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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

#### Details

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Product Status	Active
Core Processor	AVR
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	12MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	4KB (2K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	64 x 8
RAM Size	256 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	28-VQFN (4x4)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/attiny48-mmur

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



# 1. Pin Configurations

### Figure 1-1. Pinout of ATtiny48/88

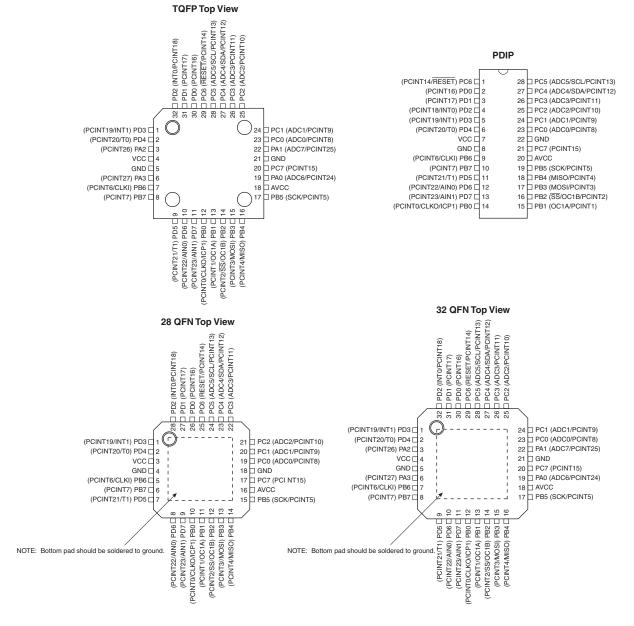


Table 1-1.32 UFBGA Top View. See page 288.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	PD2	PD1	PC6	PC4	PC2	PC1
В	PD3	PD4	PD0	PC5	PC3	PC0
С	GND	PA2			PA1	GND
D	VCC	PA3			PC7	PA0
E	PB6	PD6	PB0	PB2	AVCC	PB5
F	PB7	PD5	PD7	PB1	PB3	PB4

ATtiny48/88

## 1.1 Pin Descriptions

### 1.1.1 VCC

Digital supply voltage.

### 1.1.2 AVCC

 $AV_{CC}$  is the supply voltage pin for the A/D converter and a selection of I/O pins. This pin should be externally connected to  $V_{CC}$  even if the ADC is not used. If the ADC is used, it is recommended this pin is connected to  $V_{CC}$  through a low-pass filter, as described in "Analog Noise Canceling Techniques" on page 172.

The following pins receive their supply voltage from AV<sub>CC</sub>: PC7, PC[5:0] and (in 32-lead packages) PA[1:0]. All other I/O pins take their supply voltage from  $V_{CC}$ .

### 1.1.3 GND

Ground.

### 1.1.4 Port A (PA3:0)

Port A is a 4-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The PA[3:0] output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both sink and source capability. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

This port is available in 32-lead TQFP, 32-pad QFN and 32-ball UFBGA packages, only.

### 1.1.5 Port B (PB7:0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Depending on the clock selection fuse settings, PB6 can be used as input to the internal clock operating circuit.

The various special features of Port B are elaborated in "Alternate Functions of Port B" on page 69.

### 1.1.6 Port C (PC7, PC5:0)

Port C is a 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The PC7 and PC[5:0] output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

### 1.1.7 PC6/RESET

If the RSTDISBL Fuse is programmed, PC6 is used as an I/O pin. Note that the electrical characteristics of PC6 differ from those of the other pins of Port C.

If the RSTDISBL Fuse is unprogrammed, PC6 is used as a reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse width will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The





minimum pulse length is given in Table 22-3 on page 209. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

The various special features of Port C are elaborated in "Alternate Functions of Port C" on page 72.

