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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	256KB (85.5K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep256mc202t-i-so

TABLE 4-39: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0760	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	—	—	—	I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	—	C1MD	AD1MD	0000
PMD2	0762	—	—	—	—	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD	—	—	—	—	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0764	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD	—	—	CRCMD	—	—	—	—	—	I2C2MD	—	0000
PMD4	0766	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	CTMUMD	—	—	0000
PMD6	076A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD7	076C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA0MD	PTGMD	—	—	—	0000
													DMA1MD					
													DMA2MD					
													DMA3MD					

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-40: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC50X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0760	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	QE1MD	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	—	C1MD	AD1MD	0000
PMD2	0762	—	—	—	—	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD	—	—	—	—	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0764	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD	—	—	CRCMD	—	—	—	—	—	I2C2MD	—	0000
PMD4	0766	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	CTMUMD	—	—	0000
PMD6	076A	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3MD	PWM2MD	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD7	076C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA0MD	PTGMD	—	—	—	0000
													DMA1MD					
													DMA2MD					
													DMA3MD					

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-56: PORTA REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC203 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC203/503 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	0E00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISA8	—	—	—	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	011F
PORTA	0E02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RA8	—	—	—	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	0000
LATA	0E04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATA8	—	—	—	LATA4	LATA3	LATA2	LA1TA1	LA0TA0	0000
ODCA	0E06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCA8	—	—	—	ODCA4	ODCA3	ODCA2	ODCA1	ODCA0	0000
CNENA	0E08	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEA8	—	—	—	CNIEA4	CNIEA3	CNIEA2	CNIEA1	CNIEA0	0000
CNPUA	0E0A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUA8	—	—	—	CNPUA4	CNPUA3	CNPUA2	CNPUA1	CNPUA0	0000
CNPDA	0E0C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDA8	—	—	—	CNPDA4	CNPDA3	CNPDA2	CNPDA1	CNPDA0	0000
ANSELA	0E0E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSA4	—	—	ANSA1	ANSA0	0013

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-57: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC203 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC203/503 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	0E10	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
PORTB	0E12	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx
LATB	0E14	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx
ODCB	0E16	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12	ODCB11	ODCB10	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	ODCB6	ODCB5	ODCB4	ODCB3	ODCB2	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000
CNENB	0E18	CNIEB15	CNIEB14	CNIEB13	CNIEB12	CNIEB11	CNIEB10	CNIEB9	CNIEB8	CNIEB7	CNIEB6	CNIEB5	CNIEB4	CNIEB3	CNIEB2	CNIEB1	CNIEB0	0000
CNPUB	0E1A	CNPUB15	CNPUB14	CNPUB13	CNPUB12	CNPUB11	CNPUB10	CNPUB9	CNPUB8	CNPUB7	CNPUB6	CNPUB5	CNPUB4	CNPUB3	CNPUB2	CNPUB1	CNPUB0	0000
CNPDB	0E1C	CNPDB15	CNPDB14	CNPDB13	CNPDB12	CNPDB11	CNPDB10	CNPDB9	CNPDB8	CNPDB7	CNPDB6	CNPDB5	CNPDB4	CNPDB3	CNPDB2	CNPDB1	CNPDB0	0000
ANSELB	0E1E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSB8	—	—	—	—	ANSB3	ANSB2	ANSB1	ANSB0	010F

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-58: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC203 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC203/503 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISC	0E20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISC8	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISC1	TRISC0	0103
PORTC	0E22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RC8	—	—	—	—	—	—	RC1	RC0	xxxx
LATC	0E24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATC8	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATC1	LATC0	xxxx
ODCC	0E26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCC8	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCC1	ODCC0	0000
CNENC	0E28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEC8	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEC1	CNIEC0	0000
CNPUC	0E2A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUC8	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUC1	CNPUC0	0000
CNPDC	0E2C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDC8	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDC1	CNPDC0	0000
ANSELC	0E2E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSC1	ANSC0	0003

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

4.6.3 MODULO ADDRESSING APPLICABILITY

Modulo Addressing can be applied to the Effective Address (EA) calculation associated with any W register. Address boundaries check for addresses equal to:

- The upper boundary addresses for incrementing buffers
- The lower boundary addresses for decrementing buffers

It is important to realize that the address boundaries check for addresses less than, or greater than, the upper (for incrementing buffers) and lower (for decrementing buffers) boundary addresses (not just equal to). Address changes can, therefore, jump beyond boundaries and still be adjusted correctly.

Note: The modulo corrected Effective Address is written back to the register only when Pre-Modify or Post-Modify Addressing mode is used to compute the Effective Address. When an address offset (such as $[W7 + W2]$) is used, Modulo Addressing correction is performed but the contents of the register remain unchanged.

4.7 Bit-Reversed Addressing (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X Devices Only)

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is intended to simplify data reordering for radix-2 FFT algorithms. It is supported by the X AGU for data writes only.

The modifier, which can be a constant value or register contents, is regarded as having its bit order reversed. The address source and destination are kept in normal order. Thus, the only operand requiring reversal is the modifier.

4.7.1 BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING IMPLEMENTATION

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is enabled when all these conditions are met:

- BWMx bits (W register selection) in the MODCON register are any value other than '1111' (the stack cannot be accessed using Bit-Reversed Addressing)
- The BREN bit is set in the XBREV register
- The addressing mode used is Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment

If the length of a bit-reversed buffer is $M = 2^N$ bytes, the last 'N' bits of the data buffer start address must be zeros.

XBREV<14:0> is the Bit-Reversed Addressing modifier, or 'pivot point', which is typically a constant. In the case of an FFT computation, its value is equal to half of the FFT data buffer size.

Note: All bit-reversed EA calculations assume word-sized data (LSb of every EA is always clear). The XBREVx value is scaled accordingly to generate compatible (byte) addresses.

