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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	70 MIPS
Connectivity	CANbus, I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, QEI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, Motor Control PWM, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	512KB (170K x 24)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	48K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	-
Data Converters	A/D 49x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep512gm710t-i-pt">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep512gm710t-i-pt</a>

# dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX

**FIGURE 4-5: DATA MEMORY MAP FOR 128-KBYTE DEVICES**

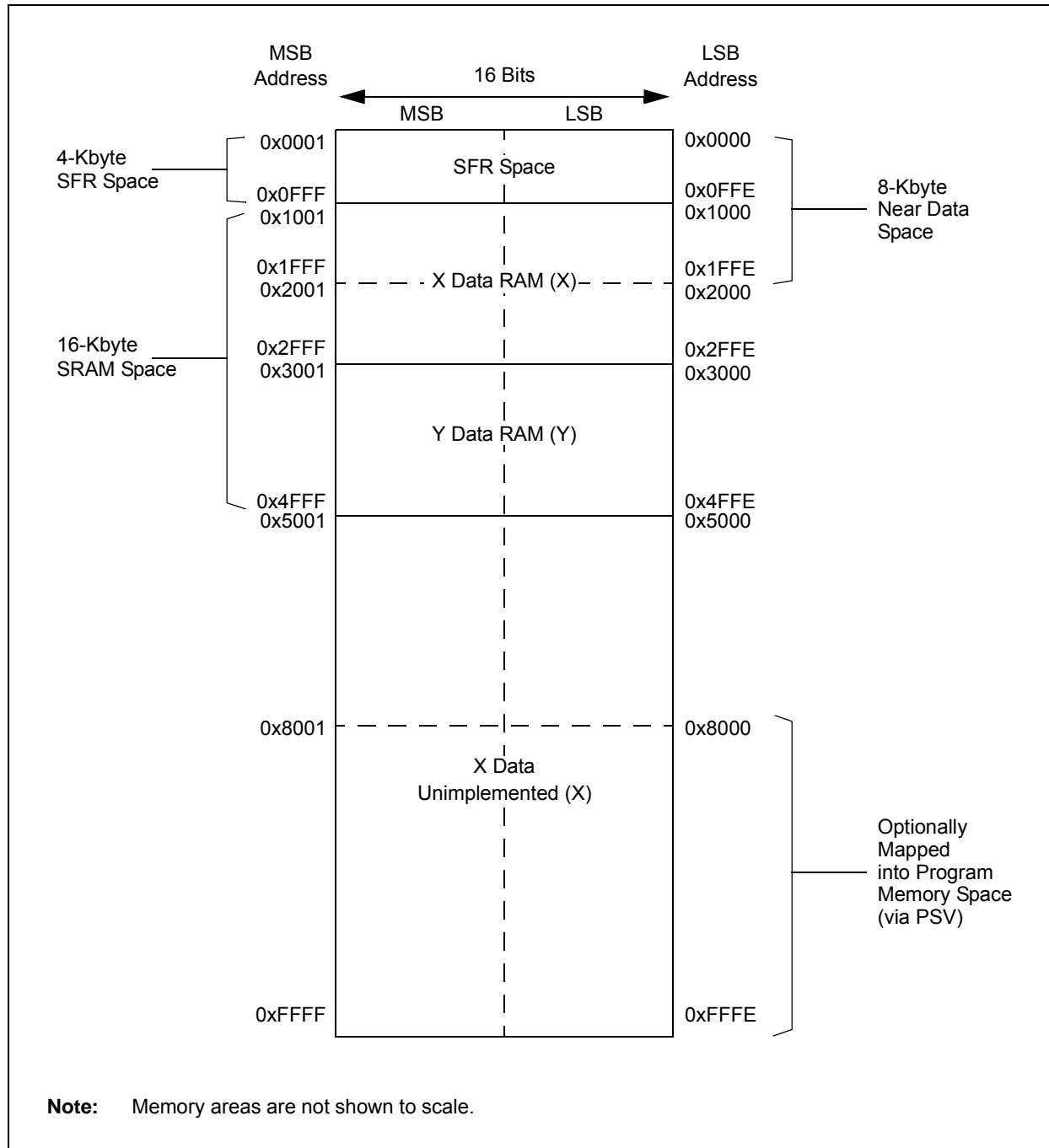


TABLE 4-14: PWM GENERATOR 6 REGISTER MAP

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
PWMCON6	0CC0	FLTSTAT	CLSTAT	TRGSTAT	FLTIEN	CLIEN	TRGIEN	ITB	MDCS	DTC1	DTC0	DTCP	—	MTBS	CAM	XPRES	IUE	0000
IOCON6	0CC2	PENH	PENL	POLH	POLL	PMOD1	PMOD0	OVRENH	OVRENL	OVRDAT1	OVRDAT0	FLTDAT1	FLTDAT0	CLDAT1	CLDAT0	SWAP	OSYNC	C000
FCLCON6	0CC4	IFLTMOD	CLSRC4	CLSRC3	CLSRC2	CLSRC1	CLSRC0	CLPOL	CLMOD	FLTSRC4	FLTSRC3	FLTSRC2	FLTSRC1	FLTSRC0	FLTPOL	FLTMOD1	FLTMOD0	00F8
PDC6	0CC6	PDC6<15:0>																0000
PHASE6	0CC8	PHASE6<15:0>																0000
DTR6	0CCA	—	—	DTR6<13:0>														0000
ALTDTR6	0CCC	—	—	ALTDTR6<13:0>														0000
SDC6	0CCE	SDC6<15:0>																0000
SPHASE6	0CD0	SPHASE6<15:0>																0000
TRIG6	0CD2	TRGCOMP<15:0>																0000
TRGCON6	0CD4	TRGDIV3	TRGDIV2	TRGDIV1	TRGDIV0	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRGSTR5	TRGSTR4	TRGSTR3	TRGSTR2	TRGSTR1	TRGSTR0	0000
PWMCAP6	0CD8	PWMCAP6<15:0>																0000
LEBCON6	0CDA	PHR	PHF	PLR	PLF	FLTLEBEN	CLLEBEN	—	—	—	—	BCH	BCL	BPHH	BPHL	BPLH	BPLL	0000
LEBDLY6	0CDC	—	—	—	—	LEB<11:0>												0000
AUXCON6	0CDE	—	—	—	—	BLANKSEL3	BLANKSEL2	BLANKSEL1	BLANKSEL0	—	—	CHOPSEL3	CHOPSEL2	CHOPSEL1	CHOPSEL0	CHOPHEN	CHOPLN	0000

**Legend:** — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**TABLE 4-25: CAN1 REGISTER MAP WHEN WIN (C1CTRL<0>) = 1 FOR dsPIC33EPXXXGM60X/7XX DEVICES<sup>(1)</sup>**

SFR Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
	0400-041E	See definition when WIN = x																
C1BUFPNT1	0420	F3BP3	F3BP2	F3BP1	F3BP0	F2BP3	F2BP2	F2BP1	F2BP0	F1BP3	F1BP2	F1BP1	F1BP0	F0BP3	F0BP2	F0BP1	F0BP0	0000
C1BUFPNT2	0422	F7BP3	F7BP2	F7BP1	F7BP0	F6BP3	F6BP2	F6BP1	F6BP0	F5BP3	F5BP2	F5BP1	F5BP0	F4BP3	F4BP2	F4BP1	F4BP0	0000
