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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	64KB (22K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep64mc204t-i-pt

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X AND PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X PRODUCT FAMILIES

The device names, pin counts, memory sizes and peripheral availability of each device are listed in Table 1 (General Purpose Families) and Table 2 (Motor Control Families). Their pinout diagrams appear on the following pages.

TABLE 1: dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X and PIC24EPXXXGP20X GENERAL PURPOSE FAMILIES

Device	Page Erase Size (Instructions)	Program Flash Memory (Kbytes)	RAM (Kbyte)	Remappable Peripherals							I ² C™	CRC Generator	10-Bit/12-Bit ADC (Channels)	Op Amps/Comparators	CTMU	PTG	I/O Pins	Pins	Packages
				16-Bit/32-Bit Timers	Input Capture	Output Compare	UART	SPI ⁽²⁾	ECAN™ Technology	External Interrupts ⁽³⁾									
PIC24EP32GP202	512	32	4	5	4	4	2	2	—	3	2	1	6	2/3 ⁽¹⁾	Yes	Yes	21	28	SPDIP, SOIC, SSOP ⁽⁴⁾ , QFN-S
PIC24EP64GP202	1024	64	8																
PIC24EP128GP202	1024	128	16																
PIC24EP256GP202	1024	256	32																
PIC24EP512GP202	1024	512	48	5	4	4	2	2	—	3	2	1	8	3/4	Yes	Yes	25	36	VTLA
PIC24EP32GP203	512	32	4																
PIC24EP64GP203	1024	64	8																
PIC24EP32GP204	512	32	4																
PIC24EP64GP204	1024	64	8	5	4	4	2	2	—	3	2	1	9	3/4	Yes	Yes	35	44/48	VTLA ⁽⁴⁾ , TQFP, QFN, UQFN
PIC24EP128GP204	1024	128	16																
PIC24EP256GP204	1024	256	32																
PIC24EP512GP204	1024	512	48																
PIC24EP64GP206	1024	64	8	5	4	4	2	2	—	3	2	1	16	3/4	Yes	Yes	53	64	TQFP, QFN
PIC24EP128GP206	1024	128	16																
PIC24EP256GP206	1024	256	32																
PIC24EP512GP206	1024	512	48																
dsPIC33EP32GP502	512	32	4	5	4	4	2	2	1	3	2	1	6	2/3 ⁽¹⁾	Yes	Yes	21	28	SPDIP, SOIC, SSOP ⁽⁴⁾ , QFN-S
dsPIC33EP64GP502	1024	64	8																
dsPIC33EP128GP502	1024	128	16																
dsPIC33EP256GP502	1024	256	32																
dsPIC33EP512GP502	1024	512	48	5	4	4	2	2	1	3	2	1	8	3/4	Yes	Yes	25	36	VTLA
dsPIC33EP32GP503	512	32	4																
dsPIC33EP64GP503	1024	64	8																
dsPIC33EP32GP504	512	32	4																
dsPIC33EP64GP504	1024	64	8	5	4	4	2	2	1	3	2	1	9	3/4	Yes	Yes	35	44/48	VTLA ⁽⁴⁾ , TQFP, QFN, UQFN
dsPIC33EP128GP504	1024	128	16																
dsPIC33EP256GP504	1024	256	32																
dsPIC33EP512GP504	1024	512	48																
dsPIC33EP64GP506	1024	64	8	5	4	4	2	2	1	3	2	1	16	3/4	Yes	Yes	53	64	TQFP, QFN
dsPIC33EP128GP506	1024	128	16																
dsPIC33EP256GP506	1024	256	32																
dsPIC33EP512GP506	1024	512	48																

Note 1: On 28-pin devices, Comparator 4 does not have external connections. Refer to **Section 25.0 "Op Amp/Comparator Module"** for details.

2: Only SPI2 is remappable.

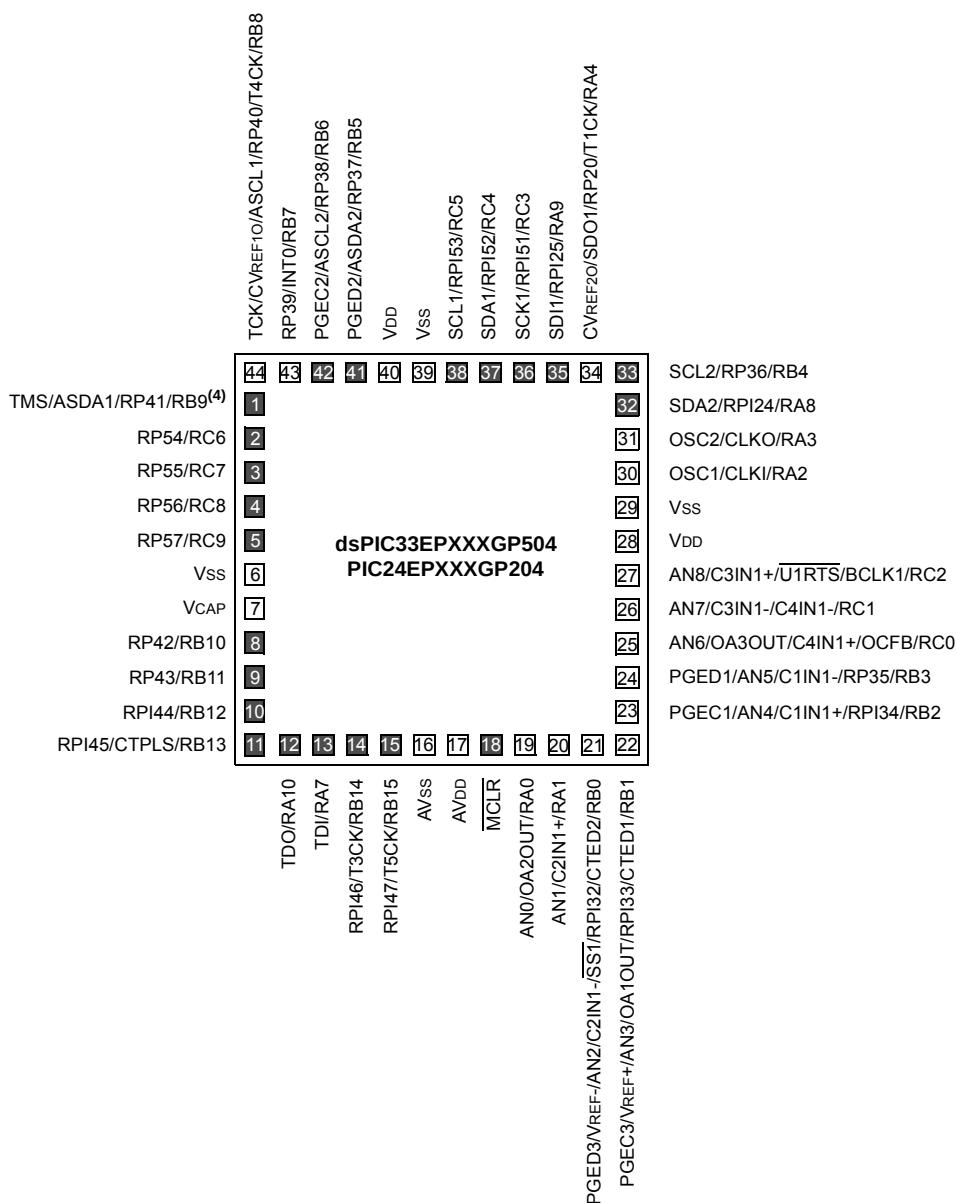
3: INT0 is not remappable.

