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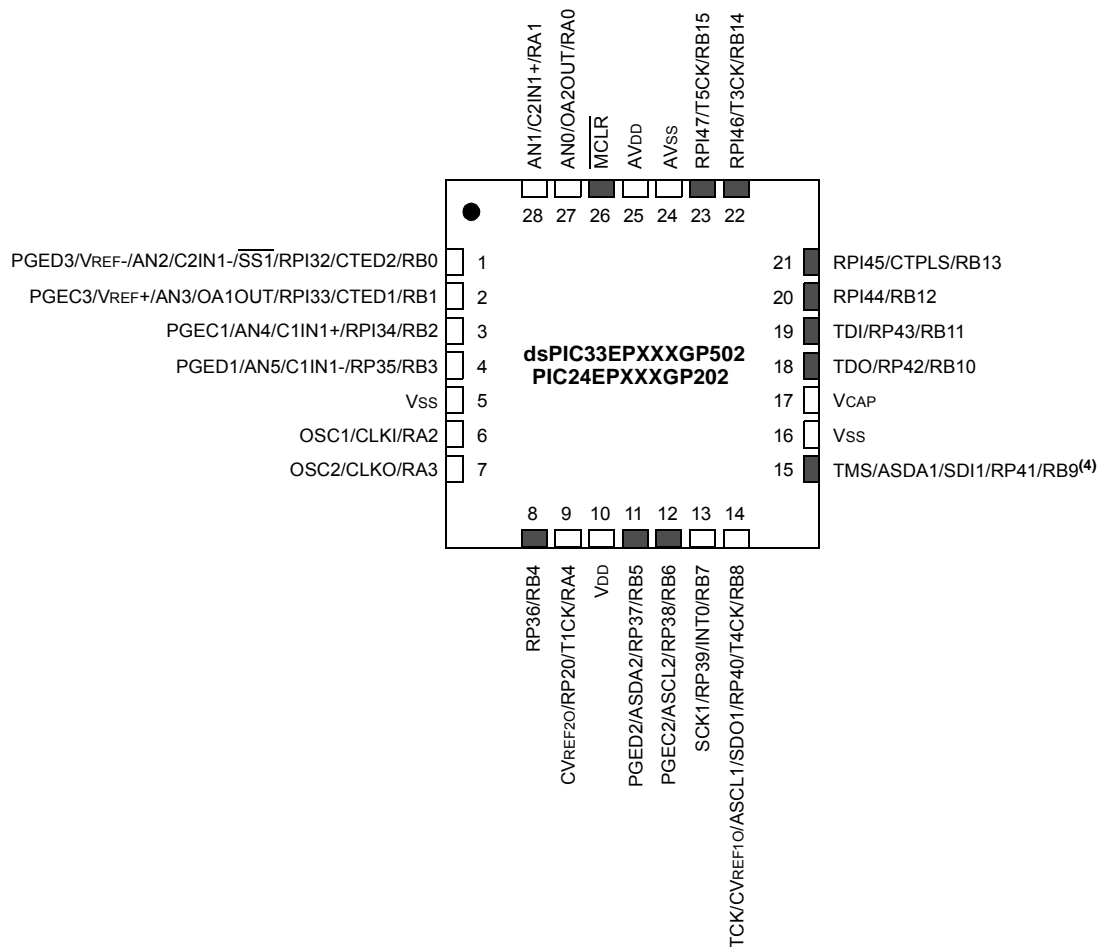
Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	64KB (22K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep64mc206t-e-pt

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

28-Pin QFN-S^(1,2,3)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note 1:** The RPN/RPIn pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- Note 2:** Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- Note 3:** The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to Vss externally.
- Note 4:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

3.6 CPU Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note:	In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser: http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464
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3.6.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “**CPU**” (DS70359) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

4.1.1 PROGRAM MEMORY ORGANIZATION

The program memory space is organized in word-addressable blocks. Although it is treated as 24 bits wide, it is more appropriate to think of each address of the program memory as a lower and upper word, with the upper byte of the upper word being unimplemented. The lower word always has an even address, while the upper word has an odd address (Figure 4-6).

Program memory addresses are always word-aligned on the lower word and addresses are incremented, or decremented by two, during code execution. This arrangement provides compatibility with data memory space addressing and makes data in the program memory space accessible.

