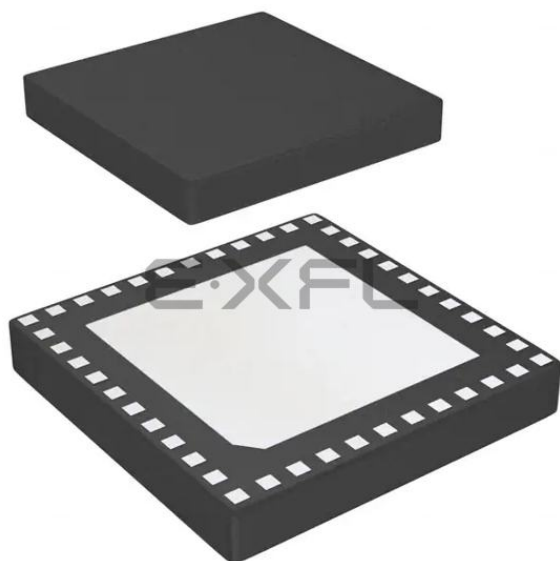




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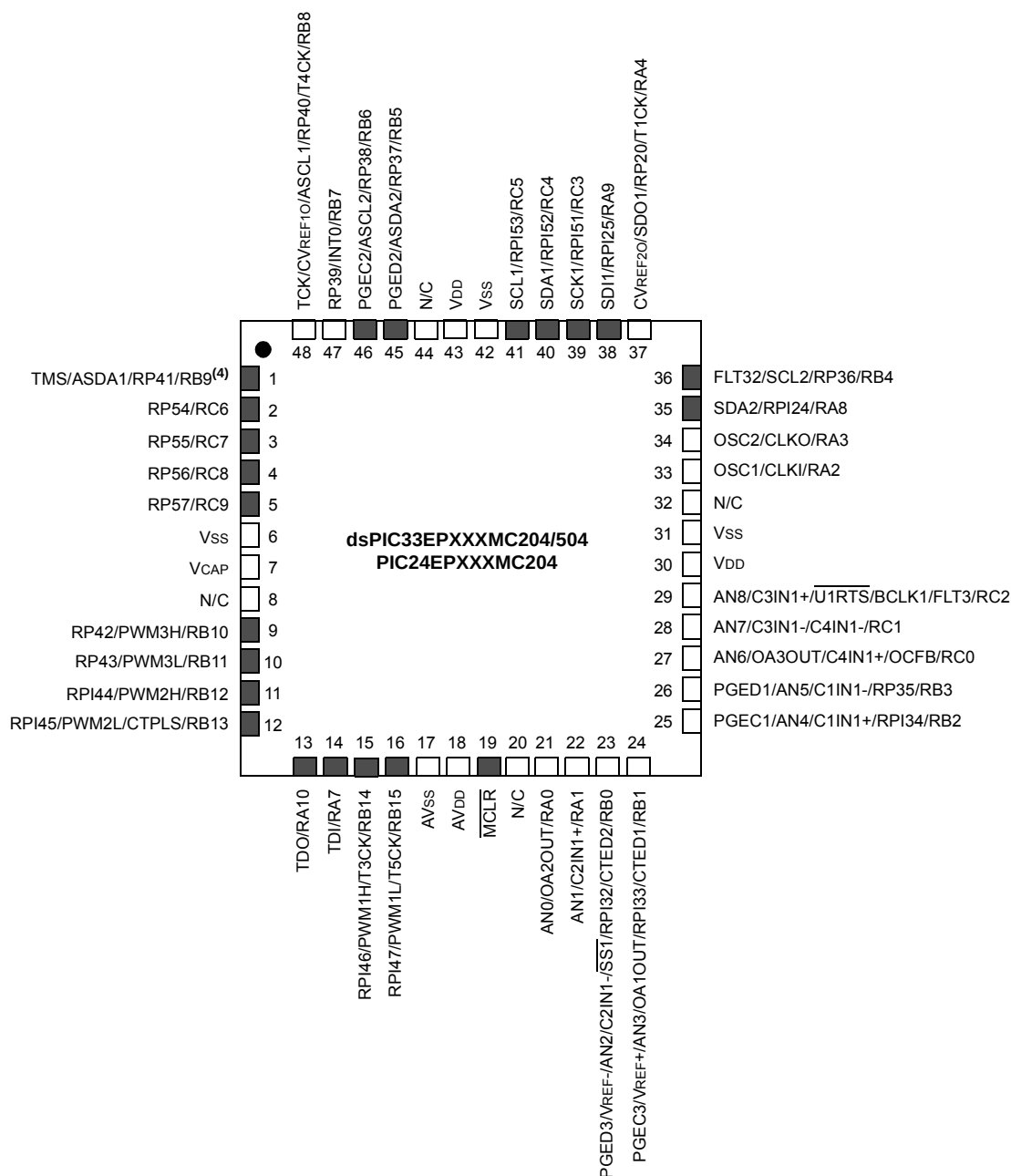
Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	512KB (170K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	24K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VFTLA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-VTLA (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep512mc504t-i-tl

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

48-Pin UQFN^(1,2,3)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note 1:** The RPN/RPI pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- Note 2:** Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGX) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGX). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- Note 3:** The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
- Note 4:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

Referenced Sources

This device data sheet is based on the following individual chapters of the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”. These documents should be considered as the general reference for the operation of a particular module or device feature.

Note 1: To access the documents listed below, browse to the documentation section of the dsPIC33EP64MC506 product page of the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com) or select a family reference manual section from the following list.

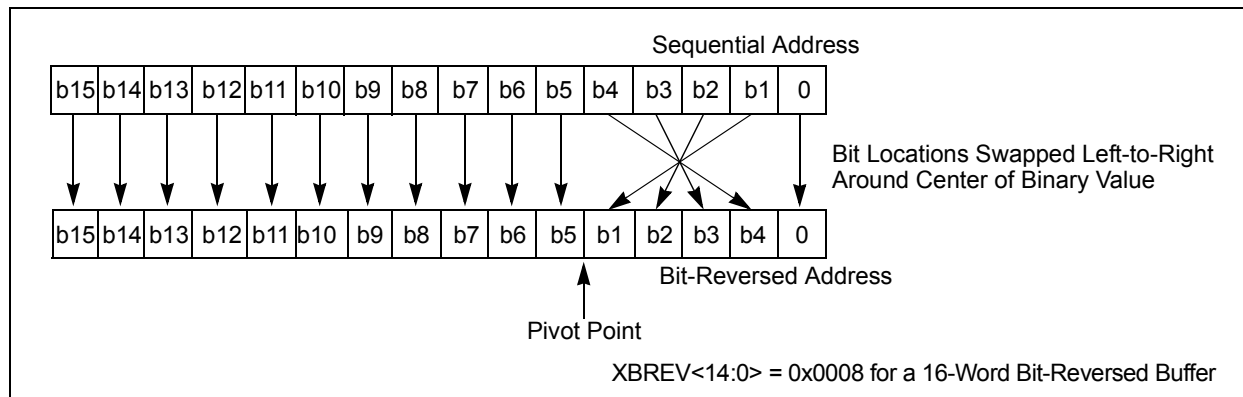
In addition to parameters, features and other documentation, the resulting page provides links to the related family reference manual sections.