4: The SSOP and VTLA packages are not available for devices with 512 Kbytes of memory.

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

44-Pin VTLA^(1,2,3)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

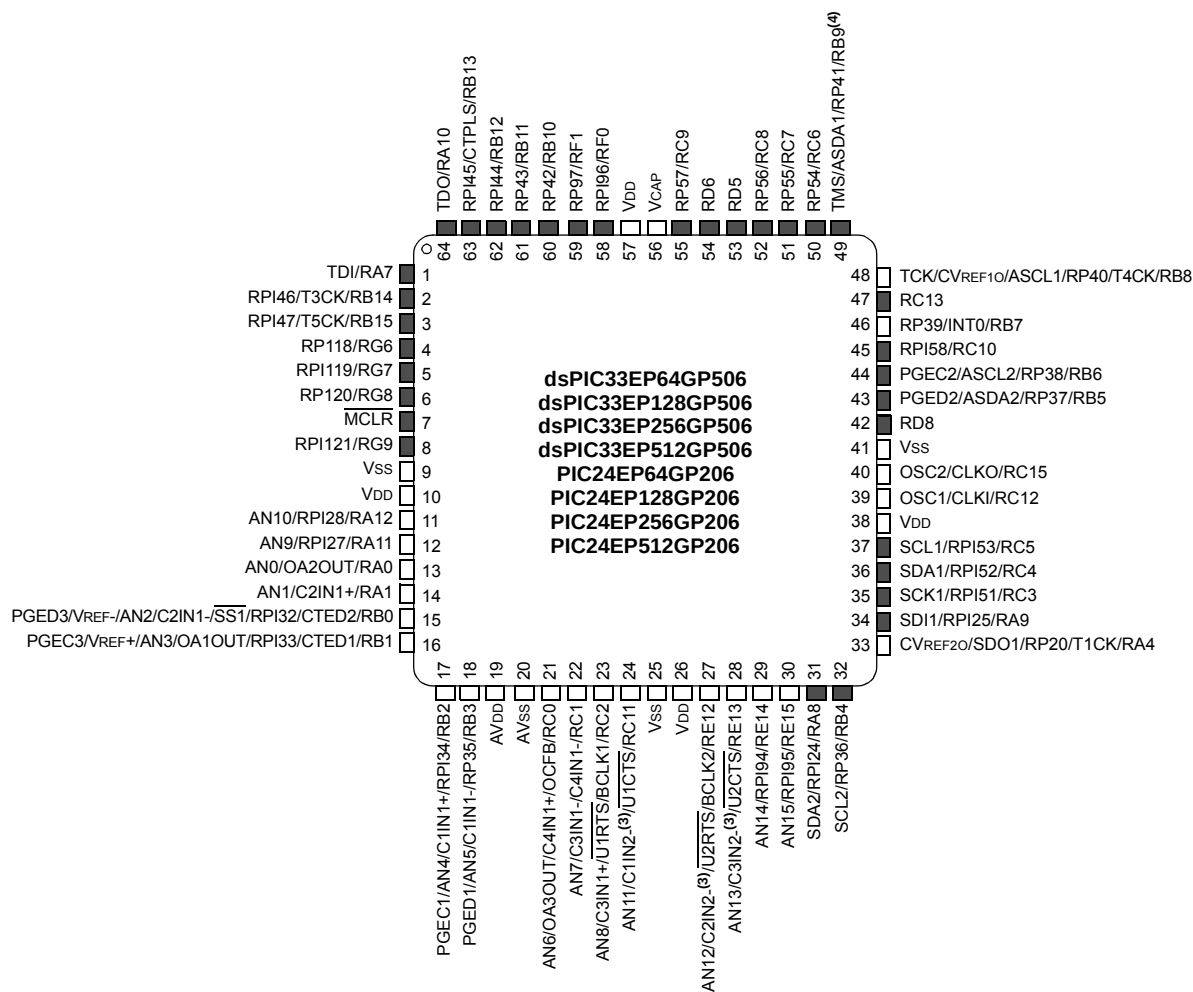


- Note 1:** The RPN/RPIn pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- Note 2:** Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- Note 3:** The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
- Note 4:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

64-Pin TQFP^(1,2,3)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note**
- 1: The RPN/RPI pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 "Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)"** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
 - 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNAX-CNGx). See **Section 11.0 "I/O Ports"** for more information.
 - 3: The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to Vss externally.
 - 4: There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

4.0 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Program Memory**” (DS70613) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X architecture features separate program and data memory spaces, and buses. This architecture also allows the direct access of program memory from the Data Space (DS) during code execution.

4.1 Program Address Space

The program address memory space of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices is 4M instructions. The space is addressable by a 24-bit value derived either from the 23-bit PC during program execution, or from table operation or Data Space remapping, as described in **Section 4.8 “Interfacing Program and Data Memory Spaces”**.

User application access to the program memory space is restricted to the lower half of the address range (0x000000 to 0x7FFFFFFF). The exception is the use of TBLRD operations, which use TBLPAG<7> to read Device ID sections of the configuration memory space.

The program memory maps, which are presented by device family and memory size, are shown in Figure 4-1 through Figure 4-5.

