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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	64KB (22K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	36-VFTLA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	36-VTLA (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep64mc503-e-tl

REGISTER 3-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-5	IPL<2:0> : CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits ^(2,3) 111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15); user interrupts are disabled 110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14) 101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13) 100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12) 011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11) 010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10) 001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9) 000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)
bit 4	RA : REPEAT Loop Active bit 1 = REPEAT loop in progress 0 = REPEAT loop not in progress
bit 3	N : MCU ALU Negative bit 1 = Result was negative 0 = Result was non-negative (zero or positive)
bit 2	OV : MCU ALU Overflow bit This bit is used for signed arithmetic (2's complement). It indicates an overflow of the magnitude that causes the sign bit to change state. 1 = Overflow occurred for signed arithmetic (in this arithmetic operation) 0 = No overflow occurred
bit 1	Z : MCU ALU Zero bit 1 = An operation that affects the Z bit has set it at some time in the past 0 = The most recent operation that affects the Z bit has cleared it (i.e., a non-zero result)
bit 0	C : MCU ALU Carry/Borrow bit 1 = A carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred 0 = No carry-out from the Most Significant bit of the result occurred

- Note 1:** This bit is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X devices only.
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 3:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.
- 4:** A data write to the SR register can modify the SA and SB bits by either a data write to SA and SB or by clearing the SAB bit. To avoid a possible SA or SB bit write race condition, the SA and SB bits should not be modified using bit operations.

REGISTER 6-1: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾ (CONTINUED)

bit 3	SLEEP: Wake-up from Sleep Flag bit 1 = Device has been in Sleep mode 0 = Device has not been in Sleep mode
bit 2	IDLE: Wake-up from Idle Flag bit 1 = Device was in Idle mode 0 = Device was not in Idle mode
bit 1	BOR: Brown-out Reset Flag bit 1 = A Brown-out Reset has occurred 0 = A Brown-out Reset has not occurred
bit 0	POR: Power-on Reset Flag bit 1 = A Power-on Reset has occurred 0 = A Power-on Reset has not occurred

- Note 1:** All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.
- 2:** If the FWDTEN Configuration bit is '1' (unprogrammed), the WDT is always enabled, regardless of the SWDTEN bit setting.

REGISTER 8-7: DMAxPAD: DMA CHANNEL x PERIPHERAL ADDRESS REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PAD<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PAD<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PAD<15:0>**: Peripheral Address Register bits

Note 1: If the channel is enabled (i.e., active), writes to this register may result in unpredictable behavior of the DMA channel and should be avoided.

REGISTER 8-8: DMAxCNT: DMA CHANNEL x TRANSFER COUNT REGISTER⁽¹⁾

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	CNT<13:8> ⁽²⁾					
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CNT<7:0> ⁽²⁾							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-0 **CNT<13:0>**: DMA Transfer Count Register bits⁽²⁾

Note 1: If the channel is enabled (i.e., active), writes to this register may result in unpredictable behavior of the DMA channel and should be avoided.

2: The number of DMA transfers = CNT<13:0> + 1.

REGISTER 13-2: TyCON: (TIMER3 AND TIMER5) CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
TON ⁽¹⁾	—	TSIDL ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	TGATE ⁽¹⁾	TCKPS1 ⁽¹⁾	TCKPS0 ⁽¹⁾	—	—	TCS ^(1,3)	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **TON:** Timery On bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Starts 16-bit Timery
0 = Stops 16-bit Timery
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **TSIDL:** Timery Stop in Idle Mode bit⁽²⁾
1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6 **TGATE:** Timery Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit⁽¹⁾
When TCS = 1:
This bit is ignored.
When TCS = 0:
1 = Gated time accumulation is enabled
0 = Gated time accumulation is disabled
- bit 5-4 **TCKPS<1:0>:** Timery Input Clock Prescale Select bits⁽¹⁾
11 = 1:256
10 = 1:64
01 = 1:8
00 = 1:1
- bit 3-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **TCS:** Timery Clock Source Select bit^(1,3)
1 = External clock is from pin, TyCK (on the rising edge)
0 = Internal clock (FP)
- bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When 32-bit operation is enabled (T2CON<3> = 1), these bits have no effect on Timery operation; all timer functions are set through TxCON.