### 1.1.8 Port D (PD7:0)

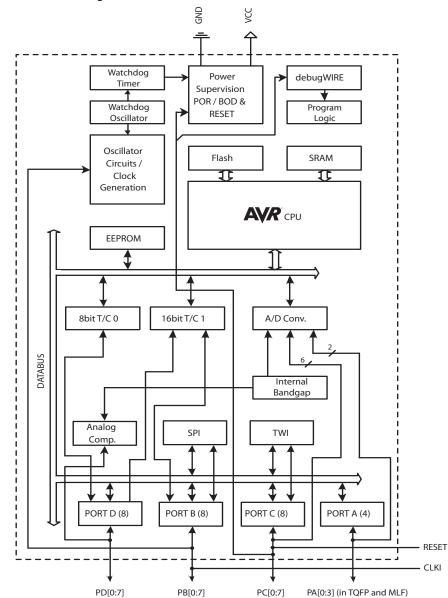
Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The PD[7:4] output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both sink and source capabilities, while the PD[3:0] output buffers have high sink capabilities. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

The various special features of Port D are elaborated in "Alternate Functions of Port D" on page 75.

## 2. Overview

The ATtiny48/88 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATtiny48/88 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

## 2.1 Block Diagram





The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.





The ATtiny48/88 provides the following features:

- 4/8K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash
- 64/64 bytes EEPROM
- 256/512 bytes SRAM
- 24 general purpose I/O lines
  - 28 in 32-lead TQFP, 32-pad QFN, and 32-ball UFBGA packages
- 32 general purpose working registers
- Two flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes
- Internal and external interrupts
- A byte-oriented, 2-wire serial interface
- An SPI serial port
- A 6-channel, 10-bit ADC
  - 8 in 32-lead TQFP, 32-pad QFN, and 32-ball UFBGA packages
- A programmable Watchdog Timer with internal oscillator
- Three software selectable power saving modes.

The device includes the following modes for saving power:

- Idle mode: stops the CPU while allowing the timer/counter, ADC, analog comparator, SPI, TWI, and interrupt system to continue functioning
- ADC Noise Reduction mode: minimizes switching noise during ADC conversions by stopping the CPU and all I/O modules except the ADC
- Power-down mode: registers keep their contents and all chip functions are disabled until the next interrupt or hardware reset

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed In-System through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer, or by an on-chip boot program running on the AVR core. The boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the Flash memory. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATtiny48/88 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATtiny48/88 AVR is supported by a full suite of program and system development tools including: C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators and evaluation kits.

## 2.2 Comparison Between ATtiny48 and ATtiny88

The ATtiny48 and ATtiny88 differ only in memory sizes, as summarised in Table 2-1, below.

Device	Flash	EEPROM	RAM
ATtiny48	4K Bytes	64 Bytes	256 Bytes
ATtiny88	8K Bytes	64 Bytes	512 Bytes

Table 2-1.Memory Size Summary

# 3. General Information

## 3.1 Resources

A comprehensive set of development tools, application notes and datasheets are available for download at http://www.atmel.com/avr.

## 3.2 About Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Please confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

For I/O Registers located in extended I/O map, "IN", "OUT", "SBIS", "SBIC", "CBI", and "SBI" instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically "LDS" and "STS" combined with "SBRS", "SBRC", "SBR", and "CBR".

## 3.3 Capacitive Touch Sensing

Atmel QTouch Library provides a simple to use solution for touch sensitive interfaces on Atmel AVR microcontrollers. The QTouch Library includes support for QTouch<sup>®</sup> and QMatrix<sup>®</sup> acquisition methods.

Touch sensing is easily added to any application by linking the QTouch Library and using the Application Programming Interface (API) of the library to define the touch channels and sensors. The application then calls the API to retrieve channel information and determine the state of the touch sensor.

The QTouch Library is free and can be downloaded from the Atmel website. For more information and details of implementation, refer to the QTouch Library User Guide – also available from the Atmel website.