FIGURE 4-1: PROGRAM MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP32GP50X, dsPIC33EP32MC20X/50X AND PIC24EP32GP/MC20X DEVICES

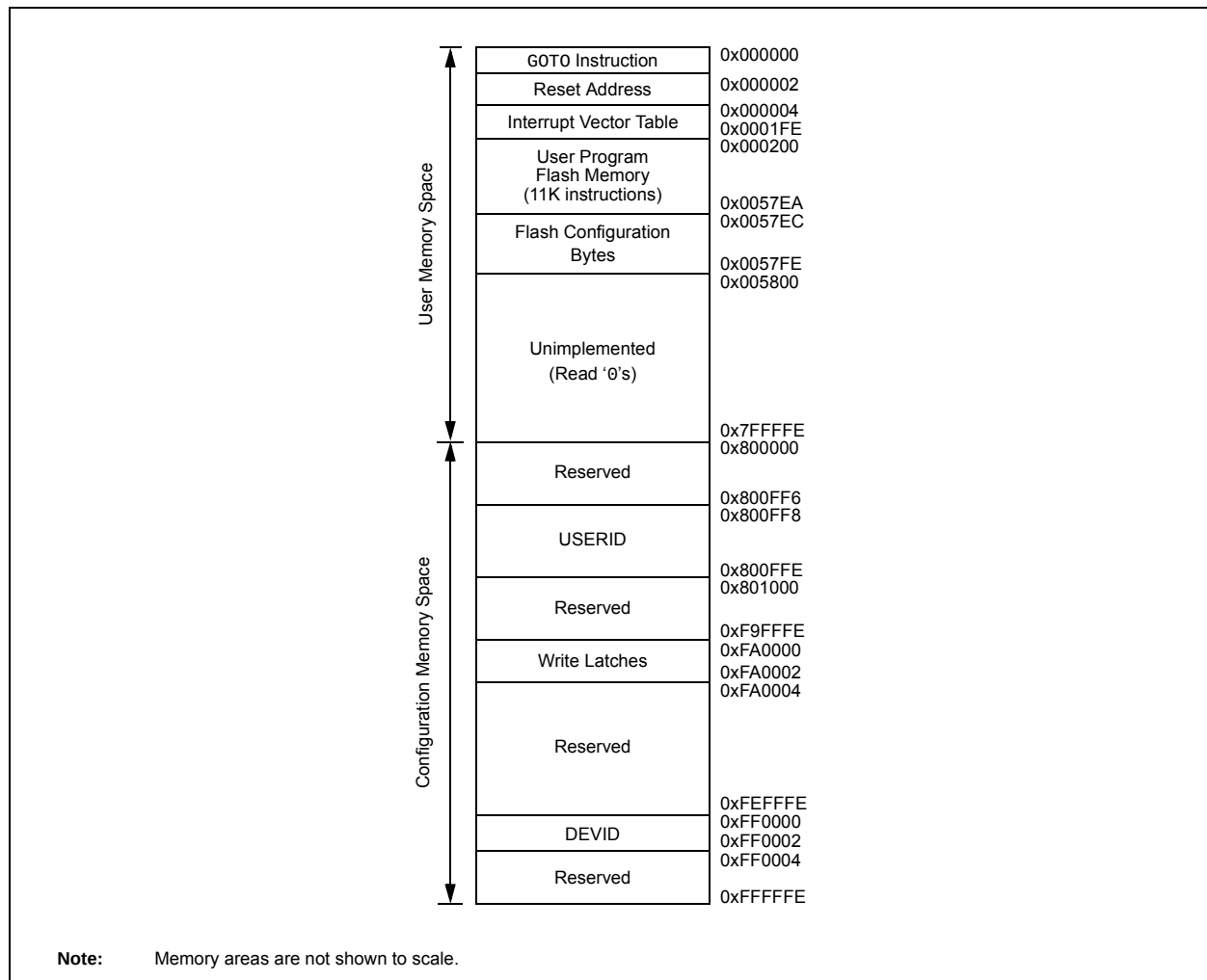


FIGURE 4-16: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR PIC24EP512GP/MC20X/50X DEVICES