2: When 32-bit timer operation is enabled (T32 = 1) in the Timerx Control register (TxCON<3>), the TSIDL bit must be cleared to operate the 32-bit timer in Idle mode.

3: The TyCK pin is not available on all timers. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for the available pins.

REGISTER 20-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5 **ADDEN:** Address Character Detect bit (bit 8 of received data = 1)
1 = Address Detect mode is enabled; if 9-bit mode is not selected, this does not take effect
0 = Address Detect mode is disabled
- bit 4 **RIDLE:** Receiver Idle bit (read-only)
1 = Receiver is Idle
0 = Receiver is active
- bit 3 **PERR:** Parity Error Status bit (read-only)
1 = Parity error has been detected for the current character (character at the top of the receive FIFO)
0 = Parity error has not been detected
- bit 2 **FERR:** Framing Error Status bit (read-only)
1 = Framing error has been detected for the current character (character at the top of the receive FIFO)
0 = Framing error has not been detected
- bit 1 **OERR:** Receive Buffer Overrun Error Status bit (clear/read-only)
1 = Receive buffer has overflowed
0 = Receive buffer has not overflowed; clearing a previously set OERR bit (1 → 0 transition) resets the receiver buffer and the UxRSR to the empty state
- bit 0 **URXDA:** UARTx Receive Buffer Data Available bit (read-only)
1 = Receive buffer has data, at least one more character can be read
0 = Receive buffer is empty

Note 1: Refer to the “**UART**” (DS70582) section in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” for information on enabling the UARTx module for transmit operation.

REGISTER 21-19: CxFMSKSEL2: ECANx FILTER 15-8 MASK SELECTION REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F15MSK<1:0>		F14MSK<1:0>		F13MSK<1:0>		F12MSK<1:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F11MSK<1:0>		F10MSK<1:0>		F9MSK<1:0>		F8MSK<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **F15MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 15 bits

11 = Reserved

10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask

01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask

00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask

bit 13-12 **F14MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 14 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)bit 11-10 **F13MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 13 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)bit 9-8 **F12MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 12 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)bit 7-6 **F11MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 11 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)bit 5-4 **F10MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 10 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)bit 3-2 **F9MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 9 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)bit 1-0 **F8MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 8 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)

REGISTER 23-2: AD1CON2: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
VCFG2	VCFG1	VCFG0	—	—	CSCNA	CHPS1	CHPS0
bit 15						bit 8	

R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
BUFS	SMPI4	SMPI3	SMPI2	SMPI1	SMPI0	BUFM	ALTS
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **VCFG<2:0>**: Converter Voltage Reference Configuration bits

Value	VREFH	VREFL
000	AVDD	Avss
001	External VREF+	Avss
010	AVDD	External VREF-
011	External VREF+	External VREF-
1xx	AVDD	AVSS

bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 **CSCNA:** Input Scan Select bit

1 = Scans inputs for CH0+ during Sample MUXA

0 = Does not scan inputs

bit 9-8 **CHPS<1:0>**: Channel Select bits

In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), the CHPS<1:0> bits are Unimplemented and are Read as '0':

1x = Converts CH0, CH1, CH2 and CH3

01 = Converts CH0 and CH1

00 = Converts CH0

bit 7 **BUFS:** Buffer Fill Status bit (only valid when BUFM = 1)

1 = ADC is currently filling the second half of the buffer; the user application should access data in the first half of the buffer

0 = ADC is currently filling the first half of the buffer; the user application should access data in the second half of the buffer

bit 6-2 **SMPI<4:0>**: Increment Rate bits

When ADDMAEN = 0:

x1111 = Generates interrupt after completion of every 16th sample/conversion operation

x1110 = Generates interrupt after completion of every 15th sample/conversion operation

.

.

.

x0001 = Generates interrupt after completion of every 2nd sample/conversion operation

x0000 = Generates interrupt after completion of every sample/conversion operation

When ADDMAEN = 1:

11111 = Increments the DMA address after completion of every 32nd sample/conversion operation

11110 = Increments the DMA address after completion of every 31st sample/conversion operation

.

