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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

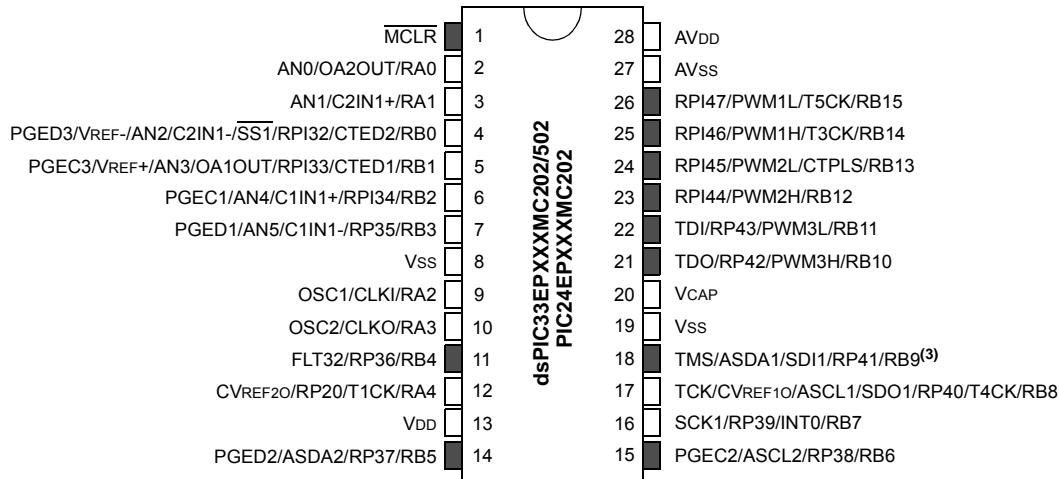
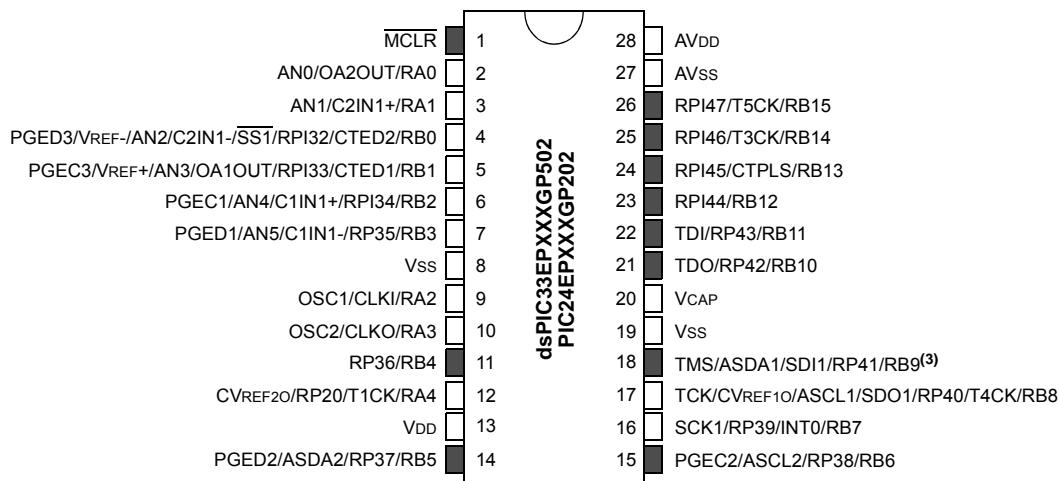
Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	64KB (22K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep64mc206-i-mr

Pin Diagrams

28-Pin SPDIP/SOIC/SSOP^(1,2)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant

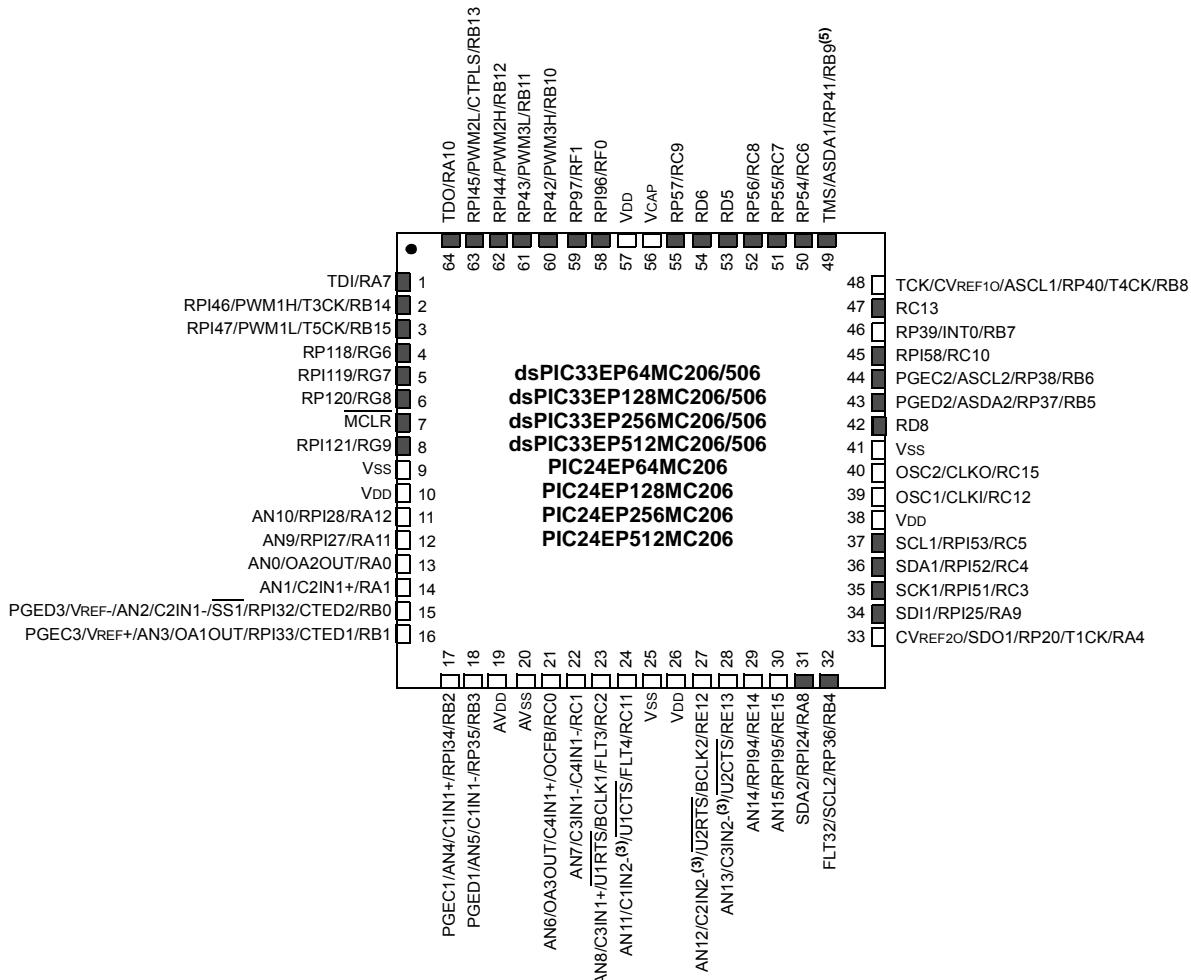


- Note 1:** The RPn/RPI_n pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 "Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)"** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- 2:** Every I/O port pin (RA_x-RG_x) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CNA_x-CNG_x). See **Section 11.0 "I/O Ports"** for more information.
- 3:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

Pin Diagrams (Continued)

64-Pin QFN^(1,2,3,4)

■ = Pins are up to 5V tolerant



- Note 1:** The RPn/RPI_n pins can be used by any remappable peripheral with some limitation. See **Section 11.4 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)”** for available peripherals and for information on limitations.
- 2:** Every I/O port pin (RAx-RGx) can be used as a Change Notification pin (CN_{Ax}-CNG_x). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- 3:** This pin is not available as an input when OPMODE (CM_xCON<10>) = 1.
- 4:** The metal pad at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to Vss externally.
- 5:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name ⁽⁴⁾	Pin Type	Buffer Type	PPS	Description
U2CTS	I	ST	No	UART2 Clear-To-Send.
U2RTS	O	—	No	UART2 Ready-To-Send.
U2RX	I	ST	Yes	UART2 receive.
U2TX	O	—	Yes	UART2 transmit.
BCLK2	O	ST	No	UART2 IrDA® baud clock output.
SCK1	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI1.
SDI1	I	ST	No	SPI1 data in.
SDO1	O	—	No	SPI1 data out.
SS1	I/O	ST	No	SPI1 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCK2	I/O	ST	Yes	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2.
SDI2	I	ST	Yes	SPI2 data in.
SDO2	O	—	Yes	SPI2 data out.
SS2	I/O	ST	Yes	SPI2 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O.
SCL1	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1.
SDA1	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1.
ASCL1	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1.
ASDA1	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1.
SCL2	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2.
SDA2	I/O	ST	No	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2.
ASCL2	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2.
ASDA2	I/O	ST	No	Alternate synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2.
TMS ⁽⁵⁾	I	ST	No	JTAG Test mode select pin.
TCK	I	ST	No	JTAG test clock input pin.
TDI	I	ST	No	JTAG test data input pin.
TDO	O	—	No	JTAG test data output pin.
C1RX ⁽²⁾	I	ST	Yes	ECAN1 bus receive pin.
C1TX ⁽²⁾	O	—	Yes	ECAN1 bus transmit pin.
FLT1 ⁽¹⁾ , FLT2 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	PWM Fault Inputs 1 and 2.
FLT3 ⁽¹⁾ , FLT4 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	No	PWM Fault Inputs 3 and 4.
FLT32 ^(1,3)	I	ST	No	PWM Fault Input 32 (Class B Fault).
DTCMP1-DTCMP3 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	PWM Dead-Time Compensation Inputs 1 through 3.
PWM1L-PWM3L ⁽¹⁾	O	—	No	PWM Low Outputs 1 through 3.
PWM1H-PWM3H ⁽¹⁾	O	—	No	PWM High Outputs 1 through 3.
SYNC1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	PWM Synchronization Input 1.
SYNCO1 ⁽¹⁾	O	—	Yes	PWM Synchronization Output 1.
INDX1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Index1 pulse input.
HOME1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Home1 pulse input.
QEA1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Phase A input in QE1 mode. Auxiliary timer external clock/gate input in Timer mode.
QEB1 ⁽¹⁾	I	ST	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Phase B input in QE1 mode. Auxiliary timer external clock/gate input in Timer mode.
CNTCMP1 ⁽¹⁾	O	—	Yes	Quadrature Encoder Compare Output 1.

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output Analog = Analog input P = Power
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels O = Output I = Input
 PPS = Peripheral Pin Select TTL = TTL input buffer

- Note 1:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices only.
- 2:** This pin is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.
- 3:** This is the default Fault on Reset for dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices. See **Section 16.0 “High-Speed PWM Module (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X Devices Only)**” for more information.
- 4:** Not all pins are available in all packages variants. See the “**Pin Diagrams**” section for pin availability.
- 5:** There is an internal pull-up resistor connected to the TMS pin when the JTAG interface is active. See the JTAGEN bit field in Table 27-2.