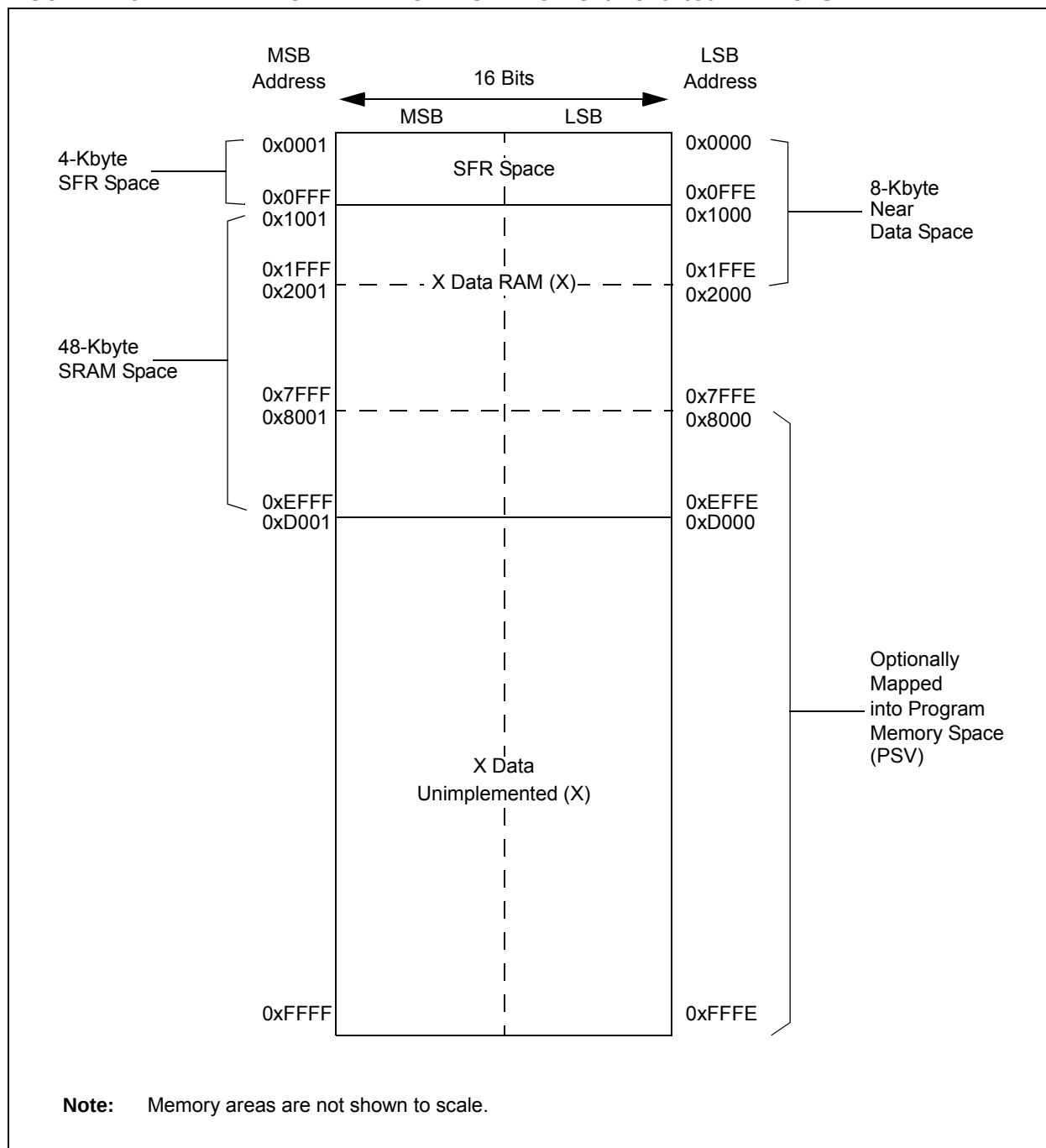


TABLE 4-4: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
IFS0	0800	—	DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF	T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA0IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF	0000
IFS1	0802	U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF	—	—	—	INT1IF	CNIF	CMIF	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF	0000
IFS2	0804	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IF	IC3IF	DMA3IF	—	—	SPI2IF	SPI2EIF	0000
IFS3	0806	—	—	—	—	—	QE11IF	PSEMIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IF	SI2C2IF	—	0000
IFS4	0808	—	—	CTMUIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CRCIF	U2EIF	U1EIF	—	0000
IFS5	080A	PWM2IF	PWM1IF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS6	080C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IF	0000
IFS8	0810	JTAGIF	ICDIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS9	0812	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IF	PTG2IF	PTG1IF	PTG0IF	PTGWDTIF	PTGSTEIF	—	0000
IEC0	0820	—	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIE	T3IE	T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE	0000
IEC1	0822	U2TXIE	U2RXIE	INT2IE	T5IE	T4IE	OC4IE	OC3IE	DMA2IE	—	—	—	INT1IE	CNIE	CMIE	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE	0000
IEC2	0824	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IE	IC3IE	DMA3IE	—	—	SPI2IE	SPI2EIE	0000
IEC3	0826	—	—	—	—	—	QE11IE	PSEMIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IE	SI2C2IE	—	0000
IEC4	0828	—	—	CTMUIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CRCIE	U2EIE	U1EIE	0000
IEC5	082A	PWM2IE	PWM1IE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC6	082C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IE	0000
IEC8	0830	JTAGIE	ICDIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC9	0832	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IE	PTG2IE	PTG1IE	PTG0IE	PTGWDTIE	PTGSTIEIE	—	0000
IPC0	0840	—	T1IP<2:0>			—	OC1IP<2:0>			—	IC1IP<2:0>			—	INT0IP<2:0>			4444
IPC1	0842	—	T2IP<2:0>			—	OC2IP<2:0>			—	IC2IP<2:0>			—	DMA0IP<2:0>			4444
IPC2	0844	—	U1RXIP<2:0>			—	SPI1IP<2:0>			—	SPI1EIP<2:0>			—	T3IP<2:0>			4444
IPC3	0846	—	—	—	—	—	DMA1IP<2:0>			—	AD1IP<2:0>			—	U1TXIP<2:0>			0444
IPC4	0848	—	CNIP<2:0>			—	CMIP<2:0>			—	MI2C1IP<2:0>			—	SI2C1IP<2:0>			4444
IPC5	084A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT1IP<2:0>			0004
IPC6	084C	—	T4IP<2:0>			—	OC4IP<2:0>			—	OC3IP<2:0>			—	DMA2IP<2:0>			4444
IPC7	084E	—	U2TXIP<2:0>			—	U2RXIP<2:0>			—	INT2IP<2:0>			—	T5IP<2:0>			4444
IPC8	0850	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SPI2IP<2:0>			—	SPI2EIP<2:0>			0044
IPC9	0852	—	—	—	—	—	IC4IP<2:0>			—	IC3IP<2:0>			—	DMA3IP<2:0>			0444
IPC12	0858	—	—	—	—	—	MI2C2IP<2:0>			—	SI2C2IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0440
IPC14	085C	—	—	—	—	—	QE11IP<2:0>			—	PSEMIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0440
IPC16	0860	—	CRCIP<2:0>			—	U2EIP<2:0>			—	U1EIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	4440
IPC19	0866	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CTMUIP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	0040
IPC23	086E	—	PWM2IP<2:0>			—	PWM1IP<2:0>			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4400
IPC24	0870	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IP<2:0>			4004

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-49: PORTD REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC206 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC206/506 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISD	0E30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISD8	—	TRISD6	TRISD5	—	—	—	—	—	0160
PORTD	0E32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RD8	—	RD6	RD5	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
LATD	0E34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATD8	—	LATD6	LATD5	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
ODCD	0E36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCD8	—	ODCD6	ODCD5	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNEND	0E38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIED8	—	CNIED6	CNIED5	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNPUD	0E3A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUD8	—	CNPUD6	CNPUD5	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNPDD	0E3C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDD8	—	CNPDD6	CNPDD5	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-50: PORTE REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC206 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC206/506 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISE	0E40	TRISE15	TRISE14	TRISE13	TRISE12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	F000
PORTE	0E42	RE15	RE14	RE13	RE12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
LATE	0E44	LATE15	LATE14	LATE13	LATE12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
ODCE	0E46	ODCE15	ODCE14	ODCE13	ODCE12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNENE	0E48	CNIEE15	CNIEE14	CNIEE13	CNIEE12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNPUE	0E4A	CNPUE15	CNPUE14	CNPUE13	CNPUE12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
CNPDE	0E4C	CNPDE15	CNPDE14	CNPDE13	CNPDE12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
ANSELE	0E4E	ANSE15	ANSE14	ANSE13	ANSE12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	F000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-51: PORTF REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC206 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC206/506 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISF	0E50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISF1	TRISF0	0003
PORTF	0E52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RF1	RF0	xxxx
LATF	0E54	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATF1	LATF0	xxxx
ODCF	0E56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCF1	ODCF0	0000
CNENF	0E58	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEF1	CNIEF0	0000
CNPUF	0E5A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUF1	CNPUF0	0000
CNPDF	0E5C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDF1	CNPDF0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

4.4.3 DATA MEMORY ARBITRATION AND BUS MASTER PRIORITY

EDS accesses from bus masters in the system are arbitrated.