- “**Introduction**” (DS70573)
- “**CPU**” (DS70359)
- “**Data Memory**” (DS70595)
- “**Program Memory**” (DS70613)
- “**Flash Programming**” (DS70609)
- “**Interrupts**” (DS70600)
- “**Oscillator**” (DS70580)
- “**Reset**” (DS70602)
- “**Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes**” (DS70615)
- “**I/O Ports**” (DS70598)
- “**Timers**” (DS70362)
- “**Input Capture**” (DS70352)
- “**Output Compare**” (DS70358)
- “**High-Speed PWM**” (DS70645)
- “**Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI)**” (DS70601)
- “**Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)**” (DS70621)
- “**UART**” (DS70582)
- “**Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)**” (DS70569)
- “**Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C™)**” (DS70330)
- “**Enhanced Controller Area Network (ECAN™)**” (DS70353)
- “**Direct Memory Access (DMA)**” (DS70348)
- “**CodeGuard™ Security**” (DS70634)
- “**Programming and Diagnostics**” (DS70608)
- “**Op Amp/Comparator**” (DS70357)
- “**Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)**” (DS70346)
- “**Device Configuration**” (DS70618)
- “**Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)**” (DS70669)
- “**Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)**” (DS70661)

TABLE 4-6: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IFS0	0800	—	DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF	T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA0IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF	0000
IFS1	0802	U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF	—	—	—	INT1IF	CNIF	CMIF	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF	0000
IFS2	0804	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IF	IC3IF	DMA3IF	—	—	SPI2IF	SPI2EIF	0000
IFS3	0806	—	—	—	—	—	QE11IF	PSEMIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IF	SI2C2IF	—	0000
IFS4	0808	—	—	CTMUIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CRCIF	U2EIF	U1EIF	—	0000
IFS5	080A	PWM2IF	PWM1IF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS6	080C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IF	0000
IFS8	0810	JTAGIF	ICDIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS9	0812	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IF	PTG2IF	PTG1IF	PTG0IF	PTGWDTIF	PTGSTIEIF	—	0000
IEC0	0820	—	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIE	T3IE	T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE	0000
IEC1	0822	U2TXIE	U2RXIE	INT2IE	T5IE	T4IE	OC4IE	OC3IE	DMA2IE	—	—	—	INT1IE	CNIE	CMIE	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE	0000
IEC2	0824	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IE	IC3IE	DMA3IE	—	—	SPI2IE	SPI2EIE	0000
IEC3	0826	—	—	—	—	—	QE11IE	PSEMIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IE	SI2C2IE	—	0000
IEC4	0828	—	—	CTMUIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CRCIE	U2EIE	U1EIE	—	0000
IEC5	082A	PWM2IE	PWM1IE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC6	082C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IE	0000
IEC8	0830	JTAGIE	ICDIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC9	0832	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IE	PTG2IE	PTG1IE	PTG0IE	PTGWDTIE	PTGSTIEIE	—	0000
IPC0	0840	—	T1IP<2:0>			—	OC1IP<2:0>			—	IC1IP<2:0>			—	INT0IP<2:0>			4444
IPC1	0842	—	T2IP<2:0>			—	OC2IP<2:0>			—	IC2IP<2:0>			—	DMA0IP<2:0>			4444
IPC2	0844	—	U1RXIP<2:0>			—	SPI1IP<2:0>			—	SPI1EIP<2:0>			—	T3IP<2:0>			4444
IPC3	0846	—	—	—	—	—	DMA1IP<2:0>			—	AD1IP<2:0>			—	U1TXIP<2:0>			0444
IPC4	0848	—	CNIP<2:0>			—	CMIP<2:0>			—	MI2C1IP<2:0>			—	SI2C1IP<2:0>			4444
IPC5	084A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT1IP<2:0>			0004
IPC6	084C	—	T4IP<2:0>			—	OC4IP<2:0>			—	OC3IP<2:0>			—	DMA2IP<2:0>			4444
IPC7	084E	—	U2TXIP<2:0>			—	U2RXIP<2:0>			—	INT2IP<2:0>			—	T5IP<2:0>			4444
IPC8	0850	—	—	—	—	—	C1RXIP<2:0>			—	SPI2IP<2:0>			—	SPI2EIP<2:0>			0444
IPC9	0852	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IP<2:0>			—	IC3IP<2:0>			—	DMA3IP<2:0>			0444
IPC12	0858	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IP<2:0>			—	SI2C2IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0440
IPC14	085C	—	—	—	—	—	QE11IP<2:0>			—	PSEMIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0440
IPC16	0860	—	CRCIP<2:0>			—	U2EIP<2:0>			—	U1EIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	4440
IPC19	0866	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CTMUIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0040
IPC23	086E	—	PWM2IP<2:0>			—	PWM1IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4400
IPC24	0870	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IP<2:0>			0004

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

FIGURE 4-21: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING EXAMPLE**TABLE 4-64: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING SEQUENCE (16-ENTRY)**

Normal Address					Bit-Reversed Address				
A3	A2	A1	A0	Decimal	A3	A2	A1	A0	Decimal
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	8
0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	4
0	0	1	1	3	1	1	0	0	12
0	1	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	2
0	1	0	1	5	1	0	1	0	10
0	1	1	0	6	0	1	1	0	6
0	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	0	14
1	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	9	1	0	0	1	9
1	0	1	0	10	0	1	0	1	5
1	0	1	1	11	1	1	0	1	13
1	1	0	0	12	0	0	1	1	3
1	1	0	1	13	1	0	1	1	11
1	1	1	0	14	0	1	1	1	7
1	1	1	1	15	1	1	1	1	15

