATIONS

Peripheral to DMA Association	DMAxREQ Register IRQSEL<7:0> Bits	DMAxPAD Register (Values to Read from Peripheral)	DMAxPAD Register (Values to Write to Peripheral)
INT0 – External Interrupt 0	00000000	—	—
IC1 – Input Capture 1	00000001	0x0144 (IC1BUF)	—
IC2 – Input Capture 2	00000101	0x014C (IC2BUF)	—
IC3 – Input Capture 3	00100101	0x0154 (IC3BUF)	—
IC4 – Input Capture 4	00100110	0x015C (IC4BUF)	—
OC1 – Output Compare 1	00000010	—	0x0906 (OC1R) 0x0904 (OC1RS)
OC2 – Output Compare 2	00000110	—	0x0910 (OC2R) 0x090E (OC2RS)
OC3 – Output Compare 3	00011001	—	0x091A (OC3R) 0x0918 (OC3RS)
OC4 – Output Compare 4	00011010	—	0x0924 (OC4R) 0x0922 (OC4RS)
TMR2 – Timer2	00000111	—	—
TMR3 – Timer3	00001000	—	—
TMR4 – Timer4	00011011	—	—
TMR5 – Timer5	00011100	—	—
SPI1 Transfer Done	00001010	0x0248 (SPI1BUF)	0x0248 (SPI1BUF)
SPI2 Transfer Done	00100001	0x0268 (SPI2BUF)	0x0268 (SPI2BUF)
UART1RX – UART1 Receiver	00001011	0x0226 (U1RXREG)	—
UART1TX – UART1 Transmitter	00001100	—	0x0224 (U1TXREG)
UART2RX – UART2 Receiver	00011110	0x0236 (U2RXREG)	—
UART2TX – UART2 Transmitter	00011111	—	0x0234 (U2TXREG)
ECAN1 – RX Data Ready	00100010	0x0440 (C1RXD)	—
ECAN1 – TX Data Request	01000110	—	0x0442 (C1TXD)
ADC1 – ADC1 Convert Done	00001101	0x0300 (ADC1BUF0)	—

REGISTER 8-2: DMAxREQ: DMA CHANNEL x IRQ SELECT REGISTER

R/S-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
FORCE ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IRQSEL7	IRQSEL6	IRQSEL5	IRQSEL4	IRQSEL3	IRQSEL2	IRQSEL1	IRQSEL0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	S = Settable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set
	'0' = Bit is cleared
	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15	FORCE: Force DMA Transfer bit ⁽¹⁾ 1 = Forces a single DMA transfer (Manual mode) 0 = Automatic DMA transfer initiation by DMA request
bit 14-8	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 7-0	IRQSEL<7:0>: DMA Peripheral IRQ Number Select bits 01000110 = ECAN1 – TX Data Request ⁽²⁾ 00100110 = IC4 – Input Capture 4 00100101 = IC3 – Input Capture 3 00100010 = ECAN1 – RX Data Ready ⁽²⁾ 00100001 = SPI2 Transfer Done 00011111 = UART2TX – UART2 Transmitter 00011110 = UART2RX – UART2 Receiver 00011100 = TMR5 – Timer5 00011011 = TMR4 – Timer4 00011010 = OC4 – Output Compare 4 00011001 = OC3 – Output Compare 3 00001101 = ADC1 – ADC1 Convert done 00001100 = UART1TX – UART1 Transmitter 00001011 = UART1RX – UART1 Receiver 00001010 = SPI1 – Transfer Done 00001000 = TMR3 – Timer3 00000111 = TMR2 – Timer2 00000110 = OC2 – Output Compare 2 00000101 = IC2 – Input Capture 2 00000010 = OC1 – Output Compare 1 00000001 = IC1 – Input Capture 1 00000000 = INT0 – External Interrupt 0

- Note 1:** The FORCE bit cannot be cleared by user software. The FORCE bit is cleared by hardware when the forced DMA transfer is complete or the channel is disabled (CHEN = 0).
- 2:** This selection is available in dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

NOTES:

REGISTER 11-4: RPINR7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 7

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC2R<6:0>						
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC1R<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **IC2R<6:0>:** Assign Input Capture 2 (IC2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **IC1R<6:0>:** Assign Input Capture 1 (IC1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

