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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

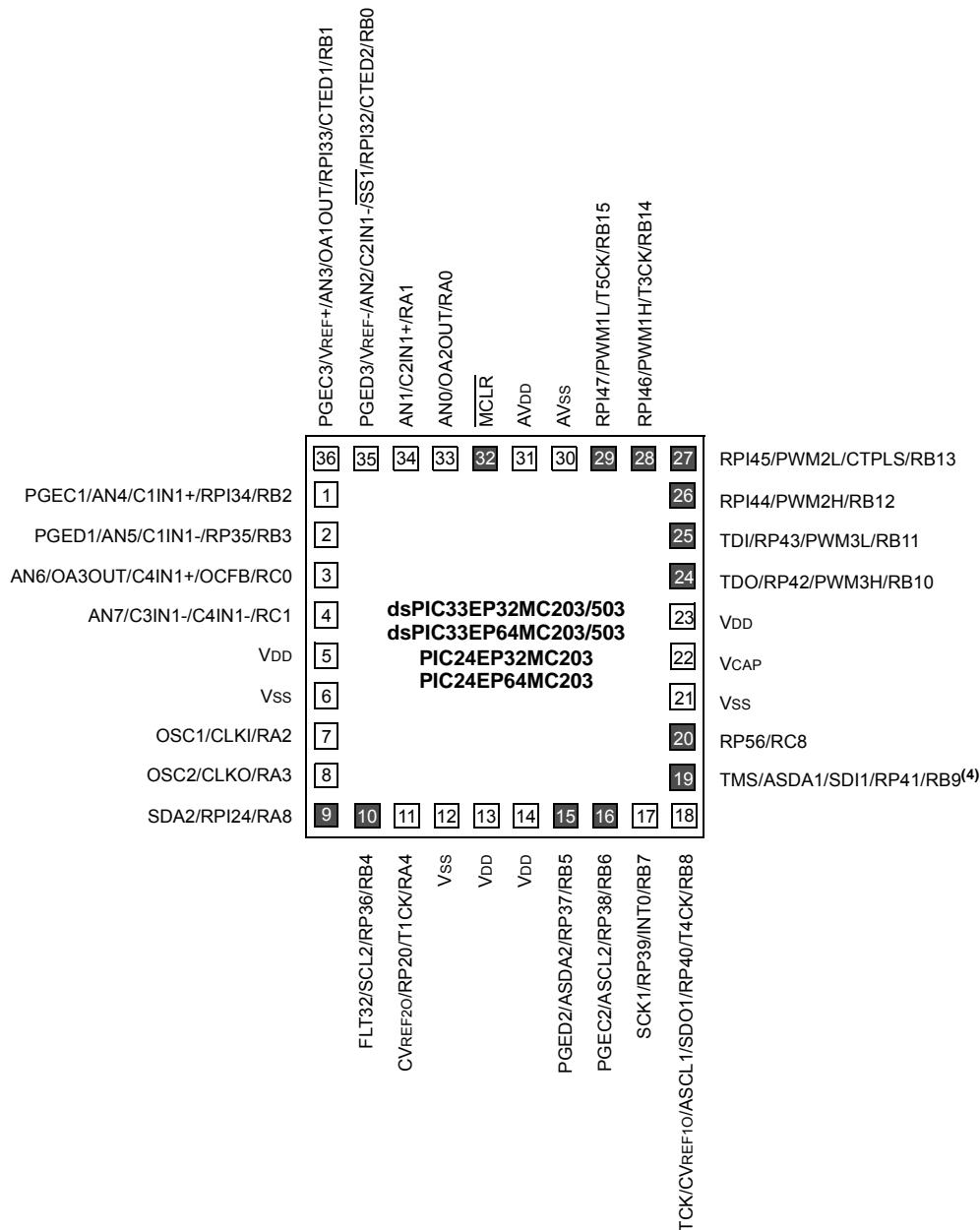
Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	128KB (43K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VFTLA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-VFTLA (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep128mc204t-e-tl

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

36-Pin VTLA^(1,2,3)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note 1:** The RPn/RPI_n pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)**” for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- 2:** Every I/O port pin (RA_x-RG_x) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CN_{Ax}-CNG_x). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports**” for more information.
- 3:** The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to Vss externally.
- 4:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

