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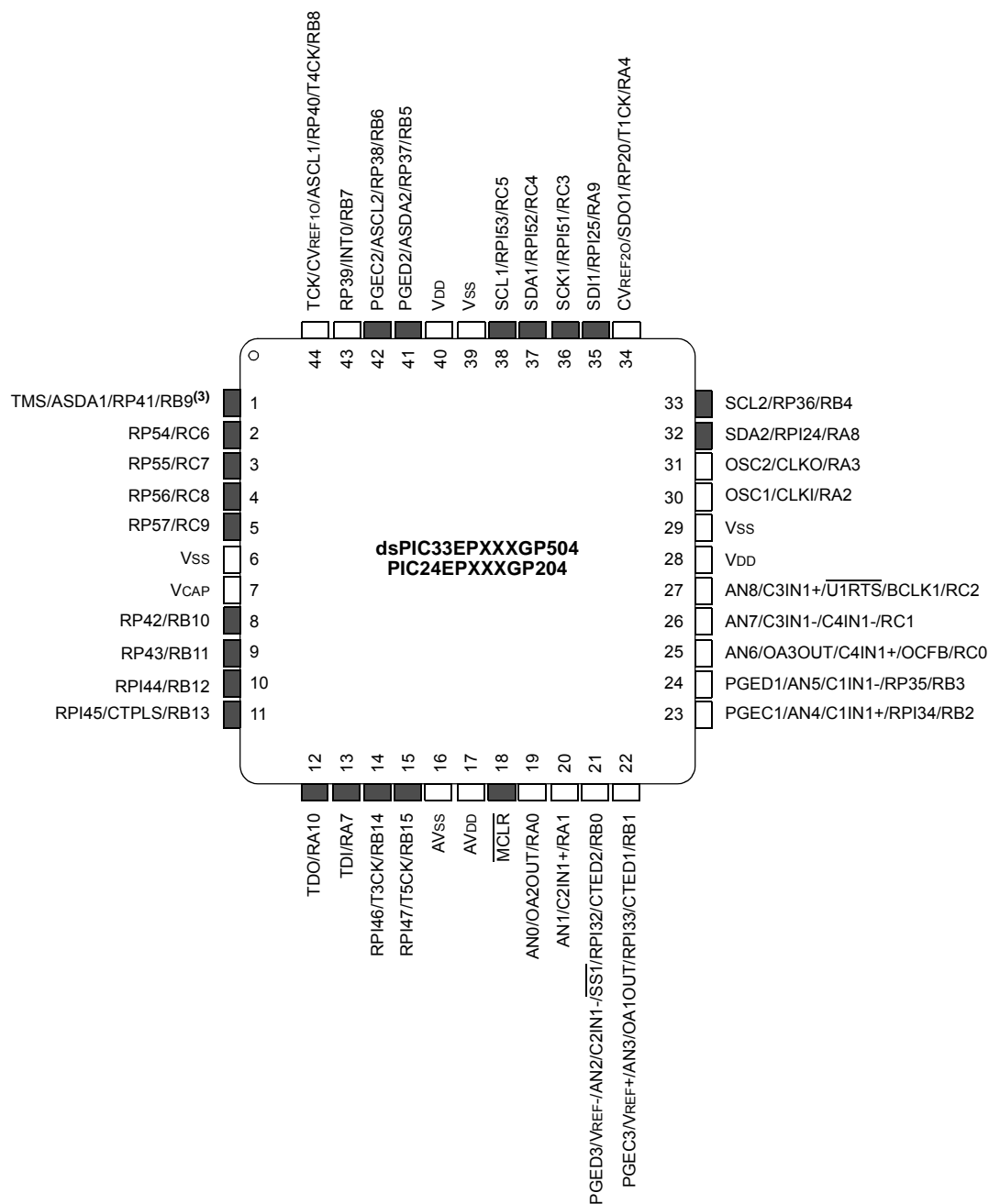
Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	128KB (43K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VFTLA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-VTLA (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep128mc204t-i-tl

