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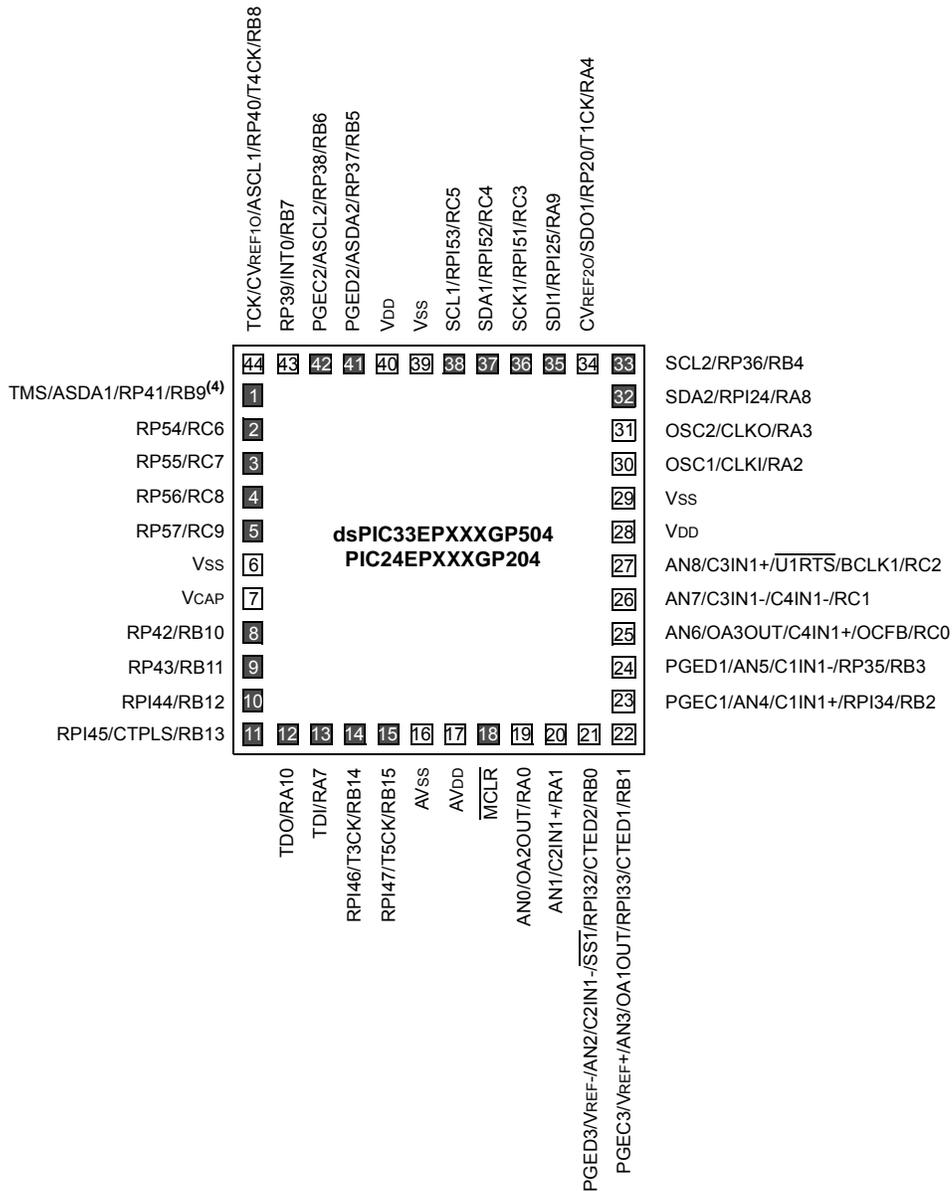
Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	256KB (85.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep256mc202t-e-ss