The arbiter for data memory (including EDS) arbitrates between the CPU, the DMA and the ICD module. In the event of coincidental access to a bus by the bus masters, the arbiter determines which bus master access has the highest priority. The other bus masters are suspended and processed after the access of the bus by the bus master with the highest priority.

By default, the CPU is Bus Master 0 (M0) with the highest priority and the ICD is Bus Master 4 (M4) with the lowest priority. The remaining bus master (DMA Controller) is allocated to M3 (M1 and M2 are reserved and cannot be used). The user application may raise or lower the priority of the DMA Controller to be above that of the CPU by setting the appropriate bits in the EDS Bus Master Priority Control (MSTRPR) register. All bus masters with raised priorities will maintain the same priority relationship relative to each other (i.e., M1 being highest and M3 being lowest, with M2 in between). Also, all the bus masters with priorities below

that of the CPU maintain the same priority relationship relative to each other. The priority schemes for bus masters with different MSTRPR values are tabulated in Table 4-62.

This bus master priority control allows the user application to manipulate the real-time response of the system, either statically during initialization or dynamically in response to real-time events.

TABLE 4-62: DATA MEMORY BUS ARBITER PRIORITY

Priority	MSTRPR<15:0> Bit Setting ⁽¹⁾	
	0x0000	0x0020
M0 (highest)	CPU	DMA
M1	Reserved	CPU
M2	Reserved	Reserved
M3	DMA	Reserved
M4 (lowest)	ICD	ICD

Note 1: All other values of MSTRPR<15:0> are reserved.

FIGURE 4-18: ARBITER ARCHITECTURE

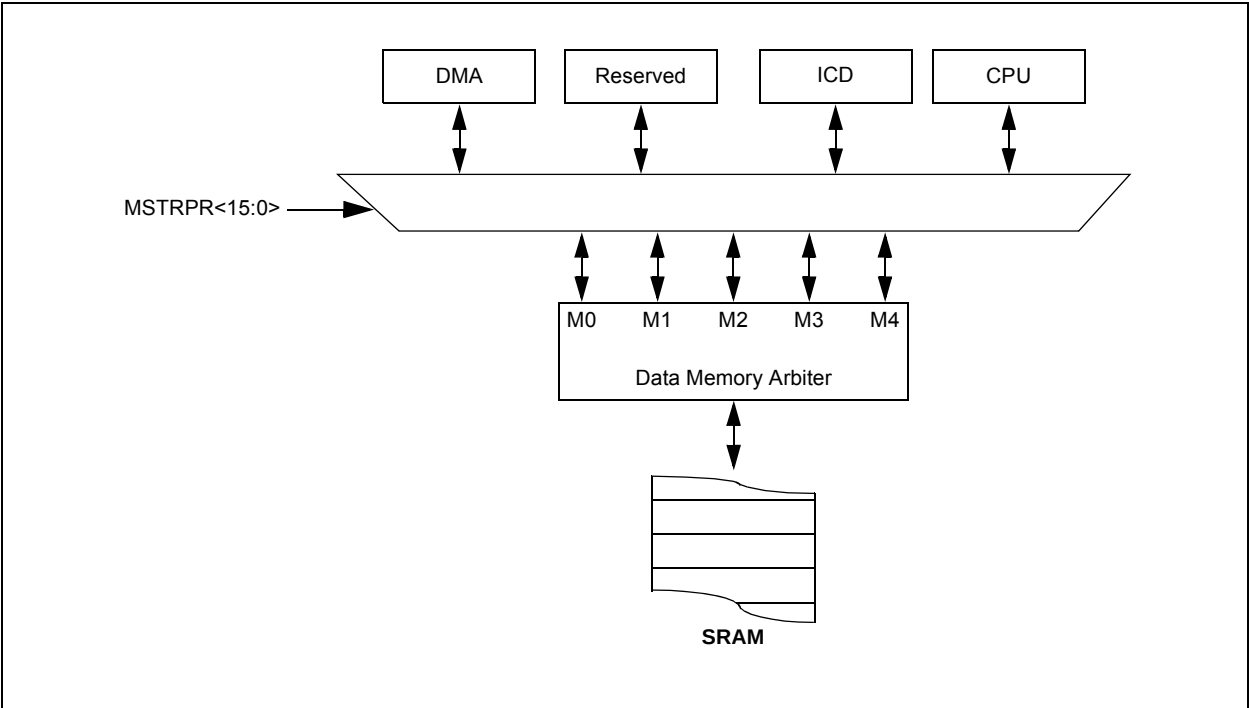


TABLE 9-1: CONFIGURATION BIT VALUES FOR CLOCK SELECTION

Oscillator Mode	Oscillator Source	POSCMD<1:0>	FNOSC<2:0>	See Notes
Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-N (FRCDIVN)	Internal	xx	111	1, 2
Fast RC Oscillator with Divide-by-16 (FRCDIV16)	Internal	xx	110	1
Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)	Internal	xx	101	1
Primary Oscillator (HS) with PLL (HSPLL)	Primary	10	011	
Primary Oscillator (XT) with PLL (XTPLL)	Primary	01	011	
Primary Oscillator (EC) with PLL (ECPLL)	Primary	00	011	1
Primary Oscillator (HS)	Primary	10	010	
Primary Oscillator (XT)	Primary	01	010	
Primary Oscillator (EC)	Primary	00	010	1
Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-N and PLL (FRCPLL)	Internal	xx	001	1
Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)	Internal	xx	000	1

Note 1: OSC2 pin function is determined by the OSCIOFNC Configuration bit.

2: This is the default oscillator mode for an unprogrammed (erased) device.