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

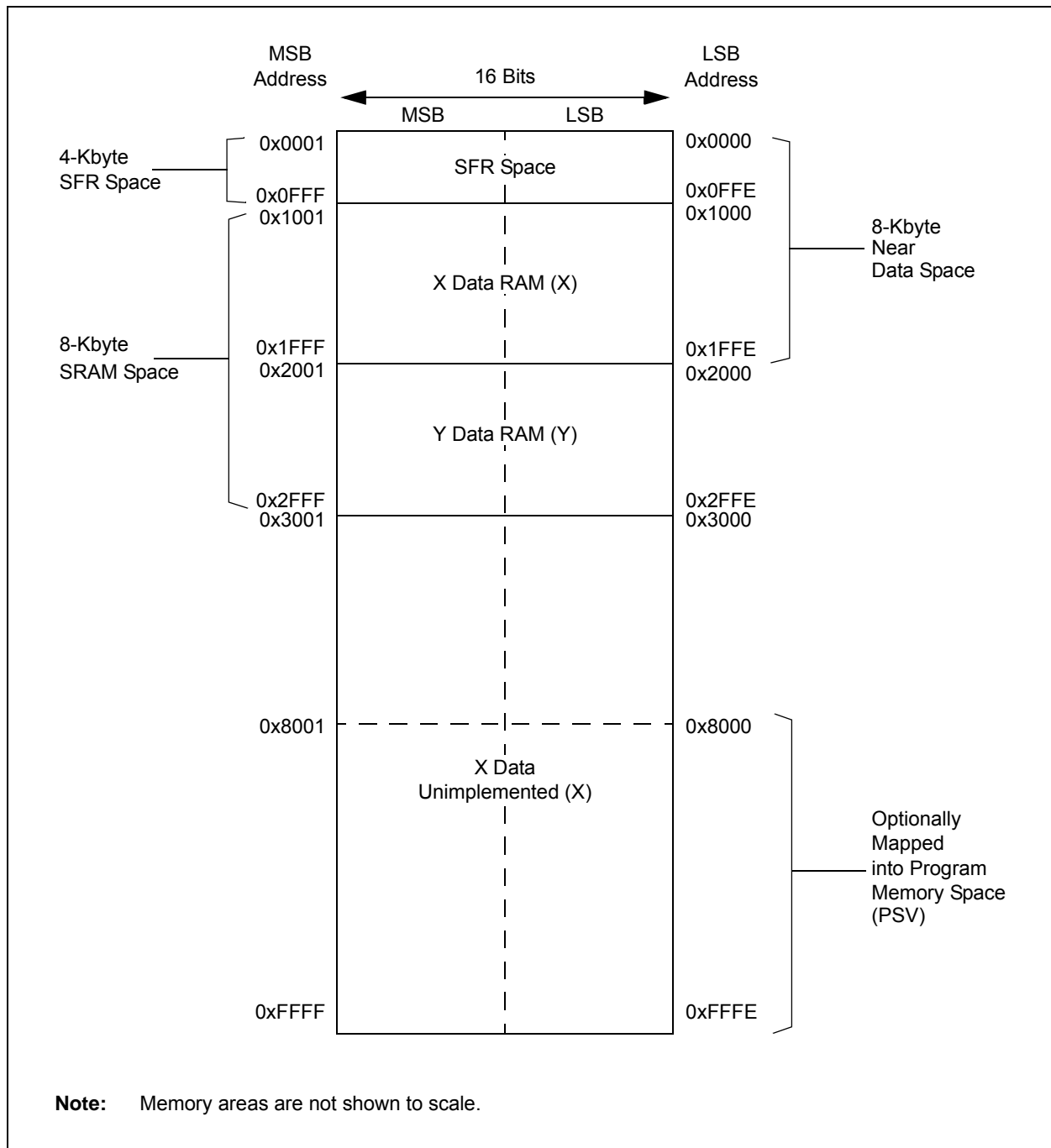
44-Pin TQFP^(1,2)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note** 1: The RPN/RPIN pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- 3: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

FIGURE 4-8: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP64MC20X/50X AND dsPIC33EP64GP50X DEVICES



7.3 Interrupt Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

7.3.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “**Interrupts**” (DS70600) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

7.4 Interrupt Control and Status Registers

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices implement the following registers for the interrupt controller:

- INTCON1
- INTCON2
- INTCON3
- INTCON4
- INTTREG

7.4.1 INTCON1 THROUGH INTCON4

Global interrupt control functions are controlled from INTCON1, INTCON2, INTCON3 and INTCON4.