FIGURE 2-5: SINGLE-PHASE SYNCHRONOUS BUCK CONVERTER

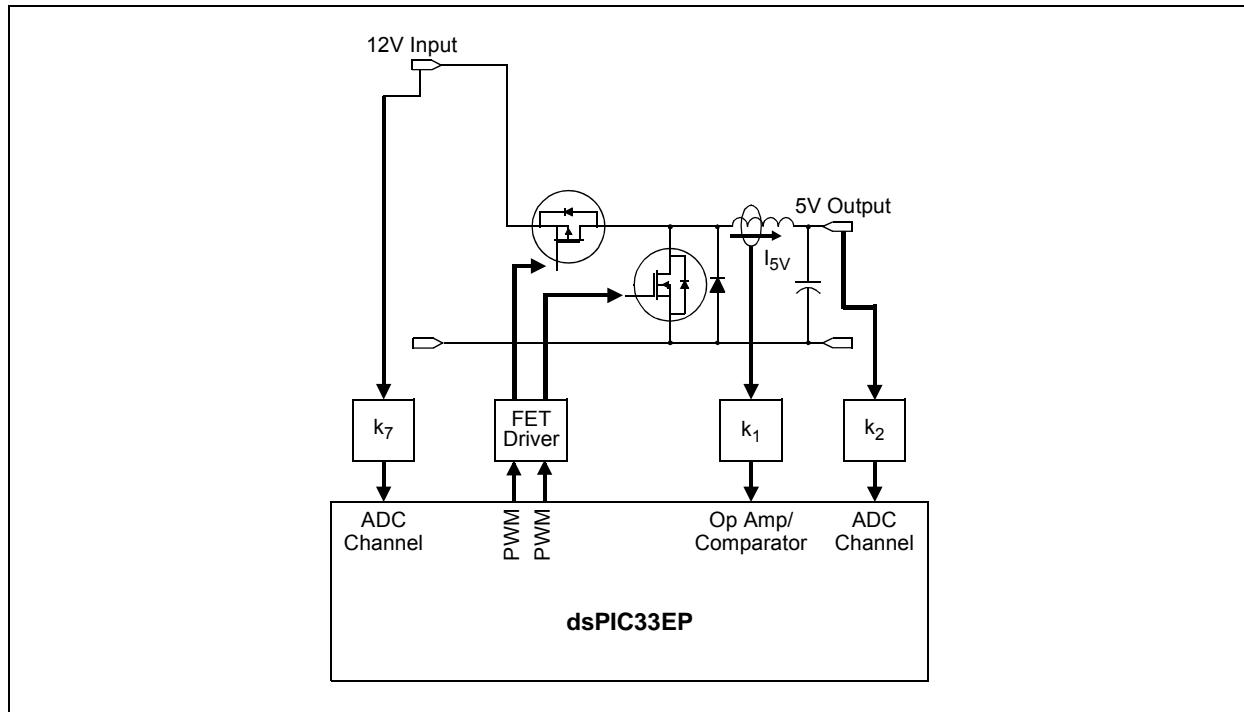


FIGURE 2-6: MULTIPHASE SYNCHRONOUS BUCK CONVERTER

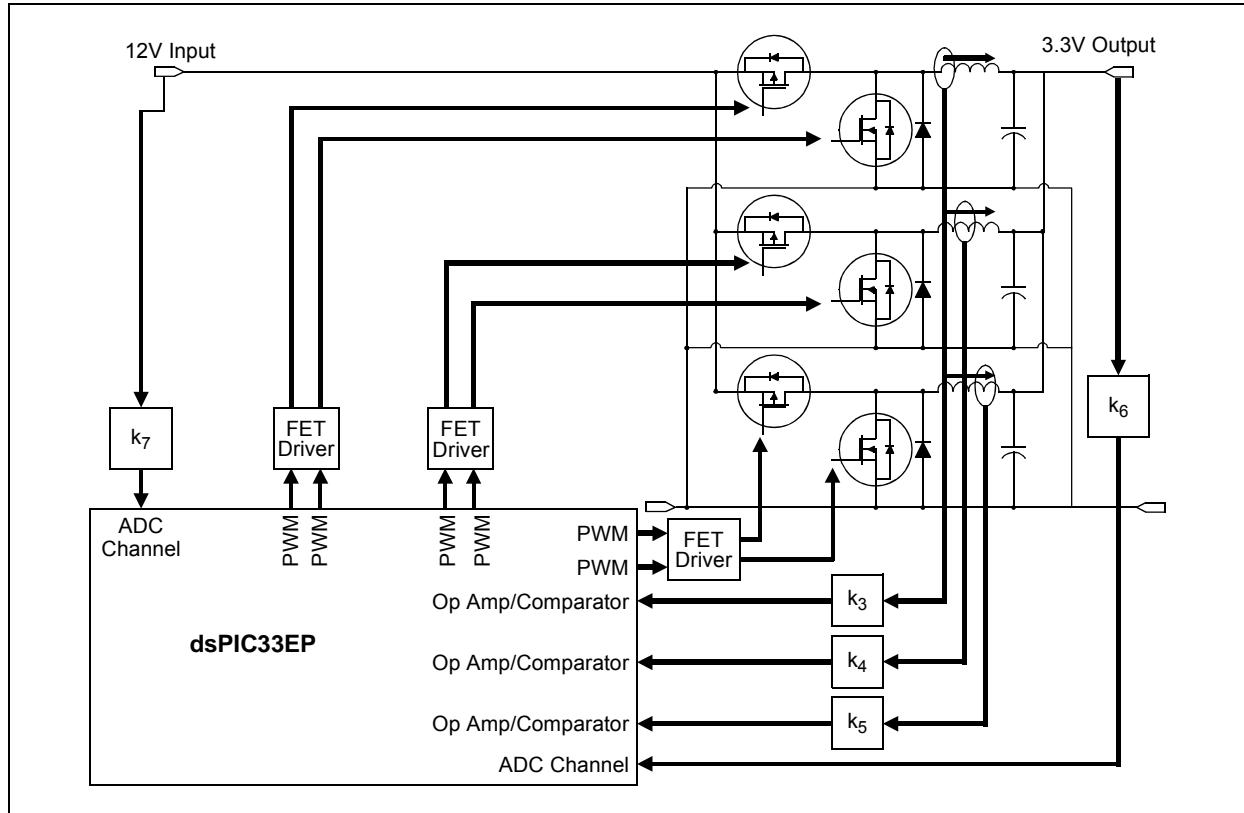


FIGURE 4-13: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR PIC24EP64GP/MC20X/50X DEVICES