9.2 Oscillator Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

9.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

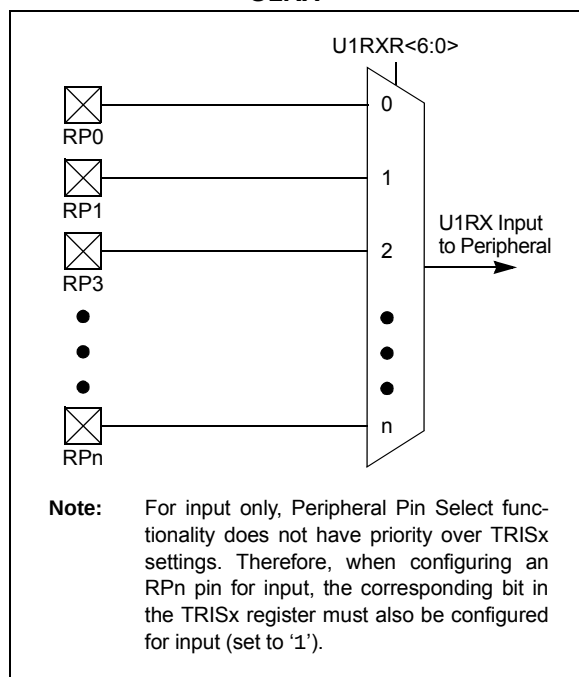
- “**Oscillator**” (DS70580) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

11.4.4 INPUT MAPPING

The inputs of the Peripheral Pin Select options are mapped on the basis of the peripheral. That is, a control register associated with a peripheral dictates the pin it will be mapped to. The RPNR_x registers are used to configure peripheral input mapping (see Register 11-1 through Register 11-17). Each register contains sets of 7-bit fields, with each set associated with one of the remappable peripherals. Programming a given peripheral's bit field with an appropriate 7-bit value maps the RPN pin with the corresponding value to that peripheral. For any given device, the valid range of values for any bit field corresponds to the maximum number of Peripheral Pin Selections supported by the device.

For example, Figure 11-2 illustrates remappable pin selection for the U1RX input.

FIGURE 11-2: REMAPPABLE INPUT FOR U1RX



11.4.4.1 Virtual Connections

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices support virtual (internal) connections to the output of the op amp/comparator module (see Figure 25-1 in **Section 25.0 “Op Amp/Comparator Module”**), and the PTG module (see **Section 24.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module”**).

In addition, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices support virtual connections to the filtered QE1 module inputs: FINDX1, FHOME1, FINDX2 and FHOME2 (see Figure 17-1 in **Section 17.0 “Quadrature Encoder Interface (QE1) Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)”**).

Virtual connections provide a simple way of inter-peripheral connection without utilizing a physical pin. For example, by setting the FLT1R<6:0> bits of the RPNR12 register to the value of 'b00000001, the output of the analog comparator, C1OUT, will be connected to the PWM Fault 1 input, which allows the analog comparator to trigger PWM Faults without the use of an actual physical pin on the device.

Virtual connection to the QE1 module allows peripherals to be connected to the QE1 digital filter input. To utilize this filter, the QE1 module must be enabled and its inputs must be connected to a physical RPN pin. Example 11-2 illustrates how the input capture module can be connected to the QE1 digital filter.

EXAMPLE 11-2: CONNECTING IC1 TO THE HOME1 QE1 DIGITAL FILTER INPUT ON PIN 43 OF THE dsPIC33EPXXXMC206 DEVICE

```

RPNR15 = 0x2500;    /* Connect the QE1 HOME1 input to RP37 (pin 43) */
RPNR7  = 0x009;    /* Connect the IC1 input to the digital filter on the FHOME1 input */

QE1IIOC = 0x4000;   /* Enable the QE1 digital filter */
QE1ICON = 0x8000;   /* Enable the QE1 module */
    
```

REGISTER 11-4: RPINR7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 7

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC2R<6:0>						
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC1R<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **IC2R<6:0>:** Assign Input Capture 2 (IC2) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **IC1R<6:0>:** Assign Input Capture 1 (IC1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

.

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

14.1 Input Capture Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

14.1.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **“Input Capture”** (DS70352) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

19.1 I²C Resources

Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

Note: In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser: http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464
--

19.1.1 KEY RESOURCES

- **“Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C)”** (DS70330) in the *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”*
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related *“dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”* Sections
- Development Tools

23.4 ADC Control Registers

REGISTER 23-1: AD1CON1: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 1

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADON	—	ADSIDL	ADDMA BM	—	AD12B	FORM1	FORM0
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0, HC, HS	R/C-0, HC, HS
SSRC2	SSRC1	SSRC0	SSRCG	SIMS AM	ASAM	SAMP	DONE ⁽³⁾
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HC = Hardware Clearable bit	HS = Hardware Settable bit	C = Clearable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **ADON:** ADC1 Operating Mode bit

1 = ADC module is operating
0 = ADC is off

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **ADSIDL:** ADC1 Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode
0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode

bit 12 **ADDMA BM:** DMA Buffer Build Mode bit

1 = DMA buffers are written in the order of conversion; the module provides an address to the DMA channel that is the same as the address used for the non-DMA stand-alone buffer
0 = DMA buffers are written in Scatter/Gather mode; the module provides a Scatter/Gather address to the DMA channel, based on the index of the analog input and the size of the DMA buffer.

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 **AD12B:** ADC1 10-Bit or 12-Bit Operation Mode bit

1 = 12-bit, 1-channel ADC operation
0 = 10-bit, 4-channel ADC operation

bit 9-8 **FORM<1:0>:** Data Output Format bits

For 10-Bit Operation:

11 = Signed fractional (DOUT = sddd dddd dd00 0000, where s = .NOT.d<9>)

10 = Fractional (DOUT = dddd dddd dd00 0000)

01 = Signed integer (DOUT = ssss sssd dddd dddd, where s = .NOT.d<9>)

00 = Integer (DOUT = 0000 00dd dddd dddd)

For 12-Bit Operation:

11 = Signed fractional (DOUT = sddd dddd dddd 0000, where s = .NOT.d<11>)

10 = Fractional (DOUT = dddd dddd dddd 0000)

01 = Signed integer (DOUT = ssss sddd dddd dddd, where s = .NOT.d<11>)

00 = Integer (DOUT = 0000 dddd dddd dddd)

Note 1: See Section 24.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module” for information on this selection.

2: This setting is available in dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

3: Do not clear the DONE bit in software if Auto-Sample is enabled (ASAM = 1).