## 3.4 Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

## 3.5 Disclaimer

Typical values contained in this datasheet are based on simulations and characterization of other AVR microcontrollers manufactured on the same process technology.





Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x7C)	ADMUX	_	REFS0	ADLAR	_	MUX3	MUX2	MUX1	MUX0	176
(0x7B)	ADCSRB	-	ACME	-	-	-	ADTS2	ADTS1	ADTS0	162, 179
(0x7A)	ADCSRA	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	178
(0x79)	ADCH		•	•	ADC Data Reg	gister High byte		•		179
(0x78)	ADCL				ADC Data Re	gister Low byte				179
(0x77)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
(0x76)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x75)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x74)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x73) (0x72)	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	_		-	_	
(0x72) (0x71)	Reserved		_	_	_			_	_	
(0x70)	Reserved	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	
(0x6F)	TIMSK1	_	_	ICIE1	_	_	OCIE1B	OCIE1A	TOIE1	114
(0x6E)	TIMSK0	-	-	-	-	-	OCIE0B	OCIE0A	TOIE0	87
(0x6D)	PCMSK2	PCINT23	PCINT22	PCINT21	PCINT20	PCINT19	PCINT18	PCINT17	PCINT16	59
(0x6C)	PCMSK1	PCINT15	PCINT14	PCINT13	PCINT12	PCINT11	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	59
(0x6B)	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	59
(0x6A)	PCMSK3	-	-	-	-	PCINT27	PCINT26	PCINT25	PCINT24	59
(0x69)	EICRA	-	-	-	-	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	55
(0x68)	PCICR	-	-	-	-	PCIE3	PCIE2	PCIE1	PCIE0	57
(0x67)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x66) (0x65)	OSCCAL Reserved	_	_	_	Oscillator Calil	pration Register	_	_	-	34
(0x63) (0x64)	PRR	PRTWI	_	PRTIM0	_	PRTIM1	PRSPI	_	PRADC	40
(0x63)	Reserved	-	_	-	_	_	-		-	
(0x62)	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(0x61)	CLKPR	CLKPCE	-	-	-	CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	34
(0x60)	WDTCSR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	49
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	Т	Н	S	V	N	Z	С	9
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	-	-	-	-	-	-	SP9	SP8	11
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	11
0x3C (0x5C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x3B (0x5B)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x3A (0x5A)	Reserved	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x39 (0x59) 0x38 (0x58)	Reserved Reserved	_	_		_	-	-	-	-	
0x38 (0x58) 0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	_	RWWSB	-	CTPB	– RFLB	– PGWRT	PGERS	- SELFPRGEN	186
0x36 (0x56)	Reserved	_	TIWWOD		0110	-	-	-	-	100
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	-	BODS	BODSE	PUD	-	-	-	-	40, 77
0x34 (0x54)	MCUSR	-	-	-	-	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	49
0x33 (0x53)	SMCR	-	-	-	-	-	SM1	SM0	SE	39
0x32 (0x52)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x31 (0x51)	DWDR				debugWire [	Data Register				182
0x30 (0x50)	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	162
0x2F (0x4F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x2E (0x4E)	SPDR	05:-				a Register			0.00	128
0x2D (0x4D)	SPSR	SPIF	WCOL	-	-	-	-	-	SPI2X	127
0x2C (0x4C) 0x2B (0x4B)	SPCR GPIOR2	SPIE	SPE	DORD	MSTR Conoral Purpor	CPOL	CPHA	SPR1	SPR0	126
0x2B (0x4B) 0x2A (0x4A)	GPIOR2 GPIOR1					se I/O Register 2 se I/O Register 1				27 27
0x2A (0x4A) 0x29 (0x49)	Reserved	_	_	_	General Purpos		-	_	-	21
0x28 (0x48)	OCR0B				mer/Counter0 Outp	ut Compare Regis				87
0x27 (0x47)	OCR0A	1			mer/Counter0 Outp					86
0x26 (0x46)	TCNT0					inter0 (8-bit)				86
0x25 (0x45)	TCCR0A	-	-	_	_	СТСО	CS02	CS01	CS00	85
	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x24 (0x44)	GTCCR	TSM	-	-	-	-	-	-	PSRSYNC	118
· · ·	GIUUN		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x24 (0x44)	Reserved	-								25
0x24 (0x44) 0x23 (0x43) 0x22 (0x42) 0x21 (0x41)	Reserved EEARL	-	_	•	EEPROM Address		te			
0x24 (0x44) 0x23 (0x43) 0x22 (0x42) 0x21 (0x41) 0x20 (0x40)	Reserved EEARL EEDR		1		EEPROM D	ata Register				25
0x24 (0x44) 0x23 (0x43) 0x22 (0x42) 0x21 (0x41) 0x20 (0x40) 0x1F (0x3F)	Reserved EEARL EEDR EECR	-	-	EEPM1	EEPROM D	eta Register EERIE	EEMPE	EEPE	EERE	25 25
0x24 (0x44) 0x23 (0x43) 0x22 (0x42) 0x21 (0x41) 0x20 (0x40) 0x1F (0x3F) 0x1E (0x3E)	Reserved EEARL EEDR EECR GPIOR0				EEPROM D EEPM0 General Purpos	Data Register EERIE se I/O Register 0	EEMPE	1		25 25 27
0x24 (0x44) 0x23 (0x43) 0x22 (0x42) 0x21 (0x41) 0x20 (0x40) 0x1F (0x3F)	Reserved EEARL EEDR EECR		1	EEPM1	EEPROM D	eta Register EERIE		EEPE INT1 INTF1	EERE INT0 INTF0	25 25

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x1A (0x3A)	Reserved	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	
0x19 (0x39)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x18 (0x38)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x17 (0x37)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x16 (0x36)	TIFR1	-	-	ICF1	-	-	OCF1B	OCF1A	TOV1	115
0x15 (0x35)	TIFR0	-	-	-	-	-	OCF0B	OCF0A	TOV0	87
0x14 (0x34)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x13 (0x33)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x12 (0x32)	PORTCR	BBMD	BBMC	BBMB	BBMA	PUDD	PUDC	PUDB	PUDA	77
0x11 (0x31)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x10 (0x30)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x0F (0x2F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x0E (0x2E)	PORTA	-	-	-	-	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	78
0x0D (0x2D)	DDRA	-	-	-	-	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	78
0x0C (0x2C)	PINA	-	-	-	-	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	78
0x0B (0x2B)	PORTD	PORTD7	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	79
0x0A (0x2A)	DDRD	DDD7	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	79
0x09 (0x29)	PIND	PIND7	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	79
0x08 (0x28)	PORTC	PORTC7	PORTC6	PORTC5	PORTC4	PORTC3	PORTC2	PORTC1	PORTC0	78
0x07 (0x27)	DDRC	DDC7	DDC6	DDC5	DDC4	DDC3	DDC2	DDC1	DDC0	78
0x06 (0x26)	PINC	PINC7	PINC6	PINC5	PINC4	PINC3	PINC2	PINC1	PINC0	79
0x05 (0x25)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	78
0x04 (0x24)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	78
0x03 (0x23)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	78
0x02 (0x22)	Reserved	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	
0x01 (0x21)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x00 (0x20)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Note: 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.

2. I/O Registers within the address range 0x00 – 0x1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.

- Some of the Status Flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that, unlike most other AVRs, the CBI and SBI instructions will only operate on the specified bit, and can therefore be used on registers containing such Status Flags. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.
- 4. When using the I/O specific commands IN and OUT, the I/O addresses 0x00 0x3F must be used. When addressing I/O Registers as data space using LD and ST instructions, 0x20 must be added to these addresses. The ATtiny48/88 is a complex microcontroller with more peripheral units than can be supported within the 64 location reserved in Opcode for the IN and OUT instructions. For the Extended I/O space from 0x60 0xFF in SRAM, only the ST/STS/STD and LD/LDS/LDD instructions can be used.