4.1.2 INTERRUPT AND TRAP VECTORS

All dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices reserve the addresses between 0x000000 and 0x000200 for hard-coded program execution vectors. A hardware Reset vector is provided to redirect code execution from the default value of the PC on device Reset to the actual start of code. A GOTO instruction is programmed by the user application at address, 0x000000, of Flash memory, with the actual address for the start of code at address, 0x000002, of Flash memory.

A more detailed discussion of the Interrupt Vector Tables (IVTs) is provided in Section 7.1 “Interrupt Vector Table”.

FIGURE 4-6: PROGRAM MEMORY ORGANIZATION

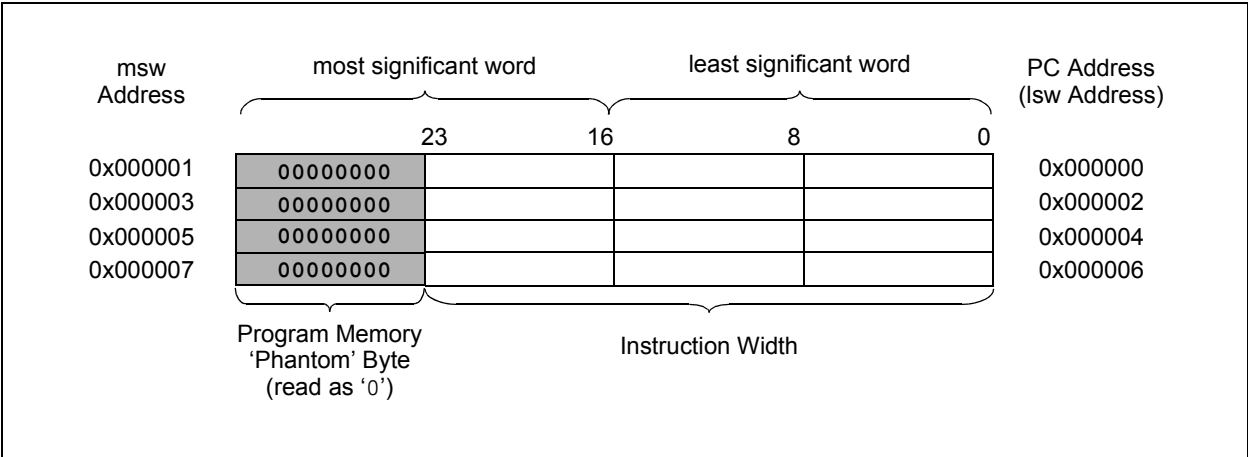


FIGURE 4-9: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP128MC20X/50X AND dsPIC33EP128GP50X DEVICES

