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Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPs
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
lumber of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	32KB (10.7K x 24)
rogram Memory Type	FLASH
EPROM Size	-
RAM Size	2K x 16
oltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
perating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Nounting Type	Surface Mount
ackage / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep32mc204t-i-pt

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

TABLE 2: dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X MOTOR CONTROL FAMILIES

		(s				Rei	nappa	ble Pe	eriphe	erals											
Device	Page Erase Size (Instructions)	Program Flash Memory (Kbytes)	RAM (Kbytes)	16-Bit/32-Bit Timers	Input Capture	Output Compare	Motor Control PWM ⁽⁴⁾ (Channels)	Quadrature Encoder Interface	UART	(₂)IdS	ECAN™ Technology	External Interrupts ⁽³⁾	м_12Стм	CRC Generator	10-Bit/12-Bit ADC (Channels)	Op Amps/Comparators	ОШТЭ	PTG	I/O Pins	Pins	Packages
PIC24EP32MC202	512	32	4																		
PIC24EP64MC202	1024	64	8																		SPDIP,
PIC24EP128MC202	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	6	2/3(1)	Yes	Yes	21	28	SOIC, SSOP ⁽⁵⁾ ,
PIC24EP256MC202	1024	256	32																		QFN-S
PIC24EP512MC202	1024	512	48																		
PIC24EP32MC203	512	32	4	٠.	4	_	_	1	٠	٥		٠	٥	4	•	2/4	V	V	٥.	00	\
PIC24EP64MC203	1024	64	8	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	8	3/4	Yes	Yes	25	36	VTLA
PIC24EP32MC204	512	32	4																		
PIC24EP64MC204	1024	64	8																		VTLA ⁽⁵⁾ ,
PIC24EP128MC204	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	9	3/4	Yes	Yes	35	44/ 48	TQFP, QFN,
PIC24EP256MC204	1024	256	32																	70	UQFN
PIC24EP512MC204	1024	512	48																		
PIC24EP64MC206	1024	64	8																		
PIC24EP128MC206	1024	128	16	_					•			•			40	0/4				0.4	TQFP,
PIC24EP256MC206	1024	256	32	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	16	3/4	Yes	Yes	53	64	QFN
PIC24EP512MC206	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP32MC202	512	32	4																		
dsPIC33EP64MC202	1024	64	8																		SPDIP,
dsPIC33EP128MC202	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	6	2/3(1)	Yes	Yes	21	28	SOIC, SSOP ⁽⁵⁾ ,
dsPIC33EP256MC202	1024	256	32																		QFN-S
dsPIC33EP512MC202	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP32MC203	512	32	4	5	4	4	6	1	2	2		3	2	1	8	3/4	Von	Voo	25	36	VTLA
dsPIC33EP64MC203	1024	64	8	ດ	4	4	0	ı	2	2		9	2	ı	0	3/4	Yes	Yes	25	30	VILA
dsPIC33EP32MC204	512	32	4																		
dsPIC33EP64MC204	1024	64	8																	441	VTLA ⁽⁵⁾ ,
dsPIC33EP128MC204	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	_	3	2	1	9	3/4	Yes	Yes	35	44/ 48	TQFP, QFN,
dsPIC33EP256MC204	1024	256	32																	10	UQFN
dsPIC33EP512MC204	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP64MC206	1024	64	8																		
dsPIC33EP128MC206	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2		3	2	1	16	3/4	Yes	Yes	53	64	TQFP,
dsPIC33EP256MC206	1024	256	32	3	4	4	٥	'	2	2	_	3	2	'	10	3/4	163	163	55	04	QFN
dsPIC33EP512MC206	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP32MC502	512	32	4																		
dsPIC33EP64MC502	1024	64	8																		SPDIP,
dsPIC33EP128MC502	1024	128	16	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	6	2/3 ⁽¹⁾	Yes	Yes	21	28	SOIC, SSOP ⁽⁵⁾ ,
dsPIC33EP256MC502	1024	256	32																		QFN-S
dsPIC33EP512MC502	1024	512	48																		
dsPIC33EP32MC503	512	32	4	5	4	4	6	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	8	3/4	Yes	Yes	25	36	VTLA
dsPIC33EP64MC503	1024	64	8	J	-	7	J	•		_	1	J	_	'	J	0/7	100	103	20	- 50	VILA

Note 1: On 28-pin devices, Comparator 4 does not have external connections. Refer to Section 25.0 "Op Amp/Comparator Module" for details.