INTCON1 contains the Interrupt Nesting Disable bit (NSTDIS), as well as the control and status flags for the processor trap sources.

The INTCON2 register controls external interrupt request signal behavior and also contains the Global Interrupt Enable bit (GIE).

INTCON3 contains the status flags for the DMA and DO stack overflow status trap sources.

The INTCON4 register contains the software generated hard trap status bit (SGHT).

7.4.2 IFSx

The IFSx registers maintain all of the interrupt request flags. Each source of interrupt has a status bit, which is set by the respective peripherals or external signal and is cleared via software.

7.4.3 IECx

The IECx registers maintain all of the interrupt enable bits. These control bits are used to individually enable interrupts from the peripherals or external signals.

7.4.4 IPCx

The IPCx registers are used to set the Interrupt Priority Level (IPL) for each source of interrupt. Each user interrupt source can be assigned to one of eight priority levels.

7.4.5 INTTREG

The INTTREG register contains the associated interrupt vector number and the new CPU Interrupt Priority Level, which are latched into the Vector Number bits (VECNUM<7:0>) and Interrupt Priority Level bits (ILR<3:0>) fields in the INTTREG register. The new Interrupt Priority Level is the priority of the pending interrupt.

The interrupt sources are assigned to the IFSx, IECx and IPCx registers in the same sequence as they are listed in Table 7-1. For example, the INT0 (External Interrupt 0) is shown as having Vector Number 8 and a natural order priority of 0. Thus, the INT0IF bit is found in IFS0<0>, the INT0IE bit in IEC0<0> and the INT0IP bits in the first position of IPC0 (IPC0<2:0>).

7.4.6 STATUS/CONTROL REGISTERS

Although these registers are not specifically part of the interrupt control hardware, two of the CPU Control registers contain bits that control interrupt functionality. For more information on these registers refer to “**CPU**” (DS70359) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”.

- The CPU STATUS Register, SR, contains the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>). These bits indicate the current CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The user software can change the current CPU Interrupt Priority Level by writing to the IPLx bits.
- The CORCON register contains the IPL3 bit which, together with IPL<2:0>, also indicates the current CPU priority level. IPL3 is a read-only bit so that trap events cannot be masked by the user software.

All Interrupt registers are described in Register 7-3 through Register 7-7 in the following pages.

REGISTER 7-5: INTCON3: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	DAE	DOOVR	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **DAE:** DMA Address Error Soft Trap Status bit
 1 = DMA address error soft trap has occurred
 0 = DMA address error soft trap has not occurred

bit 4 **DOOVR:** DO Stack Overflow Soft Trap Status bit
 1 = DO stack overflow soft trap has occurred
 0 = DO stack overflow soft trap has not occurred

bit 3-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 7-6: INTCON4: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SGHT
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **SGHT:** Software Generated Hard Trap Status bit
 1 = Software generated hard trap has occurred
 0 = Software generated hard trap has not occurred

REGISTER 8-14: DMAPPS: DMA PING-PONG STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	—	PPST3	PPST2	PPST1	PPST0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 3 **PPST3:** DMA Channel 3 Ping-Pong Mode Status Flag bit

1 = DMASTB3 register is selected

0 = DMASTA3 register is selected

bit 2 **PPST2:** DMA Channel 2 Ping-Pong Mode Status Flag bit

1 = DMASTB2 register is selected

0 = DMASTA2 register is selected

bit 1 **PPST1:** DMA Channel 1 Ping-Pong Mode Status Flag bit

1 = DMASTB1 register is selected

0 = DMASTA1 register is selected

bit 0 **PPST0:** DMA Channel 0 Ping-Pong Mode Status Flag bit

1 = DMASTB0 register is selected

0 = DMASTA0 register is selected

REGISTER 10-2: PMD2: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 **IC4MD:** Input Capture 4 Module Disable bit