When enabled, Bit-Reversed Addressing is executed only for Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment Addressing and word-sized data writes. It does not function for any other addressing mode or for byte-sized data and normal addresses are generated instead. When Bit-Reversed Addressing is active, the W Address Pointer is always added to the address modifier (XBREVx) and the offset associated with the Register Indirect Addressing mode is ignored. In addition, as word-sized data is a requirement, the LSb of the EA is ignored (and always clear).

Note: Modulo Addressing and Bit-Reversed Addressing can be enabled simultaneously using the same W register, but Bit-Reversed Addressing operation will always take precedence for data writes when enabled.

If Bit-Reversed Addressing has already been enabled by setting the BREN (XBREV<15>) bit, a write to the XBREV register should not be immediately followed by an indirect read operation using the W register that has been designated as the Bit-Reversed Pointer.

REGISTER 8-2: DMAxREQ: DMA CHANNEL x IRQ SELECT REGISTER

R/S-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
FORCE ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IRQSEL7	IRQSEL6	IRQSEL5	IRQSEL4	IRQSEL3	IRQSEL2	IRQSEL1	IRQSEL0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	S = Settable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set
	'0' = Bit is cleared
	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **FORCE:** Force DMA Transfer bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = Forces a single DMA transfer (Manual mode)
 0 = Automatic DMA transfer initiation by DMA request
- bit 14-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 7-0 **IRQSEL<7:0>:** DMA Peripheral IRQ Number Select bits
 01000110 = ECAN1 – TX Data Request⁽²⁾
 00100110 = IC4 – Input Capture 4
 00100101 = IC3 – Input Capture 3
 00100010 = ECAN1 – RX Data Ready⁽²⁾
 00100001 = SPI2 Transfer Done
 00011111 = UART2TX – UART2 Transmitter
 00011110 = UART2RX – UART2 Receiver
 00011100 = TMR5 – Timer5
 00011011 = TMR4 – Timer4
 00011010 = OC4 – Output Compare 4
 00011001 = OC3 – Output Compare 3
 00001101 = ADC1 – ADC1 Convert done
 00001100 = UART1TX – UART1 Transmitter
 00001011 = UART1RX – UART1 Receiver
 00001010 = SPI1 – Transfer Done
 00001000 = TMR3 – Timer3
 00000111 = TMR2 – Timer2
 00000110 = OC2 – Output Compare 2
 00000101 = IC2 – Input Capture 2
 00000010 = OC1 – Output Compare 1
 00000001 = IC1 – Input Capture 1
 00000000 = INT0 – External Interrupt 0

- Note 1:** The FORCE bit cannot be cleared by user software. The FORCE bit is cleared by hardware when the forced DMA transfer is complete or the channel is disabled (CHEN = 0).
- 2:** This selection is available in dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

NOTES:

9.3 Oscillator Control Registers

REGISTER 9-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾

U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	U-0	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y
—	COSC2	COSC1	COSC0	—	NOSC2 ⁽²⁾	NOSC1 ⁽²⁾	NOSC0 ⁽²⁾
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
CLKLOCK	IOLOCK	LOCK	—	CF ⁽³⁾	—	—	OSWEN
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:	y = Value set from Configuration bits on POR		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **COSC<2:0>:** Current Oscillator Selection bits (read-only)

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n
- 110 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-16
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Reserved
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-N and PLL (FRCPLL)
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **NOSC<2:0>:** New Oscillator Selection bits⁽²⁾

- 111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n
- 110 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-16
- 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
- 100 = Reserved
- 011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL
- 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
- 001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-N and PLL (FRCPLL)
- 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 7 **CLKLOCK:** Clock Lock Enable bit

- 1 = If (FCKSM0 = 1), then clock and PLL configurations are locked; if (FCKSM0 = 0), then clock and PLL configurations may be modified
- 0 = Clock and PLL selections are not locked, configurations may be modified

bit 6 **IOLOCK:** I/O Lock Enable bit

- 1 = I/O lock is active
- 0 = I/O lock is not active

bit 5 **LOCK:** PLL Lock Status bit (read-only)

- 1 = Indicates that PLL is in lock or PLL start-up timer is satisfied
- 0 = Indicates that PLL is out of lock, start-up timer is in progress or PLL is disabled

Note 1: Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to “**Oscillator**” (DS70580) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” (available from the Microchip web site) for details.

2: Direct clock switches between any primary oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.

3: This bit should only be cleared in software. Setting the bit in software (= 1) will have the same effect as an actual oscillator failure and trigger an oscillator failure trap.

REGISTER 21-7: CxINTE: ECANx INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IVRIE	WAKIE	ERRIE	—	FIFOIE	RBOVIE	RBIE	TBIE
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 7	IVRIE: Invalid Message Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 6	WAKIE: Bus Wake-up Activity Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 5	ERRIE: Error Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 4	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 3	FIFOIE: FIFO Almost Full Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 2	RBOVIE: RX Buffer Overflow Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 1	RBIE: RX Buffer Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 0	TBIE: TX Buffer Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled

REGISTER 21-20: CxRXMnSID: ECANx ACCEPTANCE FILTER MASK n STANDARD IDENTIFIER REGISTER (n = 0-2)

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	U-0	R/W-x	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x
SID2	SID1	SID0	—	MIDE	—	EID17	EID16
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-5 **SID<10:0>**: Standard Identifier bits
1 = Includes bit, SIDx, in filter comparison
0 = SIDx bit is a don't care in filter comparison
- bit 4 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 3 **MIDE**: Identifier Receive Mode bit
1 = Matches only message types (standard or extended address) that correspond to EXIDE bit in the filter
0 = Matches either standard or extended address message if filters match (i.e., if (Filter SID) = (Message SID) or if (Filter SID/EID) = (Message SID/EID))
- bit 2 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 1-0 **EID<17:16>**: Extended Identifier bits
1 = Includes bit, EIDx, in filter comparison
0 = EIDx bit is a don't care in filter comparison

REGISTER 21-21: CxRXMnEID: ECANx ACCEPTANCE FILTER MASK n EXTENDED IDENTIFIER REGISTER (n = 0-2)

