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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

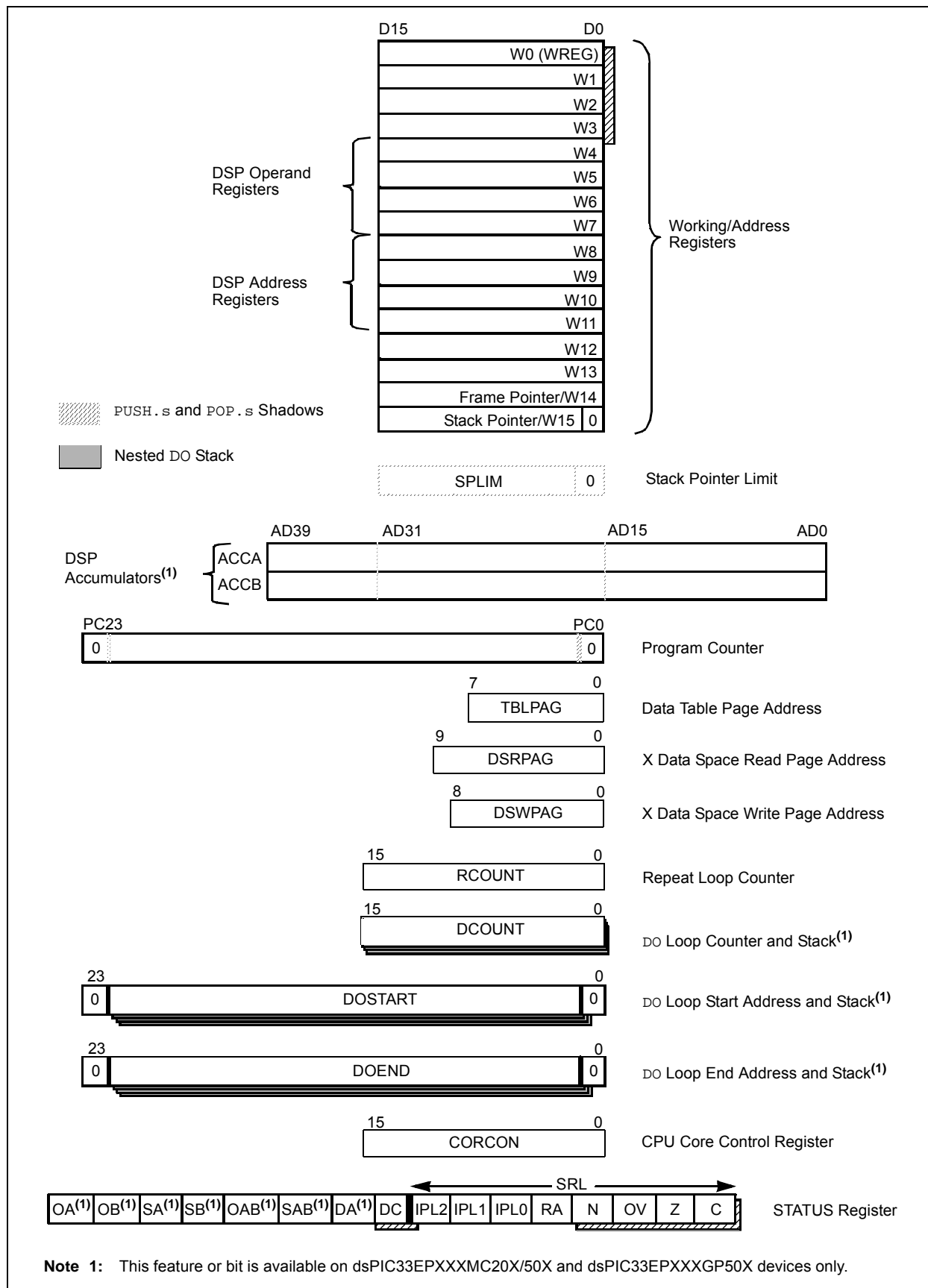
"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	512KB (170K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	24K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep512gp204t-i-pt">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep512gp204t-i-pt</a>

FIGURE 3-2: PROGRAMMER'S MODEL



**REGISTER 3-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

- bit 2      **SFA:** Stack Frame Active Status bit  
1 = Stack frame is active; W14 and W15 address 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, regardless of DSRPAG and DSWPAG values  
0 = Stack frame is not active; W14 and W15 address of EDS or Base Data Space
- bit 1      **RND:** Rounding Mode Select bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Biased (conventional) rounding is enabled  
0 = Unbiased (convergent) rounding is enabled
- bit 0      **IF:** Integer or Fractional Multiplier Mode Select bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Integer mode is enabled for DSP multiply  
0 = Fractional mode is enabled for DSP multiply

- Note 1:** This bit is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X devices only.  
**2:** This bit is always read as '0'.  
**3:** The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