C1BUFPNT3	0424	F11BP3	F11BP2	F11BP1	F11BP0	F10BP3	F10BP2	F10BP1	F10BP0	F9BP3	F9BP2	F9BP1	F9BP0	F8BP3	F8BP2	F8BP1	F8BP0	0000
C1BUFPNT4	0426	F15BP3	F15BP2	F15BP1	F15BP0	F14BP3	F14BP2	F14BP1	F14BP0	F13BP3	F13BP2	F13BP1	F13BP0	F12BP3	F12BP2	F12BP1	F12BP0	0000
C1RXM0SID	0430	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	MIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXM0EID	0432	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXM1SID	0434	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	MIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXM1EID	0436	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXM2SID	0438	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	MIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXM2EID	043A	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF0SID	0440	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF0EID	0442	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF1SID	0444	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF1EID	0446	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF2SID	0448	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF2EID	044A	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF3SID	044C	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF3EID	044E	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF4SID	0450	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF4EID	0452	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF5SID	0454	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF5EID	0456	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF6SID	0458	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF6EID	045A	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF7SID	045C	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF7EID	045E	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF8SID	0460	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF8EID	0462	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF9SID	0464	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF9EID	0466	EID<15:0>																xxxx
C1RXF10SID	0468	SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3	SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16	xxxx
C1RXF10EID	046A	EID<15:0>																xxxx

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** These registers are not present on dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX devices.