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
EID15	EID14	EID13	EID12	EID11	EID10	EID9	EID8
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
EID7	EID6	EID5	EID4	EID3	EID2	EID1	EID0
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-0 **EID<15:0>**: Extended Identifier bits
1 = Includes bit, EIDx, in filter comparison
0 = EIDx bit is a don't care in filter comparison

REGISTER 21-24: CxRXOVF1: ECANx RECEIVE BUFFER OVERFLOW REGISTER 1

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF15	RXOVF14	RXOVF13	RXOVF12	RXOVF11	RXOVF10	RXOVF9	RXOVF8
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF7	RXOVF6	RXOVF5	RXOVF4	RXOVF3	RXOVF2	RXOVF1	RXOVF0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writable bit, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit						
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cleared		x = Bit is unknown		

bit 15-0 **RXOVF<15:0>:** Receive Buffer n Overflow bits
 1 = Module attempted to write to a full buffer (set by module)
 0 = No overflow condition (cleared by user software)

REGISTER 21-25: CxRXOVF2: ECANx RECEIVE BUFFER OVERFLOW REGISTER 2

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF31	RXOVF30	RXOVF29	RXOVF28	RXOVF27	RXOVF26	RXOVF25	RXOVF24
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF23	RXOVF22	RXOVF21	RXOVF20	RXOVF19	RXOVF18	RXOVF17	RXOVF16
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writable bit, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit						
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set		'0' = Bit is cleared		x = Bit is unknown		

bit 15-0 **RXOVF<31:16>:** Receive Buffer n Overflow bits
 1 = Module attempted to write to a full buffer (set by module)
 0 = No overflow condition (cleared by user software)

FIGURE 25-4: USER-PROGRAMMABLE BLANKING FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM

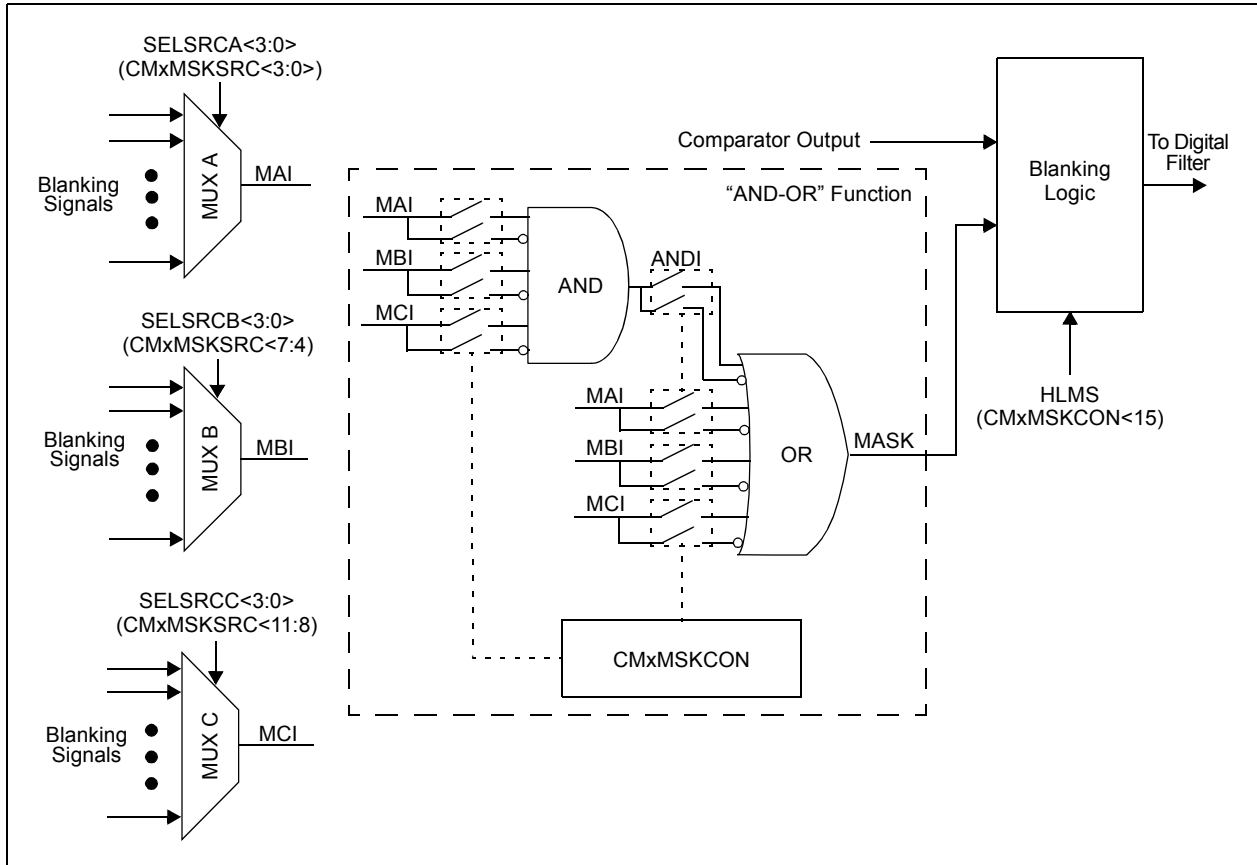


FIGURE 25-5: DIGITAL FILTER INTERCONNECT BLOCK DIAGRAM

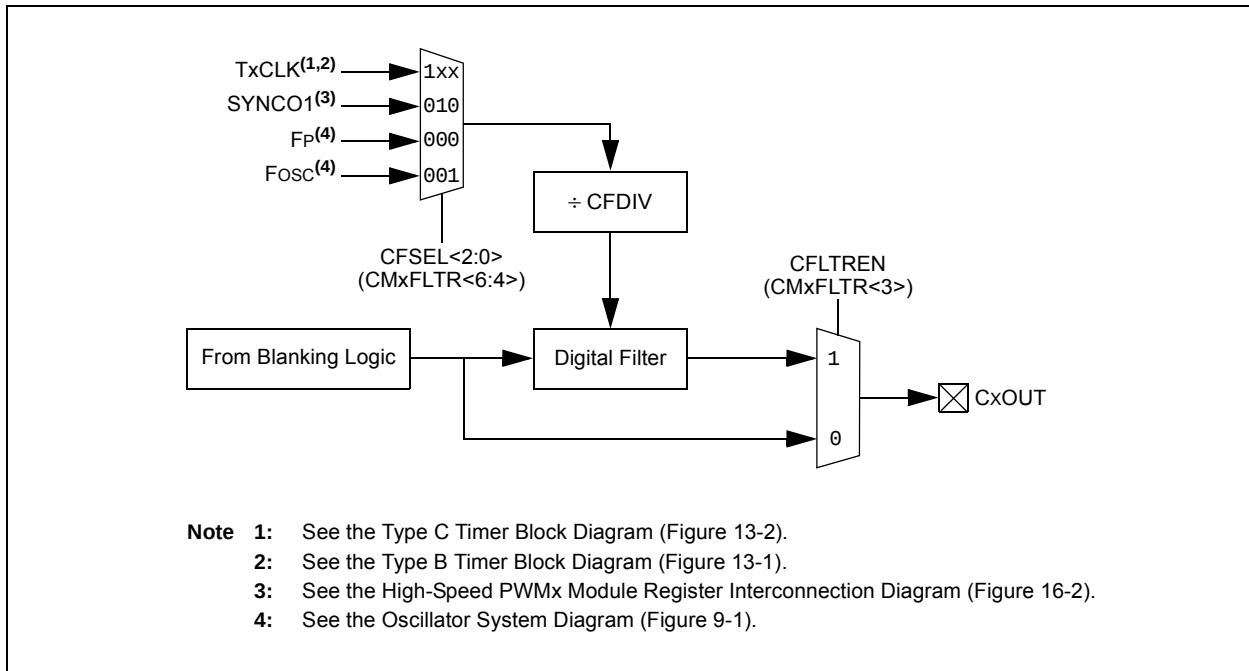


TABLE 30-11: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN INPUT SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DI60a	I _{ICL}	Input Low Injection Current	0	—	-5 ^(4,7)	mA	All pins except V _{DD} , V _{SS} , AV _{DD} , AV _{SS} , MCLR, VCAP and RB7
DI60b	I _{ICH}	Input High Injection Current	0	—	+5 ^(5,6,7)	mA	All pins except V _{DD} , V _{SS} , AV _{DD} , AV _{SS} , MCLR, VCAP, RB7 and all 5V tolerant pins ⁽⁶⁾
DI60c	ΣI_{ICT}	Total Input Injection Current (sum of all I/O and control pins)	-20 ⁽⁸⁾	—	+20 ⁽⁸⁾	mA	Absolute instantaneous sum of all $\pm$ input injection currents from all I/O pins ($ I_{ICL} + I_{ICH} $) $\leq \Sigma I_{ICT}$

- Note 1:** The leakage current on the MCLR pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current can be measured at different input voltages.
- 2:** Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.
- 3:** See the “Pin Diagrams” section for the 5V tolerant I/O pins.
- 4:** V_{IL} source < (V_{SS} – 0.3). Characterized but not tested.
- 5:** Non-5V tolerant pins V_{IH} source > (V_{DD} + 0.3), 5V tolerant pins V_{IH} source > 5.5V. Characterized but not tested.
- 6:** Digital 5V tolerant pins cannot tolerate any “positive” input injection current from input sources > 5.5V.
- 7:** Non-zero injection currents can affect the ADC results by approximately 4-6 counts.
- 8:** Any number and/or combination of I/O pins not excluded under I_{ICL} or I_{ICH} conditions are permitted provided the mathematical “absolute instantaneous” sum of the input injection currents from all pins do not exceed the specified limit. Characterized but not tested.

FIGURE 30-32: I2Cx BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (SLAVE MODE)

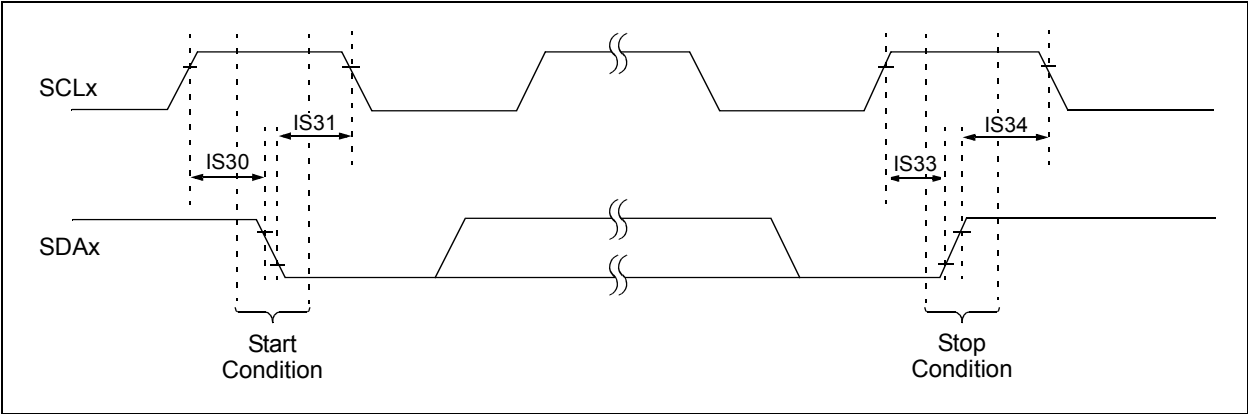
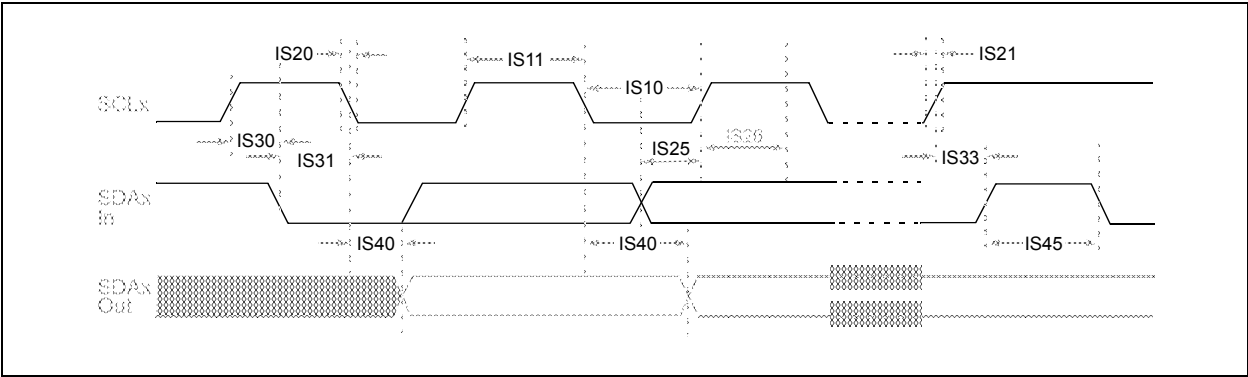