**TABLE 4-2: CPU CORE REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X DEVICES ONLY**

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
W0	0000	W0 (WREG)																xxxx	
W1	0002	W1																xxxx	
W2	0004	W2																xxxx	
W3	0006	W3																xxxx	
W4	0008	W4																xxxx	
W5	000A	W5																xxxx	
W6	000C	W6																xxxx	
W7	000E	W7																xxxx	
W8	0010	W8																xxxx	
W9	0012	W9																xxxx	
W10	0014	W10																xxxx	
W11	0016	W11																xxxx	
W12	0018	W12																xxxx	
W13	001A	W13																xxxx	
W14	001C	W14																xxxx	
W15	001E	W15																xxxx	
SPLIM	0020	SPLIM<15:0>																0000	
PCL	002E	PCL<15:1>																—	0000
PCH	0030	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PCH<6:0>							0000	
DSRPAG	0032	—	—	—	—	—	—	DSRPAG<9:0>										0001	
DSWPAG	0034	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DSWPAG<8:0>										0001
RCOUNT	0036	RCOUNT<15:0>																0000	
SR	0042	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DC	IPL2	IPL1	IPL0	RA	N	OV	Z	C	0000	
CORCON	0044	VAR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IPL3	SFA	—	—	0020	
DISICNT	0052	—	—	DISICNT<13:0>														0000	
TBLPAG	0054	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TBLPAG<7:0>									0000
MSTRPR	0058	MSTRPR<15:0>																0000	

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-5: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)**

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
INTCON1	08C0	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	COVAERR	COVBERR	OVATE	OVBT	COVTE	SFTACERR	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	—	0000
INTCON2	08C2	GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	8000
INTCON3	08C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DAE	DOOVR	—	—	—	—	0000
INTCON4	08C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SGHT	0000
INTTREG	08C8	—	—	—	—	ILR<3:0>				VECNUM<7:0>								0000

**Legend:** — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-41: PMD REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY**

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PMD1	0760	T5MD	T4MD	T3MD	T2MD	T1MD	QE1MD	PWMMD	—	I2C1MD	U2MD	U1MD	SPI2MD	SPI1MD	—	—	AD1MD	0000
PMD2	0762	—	—	—	—	IC4MD	IC3MD	IC2MD	IC1MD	—	—	—	—	OC4MD	OC3MD	OC2MD	OC1MD	0000
PMD3	0764	—	—	—	—	—	CMPMD	—	—	CRCMD	—	—	—	—	—	I2C2MD	—	0000
PMD4	0766	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	REFOMD	CTMUMD	—	—	0000
PMD6	076A	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3MD	PWM2MD	PWM1MD	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
PMD7	076C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DMA0MD	PTGMD	—	—	—	0000
													DMA1MD					
													DMA2MD					
													DMA3MD					

**Legend:** — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**NOTES:**

**REGISTER 14-2: ICxCON2: INPUT CAPTURE x CONTROL REGISTER 2 (CONTINUED)**

bit 4-0 **SYNCSEL<4:0>**: Input Source Select for Synchronization and Trigger Operation bits<sup>(4)</sup>

11111 = No Sync or Trigger source for ICx  
 11110 = Reserved  
 11101 = Reserved  
 11100 = CTMU module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 11011 = ADC1 module synchronizes or triggers ICx<sup>(5)</sup>  
 11010 = CMP3 module synchronizes or triggers ICx<sup>(5)</sup>  
 11001 = CMP2 module synchronizes or triggers ICx<sup>(5)</sup>  
 11000 = CMP1 module synchronizes or triggers ICx<sup>(5)</sup>  
 10111 = Reserved  
 10110 = Reserved  
 10101 = Reserved  
 10100 = Reserved  
 10011 = IC4 module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 10010 = IC3 module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 10001 = IC2 module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 10000 = IC1 module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 01111 = Timer5 synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 01110 = Timer4 synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 01101 = Timer3 synchronizes or triggers ICx **(default)**  
 01100 = Timer2 synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 01011 = Timer1 synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 01010 = PTGOx module synchronizes or triggers ICx<sup>(6)</sup>  
 01001 = Reserved  
 01000 = Reserved  
 00111 = Reserved  
 00110 = Reserved  
 00101 = Reserved  
 00100 = OC4 module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 00011 = OC3 module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 00010 = OC2 module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 00001 = OC1 module synchronizes or triggers ICx  
 00000 = No Sync or Trigger source for ICx

- Note 1:** The IC32 bit in both the Odd and Even IC must be set to enable Cascade mode.
- 2:** The input source is selected by the SYNCSEL<4:0> bits of the ICxCON2 register.
- 3:** This bit is set by the selected input source (selected by SYNCSEL<4:0> bits). It can be read, set and cleared in software.
- 4:** Do not use the ICx module as its own Sync or Trigger source.
- 5:** This option should only be selected as a trigger source and not as a synchronization source.
- 6:** Each Input Capture x (ICx) module has one PTG input source. See **Section 24.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module”** for more information.
- PTGO8 = IC1  
 PTGO9 = IC2  
 PTGO10 = IC3  
 PTGO11 = IC4