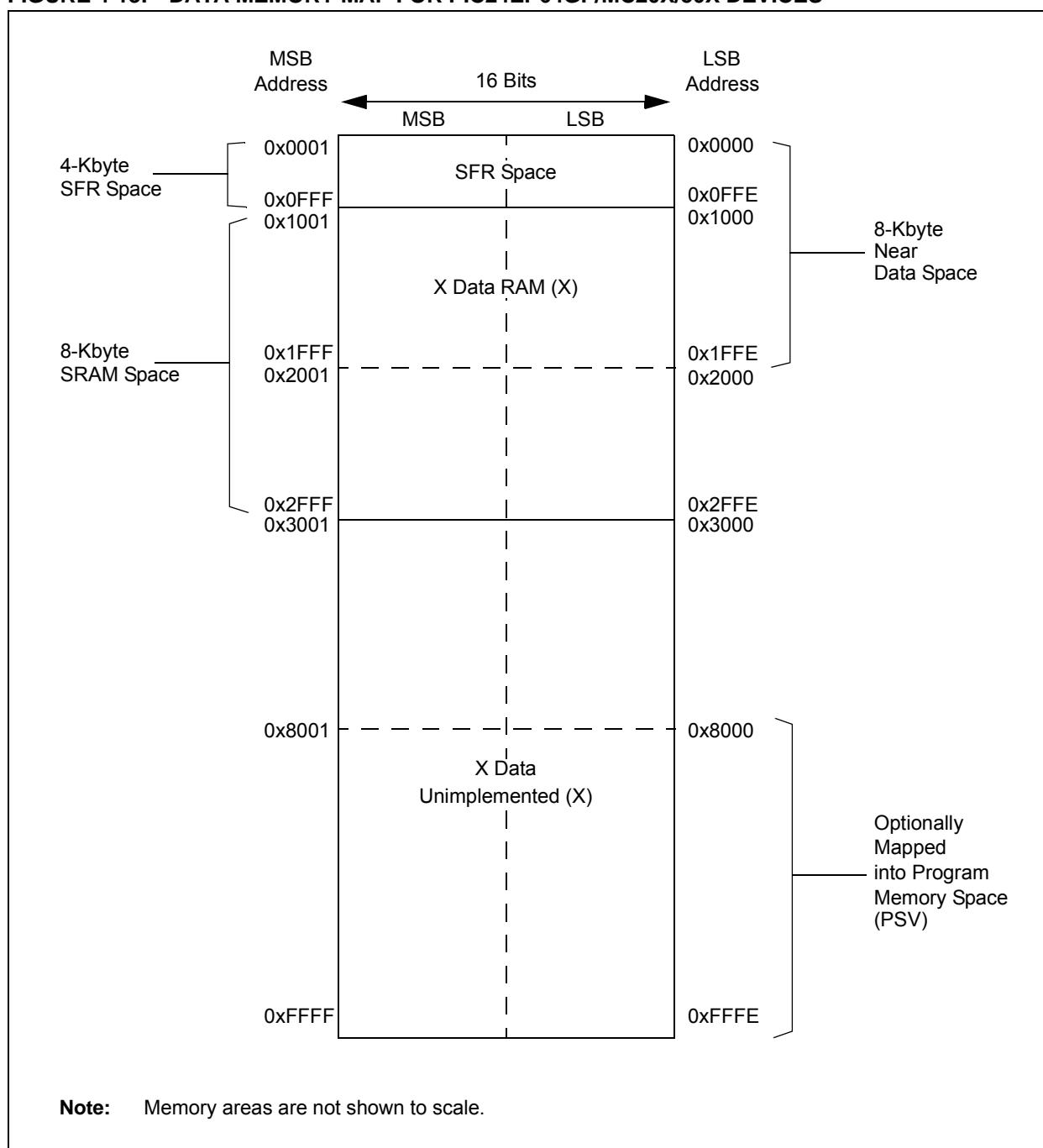


TABLE 4-7: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXMC50X DEVICES ONLY (CONTINUED)