FIGURE 30-33: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (SLAVE MODE)



31.0 HIGH-TEMPERATURE ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

This section provides an overview of dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X electrical characteristics for devices operating in an ambient temperature range of -40°C to +150°C.

The specifications between -40°C to +150°C are identical to those shown in **Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for operation between -40°C to +125°C, with the exception of the parameters listed in this section.

Parameters in this section begin with an H, which denotes High temperature. For example, Parameter DC10 in **Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** is the Industrial and Extended temperature equivalent of HDC10.

Absolute maximum ratings for the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X high-temperature devices are listed below. Exposure to these maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect device reliability. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above the parameters indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Ambient temperature under bias ⁽²⁾	-40°C to +150°C
Storage temperature	-65°C to +160°C
Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS	-0.3V to +4.0V
Voltage on any pin that is not 5V tolerant with respect to VSS ⁽³⁾	-0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V)
Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to VSS when VDD < 3.0V ⁽³⁾	-0.3V to 3.6V
Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to VSS when VDD ≥ 3.0V ⁽³⁾	-0.3V to 5.5V
Maximum current out of VSS pin	60 mA
Maximum current into VDD pin ⁽⁴⁾	60 mA
Maximum junction temperature	+155°C
Maximum current sourced/sunk by any 4x I/O pin	10 mA
Maximum current sourced/sunk by any 8x I/O pin	15 mA
Maximum current sunk by all ports combined	70 mA
Maximum current sourced by all ports combined ⁽⁴⁾	70 mA

Note 1: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” can cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect device reliability.

2: AEC-Q100 reliability testing for devices intended to operate at +150°C is 1,000 hours. Any design in which the total operating time from +125°C to +150°C will be greater than 1,000 hours is not warranted without prior written approval from Microchip Technology Inc.

3: Refer to the “Pin Diagrams” section for 5V tolerant pins.

4: Maximum allowable current is a function of device maximum power dissipation (see Table 31-2).

31.1 High-Temperature DC Characteristics

TABLE 31-1: OPERATING MIPS VS. VOLTAGE

Characteristic	VDD Range (in Volts)	Temperature Range (in °C)	Max MIPS
			dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X
HDC5	3.0 to 3.6V ⁽¹⁾	-40°C to +150°C	40

Note 1: Device is functional at $V_{BORMIN} < V_{DD} < V_{DDMIN}$. Analog modules, such as the ADC, may have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested but not characterized.

TABLE 31-2: THERMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

Rating	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
High-Temperature Devices					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40	—	+155	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	TA	-40	—	+150	°C
Power Dissipation: Internal Chip Power Dissipation: $P_{INT} = V_{DD} \times (I_{DD} - \sum I_{OH})$ I/O Pin Power Dissipation: $I/O = \sum (\{V_{DD} - V_{OH}\} \times I_{OH}) + \sum (V_{OL} \times I_{OL})$	PD	PINT + PI/O			W
Maximum Allowed Power Dissipation	PDMAX	$(T_J - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$			W

TABLE 31-3: DC TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +150^\circ\text{C}$				
Parameter No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Operating Voltage							
HDC10	Supply Voltage						
	VDD	—	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-40°C to +150°C