**REGISTER 23-3: AD1CON3: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 3**

R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADRC	—	—	SAMC4 <sup>(1)</sup>	SAMC3 <sup>(1)</sup>	SAMC2 <sup>(1)</sup>	SAMC1 <sup>(1)</sup>	SAMC0 <sup>(1)</sup>
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADCS7 <sup>(2)</sup>	ADCS6 <sup>(2)</sup>	ADCS5 <sup>(2)</sup>	ADCS4 <sup>(2)</sup>	ADCS3 <sup>(2)</sup>	ADCS2 <sup>(2)</sup>	ADCS1 <sup>(2)</sup>	ADCS0 <sup>(2)</sup>
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **ADRC:** ADC1 Conversion Clock Source bit

1 = ADC internal RC clock

0 = Clock derived from system clock

bit 14-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **SAMC<4:0>:** Auto-Sample Time bits<sup>(1)</sup>

11111 = 31 TAD

•

•

•

00001 = 1 TAD

00000 = 0 TAD

bit 7-0 **ADCS<7:0>:** ADC1 Conversion Clock Select bits<sup>(2)</sup>

11111111 =  $TP \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = TP \cdot 256 = TAD$

•

•

•

00000010 =  $TP \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = TP \cdot 3 = TAD$

00000001 =  $TP \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = TP \cdot 2 = TAD$

00000000 =  $TP \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = TP \cdot 1 = TAD$

**Note 1:** This bit is only used if SSRC<2:0> (AD1CON1<7:5>) = 111 and SSRCG (AD1CON1<4>) = 0.

**2:** This bit is not used if ADRC (AD1CON3<15>) = 1.

### 25.1.2 OP AMP CONFIGURATION B

Figure 25-7 shows a typical inverting amplifier circuit with the output of the op amp (OAxOUT) externally routed to a separate analog input pin (ANy) on the device. This op amp configuration is slightly different in terms of the op amp output and the ADC input connection, therefore, RINT1 is not included in the transfer function. However, this configuration requires the designer to externally route the op amp output (OAxOUT) to another analog input pin (ANy). See Table 30-53 in **Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for the typical value of RINT1. Table 30-60 and Table 30-61 in **Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** describe the minimum sample time (TSAMP) requirements for the ADC module in this configuration.

Figure 25-7 also defines the equation to be used to calculate the expected voltage at point VOAxOUT. This is the typical inverting amplifier equation.

## 25.2 Op Amp/Comparator Resources

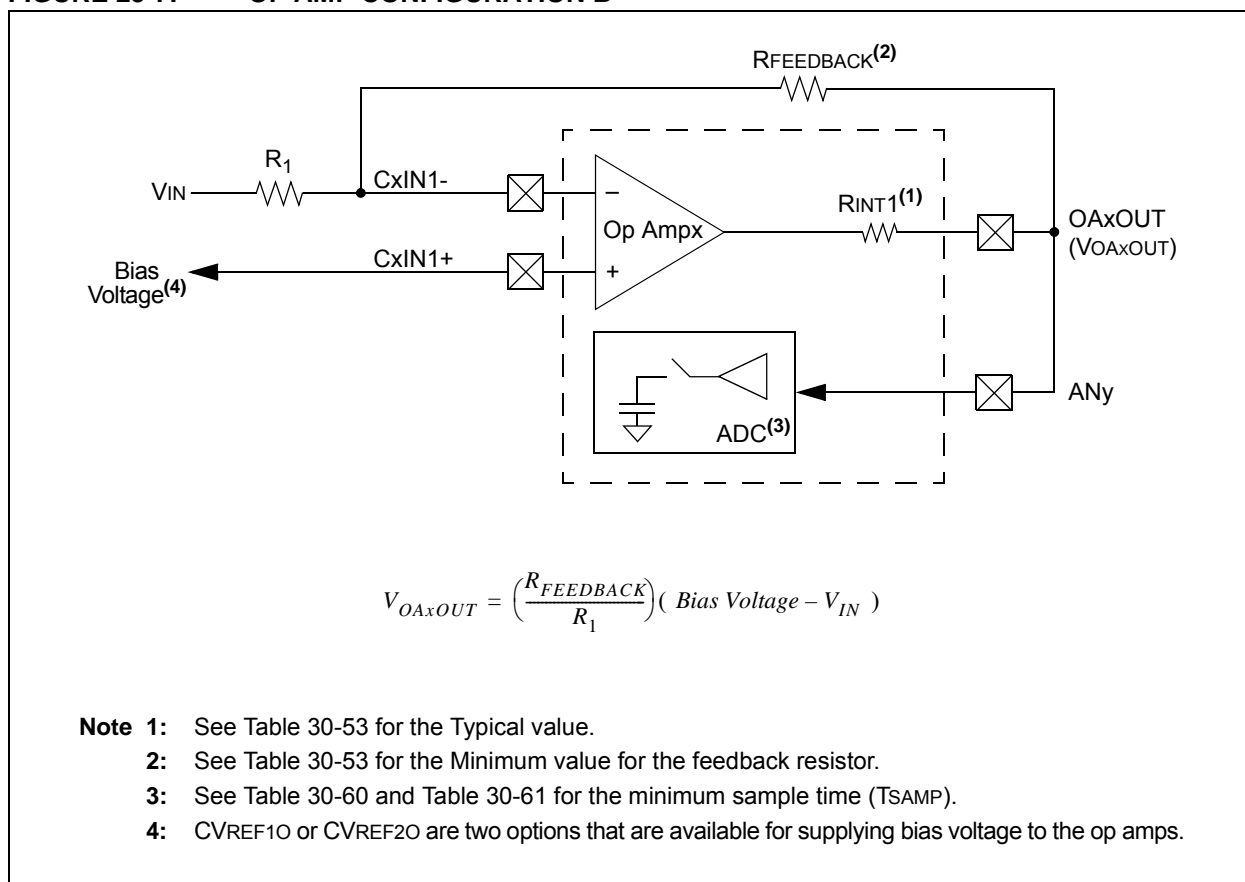
Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