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
IPC23	086E	—	PWM2IP<2:0>				—	PWM1IP<2:0>				—	—	—	—	—	—	4400	
IPC24	0870	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM3IP<2:0>				0004	
IPC35	0886	—	JTAGIP<2:0>				—	ICDIP<2:0>				—	—	—	—	—	—	4400	
IPC36	0888	—	PTG0IP<2:0>				—	PTGWDTIP<2:0>				—	PTGSTEPIP<2:0>				—	4440	
IPC37	088A	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IP<2:0>				—	PTG2IP<2:0>				—	PTG1IP<2:0>	0444	
INTCON1	08C0	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	COVAERR	COVBERR	OVATE	OVBTE	COTVE	SFTACERR	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	—	0000	
INTCON2	08C2	GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2EP	INT1EP	INTOEP	8000	
INTCON3	08C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DAE	DOOVR	—	—	—	—	0000	
INTCON4	08C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SGHT	0000	
INTTREG	08C8	—	—	—	—	—	ILR<3:0>				VECNUM<7:0>								0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-29: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXMC20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RPINR0	06A0	—															—	0000
RPINR1	06A2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							INT2R<6:0>	0000
RPINR3	06A6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							T2CKR<6:0>	0000
RPINR7	06AE	—															IC1R<6:0>	0000
RPINR8	06B0	—															IC3R<6:0>	0000
RPINR11	06B6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							OCFAR<6:0>	0000
RPINR12	06B8	—															FLT1R<6:0>	0000
RPINR14	06BC	—															QEA1R<6:0>	0000
RPINR15	06BE	—															INDX1R<6:0>	0000
RPINR18	06C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							U1RXR<6:0>	0000
RPINR19	06C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							U2RXR<6:0>	0000
RPINR22	06CC	—															SDI2R<6:0>	0000
RPINR23	06CE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							SS2R<6:0>	0000
RPINR26	06D4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
RPINR37	06EA	—															SYNC1R<6:0>	0000
RPINR38	06EC	—															DTCMP1R<6:0>	0000
RPINR39	06EE	—															DTCMP2R<6:0>	0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-30: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RPINR0	06A0	—															—	0000
RPINR1	06A2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							INT2R<6:0>	0000
RPINR3	06A6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							T2CKR<6:0>	0000
RPINR7	06AE	—															IC1R<6:0>	0000
RPINR8	06B0	—															IC3R<6:0>	0000
RPINR11	06B6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							OCFAR<6:0>	0000
RPINR18	06C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							U1RXR<6:0>	0000
RPINR19	06C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							U2RXR<6:0>	0000
RPINR22	06CC	—															SDI2R<6:0>	0000
RPINR23	06CE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—							SS2R<6:0>	0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-42: OP AMP/COMPARATOR REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CMSTAT	0A80	PSIDL	—	—	—	C4EVT	C3EVT	C2EVT	C1EVT	—	—	—	—	C4OUT	C3OUT	C2OUT	C1OUT	0000
CVRCON	0A82	—	CVR2OE	—	—	—	VREFSEL	—	—	CVREN	CVR1OE	CVRR	CVRSS	CVR<3:0>			0000	
CM1CON	0A84	CON	COE	CPOL	—	—	OPMODE	CEVT	COUT	EVPOL<1:0>	—	CREF	—	—	CCH<1:0>	0000		
CM1MSKSRC	0A86	—	—	—	—	SELSRCC<3:0>			SELSRCB<3:0>			SELSRCA<3:0>			0000	0000		
CM1MSKCON	0A88	HLMS	—	OCEN	OCNEN	OBEN	OBNEN	OAEN	OANEN	NAGS	PAGS	ACEN	ACNEN	ABEN	ABNEN	AAEN	AANEN	0000
CM1FLTR	0A8A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CFSEL<2:0>			CFLTREN	CFDIV<2:0>			0000
CM2CON	0A8C	CON	COE	CPOL	—	—	OPMODE	CEVT	COUT	EVPOL<1:0>	—	CREF	—	—	CCH<1:0>	0000	0000	
CM2MSKSRC	0A8E	—	—	—	—	SELSRCC<3:0>			SELSRCB<3:0>			SELSRCA<3:0>			0000	0000		
CM2MSKCON	0A90	HLMS	—	OCEN	OCNEN	OBEN	OBNEN	OAEN	OANEN	NAGS	PAGS	ACEN	ACNEN	ABEN	ABNEN	AAEN	AANEN	0000
CM2FLTR	0A92	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CFSEL<2:0>			CFLTREN	CFDIV<2:0>			0000
CM3CON ⁽¹⁾	0A94	CON	COE	CPOL	—	—	OPMODE	CEVT	COUT	EVPOL<1:0>	—	CREF	—	—	CCH<1:0>	0000	0000	
CM3MSKSRC ⁽¹⁾	0A96	—	—	—	—	SELSRCC<3:0>			SELSRCB<3:0>			SELSRCA<3:0>			0000	0000		
CM3MSKCON ⁽¹⁾	0A98	HLMS	—	OCEN	OCNEN	OBEN	OBNEN	OAEN	OANEN	NAGS	PAGS	ACEN	ACNEN	ABEN	ABNEN	AAEN	AANEN	0000
CM3FLTR ⁽¹⁾	0A9A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CFSEL<2:0>			CFLTREN	CFDIV<2:0>			0000
CM4CON	0A9C	CON	COE	CPOL	—	—	—	CEVT	COUT	EVPOL<1:0>	—	CREF	—	—	CCH<1:0>	0000	0000	
CM4MSKSRC	0A9E	—	—	—	—	SELSRCC<3:0>			SELSRCB<3:0>			SELSRCA<3:0>			0000	0000		
CM4MSKCON	0AA0	HLMS	—	OCEN	OCNEN	OBEN	OBNEN	OAEN	OANEN	NAGS	PAGS	ACEN	ACNEN	ABEN	ABNEN	AAEN	AANEN	0000
CM4FLTR	0AA2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CFSEL<2:0>			CFLTREN	CFDIV<2:0>			0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: These registers are unavailable on dsPIC33EPXXGP502/MC502/MC202 and PIC24EP256GP/MC202 (28-pin) devices.

TABLE 4-43: CTMU REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CTMUCON1	033A	CTMUEN	—	CTMUSIDL	TGEN	EDGEN	EDGSEQEN	IDISSEN	CTTRIG	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
CTMUCON2	033C	EDG1MOD	EDG1POL	EDG1SEL<3:0>			EDG2STAT	EDG1STAT	EDG2MOD	EDG2POL	EDG2SEL<3:0>			—	—	—	0000	
CTMUICON	033E	ITRIM<5:0>					IRNG<1:0>		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-44: JTAG INTERFACE REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
JDATAH	0FF0	—	—	—	—	JDATAH<27:16>										xxxx	xxxx	
JDATAL	0FF2	JDATAL<15:0>														0000	0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-59: PORTA REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC202 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC202/502 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	0E00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	001F
PORTA	0E02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	0000
LATA	0E04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATA4	LATA3	LATA2	LA1TA1	LA0TA0	0000
ODCA	0E06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCA4	ODCA3	ODCA2	ODCA1	ODCA0	0000
CNENA	0E08	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNIEA4	CNIEA3	CNIEA2	CNIEA1	CNIEA0	0000
CNPUA	0E0A	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPUA4	CNPUA3	CNPUA2	CNPUA1	CNPUA0	0000
CNPDA	0E0C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CNPDA4	CNPDA3	CNPDA2	CNPDA1	CNPDA0	0000
ANSELA	0E0E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSA4	—	—	ANS1	ANS0	0013

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-60: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC202 AND dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC202/502 DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	0E10	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
PORTB	0E12	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxx
LATB	0E14	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxx
ODCB	0E16	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12	ODCB11	ODCB10	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	ODCB6	ODCB5	ODCB4	ODCB3	ODCB2	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000
CNENB	0E18	CNIEB15	CNIEB14	CNIEB13	CNIEB12	CNIEB11	CNIEB10	CNIEB9	CNIEB8	CNIEB7	CNIEB6	CNIEB5	CNIEB4	CNIEB3	CNIEB2	CNIEB1	CNIEB0	0000
CNPUB	0E1A	CNPUB15	CNPUB14	CNPUB13	CNPUB12	CNPUB11	CNPUB10	CNPUB9	CNPUB8	CNPUB7	CNPUB6	CNPUB5	CNPUB4	CNPUB3	CNPUB2	CNPUB1	CNPUB0	0000
CNPDB	0E1C	CNPDB15	CNPDB14	CNPDB13	CNPDB12	CNPDB11	CNPDB10	CNPDB9	CNPDB8	CNPDB7	CNPDB6	CNPDB5	CNPDB4	CNPDB3	CNPDB2	CNPDB1	CNPDB0	0000
ANSELB	0E1E	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSB8	—	—	—	—	ANSB3	ANSB2	ANSB1	ANSB0	010F

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

4.6.3 MODULO ADDRESSING APPLICABILITY

Modulo Addressing can be applied to the Effective Address (EA) calculation associated with any W register. Address boundaries check for addresses equal to:

- The upper boundary addresses for incrementing buffers
- The lower boundary addresses for decrementing buffers

It is important to realize that the address boundaries check for addresses less than, or greater than, the upper (for incrementing buffers) and lower (for decrementing buffers) boundary addresses (not just equal to). Address changes can, therefore, jump beyond boundaries and still be adjusted correctly.