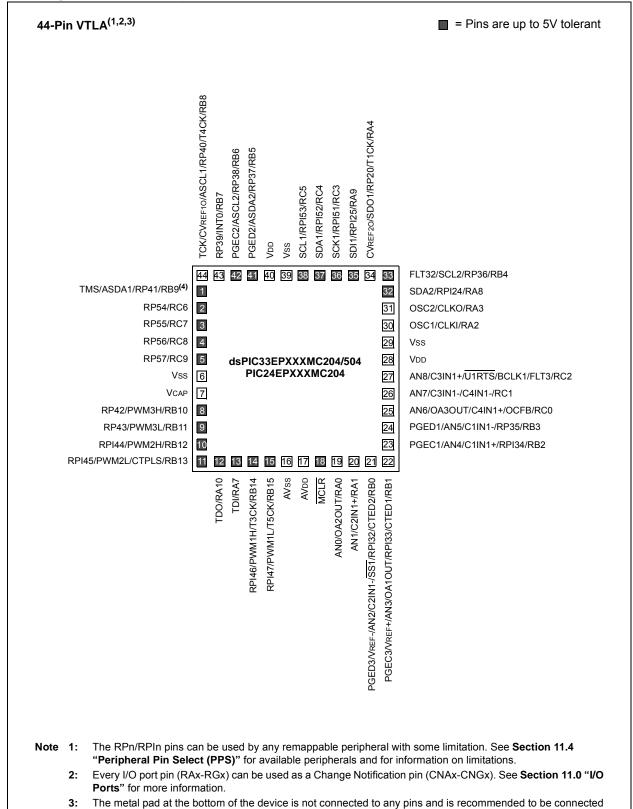
^{2:} Only SPI2 is remappable.

^{3:} INT0 is not remappable.

^{4:} Only the PWM Faults are remappable.

^{5:} The SSOP and VTLA packages are not available for devices with 512 Kbytes of memory.

Pin Diagrams (Continued)



There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the

to Vss externally.

JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

TABLE 4-6: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IPC35	0886	1	,	JTAGIP<2:0)>	_		ICDIP<2:0	>	1	_	-	1	_	_	_	_	4400
IPC36	0888	-	ı	PTG0IP<2:0)>	_	PT	GWDTIP<	2:0>	ı	P	TGSTEPIP<2	:0>	_	-	ı	-	4440
IPC37	088A	-	_	_	_	_	P	TG3IP<2:0)>	ı		PTG2IP<2:0>	>	_	F	TG1IP<2:0>		0444
INTCON1	08C0	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	COVAERR	COVBERR	OVATE	OVBTE	COVTE	SFTACERR	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	ı	0000
INTCON2	08C2	GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	-	_	_	_	-	ı	_	_	ı	_	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	8000
INTCON3	08C4	ı	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	ı	_	DAE	DOOVR	_	-	ı	ı	0000
INTCON4	08C6	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_		_	_	_	SGHT	0000
INTTREG	08C8	_	_	_	_		ILR<	3:0>		VECNUM<7:0>					0000			

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

FIGURE 4-21: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING EXAMPLE

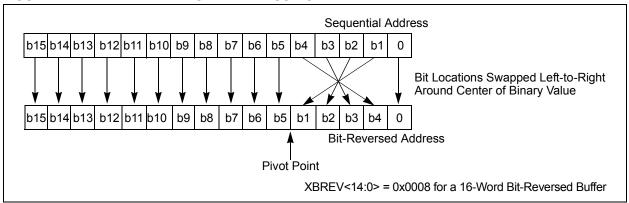


TABLE 4-64: BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING SEQUENCE (16-ENTRY)