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

44-Pin VTLA^(1,2,3)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

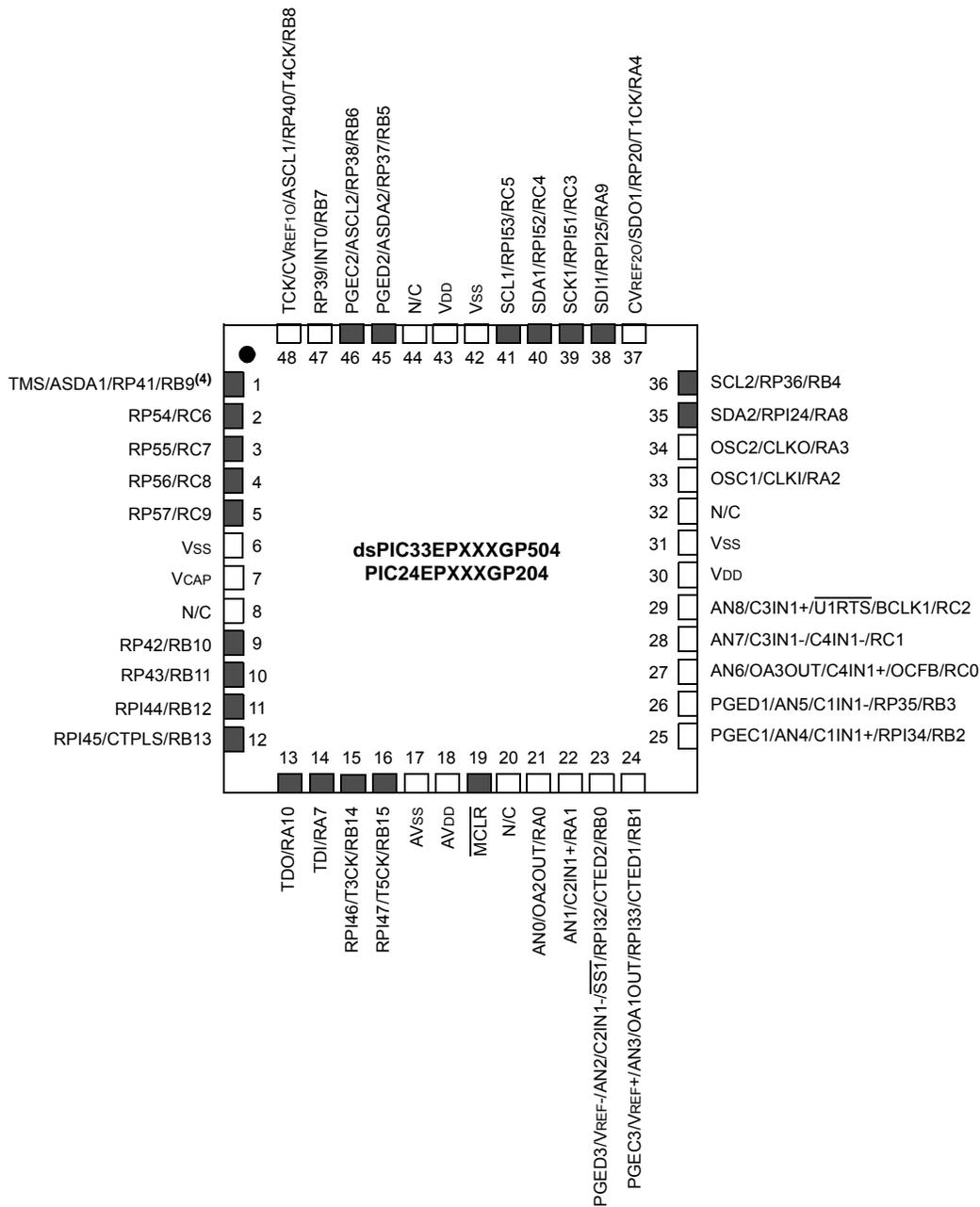


- Note 1:** The RPN/RPIN pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- Note 2:** Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGX) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGX). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- Note 3:** The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
- Note 4:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

48-Pin UQFN^(1,2,3)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note**
- 1: The RPN/RPI pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
 - 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
 - 3: The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
 - 4: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name ⁽⁴⁾	Pin Type	Buffer Type	PPS	Description
U2CTS	I	ST	No	UART2 Clear-To-Send.
U2RTS	O	—	No	UART2 Ready-To-Send.
U2RX	I	ST	Yes	UART2 receive.
U2TX	O	—	Yes	UART2 transmit.
BCLK2	O	ST	No	UART2 IrDA [®] baud clock output.
SCK1	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI1.
SDI1	I	ST	No	SPI1 data in.
SDO1	O	—	No	SPI1 data out.
SS1	I/O	ST	No	SPI1 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCK2	I/O	ST	Yes	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2.
SDI2	I	ST	Yes	SPI2 data in.
SDO2	O	—	Yes	SPI2 data out.
SS2	I/O	ST	Yes	SPI2 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCL1	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1.
SDA1	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1.
ASCL1	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1.
ASDA1	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1.
SCL2	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2.
SDA2	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2.
ASCL2	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2.
ASDA2	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2.
TMS ⁽⁵⁾	I	ST	No	JTAG Test mode select pin.
TCK	I	ST	No	JTAG test clock input pin.
TDI	I	ST	No	JTAG test data input pin.
TDO	O	—	No	JTAG test data output pin.
C1RX ⁽²⁾	I	ST	Yes	ECAN1 bus receive pin.
C1TX ⁽²⁾	O	—	Yes	ECAN1 bus transmit pin.
FLT1 ⁽¹⁾ , FLT2 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	PWM Fault Inputs 1 and 2.
FLT3 ⁽¹⁾ , FLT4 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	No	PWM Fault Inputs 3 and 4.
FLT32 ^(1,3)	I	ST	No	PWM Fault Input 32 (Class B Fault).
DTCMP1-DTCMP3 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	PWM Dead-Time Compensation Inputs 1 through 3.
PWM1L-PWM3L ⁽¹⁾	O	—	No	PWM Low Outputs 1 through 3.
PWM1H-PWM3H ⁽¹⁾	O	—	No	PWM High Outputs 1 through 3.
SYNCI1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	PWM Synchronization Input 1.
SYNCO1 ⁽¹⁾	O	—	Yes	PWM Synchronization Output 1.
INDX1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Index1 pulse input.
HOME1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Home1 pulse input.
QEA1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Phase A input in QE11 mode. Auxiliary timer external clock/gate input in Timer mode.
QEB1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Phase B input in QE11 mode. Auxiliary timer external clock/gate input in Timer mode.
CNTCMP1 ⁽¹⁾	O	—	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Compare Output 1.