REGISTER 23-1: AD1CON1: ADC1 CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

bit 7-5	SSRC<2:0>: Sample Trigger Source Select bits If SSRCG = 1: 111 = Reserved 110 = PTGO15 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion⁽¹⁾ 101 = PTGO14 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion⁽¹⁾ 100 = PTGO13 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion⁽¹⁾ 011 = PTGO12 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion⁽¹⁾ 010 = PWM Generator 3 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion⁽²⁾ 001 = PWM Generator 2 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion⁽²⁾ 000 = PWM Generator 1 primary trigger compare ends sampling and starts conversion⁽²⁾ If SSRCG = 0: 111 = Internal counter ends sampling and starts conversion (auto-convert) 110 = CTMU ends sampling and starts conversion 101 = Reserved 100 = Timer5 compare ends sampling and starts conversion 011 = PWM primary Special Event Trigger ends sampling and starts conversion⁽²⁾ 010 = Timer3 compare ends sampling and starts conversion 001 = Active transition on the INT0 pin ends sampling and starts conversion 000 = Clearing the Sample bit (SAMP) ends sampling and starts conversion (Manual mode)
bit 4	SSRCG: Sample Trigger Source Group bit See SSRC<2:0> for details.
bit 3	SIMSAM: Simultaneous Sample Select bit (only applicable when CHPS<1:0> = 01 or 1x) In 12-bit mode (AD21B = 1), SIMSAM is Unimplemented and is Read as '0': 1 = Samples CH0, CH1, CH2, CH3 simultaneously (when CHPS<1:0> = 1x); or samples CH0 and CH1 simultaneously (when CHPS<1:0> = 01) 0 = Samples multiple channels individually in sequence
bit 2	ASAM: ADC1 Sample Auto-Start bit 1 = Sampling begins immediately after the last conversion; SAMP bit is auto-set 0 = Sampling begins when the SAMP bit is set
bit 1	SAMP: ADC1 Sample Enable bit 1 = ADC Sample-and-Hold amplifiers are sampling 0 = ADC Sample-and-Hold amplifiers are holding If ASAM = 0, software can write '1' to begin sampling. Automatically set by hardware if ASAM = 1. If SSRC<2:0> = 000, software can write '0' to end sampling and start conversion. If SSRC<2:0> ≠ 000, automatically cleared by hardware to end sampling and start conversion.
bit 0	DONE: ADC1 Conversion Status bit⁽³⁾ 1 = ADC conversion cycle has completed 0 = ADC conversion has not started or is in progress Automatically set by hardware when the ADC conversion is complete. Software can write '0' to clear the DONE status bit (software is not allowed to write '1'). Clearing this bit does NOT affect any operation in progress. Automatically cleared by hardware at the start of a new conversion.

Note 1: See Section 24.0 "Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module" for information on this selection.

2: This setting is available in dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.

3: Do not clear the DONE bit in software if Auto-Sample is enabled (ASAM = 1).

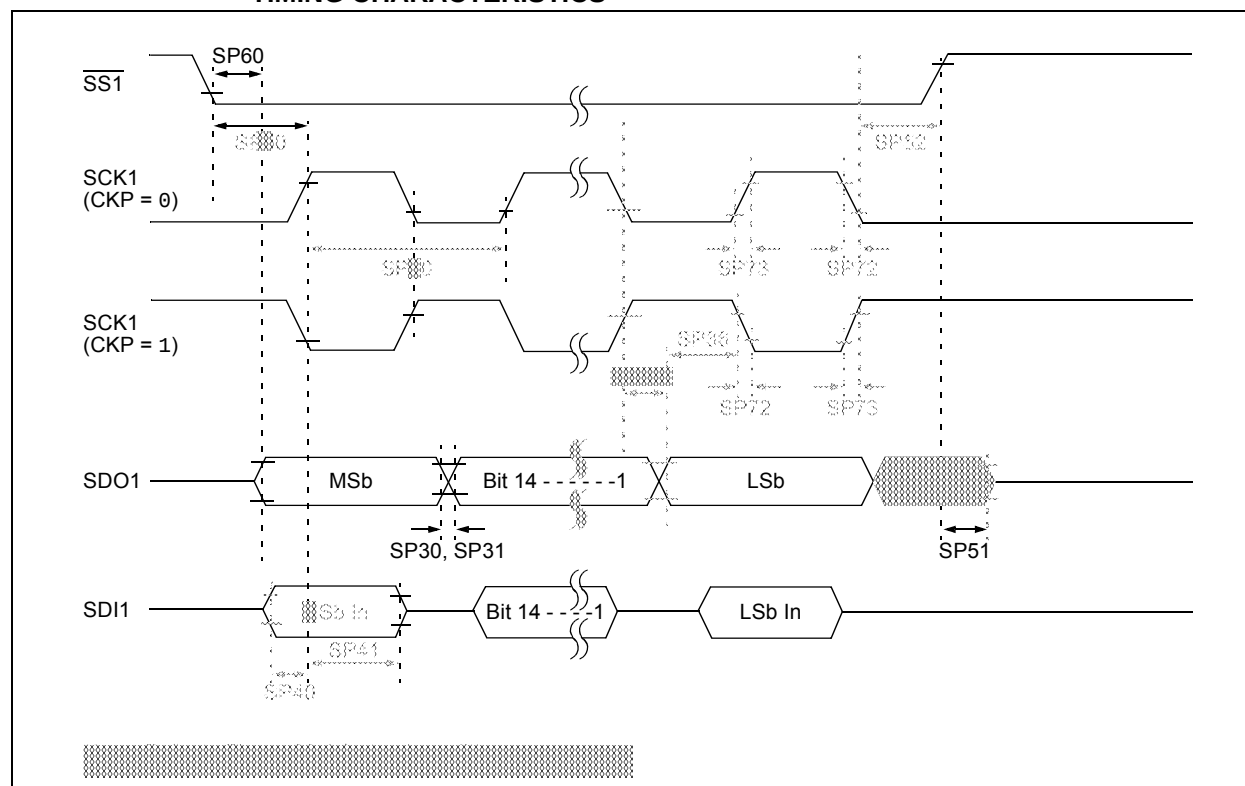
REGISTER 24-1: PTGCST: PTG CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 1-0 **PTGITM<1:0>**: PTG Input Trigger Command Operating Mode bits⁽¹⁾

- 11 = Single level detect with Step delay not executed on exit of command (regardless of the PTGCTRL command)
- 10 = Single level detect with Step delay executed on exit of command
- 01 = Continuous edge detect with Step delay not executed on exit of command (regardless of the PTGCTRL command)
- 00 = Continuous edge detect with Step delay executed on exit of command

- Note 1:** These bits apply to the PTGWHI and PTGWLO commands only.
- 2:** This bit is only used with the PTGCTRL step command software trigger option.
- 3:** Use of the PTG Single-Step mode is reserved for debugging tools only.

