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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPs
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
lumber of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	512KB (170K x 24)
rogram Memory Type	FLASH
EPROM Size	-
AM Size	24K x 16
oltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Oata Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Scillator Type	Internal
perating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Nounting Type	Surface Mount
ackage / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep512mc504t-e-pt

TABLE 2: dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X MOTOR CONTROL FAMILIES

		(s				Rei	nappa	ble Pe	eriphe	erals											
Device	Page Erase Size (Instructions)	Program Flash Memory (Kbytes)	RAM (Kbytes)	16-Bit/32-Bit Timers	Input Capture	Output Compare	Motor Control PWM ⁽⁴⁾ (Channels)	Quadrature Encoder Interface	UART	(₂)IdS	ECAN™ Technology	External Interrupts ⁽³⁾	м_12Стм	CRC Generator	10-Bit/12-Bit ADC (Channels)	Op Amps/Comparators	ОШТЭ	PTG	I/O Pins	Pins	Packages
PIC24EP32MC202	512	32	4																		
PIC24EP64MC202	1024	64	8																		SPDIP,
PIC24EP128MC202	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	6	2/3(1)	Yes	Yes	21	28	SOIC, SSOP ⁽⁵⁾ ,
PIC24EP256MC202	1024	256	32																		QFN-S
PIC24EP512MC202	1024	512	48																		
PIC24EP32MC203	512	32	4	٠.	4	_	_	1	٠	٥		٠	٥	4	•	2/4	V	V	٥.	00	\
PIC24EP64MC203	1024	64	8	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	8	3/4	Yes	Yes	25	36	VTLA
PIC24EP32MC204	512	32	4																		
PIC24EP64MC204	1024	64	8																		VTLA ⁽⁵⁾ ,
PIC24EP128MC204	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	9	3/4	Yes	Yes	35	44/ 48	TQFP, QFN,
PIC24EP256MC204	1024	256	32																	70	UQFN
PIC24EP512MC204	1024	512	48																		
PIC24EP64MC206	1024	64	8																		
PIC24EP128MC206	1024	128	16	_					•			•			40	0/4				0.4	TQFP,
PIC24EP256MC206	1024	256	32	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	16	3/4	Yes	Yes	53	64	QFN
PIC24EP512MC206	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP32MC202	512	32	4																		
dsPIC33EP64MC202	1024	64	8																		SPDIP,
dsPIC33EP128MC202	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	6	2/3(1)	Yes	Yes	21	28	SOIC, SSOP ⁽⁵⁾ ,
dsPIC33EP256MC202	1024	256	32																		QFN-S
dsPIC33EP512MC202	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP32MC203	512	32	4	5	4	4	6	1	2	2		3	2	1	8	3/4	Von	Voo	25	36	VTLA
dsPIC33EP64MC203	1024	64	8	ດ	4	4	0	ı	2	2		9	2	ı	0	3/4	Yes	Yes	25	30	VILA
dsPIC33EP32MC204	512	32	4																		
dsPIC33EP64MC204	1024	64	8																	441	VTLA ⁽⁵⁾ ,
dsPIC33EP128MC204	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	9	3/4	Yes	Yes	35	44/ 48	TQFP, QFN,
dsPIC33EP256MC204	1024	256	32																	10	UQFN
dsPIC33EP512MC204	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP64MC206	1024	64	8																		
dsPIC33EP128MC206	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2		3	2	1	16	3/4	Yes	Yes	53	64	TQFP,
dsPIC33EP256MC206	1024	256	32	3	4	4	٥	'	2	2	_	3	2	'	10	3/4	163	163	55	04	QFN
dsPIC33EP512MC206	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP32MC502	512	32	4																		
dsPIC33EP64MC502	1024	64	8																		SPDIP,
dsPIC33EP128MC502	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	6	2/3 ⁽¹⁾	Yes	Yes	21	28	SOIC, SSOP ⁽⁵⁾ ,
dsPIC33EP256MC502	1024	256	32																		QFN-S
dsPIC33EP512MC502	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP32MC503	512	32	4	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	8	3/4	Yes	Yes	25	36	VTLA
dsPIC33EP64MC503	1024	64	8	J	-	7	J	•		_	1	3	_	'	J	0/7	100	103	20	- 50	VILA

Note 1: On 28-pin devices, Comparator 4 does not have external connections. Refer to Section 25.0 "Op Amp/Comparator Module" for details.

