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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	256KB (85.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep256mc202-i-ss

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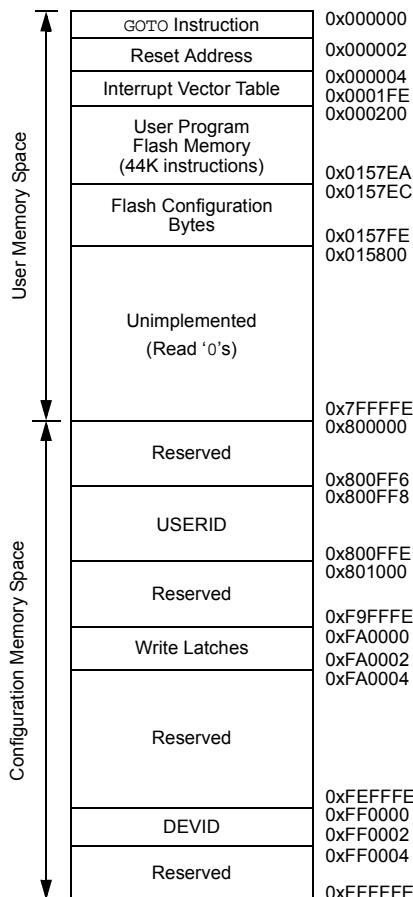
This device data sheet is based on the following individual chapters of the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”. These documents should be considered as the general reference for the operation of a particular module or device feature.

Note 1: To access the documents listed below, browse to the documentation section of the dsPIC33EP64MC506 product page of the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com) or select a family reference manual section from the following list.

In addition to parameters, features and other documentation, the resulting page provides links to the related family reference manual sections.

- “**Introduction**” (DS70573)
- “**CPU**” (DS70359)
- “**Data Memory**” (DS70595)
- “**Program Memory**” (DS70613)
- “**Flash Programming**” (DS70609)
- “**Interrupts**” (DS70600)
- “**Oscillator**” (DS70580)
- “**Reset**” (DS70602)
- “**Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes**” (DS70615)
- “**I/O Ports**” (DS70598)
- “**Timers**” (DS70362)
- “**Input Capture**” (DS70352)
- “**Output Compare**” (DS70358)
- “**High-Speed PWM**” (DS70645)
- “**Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI)**” (DS70601)
- “**Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)**” (DS70621)
- “**UART**” (DS70582)
- “**Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)**” (DS70569)
- “**Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²CTM)**” (DS70330)
- “**Enhanced Controller Area Network (ECANTM)**” (DS70353)
- “**Direct Memory Access (DMA)**” (DS70348)
- “**CodeGuardTM Security**” (DS70634)
- “**Programming and Diagnostics**” (DS70608)
- “**Op Amp/Comparator**” (DS70357)
- “**Programmable Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)**” (DS70346)
- “**Device Configuration**” (DS70618)
- “**Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)**” (DS70669)
- “**Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)**” (DS70661)

FIGURE 4-3: PROGRAM MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP128GP50X, dsPIC33EP128MC20X/50X AND PIC24EP128GP/MC20X DEVICES



Note: Memory areas are not shown to scale.

FIGURE 4-14: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR PIC24EP128GP/MC20X/50X DEVICES