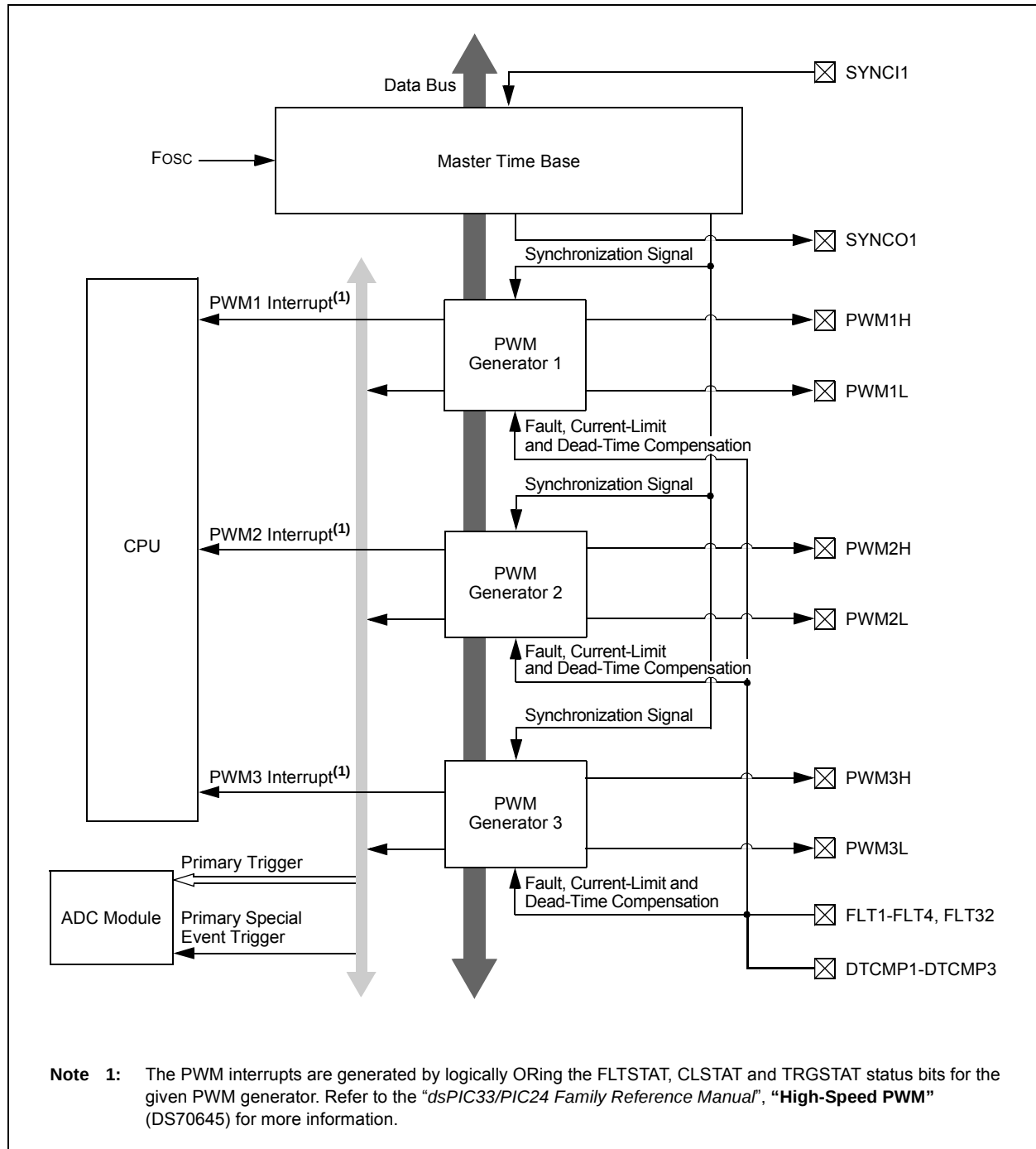
.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

FIGURE 16-1: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE ARCHITECTURAL OVERVIEW



REGISTER 16-12: TRGCONx: PWMx TRIGGER CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
TRGDIV<3:0>				—	—	—	—
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	TRGSTRT<5:0> ⁽¹⁾					
bit 7		bit 0					