		Norma	al Addres	ss			Bit-Rev	ersed Ac	Idress
А3	A2	A 1	Α0	Decimal	А3	A2	A 1	Α0	Decimal
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	8
0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	4
0	0	1	1	3	1	1	0	0	12
0	1	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	2
0	1	0	1	5	1	0	1	0	10
0	1	1	0	6	0	1	1	0	6
0	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	0	14
1	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	9	1	0	0	1	9
1	0	1	0	10	0	1	0	1	5
1	0	1	1	11	1	1	0	1	13
1	1	0	0	12	0	0	1	1	3
1	1	0	1	13	1	0	1	1	11
1	1	1	0	14	0	1	1	1	7
1	1	1	1	15	1	1	1	1	15

REGISTER 7-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER(1)

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/W-0
OA	ОВ	SA	SB	OAB	SAB	DA	DC
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	IPL<2:0> ⁽²⁾		RA	N	OV	Z	С
bit 7			•	•	•		bit 0

Legend:	C = Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read	l as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1'= Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 7-5 IPL<2:0>: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits^(2,3)

111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15); user interrupts are disabled

110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14)

101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13)

100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12)

011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11)

010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10)

001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9)

000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)

Note 1: For complete register details, see Register 3-1.

- 2: The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 3: The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.

REGISTER 17-17: INT1TMRH: INTERVAL 1 TIMER HIGH WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
	INTTMR<31:24>										
bit 15							bit 8				

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0					
	INTTMR<23:16>											
bit 7							bit 0					

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 INTTMR<31:16>: High Word Used to Form 32-Bit Interval Timer Register (INT1TMR) bits

REGISTER 17-18: INT1TMRL: INTERVAL 1 TIMER LOW WORD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0						
	INTTMR<15:8>												
bit 15							bit 8						

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
	INTTMR<7:0>										
bit 7							bit 0				

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 INTTMR<15:0>: Low Word Used to Form 32-Bit Interval Timer Register (INT1TMR) bits

18.0 SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI)

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to "Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)" (DS70569) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to Section 4.0 "Memory Organization" in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The SPI module is a synchronous serial interface, useful for communicating with other peripheral or microcontroller devices. These peripheral devices can be serial EEPROMs, shift registers, display drivers, ADC Converters, etc. The SPI module is compatible with Motorola® SPI and SIOP interfaces.

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X device family offers two SPI modules on a single device. These modules, which are designated as SPI1 and SPI2, are functionally identical. Each SPI module includes an eight-word FIFO buffer and allows DMA bus connections. When using the SPI module with DMA, FIFO operation can be disabled.

Note: In this section, the SPI modules are referred to together as SPIx, or separately as SPI1 and SPI2. Special Function Registers follow a similar notation. For example, SPIxCON refers to the control register for the SPI1 and SPI2 modules.

The SPI1 module uses dedicated pins which allow for a higher speed when using SPI1. The SPI2 module takes advantage of the Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) feature to allow for greater flexibility in pin configuration of the SPI2 module, but results in a lower maximum speed for SPI2. See **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** for more information.

The SPIx serial interface consists of four pins, as follows:

- · SDIx: Serial Data Input
- · SDOx: Serial Data Output
- · SCKx: Shift Clock Input or Output
- SSx/FSYNCx: Active-Low Slave Select or Frame Synchronization I/O Pulse

The SPIx module can be configured to operate with two, three or four pins. In 3-pin mode, SSx is not used. In 2-pin mode, neither SDOx nor SSx is used.

Figure 18-1 illustrates the block diagram of the SPIx module in Standard and Enhanced modes.

