



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

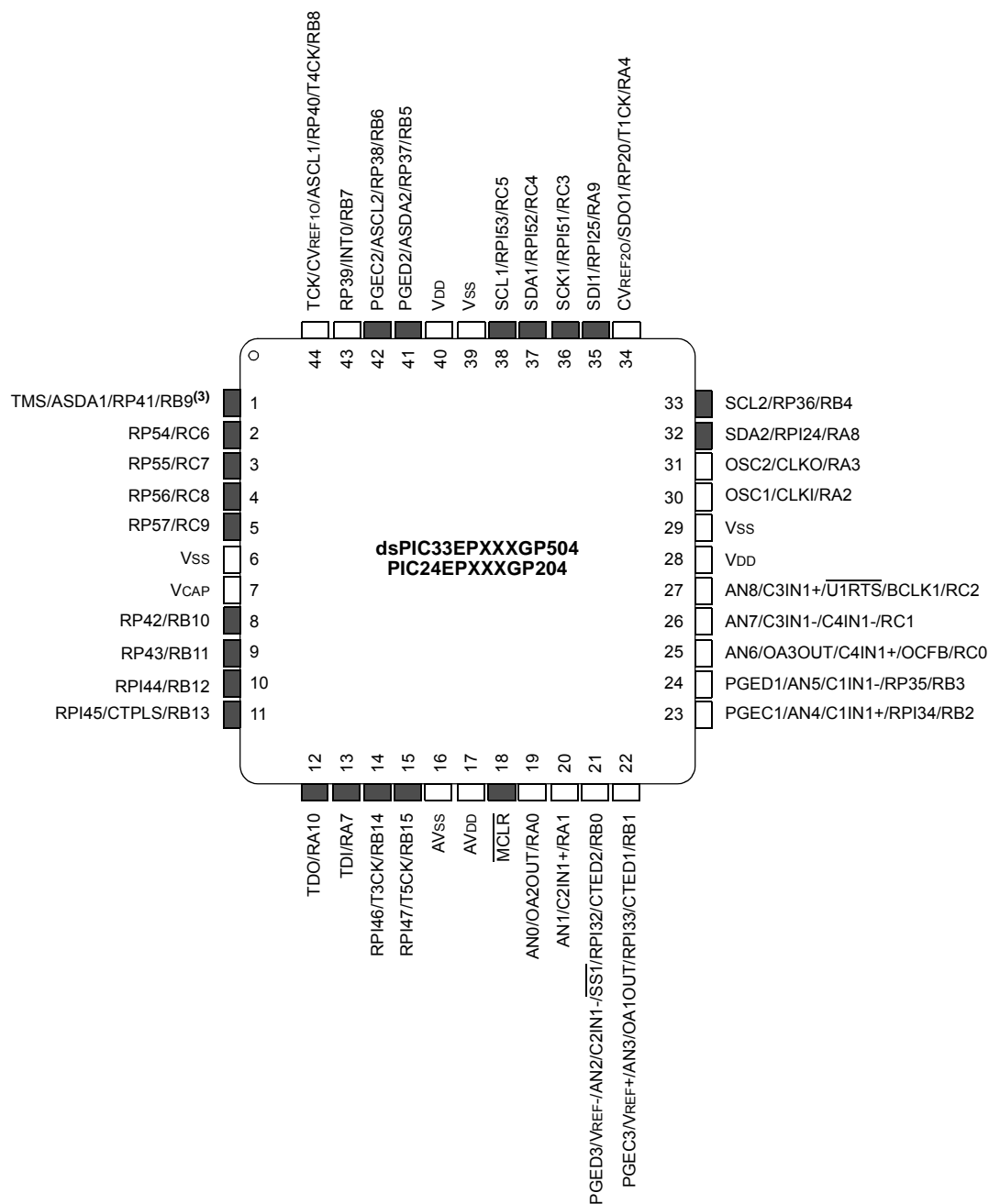
#### Details

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Product Status             | Active  |
| Core Processor             | dsPIC   |
| Core Size                  | 16-Bit  |
| Speed                      | 60 MIPS   |
| Connectivity               | CANbus, I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART   |
| Peripherals                | Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT  |
| Number of I/O              | 21  |
| Program Memory Size        | 64KB (22K x 24)   |
| Program Memory Type        | FLASH   |
| EEPROM Size                | -   |
| RAM Size                   | 4K x 16   |
| Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd) | 3V ~ 3.6V   |
| Data Converters            | A/D 6x10b/12b   |
| Oscillator Type            | Internal  |
| Operating Temperature      | -40°C ~ 125°C (TA)  |
| Mounting Type              | Surface Mount   |
| Package / Case             | 28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)  |
| Supplier Device Package    | 28-SOIC   |
| Purchase URL               | <a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep64gp502-e-so">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep64gp502-e-so</a> |