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12

TRGDIV<3:0>: Trigger # Output Divider bits

1111 = Trigger output for every 16th trigger event
 1110 = Trigger output for every 15th trigger event
 1101 = Trigger output for every 14th trigger event
 1100 = Trigger output for every 13th trigger event
 1011 = Trigger output for every 12th trigger event
 1010 = Trigger output for every 11th trigger event
 1001 = Trigger output for every 10th trigger event
 1000 = Trigger output for every 9th trigger event
 0111 = Trigger output for every 8th trigger event
 0110 = Trigger output for every 7th trigger event
 0101 = Trigger output for every 6th trigger event
 0100 = Trigger output for every 5th trigger event
 0011 = Trigger output for every 4th trigger event
 0010 = Trigger output for every 3rd trigger event
 0001 = Trigger output for every 2nd trigger event
 0000 = Trigger output for every trigger event

bit 11-6

Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 5-0

TRGSTRT<5:0>: Trigger Postscaler Start Enable Select bits⁽¹⁾

111111 = Waits 63 PWM cycles before generating the first trigger event after the module is enabled

•
•
•

000010 = Waits 2 PWM cycles before generating the first trigger event after the module is enabled

000001 = Waits 1 PWM cycle before generating the first trigger event after the module is enabled

000000 = Waits 0 PWM cycles before generating the first trigger event after the module is enabled

Note 1: The secondary PWM generator cannot generate PWMx trigger interrupts.

REGISTER 18-2: SPIxCON1: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	DISSCK	DISSDO	MODE16	SMP	CKE ⁽¹⁾
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SSEN ⁽²⁾	CKP	MSTEN	SPRE2 ⁽³⁾	SPRE1 ⁽³⁾	SPRE0 ⁽³⁾	PPRE1 ⁽³⁾	PPRE0 ⁽³⁾
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12 **DISSCK:** Disable SCKx Pin bit (SPIx Master modes only)
 1 = Internal SPIx clock is disabled, pin functions as I/O
 0 = Internal SPIx clock is enabled
- bit 11 **DISSDO:** Disable SDOx Pin bit
 1 = SDOx pin is not used by the module; pin functions as I/O
 0 = SDOx pin is controlled by the module
- bit 10 **MODE16:** Word/Byte Communication Select bit
 1 = Communication is word-wide (16 bits)
 0 = Communication is byte-wide (8 bits)
- bit 9 **SMP:** SPIx Data Input Sample Phase bit
Master mode:
 1 = Input data is sampled at end of data output time
 0 = Input data is sampled at middle of data output time
Slave mode:
 SMP must be cleared when SPIx is used in Slave mode.
- bit 8 **CKE:** SPIx Clock Edge Select bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = Serial output data changes on transition from active clock state to Idle clock state (refer to bit 6)
 0 = Serial output data changes on transition from Idle clock state to active clock state (refer to bit 6)
- bit 7 **SSEN:** Slave Select Enable bit (Slave mode)⁽²⁾
 1 = $\overline{SSx}$ pin is used for Slave mode
 0 = $\overline{SSx}$ pin is not used by the module; pin is controlled by port function
- bit 6 **CKP:** Clock Polarity Select bit
 1 = Idle state for clock is a high level; active state is a low level
 0 = Idle state for clock is a low level; active state is a high level
- bit 5 **MSTEN:** Master Mode Enable bit
 1 = Master mode
 0 = Slave mode

- Note 1:** The CKE bit is not used in Framed SPI modes. Program this bit to '0' for Framed SPI modes (FRMEN = 1).
Note 2: This bit must be cleared when FRMEN = 1.
Note 3: Do not set both primary and secondary prescalers to the value of 1:1.

24.2 PTG Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser: http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464
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24.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **“Peripheral Trigger Generator”** (DS70669) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

TABLE 24-1: PTG STEP COMMAND FORMAT (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0	Step Command	OPTION<3:0>	Option Description
	PTGCTRL ⁽¹⁾	0000	Reserved.
		0001	Reserved.
		0010	Disable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).
		0011	Reserved.
		0100	Reserved.
		0101	Reserved.
		0110	Enable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).
		0111	Reserved.
		1000	Start and wait for the PTG Timer0 to match the Timer0 Limit Register.
		1001	Start and wait for the PTG Timer1 to match the Timer1 Limit Register.
		1010	Reserved.
		1011	Wait for the software trigger bit transition from low-to-high before continuing (PTGSWT = 0 to 1).
		1100	Copy contents of the Counter 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1101	Copy contents of the Counter 1 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1110	Copy contents of the Literal 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1111	Generate triggers indicated in the Broadcast Trigger Enable register (PTGBTE).
	PTGADD ⁽¹⁾	0000	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).
		0001	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).
		0010	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).
		0011	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).
		0100	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).
		0101	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).
		0110	Reserved.
		0111	Reserved.
	PTGCOPY ⁽¹⁾	1000	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).
		1001	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).
		1010	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).
		1011	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).
		1100	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).
		1101	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).
		1110	Reserved.
		1111	Reserved.