^{2:} Only SPI2 is remappable.

^{3:} INT0 is not remappable.

^{4:} Only the PWM Faults are remappable.

^{5:} The SSOP and VTLA packages are not available for devices with 512 Kbytes of memory.

TABLE 4-27: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC204/504 AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC204 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RPOR0	0680	_	_		RP35R<5:0>				_	_	RP20R<5:0>							
RPOR1	0682	_	_		RP37R<5:0>				_	_			RP36F	R<5:0>			0000	
RPOR2	0684	_	_			RP39F	R<5:0>			_	_	RP38R<5:0>						0000
RPOR3	0686	ı	_			RP41F	R<5:0>			_	_	RP40R<5:0>						0000
RPOR4	0688	-	_			RP43F	R<5:0>			_	_	RP42R<5:0>					0000	
RPOR5	068A	-	_		RP55R<5:0>				_	_			RP54F	R<5:0>			0000	
RPOR6	068C	_	_		RP57R<5:0>					_	_	•	•	RP56F	R<5:0>			0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-28: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC206/506 AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC206 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	it 13 Bit 12 Bit 11 Bit 10 Bit 9 Bit 8					Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RPOR0	0680	_	_			RP35F	R<5:0>			_	_			RP20F	R<5:0>			0000
RPOR1	0682	_	_			RP37F	R<5:0>			_	_			RP36F	R<5:0>			0000
RPOR2	0684	_	_			RP39F	R<5:0>			_	_			RP38F	R<5:0>			0000
RPOR3	0686	_	_			RP41F	R<5:0>			_	_		RP40R<5:0>					0000
RPOR4	0688	_	_			RP43F	R<5:0>			_	_		RP42R<5:0>					0000
RPOR5	068A	_	_			RP55F	R<5:0>			_	_		RP54R<5:0>				0000	
RPOR6	068C	_	_			RP57F	R<5:0>			_	_			RP56F	R<5:0>			0000
RPOR7	068E	_	_		RP97R<5:0>				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000	
RPOR8	0690	ı	_		RP118R<5:0>				_	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	0000	
RPOR9	0692	_	_	_					_	_	RP120R<5:0>					0000		

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

FIGURE 4-21: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING EXAMPLE

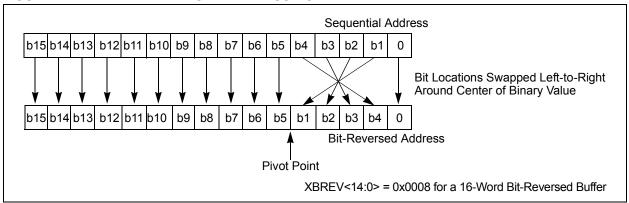


TABLE 4-64: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING SEQUENCE (16-ENTRY)

		Norma	al Addres	ss			Bit-Rev	ersed Ac	Idress
А3	A2	A 1	Α0	Decimal	А3	A2	A 1	Α0	Decimal
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	8
0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	4
0	0	1	1	3	1	1	0	0	12
0	1	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	2
0	1	0	1	5	1	0	1	0	10
0	1	1	0	6	0	1	1	0	6
0	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	0	14
1	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	9	1	0	0	1	9
1	0	1	0	10	0	1	0	1	5
1	0	1	1	11	1	1	0	1	13
1	1	0	0	12	0	0	1	1	3
1	1	0	1	13	1	0	1	1	11
1	1	1	0	14	0	1	1	1	7
1	1	1	1	15	1	1	1	1	15

REGISTER 7-3: INTCON1: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

bit 4	MATHERR: Math Error Status bit
	1 = Math error trap has occurred
	0 = Math error trap has not occurred
bit 3	ADDRERR: Address Error Trap Status bit
	1 = Address error trap has occurred0 = Address error trap has not occurred
bit 2	STKERR: Stack Error Trap Status bit
	1 = Stack error trap has occurred
	0 = Stack error trap has not occurred
bit 1	OSCFAIL: Oscillator Failure Trap Status bit
	1 = Oscillator failure trap has occurred
	0 = Oscillator failure trap has not occurred
bit 0	Unimplemented: Read as '0'

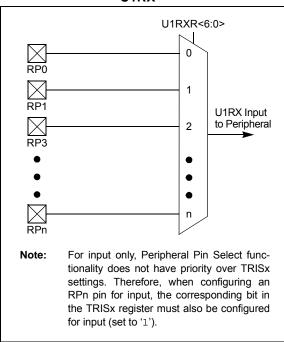
Note 1: These bits are available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X devices only.

11.4.4 INPUT MAPPING

The inputs of the Peripheral Pin Select options are mapped on the basis of the peripheral. That is, a control register associated with a peripheral dictates the pin it will be mapped to. The RPINRx registers are used to configure peripheral input mapping (see Register 11-1 through Register 11-17). Each register contains sets of 7-bit fields, with each set associated with one of the remappable peripherals. Programming a given peripheral's bit field with an appropriate 7-bit value maps the RPn pin with the corresponding value to that peripheral. For any given device, the valid range of values for any bit field corresponds to the maximum number of Peripheral Pin Selections supported by the device.

For example, Figure 11-2 illustrates remappable pin selection for the U1RX input.

FIGURE 11-2: REMAPPABLE INPUT FOR U1RX



11.4.4.1 Virtual Connections

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices support virtual (internal) connections to the output of the op amp/comparator module (see Figure 25-1 in Section 25.0 "Op Amp/Comparator Module"), and the PTG module (see Section 24.0 "Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module").

In addition, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices support virtual connections to the filtered QEI module inputs: FINDX1, FHOME1, FINDX2 and FHOME2 (see Figure 17-1 in Section 17.0 "Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI) Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)".

Virtual connections provide a simple way of interperipheral connection without utilizing a physical pin. For example, by setting the FLT1R<6:0> bits of the RPINR12 register to the value of 'b0000001, the output of the analog comparator, C1OUT, will be connected to the PWM Fault 1 input, which allows the analog comparator to trigger PWM Faults without the use of an actual physical pin on the device.

Virtual connection to the QEI module allows peripherals to be connected to the QEI digital filter input. To utilize this filter, the QEI module must be enabled and its inputs must be connected to a physical RPn pin. Example 11-2 illustrates how the input capture module can be connected to the QEI digital filter.

EXAMPLE 11-2: CONNECTING IC1 TO THE HOME1 QEI1 DIGITAL FILTER INPUT ON PIN 43 OF THE dsPIC33EPXXXMC206 DEVICE

REGISTER 11-6: RPINR11: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 11

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_				OCFAR<6:0>	>		
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 OCFAR<6:0>: Assign Output Compare Fault A (OCFA) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

:

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-15: RPINR37: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 37 (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_				SYNCI1R<6:0)>		
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 SYNCI1R<6:0>: Assign PWM Synchronization Input 1 to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1 0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 11-26: RPOR8: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_			RP118	3R<5:0>		
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 RP118R<5:0>: Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP118 Output Pin bits

(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 11-27: RPOR9: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 9

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_			RP120	OR<5:0>		
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 RP120R<5:0>: Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP120 Output Pin bits

(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 13-2: TyCON: (TIMER3 AND TIMER5) CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
TON ⁽¹⁾	_	TSIDL ⁽²⁾	_	_	_	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0
_	TGATE ⁽¹⁾	TCKPS1 ⁽¹⁾	TCKPS0 ⁽¹⁾	_	_	TCS ^(1,3)	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **TON:** Timery On bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Starts 16-bit Timery

0 = Stops 16-bit Timery

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **TSIDL:** Timery Stop in Idle Mode bit⁽²⁾

1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode

0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode

bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6 **TGATE**: Timery Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit⁽¹⁾

When TCS = 1: This bit is ignored.

When TCS = 0:

1 = Gated time accumulation is enabled 0 = Gated time accumulation is disabled

bit 5-4 TCKPS<1:0>: Timery Input Clock Prescale Select bits⁽¹⁾

11 = 1:256

10 = 1:64

01 = 1:8

00 = 1:1

bit 3-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 TCS: Timery Clock Source Select bit (1,3)

1 = External clock is from pin, TyCK (on the rising edge)

0 = Internal clock (FP)

bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When 32-bit operation is enabled (T2CON<3> = 1), these bits have no effect on Timery operation; all timer functions are set through TxCON.