# 5. Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND L	OGIC INSTRUCTIONS	3			. <u>.</u>
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl,K	Add Immediate to Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl + K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	Rd ← Rd - Rr	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \gets Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	Rdl,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl - K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \gets Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	Rd ← Rd v Rr	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \gets Rd \lor K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \gets Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0x00 - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \lor K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	Rd ← 0xFF	None	1
BRANCH INSTRUC		Connegictor		110110	ė i
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
IJMP	ĸ	Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	2
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3
ICALL	ĸ	Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	3
RET		Subroutine Return	PC ← STACK	None	4
RETI			$PC \leftarrow STACK$ $PC \leftarrow STACK$	None	4
CPSE		Interrupt Return		Nene	1/2/3
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$ Rd – Rr	None Z, N,V,C,H	1/2/3
	Rd,Rr	Compare			
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC $\leftarrow$ PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(\text{Rr}(b)=1) \text{PC} \leftarrow \text{PC} + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if $(P(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if $(SREG(s) = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC+k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if $(SREG(s) = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC+k + 1$	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1)$ then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if (N = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if (N = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N $\oplus$ V= 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if (N $\oplus$ V= 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if (H = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if (H = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if $(T = 1)$ then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if $(T = 0)$ then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if (V = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BIT AND BIT-TEST					
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	$I/O(P,b) \leftarrow 0$	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
	r iu		$(u(i) \leftarrow (u(i) + i), (u(i) \leftarrow 0)$	2,0,IN,V	<u> </u>
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	$Rd(0) \leftarrow C, Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), C \leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z,C,N,V	1

# ATtiny48/88

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=06$	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(30)←Rd(74),Rd(74)←Rd(30)	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 1$	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	$T \leftarrow Rr(b)$	Т	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	$Rd(b) \leftarrow T$	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	С	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	С	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	Ν	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	← 1	1	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	I ← 0	1	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	Т	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	т	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	Н	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	Н	1
DATA TRANSFER I	NSTRUCTIONS			-	
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rr$	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	$Rd+1:Rd \leftarrow Rr+1:Rr$	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1, Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y),  Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1, Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LDD	Rd,Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1, Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	$Rd \leftarrow (k)$	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	$(X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(X) \leftarrow \operatorname{Rr}, X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
ST	- X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1, (X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
ST	- Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1, (Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Y+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Y + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1, (Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Z+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Z + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	$(k) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	$R0 \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	3
SPM		Store Program Memory	(Z) ← R1:R0	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	Rd ← P	None	1
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	$P \leftarrow Rr$	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack		None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2
MCU CONTROL INS			1		
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A





# 6. Ordering Information

## 6.1 ATtiny48

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(1)</sup>	Package <sup>(2)</sup>	Operational Range
12	1.8 – 5.5V	ATtiny48-MMU ATtiny48-MMUR ATtiny48-MMH ATtiny48-PU ATtiny48-AU ATtiny48-AU ATtiny48-AUR ATtiny48-CCU ATtiny48-CCUR ATtiny48-MU ATtiny48-MU	28M1 28M1 28M1 28P3 32A 32A 32CC1 32CC1 32CC1 32M1-A 32M1-A	Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) <sup>(3)</sup>

Notes: 1. Code indicators:

- H: NiPdAu lead finish
- U: matte tin
- R: tape & reel
- 2. All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).
- 3. These devices can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

	Package Type
28M1	28-pad, 4 x 4 x 1.0 body, Lead Pitch 0.45 mm, Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)
28P3	28-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
32A	32-lead, Thin (1.0 mm) Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
32CC1	32-ball (6 x 6 Array), 0.50 mm Pitch, 4 x 4 x 0.6 mm, Ultra Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (UFBGA)
32M1-A	32-pad, 5 x 5 x 1.0 body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm, Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)

# 14 ATtiny48/88

## 6.2 ATtiny88

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code <sup>(1)</sup>	Package <sup>(2)</sup>	Operational Range
12	1.8 – 5.5V	ATtiny88-MMU ATtiny88-MMUR ATtiny88-MMH ATtiny88-PU ATtiny88-PU ATtiny88-AU ATtiny88-AUR ATtiny88-AUR ATtiny88-CCU ATtiny88-CCUR ATtiny88-MU ATtiny88-MUR	28M1 28M1 28M1 28M1 28P3 32A 32A 32CC1 32CC1 32CC1 32M1-A 32M1-A	Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) <sup>(3)</sup>

Notes: 1. Code indicators:

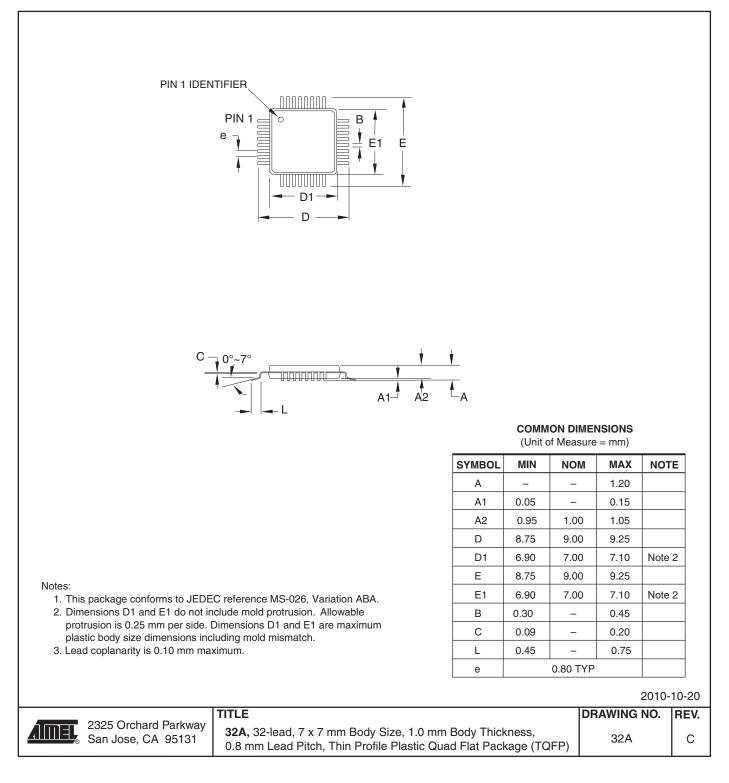
- H: NiPdAu lead finish
- U: matte tin
- R: tape & reel
- 2. All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).
- 3. These devices can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

	Package Type
28M1	28-pad, 4 x 4 x 1.0 body, Lead Pitch 0.45 mm, Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)
28P3	28-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
32A	32-lead, Thin (1.0 mm) Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
32CC1	32-ball (6 x 6 Array), 0.50 mm Pitch, 4 x 4 x 0.6 mm, Ultra Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (UFBGA)
32M1-A	32-pad, 5 x 5 x 1.0 body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm, Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)