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
 PPS = Peripheral Pin Select TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.
- 2:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.
- 3:** This is the default Fault on Reset for dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices. See **Section 16.0 “High-Speed PWM Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”** for more information.
- 4:** Not all pins are available in all packages variants. See the **“Pin Diagrams”** section for pin availability.
- 5:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name ⁽⁴⁾	Pin Type	Buffer Type	PPS	Description
C1IN1- C1IN2- C1IN1+ OA1OUT C1OUT	I I I O O	Analog Analog Analog Analog —	No No No No Yes	Op Amp/Comparator 1 Negative Input 1. Comparator 1 Negative Input 2. Op Amp/Comparator 1 Positive Input 1. Op Amp 1 output. Comparator 1 output.
C2IN1- C2IN2- C2IN1+ OA2OUT C2OUT	I I I O O	Analog Analog Analog Analog —	No No No No Yes	Op Amp/Comparator 2 Negative Input 1. Comparator 2 Negative Input 2. Op Amp/Comparator 2 Positive Input 1. Op Amp 2 output. Comparator 2 output.
C3IN1- C3IN2- C3IN1+ OA3OUT C3OUT	I I I O O	Analog Analog Analog Analog —	No No No No Yes	Op Amp/Comparator 3 Negative Input 1. Comparator 3 Negative Input 2. Op Amp/Comparator 3 Positive Input 1. Op Amp 3 output. Comparator 3 output.
C4IN1- C4IN1+ C4OUT	I I O	Analog Analog —	No No Yes	Comparator 4 Negative Input 1. Comparator 4 Positive Input 1. Comparator 4 output.
CVREF10 CVREF20	O O	Analog Analog	No No	Op amp/comparator voltage reference output. Op amp/comparator voltage reference divided by 2 output.
PGED1 PGEC1 PGED2 PGEC2 PGED3 PGEC3	I/O I I/O I I/O I	ST ST ST ST ST ST	No No No No No No	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1. Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1. Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2. Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2. Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3. Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3.
MCLR	I/P	ST	No	Master Clear (Reset) input. This pin is an active-low Reset to the device.
AVDD	P	P	No	Positive supply for analog modules. This pin must be connected at all times.
AVSS	P	P	No	Ground reference for analog modules. This pin must be connected at all times.
VDD	P	—	No	Positive supply for peripheral logic and I/O pins.
VCAP	P	—	No	CPU logic filter capacitor connection.
VSS	P	—	No	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.
VREF+	I	Analog	No	Analog voltage reference (high) input.
VREF-	I	Analog	No	Analog voltage reference (low) input.

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
 PPS = Peripheral Pin Select TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.
- Note 2:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.
- Note 3:** This is the default Fault on Reset for dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices. See **Section 16.0 “High-Speed PWM Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”** for more information.
- Note 4:** Not all pins are available in all packages variants. See the **“Pin Diagrams”** section for pin availability.
- Note 5:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