REGISTER 18-2: SPIXCON1: SPIX CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

3: Do not set both primary and secondary prescalers to the value of 1:1.

```
bit 4-2

SPRE<2:0>: Secondary Prescale bits (Master mode)(3)

111 = Secondary prescale 1:1

110 = Secondary prescale 2:1

•

000 = Secondary prescale 8:1

bit 1-0

PPRE<1:0>: Primary Prescale bits (Master mode)(3)

11 = Primary prescale 1:1

10 = Primary prescale 4:1

01 = Primary prescale 4:1

01 = Primary prescale 16:1

00 = Primary prescale 64:1

Note 1: The CKE bit is not used in Framed SPI modes. Program this bit to '0' for Framed SPI modes (FRMEN = 1).

2: This bit must be cleared when FRMEN = 1.
```

REGISTER 21-5: CxFIFO: ECANx FIFO STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
_	_	FBP5	FBP4	FBP3	FBP2	FBP1	FBP0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
_	_	FNRB5	FNRB4	FNRB3	FNRB2	FNRB1	FNRB0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **FBP<5:0>:** FIFO Buffer Pointer bits

011111 = RB31 buffer 011110 = RB30 buffer

•

•

000001 = TRB1 buffer 000000 = TRB0 buffer

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 FNRB<5:0>: FIFO Next Read Buffer Pointer bits

011111 = RB31 buffer 011110 = RB30 buffer

•

.

000001 = TRB1 buffer 000000 = TRB0 buffer

REGISTER 21-19: CxFMSKSEL2: ECANx FILTER 15-8 MASK SELECTION REGISTER 2

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F15MSI	K<1:0>	F14MS	K<1:0>	F13MS	SK<1:0>	F12MS	SK<1:0>
bit 15				•		•	bit 8

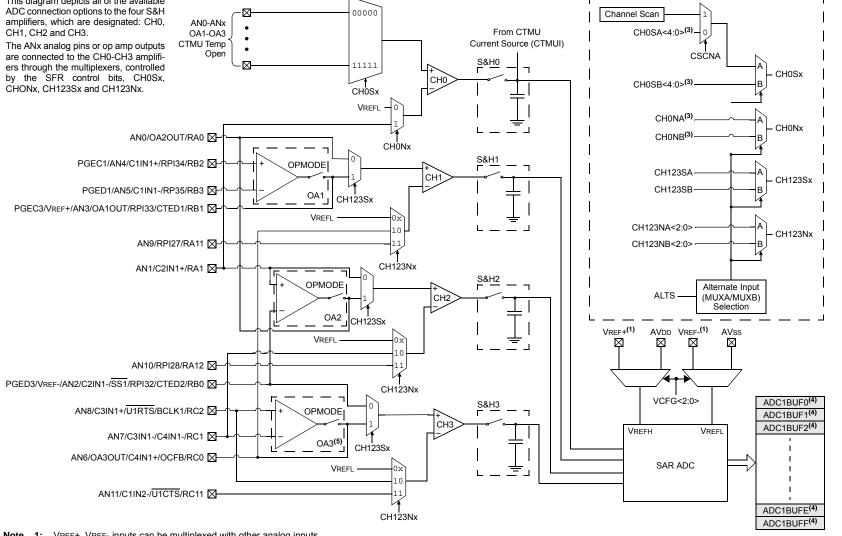
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F11MS	K<1:0>	F10MS	K<1:0>	F9MS	K<1:0>	F8MSI	K<1:0>
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit	t, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14	F15MSK<1:0>: Mask Source for Filter 15 bits 11 = Reserved 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask
bit 13-12	F14MSK<1:0>: Mask Source for Filter 14 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
bit 11-10	F13MSK<1:0>: Mask Source for Filter 13 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
bit 9-8	F12MSK<1:0>: Mask Source for Filter 12 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
bit 7-6	F11MSK<1:0>: Mask Source for Filter 11 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
bit 5-4	F10MSK<1:0>: Mask Source for Filter 10 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
bit 3-2	F9MSK<1:0>: Mask Source for Filter 9 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)
bit 1-0	F8MSK<1:0>: Mask Source for Filter 8 bits (same values as bits<15:14>)

FIGURE 23-1: ADC MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM WITH CONNECTION OPTIONS FOR ANX PINS AND OP AMPS

This diagram depicts all of the available CH1. CH2 and CH3.