## Pin Diagrams (Continued)

### 44-Pin TQFP<sup>(1,2)</sup>

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

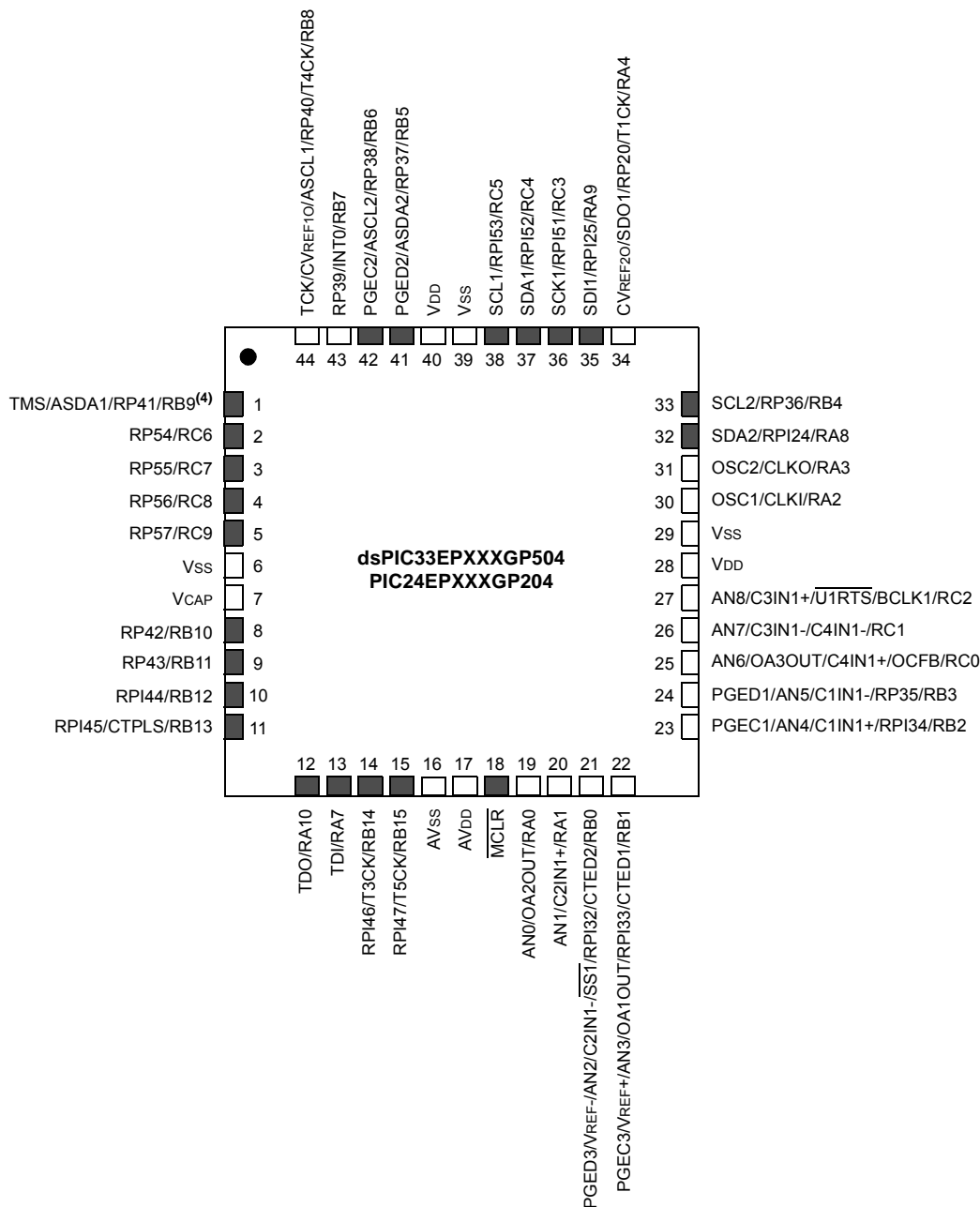


- Note** 1: The RPN/RPIN pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- 3: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

## Pin Diagrams (Continued)

44-Pin QFN<sup>(1,2,3)</sup>

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

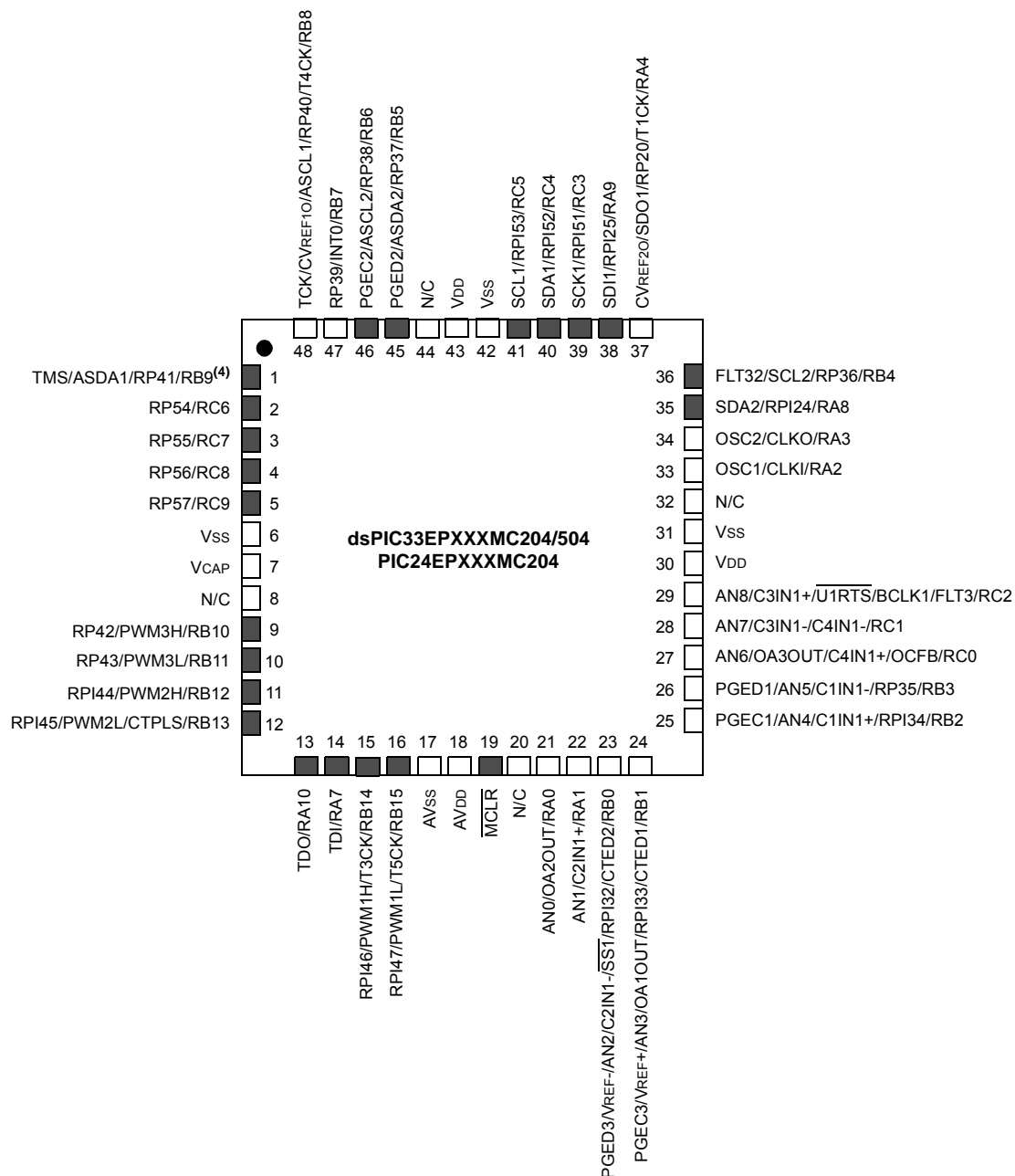


- Note**
- 1: The RPN/RPI pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
  - 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
  - 3: The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
  - 4: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

## Pin Diagrams (Continued)

48-Pin UQFN<sup>(1,2,3)</sup>

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note**
- 1: The RPN/RPI pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
  - 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGX) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGX). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
  - 3: The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
  - 4: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

**TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS**

| Pin Name <sup>(4)</sup> | Pin Type | Buffer Type | PPS | Description  |
|-------------------------|----------|-------------|-----|--|
| AN0-AN15                | I        | Analog      | No  | Analog input channels.   |
| CLKI                    | I        | ST/<br>CMOS | No  | External clock source input. Always associated with OSC1 pin function.   |
| CLKO                    | O        | —           | No  | Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes. Always associated with OSC2 pin function. |
| OSC1                    | I        | ST/<br>CMOS | No  | Oscillator crystal input. ST buffer when configured in RC mode; CMOS otherwise.  |
| OSC2                    | I/O      | —           | No  | Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes.   |
| REFCLKO                 | O        | —           | Yes | Reference clock output.  |
| IC1-IC4                 | I        | ST          | Yes | Capture Inputs 1 through 4.  |
| OCFA                    | I        | ST          | Yes | Compare Fault A input (for Compare channels).  |
| OCFB                    | I        | ST          | No  | Compare Fault B input (for Compare channels).  |
| OC1-OC4                 | O        | —           | Yes | Compare Outputs 1 through 4.   |
| INT0                    | I        | ST          | No  | External Interrupt 0.  |
| INT1                    | I        | ST          | Yes | External Interrupt 1.  |
| INT2                    | I        | ST          | Yes | External Interrupt 2.  |
| RA0-RA4, RA7-RA12       | I/O      | ST          | No  | PORTA is a bidirectional I/O port.   |
| RB0-RB15                | I/O      | ST          | No  | PORTB is a bidirectional I/O port.   |
| RC0-RC13, RC15          | I/O      | ST          | No  | PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port.   |
| RD5, RD6, RD8           | I/O      | ST          | No  | PORTD is a bidirectional I/O port.   |
| RE12-RE15               | I/O      | ST          | No  | PORTE is a bidirectional I/O port.   |
| RF0, RF1                | I/O      | ST          | No  | PORTF is a bidirectional I/O port.   |
| RG6-RG9                 | I/O      | ST          | No  | PORTG is a bidirectional I/O port.   |
| T1CK                    | I        | ST          | No  | Timer1 external clock input.   |
| T2CK                    | I        | ST          | Yes | Timer2 external clock input.   |
| T3CK                    | I        | ST          | No  | Timer3 external clock input.   |
| T4CK                    | I        | ST          | No  | Timer4 external clock input.   |
| T5CK                    | I        | ST          | No  | Timer5 external clock input.   |
| CTPLS                   | O        | ST          | No  | CTMU pulse output.   |
| CTED1                   | I        | ST          | No  | CTMU External Edge Input 1.  |
| CTED2                   | I        | ST          | No  | CTMU External Edge Input 2.  |
| U1CTS                   | I        | ST          | No  | UART1 Clear-To-Send.   |
| U1RTS                   | O        | —           | No  | UART1 Ready-To-Send.   |
| U1RX                    | I        | ST          | Yes | UART1 receive.   |
| U1TX                    | O        | —           | Yes | UART1 transmit.  |
| BCLK1                   | O        | ST          | No  | UART1 IrDA <sup>®</sup> baud clock output.   |

**Legend:** CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output      Analog = Analog input      P = Power  
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels      O = Output      I = Input  
PPS = Peripheral Pin Select      TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.
- 2:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.
- 3:** This is the default Fault on Reset for dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices. See **Section 16.0 “High-Speed PWM Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”** for more information.
- 4:** Not all pins are available in all packages variants. See the **“Pin Diagrams”** section for pin availability.
- 5:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

**TABLE 4-1: CPU CORE REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)**

| File Name | Addr. | Bit 15        | Bit 14      | Bit 13       | Bit 12 | Bit 11   | Bit 10  | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7       | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4  | Bit 3    | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | All Resets |      |
|-----------|-------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-------|-------|-------|------------|------|
| SR        | 0042  | OA            | OB          | SA           | SB     | OAB      | SAB     | DA    | DC    | IPL2        | IPL1  | IPL0  | RA     | N        | OV    | Z     | C     | 0000       |      |
| CORCON    | 0044  | VAR           | —           | US<1:0>      |        | EDT      | DL<2:0> |       |       | SATA        | SATB  | SATDW | ACCSAT | IPL3     | SFA   | RND   | IF    | 0020       |      |
| MODCON    | 0046  | XMODEN        | YMODEN      | —            | —      | BWM<3:0> |         |       |       | YWM<3:0>    |       |       |        | XWM<3:0> |       |       |       | 0000       |      |
| XMODSRT   | 0048  | XMODSRT<15:0> |             |              |        |          |         |       |       |             |       |       |        |          |       |       |       | —          | 0000 |
| XMODEND   | 004A  | XMODEND<15:0> |             |              |        |          |         |       |       |             |       |       |        |          |       |       |       | —          | 0001 |
| YMODSRT   | 004C  | YMODSRT<15:0> |             |              |        |          |         |       |       |             |       |       |        |          |       |       |       | —          | 0000 |
| YMODEND   | 004E  | YMODEND<15:0> |             |              |        |          |         |       |       |             |       |       |        |          |       |       |       | —          | 0001 |
| XBREV     | 0050  | BREN          | XBREV<14:0> |              |        |          |         |       |       |             |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |            | 0000 |
| DISCNT    | 0052  | —             | —           | DISCNT<13:0> |        |          |         |       |       |             |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |            | 0000 |
| TBLPAG    | 0054  | —             | —           | —            | —      | —        | —       | —     | —     | TBLPAG<7:0> |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |            | 0000 |
| MSTRPR    | 0058  | MSTRPR<15:0>  |             |              |        |          |         |       |       |             |       |       |        |          |       |       |       | 0000       |      |

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-29: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY**

| File Name | Addr. | Bit 15 | Bit 14       | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11 | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7 | Bit 6      | Bit 5        | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | All Resets |      |      |
|-----------|-------|--------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------|------|------|
| RPINR0    | 06A0  | —      | INT1R<6:0>   |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | —            | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —          | 0000 |      |
| RPINR1    | 06A2  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | INT2R<6:0> |              |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR3    | 06A6  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | T2CKR<6:0> |              |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR7    | 06AE  | —      | IC2R<6:0>    |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | IC1R<6:0>    |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR8    | 06B0  | —      | IC4R<6:0>    |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | IC3R<6:0>    |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR11   | 06B6  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | OCFAR<6:0> |              |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR12   | 06B8  | —      | FLT2R<6:0>   |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | FLT1R<6:0>   |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR14   | 06BC  | —      | QEB1R<6:0>   |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | QEA1R<6:0>   |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR15   | 06BE  | —      | HOME1R<6:0>  |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | INDX1R<6:0>  |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR18   | 06C4  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | U1RXR<6:0> |              |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR19   | 06C6  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | U2RXR<6:0> |              |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR22   | 06CC  | —      | SCK2INR<6:0> |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | SDI2R<6:0>   |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR23   | 06CE  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | SS2R<6:0>  |              |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR26   | 06D4  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | —          | —            | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | 0000       |      |      |
| RPINR37   | 06EA  | —      | SYNCI1R<6:0> |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | —            | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —          | 0000 |      |
| RPINR38   | 06EC  | —      | DTCMP1R<6:0> |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | —            | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —          | 0000 |      |
| RPINR39   | 06EE  | —      | DTCMP3R<6:0> |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | DTCMP2R<6:0> |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |

**Legend:** — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-30: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP20X DEVICES ONLY**

| File Name | Addr. | Bit 15 | Bit 14       | Bit 13 | Bit 12 | Bit 11 | Bit 10 | Bit 9 | Bit 8 | Bit 7 | Bit 6      | Bit 5      | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | All Resets |      |      |
|-----------|-------|--------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------|------|------|
| RPINR0    | 06A0  | —      | INT1R<6:0>   |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | —          | —     | —     | —     | —     | —     | —          | 0000 |      |
| RPINR1    | 06A2  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | INT2R<6:0> |            |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR3    | 06A6  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | T2CKR<6:0> |            |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR7    | 06AE  | —      | IC2R<6:0>    |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | IC1R<6:0>  |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR8    | 06B0  | —      | IC4R<6:0>    |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | IC3R<6:0>  |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR11   | 06B6  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | OCFAR<6:0> |            |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR18   | 06C4  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | U1RXR<6:0> |            |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR19   | 06C6  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | U2RXR<6:0> |            |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |
| RPINR22   | 06CC  | —      | SCK2INR<6:0> |        |        |        |        |       |       |       | —          | SDI2R<6:0> |       |       |       |       |       |            |      | 0000 |
| RPINR23   | 06CE  | —      | —            | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | —     | SS2R<6:0>  |            |       |       |       |       |       |            | 0000 |      |

**Legend:** — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

## 5.2 RTSP Operation

RTSP allows the user application to erase a single page of memory and to program two instruction words at a time. See the General Purpose and Motor Control Family tables (Table 1 and Table 2, respectively) for the page sizes of each device.

For more information on erasing and programming Flash memory, refer to **“Flash Programming”** (DS70609) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*.

## 5.3 Programming Operations

A complete programming sequence is necessary for programming or erasing the internal Flash in RTSP mode. The processor stalls (waits) until the programming operation is finished.

For erase and program times, refer to Parameters D137a and D137b (Page Erase Time), and D138a and D138b (Word Write Cycle Time) in Table 30-14 in **Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”**.

Setting the WR bit (NVMCON<15>) starts the operation and the WR bit is automatically cleared when the operation is finished.

### 5.3.1 PROGRAMMING ALGORITHM FOR FLASH PROGRAM MEMORY

Programmers can program two adjacent words (24 bits x 2) of program Flash memory at a time on every other word address boundary (0x000002, 0x000006, 0x00000A, etc.). To do this, it is necessary to erase the page that contains the desired address of the location the user wants to change.

For protection against accidental operations, the write initiate sequence for NVMKEY must be used to allow any erase or program operation to proceed. After the programming command has been executed, the user application must wait for the programming time until programming is complete. The two instructions following the start of the programming sequence should be NOPs.

Refer to **Flash Programming** (DS70609) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* for details and codes examples on programming using RTSP.

## 5.4 Flash Memory Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

**Note:** In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:  
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

### 5.4.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **“Flash Programming”** (DS70609) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

## 5.5 Control Registers

Four SFRs are used to erase and write the program Flash memory: NVMCON, NVMKEY, NVMADRH and NVMADRL.

The NVMCON register (Register 5-1) enables and initiates Flash memory erase and write operations.

NVMKEY (Register 5-4) is a write-only register that is used for write protection. To start a programming or erase sequence, the user application must consecutively write 0x55 and 0xAA to the NVMKEY register.

There are two NVM Address registers: NVMADRH and NVMADRL. These two registers, when concatenated, form the 24-bit Effective Address (EA) of the selected word for programming operations or the selected page for erase operations.

The NVMADRH register is used to hold the upper 8 bits of the EA, while the NVMADRL register is used to hold the lower 16 bits of the EA.



**NOTES:**

**REGISTER 11-8: RPINR14: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 14**  
**(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)**

|        |            |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | QEB1R<6:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |            |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |            |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | QEA1R<6:0> |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |            |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **QEB1R<6:0>:** Assign B (QEB) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 (see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **QEA1R<6:0>:** Assign A (QEA) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits  
 (see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

**REGISTER 11-20: RPOR2: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 2**

|        |     |            |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | RP39R<5:0> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |     |            |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |            |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | RP38R<5:0> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |            |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RP39R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP39 Output Pin bits  
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **RP38R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP38 Output Pin bits  
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

**REGISTER 11-21: RPOR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 3**

|        |     |            |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —      | —   | RP41R<5:0> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 15 |     |            |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |     |            |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R/W-0      | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| —     | —   | RP40R<5:0> |       |       |       |       |       |
| bit 7 |     |            |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RP41R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP41 Output Pin bits  
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **RP40R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP40 Output Pin bits  
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

**REGISTER 16-7: PWMCONx: PWMx CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| bit 7-6 | <b>DTC&lt;1:0&gt;</b> : Dead-Time Control bits<br>11 = Dead-Time Compensation mode<br>10 = Dead-time function is disabled<br>01 = Negative dead time is actively applied for Complementary Output mode<br>00 = Positive dead time is actively applied for all output modes   |
| bit 5   | <b>DTCP</b> : Dead-Time Compensation Polarity bit <sup>(3)</sup><br><u>When Set to '1':</u><br>If DTCMPx = 0, PWMxL is shortened and PWMxH is lengthened.<br>If DTCMPx = 1, PWMxH is shortened and PWMxL is lengthened.<br><u>When Set to '0':</u><br>If DTCMPx = 0, PWMxH is shortened and PWMxL is lengthened.<br>If DTCMPx = 1, PWMxL is shortened and PWMxH is lengthened. |
| bit 4   | <b>Unimplemented</b> : Read as '0'   |
| bit 3   | <b>MTBS</b> : Master Time Base Select bit<br>1 = PWM generator uses the secondary master time base for synchronization and as the clock source for the PWM generation logic (if secondary time base is available)<br>0 = PWM generator uses the primary master time base for synchronization and as the clock source for the PWM generation logic                              |
| bit 2   | <b>CAM</b> : Center-Aligned Mode Enable bit <sup>(2,4)</sup><br>1 = Center-Aligned mode is enabled<br>0 = Edge-Aligned mode is enabled   |
| bit 1   | <b>XPRES</b> : External PWMx Reset Control bit <sup>(5)</sup><br>1 = Current-limit source resets the time base for this PWM generator if it is in Independent Time Base mode<br>0 = External pins do not affect PWMx time base   |
| bit 0   | <b>IUE</b> : Immediate Update Enable bit <sup>(2)</sup><br>1 = Updates to the active MDC/PDCx/DTRx/ALTDTRx/PHASEx registers are immediate<br>0 = Updates to the active MDC/PDCx/DTRx/ALTDTRx/PHASEx registers are synchronized to the PWMx period boundary   |

- Note 1:** Software must clear the interrupt status here and in the corresponding IFSx bit in the interrupt controller.
- 2:** These bits should not be changed after the PWMx is enabled (PTEN = 1).
- 3:** DTC<1:0> = 11 for DTCP to be effective; otherwise, DTCP is ignored.
- 4:** The Independent Time Base (ITB = 1) mode must be enabled to use Center-Aligned mode. If ITB = 0, the CAM bit is ignored.
- 5:** To operate in External Period Reset mode, the ITB bit must be '1' and the CLMOD bit in the FCLCONx register must be '0'.