.

.

00001 = Increments the DMA address after completion of every 2nd sample/conversion operation

00000 = Increments the DMA address after completion of every sample/conversion operation

24.4 Step Commands and Format

TABLE 24-1: PTG STEP COMMAND FORMAT

Step Command Byte:			
STEPx<7:0>			
CMD<3:0>		OPTION<3:0>	
bit 7	bit 4	bit 3	bit 0

bit 7-4	CMD<3:0>	Step Command	Command Description
	0000	PTGCTRL	Execute control command as described by OPTION<3:0>.
	0001	PTGADD	Add contents of PTGADJ register to target register as described by OPTION<3:0>.
		PTGCOPY	Copy contents of PTGHOLD register to target register as described by OPTION<3:0>.
	001x	PTGSTRB	Copy the value contained in CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0> to the CH0SA<4:0> bits (AD1CHS0<4:0>).
	0100	PTGWHI	Wait for a low-to-high edge input from the selected PTG trigger input as described by OPTION<3:0>.
	0101	PTGWLO	Wait for a high-to-low edge input from the selected PTG trigger input as described by OPTION<3:0>.
	0110	Reserved	Reserved.
	0111	PTGIRQ	Generate individual interrupt request as described by OPTION3<0>.
	100x	PTGTRIG	Generate individual trigger output as described by <<CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0>>.
	101x	PTGJMP	Copy the value indicated in <<CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0>> to the Queue Pointer (PTGQPTR) and jump to that Step queue.
	110x	PTGJMPC0	PTGC0 = PTGC0LIM: Increment the Queue Pointer (PTGQPTR).
			PTGC0 ≠ PTGC0LIM: Increment Counter 0 (PTGC0) and copy the value indicated in <<CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0>> to the Queue Pointer (PTGQPTR), and jump to that Step queue
	111x	PTGJMPC1	PTGC1 = PTGC1LIM: Increment the Queue Pointer (PTGQPTR).
			PTGC1 ≠ PTGC1LIM: Increment Counter 1 (PTGC1) and copy the value indicated in <<CMD<0>:OPTION<3:0>> to the Queue Pointer (PTGQPTR), and jump to that Step queue.

Note 1: All reserved commands or options will execute but have no effect (i.e., execute as a NOP instruction).

2: Refer to Table 24-2 for the trigger output descriptions.

3: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

REGISTER 27-1: DEVID: DEVICE ID REGISTER

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<23:16> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 23				bit 16			

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<15:8> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 15				bit 8			

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<7:0> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend: R = Read-Only bit U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0 **DEVID<23:0>**: Device Identifier bits⁽¹⁾

Note 1: Refer to the “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits” (DS70663) for the list of device ID values.

REGISTER 27-2: DEVREV: DEVICE REVISION REGISTER

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<23:16> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 23				bit 16			

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<15:8> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 15				bit 8			

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<7:0> ⁽¹⁾							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend: R = Read-only bit U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0 **DEVREV<23:0>**: Device Revision bits⁽¹⁾

Note 1: Refer to the “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits” (DS70663) for the list of device revision values.

27.5 Watchdog Timer (WDT)

For dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices, the WDT is driven by the LPRC oscillator. When the WDT is enabled, the clock source is also enabled.

27.5.1 PRESCALER/POSTSCALER

The nominal WDT clock source from LPRC is 32 kHz. This feeds a prescaler that can be configured for either 5-bit (divide-by-32) or 7-bit (divide-by-128) operation. The prescaler is set by the WDTPRE Configuration bit. With a 32 kHz input, the prescaler yields a WDT Time-out period (TWDT), as shown in Parameter SY12 in Table 30-22.

A variable postscaler divides down the WDT prescaler output and allows for a wide range of time-out periods. The postscaler is controlled by the WDTPOST<3:0> Configuration bits (FWDT<3:0>), which allow the selection of 16 settings, from 1:1 to 1:32,768. Using the prescaler and postscaler, time-out periods ranging from 1 ms to 131 seconds can be achieved.