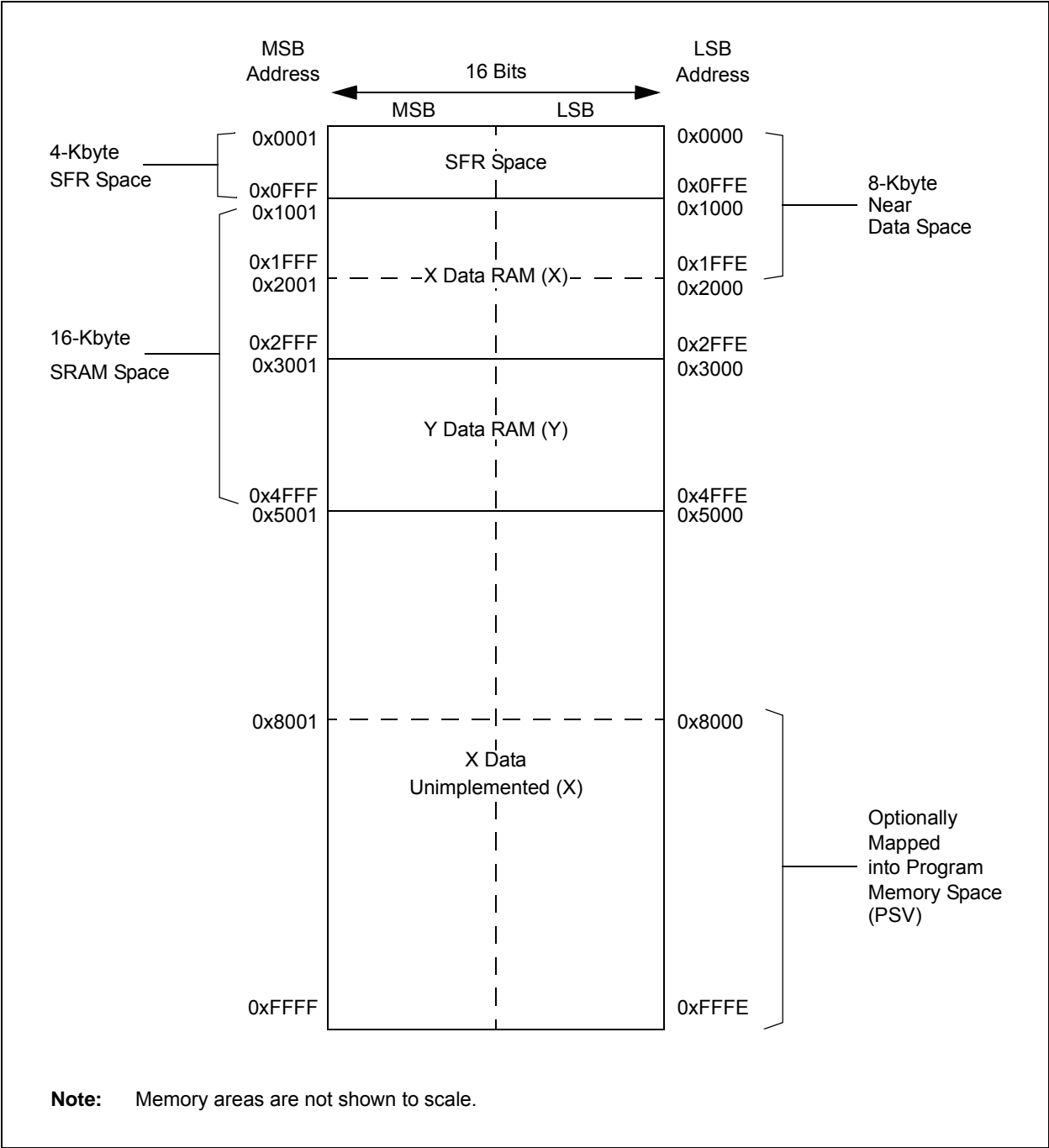


FIGURE 4-11: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP512MC20X/50X AND dsPIC33EP512GP50X DEVICES