Note 1: All reserved commands or options will execute but have no effect (i.e., execute as a NOP instruction).

2: Refer to Table 24-2 for the trigger output descriptions.

3: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

TABLE 24-2: PTG OUTPUT DESCRIPTIONS

PTG Output Number	PTG Output Description
PTGO0	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC1
PTGO1	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC2
PTGO2	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC3
PTGO3	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC4
PTGO4	Clock Source for OC1
PTGO5	Clock Source for OC2
PTGO6	Clock Source for OC3
PTGO7	Clock Source for OC4
PTGO8	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC1
PTGO9	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC2
PTGO10	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC3
PTGO11	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC4
PTGO12	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO13	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO14	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO15	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO16	PWM Time Base Synchronous Source for PWM ⁽¹⁾
PTGO17	PWM Time Base Synchronous Source for PWM ⁽¹⁾
PTGO18	Mask Input Select for Op Amp/Comparator
PTGO19	Mask Input Select for Op Amp/Comparator
PTGO20	Reserved
PTGO21	Reserved
PTGO22	Reserved
PTGO23	Reserved
PTGO24	Reserved
PTGO25	Reserved
PTGO26	Reserved
PTGO27	Reserved
PTGO28	Reserved
PTGO29	Reserved
PTGO30	PTG Output to PPS Input Selection
PTGO31	PTG Output to PPS Input Selection

Note 1: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

TABLE 30-50: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (SLAVE MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽³⁾		Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions
IS10	TLO:SCL	Clock Low Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	
			400 kHz mode	1.3	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.5	—	μs	
IS11	THI:SCL	Clock High Time	100 kHz mode	4.0	—	μs	Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.5	—	μs	
IS20	TF:SCL	SDA _x and SCL _x Fall Time	100 kHz mode	—	300	ns	Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF
			400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 Cb	300	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	—	100	ns	
IS21	TR:SCL	SDA _x and SCL _x Rise Time	100 kHz mode	—	1000	ns	Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF
			400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 Cb	300	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	—	300	ns	
IS25	TSU:DAT	Data Input Setup Time	100 kHz mode	250	—	ns	
			400 kHz mode	100	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	100	—	ns	
IS26	THD:DAT	Data Input Hold Time	100 kHz mode	0	—	μs	
			400 kHz mode	0	0.9	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0	0.3	μs	
IS30	TSU:STA	Start Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	Only relevant for Repeated Start condition
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.25	—	μs	
IS31	THD:STA	Start Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	4.0	—	μs	After this period, the first clock pulse is generated
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.25	—	μs	
IS33	TSU:STO	Stop Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.6	—	μs	
IS34	THD:STO	Stop Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	4	—	μs	
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.25	—	μs	
IS40	TAA:SCL	Output Valid From Clock	100 kHz mode	0	3500	ns	
			400 kHz mode	0	1000	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0	350	ns	
IS45	TBF:SDA	Bus Free Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start
			400 kHz mode	1.3	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.5	—	μs	
IS50	CB	Bus Capacitive Loading		—	400	pF	
IS51	TPGD	Pulse Gobbler Delay		65	390	ns	(Note 2)

Note 1: Maximum pin capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (for 1 MHz mode only).

2: Typical value for this parameter is 130 ns.