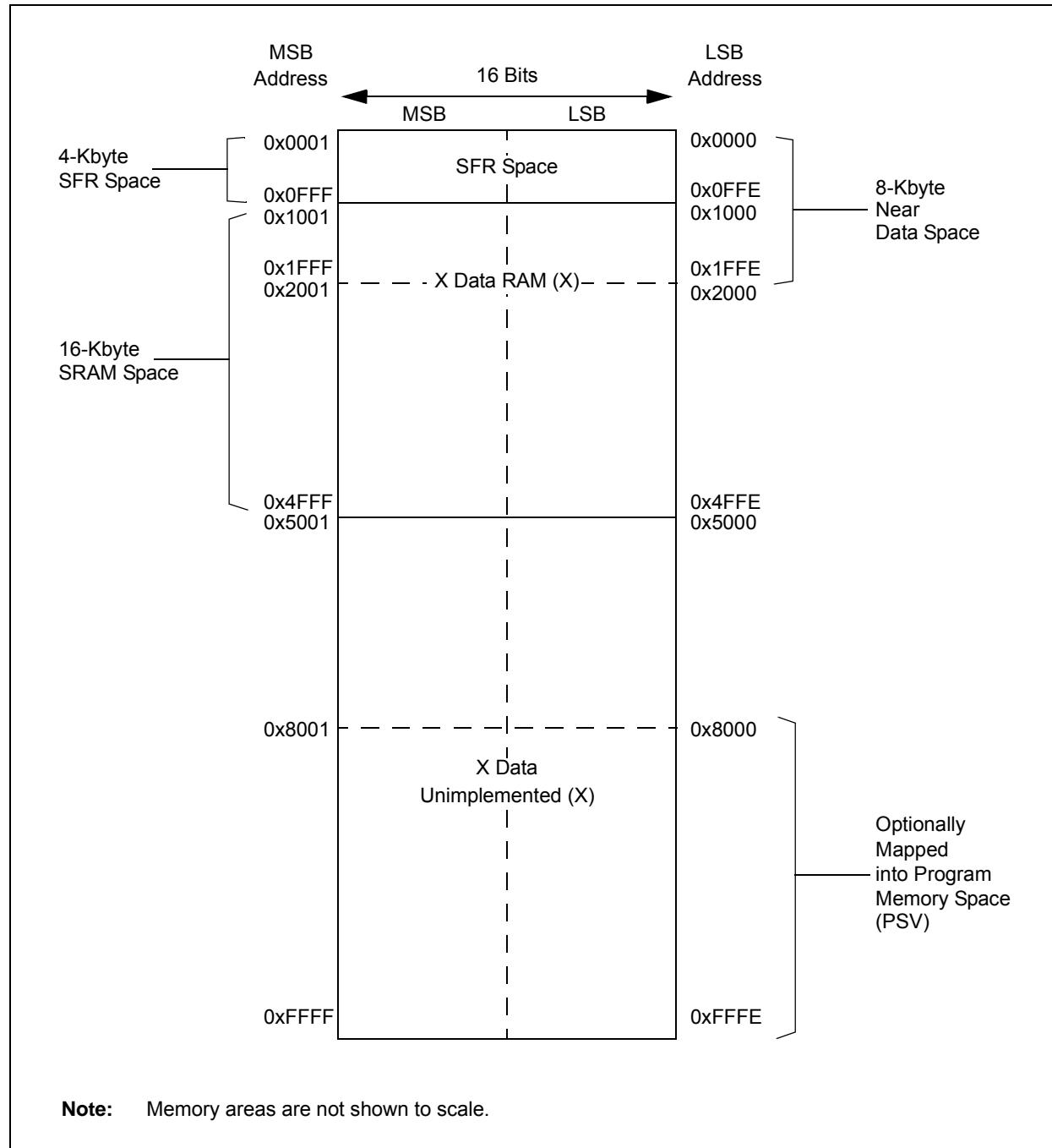


TABLE 4-8: TIMER1 THROUGH TIMER5 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TMR1	0100																xxxx	
PR1	0102																ffff	
T1CON	0104	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<1:0>	—	TSYNC	TCS	—	0000	
TMR2	0106																xxxx	
TMR3HLD	0108																xxxx	
TMR3	010A																xxxx	
PR2	010C																ffff	
PR3	010E																ffff	
T2CON	0110	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<1:0>	T32	—	TCS	—	0000	
T3CON	0112	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<1:0>	—	—	TCS	—	0000	
TMR4	0114																xxxx	
TMR5HLD	0116																xxxx	
TMR5	0118																xxxx	
PR4	011A																ffff	
PR5	011C																ffff	
T4CON	011E	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<1:0>	T32	—	TCS	—	0000	
T5CON	0120	TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<1:0>	—	—	TCS	—	0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

REGISTER 8-5: DMAxSTBH: DMA CHANNEL x START ADDRESS REGISTER B (HIGH)

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15	bit 8						

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STB<23:16>							
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 7-0 **STB<23:16>:** Secondary Start Address bits (source or destination)**REGISTER 8-6: DMAxSTBL: DMA CHANNEL x START ADDRESS REGISTER B (LOW)**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STB<15:8>							
bit 15	bit 8						

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
STB<7:0>							
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **STB<15:0>:** Secondary Start Address bits (source or destination)

REGISTER 9-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾ (CONTINUED)

bit 4	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 3	CF: Clock Fail Detect bit ⁽³⁾ 1 = FSCM has detected clock failure 0 = FSCM has not detected clock failure
bit 2-1	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 0	OSWEN: Oscillator Switch Enable bit 1 = Requests oscillator switch to selection specified by the NOSC<2:0> bits 0 = Oscillator switch is complete

Note 1: Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to “**Oscillator**” (DS70580) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” (available from the Microchip web site) for details.