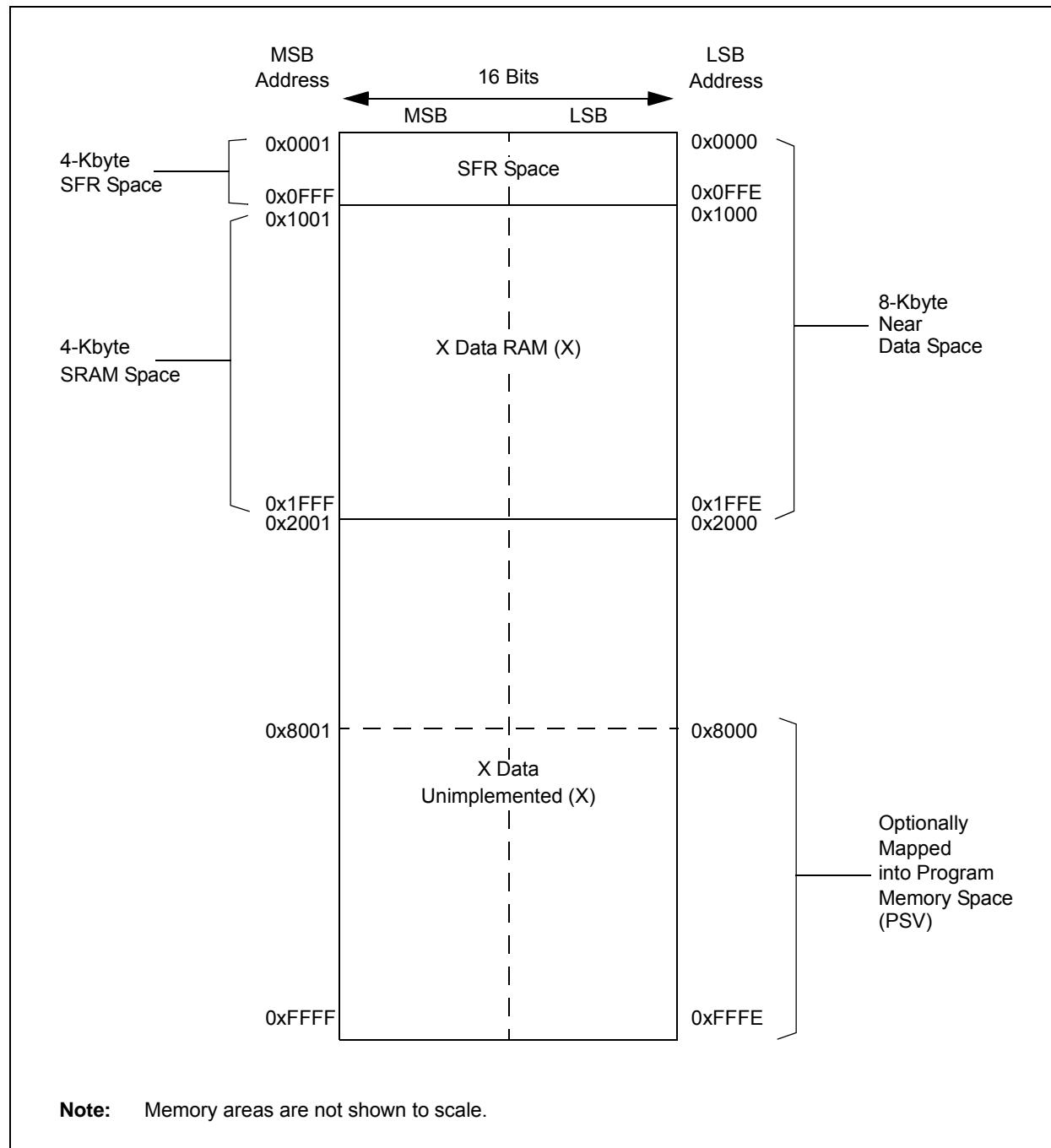
FIGURE 4-12: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR PIC24EP32GP/MC20X/50X DEVICES

TABLE 4-4: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets		
IPC35	0886	—	JTAGIP<2:0>				—	ICDIP<2:0>				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4400	
IPC36	0888	—	PTG0IP<2:0>				—	PTGWDTIP<2:0>				—	PTGSTEPIP<2:0>				—	—	—	4440
IPC37	088A	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IP<2:0>				—	PTG2IP<2:0>				—	PTG1IP<2:0>		0444	
INTCON1	08C0	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	—	—	—	—	—	—	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	—	0000		
INTCON2	08C2	GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	8000		
INTCON3	08C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DAE	DOOVR	—	—	—	—	0000		
INTCON4	08C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SGHT	0000		
INTTREG	08C8	—	—	—	—	—	ILR<3:0>				VECNUM<7:0>								0000	

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-7: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC50X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IFS0	0800	—	DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF	T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA0IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF	0000
IFS1	0802	U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF	—	—	—	INT1IF	CNIF	CMIF	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF	0000
IFS2	0804	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IF	IC3IF	DMA3IF	C1IF	C1RXIF	SPI2IF	SPI2EIF	0000
IFS3	0806	—	—	—	—	—	QE1IF	PSEMIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IF	SI2C2IF	—	0000
IFS4	0808	—	—	CTMUIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	C1TXIF	—	—	CRCIF	U2EIF	U1EIF	—	0000
IFS5	080A	PWM2IF	PWM1IF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS6	080C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IF	0000
IFS8	0810	JTAGIF	ICDIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS9	0812	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IF	PTG2IF	PTG1IF	PTG0IF	PTGWDIF	PTGSTEPIF	—	0000
IEC0	0820	—	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIE	T3IE	T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE	0000
IEC1	0822	U2TXIE	U2RXIE	INT2IE	T5IE	T4IE	OC4IE	OC3IE	DMA2IE	—	—	—	INT1IE	CNIE	CMIE	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE	0000
IEC2	0824	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IE	IC3IE	DMA3IE	C1IE	C1RXIE	SPI2IE	SPI2EIE	0000
IEC3	0826	—	—	—	—	—	QE1IE	PSEMIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IE	SI2C2IE	—	0000
IEC4	0828	—	—	CTMUIE	—	—	—	—	—	C1TXIE	—	—	CRCIE	U2EIE	U1EIE	—	0000	
IEC5	082A	PWM2IE	PWM1IE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC6	082C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IE	0000
IEC7	082E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC8	0830	JTAGIE	ICDIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC9	0832	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IE	PTG2IE	PTG1IE	PTG0IE	PTGWDIE	PTGSTEPIE	—	0000	
IPC0	0840	—	T1IP<2:0>			—	OC1IP<2:0>			—	IC1IP<2:0>			—	INT0IP<2:0>			4444
IPC1	0842	—	T2IP<2:0>			—	OC2IP<2:0>			—	IC2IP<2:0>			—	DMA0IP<2:0>			4444
IPC2	0844	—	U1RXIP<2:0>			—	SPI1IP<2:0>			—	SPI1EIP<2:0>			—	T3IP<2:0>			4444
IPC3	0846	—	—	—	—	—	DMA1IP<2:0>			—	AD1IP<2:0>			—	U1TXIP<2:0>			0444
IPC4	0848	—	CNIP<2:0>			—	CMIP<2:0>			—	MI2C1IP<2:0>			—	SI2C1IP<2:0>			4444
IPC5	084A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT1IP<2:0>			0004
IPC6	084C	—	T4IP<2:0>			—	OC4IP<2:0>			—	OC3IP<2:0>			—	DMA2IP<2:0>			4444
IPC7	084E	—	U2TXIP<2:0>			—	U2RXIP<2:0>			—	INT2IP<2:0>			—	T5IP<2:0>			4444
IPC8	0850	—	C1IP<2:0>			—	C1RXIP<2:0>			—	SPI2IP<2:0>			—	SPI2EIP<2:0>			4444
IPC9	0852	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IP<2:0>			—	IC3IP<2:0>			—	DMA3IP<2:0>			0444
IPC12	0858	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IP<2:0>			—	SI2C2IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0440
IPC14	085C	—	—	—	—	—	QE1IP<2:0>			—	PSEMIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0440
IPC16	0860	—	CRCIP<2:0>			—	U2EIP<2:0>			—	U1EIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	4440
IPC17	0862	—	—	—	—	—	C1TXIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0400
IPC19	0866	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CTMUIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0040