**Note:** In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:  
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

### 25.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “Op Amp/Comparator” (DS70357) in the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual” Sections
- Development Tools

**FIGURE 25-7: OP AMP CONFIGURATION B**



**REGISTER 26-3: CRCXORH: CRC XOR POLYNOMIAL HIGH REGISTER**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
X<31:24>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
X<23:16>							
bit 7				bit 0			

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0      **X<31:16>:** XOR of Polynomial Term  $X^n$  Enable bits

**REGISTER 26-4: CRCXORL: CRC XOR POLYNOMIAL LOW REGISTER**

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
X<15:8>							
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
X<7:1>							—
bit 7				bit 0			

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1      **X<15:1>:** XOR of Polynomial Term  $X^n$  Enable bits

bit 0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

TABLE 27-1: CONFIGURATION BYTE REGISTER MAP

File Name	Address	Device Memory Size (Kbytes)	Bits 23-8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Reserved	0057EC	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	00AFEC	64									
	0157EC	128									
	02AFEC	256									
	0557EC	512									
Reserved	0057EE	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	00AFEE	64									
	0157EE	128									
	02AFEE	256									
	0557EE	512									
FICD	0057F0	32	—	Reserved <sup>(3)</sup>	—	JTAGEN	Reserved <sup>(2)</sup>	Reserved <sup>(3)</sup>	—	ICS<1:0>	
	00AFF0	64									
	0157F0	128									
	02AFF0	256									
	0557F0	512									
FPOR	0057F2	32	—	WDTWIN<1:0>		ALTI2C2	ALTI2C1	Reserved <sup>(3)</sup>	—	—	—
	00AFF2	64									
	0157F2	128									
	02AFF2	256									
	0557F2	512									
FWDT	0057F4	32	—	FWDTEN	WINDIS	PLLKEN	WDTPRE	WDTPOST<3:0>			
	00AFF4	64									
	0157F4	128									
	02AFF4	256									
	0557F4	512									
FOSC	0057F6	32	—	FCKSM<1:0>		IOL1WAY	—	—	OSCIOFNC	POSCMD<1:0>	
	00AFF6	64									
	0157F6	128									
	02AFF6	256									
	0557F6	512									
FOSCSEL	0057F8	32	—	IESO	PWMLOCK <sup>(1)</sup>	—	—	—	FNOSC<2:0>		
	00AFF8	64									
	0157F8	128									
	02AFF8	256									
	0557F8	512									
FGS	0057FA	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	GCP	GWRP
	00AFFA	64									
	0157FA	128									
	02AFFA	256									
	0557FA	512									
Reserved	0057FC	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	00AFFC	64									
	0157FC	128									
	02AFFC	256									
	0557FC	512									
Reserved	057FFE	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	00AFFE	64									
	0157FE	128									
	02AFFE	256									
	0557FE	512									

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '1'.

Note 1: This bit is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

2: This bit is reserved and must be programmed as '0'.

3: These bits are reserved and must be programmed as '1'.

Most instructions are a single word. Certain double-word instructions are designed to provide all the required information in these 48 bits. In the second word, the 8 MSBs are '0's. If this second word is executed as an instruction (by itself), it executes as a NOP.

The double-word instructions execute in two instruction cycles.

Most single-word instructions are executed in a single instruction cycle, unless a conditional test is true, or the Program Counter is changed as a result of the instruction, or a PSV or Table Read is performed, or an SFR register is read. In these cases, the execution takes multiple instruction cycles with the additional instruction cycle(s) executed as a NOP. Certain instructions that involve skipping over the subsequent instruction require either

two or three cycles if the skip is performed, depending on whether the instruction being skipped is a single-word or two-word instruction. Moreover, double-word moves require two cycles.