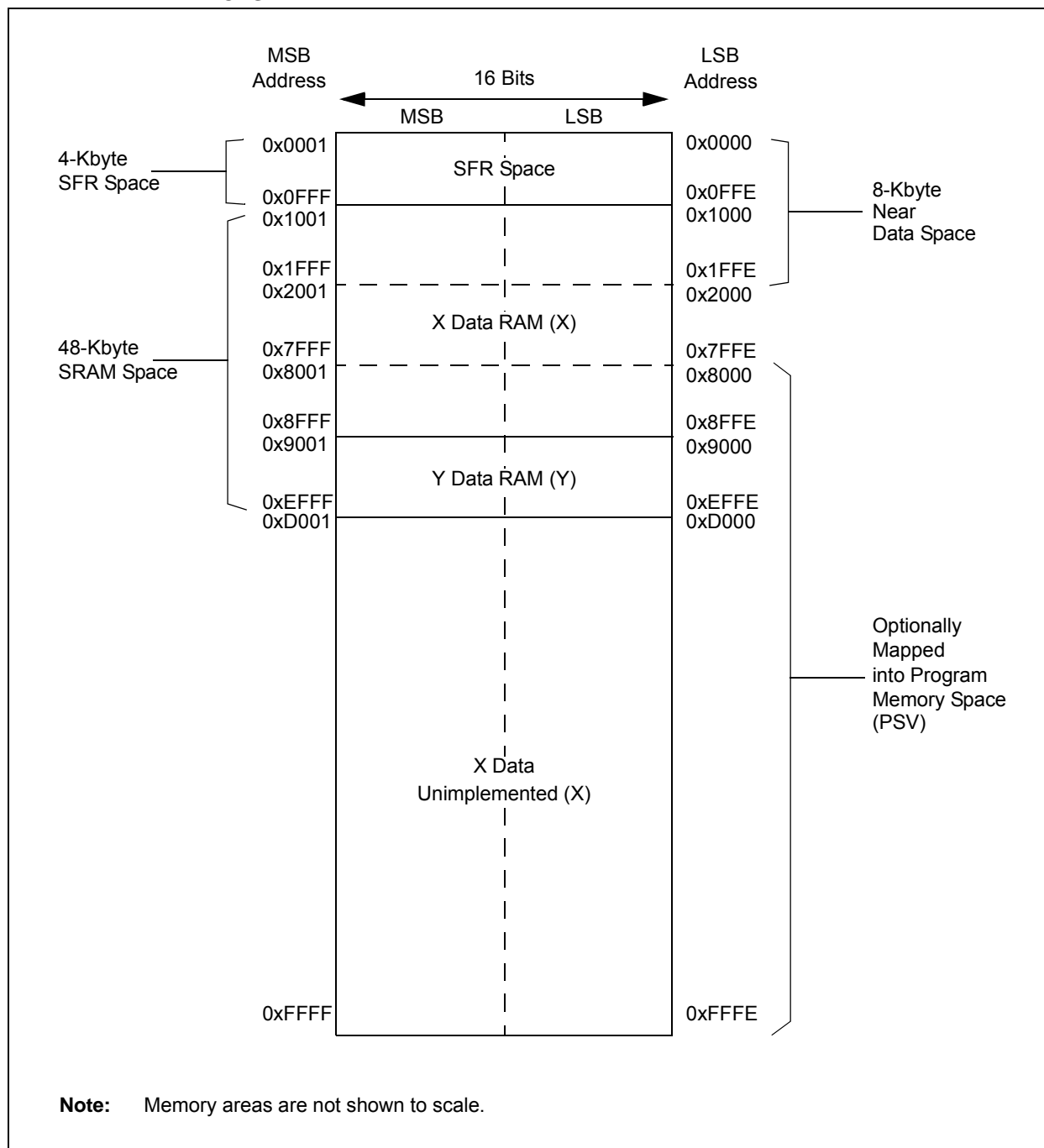


TABLE 11-2: INPUT PIN SELECTION FOR SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES (CONTINUED)

Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/ Output	Pin Assignment	Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/ Output	Pin Assignment
010 1000	I/O	RP40	101 0101	—	—
010 1001	I/O	RP41	101 0110	—	—
010 1010	I/O	RP42	101 0111	—	—
010 1011	I/O	RP43	101 1000	—	—
010 1100	I	RPI44	101 1001	—	—
101 1010	—	—	110 1101	—	—
101 1011	—	—	110 1110	—	—
101 1100	—	—	110 1111	—	—
101 1101	—	—	111 0000	—	—
101 1110	I	RPI94	111 0001	—	—
101 1111	I	RPI95	111 0010	—	—
110 0000	I	RPI96	111 0011	—	—
110 0001	I/O	RP97	111 0100	—	—
110 0010	—	—	111 0101	—	—
110 0011	—	—	111 0110	I/O	RP118
110 0100	—	—	111 0111	I	RPI119
110 0101	—	—	111 1000	I/O	RP120
110 0110	—	—	111 1001	I	RPI121
110 0111	—	—	111 1010	—	—
110 1000	—	—	111 1011	—	—
110 1001	—	—	111 1100	—	—
110 1010	—	—	111 1101	—	—
110 1011	—	—	111 1110	—	—
110 1100	—	—	111 1111	—	—

Legend: Shaded rows indicate PPS Input register values that are unimplemented.

Note 1: See Section 11.4.4.1 “Virtual Connections” for more information on selecting this pin assignment.