The WDT, prescaler and postscaler are reset:

- On any device Reset
- On the completion of a clock switch, whether invoked by software (i.e., setting the OSWEN bit after changing the NOSCx bits) or by hardware (i.e., Fail-Safe Clock Monitor)
- When a PWRSAV instruction is executed (i.e., Sleep or Idle mode is entered)
- When the device exits Sleep or Idle mode to resume normal operation
- By a CLRWDT instruction during normal execution

Note: The CLRWDT and PWRSAV instructions clear the prescaler and postscaler counts when executed.

27.5.2 SLEEP AND IDLE MODES

If the WDT is enabled, it continues to run during Sleep or Idle modes. When the WDT time-out occurs, the device wakes the device and code execution continues from where the PWRSAV instruction was executed. The corresponding SLEEP or IDLE bit (RCON<3,2>) needs to be cleared in software after the device wakes up.

27.5.3 ENABLING WDT

The WDT is enabled or disabled by the FWDTEN Configuration bit in the FWDT Configuration register. When the FWDTEN Configuration bit is set, the WDT is always enabled.

The WDT can be optionally controlled in software when the FWDTEN Configuration bit has been programmed to '0'. The WDT is enabled in software by setting the SWDTEN control bit (RCON<5>). The SWDTEN control bit is cleared on any device Reset. The software WDT option allows the user application to enable the WDT for critical code segments and disable the WDT during non-critical segments for maximum power savings.

The WDT flag bit, WDTO (RCON<4>), is not automatically cleared following a WDT time-out. To detect subsequent WDT events, the flag must be cleared in software.

27.5.4 WDT WINDOW

The Watchdog Timer has an optional Windowed mode, enabled by programming the WINDIS bit in the WDT Configuration register (FWDT<6>). In the Windowed mode (WINDIS = 0), the WDT should be cleared based on the settings in the programmable Watchdog Timer Window select bits (WDTWIN<1:0>).

