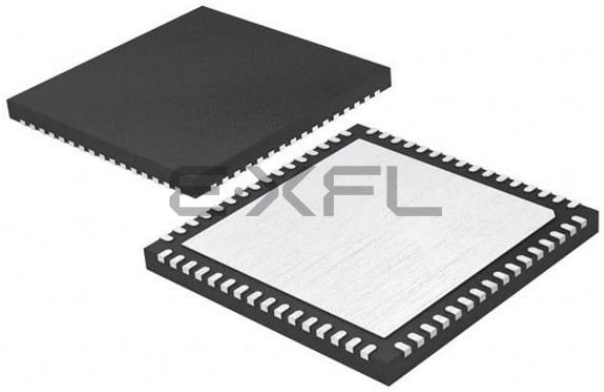
Microchip Technology - PIC24EP64MC206T-I/MR Datasheet



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

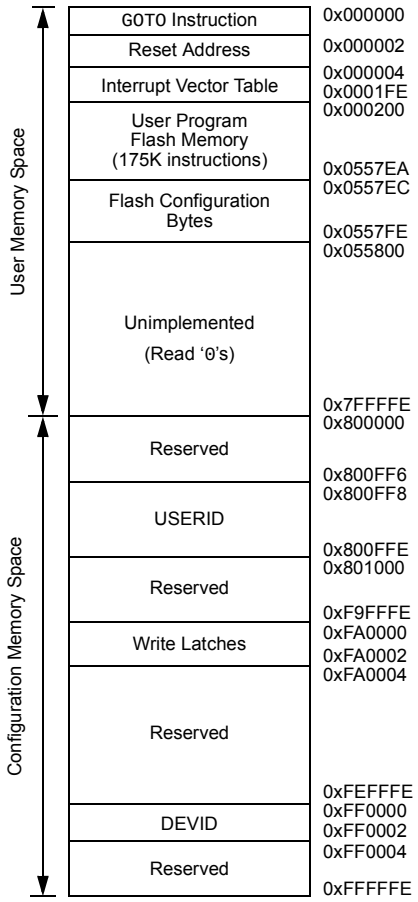
What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPs
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	64KB (22K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 16
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic24ep64mc206t-i-mr

FIGURE 4-5: PROGRAM MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP512GP50X, dsPIC33EP512MC20X/50X AND PIC24EP512GP/MC20X DEVICES



Note: Memory areas are not shown to scale.

TABLE 4-2: CPU CORE REGISTER MAP FOR PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X DEVICES ONLY

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
W0	0000	W0 (WREG)																xxxx
W1	0002	W1																xxxx
W2	0004	W2																xxxx
W3	0006	W3																xxxx
W4	0008	W4																xxxx
W5	000A	W5																xxxx
W6	000C	W6																xxxx
W7	000E	W7																xxxx
W8	0010	W8																xxxx
W9	0012	W9																xxxx
W10	0014	W10																xxxx
W11	0016	W11																xxxx
W12	0018	W12																xxxx
W13	001A	W13																xxxx
W14	001C	W14																xxxx
W15	001E	W15																xxxx
SPLIM	0020	SPLIM<15:0>																0000
PCL	002E	PCL<15:1>															—	0000
PCH	0030	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PCH<6:0>							0000
DSRPAG	0032	—	—	—	—	—	—	DSRPAG<9:0>										0001
DSWPAG	0034	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DSWPAG<8:0>									0001
RCOUNT	0036	RCOUNT<15:0>																0000
SR	0042	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DC	IPL2	IPL1	IPL0	RA	N	OV	Z	C	0000
CORCON	0044	VAR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IPL3	SFA	—	—	0020
DISICNT	0052	—	—	DISICNT<13:0>														0000
TBLPAG	0054	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TBLPAG<7:0>								0000
MSTRPR	0058	MSTRPR<15:0>																0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

9.3 Oscillator Control Registers

REGISTER 9-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER(1)

U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	U-0	R/W-y	R/W-y	R/W-y
—	COSC2	COSC1	COSC0	—	NOSC2(2)	NOSC1(2)	NOSC0(2)
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
CLKLOCK	IOLOCK	LOCK	—	CF(3)	—	—	OSWEN
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	y = Value set from Configuration bits on POR		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **COSC<2:0>:** Current Oscillator Selection bits (read-only)
111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n
110 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-16
101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
100 = Reserved
011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL
010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-N and PLL (FRCPLL)
000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **NOSC<2:0>:** New Oscillator Selection bits(2)
111 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-n
110 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-16
101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
100 = Reserved
011 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC) with PLL
010 = Primary Oscillator (XT, HS, EC)
001 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC) with Divide-by-N and PLL (FRCPLL)
000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)

bit 7 **CLKLOCK:** Clock Lock Enable bit
1 = If (FCKSM0 = 1), then clock and PLL configurations are locked; if (FCKSM0 = 0), then clock and PLL configurations may be modified
0 = Clock and PLL selections are not locked, configurations may be modified

bit 6 **IOLOCK:** I/O Lock Enable bit
1 = I/O lock is active
0 = I/O lock is not active

bit 5 **LOCK:** PLL Lock Status bit (read-only)
1 = Indicates that PLL is in lock or PLL start-up timer is satisfied
0 = Indicates that PLL is out of lock, start-up timer is in progress or PLL is disabled

Note 1: Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to **"Oscillator"** (DS70580) in the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"* (available from the Microchip web site) for details.