- Note 1: VREF+, VREF- inputs can be multiplexed with other analog inputs.
 - Channels 1, 2 and 3 are not applicable for the 12-bit mode of operation.
 - These bits can be updated with Step commands from the PTG module. See Section 24.0 "Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module" for more information.
 - When ADDMAEN (AD1CON4<8>) = 1, enabling DMA, only ADC1BUF0 is used.
 - 5: OA3 is not available for 28-pin devices.

REGISTER 23-5: AD1CHS123: ADC1 INPUT CHANNEL 1, 2, 3 SELECT REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_	_	CH123NB1	CH123NB0	CH123SB
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_	_	CH123NA1	CH123NA0	CH123SA
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 10-9 **CH123NB<1:0>:** Channel 1, 2, 3 Negative Input Select for Sample MUXB bits In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), CH123NB is Unimplemented and is Read as '0':

Value	ADC Channel						
value	CH1	CH2	СНЗ				
11	AN9	AN10	AN11				
10(1,2)	OA3/AN6	AN7	AN8				
0x	VREFL	VREFL	VREFL				

bit 8 **CH123SB:** Channel 1, 2, 3 Positive Input Select for Sample MUXB bit In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), CH123SB is Unimplemented and is Read as '0':

Value	ADC Channel						
value	CH1	CH2	СНЗ				
1 (2)	OA1/AN3	OA2/AN0	OA3/AN6				
0(1,2)	OA2/AN0	AN1	AN2				

bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2-1 **CH123NA<1:0>:** Channel 1, 2, 3 Negative Input Select for Sample MUXA bits In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), CH123NA is Unimplemented and is Read as '0':

Value	ADC Channel					
value	CH1	CH2	СНЗ			
11	AN9	AN10	AN11			
10(1,2)	OA3/AN6	AN7	AN8			
0x	VREFL	VREFL	VREFL			

- **Note 1:** AN0 through AN7 are repurposed when comparator and op amp functionality is enabled. See Figure 23-1 to determine how enabling a particular op amp or comparator affects selection choices for Channels 1, 2 and 3.
 - 2: The OAx input is used if the corresponding op amp is selected (OPMODE (CMxCON<10>) = 1); otherwise, the ANx input is used.

REGISTER 23-6: AD1CHS0: ADC1 INPUT CHANNEL 0 SELECT REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CH0NB	_	_	CH0SB4 ⁽¹⁾	CH0SB3 ⁽¹⁾	CH0SB2 ⁽¹⁾	CH0SB1 ⁽¹⁾	CH0SB0 ⁽¹⁾
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CH0NA	_	_	CH0SA4 ⁽¹⁾	CH0SA3 ⁽¹⁾	CH0SA2 ⁽¹⁾	CH0SA1 ⁽¹⁾	CH0SA0 ⁽¹⁾
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 CHONB: Channel 0 Negative Input Select for Sample MUXB bit

1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1(1)

0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL

bit 14-13 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 12-8 CH0SB<4:0>: Channel 0 Positive Input Select for Sample MUXB bits⁽¹⁾

11111 = Open; use this selection with CTMU capacitive and time measurement

11110 = Channel 0 positive input is connected to the CTMU temperature measurement diode (CTMU TEMP)

11101 = Reserved

11100 = Reserved

11011 = Reserved

11010 = Channel 0 positive input is the output of OA3/AN6(2,3)

11001 = Channel 0 positive input is the output of OA2/AN0⁽²⁾

11000 = Channel 0 positive input is the output of OA1/AN3⁽²⁾

10111 = Reserved

٠

_

10000 = Reserved

01111 = Channel 0 positive input is AN15⁽³⁾

01110 = Channel 0 positive input is AN14⁽³⁾

01101 = Channel 0 positive input is AN13⁽³⁾

•

.

00010 = Channel 0 positive input is AN2⁽³⁾

00001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1(3)

00000 = Channel 0 positive input is ANO(3)

bit 7 CHONA: Channel 0 Negative Input Select for Sample MUXA bit

1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1⁽¹⁾

0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL

bit 6-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- **Note 1:** AN0 through AN7 are repurposed when comparator and op amp functionality is enabled. See Figure 23-1 to determine how enabling a particular op amp or comparator affects selection choices for Channels 1, 2 and 3.
 - 2: The OAx input is used if the corresponding op amp is selected (OPMODE (CMxCON<10>) = 1); otherwise, the ANx input is used.
 - 3: See the "Pin Diagrams" section for the available analog channels for each device.