FIGURE 32-9: TYPICAL FRC FREQUENCY @ VDD = 3.3V

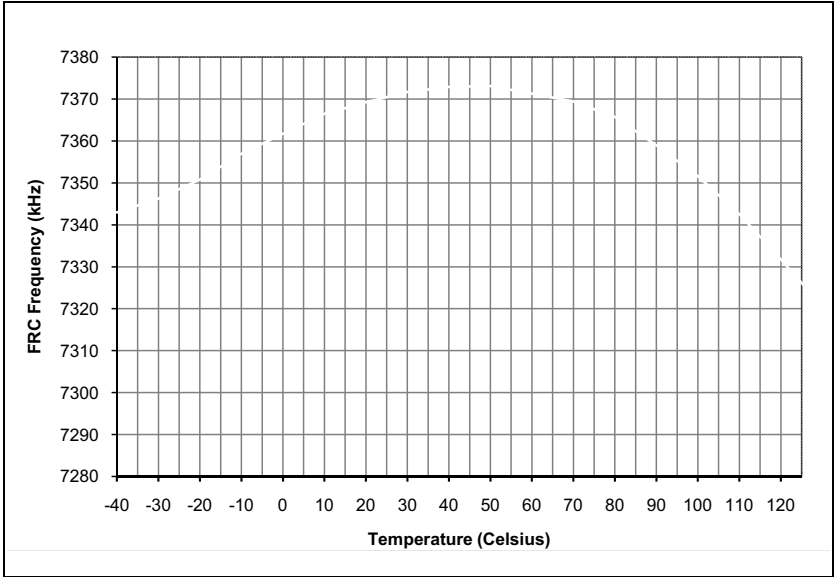


FIGURE 32-10: TYPICAL LPRC FREQUENCY @ VDD = 3.3V

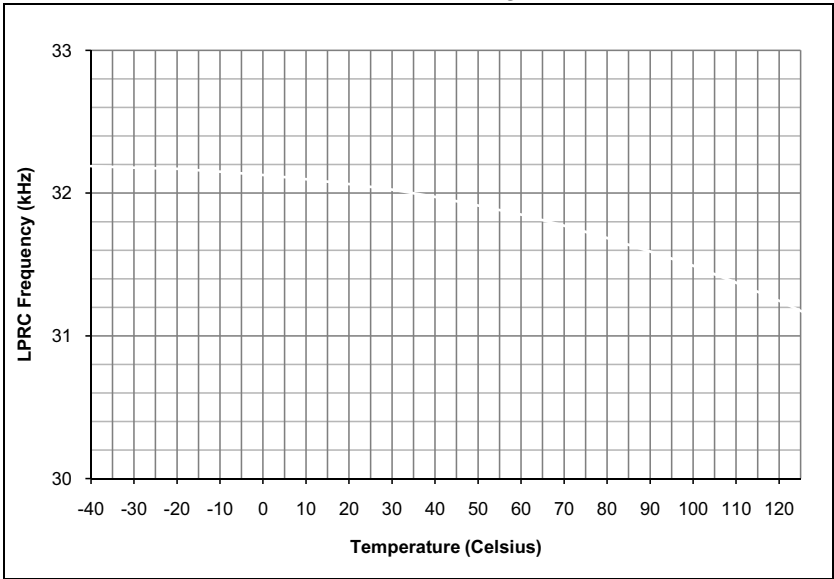
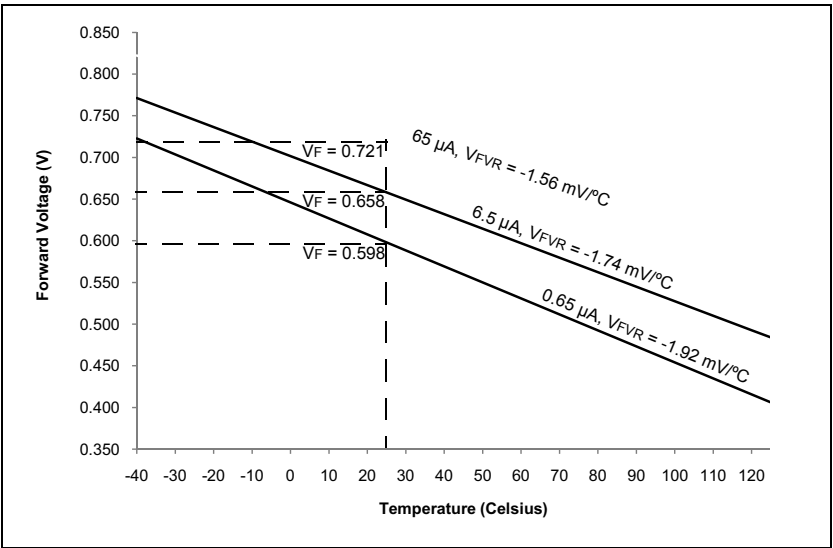
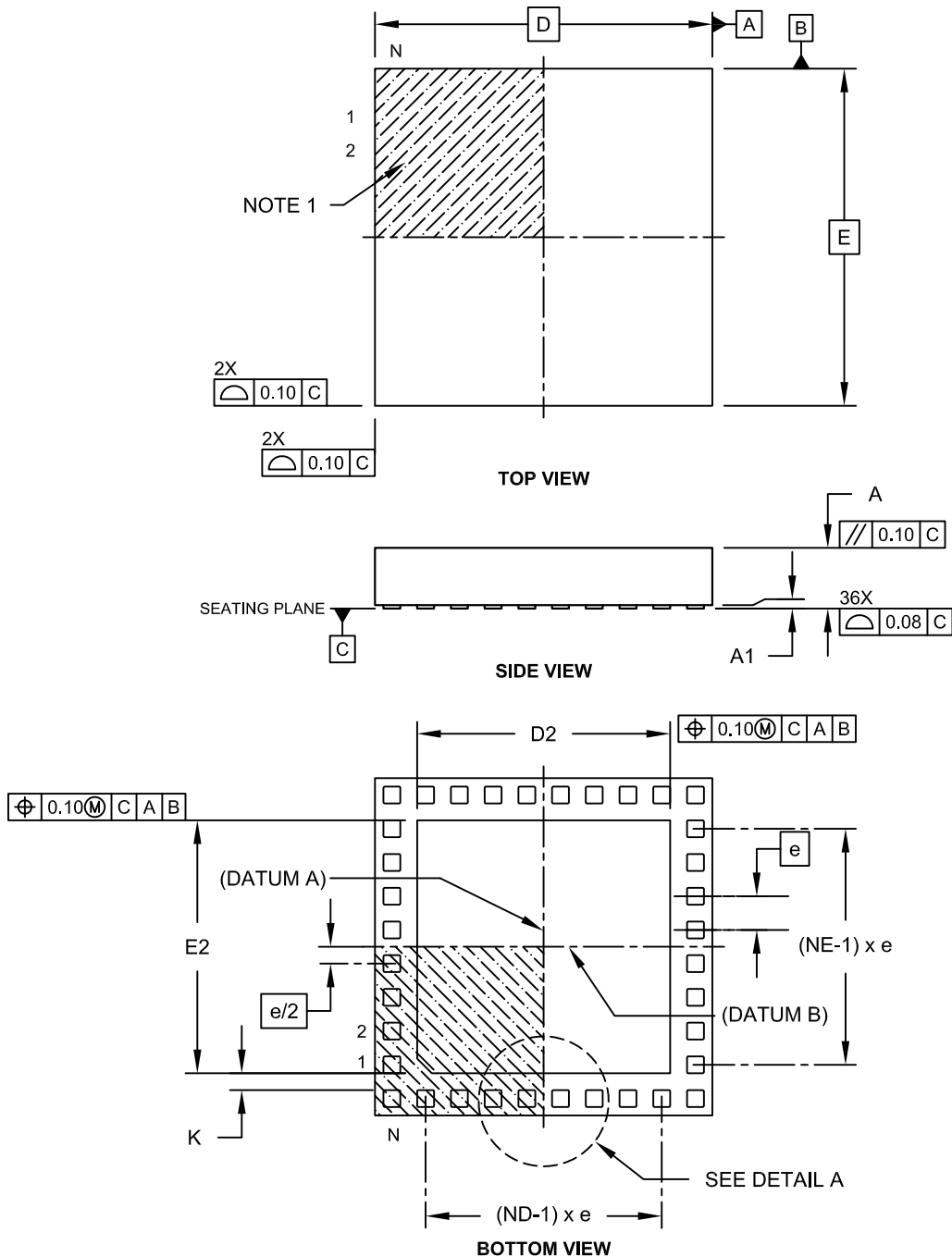