FIGURE 27-2: WDT BLOCK DIAGRAM

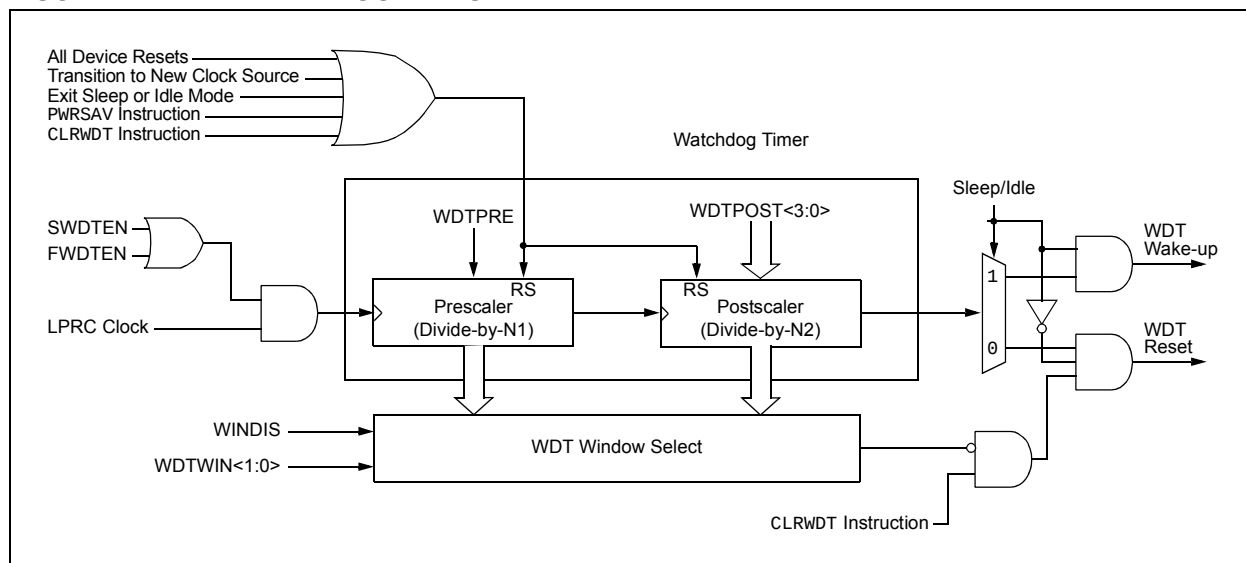


TABLE 30-11: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN INPUT SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DI50	I _{IL}	Input Leakage Current^(1,2) I/O Pins 5V Tolerant ⁽³⁾	-1	—	+1	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD} , Pin at high-impedance
DI51		I/O Pins Not 5V Tolerant ⁽³⁾	-1	—	+1	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD} , Pin at high-impedance, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$
DI51a		I/O Pins Not 5V Tolerant ⁽³⁾	-1	—	+1	μA	Analog pins shared with external reference pins, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$
DI51b		I/O Pins Not 5V Tolerant ⁽³⁾	-1	—	+1	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD} , Pin at high-impedance, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$
DI51c		I/O Pins Not 5V Tolerant ⁽³⁾	-1	—	+1	μA	Analog pins shared with external reference pins, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$
DI55		MCLR	-5	—	+5	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD}
DI56		OSC1	-5	—	+5	μA	V _{SS} ≤ V _{PIN} ≤ V _{DD} , XT and HS modes

- Note 1:** The leakage current on the MCLR pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current can be measured at different input voltages.
- 2:** Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.
- 3:** See the “Pin Diagrams” section for the 5V tolerant I/O pins.
- 4:** V_{IL} source < (V_{SS} – 0.3). Characterized but not tested.
- 5:** Non-5V tolerant pins V_{IH} source > (V_{DD} + 0.3), 5V tolerant pins V_{IH} source > 5.5V. Characterized but not tested.
- 6:** Digital 5V tolerant pins cannot tolerate any “positive” input injection current from input sources > 5.5V.
- 7:** Non-zero injection currents can affect the ADC results by approximately 4-6 counts.
- 8:** Any number and/or combination of I/O pins not excluded under I_{ICL} or I_{ICH} conditions are permitted provided the mathematical “absolute instantaneous” sum of the input injection currents from all pins do not exceed the specified limit. Characterized but not tested.

TABLE 30-11: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN INPUT SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DI60a	I _{ICL}	Input Low Injection Current	0	—	-5 ^(4,7)	mA	All pins except V _{DD} , V _{SS} , AV _{DD} , AV _{SS} , MCLR, V _{CAP} and RB7
DI60b	I _{ICH}	Input High Injection Current	0	—	+5 ^(5,6,7)	mA	All pins except V _{DD} , V _{SS} , AV _{DD} , AV _{SS} , MCLR, V _{CAP} , RB7 and all 5V tolerant pins ⁽⁶⁾
DI60c	ΣI_{ICT}	Total Input Injection Current (sum of all I/O and control pins)	-20 ⁽⁸⁾	—	+20 ⁽⁸⁾	mA	Absolute instantaneous sum of all $\pm$ input injection currents from all I/O pins ($ I_{ICL} + I_{ICH} $) $\leq \Sigma I_{ICT}$

- Note 1:** The leakage current on the MCLR pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current can be measured at different input voltages.
- 2:** Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.
- 3:** See the “Pin Diagrams” section for the 5V tolerant I/O pins.
- 4:** V_{IL} source < (V_{SS} – 0.3). Characterized but not tested.
- 5:** Non-5V tolerant pins V_{IH} source > (V_{DD} + 0.3), 5V tolerant pins V_{IH} source > 5.5V. Characterized but not tested.
- 6:** Digital 5V tolerant pins cannot tolerate any “positive” input injection current from input sources > 5.5V.
- 7:** Non-zero injection currents can affect the ADC results by approximately 4-6 counts.
- 8:** Any number and/or combination of I/O pins not excluded under I_{ICL} or I_{ICH} conditions are permitted provided the mathematical “absolute instantaneous” sum of the input injection currents from all pins do not exceed the specified limit. Characterized but not tested.