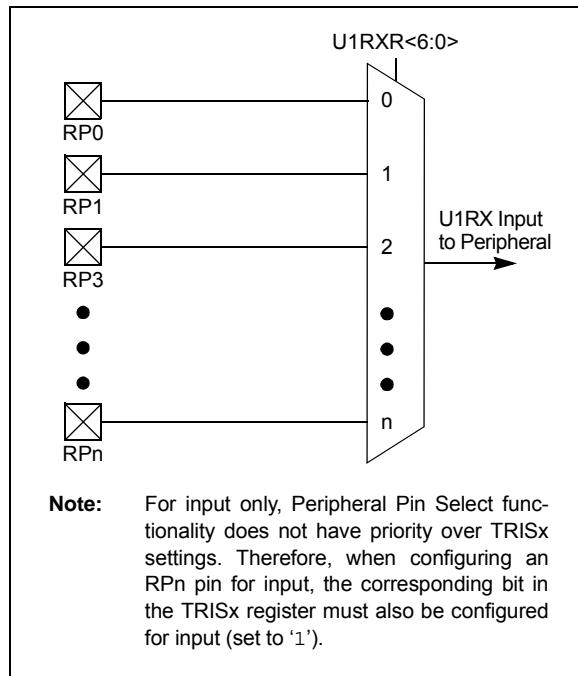
- 2:** Direct clock switches between any primary oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.
- 3:** This bit should only be cleared in software. Setting the bit in software (= 1) will have the same effect as an actual oscillator failure and trigger an oscillator failure trap.

11.4.4 INPUT MAPPING

The inputs of the Peripheral Pin Select options are mapped on the basis of the peripheral. That is, a control register associated with a peripheral dictates the pin it will be mapped to. The RPINRx registers are used to configure peripheral input mapping (see Register 11-1 through Register 11-17). Each register contains sets of 7-bit fields, with each set associated with one of the remappable peripherals. Programming a given peripheral's bit field with an appropriate 7-bit value maps the RPin pin with the corresponding value to that peripheral. For any given device, the valid range of values for any bit field corresponds to the maximum number of Peripheral Pin Selections supported by the device.

For example, Figure 11-2 illustrates remappable pin selection for the U1RX input.

FIGURE 11-2: REMAPPABLE INPUT FOR U1RX



EXAMPLE 11-2: CONNECTING IC1 TO THE HOME1 QEI1 DIGITAL FILTER INPUT ON PIN 43 OF THE dsPIC33EPXXXMC206 DEVICE

```
RPINR15 = 0x2500;      /* Connect the QEI1 HOME1 input to RP37 (pin 43) */
RPINR7  = 0x009;       /* Connect the IC1 input to the digital filter on the FHOME1 input */

QEIIIOC = 0x4000;      /* Enable the QEI digital filter */
QEICON  = 0x8000;      /* Enable the QEI module */
```

11.4.4.1 Virtual Connections

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices support virtual (internal) connections to the output of the op amp/comparator module (see Figure 25-1 in **Section 25.0 “Op Amp/Comparator Module”**), and the PTG module (see **Section 24.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module”**).

In addition, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices support virtual connections to the filtered QEI module inputs: FINDX1, FHOME1, FINDX2 and FHOME2 (see Figure 17-1 in **Section 17.0 “Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI) Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”**).

Virtual connections provide a simple way of inter-peripheral connection without utilizing a physical pin. For example, by setting the FLT1R<6:0> bits of the RPINR12 register to the value of 'b0000001, the output of the analog comparator, C1OUT, will be connected to the PWM Fault 1 input, which allows the analog comparator to trigger PWM Faults without the use of an actual physical pin on the device.

Virtual connection to the QEI module allows peripherals to be connected to the QEI digital filter input. To utilize this filter, the QEI module must be enabled and its inputs must be connected to a physical RPin pin. Example 11-2 illustrates how the input capture module can be connected to the QEI digital filter.