Note: The modulo corrected Effective Address is written back to the register only when Pre-Modify or Post-Modify Addressing mode is used to compute the Effective Address. When an address offset (such as [W7 + W2]) is used, Modulo Addressing correction is performed but the contents of the register remain unchanged.

4.7 Bit-Reversed Addressing (dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X Devices Only)

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is intended to simplify data reordering for radix-2 FFT algorithms. It is supported by the X AGU for data writes only.

The modifier, which can be a constant value or register contents, is regarded as having its bit order reversed. The address source and destination are kept in normal order. Thus, the only operand requiring reversal is the modifier.

4.7.1 BIT-REVERSED ADDRESSING IMPLEMENTATION

Bit-Reversed Addressing mode is enabled when all these conditions are met:

- BWMx bits (W register selection) in the MODCON register are any value other than '1111' (the stack cannot be accessed using Bit-Reversed Addressing)
- The BREN bit is set in the XBREV register
- The addressing mode used is Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment

If the length of a bit-reversed buffer is $M = 2^N$ bytes, the last 'N' bits of the data buffer start address must be zeros.

$XBREV<14:0>$ is the Bit-Reversed Addressing modifier, or 'pivot point', which is typically a constant. In the case of an FFT computation, its value is equal to half of the FFT data buffer size.

Note: All bit-reversed EA calculations assume word-sized data (LSb of every EA is always clear). The XBREVx value is scaled accordingly to generate compatible (byte) addresses.

When enabled, Bit-Reversed Addressing is executed only for Register Indirect with Pre-Increment or Post-Increment Addressing and word-sized data writes. It does not function for any other addressing mode or for byte-sized data and normal addresses are generated instead. When Bit-Reversed Addressing is active, the W Address Pointer is always added to the address modifier (XBREVx) and the offset associated with the Register Indirect Addressing mode is ignored. In addition, as word-sized data is a requirement, the LSb of the EA is ignored (and always clear).

Note: Modulo Addressing and Bit-Reversed Addressing can be enabled simultaneously using the same W register, but Bit-Reversed Addressing operation will always take precedence for data writes when enabled.

If Bit-Reversed Addressing has already been enabled by setting the BREN ($XBREV<15>$) bit, a write to the XBREV register should not be immediately followed by an indirect read operation using the W register that has been designated as the Bit-Reversed Pointer.

10.0 POWER-SAVING FEATURES

- Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to “**Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes**” (DS70615) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).
- 2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices provide the ability to manage power consumption by selectively managing clocking to the CPU and the peripherals. In general, a lower clock frequency and a reduction in the number of peripherals being clocked constitutes lower consumed power.

dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices can manage power consumption in four ways:

- Clock Frequency
- Instruction-Based Sleep and Idle modes
- Software-Controlled Doze mode
- Selective Peripheral Control in Software

Combinations of these methods can be used to selectively tailor an application’s power consumption while still maintaining critical application features, such as timing-sensitive communications.

EXAMPLE 10-1: PWRSAV INSTRUCTION SYNTAX

```
PWRSAV #SLEEP_MODE      ; Put the device into Sleep mode
PWRSAV #IDLE_MODE       ; Put the device into Idle mode
```

10.1 Clock Frequency and Clock Switching

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices allow a wide range of clock frequencies to be selected under application control. If the system clock configuration is not locked, users can choose low-power or high-precision oscillators by simply changing the NOSCx bits (OSCCON<10:8>). The process of changing a system clock during operation, as well as limitations to the process, are discussed in more detail in **Section 9.0 “Oscillator Configuration”**.

10.2 Instruction-Based Power-Saving Modes

The dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices have two special power-saving modes that are entered through the execution of a special PWRSAV instruction. Sleep mode stops clock operation and halts all code execution. Idle mode halts the CPU and code execution, but allows peripheral modules to continue operation. The assembler syntax of the PWRSAV instruction is shown in Example 10-1.

Note: SLEEP_MODE and IDLE_MODE are constants defined in the assembler include file for the selected device.

Sleep and Idle modes can be exited as a result of an enabled interrupt, WDT time-out or a device Reset. When the device exits these modes, it is said to “wake-up”.

TABLE 11-2: INPUT PIN SELECTION FOR SELECTABLE INPUT SOURCES (CONTINUED)

Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/ Output	Pin Assignment	Peripheral Pin Select Input Register Value	Input/ Output	Pin Assignment
010 1000	I/O	RP40	101 0101	—	—
010 1001	I/O	RP41	101 0110	—	—
010 1010	I/O	RP42	101 0111	—	—
010 1011	I/O	RP43	101 1000	—	—
010 1100	I	RPI44	101 1001	—	—
101 1010	—	—	110 1101	—	—
101 1011	—	—	110 1110	—	—
101 1100	—	—	110 1111	—	—
101 1101	—	—	111 0000	—	—
101 1110	I	RPI94	111 0001	—	—
101 1111	I	RPI95	111 0010	—	—
110 0000	I	RPI96	111 0011	—	—
110 0001	I/O	RP97	111 0100	—	—
110 0010	—	—	111 0101	—	—
110 0011	—	—	111 0110	I/O	RP118
110 0100	—	—	111 0111	I	RPI119
110 0101	—	—	111 1000	I/O	RP120
110 0110	—	—	111 1001	I	RPI121
110 0111	—	—	111 1010	—	—
110 1000	—	—	111 1011	—	—
110 1001	—	—	111 1100	—	—
110 1010	—	—	111 1101	—	—
110 1011	—	—	111 1110	—	—
110 1100	—	—	111 1111	—	—

Legend: Shaded rows indicate PPS Input register values that are unimplemented.

