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#### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

##### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	60 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	512KB (170K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	48K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 49x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep512gm710-e-pt">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep512gm710-e-pt</a>

TABLE 4-2: INTERRUPT CONTROLLER REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGM6XX/7XX DEVICES

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
INTCON1	08C0	NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	COVAERR	COVBERR	OVATE	OVBT	COVTE	SFTACERR	DIV0ERR	DMACERR	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	—	0000
INTCON2	08C2	GIE	DISI	SWTRAP	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP	0000
INTCON3	08C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DAE	DOOVR	—	—	—	—	0000
INTCON4	08C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SGHT	0000
IFS0	0800	—	DMA1IF	AD1IF	U1TXIF	U1RXIF	SPI1IF	SPI1EIF	T3IF	T2IF	OC2IF	IC2IF	DMA0IF	T1IF	OC1IF	IC1IF	INT0IF	0000
IFS1	0802	U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF	IC8IF	IC7IF	AD2IF	INT1IF	CNIF	CMPIF	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF	0000
IFS2	0804	T6IF	—	PMPIF <sup>(1)</sup>	OC8IF	OC7IF	OC6IF	OC5IF	IC6IF	IC5IF	IC4IF	IC3IF	DMA3IF	C1IF	C1RXIF	SPI2IF	SPI2EIF	0000
IFS3	0806	FLT1IF	RTCCIF <sup>(2)</sup>	—	DC1IF	DC1EIF	QE1IF	PSEMIF	C2IF	C2RXIF	INT4IF	INT3IF	T9IF	T8IF	MI2C2IF	SI2C2IF	T7IF	0000
IFS4	0808	—	—	CTMUIF	FLT4IF	QE12IF	FLT3IF	PSESMIF	—	C2TXIF	C1TXIF	—	—	CRCIF	U2EIF	U1EIF	FLT2IF	0000
IFS5	080A	PWM2IF	PWM1IF	—	—	SPI3IF	SPI3EIF	U4TXIF	U4RXIF	U4EIF	—	—	—	U3TXIF	U3RXIF	U3EIF	—	0000
IFS6	080C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM6IF	PWM5IF	PWM4IF	PWM3IF	0000
IFS8	0810	JTAGIF	ICDIF	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IFS9	0812	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IF	PTG2IF	PTG1IF	PTG0IF	PTGWDIF	PTGSTEIF	—	—	0000
IEC0	0820	—	DMA1IE	AD1IE	U1TXIE	U1RXIE	SPI1IE	SPI1EIE	T3IE	T2IE	OC2IE	IC2IE	DMA0IE	T1IE	OC1IE	IC1IE	INT0IE	0000
IEC1	0822	U2TXIE	U2RXIE	INT2IE	T5IE	T4IE	OC4IE	OC3IE	DMA2IE	IC8IE	IC7IE	AD2IE	INT1IE	CNIE	CMPIE	MI2C1IE	SI2C1IE	0000
IEC2	0824	T6IE	—	PMPIE <sup>(1)</sup>	OC8IE	OC7IE	OC6IE	OC5IE	IC6IE	IC5IE	IC4IE	IC3IE	DMA3IE	C1IE	C1RXIE	SPI2IE	SPI2EIF	0000
IEC3	0826	FLT1IE	RTCCIE <sup>(2)</sup>	—	DC1IE	DC1EIF	QE11IE	PSEMIE	C2IE	C2RXIE	INT4IE	INT3IE	T9IE	T8IE	MI2C2IE	SI2C2IE	T7IE	0000
IEC4	0828	—	—	CTMUIE	FLT4IE	QE12IE	FLT3IE	PSESMIE	—	C2TXIE	C1TXIE	—	—	CRCIE	U2EIE	U1EIE	FLT2IE	0000
IEC5	082A	PWM2IE	PWM1IE	—	—	SPI3IE	SPI3EIF	U4TXIE	U4RXIE	U4EIF	—	—	—	U3TXIE	U3RXIE	U3EIF	—	0000
IEC6	082C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PWM6IE	PWM5IE	PWM4IE	PWM3IE	0000
IEC8	0830	JTAGIE	ICDIE	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
IEC9	0832	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PTG3IE	PTG2IE	PTG1IE	PTG0IE	PTGWDIE	PTGSTEIF	—	—	0000
IPC0	0840	—	T1IP2	T1IP1	T1IP0	—	OC1IP2	OC1IP1	OC1IP0	—	IC1IP2	IC1IP1	IC1IP0	—	INT0IP2	INT0IP1	INT0IP2	4444
IPC1	0842	—	T2IP2	T2IP1	T2IP0	—	OC2IP2	OC2IP1	OC2IP0	—	IC2IP2	IC2IP1	IC2IP0	—	DMA0IP2	DMA0IP1	DMA0IP2	4444
IPC2	0844	—	U1RXIP2	U1RXIP1	U1RXIP0	—	SPI1IP2	SPI1IP1	SPI1IP0	—	SPI1EIP2	SPI1EIP1	SPI1EIP0	—	T3IP2	T3IP1	T3IP0	4444
IPC3	0846	—	—	—	—	—	DMA1IP2	DMA1IP1	DMA1IP0	—	AD1IP2	AD1IP1	AD1IP0	—	U1TXIP2	U1TXIP1	U1TXIP0	4444
IPC4	0848	—	CNIP2	CNIP1	CNIP0	—	CMPIP2	CMPIP1	CMPIP0	—	MI2C1IP2	MI2C1IP1	MI2C1IP0	—	SI2C1IP2	SI2C1IP1	SI2C1IP0	4444
IPC5	084A	—	IC8IP2	IC8IP1	IC8IP0	—	IC7IP2	IC7IP1	IC7IP0	—	AD2IP2	AD2IP1	AD2IP0	—	INT1IP2	INT1IP1	INT1IP0	4444
IPC6	084C	—	T4IP2	T4IP1	T4IP0	—	OC4IP2	OC4IP1	OC4IP0	—	OC3IP2	OC3IP1	OC3IP0	—	DMA2IP2	DMA2IP1	DMA2IP0	4444
IPC7	084E	—	U2TXIP2	U2TXIP1	U2TXIP0	—	U2RXIP2	U2RXIP1	U2RXIP0	—	INT2IP2	INT2IP1	INT2IP0	—	T5IP2	T5IP1	T5IP0	4444
IPC8	0850	—	C1IP2	C1IP1	C1IP0	—	C1RXIP2	C1RXIP1	C1RXIP0	—	SPI2IP2	SPI2IP1	SPI2IP0	—	SPI2EIP2	SPI2EIP1	SPI2EIP0	4444
IPC9	0852	—	IC5IP2	IC5IP1	IC5IP0	—	IC4IP2	IC4IP1	IC4IP0	—	IC3IP2	IC3IP1	IC3IP0	—	DMA3IP2	DMA3IP1	DMA3IP0	4444
IPC10	0854	—	OC7IP2	OC7IP1	OC7IP0	—	OC6IP2	OC6IP1	OC6IP0	—	OC5IP2	OC5IP1	OC5IP0	—	IC6IP2	IC6IP1	IC6IP0	4444

**Legend:** — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** The PMPIF/PMPIE/PMPIPx flags are not available on 44-pin devices.

**2:** The RTCCIF/RTCCIE/RTCCIPx flags are not available on 44-pin devices.

**TABLE 4-66: FUNDAMENTAL ADDRESSING MODES SUPPORTED**

Addressing Mode	Description
File Register Direct	The address of the file register is specified explicitly.
Register Direct	The contents of a register are accessed directly.
Register Indirect	The contents of Wn form the Effective Address (EA).
Register Indirect Post-Modified	The contents of Wn form the EA. Wn is post-modified (incremented or decremented) by a constant value.
Register Indirect Pre-Modified	Wn is pre-modified (incremented or decremented) by a signed constant value to form the EA.
Register Indirect with Register Offset (Register Indexed)	The sum of Wn and Wb forms the EA.
Register Indirect with Literal Offset	The sum of Wn and a literal forms the EA.