**Note:** For more details on the instruction set, refer to the *"16-bit MCU and DSC Programmer's Reference Manual"* (DS70157).

For more information on instructions that take more than one instruction cycle to execute, refer to **"CPU"** (DS70359) in the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"*, particularly the **"Instruction Flow Types"** section.

**TABLE 28-1: SYMBOLS USED IN OPCODE DESCRIPTIONS**

Field	Description
#text	Means literal defined by "text"
(text)	Means "content of text"
[text]	Means "the location addressed by text"
{ }	Optional field or operation
$a \in \{b, c, d\}$	a is selected from the set of values b, c, d
<n:m>	Register bit field
.b	Byte mode selection
.d	Double-Word mode selection
.S	Shadow register select
.w	Word mode selection (default)
Acc	One of two accumulators {A, B}
AWB	Accumulator write back destination address register $\in \{W13, [W13]+ = 2\}$
bit4	4-bit bit selection field (used in word addressed instructions) $\in \{0...15\}$
C, DC, N, OV, Z	MCU Status bits: Carry, Digit Carry, Negative, Overflow, Sticky Zero
Expr	Absolute address, label or expression (resolved by the linker)
f	File register address $\in \{0x0000...0x1FFF\}$
lit1	1-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0,1\}$
lit4	4-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...15\}$
lit5	5-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...31\}$
lit8	8-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...255\}$
lit10	10-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...255\}$ for Byte mode, $\{0:1023\}$ for Word mode
lit14	14-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...16384\}$
lit16	16-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...65535\}$
lit23	23-bit unsigned literal $\in \{0...8388608\}$ ; LSb must be '0'
None	Field does not require an entry, can be blank
OA, OB, SA, SB	DSP Status bits: ACCA Overflow, ACCB Overflow, ACCA Saturate, ACCB Saturate
PC	Program Counter
Slit10	10-bit signed literal $\in \{-512...511\}$
Slit16	16-bit signed literal $\in \{-32768...32767\}$
Slit6	6-bit signed literal $\in \{-16...16\}$
Wb	Base W register $\in \{W0...W15\}$
Wd	Destination W register $\in \{Wd, [Wd], [Wd++], [Wd--], [++Wd], [--Wd]\}$
Wdo	Destination W register $\in \{Wnd, [Wnd], [Wnd++], [Wnd--], [++Wnd], [--Wnd], [Wnd+Wb]\}$

**TABLE 30-9: DC CHARACTERISTICS: WATCHDOG TIMER DELTA CURRENT ( $\Delta I_{WDT}$ )<sup>(1)</sup>**

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended		
Parameter No.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
DC61d	8	—	μA	-40°C	3.3V
DC61a	10	—	μA	+25°C	
DC61b	12	—	μA	+85°C	
DC61c	13	—	μA	+125°C	

**Note 1:** The  $\Delta I_{WDT}$  current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current. All parameters are characterized but not tested during manufacturing.

**TABLE 30-10: DC CHARACTERISTICS: DOZE CURRENT (IDOZE)**

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature    -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Parameter No.	Typ.	Max.	Doze Ratio	Units	Conditions		
Doze Current (I <sub>doze</sub> ) <sup>(1)</sup>							
DC73a <sup>(2)</sup>	35	—	1:2	mA	-40°C	3.3V	Fosc = 140 MHz
DC73g	20	30	1:128	mA			
DC70a <sup>(2)</sup>	35	—	1:2	mA	+25°C	3.3V	Fosc = 140 MHz
DC70g	20	30	1:128	mA			
DC71a <sup>(2)</sup>	35	—	1:2	mA	+85°C	3.3V	Fosc = 140 MHz
DC71g	20	30	1:128	mA			
DC72a <sup>(2)</sup>	28	—	1:2	mA	+125°C	3.3V	Fosc = 120 MHz
DC72g	15	30	1:128	mA			

**Note 1:** IDOZE is primarily a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, internal code execution pattern and temperature, also have an impact on the current consumption. The test conditions for all IDOZE measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator is configured in EC mode and external clock is active, OSC1 is driven with external square wave from rail-to-rail (EC clock overshoot/undershoot < 250 mV required)
- CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin in the Configuration Word
- All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to Vss
- $\overline{MCLR}$  = VDD, WDT and FSCM are disabled
- CPU, SRAM, program memory and data memory are operational
- No peripheral modules are operating; however, every peripheral is being clocked (all PMDx bits are zeroed)
- CPU is executing `while(1)` statement
- JTAG is disabled

**2:** Parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

**TABLE 30-38: SPI2 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)  
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK2 Input Frequency	—	—	Lesser of F <sub>P</sub> or 11	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK2 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK2 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO2 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO2 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after SCK2 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO2 Data Output Setup to First SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI2 Data Input to SCK2 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS2} \downarrow$ to SCK2 $\uparrow$ or SCK2 $\downarrow$ Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS2} \uparrow$ to SDO2 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	Tsch2ssH TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS2} \uparrow$ after SCK2 Edge	1.5 T <sub>CY</sub> + 40	—	—	ns	(Note 4)
SP60	TssL2doV	SDO2 Data Output Valid after $\overline{SS2}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	