**TABLE 4-66: FUNDAMENTAL ADDRESSING MODES SUPPORTED**

Addressing Mode	Description
File Register Direct	The address of the file register is specified explicitly.
Register Direct	The contents of a register are accessed directly.
Register Indirect	The contents of Wn form the Effective Address (EA).
Register Indirect Post-Modified	The contents of Wn form the EA. Wn is post-modified (incremented or decremented) by a constant value.
Register Indirect Pre-Modified	Wn is pre-modified (incremented or decremented) by a signed constant value to form the EA.
Register Indirect with Register Offset (Register Indexed)	The sum of Wn and Wb forms the EA.
Register Indirect with Literal Offset	The sum of Wn and a literal forms the EA.

### 4.4.3 MOVE AND ACCUMULATOR INSTRUCTIONS

Move instructions and the DSP accumulator class of instructions provide a greater degree of addressing flexibility than other instructions. In addition to the addressing modes supported by most MCU instructions, move and accumulator instructions also support Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing mode, also referred to as Register Indexed mode.

**Note:** For the `MOV` instructions, the addressing mode specified in the instruction can differ for the source and destination EA. However, the 4-bit Wb (Register Offset) field is shared by both source and destination (but typically only used by one).

In summary, the following addressing modes are supported by move and accumulator instructions:

- Register Direct
- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-modified
- Register Indirect Pre-modified
- Register Indirect with Register Offset (Indexed)
- Register Indirect with Literal Offset
- 8-Bit Literal
- 16-Bit Literal

**Note:** Not all instructions support all the addressing modes given above. Individual instructions may support different subsets of these addressing modes.

### 4.4.4 MAC INSTRUCTIONS

The dual source operand DSP instructions (`CLR`, `ED`, `EDAC`, `MAC`, `MPY`, `MPY.N`, `MOVSAC` and `MSC`), also referred to as `MAC` instructions, use a simplified set of addressing modes to allow the user application to effectively manipulate the Data Pointers through register indirect tables.

The two-source operand prefetch registers must be members of the set {W8, W9, W10, W11}. For data reads, W8 and W9 are always directed to the X RAGU, and W10 and W11 are always directed to the Y AGU. The Effective Addresses generated (before and after modification) must, therefore, be valid addresses within X Data Space for W8 and W9, and Y Data Space for W10 and W11.

**Note:** Register Indirect with Register Offset Addressing mode is available only for W9 (in X space) and W11 (in Y space).

In summary, the following addressing modes are supported by the `MAC` class of instructions:

- Register Indirect
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 2
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 4
- Register Indirect Post-Modified by 6
- Register Indirect with Register Offset (Indexed)

### 4.4.5 OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

Besides the addressing modes outlined previously, some instructions use literal constants of various sizes. For example, `BRA` (branch) instructions use 16-bit signed literals to specify the branch destination directly, whereas the `DISI` instruction uses a 14-bit unsigned literal field. In some instructions, such as `ULNK`, the source of an operand or result is implied by the opcode itself. Certain operations, such as `NOP`, do not have any operands.

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## REGISTER 5-6: NVMSRCADRL: NONVOLATILE DATA MEMORY LOWER ADDRESS REGISTER

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
NVMSRCADRL<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	r-0
NVMSRCADRL<7:1>							0
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>	r = Reserved bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	'0' = Bit is cleared
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-1      **NVMSRCADRL<15:1>**: Nonvolatile Data Memory Lower Address bits

bit 0      **Reserved:** Maintain as '0'

**REGISTER 8-12: DMARQC: DMA REQUEST COLLISION STATUS REGISTER**

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	—	RQCOL3	RQCOL2	RQCOL1	RQCOL0
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-4      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **RQCOL3:** Channel 3 Transfer Request Collision Flag bit  
               1 = User FORCE and interrupt-based request collision are detected  
               0 = No request collision is detected
- bit 2        **RQCOL2:** Channel 2 Transfer Request Collision Flag bit  
               1 = User FORCE and interrupt-based request collision are detected  
               0 = No request collision is detected
- bit 1        **RQCOL1:** Channel 1 Transfer Request Collision Flag bit  
               1 = User FORCE and interrupt-based request collision are detected  
               0 = No request collision is detected
- bit 0        **RQCOL0:** Channel 0 Transfer Request Collision Flag bit  
               1 = User FORCE and interrupt-based request collision are detected  
               0 = No request collision is detected

## REGISTER 10-4: PMD4: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	U4MD	—	REFOMD	CTMUMD	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-6     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5        **U4MD:** UART4 Module Disable bit  
               1 = UART4 module is disabled  
               0 = UART4 module is enabled
- bit 4        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3        **REFOMD:** Reference Clock Module Disable bit  
               1 = Reference clock module is disabled  
               0 = Reference clock module is enabled
- bit 2        **CTMUMD:** CTMU Module Disable bit  
               1 = CTMU module is disabled  
               0 = CTMU module is enabled
- bit 1-0     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