**REGISTER 21-5: CxFIFO: ECANx FIFO STATUS REGISTER**

|        |     |      |      |      |      |      |       |
|--------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| U-0    | U-0 | R-0  | R-0  | R-0  | R-0  | R-0  | R-0   |
| —      | —   | FBP5 | FBP4 | FBP3 | FBP2 | FBP1 | FBP0  |
| bit 15 |     |      |      |      |      |      | bit 8 |

|       |     |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| U-0   | U-0 | R-0   | R-0   | R-0   | R-0   | R-0   | R-0   |
| —     | —   | FNRB5 | FNRB4 | FNRB3 | FNRB2 | FNRB1 | FNRB0 |
| bit 7 |     |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **FBP<5:0>:** FIFO Buffer Pointer bits

011111 = RB31 buffer

011110 = RB30 buffer

•  
•  
•

000001 = TRB1 buffer

000000 = TRB0 buffer

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **FNRB<5:0>:** FIFO Next Read Buffer Pointer bits

011111 = RB31 buffer

011110 = RB30 buffer

•  
•  
•

000001 = TRB1 buffer

000000 = TRB0 buffer

**REGISTER 22-3: CTMUICON: CTMU CURRENT CONTROL REGISTER**

|        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0  | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| ITRIM5 | ITRIM4 | ITRIM3 | ITRIM2 | ITRIM1 | ITRIM0 | IRNG1 | IRNG0 |
| bit 15 |        |        |        |        |        | bit 8 |       |

|       |     |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0   | U-0 |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | —   | —     | —   |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     |     | bit 0 |     |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10 **ITRIM<5:0>**: Current Source Trim bits

011111 = Maximum positive change from nominal current + 62%

011110 = Maximum positive change from nominal current + 60%

•

•

•

000010 = Minimum positive change from nominal current + 4%

000001 = Minimum positive change from nominal current + 2%

000000 = Nominal current output specified by IRNG<1:0>

111111 = Minimum negative change from nominal current – 2%

111110 = Minimum negative change from nominal current – 4%

•

•

•

100010 = Maximum negative change from nominal current – 60%

100001 = Maximum negative change from nominal current – 62%

bit 9-8 **IRNG<1:0>**: Current Source Range Select bits

11 = 100 × Base Current<sup>(2)</sup>

10 = 10 × Base Current<sup>(2)</sup>

01 = Base Current Level<sup>(2)</sup>

00 = 1000 × Base Current<sup>(1,2)</sup>

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

**Note 1:** This current range is not available to be used with the internal temperature measurement diode.

**2:** Refer to the CTMU Current Source Specifications (Table 30-56) in **Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for the current range selection values.

**REGISTER 23-5: AD1CHS123: ADC1 INPUT CHANNEL 1, 2, 3 SELECT REGISTER**

|        |     |     |     |     |          |          |         |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|---------|
| U-0    | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0   |
| —      | —   | —   | —   | —   | CH123NB1 | CH123NB0 | CH123SB |
| bit 15 |     |     |     |     | bit 8    |          |         |

|       |     |     |     |     |          |          |         |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|---------|
| U-0   | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0    | R/W-0    | R/W-0   |
| —     | —   | —   | —   | —   | CH123NA1 | CH123NA0 | CH123SA |
| bit 7 |     |     |     |     | bit 0    |          |         |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-9 **CH123NB<1:0>:** Channel 1, 2, 3 Negative Input Select for Sample MUXB bits  
In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), CH123NB is Unimplemented and is Read as '0':

| Value               | ADC Channel |       |       |
|---------------------|-------------|-------|-------|
|                     | CH1         | CH2   | CH3   |
| 11                  | AN9         | AN10  | AN11  |
| 10 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | OA3/AN6     | AN7   | AN8   |
| 0x                  | VREFL       | VREFL | VREFL |

bit 8 **CH123SB:** Channel 1, 2, 3 Positive Input Select for Sample MUXB bit

In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), CH123SB is Unimplemented and is Read as '0':

| Value              | ADC Channel |         |         |
|--------------------|-------------|---------|---------|
|                    | CH1         | CH2     | CH3     |
| 1 <sup>(2)</sup>   | OA1/AN3     | OA2/AN0 | OA3/AN6 |
| 0 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | OA2/AN0     | AN1     | AN2     |

bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

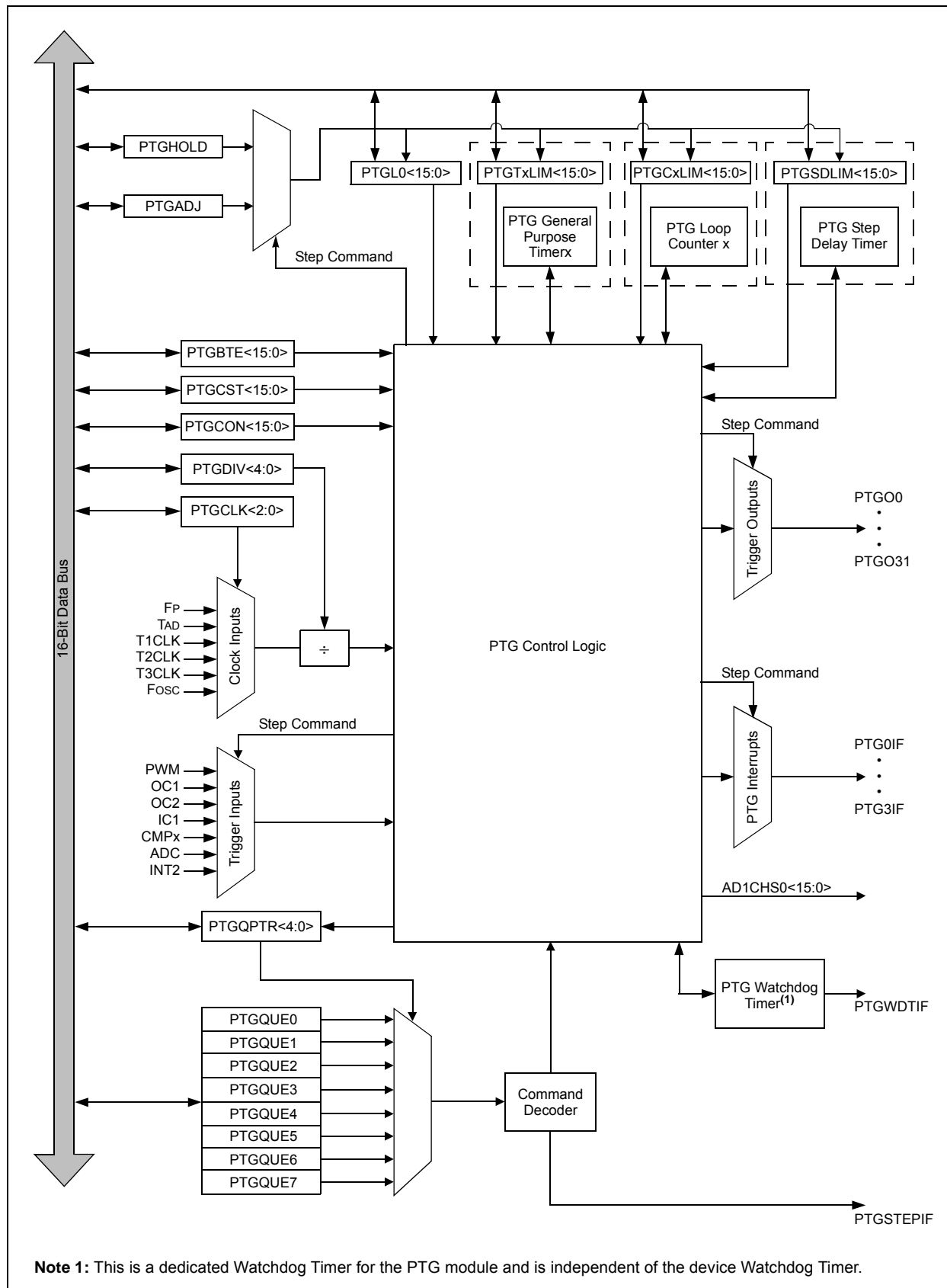
bit 2-1 **CH123NA<1:0>:** Channel 1, 2, 3 Negative Input Select for Sample MUXA bits  
In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), CH123NA is Unimplemented and is Read as '0':

| Value               | ADC Channel |       |       |
|---------------------|-------------|-------|-------|
|                     | CH1         | CH2   | CH3   |
| 11                  | AN9         | AN10  | AN11  |
| 10 <sup>(1,2)</sup> | OA3/AN6     | AN7   | AN8   |
| 0x                  | VREFL       | VREFL | VREFL |

**Note 1:** AN0 through AN7 are repurposed when comparator and op amp functionality is enabled. See Figure 23-1 to determine how enabling a particular op amp or comparator affects selection choices for Channels 1, 2 and 3.

**2:** The OAx input is used if the corresponding op amp is selected (OPMODE (CMxCON<10>) = 1); otherwise, the ANx input is used.

FIGURE 24-1: PTG BLOCK DIAGRAM





## 25.0 OP AMP/COMPARATOR MODULE

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “Op Amp/Comparator” (DS70357) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices contain up to four comparators, which can be configured in various ways. Comparators, CMP1, CMP2 and CMP3, also have the option to be configured as op amps, with the output being brought to an external pin for gain/filtering connections. As shown in Figure 25-1, individual comparator options are specified by the comparator module's Special Function Register (SFR) control bits.

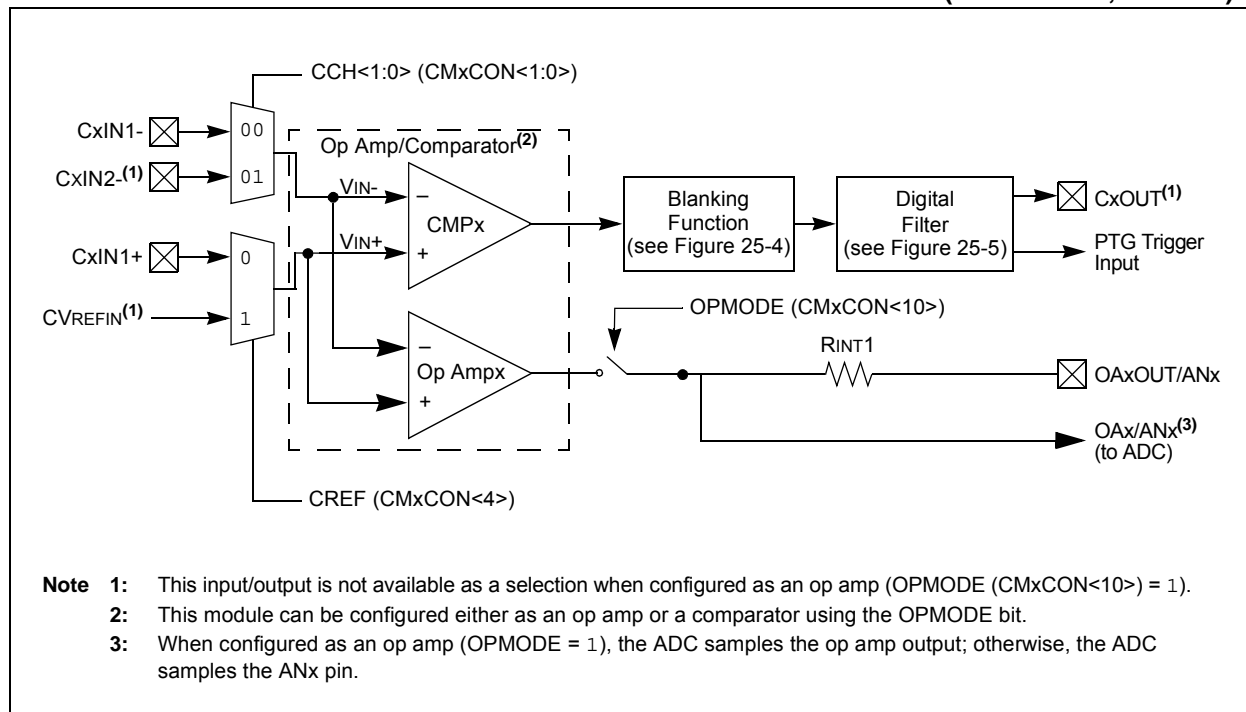
**Note:** Op Amp/Comparator 3 is not available on the dsPIC33EPXXXGP502/MC502/MC202 and PIC24EP256GP/MC202 (28-pin) devices.