TABLE 4-16: QE1 REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
QE1CON	01C0	QEIEN	—	QEISIDL	PIMOD<2:0>			IMV<1:0>		—	INTDIV<2:0>			CNTPOL	GATEN	CCM<1:0>		0000
QE1IOC	01C2	QCAPEN	FLTREN	QFDIV<2:0>			OUTFNC<1:0>		SWPAB	HOMPOL	IDXPOL	QEBPOL	QEAPOL	HOME	INDEX	QEB	QEA	000x
QE1STAT	01C4	—	—	PCHEQIRQ	PCHEQIEN	PCLEQIRQ	PCLEQIEN	POSOVIRQ	POSOVIEN	PCIIRQ	PCIEN	VELOVIRQ	VELOVIEN	HOMIRQ	HOMIEN	IDXIRQ	IDXIEN	0000
POS1CNTL	01C6	POSCNT<15:0>																0000
POS1CNTH	01C8	POSCNT<31:16>																0000
POS1HLD	01CA	POSHLD<15:0>																0000
VEL1CNT	01CC	VELCNT<15:0>																0000
INT1TMRL	01CE	INTTMR<15:0>																0000
INT1TMRH	01D0	INTTMR<31:16>																0000
INT1HLDL	01D2	INTHLD<15:0>																0000
INT1HLDH	01D4	INTHLD<31:16>																0000
INDX1CNTL	01D6	INDXCNT<15:0>																0000
INDX1CNTH	01D8	INDXCNT<31:16>																0000
INDX1HLD	01DA	INDXHLD<15:0>																0000
QE1GECL	01DC	QEIGEC<15:0>																0000
QE1ICL	01DC	QEIIC<15:0>																0000
QE1GECH	01DE	QEIGEC<31:16>																0000
QE1ICH	01DE	QEIIC<31:16>																0000
QE1LECL	01E0	QEILEC<15:0>																0000
QE1LECH	01E2	QEILEC<31:16>																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-17: I2C1 AND I2C2 REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
I2C1RCV	0200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C1 Receive Register									0000
I2C1TRN	0202	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C1 Transmit Register									00FF
I2C1BRG	0204	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Baud Rate Generator									0000
I2C1CON	0206	I2CEN	—	I2CSIDL	SCLREL	IPMIEN	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000	
I2C1STAT	0208	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	—	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D_A	P	S	R_W	RBF	TBF	0000	
I2C1ADD	020A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C1 Address Register									0000
I2C1MSK	020C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C1 Address Mask									0000
I2C2RCV	0210	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C2 Receive Register									0000
I2C2TRN	0212	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C2 Transmit Register									00FF
I2C2BRG	0214	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Baud Rate Generator									0000
I2C2CON	0216	I2CEN	—	I2CSIDL	SCLREL	IPMIEN	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000	
I2C2STAT	0218	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	—	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D_A	P	S	R_W	RBF	TBF	0000	
I2C2ADD	021A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C2 Address Register									0000
I2C2MSK	021C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	I2C2 Address Mask									0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-18: UART1 AND UART2 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
U1MODE	0220	UARTEN	—	USIDL	IREN	RTSMD	—	UEN<1:0>	WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	URXINV	BRGH	PDSEL<1:0>			STSEL	0000
U1STA	0222	UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	—	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT	URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA	0110
U1TXREG	0224	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART1 Transmit Register									xxxx
U1RXREG	0226	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART1 Receive Register									0000
U1BRG	0228	Baud Rate Generator Prescaler																0000
U2MODE	0230	UARTEN	—	USIDL	IREN	RTSMD	—	UEN<1:0>	WAKE	LPBACK	ABAUD	URXINV	BRGH	PDSEL<1:0>			STSEL	0000
U2STA	0232	UTXISEL1	UTXINV	UTXISEL0	—	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT	URXISEL<1:0>		ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA	0110
U2TXREG	0234	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART2 Transmit Register									xxxx
U2RXREG	0236	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UART2 Receive Register									0000
U2BRG	0238	Baud Rate Generator Prescaler																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

REGISTER 8-13: DMALCA: DMA LAST CHANNEL ACTIVE STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-1	R-1	R-1	R-1
—	—	—	—	LSTCH<3:0>			
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3-0 **LSTCH<3:0>:** Last DMAC Channel Active Status bits
 - 1111 = No DMA transfer has occurred since system Reset
 - 1110 = Reserved
 -
 -
 -
 - 0100 = Reserved
 - 0011 = Last data transfer was handled by Channel 3
 - 0010 = Last data transfer was handled by Channel 2
 - 0001 = Last data transfer was handled by Channel 1
 - 0000 = Last data transfer was handled by Channel 0

REGISTER 10-2: PMD2: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11 **IC4MD:** Input Capture 4 Module Disable bit
1 = Input Capture 4 module is disabled
0 = Input Capture 4 module is enabled
- bit 10 **IC3MD:** Input Capture 3 Module Disable bit
1 = Input Capture 3 module is disabled
0 = Input Capture 3 module is enabled
- bit 9 **IC2MD:** Input Capture 2 Module Disable bit
1 = Input Capture 2 module is disabled
0 = Input Capture 2 module is enabled
- bit 8 **IC1MD:** Input Capture 1 Module Disable bit
1 = Input Capture 1 module is disabled
0 = Input Capture 1 module is enabled
- bit 7-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **OC4MD:** Output Compare 4 Module Disable bit
1 = Output Compare 4 module is disabled
0 = Output Compare 4 module is enabled
- bit 2 **OC3MD:** Output Compare 3 Module Disable bit
1 = Output Compare 3 module is disabled
0 = Output Compare 3 module is enabled
- bit 1 **OC2MD:** Output Compare 2 Module Disable bit
1 = Output Compare 2 module is disabled
0 = Output Compare 2 module is enabled
- bit 0 **OC1MD:** Output Compare 1 Module Disable bit
1 = Output Compare 1 module is disabled
0 = Output Compare 1 module is enabled