## REGISTER 10-5: PMD6: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 6

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	PWM6MD	PWM5MD	PWM4MD	PWM3MD	PWM2MD	PWM1MD
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	SPI3MD
bit 7							bit 0

<b>Legend:</b>			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-14   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13-8    **PWM6MD:PWM1MD:** PWMx (x = 1-6) Module Disable bit  
               1 = PWMx module is disabled  
               0 = PWMx module is enabled
- bit 7-1     **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 0        **SPI3MD:** SPI3 Module Disable bit  
               1 = SPI3 module is disabled  
               0 = SPI3 module is enabled



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## REGISTER 10-6: PMD7: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 7

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	DMA0MD <sup>(1)</sup>	PTGMD	—	—	—
			DMA1MD <sup>(1)</sup>				
			DMA2MD <sup>(1)</sup>				
			DMA3MD <sup>(1)</sup>				
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-5        **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4         **DMA0MD:** DMA0 Module Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = DMA0 module is disabled  
                  0 = DMA0 module is enabled
- DMA1MD:** DMA1 Module Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = DMA1 module is disabled  
                  0 = DMA1 module is enabled
- DMA2MD:** DMA2 Module Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = DMA2 module is disabled  
                  0 = DMA2 module is enabled
- DMA3MD:** DMA3 Module Disable bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
                  1 = DMA3 module is disabled  
                  0 = DMA3 module is enabled
- bit 3         **PTGMD:** PTG Module Disable bit  
                  1 = PTG module is disabled  
                  0 = PTG module is enabled
- bit 2-0       **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

**Note 1:** This single bit enables and disables all four DMA channels.

# dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX

## REGISTER 11-12: RPINR16: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 16

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	QEB2R<6:0>						
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	QEA2R<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8      **QEB2R<6:0>:** Assign QE12 Phase B (QEB2) to the Corresponding RPn/RPIn Pin bits  
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111111 = Input tied to RP127

•  
•  
•

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0      **QEA2R<6:0>:** Assign A QE12 Phase A (QEA2) to the Corresponding RPn/RPIn Pin bits  
(see Table 11-2 for input pin selection numbers)

1111111 = Input tied to RP127

•  
•  
•

0000001 = Input tied to CMP1

0000000 = Input tied to Vss

## REGISTER 14-2: ICxCON2: INPUT CAPTURE x CONTROL REGISTER 2 (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0 **SYNCSEL<4:0>**: Input Source Select for Synchronization and Trigger Operation bits<sup>(4)</sup>

11111 = Capture timer is unsynchronized  
11110 = Capture timer is unsynchronized  
11101 = Capture timer is unsynchronized  
11100 = CTMU trigger is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
11011 = ADC1 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization<sup>(5)</sup>  
11010 = Analog Comparator 3 is the source for the capture timer synchronization<sup>(5)</sup>  
11001 = Analog Comparator 2 is the source for the capture timer synchronization<sup>(5)</sup>  
11000 = Analog Comparator 1 is the source for the capture timer synchronization<sup>(5)</sup>  
10111 = Input Capture 8 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
10110 = Input Capture 7 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
10101 = Input Capture 6 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
10100 = Input Capture 5 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
10011 = Input Capture 4 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
10010 = Input Capture 3 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
10001 = Input Capture 2 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
10000 = Input Capture 1 interrupt is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
01111 = GP Timer5 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
01110 = GP Timer4 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
01101 = GP Timer3 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
01100 = GP Timer2 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
01011 = GP Timer1 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
01010 = PTGx trigger is the source for the capture timer synchronization<sup>(6)</sup>  
01001 = Capture timer is unsynchronized  
01000 = Output Compare 8 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
00111 = Output Compare 7 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
00110 = Output Compare 6 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
00101 = Output Compare 5 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
00100 = Output Compare 4 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
00011 = Output Compare 3 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
00010 = Output Compare 2 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
00001 = Output Compare 1 is the source for the capture timer synchronization  
00000 = Capture timer is unsynchronized

- Note 1:** The IC32 bit in both the Odd and Even ICx must be set to enable Cascade mode.  
**2:** The input source is selected by the SYNCSEL<4:0> bits of the ICxCON2 register.  
**3:** This bit is set by the selected input source (selected by SYNCSEL<4:0> bits); it can be read, set and cleared in software.  
**4:** Do not use the ICx module as its own Sync or Trigger source.  
**5:** This option should only be selected as a trigger source and not as a synchronization source.  
**6:** Each Input Capture x module (ICx) has one PTG input source. See **Section 25.0 “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) Module”** for more information.  
PTGO8 = IC1, IC5  
PTGO9 = IC2, IC6  
PTGO10 = IC3, IC7  
PTGO11 = IC4, IC8

**REGISTER 16-2: PTCON2: PWMx PRIMARY MASTER CLOCK DIVIDER SELECT REGISTER 2**

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	PCLKDIV<2:0> <sup>(1)</sup>		
bit 7					bit 0		

<b>Legend:</b>			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-3      **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0      **PCLKDIV<2:0>:** PWMx Input Clock Prescaler (Divider) Select bits<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 111 = Reserved
  - 110 = Divide-by-64
  - 101 = Divide-by-32
  - 100 = Divide-by-16
  - 011 = Divide-by-8
  - 010 = Divide-by-4
  - 001 = Divide-by-2
  - 000 = Divide-by-1, maximum PWMx timing resolution (power-on default)

**Note 1:** These bits should be changed only when PTEN = 0. Changing the clock selection during operation will yield unpredictable results.

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## REGISTER 17-6: POSxHLD: POSITION COUNTER x HOLD REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
POSHLD<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
POSHLD<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **POSHLD<15:0>**: Holding Register for Reading and Writing POSxCNT bits

## REGISTER 17-7: VELxCNT: VELOCITY COUNTER x REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
VELCNT<15:8>							
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
VELCNT<7:0>							
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0                      **VELCNT<15:0>**: Velocity Counter x bits

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## REGISTER 22-3: CTMUICON: CTMU CURRENT CONTROL REGISTER<sup>(3)</sup>

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ITRIM5	ITRIM4	ITRIM3	ITRIM2	ITRIM1	ITRIM0	IRNG1	IRNG0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit                      W = Writable bit                      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR                      '1' = Bit is set                      '0' = Bit is cleared                      x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10      **ITRIM<5:0>**: Current Source Trim bits  
 011111 = Maximum positive change from nominal current + 62%  
 011110 = Maximum positive change from nominal current + 60%  
 •  
 •  
 •  
 000010 = Minimum positive change from nominal current + 4%  
 000001 = Minimum positive change from nominal current + 2%  
 000000 = Nominal current output specified by IRNG<1:0>  
 111111 = Minimum negative change from nominal current – 2%  
 111110 = Minimum negative change from nominal current – 4%  
 •  
 •  
 •  
 100010 = Maximum negative change from nominal current – 60%  
 100001 = Maximum negative change from nominal current – 62%

bit 9-8      **IRNG<1:0>**: Current Source Range Select bits  
 11 = 100 × Base Current<sup>(2)</sup>  
 10 = 10 × Base Current<sup>(2)</sup>  
 01 = Base Current Level<sup>(2)</sup>  
 00 = 1000 × Base Current<sup>(1,2)</sup>

bit 7-0      **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

- Note 1:** This current range is not available for use with the internal temperature measurement diode.  
**Note 2:** Refer to the CTMU Current Source Specifications (Table 33-55) in **Section 33.0 “Electrical Characteristics”** for the current range selection values.  
**Note 3:** Current sources are not generated when 12-Bit ADC mode is chosen. Current sources are active only when 10-Bit ADC mode is chosen.

## 25.0 PERIPHERAL TRIGGER GENERATOR (PTG) MODULE

**Note 1:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to the “dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual”, “Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG)” (DS70669), which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)).

**2:** Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

### 25.1 Module Introduction

The Peripheral Trigger Generator (PTG) provides a means to schedule complex, high-speed peripheral operations that would be difficult to achieve using software. The PTG module uses 8-bit commands, called “steps”, that the user writes to the PTG Queue register (PTGQUE0-PTQUE15), which performs operations, such as wait for input signal, generate output trigger and wait for timer.

The PTG module has the following major features:

- Multiple Clock Sources
- Two 16-Bit General Purpose Timers
- Two 16-Bit General Limit Counters
- Configurable for Rising or Falling Edge Triggering
- Generates Processor Interrupts to Include:
  - Four configurable processor interrupts
  - Interrupt on a step event in Single-Step mode
  - Interrupt on a PTG Watchdog Timer time-out
- Able to Receive Trigger Signals from these Peripherals:
  - ADC
  - PWM
  - Output Compare
  - Input Capture
  - Op Amp/Comparator
  - INT2
- Able to Trigger or Synchronize to these Peripherals:
  - Watchdog Timer
  - Output Compare
  - Input Capture
  - ADC
  - PWM
  - Op Amp/Comparator

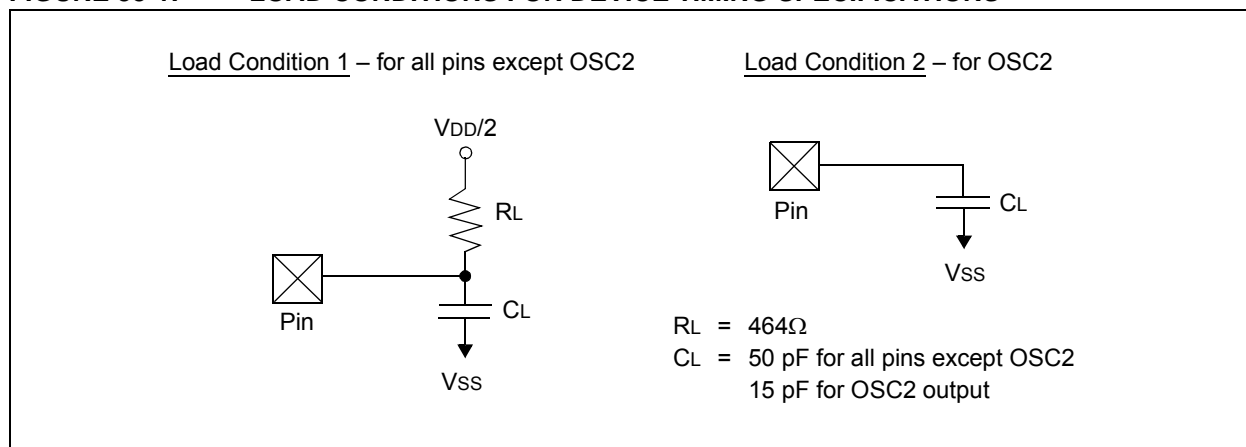
## 33.2 AC Characteristics and Timing Parameters

This section defines the dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX AC characteristics and timing parameters.

**TABLE 33-14: TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE SPECIFICATIONS – AC**

<b>AC CHARACTERISTICS</b>	<b>Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)</b> Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended Operating voltage $V_{DD}$ range as described in <b>Section 33.1 “DC Characteristics”</b> .
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**FIGURE 33-1: LOAD CONDITIONS FOR DEVICE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**



**TABLE 33-15: CAPACITIVE LOADING REQUIREMENTS ON OUTPUT PINS**

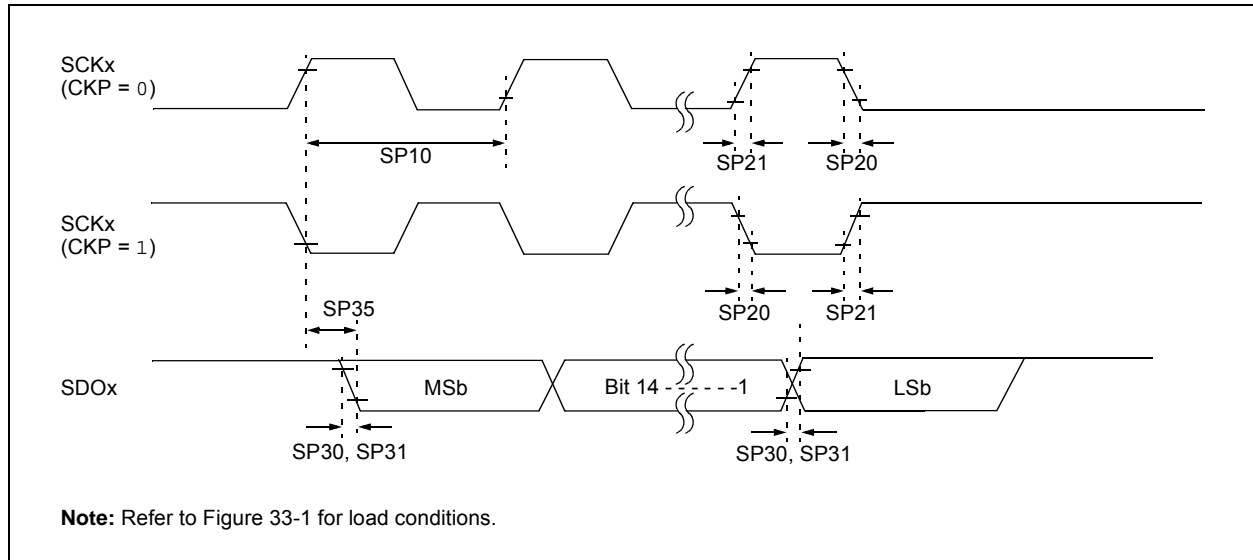
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DO50	Cosco	OSC2 Pin	—	—	15	pF	In XT and HS modes, when external clock is used to drive OSC1
DO56	Cio	All I/O Pins and OSC2	—	—	50	pF	EC mode
DO58	Cb	SCLx, SDAx	—	—	400	pF	In I <sup>2</sup> C™ mode



**TABLE 33-32: SPI2 AND SPI3 MAXIMUM DATA/CLOCK RATE SUMMARY**

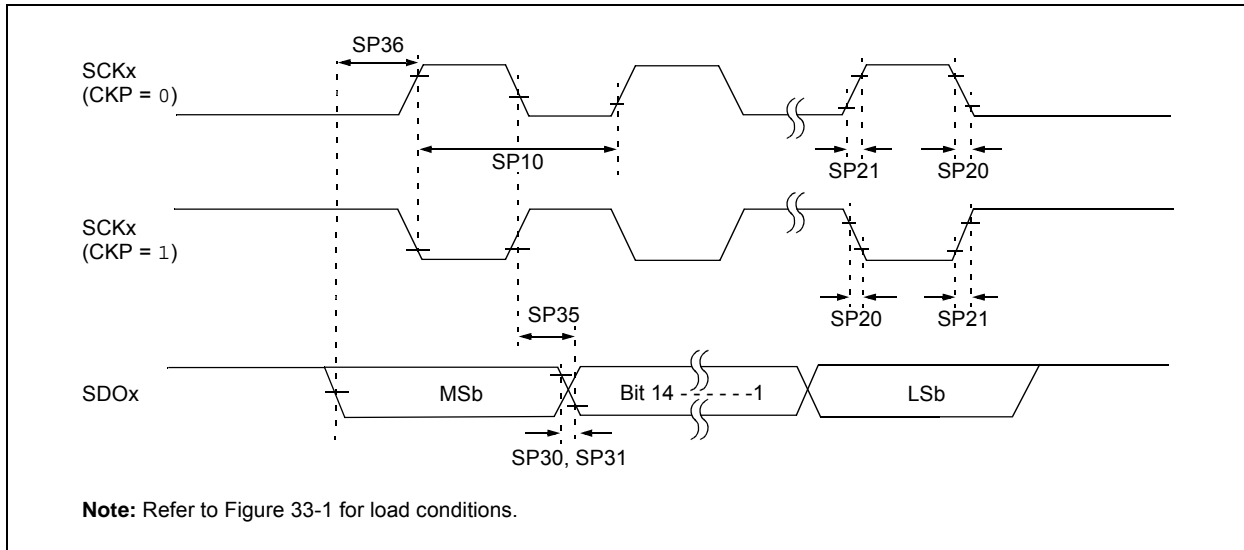
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Maximum Data Rate	Master Transmit Only (Half-Duplex)	Master Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	Slave Transmit/Receive (Full-Duplex)	CKE	CKP	SMP
15 MHz	Table 33-33	—	—	0,1	0,1	0,1
9 MHz	—	Table 33-34	—	1	0,1	1
9 MHz	—	Table 33-35	—	0	0,1	1
15 MHz	—	—	Table 33-36	1	0	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 33-37	1	1	0
15 MHz	—	—	Table 33-38	0	1	0
11 MHz	—	—	Table 33-39	0	0	0

**FIGURE 33-15: SPI2 AND SPI3 MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



# dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX

**FIGURE 33-16: SPI2 AND SPI3 MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY, CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 33-33: SPI2 AND SPI3 MASTER MODE (HALF-DUPLEX, TRANSMIT ONLY) TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