FIGURE 30-5: TIMER1-TIMER5 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

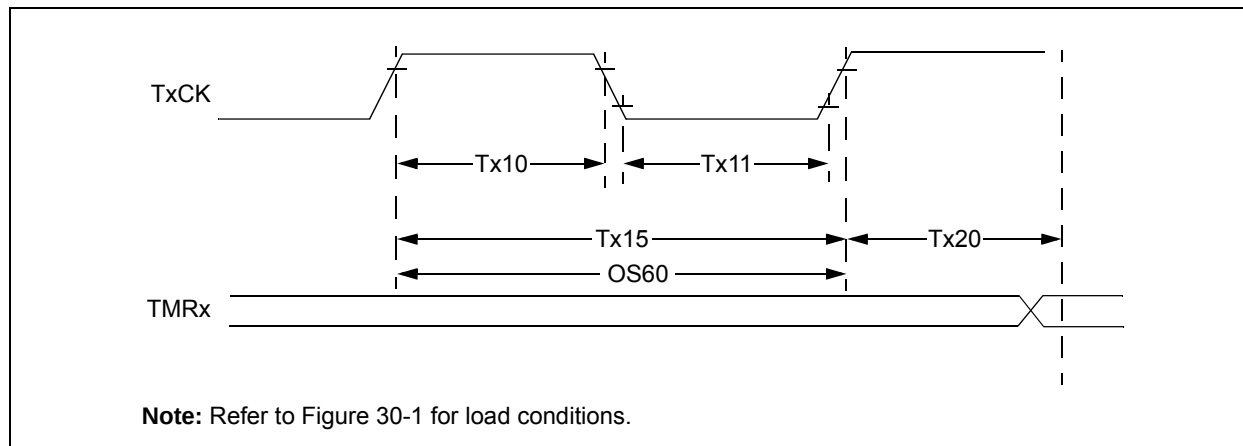


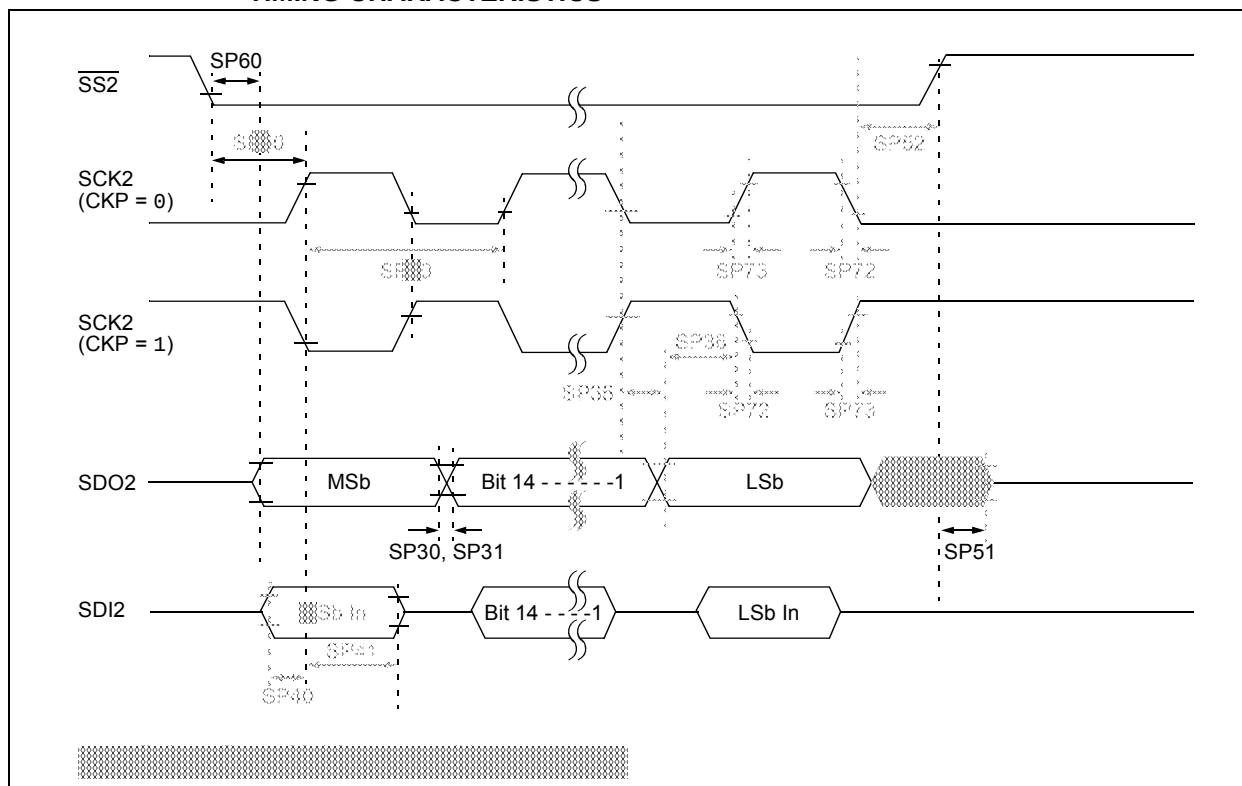
TABLE 30-23: TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS⁽¹⁾