NOTES:

NOTES:

REGISTER 16-17: LEBDLYx: PWMx LEADING-EDGE BLANKING DELAY REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
—	—	—	—	LEB<11:8>					
bit 15						bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
LEB<7:0>							
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-0 **LEB<11:0>:** Leading-Edge Blanking Delay for Current-Limit and Fault Inputs bits

NOTES:

TABLE 24-2: PTG OUTPUT DESCRIPTIONS

PTG Output Number	PTG Output Description
PTGO0	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC1
PTGO1	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC2
PTGO2	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC3
PTGO3	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC4
PTGO4	Clock Source for OC1
PTGO5	Clock Source for OC2
PTGO6	Clock Source for OC3
PTGO7	Clock Source for OC4
PTGO8	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC1
PTGO9	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC2
PTGO10	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC3
PTGO11	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC4
PTGO12	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO13	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO14	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO15	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO16	PWM Time Base Synchronous Source for PWM ⁽¹⁾
PTGO17	PWM Time Base Synchronous Source for PWM ⁽¹⁾
PTGO18	Mask Input Select for Op Amp/Comparator
PTGO19	Mask Input Select for Op Amp/Comparator
PTGO20	Reserved
PTGO21	Reserved
PTGO22	Reserved
PTGO23	Reserved
PTGO24	Reserved
PTGO25	Reserved
PTGO26	Reserved
PTGO27	Reserved
PTGO28	Reserved
PTGO29	Reserved
PTGO30	PTG Output to PPS Input Selection
PTGO31	PTG Output to PPS Input Selection

Note 1: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

25.0 OP AMP/COMPARATOR MODULE

- Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Op Amp/Comparator**” (DS70357) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).
- 2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices contain up to four comparators, which can be configured in various ways. Comparators, CMP1, CMP2 and CMP3, also have the option to be configured as op amps, with the output being brought to an external pin for gain/filtering connections. As shown in Figure 25-1, individual comparator options are specified by the comparator module's Special Function Register (SFR) control bits.

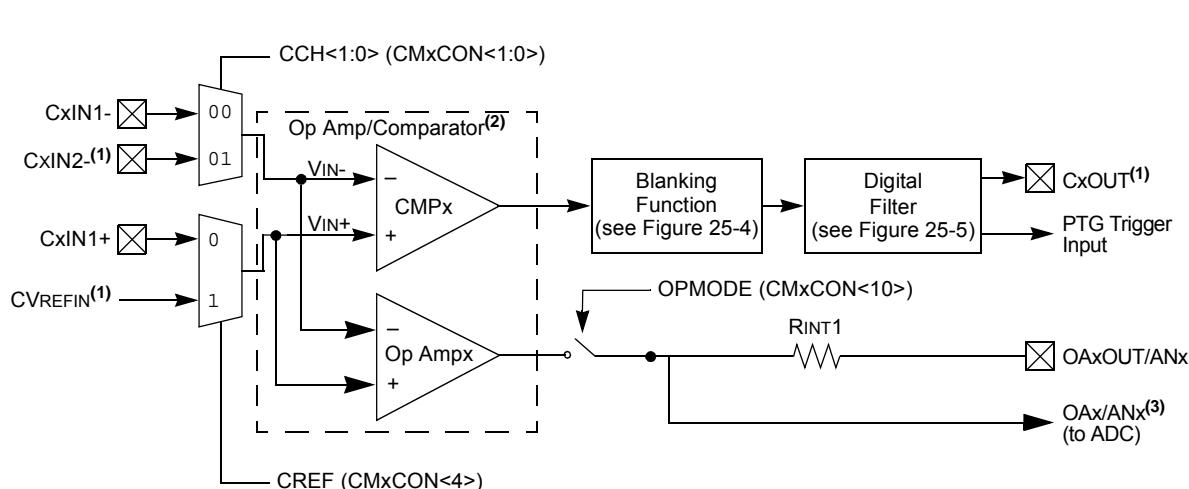
Note: Op Amp/Comparator 3 is not available on the dsPIC33EPXXXGP502/MC502/MC202 and PIC24EP256GP/MC202 (28-pin) devices.