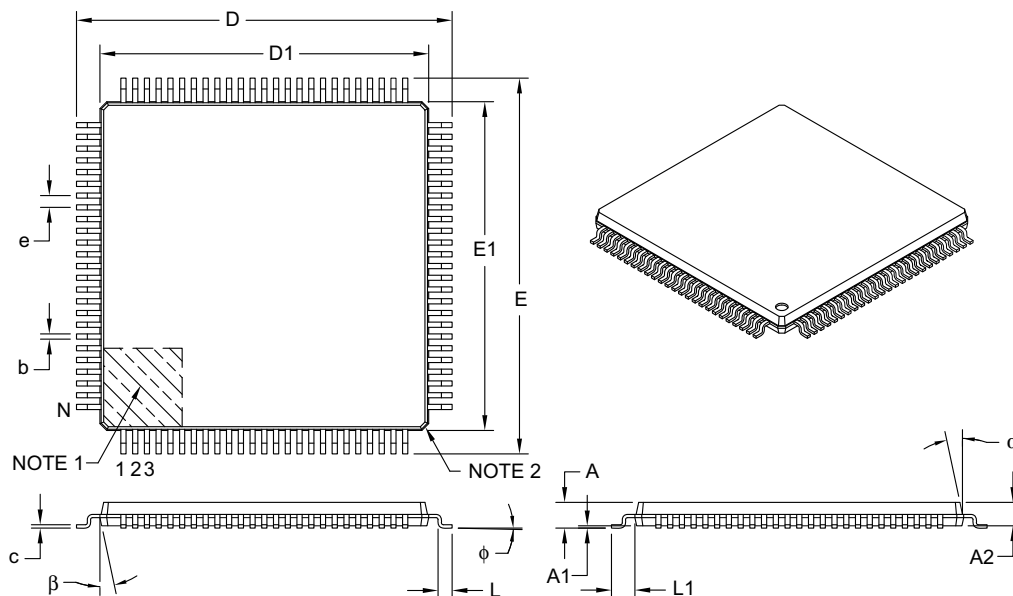
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Extended				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP10	FscP	Maximum SCKx Frequency	—	—	15	MHz	(Note 3)
SP20	TscF	SCKx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP21	TscR	SCKx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO32 (Note 4)
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See Parameter DO31 (Note 4)
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	
SP36	TdiV2scH, TdiV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	

- Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.
- Note 2:** Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated.
- Note 3:** The minimum clock period for SCKx is 66.7 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.
- Note 4:** Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

# dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX

## 100-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PF) – 14x14x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N	100		
Lead Pitch	e	0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	$\phi$	0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E	16.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	16.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	14.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1	14.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.17	0.22	0.27
Mold Draft Angle Top	$\alpha$	11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	$\beta$	11°	12°	13°

**Notes:**

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

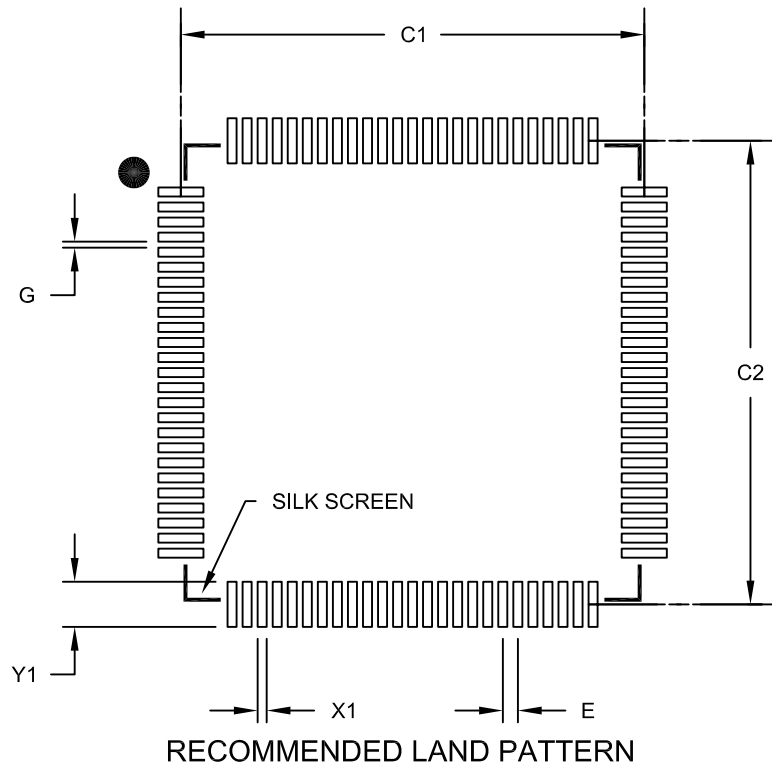
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-110B

# dsPIC33EPXXXGM3XX/6XX/7XX

100-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PF) - 14x14x1 mm Body 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



		Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits			MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.50 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1			15.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2			15.40	
Contact Pad Width (X100)	X1				0.30
Contact Pad Length (X100)	Y1				1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20			

**Notes:**

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

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