2: Direct clock switches between any primary oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transitional clock source between the two PLL modes.

3: This bit should only be cleared in software. Setting the bit in software (= 1) will have the same effect as an actual oscillator failure and trigger an oscillator failure trap.

REGISTER 9-2: CLKDIV: CLOCK DIVISOR REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0 **PLLPRE<4:0>:** PLL Phase Detector Input Divider Select bits (also denoted as 'N1', PLL prescaler)
11111 = Input divided by 33
•
•
•
00001 = Input divided by 3
00000 = Input divided by 2 (default)

Note 1: The DOZE<2:0> bits can only be written to when the DOZEN bit is clear. If DOZEN = 1, any writes to DOZE<2:0> are ignored.

2: This bit is cleared when the ROI bit is set and an interrupt occurs.

3: The DOZEN bit cannot be set if DOZE<2:0> = 000. If DOZE<2:0> = 000, any attempt by user software to set the DOZEN bit is ignored.

12.0 TIMER1

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **"Timers"** (DS70362) in the "*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Timer1 module is a 16-bit timer that can operate as a free-running interval timer/counter.

The Timer1 module has the following unique features over other timers:

- Can be operated in Asynchronous Counter mode from an external clock source
- The external clock input (T1CK) can optionally be synchronized to the internal device clock and the clock synchronization is performed after the prescaler

A block diagram of Timer1 is shown in Figure 12-1.

The Timer1 module can operate in one of the following modes:

- Timer mode
- Gated Timer mode
- Synchronous Counter mode
- Asynchronous Counter mode

In Timer and Gated Timer modes, the input clock is derived from the internal instruction cycle clock (FCY). In Synchronous and Asynchronous Counter modes, the input clock is derived from the external clock input at the T1CK pin.

The Timer modes are determined by the following bits:

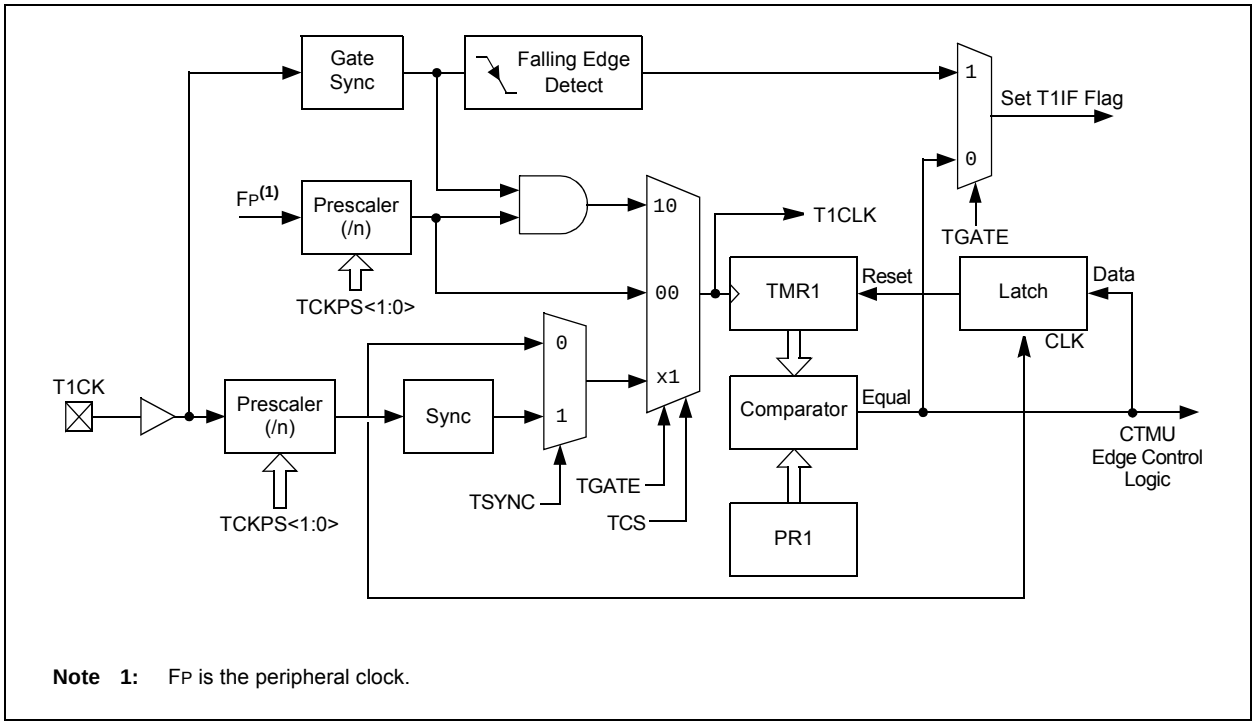
- Timer Clock Source Control bit (TCS): T1CON<1>
- Timer Synchronization Control bit (TSYNC): T1CON<2>
- Timer Gate Control bit (TGATE): T1CON<6>

Timer control bit setting for different operating modes are given in the Table 12-1.

TABLE 12-1: TIMER MODE SETTINGS

Mode	TCS	TGATE	TSYNC
Timer	0	0	x
Gated Timer	0	1	x
Synchronous Counter	1	x	1
Asynchronous Counter	1	x	0

FIGURE 12-1: 16-BIT TIMER1 MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note 1: FP is the peripheral clock.

13.0 TIMER2/3 AND TIMER4/5

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **"Timers"** (DS70362) of the *"dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual"*, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Timer2/3 and Timer4/5 modules are 32-bit timers, which can also be configured as four independent 16-bit timers with selectable operating modes.

As 32-bit timers, Timer2/3 and Timer4/5 operate in three modes:

- Two Independent 16-Bit Timers (e.g., Timer2 and Timer3) with all 16-Bit Operating modes (except Asynchronous Counter mode)
- Single 32-Bit Timer
- Single 32-Bit Synchronous Counter

They also support these features:

- Timer Gate Operation
- Selectable Prescaler Settings
- Timer Operation during Idle and Sleep modes
- Interrupt on a 32-Bit Period Register Match
- Time Base for Input Capture and Output Compare Modules (Timer2 and Timer3 only)
- ADC1 Event Trigger (32-bit timer pairs, and Timer3 and Timer5 only)

Individually, all four of the 16-bit timers can function as synchronous timers or counters. They also offer the features listed previously, except for the event trigger; this is implemented only with Timer2/3. The operating modes and enabled features are determined by setting the appropriate bit(s) in the T2CON, T3CON, and T4CON, T5CON registers. T2CON and T4CON are shown in generic form in Register 13-1. T3CON and T5CON are shown in Register 13-2.

For 32-bit timer/counter operation, Timer2 and Timer4 are the least significant word (lsw); Timer3 and Timer5 are the most significant word (msw) of the 32-bit timers.

Note: For 32-bit operation, T3CON and T5CON control bits are ignored. Only T2CON and T4CON control bits are used for setup and control. Timer2 and Timer4 clock and gate inputs are utilized for the 32-bit timer modules, but an interrupt is generated with the Timer3 and Timer5 interrupt flags.

A block diagram for an example 32-bit timer pair (Timer2/3 and Timer4/5) is shown in Figure 13-3.

Note: Only Timer2, 3, 4 and 5 can trigger a DMA data transfer.

REGISTER 14-2: ICxCON2: INPUT CAPTURE x CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	IC32
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W/HS-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-1
ICTRIG(2)	TRIGSTAT(3)	—	SYNCSEL4(4)	SYNCSEL3(4)	SYNCSEL2(4)	SYNCSEL1(4)	SYNCSEL0(4)
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HS = Hardware Settable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **IC32:** Input Capture 32-Bit Timer Mode Select bit (Cascade mode)
1 = Odd IC and Even IC form a single 32-bit input capture module(1)
0 = Cascade module operation is disabled

bit 7 **ICTRIG:** Input Capture Trigger Operation Select bit(2)
1 = Input source used to trigger the input capture timer (Trigger mode)
0 = Input source used to synchronize the input capture timer to a timer of another module (Synchronization mode)

bit 6 **TRIGSTAT:** Timer Trigger Status bit(3)
1 = ICxTMR has been triggered and is running
0 = ICxTMR has not been triggered and is being held clear

bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: The IC32 bit in both the Odd and Even IC must be set to enable Cascade mode.
2: The input source is selected by the SYNCSEL<4:0> bits of the ICxCON2 register.
3: This bit is set by the selected input source (selected by SYNCSEL<4:0> bits). It can be read, set and cleared in software.
4: Do not use the ICx module as its own Sync or Trigger source.
5: This option should only be selected as a trigger source and not as a synchronization source.
6: Each Input Capture x (ICx) module has one PTG input source. See **Section 24.0 "Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module"** for more information.
PTGO8 = IC1
PTGO9 = IC2
PTGO10 = IC3
PTGO11 = IC4

REGISTER 21-4: CxFCTRL: ECANx FIFO CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
DMABS2	DMABS1	DMABS0	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	FSA4	FSA3	FSA2	FSA1	FSA0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as ‘0’	
-n = Value at POR	‘1’ = Bit is set	‘0’ = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-13 **DMABS<2:0>:** DMA Buffer Size bits
111 = Reserved
110 = 32 buffers in RAM
101 = 24 buffers in RAM
100 = 16 buffers in RAM
011 = 12 buffers in RAM
010 = 8 buffers in RAM
001 = 6 buffers in RAM
000 = 4 buffers in RAM

bit 12-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 4-0 **FSA<4:0>:** FIFO Area Starts with Buffer bits
11111 = Read Buffer RB31
11110 = Read Buffer RB30
•
•
•
00001 = TX/RX Buffer TRB1
00000 = TX/RX Buffer TRB0

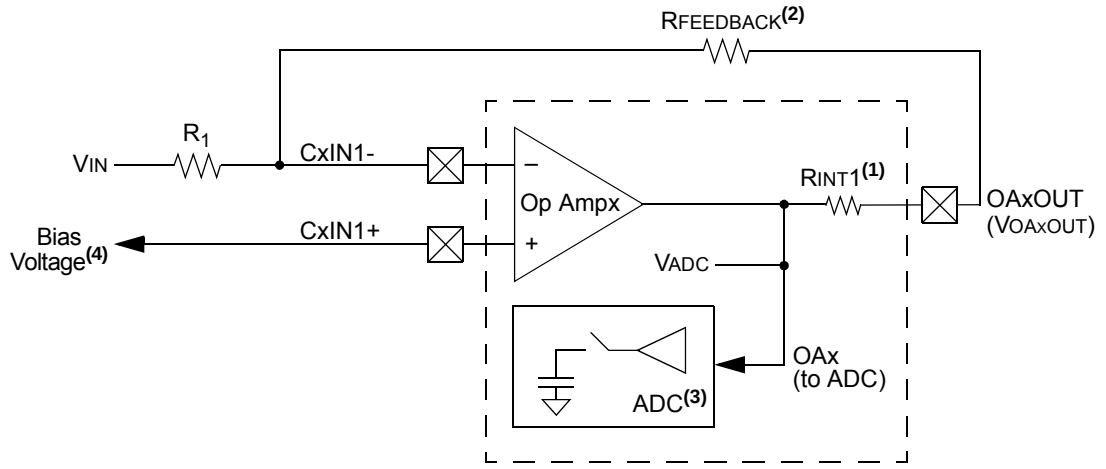
25.1 Op Amp Application Considerations

There are two configurations to take into consideration when designing with the op amp modules that are available in the dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X devices. Configuration A (see Figure 25-6) takes advantage of the internal connection to the ADC module to route the output of the op amp directly to the ADC for measurement. Configuration B (see Figure 25-7) requires that the designer externally route the output of the op amp (OAxOUT) to a separate analog input pin (ANy) on the device. Table 30-55 in **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** describes the performance characteristics for the op amps, distinguishing between the two configuration types where applicable.

25.1.1 OP AMP CONFIGURATION A

Figure 25-6 shows a typical inverting amplifier circuit taking advantage of the internal connections from the op amp output to the input of the ADC. The advantage of this configuration is that the user does not need to consume another analog input (ANy) on the device, and allows the user to simultaneously sample all three op amps with the ADC module, if needed. However, the presence of the internal resistance, RINT1, adds an error in the feedback path. Since RINT1 is an internal resistance, in relation to the op amp output (VOAXOUT) and ADC internal connection (VADC), RINT1 must be included in the numerator term of the transfer function. See Table 30-53 in **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** for the typical value of RINT1. Table 30-60 and Table 30-61 in **Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** describe the minimum sample time (TSAMP) requirements for the ADC module in this configuration. Figure 25-6 also defines the equations that should be used when calculating the expected voltages at points, VADC and VOAXOUT.

FIGURE 25-6: OP AMP CONFIGURATION A



$$V_{ADC} = \left(\frac{R_{FEEDBACK} + R_{INT1}}{R_1}\right)(\ Bias\ Voltage - V_{IN} \ )$$

$$V_{OAxOUT} = \left(\frac{R_{FEEDBACK}}{R_1}\right)(\ Bias\ Voltage - V_{IN} \ )$$

Note 1: See Table 30-53 for the Typical value.
2: See Table 30-53 for the Minimum value for the feedback resistor.
3: See Table 30-60 and Table 30-61 for the minimum sample time (TSAMP).
4: CVREF1O or CVREF2O are two options that are available for supplying bias voltage to the op amps.