Note 1: See **Section 11.4.4.1 “Virtual Connections”** for more information on selecting this pin assignment.

2: These inputs are available on dsPIC33EPXXXGP/MC50X devices only.

11.7 Peripheral Pin Select Registers

REGISTER 11-1: RPINR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 0

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	INT1R<6:0>						
bit 15							

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **INT1R<6:0>:** Assign External Interrupt 1 (INT1) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111001 = Input tied to RPI121

.

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 17-3: QEI1STAT: QEI1 STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0
—	—	PCHEQIRQ	PCHEQIEN	PCLEQIRQ	PCLEQIEN	POSOVIRQ	POSOVIEN
bit 15	bit 8						

HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0
PCIIRQ ⁽¹⁾	PCIEN	VELOVIRQ	VELOVIEN	HOMIRQ	HOMIEN	IDXIRQ	IDXIEN
bit 7	bit 0						

Legend:	HS = Hardware Settable bit	C = Clearable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **PCHEQIRQ:** Position Counter Greater Than or Equal Compare Status bit
1 = POS1CNT \geq QEI1GEC
0 = POS1CNT < QEI1GEC
- bit 12 **PCHEQIEN:** Position Counter Greater Than or Equal Compare Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 11 **PCLEQIRQ:** Position Counter Less Than or Equal Compare Status bit
1 = POS1CNT \leq QEI1LEC
0 = POS1CNT > QEI1LEC
- bit 10 **PCLEQIEN:** Position Counter Less Than or Equal Compare Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 9 **POSOVIRQ:** Position Counter Overflow Status bit
1 = Overflow has occurred
0 = No overflow has occurred
- bit 8 **POSOVIEN:** Position Counter Overflow Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 7 **PCIIRQ:** Position Counter (Homing) Initialization Process Complete Status bit⁽¹⁾
1 = POS1CNT was reinitialized
0 = POS1CNT was not reinitialized
- bit 6 **PCIEN:** Position Counter (Homing) Initialization Process Complete interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 5 **VELOVIRQ:** Velocity Counter Overflow Status bit
1 = Overflow has occurred
0 = No overflow has not occurred
- bit 4 **VELOVIEN:** Velocity Counter Overflow Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 3 **HOMIRQ:** Status Flag for Home Event Status bit
1 = Home event has occurred
0 = No Home event has occurred

Note 1: This status bit is only applicable to PIMOD<2:0> modes, '011' and '100'.

REGISTER 23-8: AD1CSSL: ADC1 INPUT SCAN SELECT REGISTER LOW^(1,2)

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CSS15	CSS14	CSS13	CSS12	CSS11	CSS10	CSS9	CSS8
bit 15				bit 8			

| R/W-0 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| CSS7 | CSS6 | CSS5 | CSS4 | CSS3 | CSS2 | CSS1 | CSS0 |
| bit 7 | | | | bit 0 | | | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **CSS<15:0>**: ADC1 Input Scan Selection bits

1 = Selects ANx for input scan

0 = Skips ANx for input scan

Note 1: On devices with less than 16 analog inputs, all AD1CSSL bits can be selected by the user. However, inputs selected for scan, without a corresponding input on the device, convert VREFL.

2: CSSx = ANx, where x = 0-15.

TABLE 24-1: PTG STEP COMMAND FORMAT (CONTINUED)

bit 3-0	Step Command	OPTION<3:0>	Option Description
PTGCTRL ⁽¹⁾	0000	Reserved.	
	0001	Reserved.	
	0010	Disable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).	
	0011	Reserved.	
	0100	Reserved.	
	0101	Reserved.	
	0110	Enable Step Delay Timer (PTGSD).	
	0111	Reserved.	
	1000	Start and wait for the PTG Timer0 to match the Timer0 Limit Register.	
	1001	Start and wait for the PTG Timer1 to match the Timer1 Limit Register.	
	1010	Reserved.	
	1011	Wait for the software trigger bit transition from low-to-high before continuing (PTGSWT = 0 to 1).	
	1100	Copy contents of the Counter 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.	
	1101	Copy contents of the Counter 1 register to the AD1CHS0 register.	
	1110	Copy contents of the Literal 0 register to the AD1CHS0 register.	
	1111	Generate triggers indicated in the Broadcast Trigger Enable register (PTGBTE).	
PTGADD ⁽¹⁾	0000	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).	
	0001	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).	
	0010	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).	
	0011	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).	
	0100	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).	
	0101	Add contents of the PTGADJ register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).	
	0110	Reserved.	
	0111	Reserved.	
PTGCOPY ⁽¹⁾	1000	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 0 Limit register (PTGC0LIM).	
	1001	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Counter 1 Limit register (PTGC1LIM).	
	1010	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer0 Limit register (PTGT0LIM).	
	1011	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Timer1 Limit register (PTGT1LIM).	
	1100	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Step Delay Limit register (PTGSDLIM).	
	1101	Copy contents of the PTGHOLD register to the Literal 0 register (PTGL0).	
	1110	Reserved.	
	1111	Reserved.	

Note 1: All reserved commands or options will execute but have no effect (i.e., execute as a NOP instruction).

2: Refer to Table 24-2 for the trigger output descriptions.

3: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

TABLE 24-2: PTG OUTPUT DESCRIPTIONS

PTG Output Number	PTG Output Description
PTGO0	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC1
PTGO1	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC2
PTGO2	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC3
PTGO3	Trigger/Synchronization Source for OC4
PTGO4	Clock Source for OC1
PTGO5	Clock Source for OC2
PTGO6	Clock Source for OC3
PTGO7	Clock Source for OC4
PTGO8	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC1
PTGO9	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC2
PTGO10	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC3
PTGO11	Trigger/Synchronization Source for IC4
PTGO12	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO13	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO14	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO15	Sample Trigger for ADC
PTGO16	PWM Time Base Synchronous Source for PWM ⁽¹⁾
PTGO17	PWM Time Base Synchronous Source for PWM ⁽¹⁾
PTGO18	Mask Input Select for Op Amp/Comparator
PTGO19	Mask Input Select for Op Amp/Comparator
PTGO20	Reserved
PTGO21	Reserved
PTGO22	Reserved
PTGO23	Reserved
PTGO24	Reserved
PTGO25	Reserved
PTGO26	Reserved
PTGO27	Reserved
PTGO28	Reserved
PTGO29	Reserved
PTGO30	PTG Output to PPS Input Selection
PTGO31	PTG Output to PPS Input Selection

Note 1: This feature is only available on dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXMC20X devices.