REGISTER 24-6: PTGSDLIM: PTG STEP DELAY LIMIT REGISTER (1,2)

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	PTGSDLIM<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	PTGSDLIM<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 PTGSDLIM<15:0>: PTG Step Delay Limit Register bits

Holds a PTG Step delay value representing the number of additional PTG clocks between the start of a Step command and the completion of a Step command.

- **Note 1:** A base Step delay of one PTG clock is added to any value written to the PTGSDLIM register (Step Delay = (PTGSDLIM) + 1).
 - 2: This register is read-only when the PTG module is executing Step commands (PTGEN = 1 and PTGSTRT = 1).

REGISTER 24-7: PTGC0LIM: PTG COUNTER 0 LIMIT REGISTER(1)

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	PTGC0LIM<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	PTGC0LIM<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 PTGC0LIM<15:0>: PTG Counter 0 Limit Register bits

May be used to specify the loop count for the PTGJMPC0 Step command or as a limit register for the General Purpose Counter 0.

Note 1: This register is read-only when the PTG module is executing Step commands (PTGEN = 1 and PTGSTRT = 1).

TABLE 28-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic			Description	# of Words	# of Cycles ⁽²⁾	Status Flags Affected OA,OB,OAB, SA,SB,SAB
53	NEG			Negate Accumulator	1	1	
		NEG	f	f = f + 1	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		NEG	f,WREG	WREG = 1 + 1	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		NEG	Ws,Wd	$Wd = \overline{Ws} + 1$	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
54	NOP	NOP		No Operation	1	1	None
		NOPR		No Operation	1	1	None
55	POP	POP	f	Pop f from Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		POP	Wdo	Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to Wdo	1	1	None
		POP.D	Wnd	Pop from Top-of-Stack (TOS) to W(nd):W(nd + 1)	1	2	None
		POP.S		Pop Shadow Registers	1	1	All
56	PUSH	PUSH	f	Push f to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		PUSH	Wso	Push Wso to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	1	None
		PUSH.D	Wns	Push W(ns):W(ns + 1) to Top-of-Stack (TOS)	1	2	None
		PUSH.S		Push Shadow Registers	1	1	None
57	PWRSAV	PWRSAV	#lit1	Go into Sleep or Idle mode	1	1	WDTO,Sleep
58	RCALL	RCALL	Expr	Relative Call	1	4	SFA
		RCALL	Wn	Computed Call	1	4	SFA
59	REPEAT	REPEAT	#lit15	Repeat Next Instruction lit15 + 1 times	1	1	None
		REPEAT	Wn	Repeat Next Instruction (Wn) + 1 times	1	1	None
60	RESET	RESET		Software device Reset	1	1	None
61	RETFIE	RETFIE		Return from interrupt	1	6 (5)	SFA
62	RETLW	RETLW	#lit10,Wn	Return with literal in Wn	1	6 (5)	SFA
63	RETURN	RETURN		Return from Subroutine	1	6 (5)	SFA
64	RLC	RLC	f	f = Rotate Left through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC	f,WREG	WREG = Rotate Left through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RLC	Ws,Wd	Wd = Rotate Left through Carry Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
65	RLNC	RLNC	f	f = Rotate Left (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC	f,WREG	WREG = Rotate Left (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RLNC	Ws,Wd	Wd = Rotate Left (No Carry) Ws	1	1	N,Z
66	RRC	RRC	f	f = Rotate Right through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC	f,WREG	WREG = Rotate Right through Carry f	1	1	C,N,Z
		RRC	Ws,Wd	Wd = Rotate Right through Carry Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
67	RRNC	RRNC	f	f = Rotate Right (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RRNC	f,WREG	WREG = Rotate Right (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RRNC	Ws,Wd	Wd = Rotate Right (No Carry) Ws	1	1	N,Z
68	SAC	SAC	Acc, #Slit4, Wdo(1)	Store Accumulator	1	1	None
		SAC.R	Acc,#Slit4,Wdo ⁽¹⁾	Store Rounded Accumulator	1	1	None
69	SE	SE	Ws, Wnd	Wnd = sign-extended Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
70	SETM	SETM	f	f = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
		SETM	WREG	WREG = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
		SETM	Ws	Ws = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
71	SFTAC	SFTAC	Acc, Wn(1)	Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by (Wn)	1	1	OA,OB,OAB, SA,SB,SAB
		SFTAC	Acc,#Slit6 ⁽¹⁾	Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by Slit6	1	1	OA,OB,OAB, SA,SB,SAB