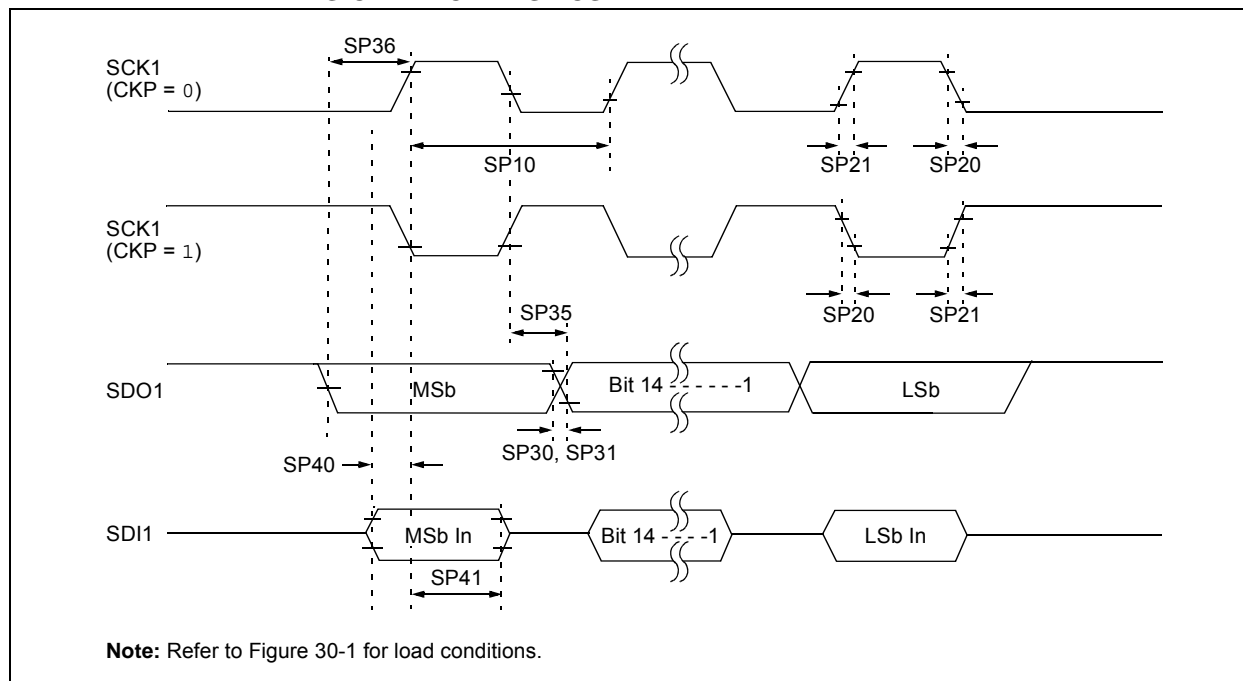
**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

**2:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**3:** The minimum clock period for SCK2 is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCK2 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

**4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI2 pins.

**FIGURE 30-24: SPI1 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1)  
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 30-43: SPI1 MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1)  
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP10	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Frequency	—	—	10	MHz	(Note 3)
SP20	TscF	SCK1 Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP21	TscR	SCK1 Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2sc, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

**Note 2:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**Note 3:** The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 100 ns. The clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

**Note 4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.



**TABLE 30-46: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 1, SMP = 0)  
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Input Frequency	—	—	Lesser of Fp or 11	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK1 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK1 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS1} \downarrow$ to SCK1 $\uparrow$ or SCK1 $\downarrow$ Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ to SDO1 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ after SCK1 Edge	1.5 Tcy + 40	—	—	ns	(Note 4)
SP60	TssL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after $\overline{SS1}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