3: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 30-56: CTMU CURRENT SOURCE SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
CTMU Current Source							
CTMUI1	IOUT1	Base Range ⁽¹⁾	0.29	—	0.77	μA	CTMUICON<9:8> = 01
CTMUI2	IOUT2	10x Range ⁽¹⁾	3.85	—	7.7	μA	CTMUICON<9:8> = 10
CTMUI3	IOUT3	100x Range ⁽¹⁾	38.5	—	77	μA	CTMUICON<9:8> = 11
CTMUI4	IOUT4	1000x Range ⁽¹⁾	385	—	770	μA	CTMUICON<9:8> = 00
CTMUFV1	VF	Temperature Diode Forward Voltage ^(1,2)	—	0.598	—	V	T _A = +25°C, CTMUICON<9:8> = 01
			—	0.658	—	V	T _A = +25°C, CTMUICON<9:8> = 10
			—	0.721	—	V	T _A = +25°C, CTMUICON<9:8> = 11
CTMUFV2	VFVR	Temperature Diode Rate of Change ^(1,2,3)	—	-1.92	—	mV/°C	CTMUICON<9:8> = 01
			—	-1.74	—	mV/°C	CTMUICON<9:8> = 10
			—	-1.56	—	mV/°C	CTMUICON<9:8> = 11

Note 1: Nominal value at center point of current trim range (CTMUICON<15:10> = 000000).

2: Parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

3: Measurements taken with the following conditions:

- VREF+ = AVDD = 3.3V
- ADC configured for 10-bit mode
- ADC module configured for conversion speed of 500 ksp/s
- All PMDx bits are cleared (PMDx = 0)
- Executing a while(1) statement
- Device operating from the FRC with no PLL

TABLE 31-11: INTERNAL RC ACCURACY

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$					
Param No.	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions	
HF21	LPRC @ 32.768 kHz ^(1,2)						
	LPRC	-30	—	+30	%	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$	VDD = 3.0-3.6V

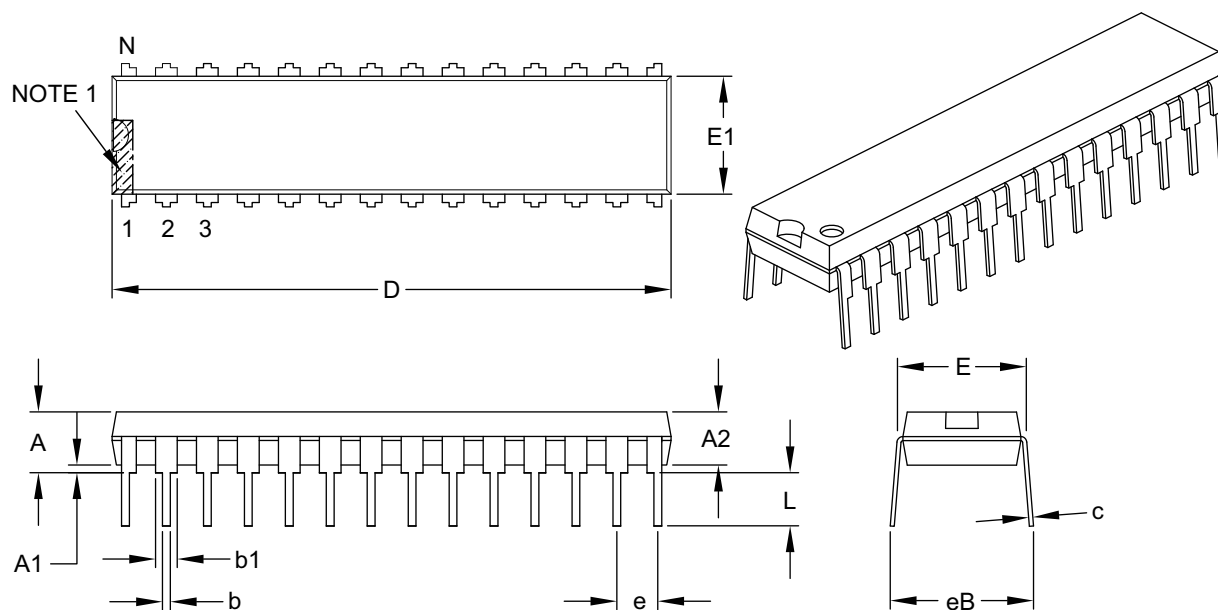
Note 1: Change of LPRC frequency as VDD changes.

Note 2: LPRC accuracy impacts the Watchdog Timer Time-out Period (TWDT). See **Section 27.5 “Watchdog Timer (WDT)”** for more information.