These options allow users to:

- Select the edge for trigger and interrupt generation
- Configure the comparator voltage reference
- Configure output blanking and masking
- Configure as a comparator or op amp (CMP1, CMP2 and CMP3 only)

Note: Not all op amp/comparator input/output connections are available on all devices. See the “**Pin Diagrams**” section for available connections.

FIGURE 25-1: OP AMP/COMPARATOR x MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM (MODULES 1, 2 AND 3)



- Note 1:** This input/output is not available as a selection when configured as an op amp (OPMODE (CMxCON<10>) = 1).
- 2:** This module can be configured either as an op amp or a comparator using the OPMODE bit.
- 3:** When configured as an op amp (OPMODE = 1), the ADC samples the op amp output; otherwise, the ADC samples the ANx pin.

TABLE 27-2: CONFIGURATION BITS DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

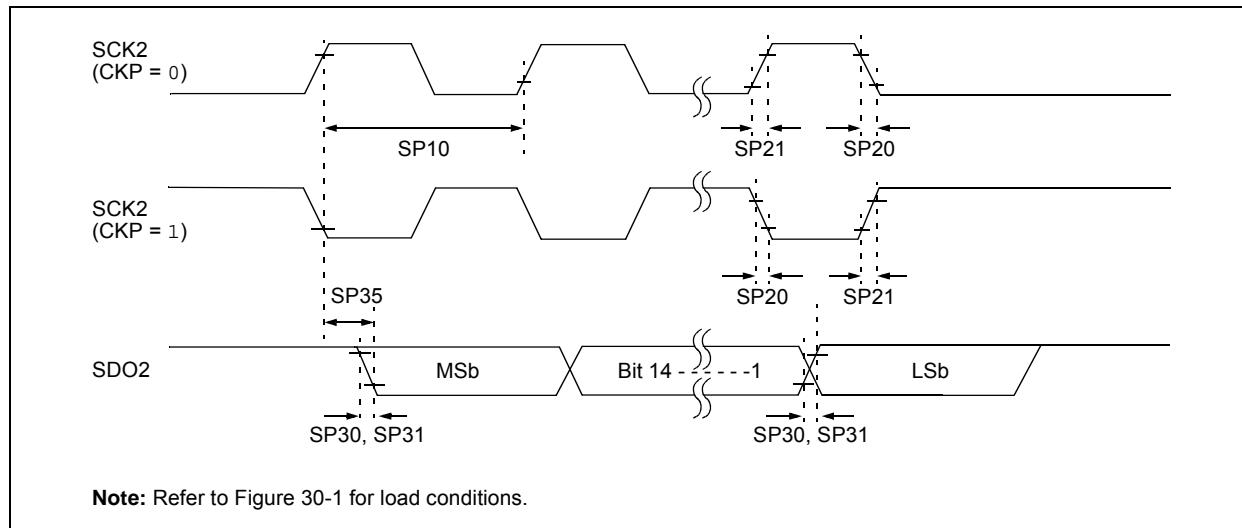
Bit Field	Description
WDTPRE	Watchdog Timer Prescaler bit 1 = 1:128 0 = 1:32
WDTPOST<3:0>	Watchdog Timer Postscaler bits 1111 = 1:32,768 1110 = 1:16,384 • • • 0001 = 1:2 0000 = 1:1
WDTWIN<1:0>	Watchdog Window Select bits 11 = WDT window is 25% of WDT period 10 = WDT window is 37.5% of WDT period 01 = WDT window is 50% of WDT period 00 = WDT window is 75% of WDT period
ALTI2C1	Alternate I2C1 pin 1 = I2C1 is mapped to the SDA1/SCL1 pins 0 = I2C1 is mapped to the ASDA1/ASCL1 pins
ALTI2C2	Alternate I2C2 pin 1 = I2C2 is mapped to the SDA2/SCL2 pins 0 = I2C2 is mapped to the ASDA2/ASCL2 pins
JTAGEN ⁽²⁾	JTAG Enable bit 1 = JTAG is enabled 0 = JTAG is disabled
ICS<1:0>	ICD Communication Channel Select bits 11 = Communicate on PGEC1 and PGED1 10 = Communicate on PGEC2 and PGED2 01 = Communicate on PGEC3 and PGED3 00 = Reserved, do not use