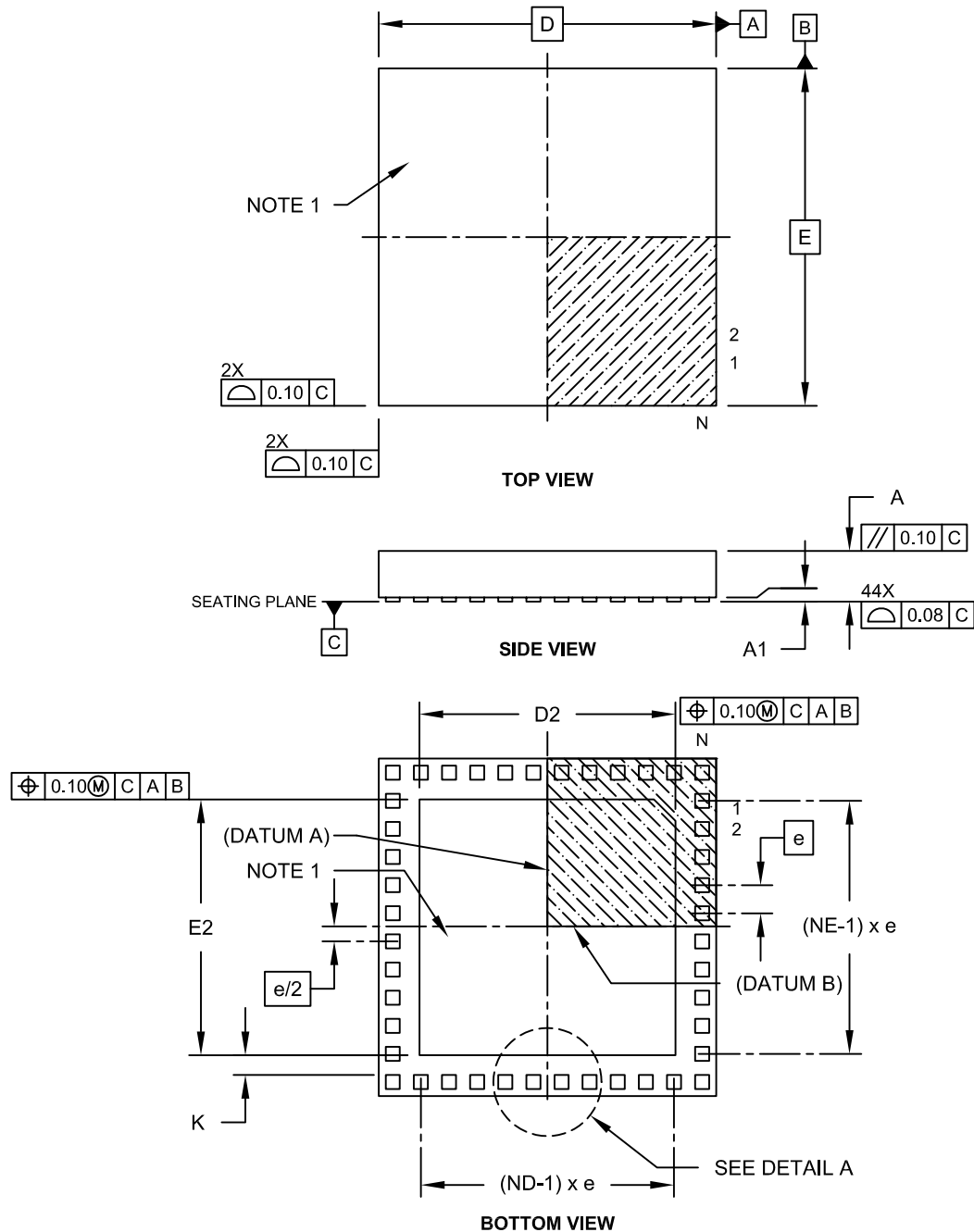
**2:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

**3:** The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 91 ns. Therefore, the SCK1 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

**4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

#### 44-Terminal Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 6x6x0.9 mm Body With Exposed Pad [VTLA]

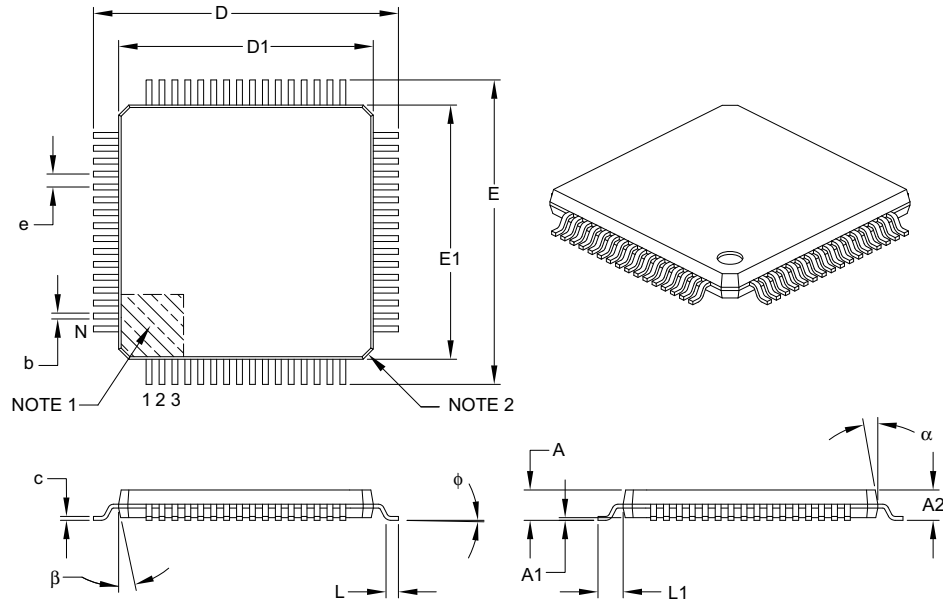
**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-157C Sheet 1 of 2

**64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]**

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



		Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits			MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N		64		
Lead Pitch	e		0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A		–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2		0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1		0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L		0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	$\phi$		0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E		12.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D		12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1		10.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1		10.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c		0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b		0.17	0.22	0.27
Mold Draft Angle Top	$\alpha$		11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	$\beta$		11°	12°	13°

**Notes:**

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

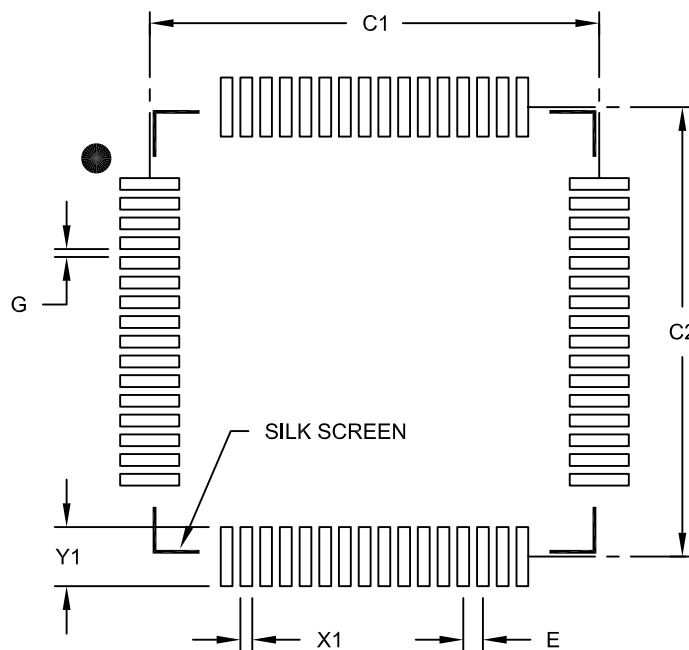
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-085B

**64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]**

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



**RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN**

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.50 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X64)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X64)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2085B

**Revision H (August 2013)**

This revision includes minor typographical and formatting changes throughout the text.

Other major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-6.

**TABLE A-6: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES**

Section Name	Update Description
<b>Cover Section</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adds Peripheral Pin Select (PPS) to allow Digital Function Remapping and Change Notification Interrupts to Input/Output section</li> <li>• Adds heading information to 64-Pin TQFP</li> </ul>
<b>Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Corrects Reset values for ANSELE, TRISF, TRISC, ANSELC and TRISA</li> <li>• Corrects address range from 0x2FFF to 0x7FFF</li> <li>• Corrects DSRPAG and DSWPAG (now 3 hex digits)</li> <li>• Changes Call Stack Frame from &lt;15:1&gt; to PC&lt;15:0&gt;</li> <li>• Word length in Figure 4-20 is changed to 50 words for clarity</li> </ul>
<b>Section 5.0 “Flash Program Memory”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Corrects descriptions of NVM registers</li> </ul>
<b>Section 9.0 “Oscillator Configuration”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removes resistor from Figure 9-1</li> <li>• Adds Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-16 (FRCDIV16) row to Table 9-1</li> <li>• Removes incorrect information from ROI bit in Register 9-2</li> </ul>
<b>Section 14.0 “Input Capture”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Changes 31 user-selectable Trigger/Sync interrupts to 19 user-selectable Trigger/Sync interrupts</li> <li>• Corrects ICTSEL&lt;12:10&gt; bits (now ICTSEL&lt;2:0&gt;)</li> </ul>
<b>Section 17.0 “Quadrature Encoder Interface (QEI) Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Corrects QCAPEN bit description</li> </ul>
<b>Section 19.0 “Inter-Integrated Circuit™ (I<sup>2</sup>C™)”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adds note to clarify that 100kbit/sec operation of I<sup>2</sup>C is not possible at high processor speeds</li> </ul>
<b>Section 22.0 “Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clarifies Figure 22-1 to accurately reflect peripheral behavior</li> </ul>
<b>Section 23.0 “10-Bit/12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Correct Figure 23-1 (changes CH123x to CH123Sx)</li> </ul>
<b>Section 24.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adds footnote to Register 24-1 (In order to operate with CVRSS=1, at least one of the comparator modules must be enabled).</li> </ul>
<b>Section 25.0 “Op Amp/Comparator Module”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adds note to Figure 25-3 (In order to operate with CVRSS=1, at least one of the comparator modules must be enabled)</li> <li>• Adds footnote to Register 25-2 (COE is not available when OPMODE (CMxCON&lt;10&gt;) = 1)</li> </ul>
<b>Section 27.0 “Special Features”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Corrects the bit description for FNOSC&lt;2:0&gt;</li> </ul>
<b>Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Corrects 512K part power-down currents based on test data</li> <li>• Corrects WDT timing limits based on LPRC oscillator tolerance</li> </ul>
<b>Section 31.0 “High-Temperature Electrical Characteristics”</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adds Table 31-5 (DC Characteristics: Idle Current (I<sub>IDLE</sub>))</li> </ul>