2: These inputs are available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

REGISTER 11-5: RPINR8: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC4R<6:0>						
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC3R<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **IC4R<6:0>:** Assign Input Capture 4 (IC4) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **IC3R<6:0>:** Assign Input Capture 3 (IC3) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-9: RPINR15: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 15
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	HOME1R<6:0>						
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	INDX1R<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **HOME1R<6:0>:** Assign QE11 HOME1 (HOME1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **INDX1R<6:0>:** Assign QE11 INDEX1 (INDX1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-20: RPOR2: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP39R<5:0>					
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP38R<5:0>					
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8 **RP39R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP39 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0 **RP38R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP38 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 11-21: RPOR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP41R<5:0>					
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	RP40R<5:0>					
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8 **RP41R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP41 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5-0 **RP40R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP40 Output Pin bits
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

16.1.2 WRITE-PROTECTED REGISTERS

On dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices, write protection is implemented for the IOCONx and FCLCONx registers. The write protection feature prevents any inadvertent writes to these registers. This protection feature can be controlled by the PWMLOCK Configuration bit (FOSCSEL<6>). The default state of the write protection feature is enabled (PWMLOCK = 1). The write protection feature can be disabled by configuring, PWMLOCK = 0.

To gain write access to these locked registers, the user application must write two consecutive values of (0xABCD and 0x4321) to the PWMKEY register to perform the unlock operation. The write access to the IOCONx or FCLCONx registers must be the next SFR access following the unlock process. There can be no other SFR accesses during the unlock process and subsequent write access. To write to both the IOCONx and FCLCONx registers requires two unlock operations.

The correct unlocking sequence is described in Example 16-1.

EXAMPLE 16-1: PWMx WRITE-PROTECTED REGISTER UNLOCK SEQUENCE

```
; FLT32 pin must be pulled low externally in order to clear and disable the fault
; Writing to FCLCON1 register requires unlock sequence

mov #0xabcd,w10      ; Load first unlock key to w10 register
mov #0x4321,w11      ; Load second unlock key to w11 register
mov #0x0000,w0        ; Load desired value of FCLCON1 register in w0
mov w10, PWMKEY       ; Write first unlock key to PWMKEY register
mov w11, PWMKEY       ; Write second unlock key to PWMKEY register
mov w0, FCLCON1       ; Write desired value to FCLCON1 register

; Set PWM ownership and polarity using the IOCON1 register
; Writing to IOCON1 register requires unlock sequence

mov #0xabcd,w10      ; Load first unlock key to w10 register
mov #0x4321,w11      ; Load second unlock key to w11 register
mov #0xF000,w0        ; Load desired value of IOCON1 register in w0
mov w10, PWMKEY       ; Write first unlock key to PWMKEY register
mov w11, PWMKEY       ; Write second unlock key to PWMKEY register
mov w0, IOCON1        ; Write desired value to IOCON1 register
```

REGISTER 21-13: CxBUFPNT2: ECANx FILTER 4-7 BUFFER POINTER REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F7BP<3:0>				F6BP<3:0>			
bit 15				bit 8			
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F5BP<3:0>				F4BP<3:0>			
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12 **F7BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 7 bits
1111 = Filter hits received in RX FIFO buffer
1110 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 14
•
•
•
0001 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 1
0000 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 0
- bit 11-8 **F6BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 6 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)
- bit 7-4 **F5BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 5 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)
- bit 3-0 **F4BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 4 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)

REGISTER 21-14: CxBUFPNT3: ECANx FILTER 8-11 BUFFER POINTER REGISTER 3

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F11BP<3:0>				F10BP<3:0>			
bit 15				bit 8			
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F9BP<3:0>				F8BP<3:0>			
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12 **F11BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 11 bits
1111 = Filter hits received in RX FIFO buffer
1110 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 14
•
•
•
0001 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 1
0000 = Filter hits received in RX Buffer 0
- bit 11-8 **F10BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 10 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)
- bit 7-4 **F9BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 9 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)
- bit 3-0 **F8BP<3:0>**: RX Buffer Mask for Filter 8 bits (same values as bits<15:12>)

REGISTER 21-19: CxFMSKSEL2: ECANx FILTER 15-8 MASK SELECTION REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F15MSK<1:0>		F14MSK<1:0>		F13MSK<1:0>		F12MSK<1:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F11MSK<1:0>		F10MSK<1:0>		F9MSK<1:0>		F8MSK<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14 **F15MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 15 bits
 11 = Reserved
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
- bit 13-12 **F14MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 14 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
- bit 11-10 **F13MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 13 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
- bit 9-8 **F12MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 12 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
- bit 7-6 **F11MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 11 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
- bit 5-4 **F10MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 10 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
- bit 3-2 **F9MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 9 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
- bit 1-0 **F8MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 8 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)