Note 1: This bit is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

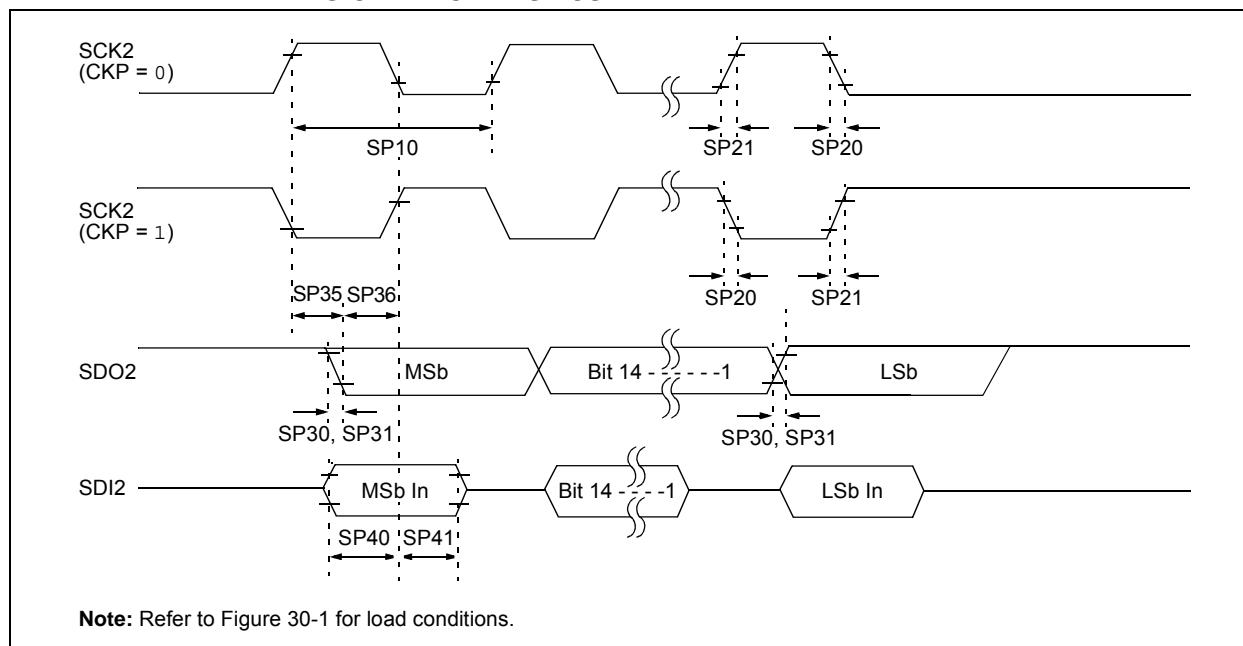
2: When JTAGEN = 1, an internal pull-up resistor is enabled on the TMS pin. Erased devices default to JTAGEN = 1. Applications requiring I/O pins in a high-impedance state (tri-state) in Reset should use pins other than TMS for this purpose.

TABLE 30-33: SPI2 MAXIMUM DATA/CLOCK RATE SUMMARY

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)			
Maximum Data Rate	Master Transmit Only (Half-Duplex)	Master Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	Slave Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	CKE	CKP	SMP
15 MHz	Table 30-33	—	—	0,1	0,1	0,1
9 MHz	—	Table 30-34	—	1	0,1	1
9 MHz	—	Table 30-35	—	0	0,1	1
15 MHz	—	—	Table 30-36	1	0	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 30-37	1	1	0
15 MHz	—	—	Table 30-38	0	1	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 30-39	0	0	0

FIGURE 30-14: SPI2 MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 0)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

**FIGURE 30-17: SPI2 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 30-36: SPI2 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = x, SMP = 1)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP10	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Frequency	—	—	9	MHz	-40°C to +125°C (Note 3)
SP20	TscF	SCK2 Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP21	TscR	SCK2 Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	TscH2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	TscH2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	