Note 1: These instructions are available in dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

^{2:} Read and Read-Modify-Write (e.g., bit operations and logical operations) on non-CPU SFRs incur an additional instruction cycle.

TABLE 30-4: DC TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 1): 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended						
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min. Typ. Max. Units Conditions		Conditions				
Operati	Operating Voltage								
DC10	VDD	Supply Voltage	3.0	_	3.6	V			
DC16	VPOR	VDD Start Voltage to Ensure Internal Power-on Reset Signal	_	_	Vss	V			
DC17	SVDD	VDD Rise Rate to Ensure Internal Power-on Reset Signal	0.03	_	_	V/ms	0V-1V in 100 ms		

Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested but not characterized. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

TABLE 30-5: FILTER CAPACITOR (CEFC) SPECIFICATIONS

Standard Operating Conditions (unless otherwise stated): Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended							
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Comments
	CEFC	External Filter Capacitor Value ⁽¹⁾	4.7	10		μF	Capacitor must have a low series resistance (< 1 Ohm)

Note 1: Typical VCAP voltage = 1.8 volts when VDD ≥ VDDMIN.

TABLE 30-53: OP AMP/COMPARATOR SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

DC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) (1) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended					
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
Op Am	DC Charac	cteristics					
CM40	VCMR	Common-Mode Input Voltage Range	AVss	_	AVDD	V	
CM41	CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio ⁽³⁾	_	40	_	db	VCM = AVDD/2
CM42	VOFFSET	Op Amp Offset Voltage ⁽³⁾	_	±5	_	mV	
CM43	VGAIN	Open-Loop Voltage Gain ⁽³⁾	_	90	_	db	
CM44	los	Input Offset Current	_	_	_	_	See pad leakage currents in Table 30-11
CM45	lв	Input Bias Current	_	_	_	_	See pad leakage currents in Table 30-11
CM46	lout	Output Current	_	_	420	μΑ	With minimum value of RFEEDBACK (CM48)
CM48	RFEEDBACK	Feedback Resistance Value	8	_	_	kΩ	
CM49a	VOADC	Output Voltage Measured at OAx Using ADC ^(3,4)	AVss + 0.077 AVss + 0.037 AVss + 0.018		AVDD - 0.077 AVDD - 0.037 AVDD - 0.018	V V V	IOUT = 420 μA IOUT = 200 μA IOUT = 100 μA
CM49b		Output Voltage Measured at OAxOUT Pin ^(3,4,5)	AVss + 0.210 AVss + 0.100 AVss + 0.050	_	AVDD - 0.210 AVDD - 0.100 AVDD - 0.050	V V V	IOUT = 420 μA IOUT = 200 μA IOUT = 100 μA
CM51	R _{INT} 1 ⁽⁶⁾	Internal Resistance 1 (Configuration A and B) ^(3,4,5)	198	264	317	Ω	Min = -40°C Typ = +25°C Max = +125°C

Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but not characterized. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

- 2: Data in "Typ" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.
- 3: Parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.
- 4: See Figure 25-6 for configuration information.
- 5: See Figure 25-7 for configuration information.
- 6: Resistances can vary by ±10% between op amps.

31.0 HIGH-TEMPERATURE ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

This section provides an overview of dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X electrical characteristics for devices operating in an ambient temperature range of -40°C to +150°C.