These options allow users to:

- Select the edge for trigger and interrupt generation
- Configure the comparator voltage reference
- Configure output blanking and masking
- Configure as a comparator or op amp (CMP1, CMP2 and CMP3 only)

**Note:** Not all op amp/comparator input/output connections are available on all devices. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for available connections.

**FIGURE 25-1: OP AMP/COMPARATOR x MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM (MODULES 1, 2 AND 3)**



**REGISTER 25-5: CMxMSKCON: COMPARATOR x MASK GATING CONTROL REGISTER**

|        |     |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0  | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| HLMS   | —   | OCEN  | OCNEN | OBEN  | OBNEN | OAEN  | OANEN |
| bit 15 |     |       |       |       |       |       | bit 8 |

|       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| NAGS  | PAGS  | ACEN  | ACNEN | ABEN  | ABNEN | AAEN  | AANEN |
| bit 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       | bit 0 |

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15      **HLMS:** High or Low-Level Masking Select bits  
 1 = The masking (blanking) function will prevent any asserted ('0') comparator signal from propagating  
 0 = The masking (blanking) function will prevent any asserted ('1') comparator signal from propagating
- bit 14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **OCEN:** OR Gate C Input Enable bit  
 1 = MCI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = MCI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 12      **OCNEN:** OR Gate C Input Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted MCI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = Inverted MCI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 11      **OBEN:** OR Gate B Input Enable bit  
 1 = MBI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = MBI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 10      **OBNEN:** OR Gate B Input Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted MBI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = Inverted MBI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 9      **OAEN:** OR Gate A Input Enable bit  
 1 = MAI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = MAI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 8      **OANEN:** OR Gate A Input Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted MAI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = Inverted MAI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 7      **NAGS:** AND Gate Output Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted ANDI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = Inverted ANDI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 6      **PAGS:** AND Gate Output Enable bit  
 1 = ANDI is connected to OR gate  
 0 = ANDI is not connected to OR gate
- bit 5      **ACEN:** AND Gate C Input Enable bit  
 1 = MCI is connected to AND gate  
 0 = MCI is not connected to AND gate
- bit 4      **ACNEN:** AND Gate C Input Inverted Enable bit  
 1 = Inverted MCI is connected to AND gate  
 0 = Inverted MCI is not connected to AND gate

TABLE 30-4: DC TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS

| DC CHARACTERISTICS       |        |   | Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 1): 3.0V to 3.6V<br>(unless otherwise stated)<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |      |      |       |                 |
|--------------------------|--------|---|--|------|------|-------|-----------------|
| Param No.                | Symbol | Characteristic  | Min.   | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions      |
| <b>Operating Voltage</b> |        |   |  |      |      |       |                 |
| DC10                     | VDD    | <b>Supply Voltage</b>   | 3.0  | —    | 3.6  | V     |                 |
| DC16                     | VPOR   | <b>VDD Start Voltage</b><br>to Ensure Internal<br>Power-on Reset Signal | —  | —    | VSS  | V     |                 |
| DC17                     | SVDD   | <b>VDD Rise Rate</b><br>to Ensure Internal<br>Power-on Reset Signal     | 0.03   | —    | —    | V/ms  | 0V-1V in 100 ms |

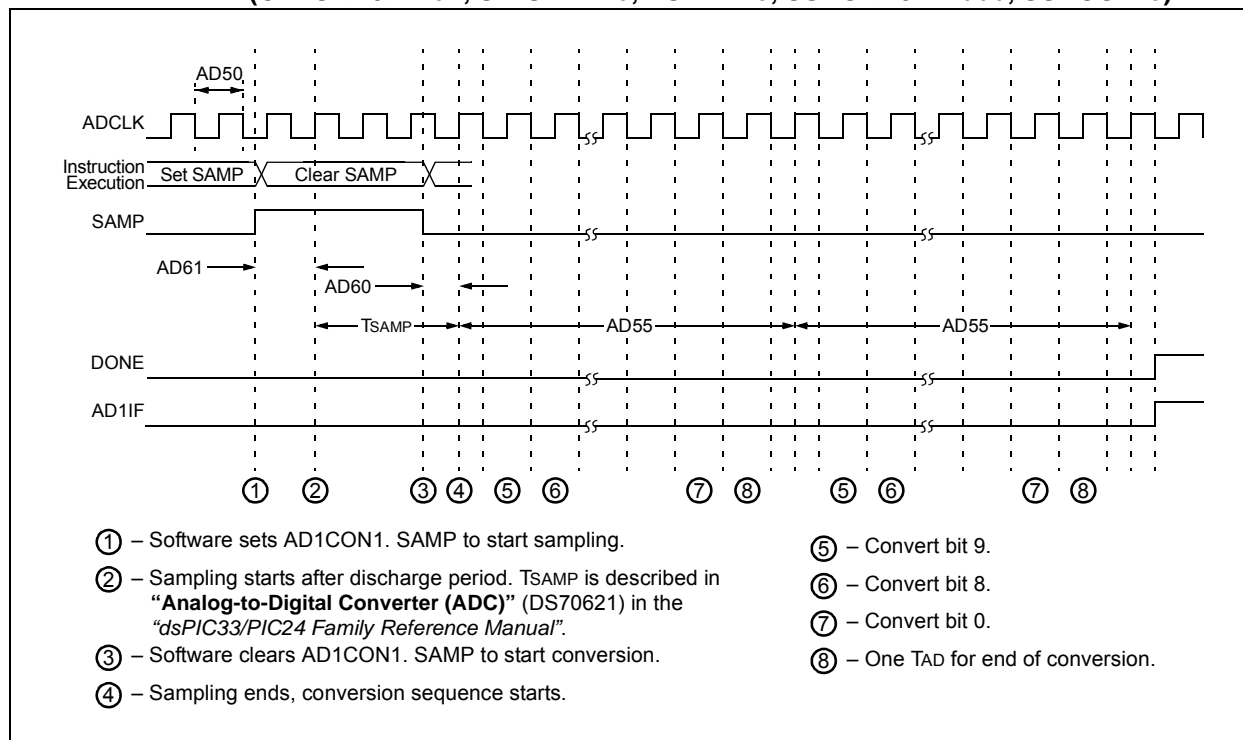
**Note 1:** Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested but not characterized. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

TABLE 30-5: FILTER CAPACITOR (CEFC) SPECIFICATIONS

| Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated):<br>Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial<br>-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended |        |   |      |      |      |       |  |
|---|--------|---|------|------|------|-------|--|
| Param No.   | Symbol | Characteristics                                   | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Comments   |
|   | CEFC   | External Filter Capacitor<br>Value <sup>(1)</sup> | 4.7  | 10   | —    | μF    | Capacitor must have a low<br>series resistance (< 1 Ohm) |

**Note 1:** Typical VCAP voltage = 1.8 volts when VDD ≥ VDDMIN.

**FIGURE 30-37: ADC CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**  
(CHPS<1:0> = 01, SIMSAM = 0, ASAM = 0, SSRG = 0)