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽²⁾		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
TA10	TtxH	T1CK High Time	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 20 or (Tcy + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TA15, N = prescaler value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Asynchronous	35	—	—	ns	
TA11	TtxL	T1CK Low Time	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 20 or (Tcy + 20)/N	—	—	ns	Must also meet Parameter TA15, N = prescaler value (1, 8, 64, 256)
			Asynchronous	10	—	—	ns	
TA15	TtxP	T1CK Input Period	Synchronous mode	Greater of: 40 or (2 Tcy + 40)/N	—	—	ns	N = prescale value (1, 8, 64, 256)
OS60	Ft1	T1CK Oscillator Input Frequency Range (oscillator enabled by setting bit, TCS (T1CON<1>))		DC	—	50	kHz	
TA20	TCKEXTMRL	Delay from External T1CK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		0.75 Tcy + 40	—	1.75 Tcy + 40	ns	

Note 1: Timer1 is a Type A.

Note 2: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

**FIGURE 30-18: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 30-38: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Input Frequency	—	—	Lesser of Fp or 11	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK2 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK2 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS2} \downarrow$ to SCK2 $\uparrow$ or SCK2 $\downarrow$ Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS2} \uparrow$ to SDO2 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	Tsch2ssH TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS2} \uparrow$ after SCK2 Edge	1.5 Tcy + 40	—	—	ns	(Note 4)
SP60	TssL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after $\overline{SS2}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	

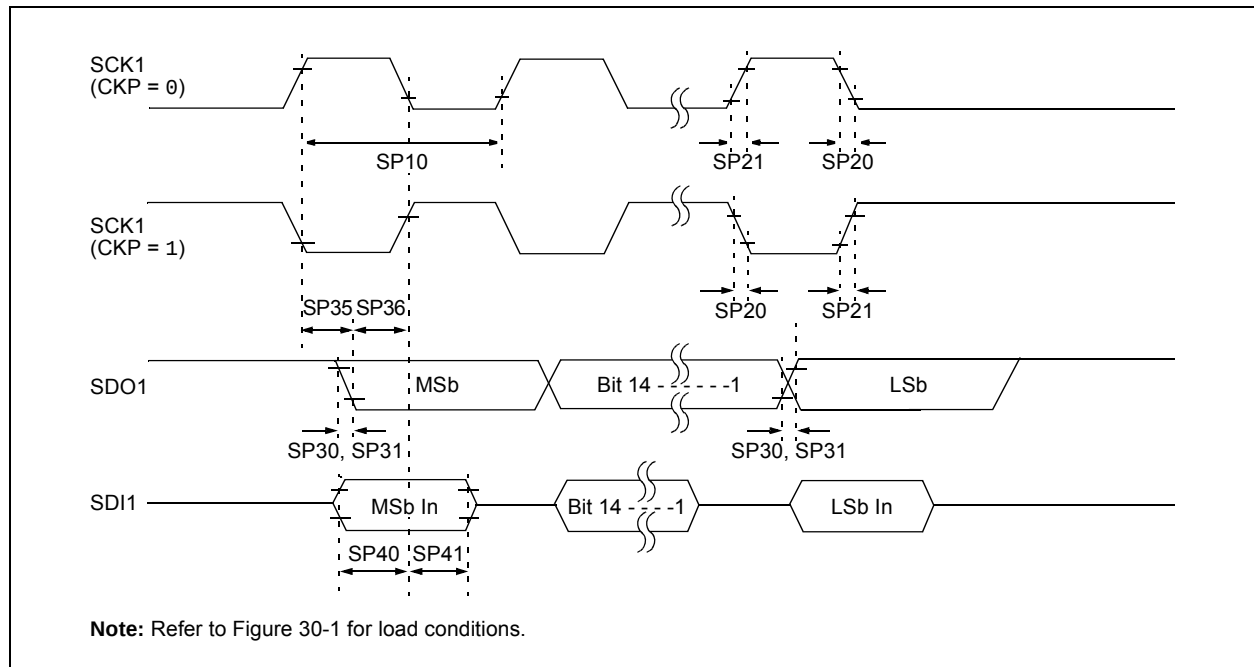
Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCK2 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.