TABLE 11-1: SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES (MAPS INPUT TO FUNCTION)

Input Name ⁽¹⁾	Function Name	Register	Configuration Bits
External Interrupt 1	INT1	RPINR0	INT1R<6:0>
External Interrupt 2	INT2	RPINR1	INT2R<6:0>
Timer2 External Clock	T2CK	RPINR3	T2CKR<6:0>
Input Capture 1	IC1	RPINR7	IC1R<6:0>
Input Capture 2	IC2	RPINR7	IC2R<6:0>
Input Capture 3	IC3	RPINR8	IC3R<6:0>
Input Capture 4	IC4	RPINR8	IC4R<6:0>
Output Compare Fault A	OCFA	RPINR11	OCFAR<6:0>
PWM Fault 1 ⁽³⁾	FLT1	RPINR12	FLT1R<6:0>
PWM Fault 2 ⁽³⁾	FLT2	RPINR12	FLT2R<6:0>
QE11 Phase A ⁽³⁾	QEA1	RPINR14	QEA1R<6:0>
QE11 Phase B ⁽³⁾	QEB1	RPINR14	QEB1R<6:0>
QE11 Index ⁽³⁾	INDX1	RPINR15	INDX1R<6:0>
QE11 Home ⁽³⁾	HOME1	RPINR15	HOM1R<6:0>
UART1 Receive	U1RX	RPINR18	U1RXR<6:0>
UART2 Receive	U2RX	RPINR19	U2RXR<6:0>
SPI2 Data Input	SDI2	RPINR22	SDI2R<6:0>
SPI2 Clock Input	SCK2	RPINR22	SCK2R<6:0>
SPI2 Slave Select	SS2	RPINR23	SS2R<6:0>
CAN1 Receive ⁽²⁾	C1RX	RPINR26	C1RXR<6:0>
PWM Sync Input 1 ⁽³⁾	SYNCI1	RPINR37	SYNCI1R<6:0>
PWM Dead-Time Compensation 1 ⁽³⁾	DTCMP1	RPINR38	DTCMP1R<6:0>
PWM Dead-Time Compensation 2 ⁽³⁾	DTCMP2	RPINR39	DTCMP2R<6:0>
PWM Dead-Time Compensation 3 ⁽³⁾	DTCMP3	RPINR39	DTCMP3R<6:0>

Note 1: Unless otherwise noted, all inputs use the Schmitt Trigger input buffers.

2: This input source is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

3: This input source is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

TABLE 11-2: INPUT PIN SELECTION FOR SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES

Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/Output	Pin Assignment	Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/Output	Pin Assignment
000 0000	I	Vss	010 1101	I	RPI45
000 0001	I	C1OUT ⁽¹⁾	010 1110	I	RPI46
000 0010	I	C2OUT ⁽¹⁾	010 1111	I	RPI47
000 0011	I	C3OUT ⁽¹⁾	011 0000	—	—
000 0100	I	C4OUT ⁽¹⁾	011 0001	—	—
000 0101	—	—	011 0010	—	—
000 0110	I	PTGO30 ⁽¹⁾	011 0011	I	RPI51
000 0111	I	PTGO31 ⁽¹⁾	011 0100	I	RPI52
000 1000	I	FINDX1 ^(1,2)	011 0101	I	RPI53
000 1001	I	FHOME1 ^(1,2)	011 0110	I/O	RP54
000 1010	—	—	011 0111	I/O	RP55
000 1011	—	—	011 1000	I/O	RP56
000 1100	—	—	011 1001	I/O	RP57
000 1101	—	—	011 1010	I	RPI58
000 1110	—	—	011 1011	—	—
000 1111	—	—	011 1100	—	—
001 0000	—	—	011 1101	—	—
001 0001	—	—	011 1110	—	—
001 0010	—	—	011 1111	—	—
001 0011	—	—	100 0000	—	—
001 0100	I/O	RP20	100 0001	—	—
001 0101	—	—	100 0010	—	—
001 0110	—	—	100 0011	—	—
001 0111	—	—	100 0100	—	—
001 1000	I	RPI24	100 0101	—	—
001 1001	I	RPI25	100 0110	—	—
001 1010	—	—	100 0111	—	—
001 1011	I	RPI27	100 1000	—	—
001 1100	I	RPI28	100 1001	—	—
001 1101	—	—	100 1010	—	—
001 1110	—	—	100 1011	—	—
001 1111	—	—	100 1100	—	—
010 0000	I	RPI32	100 1101	—	—
010 0001	I	RPI33	100 1110	—	—
010 0010	I	RPI34	100 1111	—	—
010 0011	I/O	RP35	101 0000	—	—
010 0100	I/O	RP36	101 0001	—	—
010 0101	I/O	RP37	101 0010	—	—
010 0110	I/O	RP38	101 0011	—	—
010 0111	I/O	RP39	101 0100	—	—

Legend: Shaded rows indicate PPS Input register values that are unimplemented.

Note 1: See Section 11.4.4.1 “Virtual Connections” for more information on selecting this pin assignment.

2: These inputs are available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

TABLE 11-2: INPUT PIN SELECTION FOR SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES (CONTINUED)

Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/ Output	Pin Assignment	Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/ Output	Pin Assignment
010 1000	I/O	RP40	101 0101	—	—
010 1001	I/O	RP41	101 0110	—	—
010 1010	I/O	RP42	101 0111	—	—
010 1011	I/O	RP43	101 1000	—	—
010 1100	I	RPI44	101 1001	—	—
101 1010	—	—	110 1101	—	—
101 1011	—	—	110 1110	—	—
101 1100	—	—	110 1111	—	—
101 1101	—	—	111 0000	—	—
101 1110	I	RPI94	111 0001	—	—
101 1111	I	RPI95	111 0010	—	—
110 0000	I	RPI96	111 0011	—	—
110 0001	I/O	RP97	111 0100	—	—
110 0010	—	—	111 0101	—	—
110 0011	—	—	111 0110	I/O	RP118
110 0100	—	—	111 0111	I	RPI119
110 0101	—	—	111 1000	I/O	RP120
110 0110	—	—	111 1001	I	RPI121
110 0111	—	—	111 1010	—	—
110 1000	—	—	111 1011	—	—
110 1001	—	—	111 1100	—	—
110 1010	—	—	111 1101	—	—
110 1011	—	—	111 1110	—	—
110 1100	—	—	111 1111	—	—

Legend: Shaded rows indicate PPS Input register values that are unimplemented.