TABLE 24-1: PTG STEP COMMAND FORMAT (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0	Step Command	OPTION<3:0>	Option Description
	PTGCTRL ⁽¹⁾	0000	Reserved.
		0001	Reserved.
		0010	Disable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).
		0011	Reserved.
		0100	Reserved.
		0101	Reserved.
		0110	Enable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).
		0111	Reserved.
		1000	Start and wait for the PTG Timer0 to match the Timer0 Limit Register.
		1001	Start and wait for the PTG Timer1 to match the Timer1 Limit Register.
		1010	Reserved.
		1011	Wait for the software trigger bit transition from low-to-high before continuing (PTGSWT = 0 to 1).
		1100	Copy contents of the Counter 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1101	Copy contents of the Counter 1 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1110	Copy contents of the Literal 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.
		1111	Generate triggers indicated in the Broadcast Trigger Enable register (PTGBTE).
	PTGADD ⁽¹⁾	0000	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).
		0001	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).
		0010	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).
		0011	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).
		0100	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).
		0101	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).
		0110	Reserved.
		0111	Reserved.
	PTGCOPY ⁽¹⁾	1000	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).
		1001	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).
		1010	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).
		1011	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).
		1100	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).
		1101	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).
		1110	Reserved.
		1111	Reserved.

Note 1: All reserved commands or options will execute but have no effect (i.e., execute as a NOP instruction).

2: Refer to Table 24-2 for the trigger output descriptions.

3: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

TABLE 27-1: CONFIGURATION BYTE REGISTER MAP

File Name	Address	Device Memory Size (Kbytes)	Bits 23-8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Reserved	0057EC	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	00AFEC	64									
	0157EC	128									
	02AFEC	256									
	0557EC	512									
Reserved	0057EE	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	00AFEE	64									
	0157EE	128									
	02AFEE	256									
	0557EE	512									
FICD	0057F0	32	—	Reserved ⁽³⁾	—	JTAGEN	Reserved ⁽²⁾	Reserved ⁽³⁾	—	ICS<1:0>	
	00AFF0	64									
	0157F0	128									
	02AFF0	256									
	0557F0	512									
FPOR	0057F2	32	—	WDTWIN<1:0>		ALTI2C2	ALTI2C1	Reserved ⁽³⁾	—	—	—
	00AFF2	64									
	0157F2	128									
	02AFF2	256									
	0557F2	512									
FWDT	0057F4	32	—	FWDTEN	WINDIS	PLLKEN	WDTPRE	WDTPOST<3:0>			
	00AFF4	64									
	0157F4	128									
	02AFF4	256									
	0557F4	512									
FOSC	0057F6	32	—	FCKSM<1:0>		IOL1WAY	—	—	OSCIOFNC	POSCMD<1:0>	
	00AFF6	64									
	0157F6	128									
	02AFF6	256									
	0557F6	512									
FOSCSEL	0057F8	32	—	IESO	PWMLOCK ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	FNOSC<2:0>		
	00AFF8	64									
	0157F8	128									
	02AFF8	256									
	0557F8	512									
FGS	0057FA	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	GCP	GWRP
	00AFFA	64									
	0157FA	128									
	02AFFA	256									
	0557FA	512									
Reserved	0057FC	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	00AFFC	64									
	0157FC	128									
	02AFFC	256									
	0557FC	512									
Reserved	057FFE	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	00AFFE	64									
	0157FE	128									
	02AFFE	256									
	0557FE	512									

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '1'.

Note 1: This bit is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

2: This bit is reserved and must be programmed as '0'.

3: These bits are reserved and must be programmed as '1'.

**TABLE 30-40: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Input Frequency	—	—	11	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK2 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK2 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS2}$ ↓ to SCK2 ↑ or SCK2 ↓ Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS2}$ ↑ to SDO2 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS2}$ ↑ after SCK2 Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	(Note 4)

- Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.
- 2:** Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.
- 3:** The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCK2 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.
- 4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.