16.2 PWM Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

<p>Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser: http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464</p>
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16.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **“High-Speed PWM”** (DS70645) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

16.3 PWMx Control Registers

REGISTER 16-1: PTCON: PWMx TIME BASE CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	HS/HC-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTEN	—	PTSIDL	SESTAT	SEIEN	EIPU ⁽¹⁾	SYNCPOL ⁽¹⁾	SYNCOEN ⁽¹⁾
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SYNCEN ⁽¹⁾	SYNCSRC2 ⁽¹⁾	SYNCSRC1 ⁽¹⁾	SYNCSRC0 ⁽¹⁾	SEVTPS3 ⁽¹⁾	SEVTPS2 ⁽¹⁾	SEVTPS1 ⁽¹⁾	SEVTPS0 ⁽¹⁾
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit	HS = Hardware Settable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **PTEN:** PWMx Module Enable bit
1 = PWMx module is enabled
0 = PWMx module is disabled
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **PTSIDL:** PWMx Time Base Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = PWMx time base halts in CPU Idle mode
0 = PWMx time base runs in CPU Idle mode
- bit 12 **SESTAT:** Special Event Interrupt Status bit
1 = Special event interrupt is pending
0 = Special event interrupt is not pending
- bit 11 **SEIEN:** Special Event Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Special event interrupt is enabled
0 = Special event interrupt is disabled
- bit 10 **EIPU:** Enable Immediate Period Updates bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Active Period register is updated immediately
0 = Active Period register updates occur on PWMx cycle boundaries
- bit 9 **SYNCPOL:** Synchronize Input and Output Polarity bit⁽¹⁾
1 = SYNC11/SYNCO1 polarity is inverted (active-low)
0 = SYNC11/SYNCO1 is active-high
- bit 8 **SYNCOEN:** Primary Time Base Sync Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = SYNCO1 output is enabled
0 = SYNCO1 output is disabled
- bit 7 **SYNCEN:** External Time Base Synchronization Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = External synchronization of primary time base is enabled
0 = External synchronization of primary time base is disabled

- Note 1:** These bits should be changed only when PTEN = 0. In addition, when using the SYNC11 feature, the user application must program the period register with a value that is slightly larger than the expected period of the external synchronization input signal.
- 2:** See **Section 24.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module”** for information on this selection.

REGISTER 17-15: QE1GEC: QE1 GREATER THAN OR EQUAL COMPARE HIGH WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
QEIGEC<31:24>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
QEIGEC<23:16>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **QEIGEC<31:16>**: High Word Used to Form 32-Bit Greater Than or Equal Compare Register (QE1GEC) bits

REGISTER 17-16: QE1GECL: QE1 GREATER THAN OR EQUAL COMPARE LOW WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
QEIGEC<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

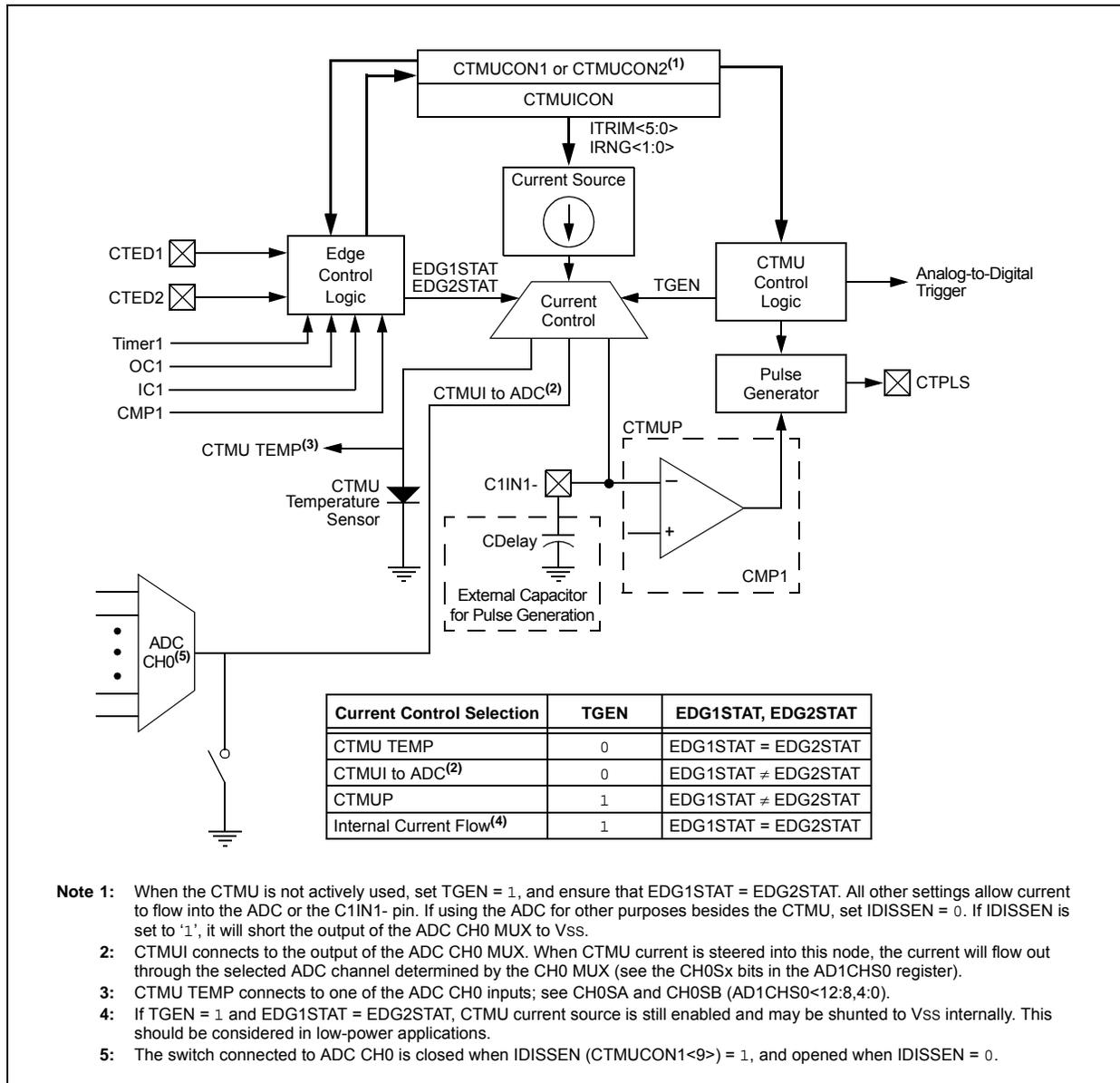
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
QEIGEC<7:0>							
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **QEIGEC<15:0>**: Low Word Used to Form 32-Bit Greater Than or Equal Compare Register (QE1GEC) bits