Note 1: See Section 11.4.4.1 “Virtual Connections” for more information on selecting this pin assignment.

2: These inputs are available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

REGISTER 16-2: PTCON2: PWMx PRIMARY MASTER CLOCK DIVIDER SELECT REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	PCLKDIV2 ⁽¹⁾	PCLKDIV1 ⁽¹⁾	PCLKDIV0 ⁽¹⁾
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-3

Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 2-0

PCLKDIV<2:0>: PWMx Input Clock Prescaler (Divider) Select bits⁽¹⁾

111 = Reserved

110 = Divide-by-64

101 = Divide-by-32

100 = Divide-by-16

011 = Divide-by-8

010 = Divide-by-4

001 = Divide-by-2

000 = Divide-by-1, maximum PWMx timing resolution (power-on default)

Note 1: These bits should be changed only when PTEN = 0. Changing the clock selection during operation will yield unpredictable results.

BUFFER 21-7: ECAN™ MESSAGE BUFFER WORD 6

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
Byte 7							
bit 15							
bit 8							

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
Byte 6							
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Byte 7<15:8>:** ECAN Message Byte 7 bits

bit 7-0 **Byte 6<7:0>:** ECAN Message Byte 6 bits

BUFFER 21-8: ECAN™ MESSAGE BUFFER WORD 7

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	—	FILHIT4 ⁽¹⁾	FILHIT3 ⁽¹⁾	FILHIT2 ⁽¹⁾	FILHIT1 ⁽¹⁾	FILHIT0 ⁽¹⁾
bit 15							
bit 8							

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **FILHIT<4:0>:** Filter Hit Code bits⁽¹⁾
 Encodes number of filter that resulted in writing this buffer.

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: Only written by module for receive buffers, unused for transmit buffers.

REGISTER 24-6: PTGSDLIM: PTG STEP DELAY LIMIT REGISTER^(1,2)

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGSDLIM<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGSDLIM<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PTGSDLIM<15:0>**: PTG Step Delay Limit Register bits
 Holds a PTG Step delay value representing the number of additional PTG clocks between the start of a Step command and the completion of a Step command.

- Note 1:** A base Step delay of one PTG clock is added to any value written to the PTGSDLIM register (Step Delay = (PTGSDLIM) + 1).
2: This register is read-only when the PTG module is executing Step commands (PTGEN = 1 and PTGSTRT = 1).

REGISTER 24-7: PTGC0LIM: PTG COUNTER 0 LIMIT REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGC0LIM<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGC0LIM<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PTGC0LIM<15:0>**: PTG Counter 0 Limit Register bits
 May be used to specify the loop count for the PTGJMPC0 Step command or as a limit register for the General Purpose Counter 0.

- Note 1:** This register is read-only when the PTG module is executing Step commands (PTGEN = 1 and PTGSTRT = 1).

TABLE 24-1: PTG STEP COMMAND FORMAT (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0	Step Command	OPTION<3:0>	Option Description
	PTGCTRL ⁽¹⁾	0000	Reserved.
		0001	Reserved.
		0010	Disable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).
		0011	Reserved.
		0100	Reserved.
		0101	Reserved.
		0110	Enable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).
		0111	Reserved.
		1000	Start and wait for the PTG Timer0 to match the Timer0 Limit Register.
		1001	Start and wait for the PTG Timer1 to match the Timer1 Limit Register.
		1010	Reserved.
		1011	Wait for the software trigger bit transition from low-to-high before continuing (PTGSWT = 0 to 1).
		1100	Copy contents of the Counter 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1101	Copy contents of the Counter 1 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1110	Copy contents of the Literal 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1111	Generate triggers indicated in the Broadcast Trigger Enable register (PTGBTE).
	PTGADD ⁽¹⁾	0000	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).
		0001	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).
		0010	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).
		0011	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).
		0100	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).
		0101	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).
		0110	Reserved.
		0111	Reserved.
	PTGCOPY ⁽¹⁾	1000	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).
		1001	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).
		1010	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).
		1011	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).
		1100	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).
		1101	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).
		1110	Reserved.
		1111	Reserved.

Note 1: All reserved commands or options will execute but have no effect (i.e., execute as a NOP instruction).

2: Refer to Table 24-2 for the trigger output descriptions.

3: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

27.2 User ID Words

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices contain four User ID Words, located at addresses, 0x800FF8 through 0x800FFE. The User ID Words can be used for storing product information such as serial numbers, system manufacturing dates, manufacturing lot numbers and other application-specific information.

The User ID Words register map is shown in Table 27-3.

TABLE 27-3: USER ID WORDS REGISTER MAP

File Name	Address	Bits 23-16	Bits 15-0
FUID0	0x800FF8	—	UID0
FUID1	0x800FFA	—	UID1
FUID2	0x800FFC	—	UID2
FUID3	0x800FFE	—	UID3

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '1'.

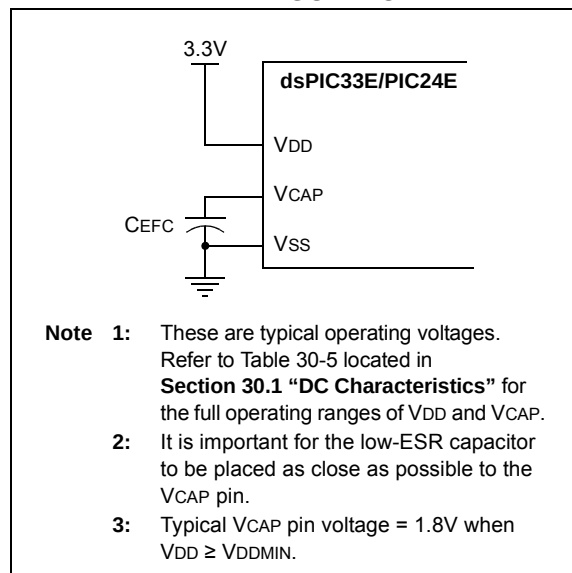
27.3 On-Chip Voltage Regulator

All of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices power their core digital logic at a nominal 1.8V. This can create a conflict for designs that are required to operate at a higher typical voltage, such as 3.3V. To simplify system design, all devices in the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X family incorporate an on-chip regulator that allows the device to run its core logic from VDD.