1 = Input Capture 4 module is disabled

0 = Input Capture 4 module is enabled

bit 10 **IC3MD:** Input Capture 3 Module Disable bit

1 = Input Capture 3 module is disabled

0 = Input Capture 3 module is enabled

bit 9 **IC2MD:** Input Capture 2 Module Disable bit

1 = Input Capture 2 module is disabled

0 = Input Capture 2 module is enabled

bit 8 **IC1MD:** Input Capture 1 Module Disable bit

1 = Input Capture 1 module is disabled

0 = Input Capture 1 module is enabled

bit 7-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **OC4MD:** Output Compare 4 Module Disable bit

1 = Output Compare 4 module is disabled

0 = Output Compare 4 module is enabled

bit 2 **OC3MD:** Output Compare 3 Module Disable bit

1 = Output Compare 3 module is disabled

0 = Output Compare 3 module is enabled

bit 1 **OC2MD:** Output Compare 2 Module Disable bit

1 = Output Compare 2 module is disabled

0 = Output Compare 2 module is enabled

bit 0 **OC1MD:** Output Compare 1 Module Disable bit

1 = Output Compare 1 module is disabled

0 = Output Compare 1 module is enabled

REGISTER 10-5: PMD6: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 6

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	PWM3MD ⁽¹⁾	PWM2MD ⁽¹⁾	PWM1MD ⁽¹⁾
bit 15					bit 8		

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7					bit 0		

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 **PWM3MD:** PWM3 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = PWM3 module is disabled

0 = PWM3 module is enabled

bit 9 **PWM2MD:** PWM2 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = PWM2 module is disabled

0 = PWM2 module is enabled

bit 8 **PWM1MD:** PWM1 Module Disable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = PWM1 module is disabled

0 = PWM1 module is enabled

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: This bit is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC50X/20X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

REGISTER 11-2: RPINR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
—	INT2R<6:0>							
bit 7								bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **INT2R<6:0>:** Assign External Interrupt 2 (INT2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-3: RPINR3: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
—	T2CKR<6:0>							
bit 7								bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **T2CKR<6:0>:** Assign Timer2 External Clock (T2CK) to the Corresponding RPn pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-10: RPINR18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 18

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	U1RXR<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **U1RXR<6:0>:** Assign UART1 Receive (U1RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits (see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 11-11: RPINR19: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 19

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	U2RXR<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **U2RXR<6:0>:** Assign UART2 Receive (U2RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits (see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

16.2 PWM Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

<p>Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser: http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464</p>
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16.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **“High-Speed PWM”** (DS70645) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

REGISTER 17-17: INT1TMRH: INTERVAL 1 TIMER HIGH WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INTTMR<31:24>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INTTMR<23:16>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **INTTMR<31:16>**: High Word Used to Form 32-Bit Interval Timer Register (INT1TMR) bits

REGISTER 17-18: INT1TMRL: INTERVAL 1 TIMER LOW WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INTTMR<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
INTTMR<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **INTTMR<15:0>**: Low Word Used to Form 32-Bit Interval Timer Register (INT1TMR) bits

REGISTER 19-3: I2CxMSK: I2Cx SLAVE MODE ADDRESS MASK REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	AMSK9	AMSK8
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
AMSK7	AMSK6	AMSK5	AMSK4	AMSK3	AMSK2	AMSK1	AMSK0
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10

Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 9-0

AMSK<9:0>: Address Mask Select bitsFor 10-Bit Address:

1 = Enables masking for bit Ax of incoming message address; bit match is not required in this position

0 = Disables masking for bit Ax; bit match is required in this position

For 7-Bit Address (I2CxMSK<6:0> only):

1 = Enables masking for bit Ax + 1 of incoming message address; bit match is not required in this position

0 = Disables masking for bit Ax + 1; bit match is required in this position

REGISTER 21-4: CxFCTRL: ECANx FIFO CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
DMABS2	DMABS1	DMABS0	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	FSA4	FSA3	FSA2	FSA1	FSA0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **DMABS<2:0>:** DMA Buffer Size bits