FIGURE 22-1: CTMU BLOCK DIAGRAM



22.1 CTMU Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

22.1.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)” (DS70661) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” Sections
- Development Tools

23.0 10-BIT/12-BIT ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER (ADC)

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)**” (DS70621) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices have one ADC module. The ADC module supports up to 16 analog input channels.

On ADC1, the AD12B bit (AD1CON1<10>) allows the ADC module to be configured by the user as either a 10-bit, 4 Sample-and-Hold (S&H) ADC (default configuration) or a 12-bit, 1 S&H ADC.

Note: The ADC module needs to be disabled before modifying the AD12B bit.

23.1 Key Features

23.1.1 10-BIT ADC CONFIGURATION

The 10-bit ADC configuration has the following key features:

- Successive Approximation (SAR) conversion
- Conversion speeds of up to 1.1 Msps
- Up to 16 analog input pins
- Connections to three internal op amps
- Connections to the Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU) and temperature measurement diode
- Channel selection and triggering can be controlled by the Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)
- External voltage reference input pins
- Simultaneous sampling of:
 - Up to four analog input pins
 - Three op amp outputs
 - Combinations of analog inputs and op amp outputs
- Automatic Channel Scan mode
- Selectable conversion Trigger source
- Selectable Buffer Fill modes
- Four result alignment options (signed/unsigned, fractional/integer)
- Operation during CPU Sleep and Idle modes

23.1.2 12-BIT ADC CONFIGURATION

The 12-bit ADC configuration supports all the features listed above, with the exception of the following:

- In the 12-bit configuration, conversion speeds of up to 500 ksps are supported
- There is only one S&H amplifier in the 12-bit configuration; therefore, simultaneous sampling of multiple channels is not supported.

Depending on the particular device pinout, the ADC can have up to 16 analog input pins, designated AN0 through AN15. These analog inputs are shared with op amp inputs and outputs, comparator inputs, and external voltage references. When op amp/comparator functionality is enabled, or an external voltage reference is used, the analog input that shares that pin is no longer available. The actual number of analog input pins, op amps and external voltage reference input configuration depends on the specific device.

A block diagram of the ADC module is shown in Figure 23-1. Figure 23-2 provides a diagram of the ADC conversion clock period.