- 2: When 32-bit timer operation is enabled (T32 = 1) in the Timerx Control register (TxCON<3>), the TSIDL bit must be cleared to operate the 32-bit timer in Idle mode.
- 3: The TyCK pin is not available on all timers. See the "Pin Diagrams" section for the available pins.

17.1 QEI Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note:

In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:

http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/ Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464

17.1.1 KEY RESOURCES

- "Quadrature Encoder Interface" (DS70601) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"
- Code Samples
- · Application Notes
- · Software Libraries
- · Webinars
- All Related "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual" Sections
- · Development Tools

18.3 SPIx Control Registers

REGISTER 18-1: SPIXSTAT: SPIX STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SPIEN	_	SPISIDL	_	_		SPIBEC<2:0>	1
bit 15							

R/W-0	R/C-0, HS	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0, HS, HC	R-0, HS, HC
SRMPT	SPIROV	SRXMPT	SISEL2	SISEL1	SISEL0	SPITBF	SPIRBF
bit 7						•	bit 0

Legend:	C = Clearable bit	HS = Hardware Settable bit	t HC = Hardware Clearable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ad as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 SPIEN: SPIx Enable bit

1 = Enables the module and configures SCKx, SDOx, SDIx and \overline{SSx} as serial port pins

0 = Disables the module

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 SPISIDL: SPIx Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinues the module operation when device enters Idle mode

0 = Continues the module operation in Idle mode

bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 SPIBEC<2:0>: SPIx Buffer Element Count bits (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)

Master mode:

Number of SPIx transfers that are pending.

Slave mode:

Number of SPIx transfers that are unread.

bit 7 SRMPT: SPIx Shift Register (SPIxSR) Empty bit (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)

1 = SPIx Shift register is empty and Ready-To-Send or receive the data

0 = SPIx Shift register is not empty

bit 6 SPIROV: SPIx Receive Overflow Flag bit

1 = A new byte/word is completely received and discarded; the user application has not read the previous data in the SPIxBUF register

0 = No overflow has occurred

bit 5 SRXMPT: SPIx Receive FIFO Empty bit (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)

1 = RX FIFO is empty

0 = RX FIFO is not empty

bit 4-2 SISEL<2:0>: SPIx Buffer Interrupt Mode bits (valid in Enhanced Buffer mode)

111 = Interrupt when the SPIx transmit buffer is full (SPITBF bit is set)

110 = Interrupt when last bit is shifted into SPIxSR and as a result, the TX FIFO is empty

101 = Interrupt when the last bit is shifted out of SPIxSR and the transmit is complete

100 = Interrupt when one data is shifted into the SPIxSR and as a result, the TX FIFO has one open memory location

011 = Interrupt when the SPIx receive buffer is full (SPIRBF bit is set)

010 = Interrupt when the SPIx receive buffer is 3/4 or more full

001 = Interrupt when data is available in the receive buffer (SRMPT bit is set)

000 = Interrupt when the last data in the receive buffer is read and as a result, the buffer is empty (SRXMPT bit is set)

REGISTER 19-2: I2CxSTAT: I2Cx STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 3 S: Start bit

1 = Indicates that a Start (or Repeated Start) bit has been detected last

0 = Start bit was not detected last

Hardware is set or clear when a Start, Repeated Start or Stop is detected.

bit 2 **R_W:** Read/Write Information bit (when operating as I²C slave)

1 = Read – Indicates data transfer is output from the slave

0 = Write - Indicates data transfer is input to the slave

Hardware is set or clear after reception of an I²C device address byte.

bit 1 RBF: Receive Buffer Full Status bit

1 = Receive is complete, I2CxRCV is full

0 = Receive is not complete, I2CxRCV is empty

Hardware is set when I2CxRCV is written with a received byte. Hardware is clear when software reads

I2CxRCV.

bit 0 TBF: Transmit Buffer Full Status bit

1 = Transmit in progress, I2CxTRN is full

0 = Transmit is complete, I2CxTRN is empty

Hardware is set when software writes to I2CxTRN. Hardware is clear at completion of a data transmission.