**TABLE 30-47: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Input Frequency	—	—	15	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK1 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK1 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS1} \downarrow$ to SCK1 \uparrow or SCK1 \downarrow Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ to SDO1 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ after SCK1 Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	(Note 4)

- Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.
- 2:** Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.
- 3:** The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the SCK1 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.
- 4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

**TABLE 30-48: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

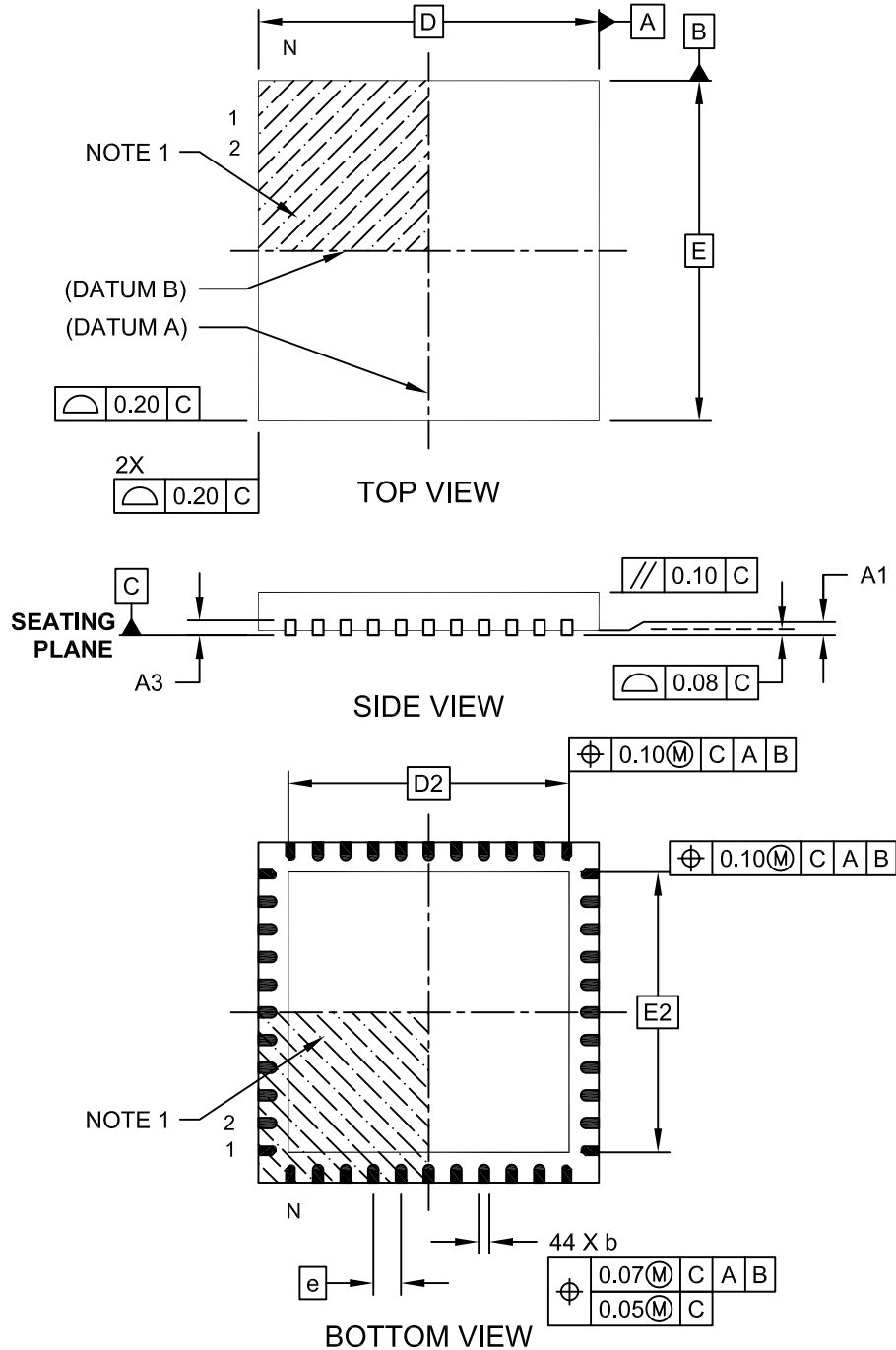
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Input Frequency	—	—	11	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK1 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK1 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS1} \downarrow$ to SCK1 \uparrow or SCK1 \downarrow Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ to SDO1 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ after SCK1 Edge	1.5 TCY + 40	—	—	ns	(Note 4)

- Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.
- 2:** Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.
- 3:** The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCK1 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.
- 4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

NOTES:

44-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) - 8x8 mm Body [QFN]

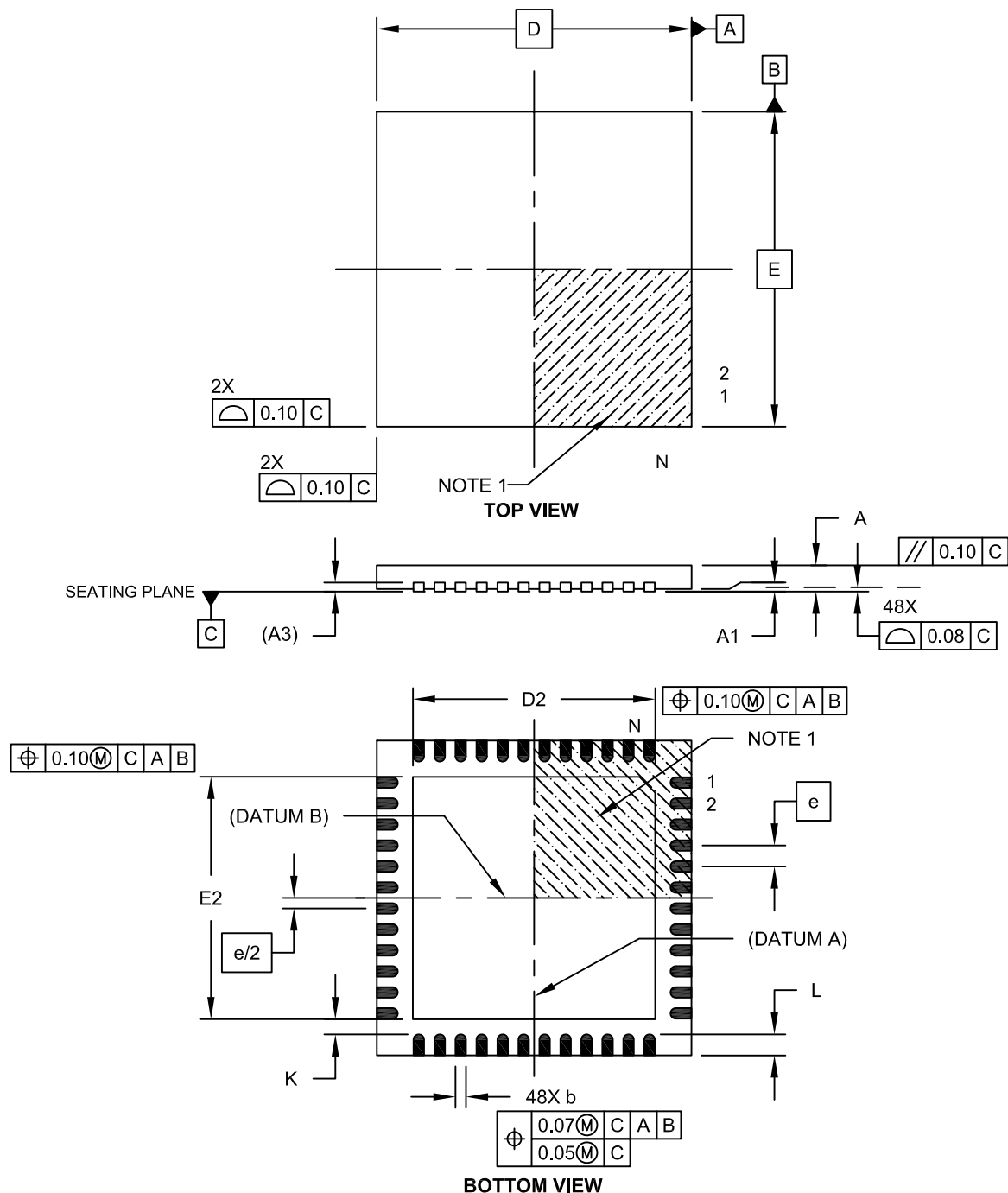
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



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48-Lead Plastic Ultra Thin Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MV) – 6x6x0.5 mm Body [UQFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



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