REGISTER 25-4: CMxMSKSRC: COMPARATOR x MASK SOURCE SELECT CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	RW-0
—	—	—	—	SELSRCC3	SELSRCC2	SELSRCC1	SELSRCC0
bit 15							bit 8

| R/W-0 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| SELSRCB3 | SELSRCB2 | SELSRCB1 | SELSRCB0 | SELSRCA3 | SELSRCA2 | SELSRCA1 | SELSRCA0 |
| bit 7 | | | | | | | bit 0 |

Legend:

R = Readable bit
-n = Value at POR

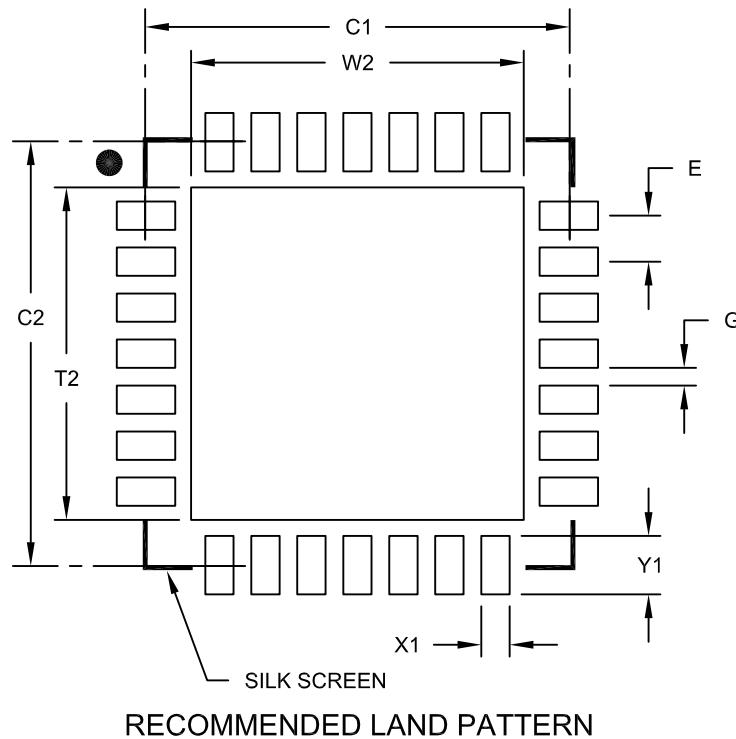
W = Writable bit
'1' = Bit is set

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 11-8 **SELSRCC<3:0>:** Mask C Input Select bits
- 1111 = FLT4
 - 1110 = FLT2
 - 1101 = PTGO19
 - 1100 = PTGO18
 - 1011 = Reserved
 - 1010 = Reserved
 - 1001 = Reserved
 - 1000 = Reserved
 - 0111 = Reserved
 - 0110 = Reserved
 - 0101 = PWM3H
 - 0100 = PWM3L
 - 0011 = PWM2H
 - 0010 = PWM2L
 - 0001 = PWM1H
 - 0000 = PWM1L
- bit 7-4 **SELSRCB<3:0>:** Mask B Input Select bits
- 1111 = FLT4
 - 1110 = FLT2
 - 1101 = PTGO19
 - 1100 = PTGO18
 - 1011 = Reserved
 - 1010 = Reserved
 - 1001 = Reserved
 - 1000 = Reserved
 - 0111 = Reserved
 - 0110 = Reserved
 - 0101 = PWM3H
 - 0100 = PWM3L
 - 0011 = PWM2H
 - 0010 = PWM2L
 - 0001 = PWM1H
 - 0000 = PWM1L

**28-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MM) – 6x6x0.9 mm Body [QFN-S]
with 0.40 mm Contact Length**

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65	BSC
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			4.70
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			4.70
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		6.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		6.00	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.40
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			0.85
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

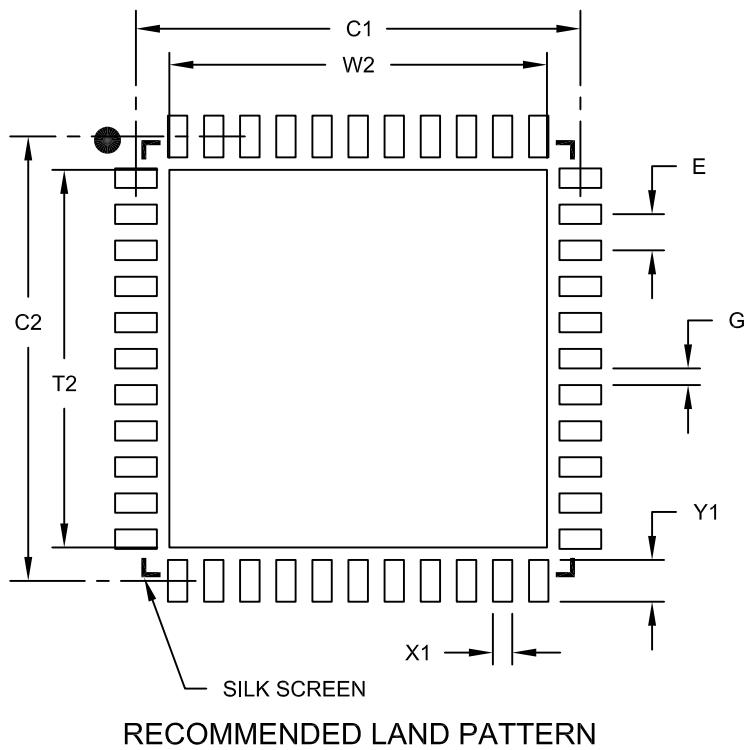
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2124A

44-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) - 8x8 mm Body [QFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension	Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
			MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65	BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			6.60	
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			6.60	
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.00		
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.00		
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.35	
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			0.85	
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25			

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2103B