FIGURE 32-11: TYPICAL CTMU TEMPERATURE DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



36-Terminal Very Thin Thermal Leadless Array Package (TL) – 5x5x0.9 mm Body with Exposed Pad [VTLA]

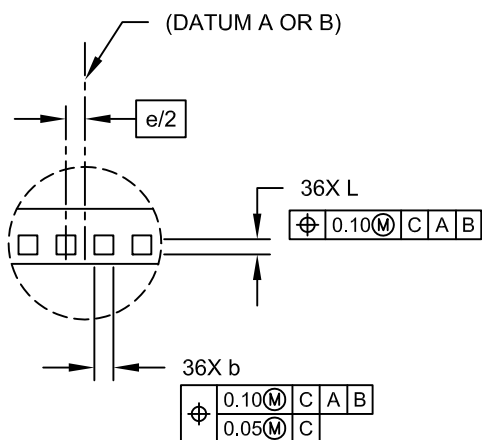
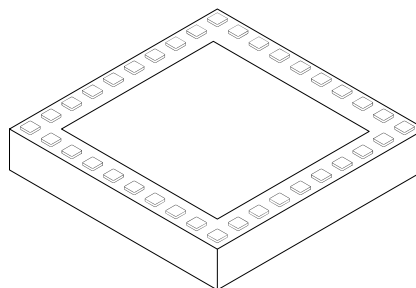
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



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36-Terminal Very Thin Thermal Leadless Array Package (TL) – 5x5x0.9 mm Body with Exposed Pad [VTLA]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>

**DETAIL A**

Dimension	Units	MILLIMETERS		
	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	36		
Number of Pins per Side	ND	10		
Number of Pins per Side	NE	8		
Pitch	e	0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	0.80	0.90	1.00
Standoff	A1	0.025	-	0.075
Overall Width	E	5.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Width	E2	3.60	3.75	3.90
Overall Length	D	5.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Length	D2	3.60	3.75	3.90
Contact Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30
Contact Length	L	0.20	0.25	0.30
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Package is saw singulated.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-187C Sheet 2 of 2

TABLE A-2: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section Name	Update Description
Section 16.0 “High-Speed PWM Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”	Updated the High-Speed PWM Module Register Interconnection Diagram (see Figure 16-2). Added the TRGCONx and TRIGx registers (see Register 16-12 and Register 16-14, respectively).
Section 21.0 “Enhanced CAN (ECAN™) Module (dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X Devices Only)”	Updated the CANCKS bit value definitions in CiCTRL1: ECAN Control Register 1 (see Register 21-1).
Section 22.0 “Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)”	Updated the IRNG<1:0> bit value definitions and added Note 2 in the CTMU Current Control Register (see Register 22-3).
Section 25.0 “Op amp/Comparator Module”	Updated the Op amp/Comparator I/O Operating Modes Diagram (see Figure 25-1). Updated the User-programmable Blanking Function Block Diagram (see Figure 25-3). Updated the Digital Filter Interconnect Block Diagram (see Figure 25-4). Added Section 25.1 “Op amp Application Considerations” . Added Note 2 to the Comparator Control Register (see Register 25-2). Updated the bit definitions in the Comparator Mask Gating Control Register (see Register 25-5).
Section 27.0 “Special Features”	Updated the FICD Configuration Register, updated Note 1, and added Note 3 in the Configuration Byte Register Map (see Table 27-1). Added Section 27.2 “User ID Words” .
Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the following Absolute Maximum Ratings: - Maximum current out of VSS pin - Maximum current into VDD pin Added Note 1 to the Operating MIPS vs. Voltage (see Table 30-1). Updated all Idle Current (IDLE) Typical and Maximum DC Characteristics values (see Table 30-7). Updated all Doze Current (IDOZE) Typical and Maximum DC Characteristics values (see Table 30-9). Added Note 2, removed Parameter CM24, updated the Typical values Parameters CM10, CM20, CM21, CM32, CM41, CM44, and CM45, and updated the Minimum values for CM40 and CM41, and the Maximum value for CM40 in the AC/DC Characteristics: Op amp/Comparator (see Table 30-14). Updated Note 2 and the Typical value for Parameter VR310 in the Op amp/Comparator Reference Voltage Settling Time Specifications (see Table 30-15). Added Note 1, removed Parameter VRD312, and added Parameter VRD314 to the Op amp/Comparator Voltage Reference DC Specifications (see Table 30-16). Updated the Minimum, Typical, and Maximum values for Internal LPRC Accuracy (see Table 30-22). Updated the Minimum, Typical, and Maximum values for Parameter SY37 in the Reset, Watchdog Timer, Oscillator Start-up Timer, Power-up Timer Timing Requirements (see Table 30-24). The Maximum Data Rate values were updated for the SPI2 Maximum Data/Clock Rate Summary (see Table 30-35)