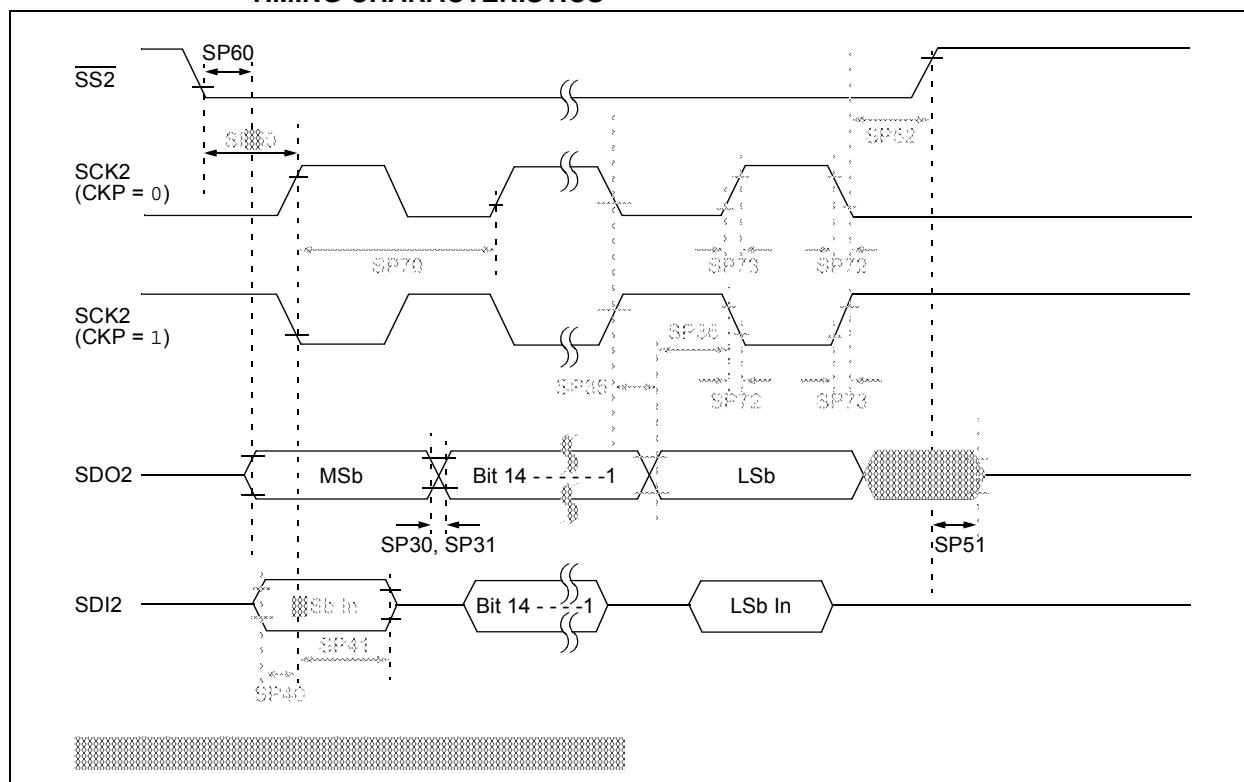
Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 111 ns. The clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.

**FIGURE 30-19: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



32.0 DC AND AC DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS GRAPHS

Note: The graphs provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for design guidance purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore, outside the warranted range.