#### 4.4.3 MOVE AND ACCUMULATOR INSTRUCTIONS

Move instructions and the DSP accumulator class of instructions provide a greater degree of addressing flexibility than other instructions. In addition to the addressing modes supported by most MCU instructions, move and accumulator instructions also support Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing mode, also referred to as Register Indexed mode.

**Note:** For the MOV instructions, the addressing mode specified in the instruction can differ for the source and destination EA. However, the 4-bit Wb (Register Offset) field is shared by both source and destination (but typically only used by one).

In summary, the following addressing modes are supported by move and accumulator instructions:

- Register Direct
- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-modified
- Register Indirect Pre-modified
- Register Indirect with Register Offset (Indexed)
- Register Indirect with Literal Offset
- 8-Bit Literal
- 16-Bit Literal

**Note:** Not all instructions support all the addressing modes given above. Individual instructions may support different subsets of these addressing modes.

#### 4.4.4 MAC INSTRUCTIONS

The dual source operand DSP instructions (CLR, ED, EDAC, MAC, MPY, MPY.N, MOVSAC and MSC), also referred to as MAC instructions, use a simplified set of addressing modes to allow the user application to effectively manipulate the Data Pointers through register indirect tables.

The two-source operand prefetch registers must be members of the set {W8, W9, W10, W11}. For data reads, W8 and W9 are always directed to the X RAGU, and W10 and W11 are always directed to the Y AGU. The Effective Addresses generated (before and after modification) must, therefore, be valid addresses within X Data Space for W8 and W9, and Y Data Space for W10 and W11.

**Note:** Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing mode is available only for W9 (in X space) and W11 (in Y space).

In summary, the following addressing modes are supported by the MAC class of instructions:

- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 2
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 4
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 6
- Register Indirect with Register Offset (Indexed)

#### 4.4.5 OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

Besides the addressing modes outlined previously, some instructions use literal constants of various sizes. For example, BRA (branch) instructions use 16-bit signed literals to specify the branch destination directly, whereas the DISI instruction uses a 14-bit unsigned literal field. In some instructions, such as ULNK, the source of an operand or result is implied by the opcode itself. Certain operations, such as NOP, do not have any operands.

**TABLE 7-1: INTERRUPT VECTOR DETAILS**

Interrupt Source	Vector #	IRQ #	IVT Address	Interrupt Bit Location		
				Flag	Enable	Priority
Highest Natural Order Priority						
INT0 – External Interrupt 0	8	0	0x000014	IFS0<0>	IEC0<0>	IPC0<2:0>
IC1 – Input Capture 1	9	1	0x000016	IFS0<1>	IEC0<1>	IPC0<6:4>
OC1 – Output Compare 1	10	2	0x000018	IFS0<2>	IEC0<2>	IPC0<10:8>
T1 – Timer1	11	3	0x00001A	IFS0<3>	IEC0<3>	IPC0<14:12>
DMA0 – DMA Channel 0	12	4	0x00001C	IFS0<4>	IEC0<4>	IPC1<2:0>
IC2 – Input Capture 2	13	5	0x00001E	IFS0<5>	IEC0<5>	IPC1<6:4>
OC2 – Output Compare 2	14	6	0x000020	IFS0<6>	IEC0<6>	IPC1<10:8>
T2 – Timer2	15	7	0x000022	IFS0<7>	IEC0<7>	IPC1<14:12>
T3 – Timer3	16	8	0x000024	IFS0<8>	IEC0<8>	IPC2<2:0>
SPI1E – SPI1 Error	17	9	0x000026	IFS0<9>	IEC0<9>	IPC2<6:4>
SPI1 – SPI1 Transfer Done	18	10	0x000028	IFS0<10>	IEC0<10>	IPC2<10:8>
U1RX – UART1 Receiver	19	11	0x00002A	IFS0<11>	IEC0<11>	IPC2<14:12>
U1TX – UART1 Transmitter	20	12	0x00002C	IFS0<12>	IEC0<12>	IPC3<2:0>
AD1 – ADC1 Convert Done	21	13	0x00002E	IFS0<13>	IEC0<13>	IPC3<6:4>
DMA1 – DMA Channel 1	22	14	0x000030	IFS0<14>	IEC0<14>	IPC3<10:8>
Reserved	23	15	0x000032	—	—	—
SI2C1 – I2C1 Slave Event	24	16	0x000034	IFS1<0>	IEC1<0>	IPC4<2:0>
MI2C1 – I2C1 Master Event	25	17	0x000036	IFS1<1>	IEC1<1>	IPC4<6:4>
CMP1 – Comparator Combined Event	26	18	0x000038	IFS1<2>	IEC1<2>	IPC4<10:8>
CN – Input Change Interrupt	27	19	0x00003A	IFS1<3>	IEC1<3>	IPC4<14:12>
INT1 – External Interrupt 1	28	20	0x00003C	IFS1<4>	IEC1<4>	IPC5<2:0>
AD2 – ADC2 Convert Done	29	21	0x00003E	IFS1<5>	IEC1<5>	IPC5<6:4>
IC7 – Input Capture 7	30	22	0x000040	IFS1<6>	IEC1<6>	IPC5<10:8>
IC8 – Input Capture 8	31	23	0x000042	IFS1<7>	IEC1<7>	IPC5<14:12>
DMA2 – DMA Channel 2	32	24	0x000044	IFS1<8>	IEC1<8>	IPC6<2:0>
OC3 – Output Compare 3	33	25	0x000046	IFS1<9>	IEC1<9>	IPC6<6:4>
OC4 – Output Compare 4	34	26	0x000048	IFS1<10>	IEC1<10>	IPC6<10:8>
T4 – Timer4	35	27	0x00004A	IFS1<11>	IEC1<11>	IPC6<14:12>
T5 – Timer5	36	28	0x00004C	IFS1<12>	IEC1<12>	IPC7<2:0>
INT2 – External Interrupt 2	37	29	0x00004E	IFS1<13>	IEC1<13>	IPC7<6:4>
U2RX – UART2 Receiver	38	30	0x000050	IFS1<14>	IEC1<14>	IPC7<10:8>
U2TX – UART2 Transmitter	39	31	0x000052	IFS1<15>	IEC1<15>	IPC7<14:12>
SPI2E – SPI2 Error	40	32	0x000054	IFS2<0>	IEC2<0>	IPC8<2:0>
SPI2 – SPI2 Transfer Done	41	33	0x000056	IFS2<1>	IEC2<1>	IPC8<6:4>
C1RX – CAN1 RX Data Ready <sup>(1)</sup>	42	34	0x000058	IFS2<2>	IEC2<2>	IPC8<10:8>
C1 – CAN1 Event <sup>(1)</sup>	43	35	0x00005A	IFS2<3>	IEC2<3>	IPC8<14:12>
DMA3 – DMA Channel 3	44	36	0x00005C	IFS2<4>	IEC2<4>	IPC9<2:0>
IC3 – Input Capture 3	45	37	0x00005E	IFS2<5>	IEC2<5>	IPC9<6:4>
IC4 – Input Capture 4	46	38	0x000060	IFS2<6>	IEC2<6>	IPC9<10:8>
IC5 – Input Capture 5	47	39	0x000062	IFS2<7>	IEC2<7>	IPC9<14:12>
IC6 – Input Capture 6	48	40	0x000064	IFS2<8>	IEC2<8>	IPC10<2:0>

**Note 1:** This interrupt source is available on dsPIC33EPXXXGM6XX/7XX devices only.

**2:** This interrupt source is not available on 44-pin devices.

## REGISTER 10-4: PMD4: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	U4MD	—	REFOMD	CTMUMD	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 5      **U4MD:** UART4 Module Disable bit

1 = UART4 module is disabled

0 = UART4 module is enabled

bit 4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 3      **REFOMD:** Reference Clock Module Disable bit

1 = Reference clock module is disabled

0 = Reference clock module is enabled

bit 2      **CTMUMD:** CTMU Module Disable bit

1 = CTMU module is disabled

0 = CTMU module is enabled

bit 1-0      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

## REGISTER 10-5: PMD6: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 6

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	PWM6MD	PWM5MD	PWM4MD	PWM3MD	PWM2MD	PWM1MD
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SPI3MD
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 13-8      **PWM6MD:PWM1MD:** PWMx (x = 1-6) Module Disable bit

1 = PWMx module is disabled

0 = PWMx module is enabled

bit 7-1      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'bit 0      **SPI3MD:** SPI3 Module Disable bit

1 = SPI3 module is disabled

0 = SPI3 module is enabled

# dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX

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**TABLE 11-3: OUTPUT SELECTION FOR REMAPPABLE PINS (RPn)**

Function	RPnR<5:0>	Output Name
Default Port	000000	RPn tied to Default Pin
U1TX	000001	RPn tied to UART1 Transmit
U2TX	000011	RPn tied to UART2 Transmit
SDO2	001000	RPn tied to SPI2 Data Output
SCK2	001001	RPn tied to SPI2 Clock Output
<u>SS2</u>	001010	RPn tied to SPI2 Slave Select
CSD0	001011	RPn tied to DCI Data Output
CSCK	001100	RPn tied to DCI Clock Output
COFS	001101	RPn tied to DCI Frame Sync
C1TX	001110	RPn tied to CAN1 Transmit
C2TX	001111	RPn tied to CAN2 Transmit
OC1	010000	RPn tied to Output Compare 1 Output
OC2	010001	RPn tied to Output Compare 2 Output
OC3	010010	RPn tied to Output Compare 3 Output
OC4	010011	RPn tied to Output Compare 4 Output
OC5	010100	RPn tied to Output Compare 5 Output
OC6	010101	RPn tied to Output Compare 6 Output
OC7	010110	RPn tied to Output Compare 7 Output
OC8	010111	RPn tied to Output Compare 8 Output
C1OUT	011000	RPn tied to Comparator Output 1
C2OUT	011001	RPn tied to Comparator Output 2
C3OUT	011010	RPn tied to Comparator Output 3
U3TX	011011	RPn tied to UART3 Transmit
<u>U3RTS</u>	011100	RPn tied to UART3 Ready-to-Send
U4TX	011101	RPn tied to UART4 Transmit
<u>U4RTS</u>	011110	RPn tied to UART4 Ready-to-Send
SDO3	011111	RPn tied to SPI3 Slave Output
SCK3	100000	RPn tied to SPI3 Clock Output
<u>SS3</u>	100001	RPn tied to SPI3 Slave Select
SYNCO1	101101	RPn tied to PWM Primary Time Base Sync Output
SYNCO2	101110	RPn tied to PWM Secondary Time Base Sync Output
QEI1CCMP	101111	RPn tied to QEI1 Counter Comparator Output
QEI2CCMP	110000	RPn tied to QEI2 Counter Comparator Output
REFCLKO	110001	RPn tied to Reference Clock Output
C4OUT	110010	RPn tied to Comparator Output 4
C5OUT	110011	RPn tied to Comparator Output 5

## REGISTER 11-42: RPOR12: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 12<sup>(1)</sup>

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
—	—			RP127R<5:0>							
bit 15											bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
—	—			RP126R<5:0>							
bit 7											bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8      **RP127R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP127 Output Pin bits  
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0      **RP126R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP126 Output Pin bits  
(see Table 11-3 for peripheral function numbers)

**Note 1:** This register is not available on dsPIC33EPXXXGM30X/604/706 devices.

## 12.0 TIMER1

- Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, “Timers” (DS70362), which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).
- 2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Timer1 module is a 16-bit timer that can operate as a free-running, interval timer/counter.

The Timer1 module has the following unique features over other timers:

- Can be operated in Asynchronous Counter mode from an external clock source
- The external clock input (T1CK) can optionally be synchronized to the internal device clock and the clock synchronization is performed after the prescaler

A block diagram of Timer1 is shown in Figure 12-1.

The Timer1 module can operate in one of the following modes:

- Timer mode
- Gated Timer mode
- Synchronous Counter mode
- Asynchronous Counter mode

In Timer and Gated Timer modes, the input clock is derived from the internal instruction cycle clock (FCY). In Synchronous and Asynchronous Counter modes, the input clock is derived from the external clock input at the T1CK pin.

The Timer modes are determined by the following bits:

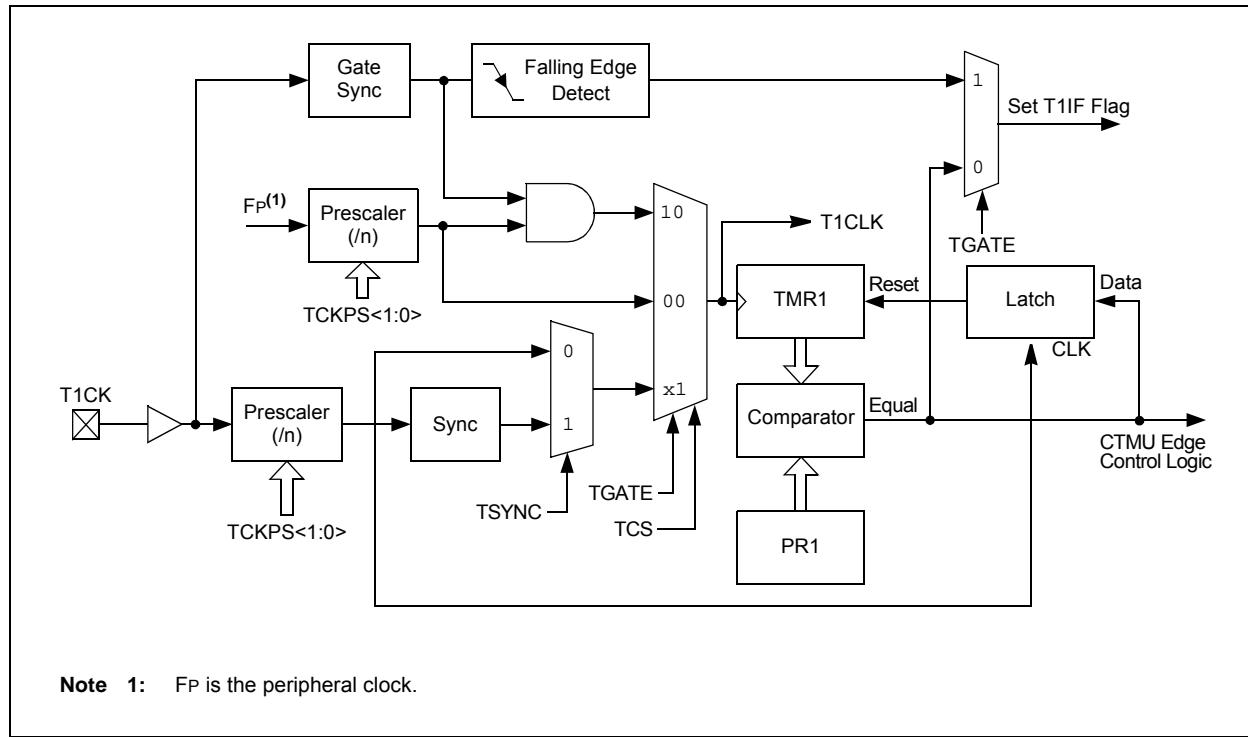
- Timer Clock Source Control bit (TCS): T1CON<1>
- Timer Synchronization Control bit (TSYNC): T1CON<2>
- Timer Gate Control bit (TGATE): T1CON<6>

Timer control bit settings for different operating modes are given in the Table 12-1.

**TABLE 12-1: TIMER MODE SETTINGS**

Mode	TCS	TGATE	TSYNC
Timer	0	0	x
Gated Timer	0	1	x
Synchronous Counter	1	x	1
Asynchronous Counter	1	x	0

**FIGURE 12-1: 16-BIT TIMER1 MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## REGISTER 17-3: QEIxSTAT: QEIx STATUS REGISTER

U-0	U-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0
—	—	PCHEQIRQ	PCHEQIEN	PCLEQIRQ	PCLEQIEN	POSOVIRQ	POSOVIEN
bit 15	bit 8						

HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0	HS, R/C-0	R/W-0
PCIIRQ <sup>(1)</sup>	PCIEN	VELOVIRQ	VELOVIEN	HOMIRQ	HOMIEN	IDXIRQ	IDXIEN
bit 7	bit 0						

<b>Legend:</b>	HS = Hardware Settable bit	C = Clearable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13      **PCHEQIRQ:** Position Counter Greater Than or Equal Compare Status bit  
1 = POSxCNT  $\geq$  QEIxGEC  
0 = POSxCNT < QEIxGEC
- bit 12      **PCHEQIEN:** Position Counter Greater Than or Equal Compare Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 11      **PCLEQIRQ:** Position Counter Less Than or Equal Compare Status bit  
1 = POSxCNT  $\leq$  QEIxLEC  
0 = POSxCNT > QEIxLEC
- bit 10      **PCLEQIEN:** Position Counter Less Than or Equal Compare Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 9      **POSOVIRQ:** Position Counter Overflow Status bit  
1 = Overflow has occurred  
0 = No overflow has occurred
- bit 8      **POSOVIEN:** Position Counter Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 7      **PCIIRQ:** Position Counter (Homing) Initialization Process Complete Status bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = POSxCNT was reinitialized  
0 = POSxCNT was not reinitialized
- bit 6      **PCIEN:** Position Counter (Homing) Initialization Process Complete interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 5      **VELOVIRQ:** Velocity Counter Overflow Status bit  
1 = Overflow has occurred  
0 = No overflow has occurred
- bit 4      **VELOVIEN:** Velocity Counter Overflow Interrupt Enable bit  
1 = Interrupt is enabled  
0 = Interrupt is disabled
- bit 3      **HOMIRQ:** Status Flag for Home Event Status bit  
1 = Home event has occurred  
0 = No home event has occurred

**Note 1:** This status bit is only applicable to PIMOD<2:0> = 011 and 100 modes.

**REGISTER 21-6: CxINTF: CANx INTERRUPT FLAG REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

bit 1	<b>RBIF:</b> RX Buffer Interrupt Flag bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
bit 0	<b>TBIF:</b> TX Buffer Interrupt Flag bit 1 = Interrupt request has occurred 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

**REGISTER 21-7: CxINTE: CANx INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER**

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8
R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IVRIE	WAKIE	ERRIE	—	FIFOIE	RBOVIE	RBIE	TBIE
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8	<b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'
bit 7	<b>IVRIE:</b> Invalid Message Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 6	<b>WAKIE:</b> Bus Wake-up Activity Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 5	<b>ERRIE:</b> Error Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 4	<b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'
bit 3	<b>FIFOIE:</b> FIFO Almost Full Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 2	<b>RBOVIE:</b> RX Buffer Overflow Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 1	<b>RBIE:</b> RX Buffer Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled
bit 0	<b>TBIE:</b> TX Buffer Interrupt Enable bit 1 = Interrupt request is enabled 0 = Interrupt request is not enabled

# dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX

## REGISTER 21-20: CxRXMnSID: CANx ACCEPTANCE FILTER MASK n STANDARD IDENTIFIER REGISTER (n = 0-2)

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	U-0	R/W-x	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x
SID2	SID1	SID0	—	MIDE	—	EID17	EID16
bit 7						bit 0	

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-5      **SID<10:0>**: Standard Identifier bits  
   1 = Includes bit, SID<sub>x</sub>, in filter comparison  
   0 = Bit, SID<sub>x</sub>, is a don't care in filter comparison
- bit 4      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 3      **MIDE**: Identifier Receive Mode bit  
   1 = Matches only message types (standard or extended address) that correspond to the EXIDE bit in the filter  
   0 = Matches either standard or extended address message if filters match (i.e., if (Filter SID<sub>x</sub>) = (Message SID<sub>x</sub>) or if (Filter SID<sub>x</sub>/EID<sub>x</sub>) = (Message SID<sub>x</sub>/EID<sub>x</sub>))
- bit 2      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 1-0      **EID<17:16>**: Extended Identifier bits  
   1 = Includes bit, EID<sub>x</sub>, in filter comparison  
   0 = Bit, EID<sub>x</sub>, is a don't care in filter comparison

## REGISTER 21-21: CxRXMnEID: CANx ACCEPTANCE FILTER MASK n EXTENDED IDENTIFIER REGISTER (n = 0-2)

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
EID<15:8>							
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
EID<7:0>							
bit 7						bit 0	

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

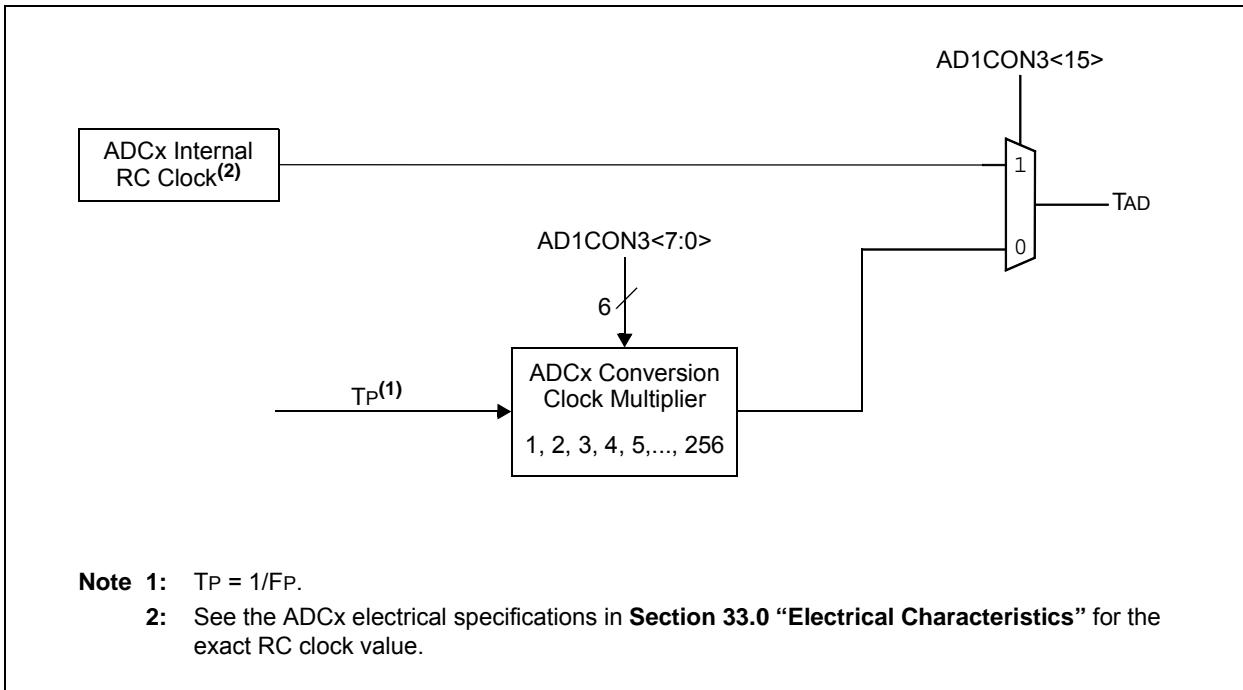
'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-0      **EID<15:0>**: Extended Identifier bits  
   1 = Includes bit, EID<sub>x</sub>, in filter comparison  
   0 = Bit, EID<sub>x</sub>, is a don't care in filter comparison

FIGURE 23-2: ADCx CONVERSION CLOCK PERIOD BLOCK DIAGRAM



## 25.2 PTG Control Registers

**REGISTER 25-1: PTGCST: PTG CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER**

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGEN	—	PTGSIDL	PTGTOGL	—	PTGSWT <sup>(2)</sup>	PTGSSEN	PTGIVIS
bit 15							

R/W-0	HS-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
PTGSTRT	PTGWDTO	—	—	—	—	PTGITM1 <sup>(1)</sup>	PTGITM0 <sup>(1)</sup>
bit 7							

<b>Legend:</b>	HS = Hardware Settable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit
-n = Value at POR	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0' '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15	<b>PTGEN:</b> PTG Module Enable bit 1 = PTG module is enabled 0 = PTG module is disabled
bit 14	<b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'
bit 13	<b>PTGSIDL:</b> PTG Stop in Idle Mode bit 1 = Discontinues module operation when device enters Idle mode 0 = Continues module operation in Idle mode
bit 12	<b>PTGTOGL:</b> PTG TRIG Output Toggle Mode bit 1 = Toggles the state of the PTGOx for each execution of the PTGTRIG command 0 = Each execution of the PTGTRIG command will generate a single PTGOx pulse determined by the value in the PTGPWDx bits
bit 11	<b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'
bit 10	<b>PTGSWT:</b> PTG Software Trigger bit <sup>(2)</sup> 1 = Triggers the PTG module 0 = No action (clearing this bit will have no effect)
bit 9	<b>PTGSSEN:</b> PTG Enable Single-Step bit 1 = Enables Single-Step mode 0 = Disables Single-Step mode
bit 8	<b>PTGIVIS:</b> PTG Counter/Timer Visibility Control bit 1 = Reads of the PTGSDLIM, PTGCxLIM or PTGTxLIM registers return the current values of their corresponding Counter/Timer registers (PTGSD, PTGCx, PTGTx) 0 = Reads of the PTGSDLIM, PTGCxLIM or PTGTxLIM registers return the value previously written to those PTG Limit registers
bit 7	<b>PTGSTRT:</b> Start PTG Sequencer bit 1 = Starts to sequentially execute commands (Continuous mode) 0 = Stops executing commands
bit 6	<b>PTGWDTO:</b> PTG Watchdog Timer Time-out Status bit 1 = PTG Watchdog Timer has timed out 0 = PTG Watchdog Timer has not timed out.
bit 5-2	<b>Unimplemented:</b> Read as '0'

**Note 1:** These bits apply to the PTGWHI and PTGWLO commands only.

**2:** This bit is only used with the PTGCTRL Step command software trigger option.

### 26.1.2 OP AMP CONFIGURATION B

Figure 26-6 shows a typical inverting amplifier circuit with the output of the op amp (OAxOUT) externally routed to a separate analog input pin (ANy) on the device. This op amp configuration is slightly different in terms of the op amp output and the ADCx input connection, therefore, RINT1 is not included in the transfer function. However, this configuration requires the designer to externally route the op amp output (OAxOUT) to another analog input pin (ANy). See Table 33-52 in **Section 33.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for the typical value of RINT1. Table 33-57 and Table 33-58 in **Section 33.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** describe the minimum sample time (TSAMP) requirements for the ADCx module in this configuration.

Figure 26-6 also defines the equation to be used to calculate the expected voltage at point, VOAxOUT. This is the typical inverting amplifier equation.

### 26.2 Op Amp/Comparator Resources

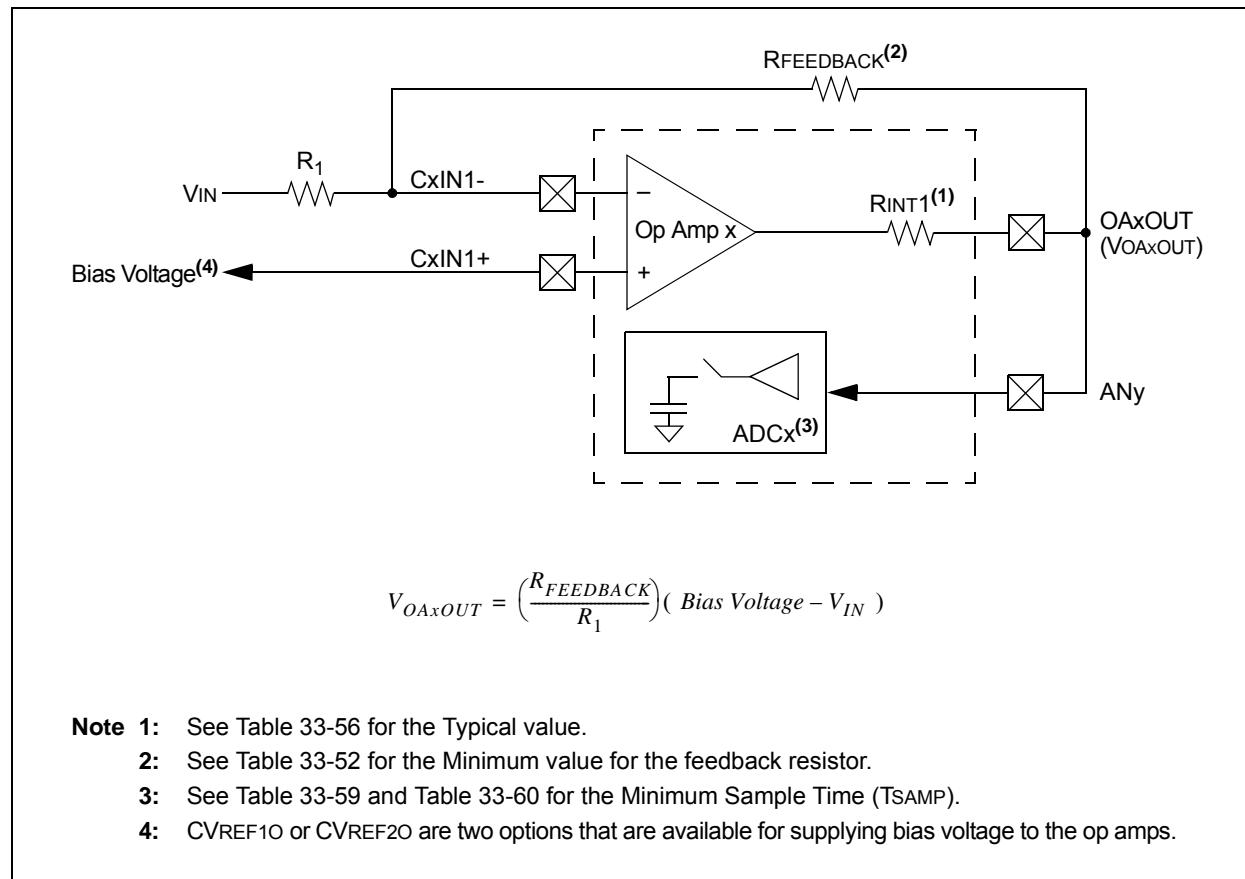
Many useful resources are provided on the main product page of the Microchip web site for the devices listed in this data sheet. This product page, which can be accessed using this link, contains the latest updates and additional information.

**Note:** In the event you are not able to access the product page using the link above, enter this URL in your browser:  
<http://www.microchip.com/wwwproducts/Devices.aspx?dDocName=en555464>

### 26.2.1 KEY RESOURCES

- “**Op Amp/Comparator**” (DS70000357) in the “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*”
- Code Samples
- Application Notes
- Software Libraries
- Webinars
- All Related “*dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual*” Sections
- Development Tools

**FIGURE 26-6: OP AMP CONFIGURATION B**



## REGISTER 30-1: DEVID: DEVICE ID REGISTER

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<23:16> <sup>(1)</sup>							
bit 23							bit 16
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<15:8> <sup>(1)</sup>							
bit 15							bit 8
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVID<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup>							
bit 7							bit 0

**Legend:** R = Read-Only bit

U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0      **DEVID<23:0>**: Device Identifier bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** Refer to the “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits” (DS70663) for the list of device ID values.

## REGISTER 30-2: DEVREV: DEVICE REVISION REGISTER

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<23:16> <sup>(1)</sup>							
bit 23							bit 16
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<15:8> <sup>(1)</sup>							
bit 15							bit 8
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
DEVREV<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup>							
bit 7							bit 0

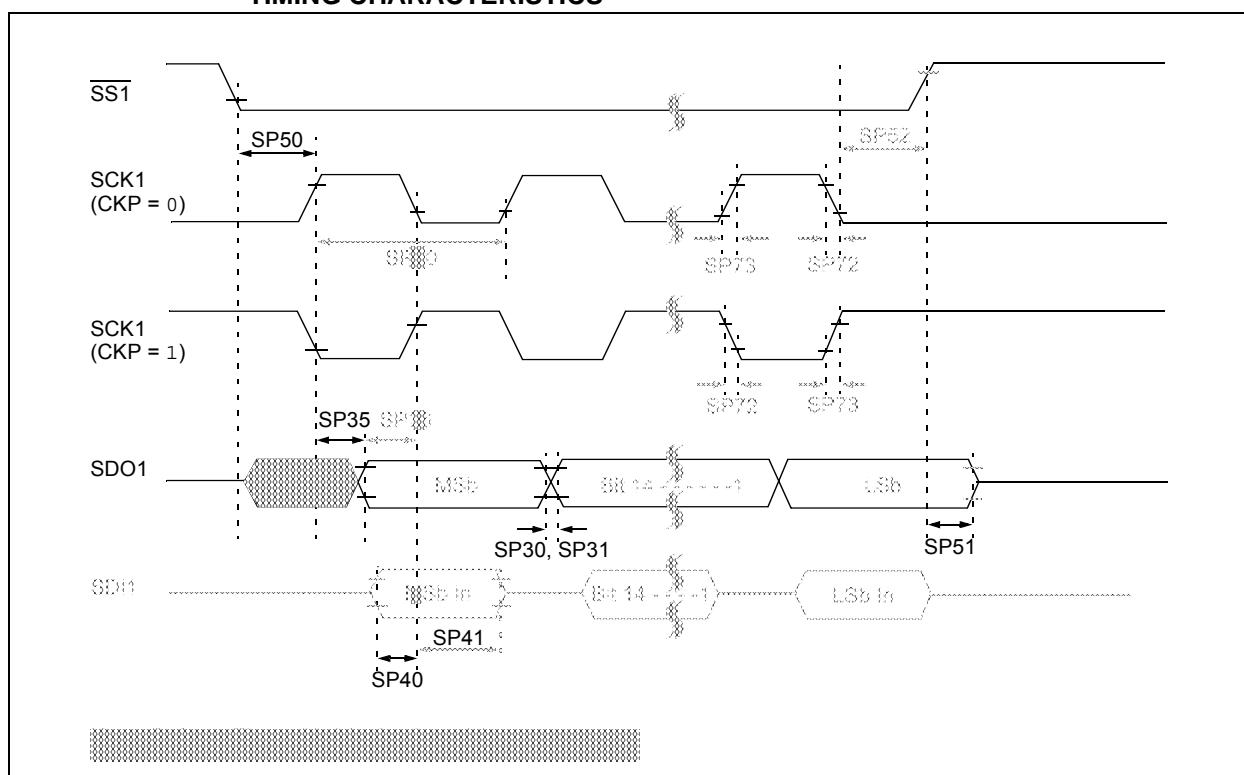
**Legend:** R = Read-only bit

U = Unimplemented bit

bit 23-0      **DEVREV<23:0>**: Device Revision bits<sup>(1)</sup>

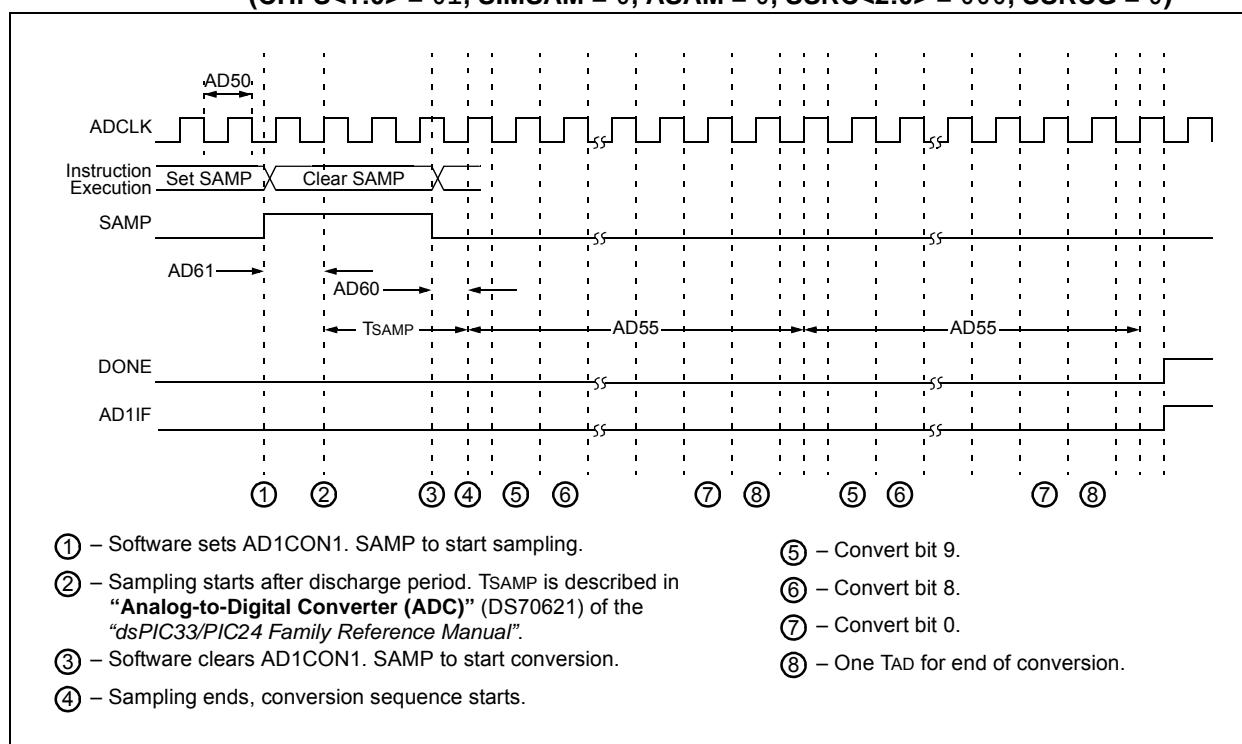
**Note 1:** Refer to the “dsPIC33E/PIC24E Flash Programming Specification for Devices with Volatile Configuration Bits” (DS70663) for the list of device revision values.

**FIGURE 33-30: SPI1 SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 0, CKP = 0, SMP = 0)  
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

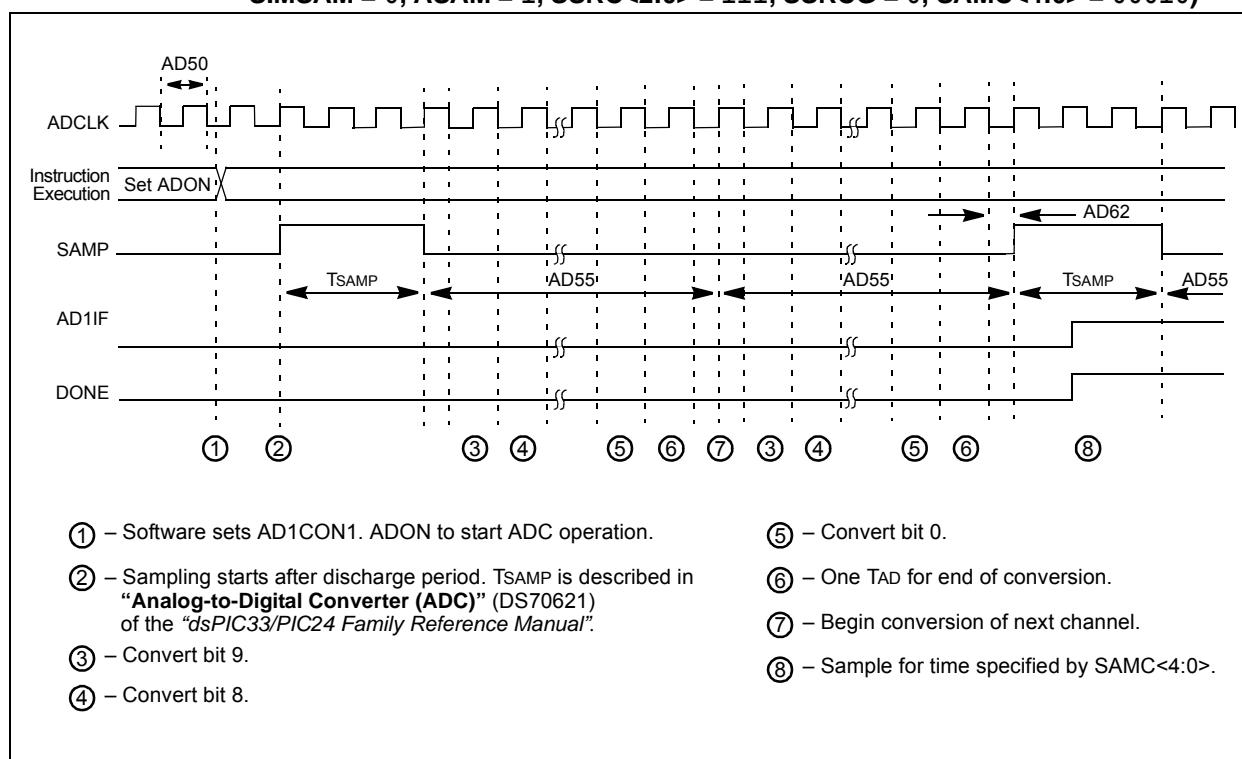


# dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX

**FIGURE 33-39: ADC1 CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS  
(CHPS<1:0> = 01, SIMSAM = 0, ASAM = 0, SSRC<2:0> = 000, SSRCG = 0)**

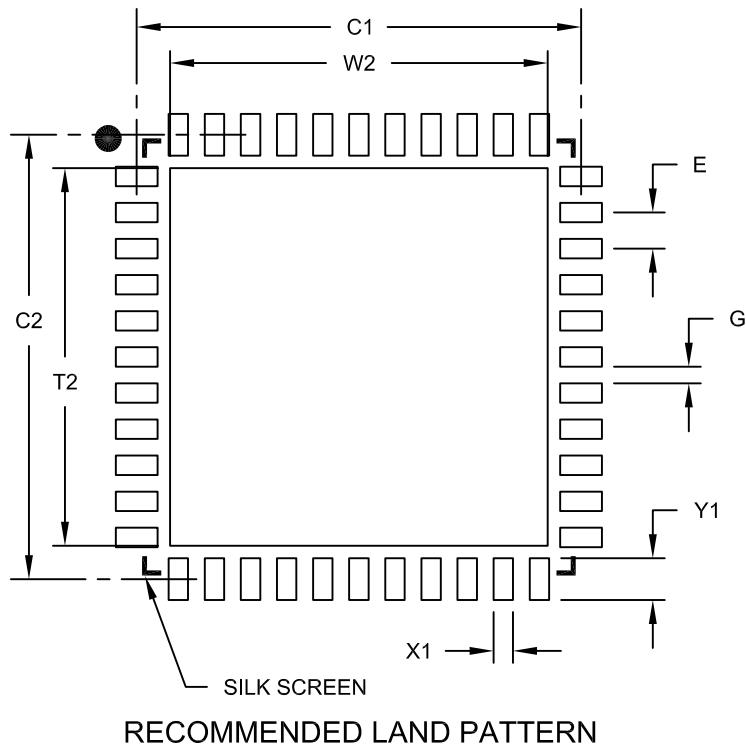


**FIGURE 33-40: ADC1 CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (CHPS<1:0> = 01, SIMSAM = 0, ASAM = 1, SSRC<2:0> = 111, SSRCG = 0, SAMC<4:0> = 00010)**



## 44-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) - 8x8 mm Body [QFN]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Dimension	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.65	BSC
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			6.60
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			6.60
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.00	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.35
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			0.85
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2103B

<b>F</b>	Reset Sequence .....	115
Flash Program Memory .....	103	
Control Registers .....	104	
Operations .....	104	
RTSP Operation.....	104	
Table Instructions.....	103	
Flexible Configuration .....	411	
<b>G</b>		
Getting Started with 16-Bit DSCs.....	21	
Connection Requirements .....	21	
CPU Logic Filter Capacitor Connection (VCAP) .....	22	
Decoupling Capacitors.....	21	
External Oscillator Pins.....	23	
ICSP Pins.....	23	
Master Clear (MCLR) Pin.....	22	
Oscillator Value Conditions on Device Start-up .....	24	
Unused I/Os .....	24	
<b>H</b>		
High-Speed PWM .....	229	
Control Registers .....	233	
Faults .....	229	
High-Temperature Electrical Characteristics.....	499	
Absolute Maximum Ratings .....	499	
High-Voltage Detect (HVD).....	173	
<b>I</b>		
I/O Ports .....	163	
Configuring Analog/Digital Port Pins .....	164	
Helpful Tips .....	173	
Open-Drain Configuration .....	164	
Parallel I/O (PIO).....	163	
Write/Read Timing .....	164	
In-Circuit Debugger .....	418	
In-Circuit Emulation.....	411	
In-Circuit Serial Programming (ICSP).....	411, 418	
Input Capture .....	219	
Control Registers .....	220	
Input Change Notification (ICN) .....	164	
Instruction Addressing Modes.....	96	
File Register Instructions .....	96	
Fundamental Modes Supported.....	97	
MAC Instructions.....	97	
MCU Instructions .....	96	
Move and Accumulator Instructions.....	97	
Other Instructions.....	97	
Instruction Set		
Overview .....	422	
Summary .....	419	
Interfacing Program and Data Memory Spaces .....	101	
Inter-Integrated Circuit (I <sup>2</sup> C).....	281	
Control Registers .....	283	
Internal LPRC Oscillator		
Use with WDT .....	417	
Internet Address.....	536	
Interrupt Controller		
Control and Status Registers .....	120	
IECx .....	120	
IFSx .....	120	
INTCON1 .....	120	
INTCON2 .....	120	
INTCON3 .....	120	
INTCON4 .....	120	
INTTREG .....	120	
IPCx .....	120	
Interrupt Vector		
Details (table) .....	117	
Interrupt Vector Table (IVT).....	115	
Interrupt Vector Table (table).....	116	
<b>J</b>		
JTAG Boundary Scan Interface .....	411	
JTAG Interface .....	418	
<b>M</b>		
Memory Maps		
EDS .....	94	
Memory Organization .....	37	
Microchip Internet Web Site.....	536	
Modulo Addressing .....	98	
Applicability.....	99	
Operation Example.....	98	
Start and End Address .....	98	
W Address Register Selection.....	98	
MPLAB Assembler, Linker, Librarian.....	430	
MPLAB ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger .....	431	
MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer .....	431	
MPLAB REAL ICE In-Circuit Emulator System .....	431	
MPLAB X Integrated Development		
Environment Software .....	429	
MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator .....	431	
MPLIB Object Librarian.....	430	
MPLINK Object Linker .....	430	
<b>O</b>		
Op Amp		
Application Considerations .....	368	
Configuration A.....	368	
Configuration B .....	369	
Op Amp/Comparator.....	365	
Control Registers .....	370	
Resources .....	369	
Oscillator Configuration .....	143	
CPU Clocking System .....	144	
Output Compare .....	223	
Control Registers .....	224	
<b>P</b>		
Packaging .....	507	
Details .....	517, 518	
Marking .....	507, 508	
Parallel Master Port (PMP).....	395	
Peripheral Module Disable (PMD) .....	155	
Peripheral Pin Select (PPS).....	165	
Input Sources, Maps Input to Function .....	167	
Output Selection for Remappable Pins .....	172	
Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module .....	349	
PICkit 3 In-Circuit Debugger/Programmer .....	431	
Pinout I/O Descriptions (table).....	16	
PMP		
Control Registers .....	396	
Power-Saving Features .....	153	
Clock Frequency and Switching .....	153	
Instruction-Based Modes .....	153	
Idle .....	154	
Sleep .....	154	
Interrupts Coincident with Power Save		
Instructions .....	154	
PPS		
Control Registers .....	175	

AUXCONx (PWMx Auxiliary Control).....	254
CHOP (PWMx Chop Clock Generator).....	241
CLKDIV (Clock Divisor).....	148
CM4CON (Op Amp/Comparator 4 Control).....	373
CMSTAT (Op Amp/Comparator Status).....	370
CMxCON (Op Amp/Comparator x Control, x = 1, 2, 3 or 5).....	371
CMxFLTR (Comparator x Filter Control).....	379
CMxMSKCON (Comparator x Mask Gating Control) .....	377
CMxMSKSRC (Comparator x Mask Source Select Control).....	375
CORCON (Core Control) .....	33, 122
CRCCON1 (CRC Control 1) .....	407
CRCCON2 (CRC Control 2) .....	408
CRCXORH (CRC XOR Polynomial High).....	409
CRCXORL (CRC XOR Polynomial Low).....	409
CTMUCON1 (CTMU Control Register 1).....	323
CTMUCON2 (CTMU Control Register 2).....	324
CTMUICON (CTMU Current Control).....	326
CVR1CON (Comparator Voltage Reference Control 1) .....	380
CVR2CON (Comparator Voltage Reference Control 2) .....	381
CxBUFFPNT1 (CANx Filters 0-3 Buffer Pointer 1).....	306
CxBUFFPNT2 (CANx Filters 4-7 Buffer Pointer 2).....	307
CxBUFFPNT3 (CANx Filters 8-11 Buffer Pointer 3).....	307
CxBUFFPNT4 (CANx Filters 12-15 Buffer Pointer 4).....	308
CxCFG1 (CANx Baud Rate Configuration 1).....	304
CxCFG2 (CANx Baud Rate Configuration 2).....	305
CxCTRL1 (CANx Control 1).....	297
CxCTRL2 (CANx Control 2).....	298
CxEC (CANx Transmit/Receive Error Count).....	304
CxFCTRL (CANx FIFO Control) .....	300
CxFEN1 (CANx Acceptance Filter Enable 1).....	306
CxFIFO (CANx FIFO Status) .....	301
CxFMSKSEL1 (CANx Filters 7-0 Mask Selection 1) .....	310
CxFMSKSEL2 (CANx Filters 15-8 Mask Selection 2) .....	311
CxINTE (CANx Interrupt Enable) .....	303
CxINTF (CANx Interrupt Flag) .....	302
CxRXFnEID (CANx Acceptance Filter n Extended Identifier).....	309
CxRXFnSID (CANx Acceptance Filter n Standard Identifier) .....	309
CxRXFUL1 (CANx Receive Buffer Full 1).....	313
CxRXFUL2 (CANx Receive Buffer Full 2).....	313
CxRXMnEID (CANx Acceptance Filter Mask n Extended Identifier).....	312
CxRXMnSID (CANx Acceptance Filter Mask n Standard Identifier) .....	312
CxRXOVF1 (CANx Receive Buffer Overflow 1).....	314
CxRXOVF2 (CANx Receive Buffer Overflow 2).....	314
CxTRmnCON (CANx TX/RX Buffer mn Control) .....	315
CxVEC (CANx Interrupt Code) .....	299
DCICON1 (DCI Control 1).....	344
DCICON2 (DCI Control 2).....	345
DCICON3 (DCI Control 3).....	346
DCISTAT (DCI Status).....	347
DEVID (Device ID) .....	415
DEVREV (Device Revision).....	415
DMALCA (DMA Last Channel Active Status).....	140
DMAPPS (DMA Ping-Pong Status) .....	141
DMAPWC (DMA Peripheral Write Collision Status).....	138
DMARQC (DMA Request Collision Status) .....	139
DMAxCNT (DMA Channel x Transfer Count).....	136
DMAxCON (DMA Channel x Control).....	132
DMAxPAD (DMA Channel x Peripheral Address).....	136
DMAxREQ (DMA Channel x IRQ Select) .....	133
DMAxSTAH (DMA Channel x Start Address A, High).....	134
DMAxSTAL (DMA Channel x Start Address A, Low).....	134
DMAxSTBH (DMA Channel x Start Address B, High).....	135
DMAxSTBL (DMA Channel x Start Address B, Low).....	135
DSADRH (DMA Most Recent RAM High Address).....	137
DSADRL (DMA Most Recent RAM Low Address).....	137
DTRx (PWMx Dead-Time).....	246
FCLCONx (PWMx Fault Current-Limit Control).....	250
I2CxCON (I2Cx Control) .....	283
I2CxMSK (I2Cx Slave Mode Address Mask) .....	287
I2CxSTAT (I2Cx Status) .....	285
ICxCON1 (Input Capture x Control 1).....	220
ICxCON2 (Input Capture x Control 2).....	221
INDxXCNTH (Index Counter x High Word) .....	267
INDxXCNTL (Index Counter x Low Word) .....	267
INDxXHLD (Index Counter x Hold) .....	268
INTCON1 (Interrupt Control 1) .....	123
INTCON2 (Interrupt Control 2) .....	125
INTCON3 (Interrupt Control 3) .....	126
INTCON4 (Interrupt Control 4) .....	126
INTTREG (Interrupt Control and Status) .....	127
INTxHLDH (Interval Timerx Hold High Word) .....	272
INTxHLDL (Interval Timerx Hold Low Word) .....	272
INTxTMRH (Interval Timerx High Word) .....	271
INTxTMRL (Interval Timerx Low Word) .....	271
IOCONx (PWMx I/O Control) .....	248
LEBCONx (Leading-Edge Blanking Control x) .....	252
LEBDLYx (Leading-Edge Blanking Delay x) .....	253
MDC (PWMx Master Duty Cycle) .....	241
NVMADR (Nonvolatile Memory Lower Address) .....	107
NVMADRU (Nonvolatile Memory Upper Address) .....	107
NVMCON (Nonvolatile Memory (NVM) Control) .....	105
NVMKEY (Nonvolatile Memory Key) .....	108
NVMSRCADDR (Nonvolatile Data Memory Upper Address) .....	108
NVMSRCADRL (Nonvolatile Data Memory Lower Address) .....	109
OCxCON1 (Output Compare x Control 1) .....	224
OCxCON2 (Output Compare x Control 2) .....	226
OSCCON (Oscillator Control) .....	146
OSCTUN (FRC Oscillator Tuning) .....	151
PADCFG1 (Pad Configuration Control) .....	387, 403
PDCx (PWMx Generator Duty Cycle) .....	244
PHASEx (PWMx Primary Phase-Shift) .....	245
PLLFBDS (PLL Feedback Divisor) .....	150
PMADDR (Parallel Master Port Address) .....	400
PMAEN (Parallel Master Port Address Enable) .....	401

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