DMAxSTA (DMA Channel x Start Address A, High)	144	PTGCST (PTG Control/Status).....	340
DMAxSTAL (DMA Channel x Start Address A, Low)	144	PTGHOLD (PTG Hold)	347
DMAxSTBH (DMA Channel x Start Address B, High)	145	PTGL0 (PTG Literal 0).....	348
DMAxSTBL (DMA Channel x Start Address B, Low)	145	PTGQPTR (PTG Step Queue Pointer)	349
DSADRH (DMA Most Recent RAM High Address)	147	PTGQUEX (PTG Step Queue x)	349
DSADRL (DMA Most Recent RAM Low Address)	147	PTGSDLIM (PTG Step Delay Limit)	346
DTRx (PWMx Dead-Time)	238	PTGT0LIM (PTG Timer0 Limit).....	345
FCLCONx (PWMx Fault Current-Limit Control)	243	PTGT1LIM (PTG Timer1 Limit).....	345
I2CxCON (I2Cx Control)	276	PTPER (PWMx Primary Master Time Base Period).....	233
I2CxMSK (I2Cx Slave Mode Address Mask)	280	PWMCONx (PWMx Control).....	235
I2CxSTAT (I2Cx Status)	278	QE1CON (QE1 Control)	252
ICxCON1 (Input Capture x Control 1)	215	QE1GECH (QE1 Greater Than or Equal Compare High Word).....	262
ICxCON2 (Input Capture x Control 2)	216	QE1GECL (QE1 Greater Than or Equal Compare Low Word)	262
INDX1CNTH (Index Counter 1 High Word)	259	QE1ICH (QE1 Initialization/Capture High Word)	260
INDX1CNTL (Index Counter 1 Low Word)	259	QE1ICL (QE1 Initialization/Capture Low Word)	260
INDX1HLD (Index Counter 1 Hold)	260	QE1IOC (QE1 I/O Control)	254
INT1HLDH (Interval 1 Timer Hold High Word).....	264	QE1LECH (QE1 Less Than or Equal Compare High Word).....	261
INT1HLDL (Interval 1 Timer Hold Low Word)	264	QE1LECL (QE1 Less Than or Equal Compare Low Word)	261
INT1TMRH (Interval 1 Timer High Word).....	263	QE1STAT (QE1 Status).....	256
INT1TMRL (Interval 1 Timer Low Word).....	263	RCON (Reset Control).....	125
INTCON1 (Interrupt Control 1)	134	REFOCON (Reference Oscillator Control)	162
INTCON2 (Interrupt Control 2)	136	RPINR0 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 0).....	183
INTCON2 (Interrupt Control 3).....	137	RPINR1 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 1).....	184
INTCON4 (Interrupt Control 4)	137	RPINR11 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 11).....	187
INTTREG (Interrupt Control and Status).....	138	RPINR12 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 12).....	188
IOCONx (PWMx I/O Control)	240	RPINR14 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 14).....	189
LEBCONx (PWMx Leading-Edge Blanking Control)	245	RPINR15 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 15).....	190
LEBDLYx (PWMx Leading-Edge Blanking Delay)	246	RPINR18 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 18).....	191
MDC (PWMx Master Duty Cycle).....	234	RPINR19 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 19).....	191
NVMADRH (Nonvolatile Memory Address High)	122	RPINR22 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 22).....	192
NVMADRL (Nonvolatile Memory Address Low).....	122	RPINR23 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 23).....	193
NVMCON (Nonvolatile Memory (NVM) Control)	121	RPINR26 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 26).....	193
NVMKEY (Nonvolatile Memory Key)	122	RPINR3 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 3).....	184
OCxCON1 (Output Compare x Control 1)	221	RPINR37 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 37).....	194
OCxCON2 (Output Compare x Control 2)	223	RPINR38 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 38).....	195
OSCCON (Oscillator Control)	156	RPINR39 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 39).....	196
OSCTUN (FRC Oscillator Tuning)	161	RPINR7 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 7).....	185
PDCx (PWMx Generator Duty Cycle)	237	RPINR8 (Peripheral Pin Select Input 8).....	186
PHASEx (PWMx Primary Phase-Shift)	237	RPOR0 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 0).....	197
PLLFB (PLL Feedback Divisor)	160	RPOR1 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 1).....	197
PMD1 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 1)	166	RPOR2 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 2).....	198
PMD2 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 2).....	168	RPOR3 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 3).....	198
PMD3 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 3).....	169	RPOR4 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 4).....	199
PMD4 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 4).....	169	RPOR5 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 5).....	199
PMD6 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 6).....	170	RPOR6 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 6).....	200
PMD7 (Peripheral Module Disable Control 7).....	171	RPOR7 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 7).....	200
POS1CNTH (Position Counter 1 High Word)	258	RPOR8 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 8).....	201
POS1CNTL (Position Counter1 Low Word)	258	RPOR9 (Peripheral Pin Select Output 9).....	201
POS1HLD (Position Counter 1 Hold)	258	SEVTCMP (PWMx Primary Special Event Compare)	233
PTCON (PWMx Time Base Control)	230	SPIxCON1 (SPIx Control 1).....	270
PTCON2 (PWMx Primary Master Clock Divider Select 2).....	232	SPIxCON2 (SPIx Control 2).....	272
PTGADJ (PTG Adjust)	348	SPIxSTAT (SPIx Status and Control)	268
PTGBTE (PTG Broadcast Trigger Enable)	343	SR (CPU STATUS).....	40, 132
PTGC0LIM (PTG Counter 0 Limit)	346	T1CON (Timer1 Control)	205
PTGC1LIM (PTG Counter 1 Limit)	347	TRGCONx (PWMx Trigger Control)	239
PTGCON (PTG Control)	342	TRIGx (PWMx Primary Trigger Compare Value).....	242
		TxCON (Timer2 and Timer4 Control)	210

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