30.1 DC Characteristics

TABLE 30-1: OPERATING MIPS VS. VOLTAGE

Characteristic	VDD Range (in Volts)	Temp Range (in °C)	Maximum MIPS
			dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X
—	3.0V to 3.6V(1)	-40°C to +85°C	70
—	3.0V to 3.6V(1)	-40°C to +125°C	60

Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested but not characterized. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

TABLE 30-2: THERMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

Rating	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Industrial Temperature Devices					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40	—	+125	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	TA	-40	—	+85	°C
Extended Temperature Devices					
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40	—	+140	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	TA	-40	—	+125	°C
Power Dissipation: Internal chip power dissipation: PINT = VDD x (IDD – Σ IOH) I/O Pin Power Dissipation: I/O = Σ ({VDD – VOH} x IOH) + Σ (VOL x IOL)	PD	PINT + PI/O			W
Maximum Allowed Power Dissipation	PDMAX	(TJ – TA)/θJA			W

TABLE 30-3: THERMAL PACKAGING CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Package Thermal Resistance, 64-Pin QFN	θJA	28.0	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 64-Pin TQFP 10x10 mm	θJA	48.3	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 48-Pin UQFN 6x6 mm	θJA	41	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 44-Pin QFN	θJA	29.0	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 44-Pin TQFP 10x10 mm	θJA	49.8	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 44-Pin VTLA 6x6 mm	θJA	25.2	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 36-Pin VTLA 5x5 mm	θJA	28.5	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 28-Pin QFN-S	θJA	30.0	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 28-Pin SSOP	θJA	71.0	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 28-Pin SOIC	θJA	69.7	—	°C/W	1
Package Thermal Resistance, 28-Pin SPDIP	θJA	60.0	—	°C/W	1

Note 1: Junction to ambient thermal resistance, Theta-JA (θJA) numbers are achieved by package simulations.

TABLE 30-12: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
DO10	VOL	**Output Low Voltage** 4x Sink Driver Pins(2)	—	—	0.4	V	VDD = 3.3V, IOL ≤ 6 mA, -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C IOL ≤ 5 mA, +85°C < TA ≤ +125°C
		Output Low Voltage 8x Sink Driver Pins(3)	—	—	0.4	V	VDD = 3.3V, IOL ≤ 12 mA, -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C IOL ≤ 8 mA, +85°C < TA ≤ +125°C
DO20	VOH	**Output High Voltage** 4x Source Driver Pins(2)	2.4	—	—	V	IOH ≥ -10 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output High Voltage 8x Source Driver Pins(3)	2.4	—	—	V	IOH ≥ -15 mA, VDD = 3.3V
DO20A	VOH1	**Output High Voltage** 4x Source Driver Pins(2)	1.5(1)	—	—	V	IOH ≥ -14 mA, VDD = 3.3V
			2.0(1)	—	—		IOH ≥ -12 mA, VDD = 3.3V
			3.0(1)	—	—		IOH ≥ -7 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output High Voltage 8x Source Driver Pins(3)	1.5(1)	—	—	V	IOH ≥ -22 mA, VDD = 3.3V
			2.0(1)	—	—		IOH ≥ -18 mA, VDD = 3.3V
			3.0(1)	—	—		IOH ≥ -10 mA, VDD = 3.3V

Note 1: Parameters are characterized but not tested.

2: Includes all I/O pins that are not 8x Sink Driver pins (see below).

3: Includes the following pins:
For devices with less than 64 pins: RA3, RA4, RA9, RB<7:15> and RC3
For 64-pin devices: RA4, RA9, RB<7:15>, RC3 and RC15

TABLE 30-13: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: BOR

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)(1) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min.(2)**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
BO10	VBOR	BOR Event on VDD Transition High-to-Low	2.65	—	2.95	V	VDD **(Notes 2 and 3)**

Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but not characterized. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance.

2: Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.

3: The VBOR specification is relative to VDD.

30.2 AC Characteristics and Timing Parameters

This section defines dsPIC33EPXXXGP50X, dsPIC33EPXXXMC20X/50X and PIC24EPXXXGP/MC20X AC characteristics and timing parameters.

TABLE 30-15: TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS – AC

AC CHARACTERISTICS	**Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)** Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended Operating voltage VDD range as described in **Section 30.1 "DC Characteristics"**.

FIGURE 30-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

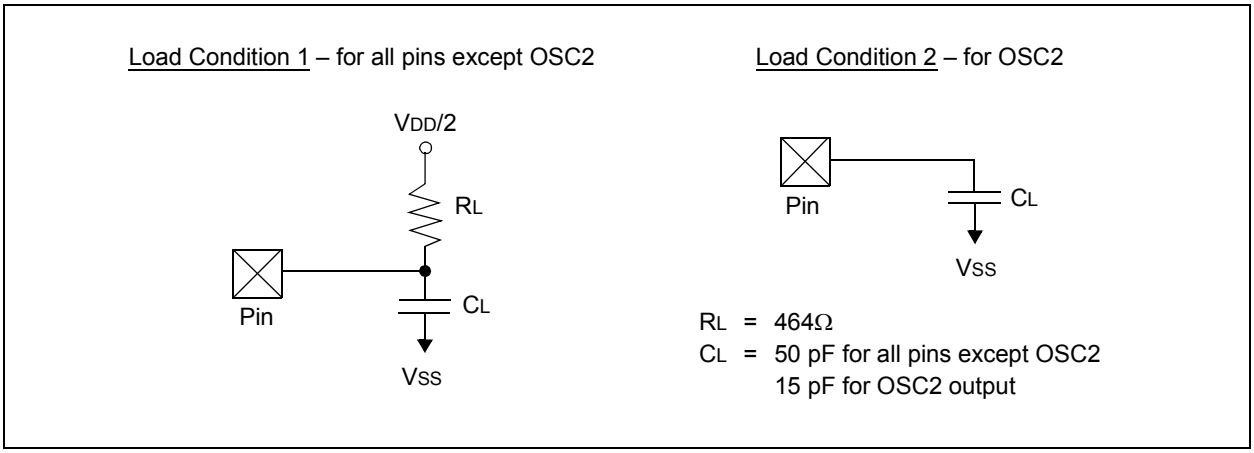
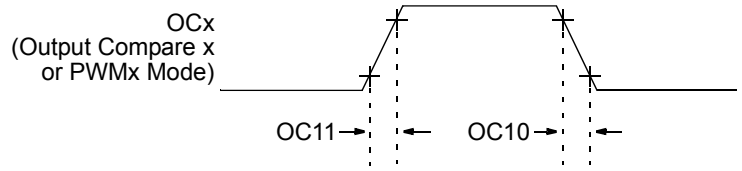


TABLE 30-16: CAPACITIVE LOADING REQUIREMENTS ON OUTPUT PINS

Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DO50	COSCO	OSC2 Pin	—	—	15	pF	In XT and HS modes, when external clock is used to drive OSC1
DO56	CIO	All I/O Pins and OSC2	—	—	50	pF	EC mode
DO58	CB	SCLx, SDAx	—	—	400	pF	In I^2C™ mode

FIGURE 30-7: OUTPUT COMPARE x MODULE (OCx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



Note: Refer to Figure 30-1 for load conditions.

TABLE 30-27: OUTPUT COMPARE x MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic(1)**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
OC10	TccF	OCx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32
OC11	TccR	OCx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-8: OCx/PWMx MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

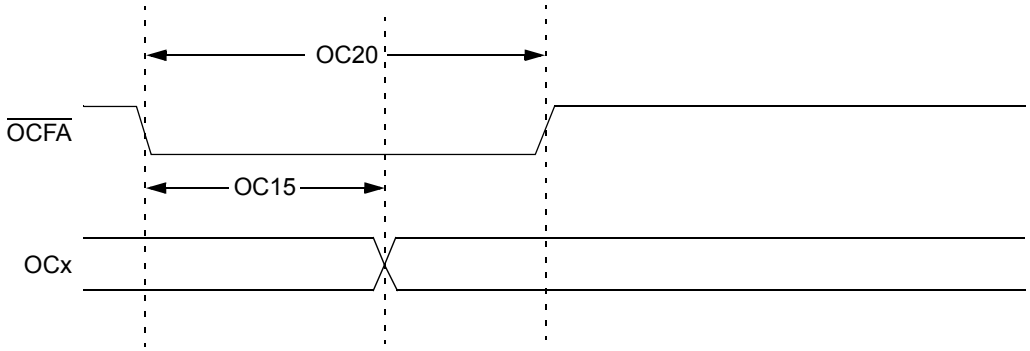


TABLE 30-28: OCx/PWMx MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic(1)**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
OC15	TFD	Fault Input to PWMx I/O Change	—	—	TCY + 20	ns	
OC20	TFLT	Fault Input Pulse Width	TCY + 20	—	—	ns	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-29: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

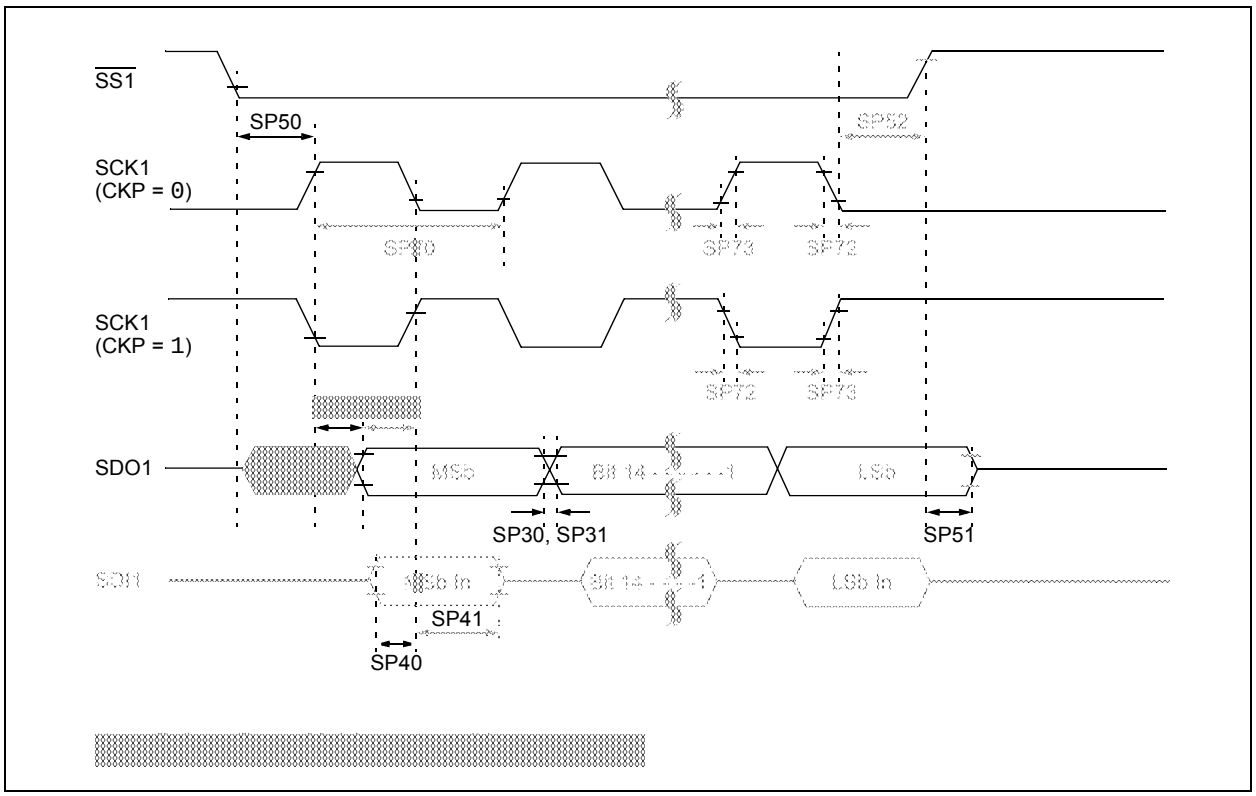


TABLE 30-54: OP AMP/COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE SETTLING TIME SPECIFICATIONS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 2): 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
VR310	TSET	Settling Time	—	1	10	μs	**(Note 1)**

Note 1: Settling time is measured while CVRR = 1 and CVR<3:0> bits transition from '0000' to '1111'.

2: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but not characterized. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

TABLE 30-55: OP AMP/COMPARATOR VOLTAGE REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 1): 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristics**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
VRD310	CVRES	Resolution	CVRSRC/24	—	CVRSRC/32	LSb	
VRD311	CVRAA	Absolute Accuracy(2)	—	±25	—	mV	CVRSRC = 3.3V
VRD313	CVRSRC	Input Reference Voltage	0	—	AVDD + 0.3	V	
VRD314	CVROUT	Buffer Output Resistance(2)	—	1.5k	—	Ω	

Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but not characterized. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

2: Parameter is characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 30-58: ADC MODULE SPECIFICATIONS (12-BIT MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)[1] Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
ADC Accuracy (12-Bit Mode)							
AD20a	Nr	Resolution	12 Data Bits			bits	
AD21a	INL	Integral Nonlinearity	-2.5	—	2.5	LSb	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C **(Note 2)**
			-5.5	—	5.5	LSb	+85°C < TA ≤ +125°C **(Note 2)**
AD22a	DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	-1	—	1	LSb	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C **(Note 2)**
			-1	—	1	LSb	+85°C < TA ≤ +125°C **(Note 2)**
AD23a	GERR	Gain Error[3]	-10	—	10	LSb	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C **(Note 2)**
			-10	—	10	LSb	+85°C < TA ≤ +125°C **(Note 2)**
AD24a	EOFF	Offset Error	-5	—	5	LSb	-40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C **(Note 2)**
			-5	—	5	LSb	+85°C < TA ≤ +125°C **(Note 2)**
AD25a	—	Monotonicity	—	—	—	—	Guaranteed
Dynamic Performance (12-Bit Mode)							
AD30a	THD	Total Harmonic Distortion[3]	—	75	—	dB	
AD31a	SINAD	Signal to Noise and Distortion[3]	—	68	—	dB	
AD32a	SFDR	Spurious Free Dynamic Range[3]	—	80	—	dB	
AD33a	FNYQ	Input Signal Bandwidth[3]	—	250	—	kHz	
AD34a	ENOB	Effective Number of Bits[3]	11.09	11.3	—	bits	

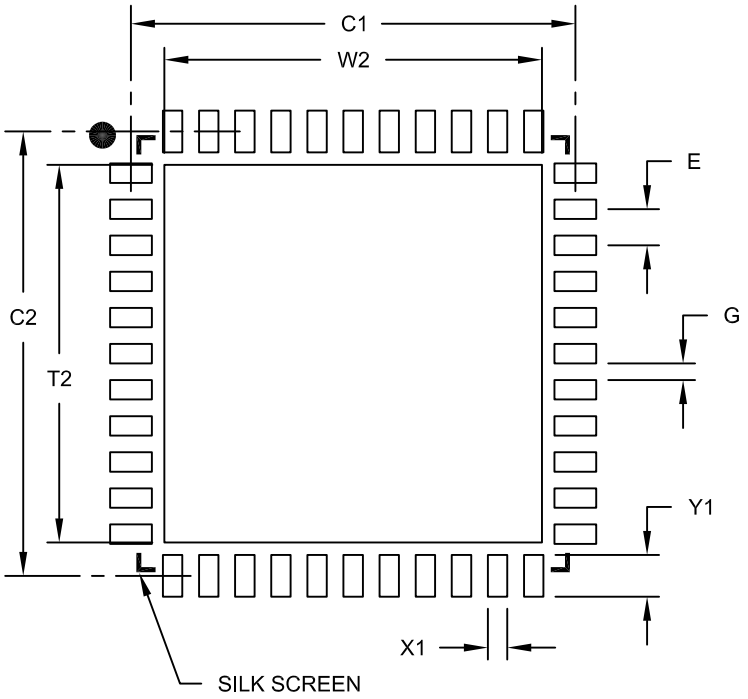
Note 1: Device is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but will have degraded performance. Device functionality is tested, but not characterized. Analog modules (ADC, op amp/comparator and comparator voltage reference) may have degraded performance. Refer to Parameter BO10 in Table 30-13 for the minimum and maximum BOR values.

2: For all accuracy specifications, VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V and AVDD = VREFH = 3.6V.

3: Parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

44-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) - 8x8 mm Body [QFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			6.60
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			6.60
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.00	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.35
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			0.85
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2103B

TABLE A-1: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES (CONTINUED)

Section Name	Update Description
Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"	Removed Voltage on VCAP with respect to Vss and added Note 5 in Absolute Maximum Ratings(1). Removed Parameter DC18 (VCORE) and Note 3 from the DC Temperature and Voltage Specifications (see Table 30-4). Updated Note 1 in the DC Characteristics: Operating Current (IDD) (see Table 30-6). Updated Note 1 in the DC Characteristics: Idle Current (IIDLE) (see Table 30-7). Changed the Typical values for Parameters DC60a-DC60d and updated Note 1 in the DC Characteristics: Power-down Current (IPD) (see Table 30-8). Updated Note 1 in the DC Characteristics: Doze Current (IDOZE) (see Table 30-9). Updated Note 2 in the Electrical Characteristics: BOR (see Table 30-12). Updated Parameters CM20 and CM31, and added Parameters CM44 and CM45 in the AC/DC Characteristics: Op amp/Comparator (see Table 30-14). Added the Op amp/Comparator Reference Voltage Settling Time Specifications (see Table 30-15). Added Op amp/Comparator Voltage Reference DC Specifications (see Table 30-16). Updated Internal FRC Accuracy Parameter F20a (see Table 30-21). Updated the Typical value and Units for Parameter CTMUI1, and added Parameters CTMUI4, CTMUFV1, and CTMUFV2 to the CTMU Current Source Specifications (see Table 30-55).
Section 31.0 "Packaging Information"	Updated packages by replacing references of VLAP with TLA.
"Product Identification System"	Changed VLAP to TLA.

Revision E (April 2012)

This revision includes typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in Table A-3.

TABLE A-4: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
"16-bit Microcontrollers and Digital Signal Controllers (up to 512-Kbyte Flash and 48-Kbyte SRAM) with High-Speed PWM, Op amps, and Advanced Analog"	The following 512-Kbyte devices were added to the General Purpose Families table (see Table 1): • PIC24EP512GP202 • PIC24EP512GP204 • PIC24EP512GP206 • dsPIC33EP512GP502 • dsPIC33EP512GP504 • dsPIC33EP512GP506 The following 512-Kbyte devices were added to the Motor Control Families table (see Table 2): • PIC24EP512MC202 • PIC24EP512MC204 • PIC24EP512MC206 • dsPIC33EP512MC202 • dsPIC33EP512MC204 • dsPIC33EP512MC206 • dsPIC33EP512MC502 • dsPIC33EP512MC504 • dsPIC33EP512MC506 Certain Pin Diagrams were updated to include the new 512-Kbyte devices.
Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"	Added a Program Memory Map for the new 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-4). Added a Data Memory Map for the new dsPIC 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-11). Added a Data Memory Map for the new PIC24 512-Kbyte devices (see Figure 4-16).
Section 7.0 "Interrupt Controller"	Updated the VECNUM bits in the INTTREG register (see Register 7-7).
Section 11.0 "I/O Ports"	Added tip 6 to **Section 11.5 "I/O Helpful Tips"**.
Section 27.0 "Special Features"	The following modifications were made to the Configuration Byte Register Map (see Table 27-1): • Added the column Device Memory Size (Kbytes) • Removed Notes 1 through 4 • Added addresses for the new 512-Kbyte devices
Section 30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"	Updated the Minimum value for Parameter DC10 (see Table 30-4). Added Power-Down Current (Ipd) parameters for the new 512-Kbyte devices (see Table 30-8). Updated the Minimum value for Parameter CM34 (see Table 30-53). Updated the Minimum and Maximum values and the Conditions for paramteer SY12 (see Table 30-22).