The regulator provides power to the core from the other VDD pins. A low-ESR (less than 1 Ohm) capacitor (such as tantalum or ceramic) must be connected to the VCAP pin (Figure 27-1). This helps to maintain the stability of the regulator. The recommended value for the filter capacitor is provided in Table 30-5 located in Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics".

Note: It is important for the low-ESR capacitor to be placed as close as possible to the VCAP pin.

FIGURE 27-1: CONNECTIONS FOR THE ON-CHIP VOLTAGE REGULATOR^(1,2,3)



27.4 Brown-out Reset (BOR)

The Brown-out Reset (BOR) module is based on an internal voltage reference circuit that monitors the regulated supply voltage, VCAP. The main purpose of the BOR module is to generate a device Reset when a brown-out condition occurs. Brown-out conditions are generally caused by glitches on the AC mains (for example, missing portions of the AC cycle waveform due to bad power transmission lines or voltage sags due to excessive current draw when a large inductive load is turned on).

A BOR generates a Reset pulse, which resets the device. The BOR selects the clock source, based on the device Configuration bit values (FNOSC<2:0> and POSCMD<1:0>).

If an oscillator mode is selected, the BOR activates the Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST). The system clock is held until OST expires. If the PLL is used, the clock is held until the LOCK bit (OSCCON<5>) is '1'.

Concurrently, the PWRT Time-out (TPWRT) is applied before the internal Reset is released. If TPWRT = 0 and a crystal oscillator is being used, then a nominal delay of TFSCM is applied. The total delay in this case is TFSCM. Refer to Parameter SY35 in Table 30-22 of Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics" for specific TFSCM values.

The BOR status bit (RCON<1>) is set to indicate that a BOR has occurred. The BOR circuit continues to operate while in Sleep or Idle modes and resets the device should VDD fall below the BOR threshold voltage.

TABLE 28-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles ⁽²⁾	Status Flags Affected
25	DAW	DAW Wn	Wn = decimal adjust Wn	1	1	C
26	DEC	DEC f	$f = f - 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		DEC f, WREG	WREG = $f - 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		DEC Ws, Wd	$Wd = Ws - 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
27	DEC2	DEC2 f	$f = f - 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		DEC2 f, WREG	WREG = $f - 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		DEC2 Ws, Wd	$Wd = Ws - 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
28	DISI	DISI #lit14	Disable Interrupts for k instruction cycles	1	1	None
29	DIV	DIV.S Wm, Wn	Signed 16/16-bit Integer Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
		DIV.SD Wm, Wn	Signed 32/16-bit Integer Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
		DIV.U Wm, Wn	Unsigned 16/16-bit Integer Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
		DIV.UD Wm, Wn	Unsigned 32/16-bit Integer Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
30	DIVF	DIVF Wm, Wn ⁽¹⁾	Signed 16/16-bit Fractional Divide	1	18	N,Z,C,OV
31	DO	DO #lit15, Expr ⁽¹⁾	Do code to PC + Expr, lit15 + 1 times	2	2	None
		DO Wn, Expr ⁽¹⁾	Do code to PC + Expr, (Wn) + 1 times	2	2	None
32	ED	ED Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wy, Wxd ⁽¹⁾	Euclidean Distance (no accumulate)	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
33	EDAC	EDAC Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wy, Wxd ⁽¹⁾	Euclidean Distance	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
34	EXCH	EXCH Wns, Wnd	Swap Wns with Wnd	1	1	None
35	FBCL	FBCL Ws, Wnd	Find Bit Change from Left (MSb) Side	1	1	C
36	FF1L	FF1L Ws, Wnd	Find First One from Left (MSb) Side	1	1	C
37	FF1R	FF1R Ws, Wnd	Find First One from Right (LSb) Side	1	1	C
38	GOTO	GOTO Expr	Go to address	2	4	None
		GOTO Wn	Go to indirect	1	4	None
		GOTO.L Wn	Go to indirect (long address)	1	4	None
39	INC	INC f	$f = f + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		INC f, WREG	WREG = $f + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		INC Ws, Wd	$Wd = Ws + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
40	INC2	INC2 f	$f = f + 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		INC2 f, WREG	WREG = $f + 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		INC2 Ws, Wd	$Wd = Ws + 2$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
41	IOR	IOR f	$f = f . \text{IOR} . \text{WREG}$	1	1	N,Z
		IOR f, WREG	WREG = $f . \text{IOR} . \text{WREG}$	1	1	N,Z
		IOR #lit10, Wn	$Wd = \text{lit10} . \text{IOR} . Wd$	1	1	N,Z
		IOR Wb, Ws, Wd	$Wd = Wb . \text{IOR} . Ws$	1	1	N,Z
		IOR Wb, #lit5, Wd	$Wd = Wb . \text{IOR} . \text{lit5}$	1	1	N,Z
42	LAC	LAC Wso, #Slit4, Acc	Load Accumulator	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
43	LNK	LNK #lit14	Link Frame Pointer	1	1	SFA
44	LSR	LSR f	$f = \text{Logical Right Shift } f$	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		LSR f, WREG	WREG = Logical Right Shift f	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		LSR Ws, Wd	$Wd = \text{Logical Right Shift } Ws$	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		LSR Wb, Wns, Wnd	$Wnd = \text{Logical Right Shift } Wb \text{ by } Wns$	1	1	N,Z
		LSR Wb, #lit5, Wnd	$Wnd = \text{Logical Right Shift } Wb \text{ by lit5}$	1	1	N,Z
45	MAC	MAC Wm*Wn, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd, AWB ⁽¹⁾	Multiply and Accumulate	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		MAC Wm*Wm, Acc, Wx, Wxd, Wy, Wyd ⁽¹⁾	Square and Accumulate	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB

Note 1: These instructions are available in dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

2: Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.