FIGURE 32-1: V_{OH} – 4x DRIVER PINS

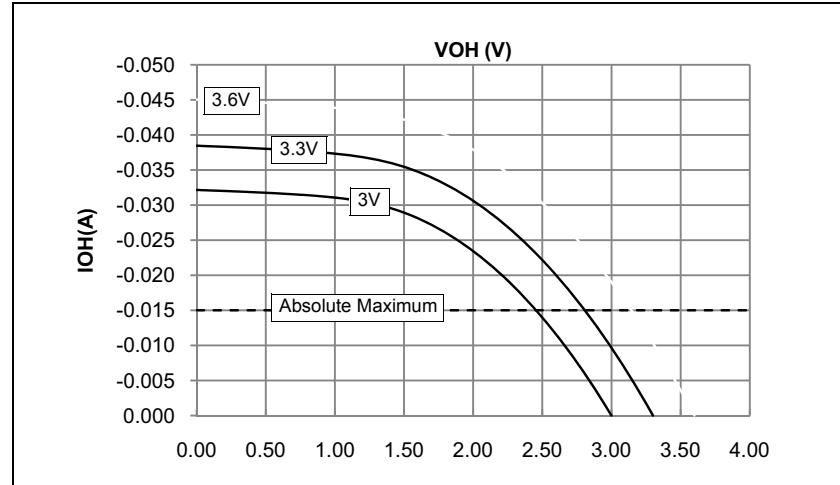


FIGURE 32-3: V_{OL} – 4x DRIVER PINS

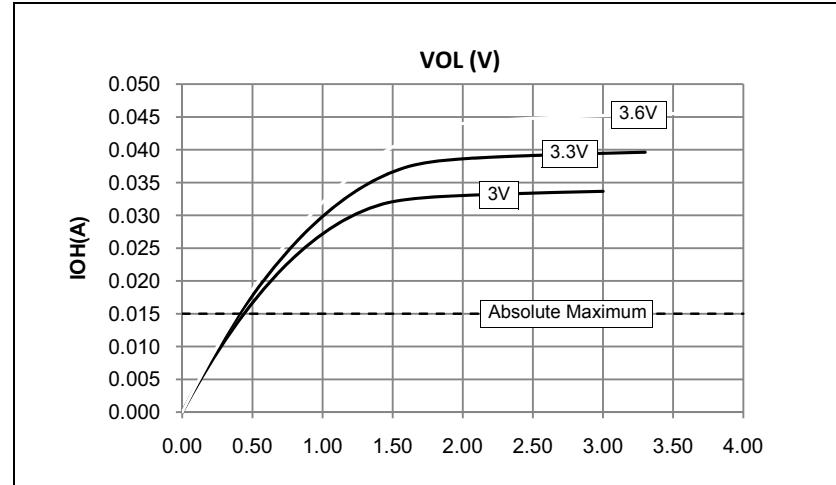


FIGURE 32-2: V_{OH} – 8x DRIVER PINS

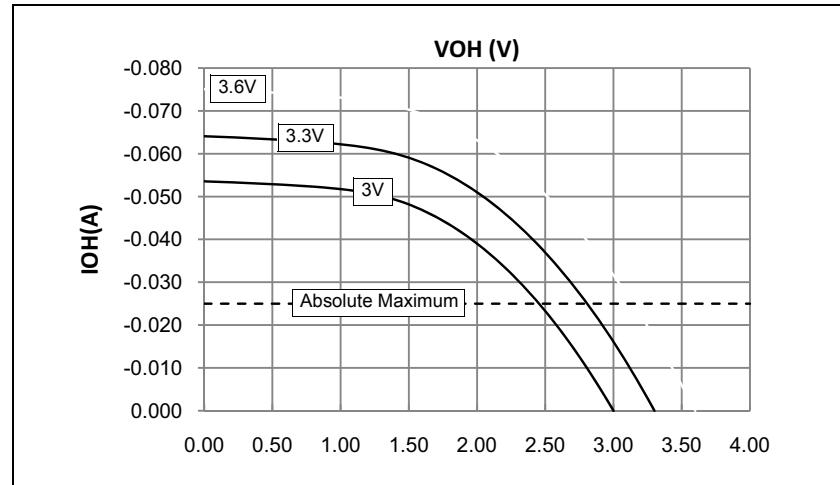
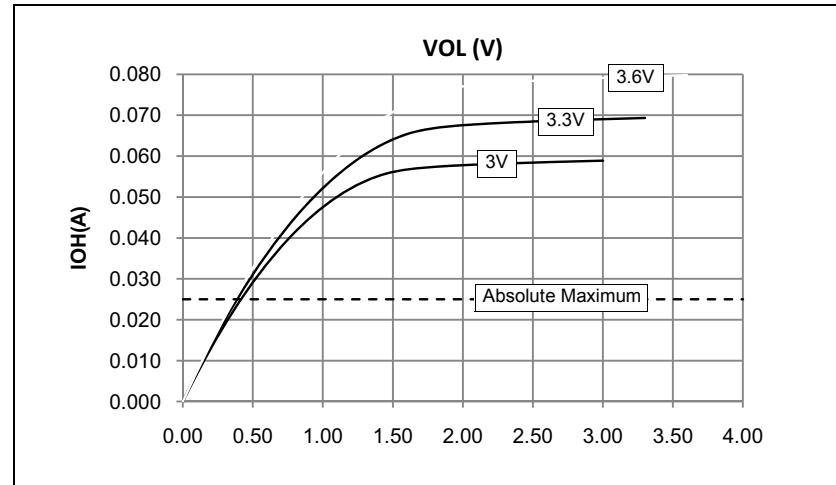


FIGURE 32-4: V_{OL} – 8x DRIVER PINS



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