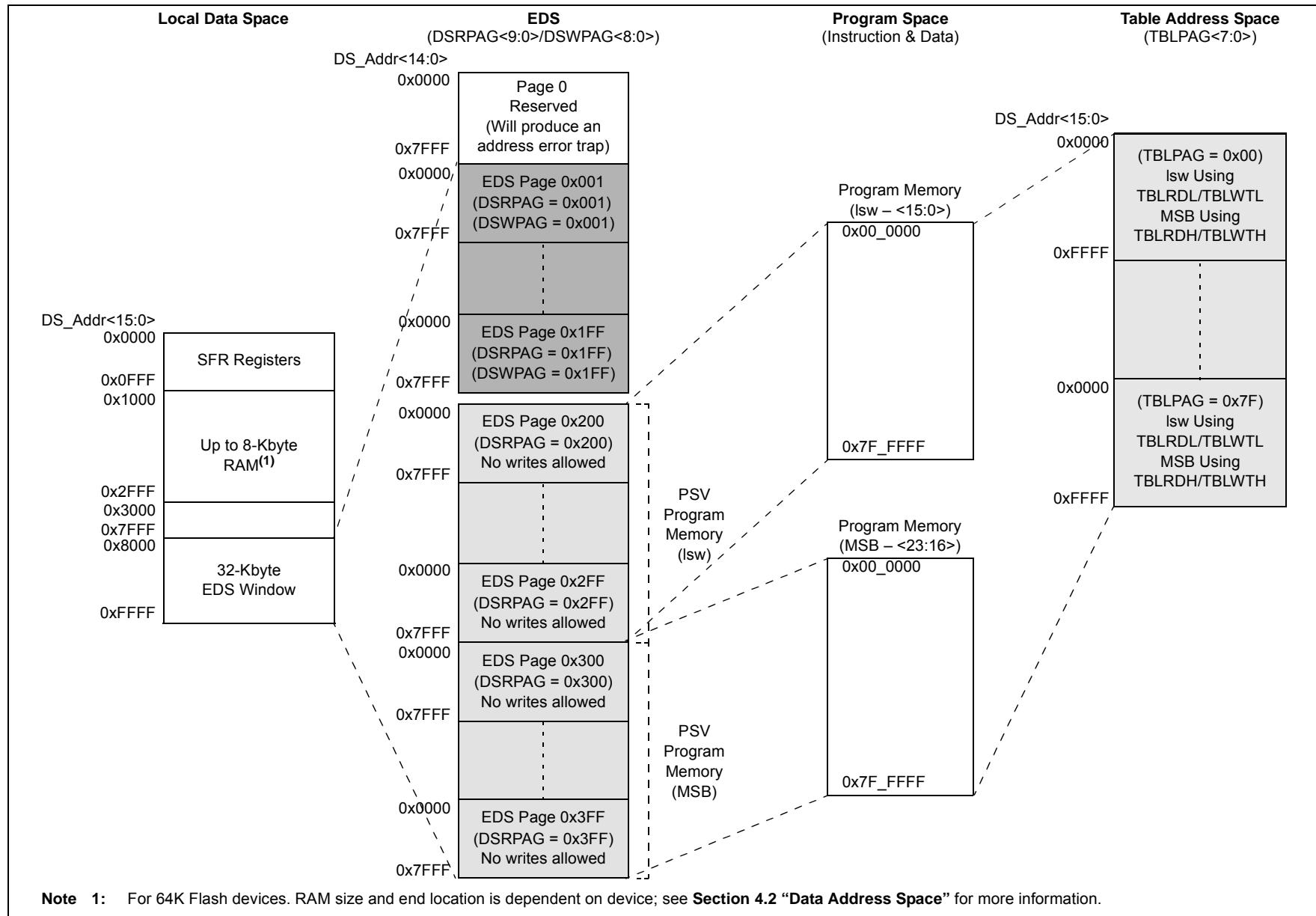
Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-45: DMAC REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
DMA0CON	0B00	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>	—	—	—	MODE<1:0>	0000	
DMA0REQ	0B02	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<7:0>	—	—	—	—	00FF	
DMA0STAL	0B04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STA<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA0STAH	0B06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STA<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA0STBL	0B08	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STB<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA0STBH	0B0A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STB<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA0PAD	0B0C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PAD<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA0CNT	0B0E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<13:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA1CON	0B10	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>	—	—	—	MODE<1:0>	0000	
DMA1REQ	0B12	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<7:0>	—	—	—	—	00FF	
DMA1STAL	0B14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STA<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA1STAH	0B16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STA<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA1STBL	0B18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STB<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA1STBH	0B1A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STB<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA1PAD	0B1C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PAD<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA1CNT	0B1E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<13:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA2CON	0B20	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>	—	—	—	MODE<1:0>	0000	
DMA2REQ	0B22	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<7:0>	—	—	—	—	00FF	
DMA2STAL	0B24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STA<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA2STAH	0B26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STA<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA2STBL	0B28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STB<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA2STBH	0B2A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STB<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA2PAD	0B2C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PAD<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA2CNT	0B2E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<13:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA3CON	0B30	CHEN	SIZE	DIR	HALF	NULLW	—	—	—	—	—	AMODE<1:0>	—	—	—	MODE<1:0>	0000	
DMA3REQ	0B32	FORCE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IRQSEL<7:0>	—	—	—	—	00FF	
DMA3STAL	0B34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STA<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA3STAH	0B36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STA<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA3STBL	0B38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STB<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA3STBH	0B3A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	STB<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA3PAD	0B3C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PAD<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMA3CNT	0B3E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNT<13:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DMAPWC	0BF0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWCOL3	PWCOL2	PWCOL1	PWCOL0	0000		
DMARQC	0BF2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RQCOL3	RQCOL2	RQCOL1	RQCOL0	0000		
DMAPPS	0BF4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PPST3	PPST2	PPST1	PPST0	0000		
DMALCA	0BF6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LSTCH<3:0>	000F	
DSADRLL	0BF8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DSADR<15:0>	—	—	—	—	0000	
DSADRHH	0BF8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DSADR<23:16>	—	—	—	—	0000	