FIGURE 30-2: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING

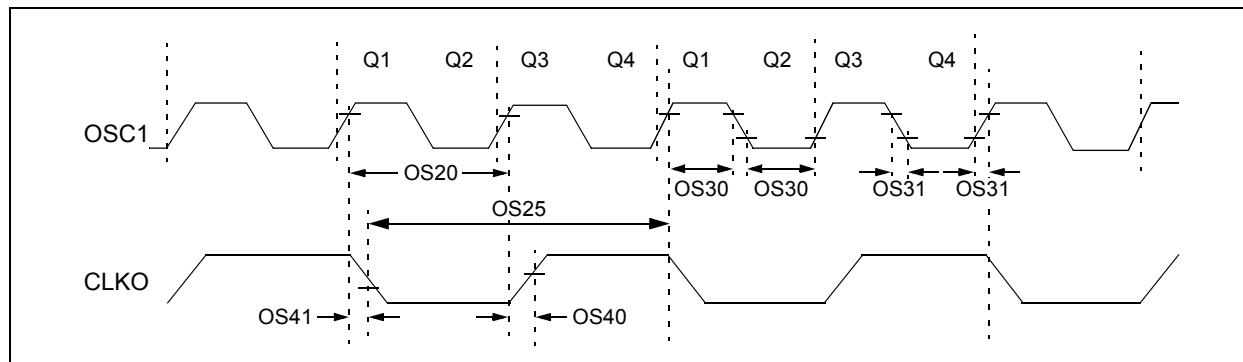


TABLE 30-17: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symb	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
OS10	FIN	External CLKI Frequency (External clocks allowed only in EC and ECPLL modes)	DC	—	60	MHz	EC
		Oscillator Crystal Frequency	3.5 10	— —	10 25	MHz MHz	XT HS
OS20	Tosc	Tosc = 1/Fosc	8.33	—	DC	ns	+125°C
		Tosc = 1/Fosc	7.14	—	DC	ns	+85°C
OS25	Tcy	Instruction Cycle Time ⁽²⁾	16.67	—	DC	ns	+125°C
		Instruction Cycle Time ⁽²⁾	14.28	—	DC	ns	+85°C
OS30	TosL, TosH	External Clock in (OSC1) High or Low Time	0.45 x TOSC	—	0.55 x TOSC	ns	EC
OS31	TosR, TosF	External Clock in (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time	—	—	20	ns	EC
OS40	TckR	CLKO Rise Time ^(3,4)	—	5.2	—	ns	
OS41	TckF	CLKO Fall Time ^(3,4)	—	5.2	—	ns	
OS42	GM	External Oscillator Transconductance ⁽⁴⁾	—	12	—	mA/V	HS, VDD = 3.3V, TA = +25°C
			—	6	—	mA/V	XT, VDD = 3.3V, TA = +25°C

Note 1: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

- 2:** Instruction cycle period (Tcy) equals two times the input oscillator time base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "Minimum" values with an external clock applied to the OSC1 pin. When an external clock input is used, the "Maximum" cycle time limit is "DC" (no clock) for all devices.
- 3:** Measurements are taken in EC mode. The CLKO signal is measured on the OSC2 pin.
- 4:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-9: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE FAULT TIMING CHARACTERISTICS
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

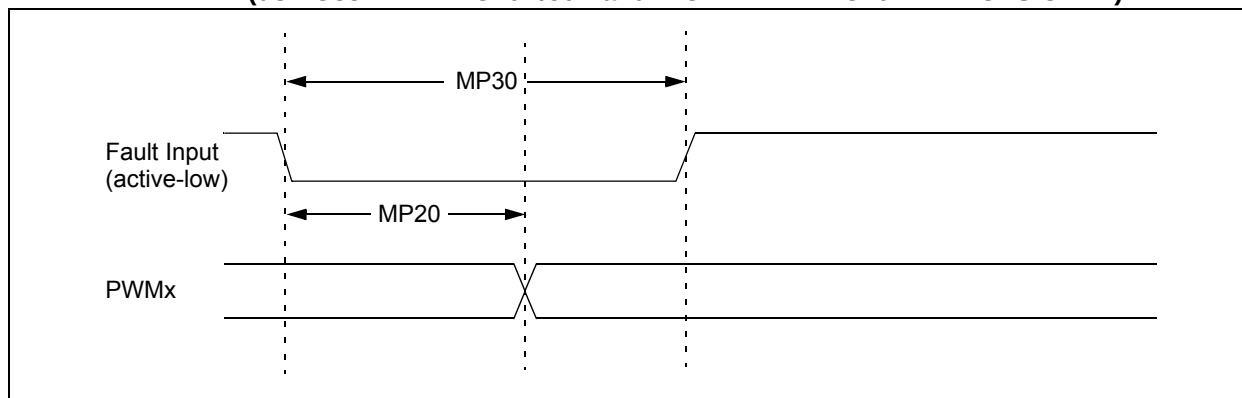


FIGURE 30-10: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

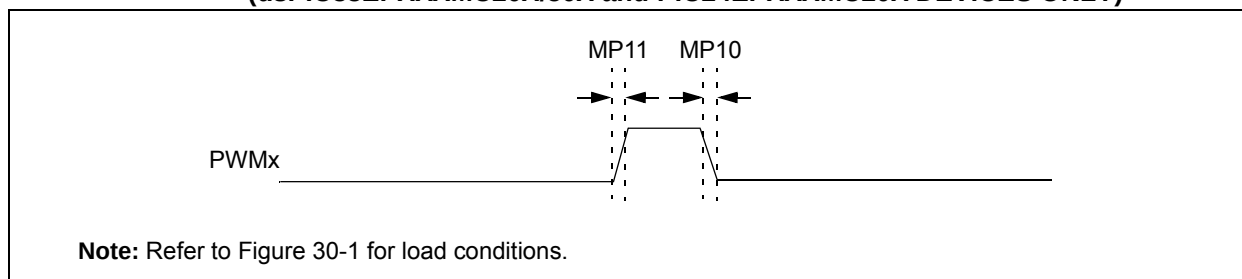


TABLE 30-29: HIGH-SPEED PWMx MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
MP10	TFPWM	PWMx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32
MP11	TRPWM	PWMx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31
MP20	T _{FD}	Fault Input ↓ to PWMx I/O Change	—	—	15	ns	
MP30	T _{FH}	Fault Input Pulse Width	15	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-23: SPI1 MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