33.2 Package Details

28-Lead Skinny Plastic Dual In-Line (SP) – 300 mil Body [SPDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		INCHES		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	28		
Pitch	e	.100 BSC		
Top to Seating Plane	A	–	–	.200
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.120	.135	.150
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	–	–
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.335
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.285	.295
Overall Length	D	1.345	1.365	1.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.110	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.050	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	–	–	.430

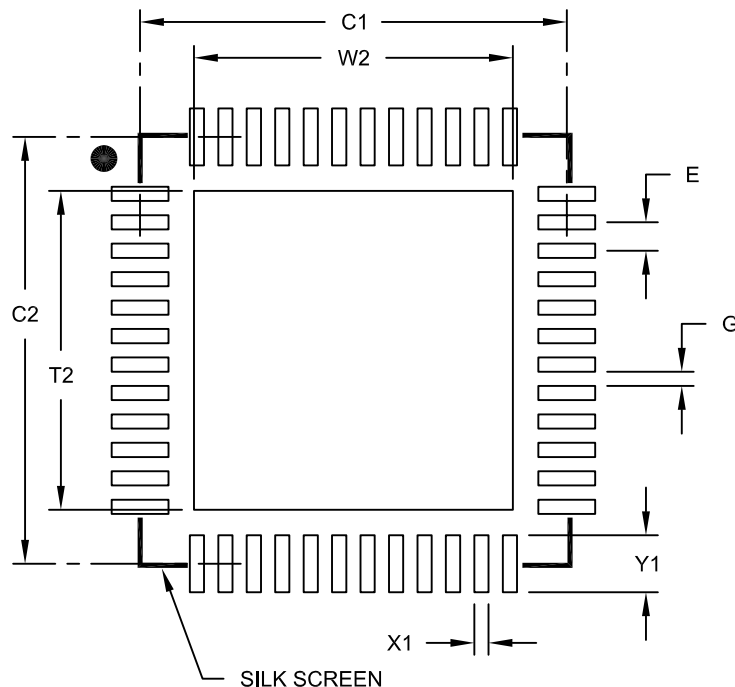
Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-070B

48-Lead Ultra Thin Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MV) - 6x6 mm Body [UQFN]
With 0.40 mm Contact Length

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.40 BSC		
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			4.45
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			4.45
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		6.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		6.00	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.20
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			0.80
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2153A

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

		dsPIC 33 EP 64 MC5 04 T I / PT - XXX									
Microchip Trademark	_____										
Architecture	_____										
Flash Memory Family	_____										
Program Memory Size (Kbyte)	_____										
Product Group	_____										
Pin Count	_____										
Tape and Reel Flag (if applicable)	_____										
Temperature Range	_____										
Package	_____										
Pattern	_____										

Architecture:	33	=	16-bit Digital Signal Controller
	24	=	16-bit Microcontroller
Flash Memory Family:	EP	=	Enhanced Performance
Product Group:	GP	=	General Purpose family
	MC	=	Motor Control family
Pin Count:	02	=	28-pin
	03	=	36-pin
	04	=	44-pin
	06	=	64-pin
Temperature Range:	I	=	-40°C to +85°C (Industrial)
	E	=	-40°C to +125°C (Extended)
Package:	ML	=	Plastic Quad, No Lead Package - (44-pin) 8x8 mm body (QFN)
	MM	=	Plastic Quad, No Lead Package - (28-pin) 6x6 mm body (QFN-S)
	MR	=	Plastic Quad, No Lead Package - (64-pin) 9x9 mm body (QFN)
	MV	=	Thin Quad, No Lead Package - (48-pin) 6x6 mm body (UQFN)
	PT	=	Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack - (44-pin) 10x10 mm body (TQFP)
	PT	=	Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack - (64-pin) 10x10 mm body (TQFP)
	SO	=	Plastic Small Outline, Wide - (28-pin) 7.50 mm body (SOIC)
	SP	=	Skinny Plastic Dual In-Line - (28-pin) 300 mil body (SPDIP)
	SS	=	Plastic Shrink Small Outline - (28-pin) 5.30 mm body (SSOP)
	TL	=	Very Thin Leadless Array - (36-pin) 5x5 mm body (VTLA)
	TL	=	Very Thin Leadless Array - (44-pin) 6x6 mm body (VTLA)

Examples:

dsPIC33EP64MC504-I/PT:
dsPIC33, Enhanced Performance,
64-Kbyte Program Memory,
Motor Control, 44-Pin,
Industrial Temperature,
TQFP package.