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

EXAMPLE 4-3: PAGED DATA MEMORY SPACE



5.2 RTSP Operation

RTSP allows the user application to erase a single page of memory and to program two instruction words at a time. See the General Purpose and Motor Control Family tables (Table 1 and Table 2, respectively) for the page sizes of each device.

For more information on erasing and programming Flash memory, refer to “**Flash Programming**” (DS70609) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”.

5.3 Programming Operations

A complete programming sequence is necessary for programming or erasing the internal Flash in RTSP mode. The processor stalls (waits) until the programming operation is finished.

For erase and program times, refer to Parameters D137a and D137b (Page Erase Time), and D138a and D138b (Word Write Cycle Time) in Table 30-14 in **Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”**.

Setting the WR bit (NVMCON<15>) starts the operation and the WR bit is automatically cleared when the operation is finished.

5.3.1 PROGRAMMING ALGORITHM FOR FLASH PROGRAM MEMORY

Programmers can program two adjacent words (24 bits x 2) of program Flash memory at a time on every other word address boundary (0x000002, 0x000006, 0x00000A, etc.). To do this, it is necessary to erase the page that contains the desired address of the location the user wants to change.

For protection against accidental operations, the write initiate sequence for NVMKEY must be used to allow any erase or program operation to proceed. After the programming command has been executed, the user application must wait for the programming time until programming is complete. The two instructions following the start of the programming sequence should be NOPs.

Refer to **Flash Programming**” (DS70609) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” for details and codes examples on programming using RTSP.

5.4 Flash Memory Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

5.4.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “**Flash Programming**” (DS70609) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

5.5 Control Registers

Four SFRs are used to erase and write the program Flash memory: NVMCON, NVMKEY, NVMADRH and NVMADRL.

The NVMCON register (Register 5-1) enables and initiates Flash memory erase and write operations.

NVMKEY (Register 5-4) is a write-only register that is used for write protection. To start a programming or erase sequence, the user application must consecutively write 0x55 and 0xAA to the NVMKEY register.

There are two NVM Address registers: NVMADRH and NVMADRL. These two registers, when concatenated, form the 24-bit Effective Address (EA) of the selected word for programming operations or the selected page for erase operations.

The NVMADRH register is used to hold the upper 8 bits of the EA, while the NVMADRL register is used to hold the lower 16 bits of the EA.

REGISTER 11-4: RPINR7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 7

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—				IC2R<6:0>			
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—				IC1R<6:0>			
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 14-8 **IC2R<6:0>:** Assign Input Capture 2 (IC2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 6-0 **IC1R<6:0>:** Assign Input Capture 1 (IC1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-10: RPINR18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 18

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	U1RXR<6:0>						
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 6-0 **U1RXR<6:0>:** Assign UART1 Receive (U1RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-11: RPINR19: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 19

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	U2RXR<6:0>						
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 6-0 **U2RXR<6:0>:** Assign UART2 Receive (U2RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

**REGISTER 11-15: RPINR37: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 37
(dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY)**

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	SYNCI1R<6:0>						
bit 15	bit 8						

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **SYNCI1R<6:0>:** Assign PWM Synchronization Input 1 to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

21.2 Modes of Operation

The ECAN module can operate in one of several operation modes selected by the user. These modes include:

- Initialization mode
- Disable mode
- Normal Operation mode
- Listen Only mode
- Listen All Messages mode
- Loopback mode

Modes are requested by setting the REQOP<2:0> bits (CxCTRL1<10:8>). Entry into a mode is Acknowledged by monitoring the OPMODE<2:0> bits (CxCTRL1<7:5>). The module does not change the mode and the OPMODEx bits until a change in mode is acceptable, generally during bus Idle time, which is defined as at least 11 consecutive recessive bits.

21.3 ECAN Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

21.3.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “**Enhanced Controller Area Network (ECAN™)**” (DS70353) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

23.4 ADC Control Registers

REGISTER 23-1: AD1CON1: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 1

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADON	—	ADSLIDL	ADDMABM	—	AD12B	FORM1	FORM0
bit 15							
bit 8							

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0, HC, HS	R/C-0, HC, HS
SSRC2	SSRC1	SSRC0	SSRCG	SIMSAM	ASAM	SAMP	DONE ⁽³⁾
bit 7							
bit 0							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

-n = Value at POR

HC = Hardware Clearable bit HS = Hardware Settable bit C = Clearable bit

W = Writable bit

'1' = Bit is set

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **ADON:** ADC1 Operating Mode bit
 1 = ADC module is operating
 0 = ADC is off
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **ADSLIDL:** ADC1 Stop in Idle Mode bit
 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode
 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12 **ADDMABM:** DMA Buffer Build Mode bit
 1 = DMA buffers are written in the order of conversion; the module provides an address to the DMA channel that is the same as the address used for the non-DMA stand-alone buffer
 0 = DMA buffers are written in Scatter/Gather mode; the module provides a Scatter/Gather address to the DMA channel, based on the index of the analog input and the size of the DMA buffer.
- bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10 **AD12B:** ADC1 10-Bit or 12-Bit Operation Mode bit
 1 = 12-bit, 1-channel ADC operation
 0 = 10-bit, 4-channel ADC operation
- bit 9-8 **FORM<1:0>:** Data Output Format bits
For 10-Bit Operation:
 11 = Signed fractional (DOUT = sddd dddd dd00 0000, where s = .NOT.d<9>)
 10 = Fractional (DOUT = dddd dddd dd00 0000)
 01 = Signed integer (DOUT = ssss ssss dddd dddd, where s = .NOT.d<9>)
 00 = Integer (DOUT = 0000 00dd dddd dddd)
For 12-Bit Operation:
 11 = Signed fractional (DOUT = sddd dddd dddd 0000, where s = .NOT.d<11>)
 10 = Fractional (DOUT = dddd dddd dddd 0000)
 01 = Signed integer (DOUT = ssss ssss dddd dddd, where s = .NOT.d<11>)
 00 = Integer (DOUT = 0000 dddd dddd dddd)

Note 1: See **Section 24.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module”** for information on this selection.

2: This setting is available in dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

3: Do not clear the DONE bit in software if Auto-Sample is enabled (ASAM = 1).

TABLE 24-1: PTG STEP COMMAND FORMAT (CONTINUED)

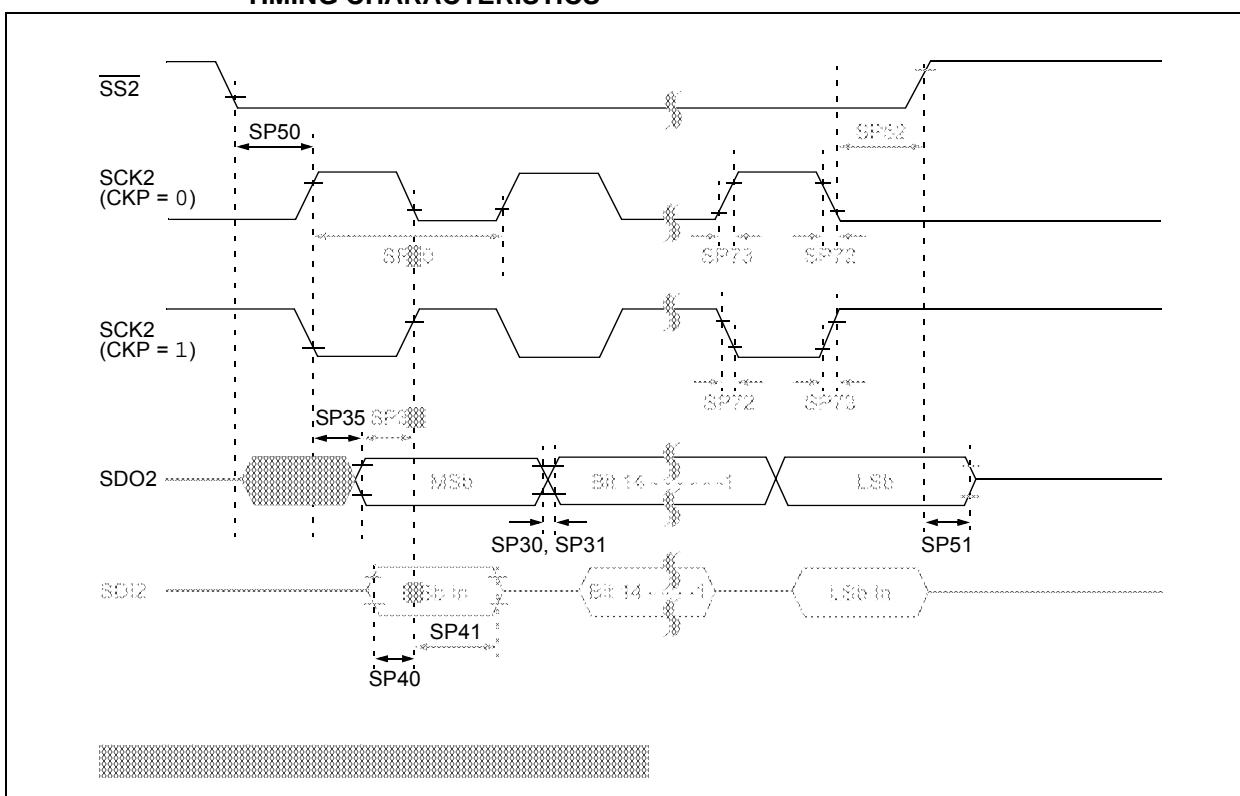
bit 3-0	Step Command	OPTION<3:0>	Option Description
PTGCTRL ⁽¹⁾	0000	Reserved.	
	0001	Reserved.	
	0010	Disable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).	
	0011	Reserved.	
	0100	Reserved.	
	0101	Reserved.	
	0110	Enable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).	
	0111	Reserved.	
	1000	Start and wait for the PTG Timer0 to match the Timer0 Limit Register.	
	1001	Start and wait for the PTG Timer1 to match the Timer1 Limit Register.	
	1010	Reserved.	
	1011	Wait for the software trigger bit transition from low-to-high before continuing (PTGSWT = 0 to 1).	
	1100	Copy contents of the Counter 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.	
	1101	Copy contents of the Counter 1 register to the AD1CHS0 register.	
	1110	Copy contents of the Literal 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.	
	1111	Generate triggers indicated in the Broadcast Trigger Enable register (PTGBTE).	
PTGADD ⁽¹⁾	0000	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).	
	0001	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).	
	0010	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).	
	0011	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).	
	0100	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).	
	0101	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).	
	0110	Reserved.	
	0111	Reserved.	
PTGCOPY ⁽¹⁾	1000	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).	
	1001	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).	
	1010	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).	
	1011	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).	
	1100	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).	
	1101	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).	
	1110	Reserved.	
	1111	Reserved.	

Note 1: All reserved commands or options will execute but have no effect (i.e., execute as a NOP instruction).

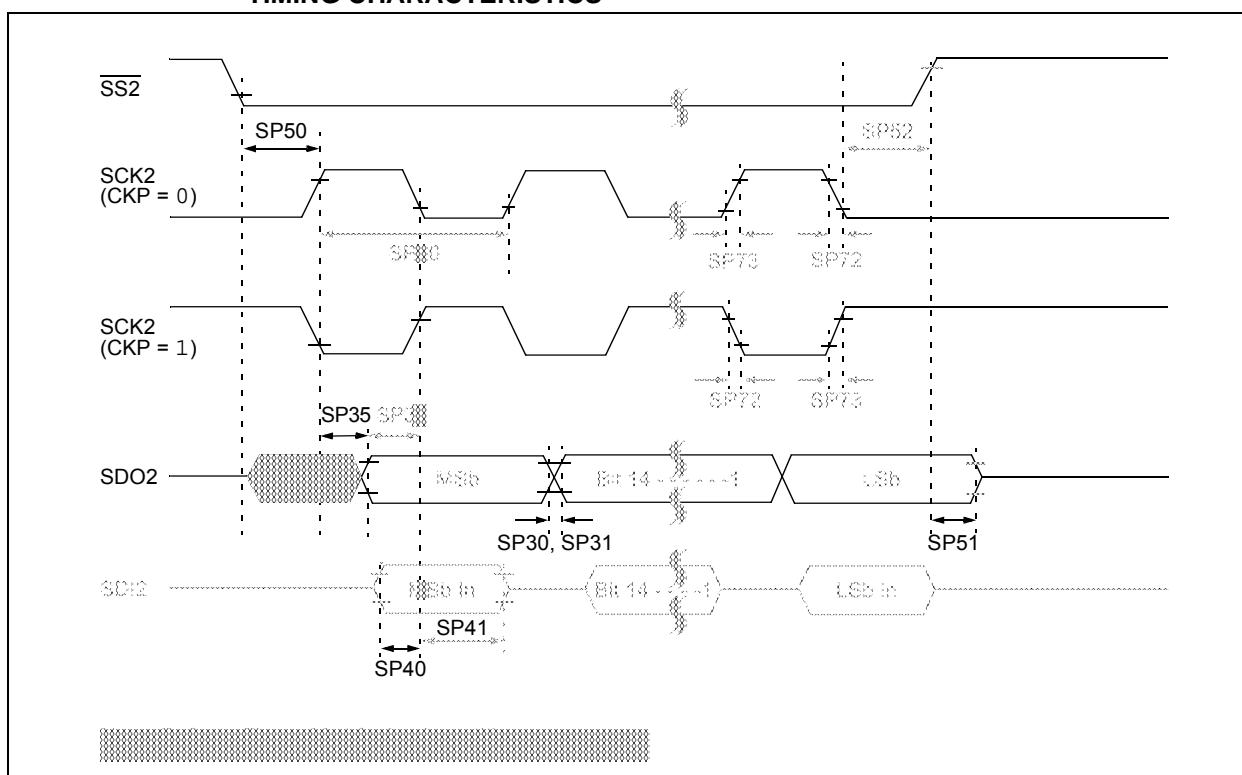
2: Refer to Table 24-2 for the trigger output descriptions.

3: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

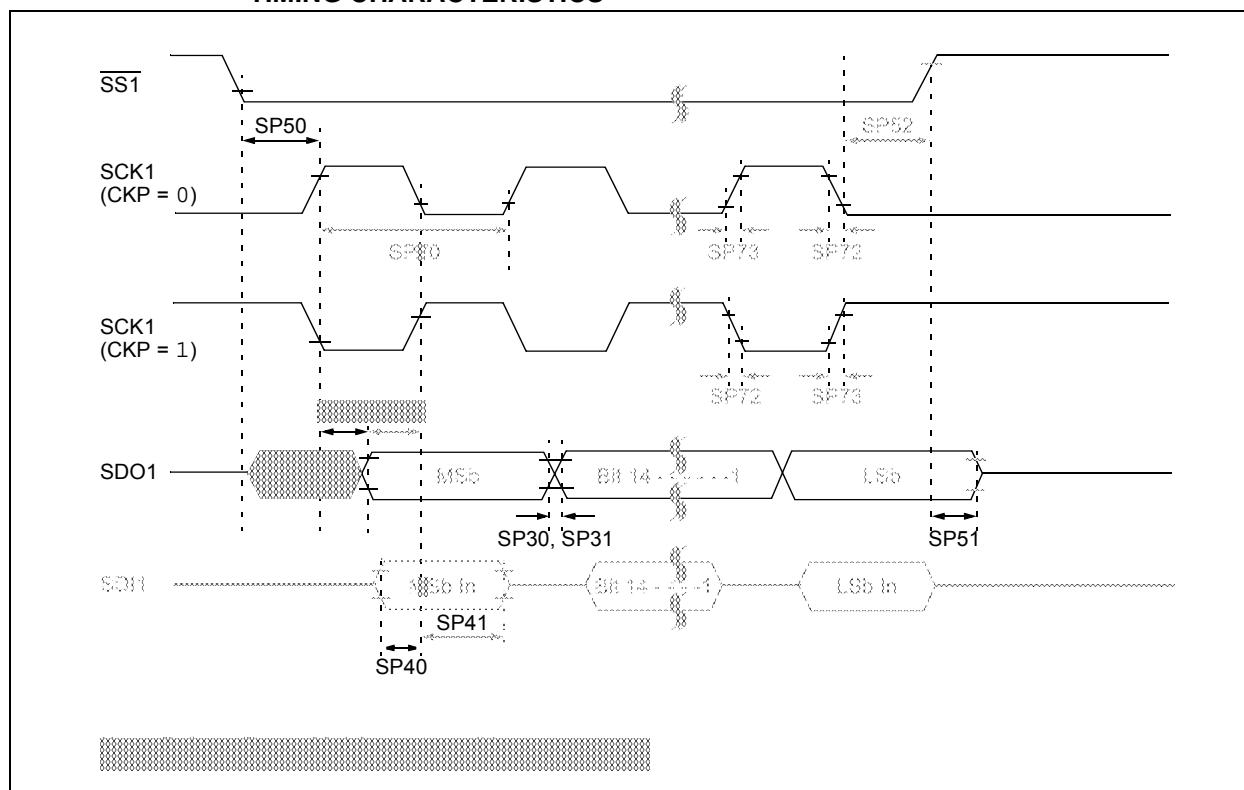
**FIGURE 30-20: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**FIGURE 30-21: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

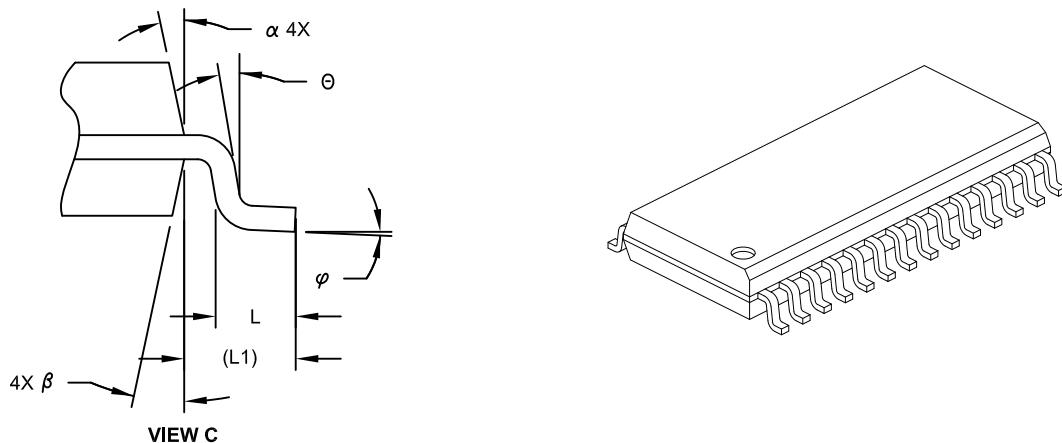


**FIGURE 30-29: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



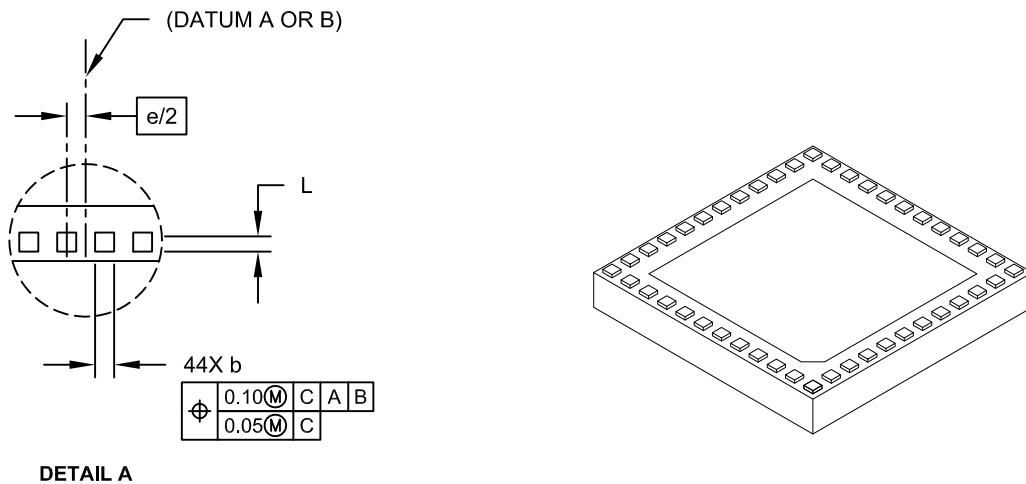
Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins		N		
Pitch		e		
Overall Height		A		
Molded Package Thickness		A2		
Standoff §		A1		
Overall Width		E		
Molded Package Width		E1		
Overall Length		D		
Chamfer (Optional)		h		
Foot Length		L		
Footprint		L1		
Lead Angle		θ		
Foot Angle		φ		
Lead Thickness		c		
Lead Width		b		
Mold Draft Angle Top		α		
Mold Draft Angle Bottom		β		

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
 2. § Significant Characteristic
 3. Dimension D does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs, which shall not exceed 0.15 mm per end. Dimension E1 does not include interlead flash or protrusion, which shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
- BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
5. Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

**44-Terminal Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 6x6x0.9 mm Body
With Exposed Pad [VTLA]**

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



		Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension	Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		44		
Number of Pins per Side	ND		12		
Number of Pins per Side	NE		10		
Pitch	e		0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	0.80	0.90	1.00	
Standoff	A1	0.025	-	0.075	
Overall Width	E	6.00 BSC			
Exposed Pad Width	E2	4.40	4.55	4.70	
Overall Length	D	6.00 BSC			
Exposed Pad Length	D2	4.40	4.55	4.70	
Contact Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30	
Contact Length	L	0.20	0.25	0.30	
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-	

Notes:

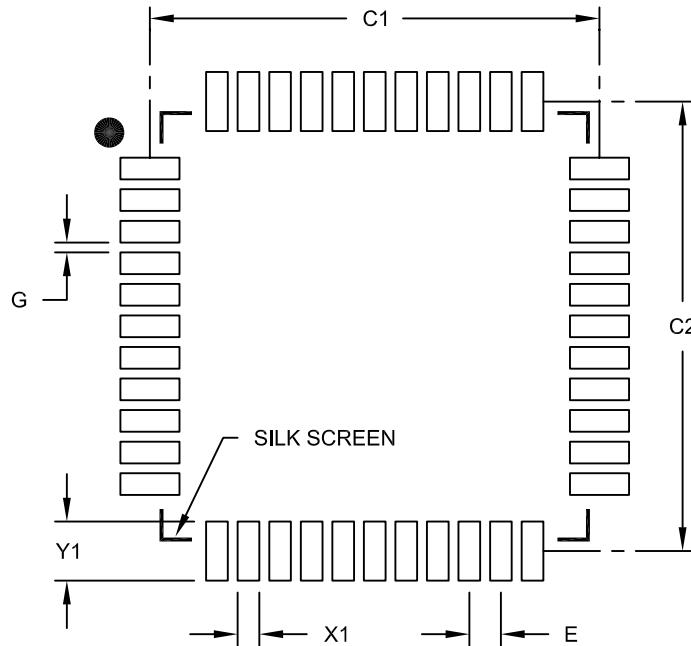
1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) 10X10X1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.80 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.55
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2076B

Revision E (April 2012)

This revision includes typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-3.

TABLE A-4: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
“16-bit Microcontrollers and Digital Signal Controllers (up to 512-Kbyte Flash and 48-Kbyte SRAM) with High-Speed PWM, Op amps, and Advanced Analog”	<p>The following 512-Kbyte devices were added to the General Purpose Families table (see Table 1):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PIC24EP512GP202• PIC24EP512GP204• PIC24EP512GP206• dsPIC33EP512GP502• dsPIC33EP512GP504• dsPIC33EP512GP506 <p>The following 512-Kbyte devices were added to the Motor Control Families table (see Table 2):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PIC24EP512MC202• PIC24EP512MC204• PIC24EP512MC206• dsPIC33EP512MC202• dsPIC33EP512MC204• dsPIC33EP512MC206• dsPIC33EP512MC502• dsPIC33EP512MC504• dsPIC33EP512MC506 <p>Certain Pin Diagrams were updated to include the new 512-Kbyte devices.</p>
Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”	Added a Program Memory Map for the new 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-4). Added a Data Memory Map for the new dsPIC 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-11). Added a Data Memory Map for the new PIC24 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-16).
Section 7.0 “Interrupt Controller”	Updated the VECNUM bits in the INTTREG register (see Register 7-7).
Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”	Added tip 6 to Section 11.5 “I/O Helpful Tips” .
Section 27.0 “Special Features”	The following modifications were made to the Configuration Byte Register Map (see Table 27-1): <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added the column Device Memory Size (Kbytes)• Removed Notes 1 through 4• Added addresses for the new 512-Kbyte devices
Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the Minimum value for Parameter DC10 (see Table 30-4). Added Power-Down Current (lpd) parameters for the new 512-Kbyte devices (see Table 30-8). Updated the Minimum value for Parameter CM34 (see Table 30-53). Updated the Minimum and Maximum values and the Conditions for parameter SY12 (see Table 30-22).