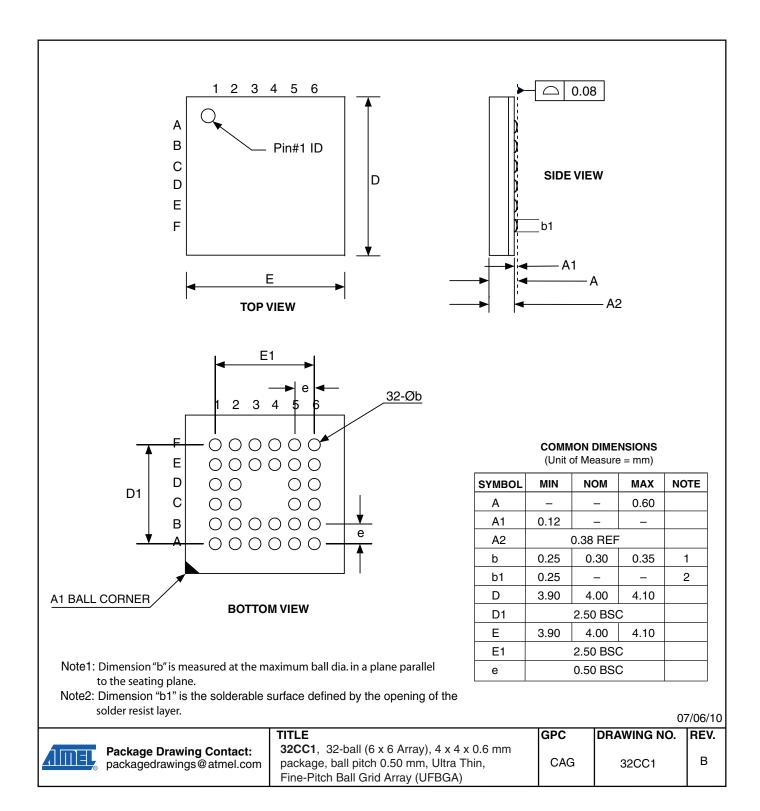




## 7.3 32A



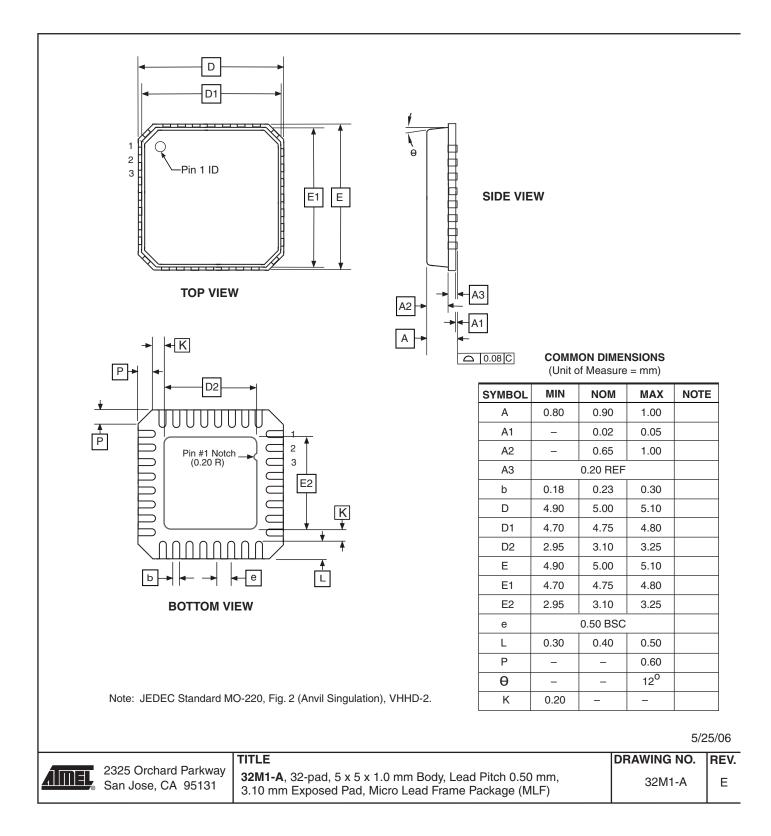
7.4 32CC1







## 7.5 32M1-A



# 8. Errata

- 8.1 ATtiny48
- 8.1.1 Rev. C No known errata.
- 8.1.2 Rev. B Not sampled.
- 8.1.3 Rev. A Not sampled.