REGISTER 21-6: CXINTF: ECANX INTERRUPT FLAG REGISTER

U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
_	_	TXBO	TXBP	RXBP	TXWAR	RXWAR	EWARN
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	U-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
IVRIF	WAKIF	ERRIF	_	FIFOIF	RBOVIF	RBIF	TBIF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writable bit, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit					
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'					
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown			

bit 15-14	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 13	TXBO: Transmitter in Error State Bus Off bit
	1 = Transmitter is in Bus Off state
	0 = Transmitter is not in Bus Off state
bit 12	TXBP: Transmitter in Error State Bus Passive bit
	1 = Transmitter is in Bus Passive state
	0 = Transmitter is not in Bus Passive state
bit 11	RXBP: Receiver in Error State Bus Passive bit
	1 = Receiver is in Bus Passive state
	0 = Receiver is not in Bus Passive state
bit 10	TXWAR: Transmitter in Error State Warning bit
	1 = Transmitter is in Error Warning state
	0 = Transmitter is not in Error Warning state
bit 9	RXWAR: Receiver in Error State Warning bit
	1 = Receiver is in Error Warning state
	0 = Receiver is not in Error Warning state
bit 8	EWARN: Transmitter or Receiver in Error State Warning bit
	1 = Transmitter or receiver is in Error Warning state
	0 = Transmitter or receiver is not in Error Warning state
bit 7	IVRIF: Invalid Message Interrupt Flag bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 6	WAKIF: Bus Wake-up Activity Interrupt Flag bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 5	ERRIF: Error Interrupt Flag bit (multiple sources in CxINTF<13:8>)
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
h:+ 4	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 4	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 3	FIFOIF: FIFO Almost Full Interrupt Flag bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
h:+ 0	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 2	RBOVIF: RX Buffer Overflow Interrupt Flag bit
	1 = Interrupt request has occurred
	0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

REGISTER 27-1: DEVID: DEVICE ID REGISTER

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
			DEVID<	23:16> ⁽¹⁾			
bit 23							bit 16
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
			DEVID<	:15:8> ⁽¹⁾			
bit 15							bit 8
							_
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
			DEVID	<7·0>(1)			

Legend: R = Read-Only bit U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0 **DEVID<23:0>:** Device Identifier bits⁽¹⁾

bit 7

Note 1: Refer to the "dsPIC33E/PIC24E Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits" (DS70663) for the list of device ID values.

REGISTER 27-2: DEVREV: DEVICE REVISION REGISTER

bit 16								
bit 16								
R								
DEVREV<15:8> ⁽¹⁾								
bit 8								
R								
DEVREV<7:0> ⁽¹⁾								
bit 0								

Legend: R = Read-only bit U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0 **DEVREV<23:0>:** Device Revision bits⁽¹⁾

Note 1: Refer to the "dsPIC33E/PIC24E Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits" (DS70663) for the list of device revision values.

bit 0

TABLE 30-39: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 1, SMP = 0) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Input Frequency	_	_	15	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK2 Input Fall Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK2 Input Rise Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	TscH2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	_	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	_	_	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	_	_	ns	
SP41	TscH2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	_	_	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	SS2 ↓ to SCK2 ↑ or SCK2 ↓ Input	120	_	_	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	SS2 ↑ to SDO2 Output High-Impedance	10	_	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	TscH2ssH TscL2ssH	SS2 ↑ after SCK2 Edge	1.5 Tcy + 40	_	_	ns	(Note 4)

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

- **2:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.
- **3:** The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the SCK2 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.
- 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.