The specifications between -40°C to +150°C are identical to those shown in **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** for operation between -40°C to +125°C, with the exception of the parameters listed in this section.

Parameters in this section begin with an H, which denotes High temperature. For example, Parameter DC10 in **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** is the Industrial and Extended temperature equivalent of HDC10.

Absolute maximum ratings for the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X high-temperature devices are listed below. Exposure to these maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect device reliability. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above the parameters indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Ambient temperature under bias ⁽²⁾	40°C to +150°C
Storage temperature	65°C to +160°C
Voltage on VDD with respect to Vss	0.3V to +4.0V
Voltage on any pin that is not 5V tolerant with respect to Vss ⁽³⁾	0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V)
Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to Vss when VDD < 3.0V ⁽³⁾	0.3V to 3.6V
Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to Vss when $VDD \ge 3.0V^{(3)}$	0.3V to 5.5V
Maximum current out of Vss pin	60 mA
Maximum current into VDD pin ⁽⁴⁾	60 mA
Maximum junction temperature	+155°C
Maximum current sourced/sunk by any 4x I/O pin	10 mA
Maximum current sourced/sunk by any 8x I/O pin	15 mA
Maximum current sunk by all ports combined	70 mA
Maximum current sourced by all ports combined ⁽⁴⁾	70 mA

- **Note 1:** Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" can cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect device reliability.
 - 2: AEC-Q100 reliability testing for devices intended to operate at +150°C is 1,000 hours. Any design in which the total operating time from +125°C to +150°C will be greater than 1,000 hours is not warranted without prior written approval from Microchip Technology Inc.
 - **3:** Refer to the "Pin Diagrams" section for 5V tolerant pins.
 - 4: Maximum allowable current is a function of device maximum power dissipation (see Table 31-2).

33.1 Package Marking Information (Continued)

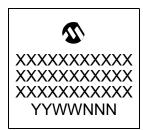
48-Lead UQFN (6x6x0.5 mm)



Example



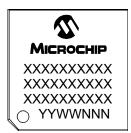
64-Lead QFN (9x9x0.9 mm)



Example



64-Lead TQFP (10x10x1 mm)



Example



APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (April 2011)

This is the initial released version of the document.

Revision B (July 2011)

This revision includes minor typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-1.

TABLE A-1: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
"High-Performance, 16-bit Digital Signal Controllers and Microcontrollers"	Changed all pin diagrams references of VLAP to TLA.
Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"	Updated the All Resets values for CLKDIV and PLLFBD in the System Control Register Map (see Table 4-35).
Section 5.0 "Flash Program Memory"	Updated "one word" to "two words" in the first paragraph of Section 5.2 "RTSP Operation".
Section 9.0 "Oscillator Configuration"	Updated the PLL Block Diagram (see Figure 9-2). Updated the Oscillator Mode, Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with divide-by-N and PLL (FRCPLL), by changing (FRCDIVN + PLL) to (FRCPLL).
	Changed (FRCDIVN + PLL) to (FRCPLL) for COSC<2:0> = 001 and NOSC<2:0> = 001 in the Oscillator Control Register (see Register 9-1).
	Changed the POR value from 0 to 1 for the DOZE<1:0> bits, from 1 to 0 for the FRCDIV<0> bit, and from 0 to 1 for the PLLPOST<0> bit; Updated the default definitions for the DOZE<2:0> and FRCDIV<2:0> bits and updated all bit definitions for the PLLPOST<1:0> bits in the Clock Divisor Register (see Register 9-2).
	Changed the POR value from 0 to 1 for the PLLDIV<5:4> bits and updated the default definitions for all PLLDIV<8:0> bits in the PLL Feedback Division Register (see Register 9-2).
Section 22.0 "Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)"	Updated the bit definitions for the IRNG<1:0> bits in the CTMU Current Control Register (see Register 22-3).
Section 25.0 "Op amp/ Comparator Module"	Updated the voltage reference block diagrams (see Figure 25-1 and Figure 25-2).