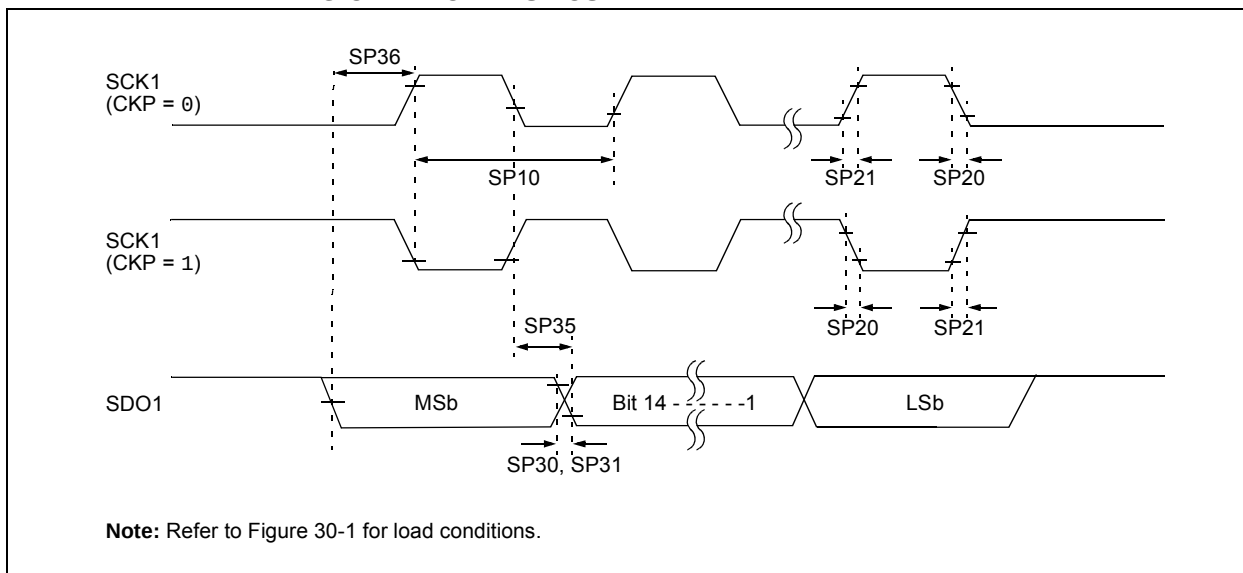


TABLE 30-42: SPI1 MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP10	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Frequency	—	—	15	MHz	(Note 3)
SP20	TscF	SCK1 Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP21	TscR	SCK1 Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

Note 3: The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

Note 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

TABLE 30-50: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (SLAVE MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽³⁾		Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions
IS10	TLO:SCL	Clock Low Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	
			400 kHz mode	1.3	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.5	—	μs	
IS11	THI:SCL	Clock High Time	100 kHz mode	4.0	—	μs	Device must operate at a minimum of 1.5 MHz
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	Device must operate at a minimum of 10 MHz
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.5	—	μs	
IS20	TF:SCL	SDA _x and SCL _x Fall Time	100 kHz mode	—	300	ns	Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF
			400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 Cb	300	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	—	100	ns	
IS21	TR:SCL	SDA _x and SCL _x Rise Time	100 kHz mode	—	1000	ns	Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF
			400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 Cb	300	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	—	300	ns	
IS25	TSU:DAT	Data Input Setup Time	100 kHz mode	250	—	ns	
			400 kHz mode	100	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	100	—	ns	
IS26	THD:DAT	Data Input Hold Time	100 kHz mode	0	—	μs	
			400 kHz mode	0	0.9	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0	0.3	μs	
IS30	TSU:STA	Start Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	Only relevant for Repeated Start condition
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.25	—	μs	
IS31	THD:STA	Start Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	4.0	—	μs	After this period, the first clock pulse is generated
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.25	—	μs	
IS33	TSU:STO	Stop Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.6	—	μs	
IS34	THD:STO	Stop Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	4	—	μs	
			400 kHz mode	0.6	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.25	—	μs	
IS40	TAA:SCL	Output Valid From Clock	100 kHz mode	0	3500	ns	
			400 kHz mode	0	1000	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0	350	ns	
IS45	TBF:SDA	Bus Free Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start
			400 kHz mode	1.3	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽¹⁾	0.5	—	μs	
IS50	CB	Bus Capacitive Loading		—	400	pF	
IS51	TPGD	Pulse Gobbler Delay		65	390	ns	(Note 2)

Note 1: Maximum pin capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (for 1 MHz mode only).

2: Typical value for this parameter is 130 ns.

3: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 31-12: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (12-BIT MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
ADC Accuracy (12-Bit Mode)⁽¹⁾							
HAD20a	Nr	Resolution ⁽³⁾	12 Data Bits			bits	
HAD21a	INL	Integral Nonlinearity	-5.5	—	5.5	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = V _{REFL} = 0V, AV _{DD} = V _{REFH} = 3.6V
HAD22a	DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	-1	—	1	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = V _{REFL} = 0V, AV _{DD} = V _{REFH} = 3.6V
HAD23a	GERR	Gain Error	-10	—	10	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = V _{REFL} = 0V, AV _{DD} = V _{REFH} = 3.6V
HAD24a	EOFF	Offset Error	-5	—	5	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = V _{REFL} = 0V, AV _{DD} = V _{REFH} = 3.6V
Dynamic Performance (12-Bit Mode)⁽²⁾							
HAD33a	FNYQ	Input Signal Bandwidth	—	—	200	kHz	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are tested at 20 ksp/s only.

2: These parameters are characterized by similarity, but are not tested in manufacturing.

3: Injection currents $> |0|$ can affect the ADC results by approximately 4-6 counts.

TABLE 31-13: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (10-BIT MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
ADC Accuracy (10-Bit Mode)⁽¹⁾							
HAD20b	Nr	Resolution ⁽³⁾	10 Data Bits			bits	
HAD21b	INL	Integral Nonlinearity	-1.5	—	1.5	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = V _{REFL} = 0V, AV _{DD} = V _{REFH} = 3.6V
HAD22b	DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	-0.25	—	0.25	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = V _{REFL} = 0V, AV _{DD} = V _{REFH} = 3.6V
HAD23b	GERR	Gain Error	-2.5	—	2.5	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = V _{REFL} = 0V, AV _{DD} = V _{REFH} = 3.6V
HAD24b	EOFF	Offset Error	-1.25	—	1.25	LSb	V _{INL} = AV _{SS} = V _{REFL} = 0V, AV _{DD} = V _{REFH} = 3.6V
Dynamic Performance (10-Bit Mode)⁽²⁾							
HAD33b	FNYQ	Input Signal Bandwidth	—	—	400	kHz	