FIGURE 30-26: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



**TABLE 30-45: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)
TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	FscP	Maximum SCK1 Input Frequency	—	—	Lesser of FP or 15	MHz	(Note 3)
SP72	TscF	SCK1 Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP73	TscR	SCK1 Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDO1 Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDO1 Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after SCK1 Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdoV2scH, TdoV2scL	SDO1 Data Output Setup to First SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP40	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDI1 Data Input to SCK1 Edge	30	—	—	ns	
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	$\overline{SS1} \downarrow$ to SCK1 $\uparrow$ or SCK1 $\downarrow$ Input	120	—	—	ns	
SP51	TssH2doZ	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ to SDO1 Output High-Impedance	10	—	50	ns	(Note 4)
SP52	Tsch2ssH, TscL2ssH	$\overline{SS1} \uparrow$ after SCK1 Edge	1.5 Tcy + 40	—	—	ns	(Note 4)
SP60	TssL2doV	SDO1 Data Output Valid after $\overline{SS1}$ Edge	—	—	50	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.

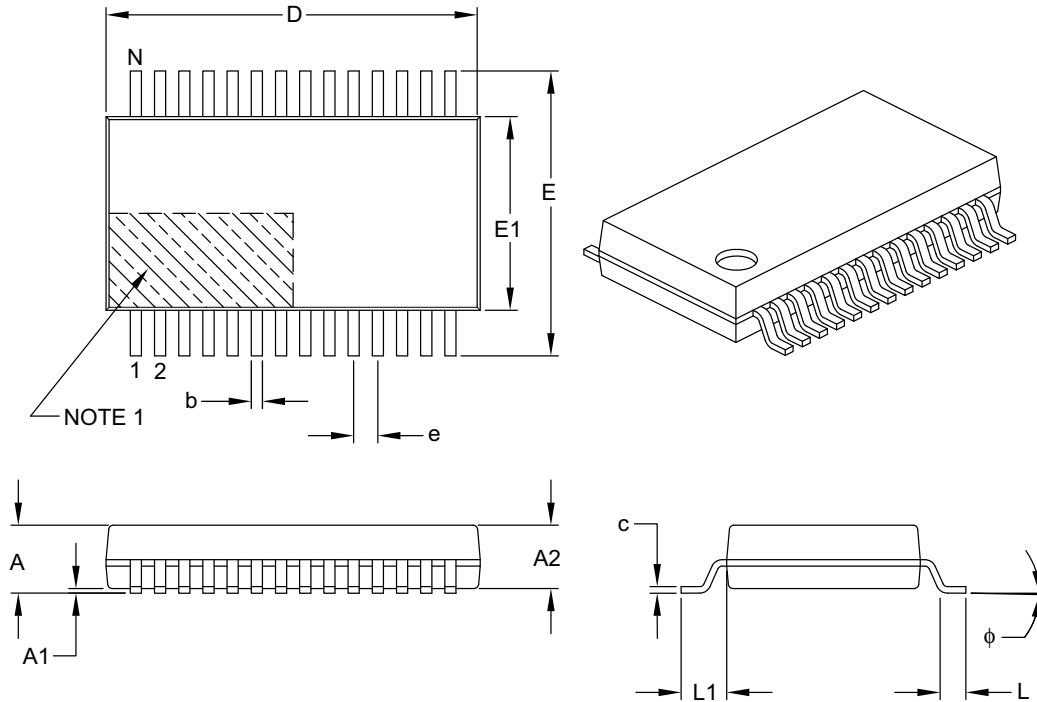
2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.

3: The minimum clock period for SCK1 is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the SCK1 clock generated by the master must not violate this specification.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPI1 pins.

28-Lead Plastic Shrink Small Outline (SS) – 5.30 mm Body [SSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	28		
Pitch	e	0.65 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	2.00
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.65	1.75	1.85
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	–
Overall Width	E	7.40	7.80	8.20
Molded Package Width	E1	5.00	5.30	5.60
Overall Length	D	9.90	10.20	10.50
Foot Length	L	0.55	0.75	0.95
Footprint	L1	1.25 REF		
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.25
Foot Angle	φ	0°	4°	8°
Lead Width	b	0.22	–	0.38

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.20 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-073B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (April 2011)

This is the initial released version of the document.

Revision B (July 2011)

This revision includes minor typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-1.

TABLE A-1: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
“High-Performance, 16-bit Digital Signal Controllers and Microcontrollers”	Changed all pin diagrams references of VLAP to TLA.
Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”	Updated the All Resets values for CLKDIV and PLLFBD in the System Control Register Map (see Table 4-35).
Section 5.0 “Flash Program Memory”	Updated “one word” to “two words” in the first paragraph of Section 5.2 “RTSP Operation” .
Section 9.0 “Oscillator Configuration”	Updated the PLL Block Diagram (see Figure 9-2). Updated the Oscillator Mode, Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with divide-by-N and PLL (FRCPLL), by changing (FRCDIVN + PLL) to (FRCPLL). Changed (FRCDIVN + PLL) to (FRCPLL) for COSC<2:0> = 001 and NOSC<2:0> = 001 in the Oscillator Control Register (see Register 9-1). Changed the POR value from 0 to 1 for the DOZE<1:0> bits, from 1 to 0 for the FRCDIV<0> bit, and from 0 to 1 for the PLLPOST<0> bit; Updated the default definitions for the DOZE<2:0> and FRCDIV<2:0> bits and updated all bit definitions for the PLLPOST<1:0> bits in the Clock Divisor Register (see Register 9-2). Changed the POR value from 0 to 1 for the PLLDIV<5:4> bits and updated the default definitions for all PLLDIV<8:0> bits in the PLL Feedback Division Register (see Register 9-2).
Section 22.0 “Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)”	Updated the bit definitions for the IRNG<1:0> bits in the CTMU Current Control Register (see Register 22-3).
Section 25.0 “Op amp/ Comparator Module”	Updated the voltage reference block diagrams (see Figure 25-1 and Figure 25-2).