REGISTER 23-4: AD1CON4: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ADDMAEN
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	DMABL2	DMABL1	DMABLO
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:
 R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 8 **ADDMAEN:** ADC1 DMA Enable bit
 1 = Conversion results are stored in the ADC1BUF0 register for transfer to RAM using DMA
 0 = Conversion results are stored in ADC1BUF0 through ADC1BUFF registers; DMA will not be used
- bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0 **DMABL<2:0>:** Selects Number of DMA Buffer Locations per Analog Input bits
 111 = Allocates 128 words of buffer to each analog input
 110 = Allocates 64 words of buffer to each analog input
 101 = Allocates 32 words of buffer to each analog input
 100 = Allocates 16 words of buffer to each analog input
 011 = Allocates 8 words of buffer to each analog input
 010 = Allocates 4 words of buffer to each analog input
 001 = Allocates 2 words of buffer to each analog input
 000 = Allocates 1 word of buffer to each analog input

TABLE 27-2: CONFIGURATION BITS DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Bit Field	Description
WDTPRE	Watchdog Timer Prescaler bit 1 = 1:128 0 = 1:32
WDTPOST<3:0>	Watchdog Timer Postscaler bits 1111 = 1:32,768 1110 = 1:16,384 • • • 0001 = 1:2 0000 = 1:1
WDTWIN<1:0>	Watchdog Window Select bits 11 = WDT window is 25% of WDT period 10 = WDT window is 37.5% of WDT period 01 = WDT window is 50% of WDT period 00 = WDT window is 75% of WDT period
ALTI2C1	Alternate I2C1 pin 1 = I2C1 is mapped to the SDA1/SCL1 pins 0 = I2C1 is mapped to the ASDA1/ASCL1 pins
ALTI2C2	Alternate I2C2 pin 1 = I2C2 is mapped to the SDA2/SCL2 pins 0 = I2C2 is mapped to the ASDA2/ASCL2 pins
JTAGEN ⁽²⁾	JTAG Enable bit 1 = JTAG is enabled 0 = JTAG is disabled
ICS<1:0>	ICD Communication Channel Select bits 11 = Communicate on PGEC1 and PGED1 10 = Communicate on PGEC2 and PGED2 01 = Communicate on PGEC3 and PGED3 00 = Reserved, do not use

Note 1: This bit is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

2: When JTAGEN = 1, an internal pull-up resistor is enabled on the TMS pin. Erased devices default to JTAGEN = 1. Applications requiring I/O pins in a high-impedance state (tri-state) in Reset should use pins other than TMS for this purpose.

27.6 JTAG Interface

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices implement a JTAG interface, which supports boundary scan device testing. Detailed information on this interface is provided in future revisions of the document.

Note: Refer to “**Programming and Diagnostics**” (DS70608) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” for further information on usage, configuration and operation of the JTAG interface.

27.7 In-Circuit Serial Programming

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices can be serially programmed while in the end application circuit. This is done with two lines for clock and data, and three other lines for power, ground and the programming sequence. Serial programming allows customers to manufacture boards with unprogrammed devices and then program the device just before shipping the product. Serial programming also allows the most recent firmware or a custom firmware to be programmed. Refer to the “*dsPIC33E/PIC24E Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits*” (DS70663) for details about In-Circuit Serial Programming (ICSP).

Any of the three pairs of programming clock/data pins can be used:

- PGEC1 and PGED1
- PGEC2 and PGED2
- PGEC3 and PGED3

27.8 In-Circuit Debugger

When MPLAB® ICD 3 or REAL ICE™ is selected as a debugger, the in-circuit debugging functionality is enabled. This function allows simple debugging functions when used with MPLAB IDE. Debugging functionality is controlled through the PGECx (Emulation/Debug Clock) and PGEDx (Emulation/Debug Data) pin functions.

Any of the three pairs of debugging clock/data pins can be used:

- PGEC1 and PGED1
- PGEC2 and PGED2
- PGEC3 and PGED3

To use the in-circuit debugger function of the device, the design must implement ICSP connections to MCLR, VDD, VSS and the PGECx/PGEDx pin pair. In addition, when the feature is enabled, some of the resources are not available for general use. These resources include the first 80 bytes of data RAM and two I/O pins (PGECx and PGEDx).

27.9 Code Protection and CodeGuard™ Security

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X, and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices offer basic implementation of CodeGuard Security that supports only General Segment (GS) security. This feature helps protect individual Intellectual Property.

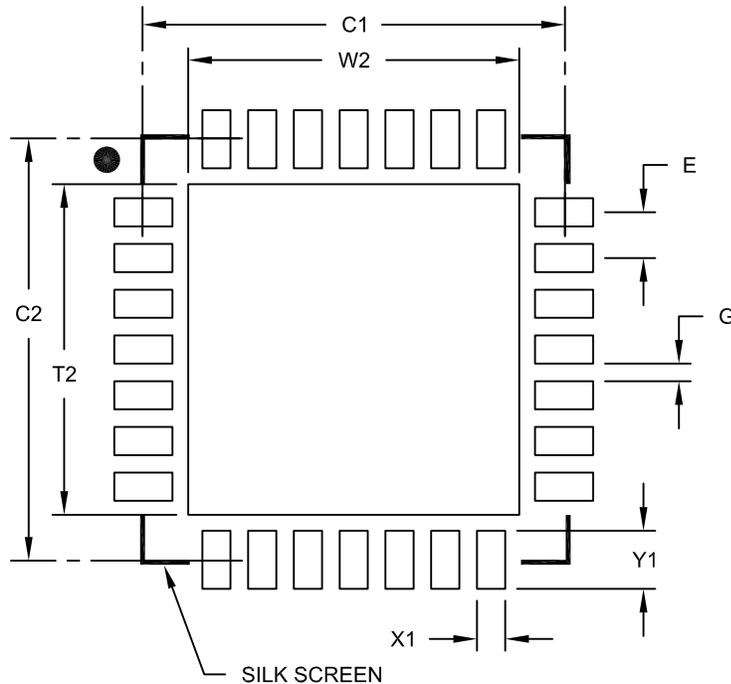
Note: Refer to “**CodeGuard™ Security**” (DS70634) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” for further information on usage, configuration and operation of CodeGuard Security.