**FIGURE 30-38: ADC CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS** (CHPS<1:0> = 01, SIMSAM = 0, ASAM = 1, SSRG = 0, SAMC<4:0> = 00010)

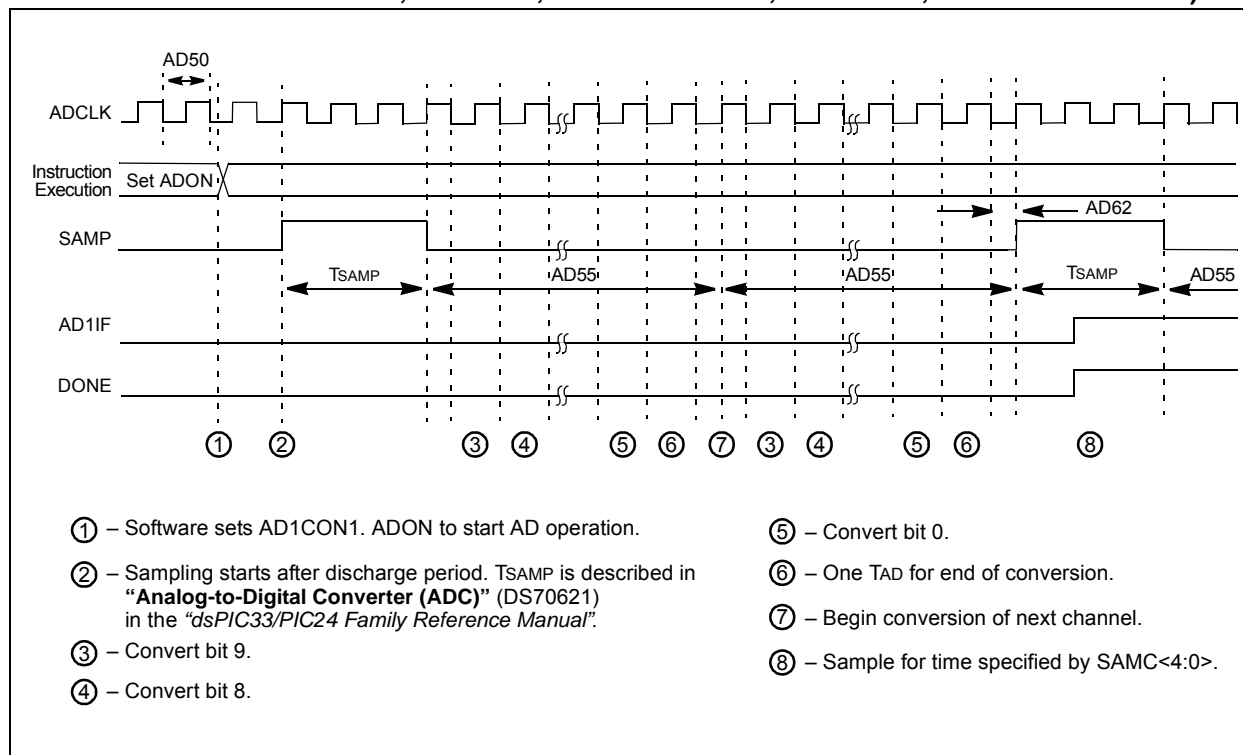


FIGURE 32-9: TYPICAL FRC FREQUENCY @ VDD = 3.3V

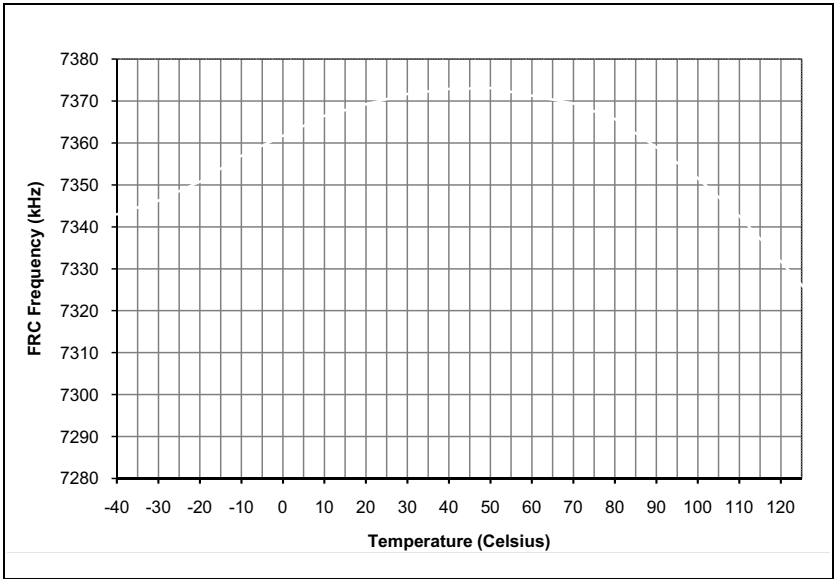


FIGURE 32-10: TYPICAL LPRC FREQUENCY @ VDD = 3.3V

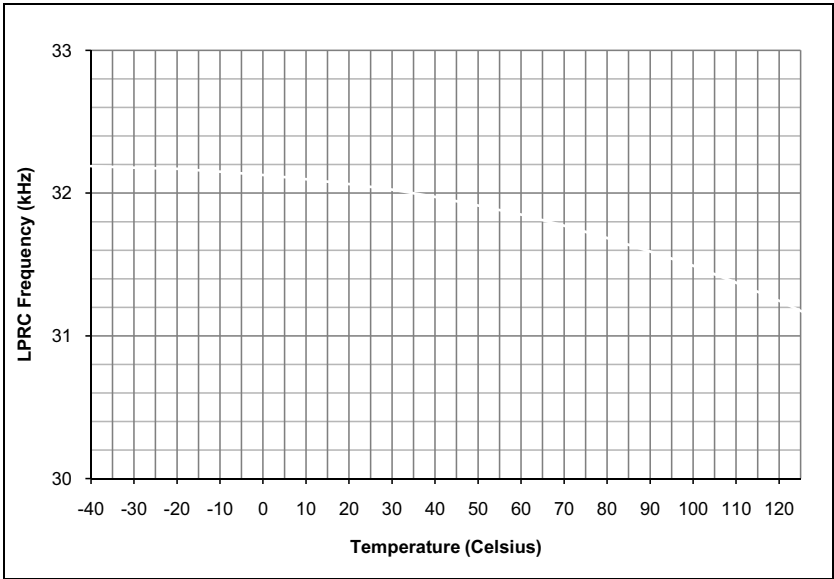


FIGURE 32-11: TYPICAL CTMU TEMPERATURE DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