## 8.2 ATtiny88

- 8.2.1 Rev. C No known errata.
- 8.2.2 Rev. B No known errata.
- 8.2.3 Rev. A Not sampled.

# 9. Datasheet Revision History

## 9.1 Rev. 8008H - 04/11

- 1. Updated:
  - "Ordering Information" on page 283, added tape & reel code -MMUR

## 9.2 Rev. 8008G - 04/11

- 1. Updated:
  - "Block Diagram" on page 5
  - "Memories" on page 17
  - "Clock System" on page 28
  - "Lock Bits, Fuse Bits and Device Signature" on page 188
  - "External Programming" on page 191
  - "Speed" on page 208
  - "Two-Wire Serial Interface Characteristics" on page 212
- 2. Added:
  - "Capacitive Touch Sensing" on page 7
  - "Register Description" on page 15
  - "Overview" on page 129
  - "Compatibility with SMBus" on page 156
- 3. Changed document status from "Preliminary" to "Final".

### 9.3 Rev. 8008F - 06/10

- 1. Updated notes 1 and 10 in table in Section 22.2 "DC Characteristics" on page 206.
- 2. Updated package drawing in Section 27.4 "32CC1" on page 288.
- 3. Updated bit syntax throughout the datasheet, e.g. from CS02:0 to CS0[2:0].

### 9.4 Rev. 8008E - 05/10

- 1. Section 24. "Register Summary" on page 277, added SPH at address 0x3E.
- 2. Section 27.1 "28M1" on page 285 updated with correct package drawing.

### 9.5 Rev. 8008D - 03/10

- 1. Separated Typical Characteristic plots, added Section 23.2 "ATtiny88" on page 248.
- 2. Updated:
  - Section 1.1 "Pin Descriptions" on page 3, Port D, adjusted texts 'sink and source' and 'high sink'.
  - Table 6-3 on page 28 adjusted, to fix TBD.
  - Section 6.2.3 "Internal 128 kHz Oscillator" on page 31 adjusted, to fix TBD.
  - Section 8.4 "Watchdog Timer" on page 46, updated.
  - Section 22.2 "DC Characteristics" on page 206, updated TBD in notes 5 and 8.
- 3. Added:





- UFBGA package (32CC1) in, "Features" on page 1, "Pin Configurations" on page 2, Section 26. "Ordering Information" on page 283, and Section 27. "Packaging Information" on page 285
- Addresses in all Register Desc. tables, with cross-references to Register Summary
- Tape and reel in Section 26. "Ordering Information" on page 283

### 9.6 Rev. 8008C - 03/09

- 1. Updated sections:
  - "Features" on page 1
  - "Reset and Interrupt Handling" on page 12
  - "EECR EEPROM Control Register" on page 25
  - "Features" on page 129
  - "Bit Rate Generator Unit" on page 135
  - "TWBR TWI Bit Rate Register" on page 156
  - "TWHSR TWI High Speed Register" on page 160
  - "Analog Comparator" on page 161
  - "Overview" on page 164
  - "Operation" on page 165
  - "Starting a Conversion" on page 166
  - "Programming the Lock Bits" on page 199
  - "Absolute Maximum Ratings\*" on page 206
  - "DC Characteristics" on page 206
  - "Speed" on page 208
  - "Register Summary" on page 277
- 2. Added sections
  - "High-Speed Two-Wire Interface Clock  $clk_{TWIHS}$ " on page 29
  - "Analog Comparator Characteristics" on page 210
- 3. Updated Figure 6-1 on page 28.
- 4. Updated order codes on page 283 and page 284 to reflect changes in leadframe composition.

## 9.7 Rev. 8008B - 06/08

- 1. Updated introduction of "I/O-Ports" on page 60.
- 2. Updated "DC Characteristics" on page 206.
- 3. Added "Typical Characteristics" on page 219.

### 9.8 Rev. 8008A - 06/08

1. Initial revision.

# <sup>24</sup> **ATtiny48/88**