TABLE 28-1: SYMBOLS USED IN OPCODE DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Field	Description
Wm,Wn	Dividend, Divisor working register pair (direct addressing)
Wm*Wm	Multiplicand and Multiplier working register pair for Square instructions $\in \{W4 * W4, W5 * W5, W6 * W6, W7 * W7\}$
Wm*Wn	Multiplicand and Multiplier working register pair for DSP instructions $\in \{W4 * W5, W4 * W6, W4 * W7, W5 * W6, W5 * W7, W6 * W7\}$
Wn	One of 16 working registers $\in \{W0...W15\}$
Wnd	One of 16 destination working registers $\in \{W0...W15\}$
Wns	One of 16 source working registers $\in \{W0...W15\}$
WREG	W0 (working register used in file register instructions)
Ws	Source W register $\in \{Ws, [Ws], [Ws++] , [Ws--], [++Ws], [--Ws] \}$
Wso	Source W register $\in \{Wns, [Wns], [Wns++] , [Wns--], [++Wns], [--Wns], [Wns+Wb] \}$
Wx	X Data Space Prefetch Address register for DSP instructions $\in \{[W8] + = 6, [W8] + = 4, [W8] + = 2, [W8], [W8] - = 6, [W8] - = 4, [W8] - = 2, [W9] + = 6, [W9] + = 4, [W9] + = 2, [W9], [W9] - = 6, [W9] - = 4, [W9] - = 2, [W9 + W12], \text{none}\}$
Wxd	X Data Space Prefetch Destination register for DSP instructions $\in \{W4...W7\}$
Wy	Y Data Space Prefetch Address register for DSP instructions $\in \{[W10] + = 6, [W10] + = 4, [W10] + = 2, [W10], [W10] - = 6, [W10] - = 4, [W10] - = 2, [W11] + = 6, [W11] + = 4, [W11] + = 2, [W11], [W11] - = 6, [W11] - = 4, [W11] - = 2, [W11 + W12], \text{none}\}$
Wyd	Y Data Space Prefetch Destination register for DSP instructions $\in \{W4...W7\}$

**28-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MM) – 6x6x0.9 mm Body [QFN-S]
with 0.40 mm Contact Length**

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.65 BSC		
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			4.70
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			4.70
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		6.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		6.00	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.40
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			0.85
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2124A

TABLE A-2: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section Name	Update Description
<p>Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics” (Continued)</p>	<p>These SPI2 Timing Requirements were updated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum value for Parameter SP10 and the minimum clock period value for SCKx in Note 3 (see Table 30-36, Table 30-37, and Table 30-38) • Maximum value for Parameter SP70 and the minimum clock period value for SCKx in Note 3 (see Table 30-40 and Table 30-42) • The Maximum Data Rate values were updated for the SPI2 Maximum Data/Clock Rate Summary (see Table 30-43) <p>These SPI1 Timing Requirements were updated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum value for Parameters SP10 and the minimum clock period value for SCKx in Note 3 (see Table 30-44, Table 30-45, and Table 30-46) • Maximum value for Parameters SP70 and the minimum clock period value for SCKx in Note 3 (see Table 30-47 through Table 30-50) • Minimum value for Parameters SP40 and SP41 see Table 30-44 through Table 30-50) <p>Updated all Typical values for the CTMU Current Source Specifications (see Table 30-55).</p> <p>Updated Note1, the Maximum value for Parameter AD06, the Minimum value for AD07, and the Typical values for AD09 in the ADC Module Specifications (see Table 30-56).</p> <p>Added Note 1 to the ADC Module Specifications (12-bit Mode) (see Table 30-57).</p> <p>Added Note 1 to the ADC Module Specifications (10-bit Mode) (see Table 30-58).</p> <p>Updated the Minimum and Maximum values for Parameter AD21b in the 10-bit Mode ADC Module Specifications (see Table 30-58).</p> <p>Updated Note 2 in the ADC Conversion (12-bit Mode) Timing Requirements (see Table 30-59).</p> <p>Updated Note 1 in the ADC Conversion (10-bit Mode) Timing Requirements (see Table 30-60).</p>