**FIGURE 30-25: SPI1 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 30-44: SPI1 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP10	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Frequency	—	—	10	MHz	-40°C to +125°C (Note 3)
SP20	TscF	SCK1 Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP21	TscR	SCK1 Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 100 ns. The clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

TABLE 30-59: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (10-BIT MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) ⁽¹⁾ Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
ADC Accuracy (10-Bit Mode)							
AD20b	Nr	Resolution	10 Data Bits			bits	
AD21b	INL	Integral Nonlinearity	-0.625	—	0.625	LSb	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C (Note 2)
			-1.5	—	1.5	LSb	+85°C < TA ≤ +125°C (Note 2)
AD22b	DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	-0.25	—	0.25	LSb	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C (Note 2)
			-0.25	—	0.25	LSb	+85°C < TA ≤ +125°C (Note 2)
AD23b	GERR	Gain Error	-2.5	—	2.5	LSb	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C (Note 2)
			-2.5	—	2.5	LSb	+85°C < TA ≤ +125°C (Note 2)
AD24b	EOFF	Offset Error	-1.25	—	1.25	LSb	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C (Note 2)
			-1.25	—	1.25	LSb	+85°C < TA ≤ +125°C (Note 2)
AD25b	—	Monotonicity	—	—	—	—	Guaranteed
Dynamic Performance (10-Bit Mode)							
AD30b	THD	Total Harmonic Distortion ⁽³⁾	—	64	—	dB	
AD31b	SINAD	Signal to Noise and Distortion ⁽³⁾	—	57	—	dB	
AD32b	SFDR	Spurious Free Dynamic Range ⁽³⁾	—	72	—	dB	
AD33b	FNYQ	Input Signal Bandwidth ⁽³⁾	—	550	—	kHz	
AD34b	ENOB	Effective Number of Bits ⁽³⁾	—	9.4	—	bits	

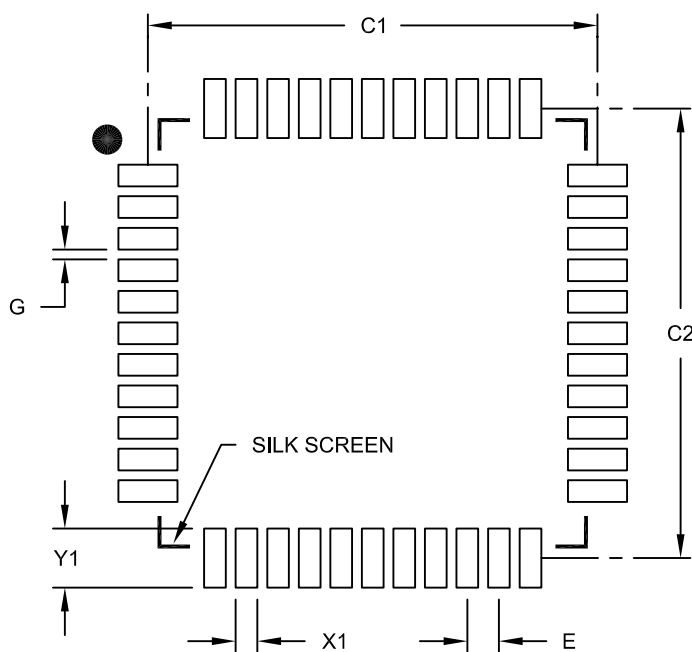
Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but not characterized. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

2: For all accuracy specifications, VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V and AVDD = VREFH = 3.6V.

3: Parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) 10X10X1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.80 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.55
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2076B

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