FIGURE 30-24: SPI1 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

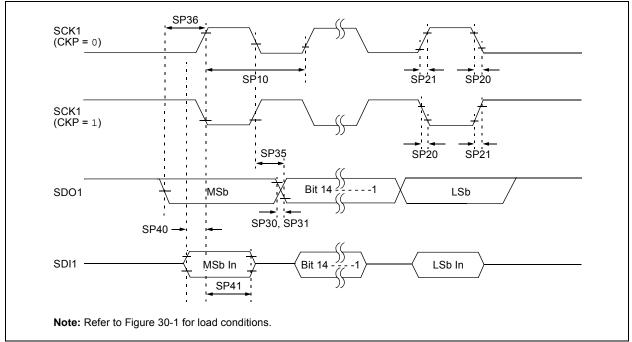


TABLE 30-43: SPI1 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

			.						
		Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V							
AC CHA	AC CHARACTERISTICS			(unless otherwise stated)					
			Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial						
			-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ +125°C for Extended						
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions		
SP10	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Frequency	_	_	10	MHz	(Note 3)		
SP20	TscF	SCK1 Output Fall Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO32		
		'					(Note 4)		
SP21	TscR	SCK1 Output Rise Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO31		
		·					(Note 4)		
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO32		
		·					(Note 4)		
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	_	_	_	ns	See Parameter DO31		
		·					(Note 4)		
SP35	TscH2doV,	SDO1 Data Output Valid after	_	6	20	ns			
	TscL2doV	SCK1 Edge							
SP36	TdoV2sc,	SDO1 Data Output Setup to	30	_	_	ns			
	TdoV2scL	First SCK1 Edge							
SP40	TdiV2scH,	Setup Time of SDI1 Data	30	_	_	ns			
	TdiV2scL	Input to SCK1 Edge							
SP41	TscH2diL,	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input	30			ns			
	TscL2diL	to SCK1 Edge							

- **Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.
 - **2:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.
 - **3:** The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 100 ns. The clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.
 - 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

TABLE 30-49: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (MASTER MODE)

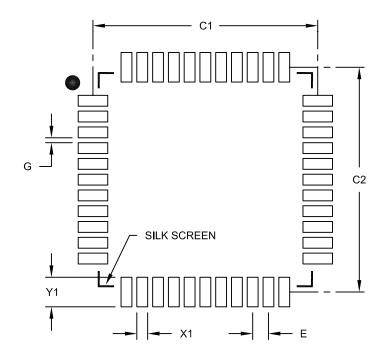
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended							
Param No.	Symbol Characteristic ⁽⁴⁾		Min. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions				
IM10	TLO:SCL	Clock Low Time	100 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
			400 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
IM11	THI:SCL	Clock High Time	100 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
			400 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
IM20	TF:SCL	SDAx and SCLx	100 kHz mode	_	300	ns	CB is specified to be			
		Fall Time	400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 CB	300	ns	from 10 to 400 pF			
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾		100	ns				
IM21	TR:SCL	Tr:scl	SDAx and SCLx	100 kHz mode	_	1000	ns	CB is specified to be		
		Rise Time	400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 CB	300	ns	from 10 to 400 pF			
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾		300	ns				
IM25	TSU:DAT	Data Input	100 kHz mode	250	_	ns				
		Setup Time	400 kHz mode	100	_	ns				
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	40	_	ns				
IM26	THD:DAT	THD:DAT	ID:DAT Data Input	100 kHz mode	0	_	μS			
		Hold Time	400 kHz mode	0	0.9	μS				
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	0.2	_	μS				
IM30	Tsu:sta	Tsu:sta	Tsu:sta	TSU:STA	Start Condition	100 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS	Only relevant for
		Setup Time	400 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS	Repeated Start			
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS	condition			
IM31	THD:STA	THD:STA	Start Condition	100 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS	After this period, the		
		Hold Time	400 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG +2)	_	μS	first clock pulse is			
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS	generated			
IM33	Tsu:sto	Stop Condition	100 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
				S	Setup Time	400 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)		μS				
IM34	THD:STO	Stop Condition	100 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
		Hold Time	400 kHz mode	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)	_	μS				
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	Tcy/2 (BRG + 2)		μS				
IM40	TAA:SCL	A:SCL Output Valid From Clock	100 kHz mode	_	3500	ns				
ļ			400 kHz mode	_	1000	ns				
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	_	400	ns				
IM45	TBF:SDA [Bus Free Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	_	μS	Time the bus must be			
			400 kHz mode	1.3	_	μS	free before a new			
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	0.5	_	μS	transmission can start			
IM50	Св	Bus Capacitive L		_	400	pF				
IM51	TPGD	Pulse Gobbler De	elay	65	390	ns	(Note 3)			

Note 1: BRG is the value of the I²C™ Baud Rate Generator. Refer to "Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C™)" (DS70330) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual". Please see the Microchip web site for the latest family reference manual sections.

- 2: Maximum pin capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (for 1 MHz mode only).
- **3:** Typical value for this parameter is 130 ns.
- 4: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) 10X10X1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	N	IILLI METER	S	
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.80 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.55
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

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