111 = Reserved

110 = 32 buffers in RAM

101 = 24 buffers in RAM

100 = 16 buffers in RAM

011 = 12 buffers in RAM

010 = 8 buffers in RAM

001 = 6 buffers in RAM

000 = 4 buffers in RAM

bit 12-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **FSA<4:0>:** FIFO Area Starts with Buffer bits

11111 = Read Buffer RB31

11110 = Read Buffer RB30

•

•

•

00001 = TX/RX Buffer TRB1

00000 = TX/RX Buffer TRB0

REGISTER 21-5: CxFIFO: ECANx FIFO STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	FBP5	FBP4	FBP3	FBP2	FBP1	FBP0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	FNRB5	FNRB4	FNRB3	FNRB2	FNRB1	FNRB0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **FBP<5:0>:** FIFO Buffer Pointer bits

011111 = RB31 buffer

011110 = RB30 buffer

•

•

•

000001 = TRB1 buffer

000000 = TRB0 buffer

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **FNRB<5:0>:** FIFO Next Read Buffer Pointer bits

011111 = RB31 buffer

011110 = RB30 buffer

•

•

•

000001 = TRB1 buffer

000000 = TRB0 buffer

REGISTER 24-1: PTGCST: PTG CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 1-0 **PTGITM<1:0>**: PTG Input Trigger Command Operating Mode bits⁽¹⁾

- 11 = Single level detect with Step delay not executed on exit of command (regardless of the PTGCTRL command)
- 10 = Single level detect with Step delay executed on exit of command
- 01 = Continuous edge detect with Step delay not executed on exit of command (regardless of the PTGCTRL command)
- 00 = Continuous edge detect with Step delay executed on exit of command

- Note 1:** These bits apply to the PTGWHI and PTGWLO commands only.
- 2:** This bit is only used with the PTGCTRL step command software trigger option.
- 3:** Use of the PTG Single-Step mode is reserved for debugging tools only.

**REGISTER 25-5: CMxMSKCON: COMPARATOR x MASK GATING
CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

bit 3	ABEN: AND Gate B Input Enable bit 1 = MBI is connected to AND gate 0 = MBI is not connected to AND gate
bit 2	ABNEN: AND Gate B Input Inverted Enable bit 1 = Inverted MBI is connected to AND gate 0 = Inverted MBI is not connected to AND gate
bit 1	AAEN: AND Gate A Input Enable bit 1 = MAI is connected to AND gate 0 = MAI is not connected to AND gate
bit 0	AANEN: AND Gate A Input Inverted Enable bit 1 = Inverted MAI is connected to AND gate 0 = Inverted MAI is not connected to AND gate

TABLE 30-11: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DI10 DI18 DI19	V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage					
		Any I/O Pin and $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$	V _{SS}	—	0.2 V _{DD}	V	
		I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx	V _{SS}	—	0.3 V _{DD}	V	SMBus disabled
		I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx	V _{SS}	—	0.8	V	SMBus enabled
DI20	V _{IH}	Input High Voltage					
		I/O Pins Not 5V Tolerant	0.8 V _{DD}	—	V _{DD}	V	(Note 3)
		I/O Pins 5V Tolerant and $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$	0.8 V _{DD}	—	5.5	V	(Note 3)
		I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx	0.8 V _{DD}	—	5.5	V	SMBus disabled
		I/O Pins with SDAx, SCLx	2.1	—	5.5	V	SMBus enabled
DI30	ICNPU	Change Notification Pull-up Current	150	250	550	μA	V _{DD} = 3.3V, V _{PIN} = V _{SS}
DI31	ICNPD	Change Notification Pull-Down Current⁽⁴⁾	20	50	100	μA	V _{DD} = 3.3V, V _{PIN} = V _{DD}

Note 1: The leakage current on the $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current can be measured at different input voltages.

2: Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.

3: See the “Pin Diagrams” section for the 5V tolerant I/O pins.

4: V_{IL} source < (V_{SS} – 0.3). Characterized but not tested.

5: Non-5V tolerant pins V_{IH} source > (V_{DD} + 0.3), 5V tolerant pins V_{IH} source > 5.5V. Characterized but not tested.