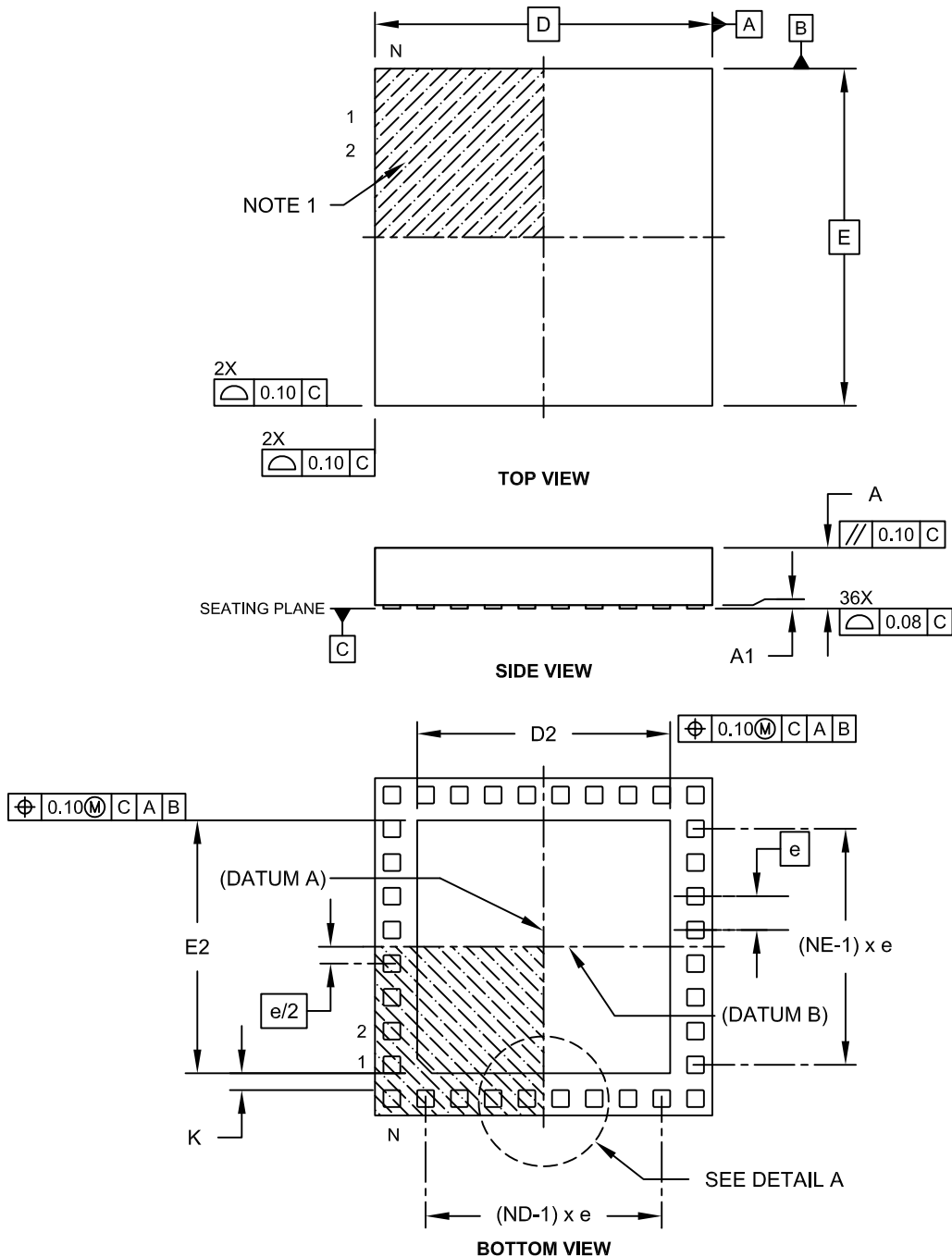
Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are tested at 20 ksp/s only.

2: These parameters are characterized by similarity, but are not tested in manufacturing.

3: Injection currents $> |0|$ can affect the ADC results by approximately 4-6 counts.

36-Terminal Very Thin Thermal Leadless Array Package (TL) – 5x5x0.9 mm Body with Exposed Pad [VTLA]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-187C Sheet 1 of 2

TABLE A-2: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section Name	Update Description
Section 16.0 “High-Speed PWM Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”	Updated the High-Speed PWM Module Register Interconnection Diagram (see Figure 16-2). Added the TRGCONx and TRIGx registers (see Register 16-12 and Register 16-14, respectively).
Section 21.0 “Enhanced CAN (ECAN™) Module (dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X Devices Only)”	Updated the CANCKS bit value definitions in CiCTRL1: ECAN Control Register 1 (see Register 21-1).
Section 22.0 “Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)”	Updated the IRNG<1:0> bit value definitions and added Note 2 in the CTMU Current Control Register (see Register 22-3).
Section 25.0 “Op amp/Comparator Module”	Updated the Op amp/Comparator I/O Operating Modes Diagram (see Figure 25-1). Updated the User-programmable Blanking Function Block Diagram (see Figure 25-3). Updated the Digital Filter Interconnect Block Diagram (see Figure 25-4). Added Section 25.1 “Op amp Application Considerations” . Added Note 2 to the Comparator Control Register (see Register 25-2). Updated the bit definitions in the Comparator Mask Gating Control Register (see Register 25-5).
Section 27.0 “Special Features”	Updated the FICD Configuration Register, updated Note 1, and added Note 3 in the Configuration Byte Register Map (see Table 27-1). Added Section 27.2 “User ID Words” .
Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the following Absolute Maximum Ratings: - Maximum current out of VSS pin - Maximum current into VDD pin Added Note 1 to the Operating MIPS vs. Voltage (see Table 30-1). Updated all Idle Current (IDLE) Typical and Maximum DC Characteristics values (see Table 30-7). Updated all Doze Current (IDOZE) Typical and Maximum DC Characteristics values (see Table 30-9). Added Note 2, removed Parameter CM24, updated the Typical values Parameters CM10, CM20, CM21, CM32, CM41, CM44, and CM45, and updated the Minimum values for CM40 and CM41, and the Maximum value for CM40 in the AC/DC Characteristics: Op amp/Comparator (see Table 30-14). Updated Note 2 and the Typical value for Parameter VR310 in the Op amp/Comparator Reference Voltage Settling Time Specifications (see Table 30-15). Added Note 1, removed Parameter VRD312, and added Parameter VRD314 to the Op amp/Comparator Voltage Reference DC Specifications (see Table 30-16). Updated the Minimum, Typical, and Maximum values for Internal LPRC Accuracy (see Table 30-22). Updated the Minimum, Typical, and Maximum values for Parameter SY37 in the Reset, Watchdog Timer, Oscillator Start-up Timer, Power-up Timer Timing Requirements (see Table 30-24). The Maximum Data Rate values were updated for the SPI2 Maximum Data/Clock Rate Summary (see Table 30-35)