6: Digital 5V tolerant pins cannot tolerate any “positive” input injection current from input sources > 5.5V.

7: Non-zero injection currents can affect the ADC results by approximately 4-6 counts.

8: Any number and/or combination of I/O pins not excluded under I_{ICL} or I_{ICH} conditions are permitted provided the mathematical “absolute instantaneous” sum of the input injection currents from all pins do not exceed the specified limit. Characterized but not tested.

FIGURE 30-7: OUTPUT COMPARE x MODULE (OCx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

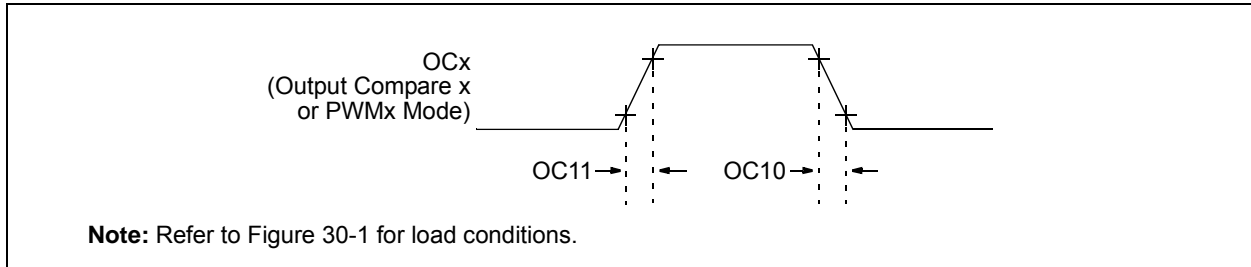


TABLE 30-27: OUTPUT COMPARE x MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
OC10	TccF	OCx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32
OC11	TccR	OCx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-8: OCx/PWMx MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

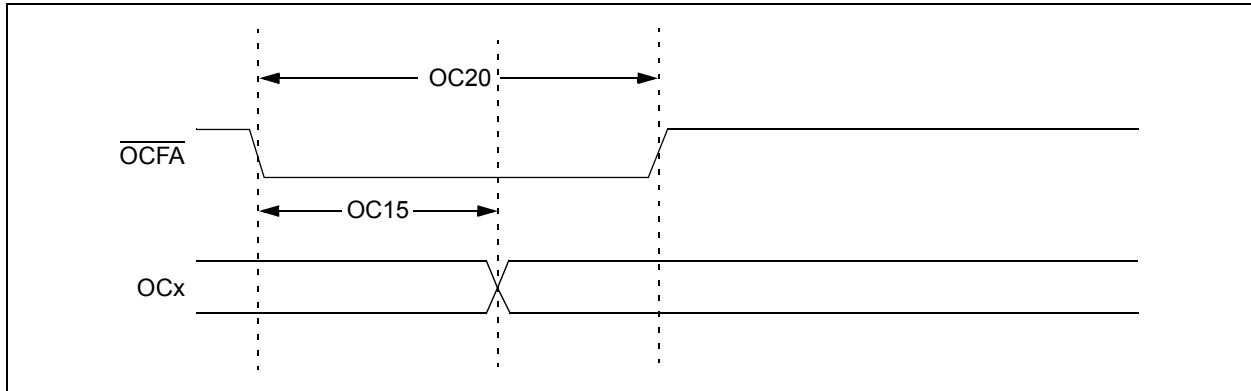


TABLE 30-28: OCx/PWMx MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
OC15	TFD	Fault Input to PWMx I/O Change	—	—	$T_{CY} + 20$	ns	
OC20	TFLT	Fault Input Pulse Width	$T_{CY} + 20$	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**TABLE 30-38: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Input Frequency	—	—	Lesser of Fp or 11	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK2 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK2 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS2} \downarrow$ to SCK2 \uparrow or SCK2 \downarrow Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS2} \uparrow$ to SDO2 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	Tsch2ssH TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS2} \uparrow$ after SCK2 Edge	1.5 Tcy + 40	—	—	ns	(Note 4)
SP60	TssL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after $\overline{SS2}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCK2 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.

NOTES: