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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	64MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, MMC, SPI, SSC, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.62V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-LQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atsam3s1aa-aur

Figure 2-3. SAM3S 48-pin Version Block Diagram

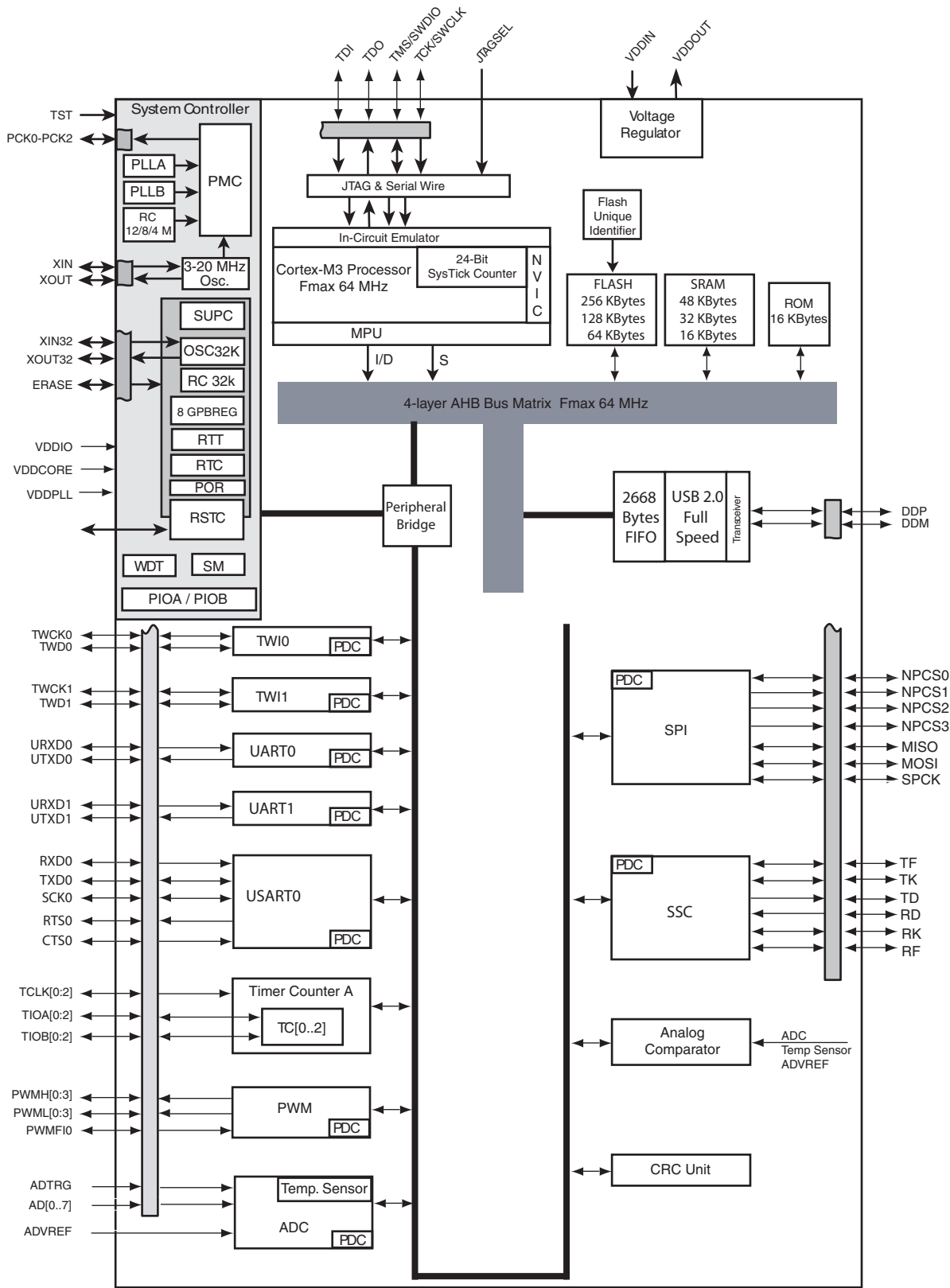


Table 3-1. Signal Description List (Continued)

Signal Name	Function	Type	Active Level	Voltage reference	Comments
Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter - UARTx					
URXDx	UART Receive Data	Input			
UTXDx	UART Transmit Data	Output			
PIO Controller - PIOA - PIOB - PIOC					
PA0 - PA31	Parallel IO Controller A	I/O		VDDIO	Reset State: - PIO or System IOs ⁽²⁾ - Internal pull-up enabled - Schmitt Trigger enabled ⁽¹⁾
PB0 - PB14	Parallel IO Controller B	I/O			
PC0 - PC31	Parallel IO Controller C	I/O			
PIO Controller - Parallel Capture Mode (PIOA Only)					
PIODC0-PIODC7	Parallel Capture Mode Data	Input		VDDIO	
PIODCCLK	Parallel Capture Mode Clock	Input			
PIODCEN1-2	Parallel Capture Mode Enable	Input			
External Bus Interface					
D0 - D7	Data Bus	I/O			
A0 - A23	Address Bus	Output			
NWAIT	External Wait Signal	Input	Low		
Static Memory Controller - SMC					
NCS0 - NCS3	Chip Select Lines	Output	Low		
NRD	Read Signal	Output	Low		
NWE	Write Enable	Output	Low		
NAND Flash Logic					
NANDOE	NAND Flash Output Enable	Output	Low		
NANDWE	NAND Flash Write Enable	Output	Low		
High Speed Multimedia Card Interface - HSMCI					
MCCK	Multimedia Card Clock	I/O			
MCCDA	Multimedia Card Slot A Command	I/O			
MCDA0 - MCDA3	Multimedia Card Slot A Data	I/O			
Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter USARTx					
SCKx	USARTx Serial Clock	I/O			
TXDx	USARTx Transmit Data	I/O			
RXDx	USARTx Receive Data	Input			
RTSx	USARTx Request To Send	Output			
CTSx	USARTx Clear To Send	Input			
DTR1	USART1 Data Terminal Ready	I/O			
DSR1	USART1 Data Set Ready	Input			
DCD1	USART1 Data Carrier Detect	Input			
RI1	USART1 Ring Indicator	Input			

4.1.3 100-Lead LQFP Pinout

Table 4-1. 100-lead LQFP SAM3S4/2/1C Pinout

1	ADVREF	26	GND	51	TDI/PB4	76	TDO/TRACESWO/PB5
2	GND	27	VDDIO	52	PA6/PGMNOE	77	JTAGSEL
3	PB0/AD4	28	PA16/PGMD4	53	PA5/PGMRDY	78	PC18
4	PC29/AD13	29	PC7	54	PC28	79	TMS/SWDIO/PB6
5	PB1/AD5	30	PA15/PGMD3	55	PA4/PGMNCMD	80	PC19
6	PC30/AD14	31	PA14/PGMD2	56	VDDCORE	81	PA31
7	PB2/AD6	32	PC6	57	PA27/PGMD15	82	PC20
8	PC31	33	PA13/PGMD1	58	PC8	83	TCK/SWCLK/PB7
9	PB3/AD7	34	PA24/PGMD12	59	PA28	84	PC21
10	VDDIN	35	PC5	60	NRST	85	VDDCORE
11	VDDOUT	36	VDDCORE	61	TST	86	PC22
12	PA17/PGMD5/AD0	37	PC4	62	PC9	87	ERASE/PB12
13	PC26	38	PA25/PGMD13	63	PA29	88	DDM/PB10
14	PA18/PGMD6/AD1	39	PA26/PGMD14	64	PA30	89	DDP/PB11
15	PA21/PGMD9/AD8	40	PC3	65	PC10	90	PC23
16	VDDCORE	41	PA12/PGMD0	66	PA3	91	VDDIO
17	PC27	42	PA11/PGMM3	67	PA2/PGMEN2	92	PC24
18	PA19/PGMD7/AD2	43	PC2	68	PC11	93	PB13/DAC0
19	PC15/AD11	44	PA10/PGMM2	69	VDDIO	94	PC25
20	PA22/PGMD10/AD9	45	GND	70	GND	95	GND
21	PC13/AD10	46	PA9/PGMM1	71	PC14	96	PB8/XOUT
22	PA23/PGMD1	47	PC1	72	PA1/PGMEN1	97	PB9/PGMCK/XIN
23	PC12/AD12	48	PA8/XOUT32/ PGMM0	73	PC16	98	VDDIO
24	PA20/PGMD8/AD3	49	PA7/XIN32/ PGMINVALID	74	PA0/PGMEN0	99	PB14/DAC1
25	PC0	50	VDDIO	75	PC17	100	VDDPLL

4.3.1 48-Lead LQFP and QFN Pinout

Table 4-4. 48-pin SAM3S4/2/1A Pinout

1	ADVREF	13	VDDIO	25	TDI/PB4	37	TDO/TRACESWO/ PB5
2	GND	14	PA16/PGMD4	26	PA6/PGMNOE	38	JTAGSEL
3	PB0/AD4	15	PA15/PGMD3	27	PA5/PGMRDY	39	TMS/SWDIO/PB6
4	PB1/AD5	16	PA14/PGMD2	28	PA4/PGMNCMD	40	TCK/SWCLK/PB7
5	PB2/AD6	17	PA13/PGMD1	29	NRST	41	VDDCORE
6	PB3/AD7	18	VDDCORE	30	TST	42	ERASE/PB12
7	VDDIN	19	PA12/PGMD0	31	PA3	43	DDM/PB10
8	VDDOUT	20	PA11/PGMM3	32	PA2/PGMEN2	44	DDP/PB11
9	PA17/PGMD5/ AD0	21	PA10/PGMM2	33	VDDIO	45	XOUT/PB8
10	PA18/PGMD6/ AD1	22	PA9/PGMM1	34	GND	46	XIN/PB9/PGMCK
11	PA19/PGMD7/ AD2	23	PA8/XOUT32/ PGMM0	35	PA1/PGMEN1	47	VDDIO
12	PA20/AD3	24	PA7/XIN32/ PGMNVALID	36	PA0/PGMEN0	48	VDDPLL

Note: The bottom pad of the QFN package must be connected to ground.

5. Power Considerations

5.1 Power Supplies

The SAM3S product has several types of power supply pins:

- VDDCORE pins: Power the core, the embedded memories and the peripherals; voltage ranges from 1.62V and 1.95V.
- VDDIO pins: Power the Peripherals I/O lines (Input/Output Buffers); USB transceiver; Backup part, 32kHz crystal oscillator and oscillator pads; ranges from 1.62V and 3.6V
- VDDIN pin: Voltage Regulator Input, ADC, DAC and Analog Comparator Power Supply; Voltage ranges from 1.8V to 3.6V
- VDDPLL pin: Powers the PLLA, PLLB, the Fast RC and the 3 to 20 MHz oscillator; voltage ranges from 1.62V and 1.95V.

5.2 Voltage Regulator

The SAM3S embeds a voltage regulator that is managed by the Supply Controller.

This internal regulator is intended to supply the internal core of SAM3S. It features two different operating modes:

- In Normal mode, the voltage regulator consumes less than 700 μ A static current and draws 80 mA of output current. Internal adaptive biasing adjusts the regulator quiescent current depending on the required load current. In Wait Mode quiescent current is only 7 μ A.
- In Backup mode, the voltage regulator consumes less than 1 μ A while its output (VDDOUT) is driven internally to GND. The default output voltage is 1.80V and the start-up time to reach Normal mode is inferior to 100 μ s.

For adequate input and output power supply decoupling/bypassing, refer to the Voltage Regulator section in the Electrical Characteristics section of the datasheet.

5.3 Typical Powering Schematics

The SAM3S supports a 1.62V-3.6V single supply mode. The internal regulator input connected to the source and its output feeds VDDCORE. [Figure 5-1](#) shows the power schematics.

As VDDIN powers the voltage regulator, the ADC/DAC and the analog comparator, when the user does not want to use the embedded voltage regulator, it can be disabled by software via the SUPC (note that it is different from Backup mode).

6. Input/Output Lines

The SAM3S has several kinds of input/output (I/O) lines such as general purpose I/Os (GPIO) and system I/Os. GPIOs can have alternate functionality due to multiplexing capabilities of the PIO controllers. The same PIO line can be used whether in IO mode or by the multiplexed peripheral. System I/Os include pins such as test pins, oscillators, erase or analog inputs.

6.1 General Purpose I/O Lines

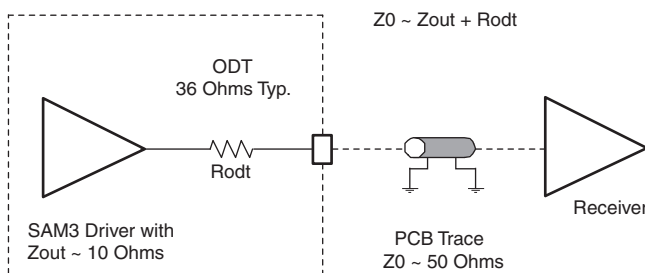
GPIO Lines are managed by PIO Controllers. All I/Os have several input or output modes such as pull-up or pull-down, input Schmitt triggers, multi-drive (open-drain), glitch filters, debouncing or input change interrupt. Programming of these modes is performed independently for each I/O line through the PIO controller user interface. For more details, refer to the product PIO controller section.

The input output buffers of the PIO lines are supplied through VDDIO power supply rail.

The SAM3S embeds high speed pads able to handle up to 32 MHz for HSMCI (MCK/2), 45 MHz for SPI clock lines and 35 MHz on other lines. See AC Characteristics Section in the Electrical Characteristics Section of the datasheet for more details. Typical pull-up and pull-down value is 100 k Ω for all I/Os.

Each I/O line also embeds an ODT (On-Die Termination), see [Figure 6-1](#). It consists of an internal series resistor termination scheme for impedance matching between the driver output (SAM3S) and the PCB trace impedance preventing signal reflection. The series resistor helps to reduce IOs switching current (di/dt) thereby reducing in turn, EMI. It also decreases overshoot and undershoot (ringing) due to inductance of interconnect between devices or between boards. In conclusion ODT helps diminish signal integrity issues.

Figure 6-1. On-Die Termination



6.2 System I/O Lines

System I/O lines are pins used by oscillators, test mode, reset and JTAG to name but a few. Described below are the SAM3S system I/O lines shared with PIO lines:

These pins are software configurable as general purpose I/O or system pins. At startup the default function of these pins is always used.

7. Processor and Architecture

7.1 ARM Cortex-M3 Processor

- Version 2.0
- Thumb-2 (ISA) subset consisting of all base Thumb-2 instructions, 16-bit and 32-bit
- Harvard processor architecture enabling simultaneous instruction fetch with data load/store
- Three-stage pipeline
- Single cycle 32-bit multiply
- Hardware divide
- Thumb and Debug states
- Handler and Thread modes
- Low latency ISR entry and exit

7.2 APB/AHB bridge

The SAM3S product embeds one peripheral bridge:

The peripherals of the bridge are clocked by MCK.

7.3 Matrix Masters

The Bus Matrix of the SAM3S product manages 4 masters, which means that each master can perform an access concurrently with others, to an available slave.

Each master has its own decoder, which is defined specifically for each master. In order to simplify the addressing, all the masters have the same decodings.

Table 7-1. List of Bus Matrix Masters

Master 0	Cortex-M3 Instruction/Data
Master 1	Cortex-M3 System
Master 2	Peripheral DMA Controller (PDC)
Master 3	CRC Calculation Unit

7.4 Matrix Slaves

The Bus Matrix of the SAM3S product manages 5 slaves. Each slave has its own arbiter, allowing a different arbitration per slave.

Table 7-2. List of Bus Matrix Slaves

Slave 0	Internal SRAM
Slave 1	Internal ROM
Slave 2	Internal Flash
Slave 3	External Bus Interface
Slave 4	Peripheral Bridge

9. Memories

9.1 Embedded Memories

9.1.1 Internal SRAM

The ATSAM3S4 product (256-Kbyte internal Flash version) embeds a total of 48 Kbytes high-speed SRAM.

The ATSAM3S2 product (128-Kbyte internal Flash version) embeds a total of 32 Kbytes high-speed SRAM.

The ATSAM3S1 product (64-Kbyte internal Flash version) embeds a total of 16 Kbytes high-speed SRAM.

The SRAM is accessible over System Cortex-M3 bus at address 0x2000 0000.

The SRAM is in the bit band region. The bit band alias region is mapped from 0x2200 0000 to 0x23FF FFFF.

9.1.2 Internal ROM

The SAM3S product embeds an Internal ROM, which contains the SAM Boot Assistant (SAM-BA), In Application Programming routines (IAP) and Fast Flash Programming Interface (FFPI).

At any time, the ROM is mapped at address 0x0080 0000.

9.1.3 Embedded Flash

9.1.3.1 Flash Overview

The Flash of the ATSAM3S4 (256-Kbytes internal Flash version) is organized in one bank of 1024 pages (Single plane) of 256 bytes.

The Flash of the ATSAM3S2 (128-Kbytes internal Flash version) is organized in one bank of 512 pages (Single plane) of 256 bytes.

The Flash of the ATSAM3S1 (64-Kbytes internal Flash version) is organized in one bank of 256 pages (Single plane) of 256 bytes.

The Flash contains a 128-byte write buffer, accessible through a 32-bit interface.

9.1.3.2 Flash Power Supply

The Flash is supplied by VDDCORE.

9.1.3.3 Enhanced Embedded Flash Controller

The Enhanced Embedded Flash Controller (EEFC) manages accesses performed by the masters of the system. It enables reading the Flash and writing the write buffer. It also contains a User Interface, mapped on the APB.

The Enhanced Embedded Flash Controller ensures the interface of the Flash block with the 32-bit internal bus. Its 128-bit wide memory interface increases performance.

The user can choose between high performance or lower current consumption by selecting either 128-bit or 64-bit access. It also manages the programming, erasing, locking and unlocking sequences of the Flash using a full set of commands.

One of the commands returns the embedded Flash descriptor definition that informs the system about the Flash organization, thus making the software generic.

9.1.3.4 Flash Speed

The user needs to set the number of wait states depending on the frequency used.

For more details, refer to the AC Characteristics sub section in the product Electrical Characteristics Section.

9.1.3.5 Lock Regions

Several lock bits used to protect write and erase operations on lock regions. A lock region is composed of several consecutive pages, and each lock region has its associated lock bit.

Table 9-1. Number of Lock Bits

Product	Number of Lock Bits	Lock Region Size
ATSAM3S4	16	16 kbytes (64 pages)
ATSAM3S2	8	16 kbytes (64 pages)
ATSAM3S1	4	16 kbytes (64 pages)

If a locked-region's erase or program command occurs, the command is aborted and the EEFC triggers an interrupt.

The lock bits are software programmable through the EEFC User Interface. The command "Set Lock Bit" enables the protection. The command "Clear Lock Bit" unlocks the lock region.

Asserting the ERASE pin clears the lock bits, thus unlocking the entire Flash.

9.1.3.6 Security Bit Feature

The SAM3S features a security bit, based on a specific General Purpose NVM bit (GPNVM bit 0). When the security is enabled, any access to the Flash, SRAM, Core Registers and Internal Peripherals either through the ICE interface or through the Fast Flash Programming Interface, is forbidden. This ensures the confidentiality of the code programmed in the Flash.

This security bit can only be enabled, through the command "Set General Purpose NVM Bit 0" of the EEFC User Interface. Disabling the security bit can only be achieved by asserting the ERASE pin at 1, and after a full Flash erase is performed. When the security bit is deactivated, all accesses to the Flash, SRAM, Core registers, Internal Peripherals are permitted.

It is important to note that the assertion of the ERASE pin should always be longer than 200 ms.

As the ERASE pin integrates a permanent pull-down, it can be left unconnected during normal operation. However, it is safer to connect it directly to GND for the final application.

9.1.3.7 Calibration Bits

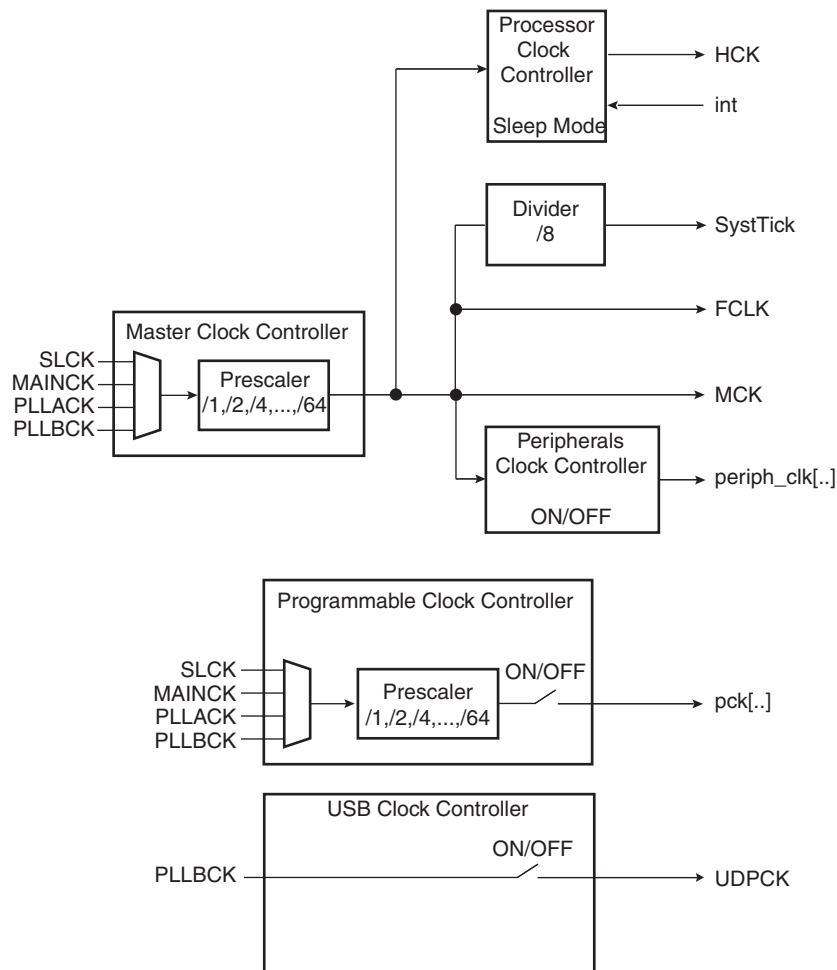
NVM bits are used to calibrate the brownout detector and the voltage regulator. These bits are factory configured and cannot be changed by the user. The ERASE pin has no effect on the calibration bits.

9.1.3.8 Unique Identifier

Each device integrates its own 128-bit unique identifier. These bits are factory configured and cannot be changed by the user. The ERASE pin has no effect on the unique identifier.

- Asynchronous read in Page Mode supported (4- up to 32-byte page size)
- Multiple device adaptability
 - Control signals programmable setup, pulse and hold time for each Memory Bank
- Multiple Wait State Management
 - Programmable Wait State Generation
 - External Wait Request
 - Programmable Data Float Time
- Slow Clock mode supported
- Additional Logic for NAND Flash

Figure 10-3. SAM3S Power Management Controller Block Diagram



The SystTick calibration value is fixed at 8000 which allows the generation of a time base of 1 ms with SystTick clock at 8 MHz (max HCLK/8 = 64 MHz/8).

10.7 Watchdog Timer

- 16-bit key-protected only-once-Programmable Counter
- Windowed, prevents the processor to be in a dead-lock on the watchdog access.

10.8 SysTick Timer

- 24-bit down counter
- Self-reload capability
- Flexible System timer

10.9 Real Time Timer

- Real Time Timer, allowing backup of time with different accuracies
 - 32-bit free-running back-up counter
 - Integrates a 16-bit programmable prescaler running on slow clock

11.2 Peripheral Signal Multiplexing on I/O Lines

The SAM3S product features 2 PIO controllers on 48-pin and 64-pin versions (PIOA, PIOB) or 3 PIO controllers on the 100-pin version, (PIOA, PIOB, PIOC), that multiplex the I/O lines of the peripheral set.

The SAM3S 64-pin and 100-pin PIO Controllers control up to 32 lines. (See, [Table 10-2](#).) Each line can be assigned to one of three peripheral functions: A, B or C. The multiplexing tables in the following pages define how the I/O lines of the peripherals A, B and C are multiplexed on the PIO Controllers. The column “Comments” has been inserted in this table for the user’s own comments; it may be used to track how pins are defined in an application.

Note that some peripheral functions which are output only, might be duplicated within the tables.

11.2.2 PIO Controller B Multiplexing

Table 11-3. Multiplexing on PIO Controller B (PIOB)

I/O Line	Peripheral A	Peripheral B	Peripheral C	Extra Function	System Function	Comments
PB0	PWMH0			AD4		
PB1	PWMH1			AD5		
PB2	URXD1	NPCS2		AD6/ WKUP12		
PB3	UTXD1	PCK2		AD7		
PB4	TWD1	PWMH2			TDI	
PB5	TWCK1	PWML0		WKUP13	TDO/TRACESWO	
PB6					TMS/SWDIO	
PB7					TCK/SWCLK	
PB8					XOUT	
PB9					XIN	
PB10					DDM	
PB11					DDP	
PB12	PWML1				ERASE	
PB13	PWML2	PCK0		DAC0		64/100-pin versions
PB14	NPCS1	PWMH3		DAC1		64/100-pin versions

- Interval Measurement
- Pulse Generation
- Delay Timing
- Pulse Width Modulation
- Up/down Capabilities
- Each channel is user-configurable and contains:
 - Three external clock inputs
 - Five internal clock inputs
 - Two multi-purpose input/output signals
- Two global registers that act on all three TC Channels
- Quadrature decoder
 - Advanced line filtering
 - Position / revolution / speed
- 2-bit Gray Up/Down Counter for Stepper Motor

12.7 Pulse Width Modulation Controller (PWM)

- One Four-channel 16-bit PWM Controller, 16-bit counter per channel
- Common clock generator, providing Thirteen Different Clocks
 - A Modulo n counter providing eleven clocks
 - Two independent Linear Dividers working on modulo n counter outputs
 - High Frequency Asynchronous clocking mode
- Independent channel programming
 - Independent Enable Disable Commands
 - Independent Clock Selection
 - Independent Period and Duty Cycle, with Double Buffering
 - Programmable selection of the output waveform polarity
 - Programmable center or left aligned output waveform
 - Independent Output Override for each channel
 - Independent complementary Outputs with 12-bit dead time generator for each channel
 - Independent Enable Disable Commands
 - Independent Clock Selection
 - Independent Period and Duty Cycle, with Double Buffering
- Synchronous Channel mode
 - Synchronous Channels share the same counter
 - Mode to update the synchronous channels registers after a programmable number of periods
- Connection to one PDC channel
 - Offers Buffer transfer without Processor Intervention, to update duty cycle of synchronous channels
- independent event lines which can send up to 4 triggers on ADC within a period

- Programmable Fault Input providing an asynchronous protection of outputs
- Stepper motor control (2 Channels)

12.8 High Speed Multimedia Card Interface (HSMCI)

- 4-bit or 1-bit Interface
- Compatibility with MultiMedia Card Specification Version 4.3
- Compatibility with SD and SDHC Memory Card Specification Version 2.0
- Compatibility with SDIO Specification Version V1.1.
- Compatibility with CE-ATA Specification 1.1
- Cards clock rate up to Master Clock divided by 2
- Boot Operation Mode support
- High Speed mode support
- Embedded power management to slow down clock rate when not used
- HSMCI has one slot supporting
 - One MultiMediaCard bus (up to 30 cards) or
 - One SD Memory Card
 - One SDIO Card
- Support for stream, block and multi-block data read and write

12.9 USB Device Port (UDP)

- USB V2.0 full-speed compliant, 12 Mbits per second.
- Embedded USB V2.0 full-speed transceiver
- Embedded 2688-byte dual-port RAM for endpoints
- Eight endpoints
 - Endpoint 0: 64 bytes
 - Endpoint 1 and 2: 64 bytes ping-pong
 - Endpoint 3: 64 bytes
 - Endpoint 4 and 5: 512 bytes ping-pong
 - Endpoint 6 and 7: 64 bytes ping-pong
 - Ping-pong Mode (two memory banks) for Isochronous and bulk endpoints
- Suspend/resume logic
- Integrated Pull-up on DDP
- Pull-down resistor on DDM and DDP when disabled

12.10 Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)

- up to 16 Channels,
- 10/12-bit resolution
- up to 1 MSample/s
- programmable sequence of conversion on each channel
- Integrated temperature sensor
- Single ended/differential conversion

- output selection:
 - Internal signal
 - external pin
 - selectable inverter
- Interrupt on:
 - Rising edge, Falling edge, toggle

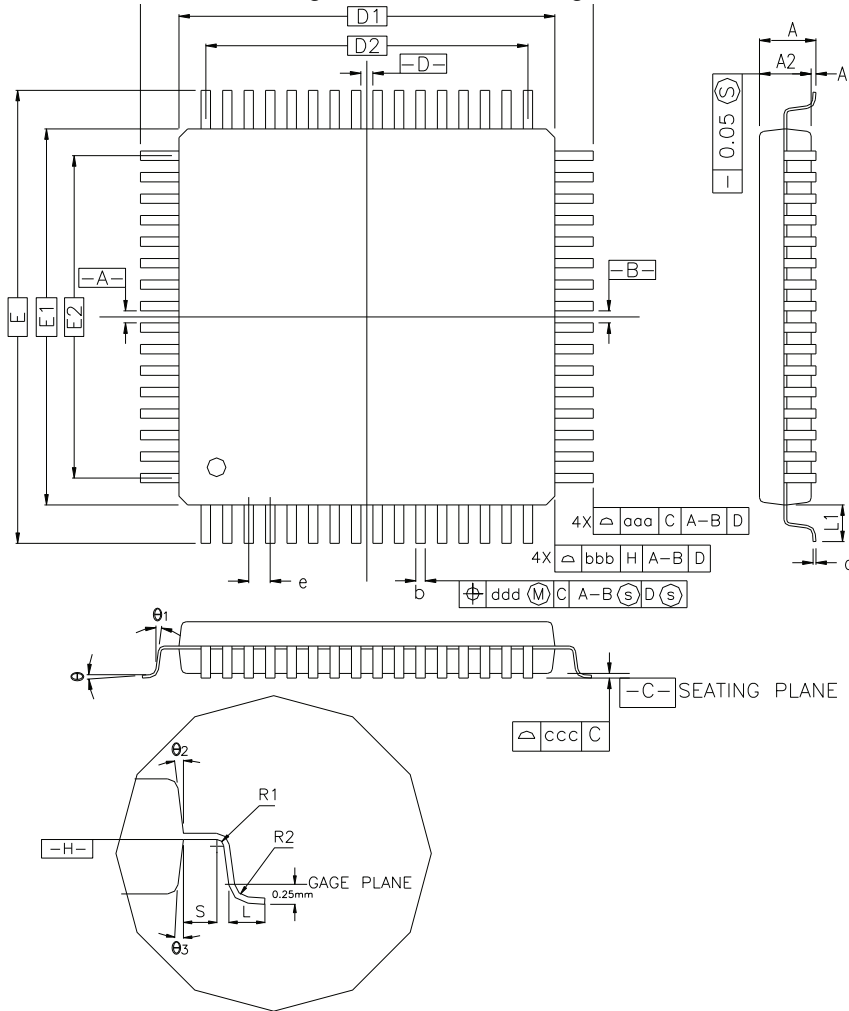
12.14 Cyclic Redundancy Check Calculation Unit (CRCCU)

- 32-bit cyclic redundancy check automatic calculation
- CRC calculation between two addresses of the memory

13. Package Drawings

The SAM3S series devices are available in LQFP, QFN and LFBGA packages.

Figure 13-1. 100-lead LQFP Package Mechanical Drawing

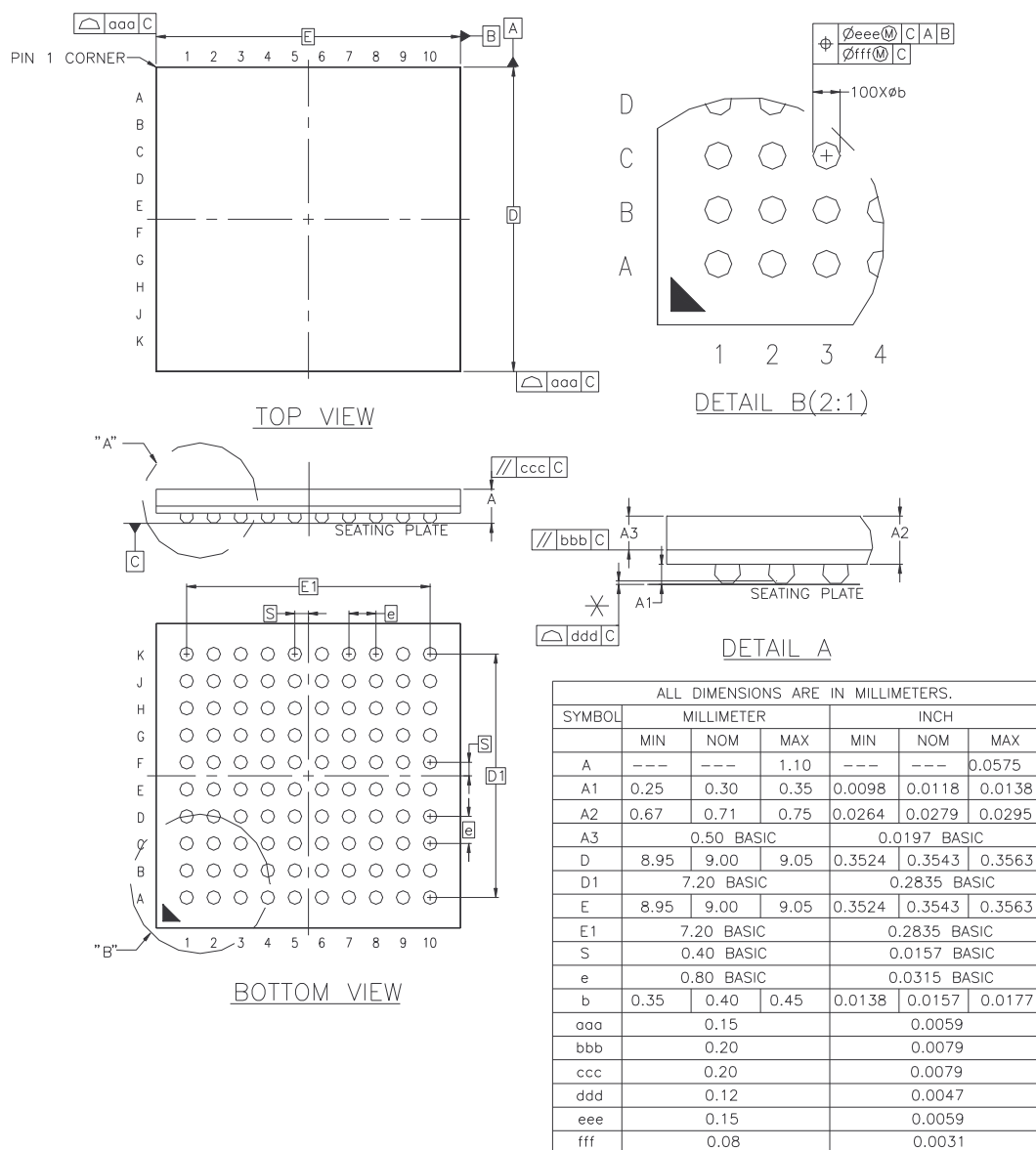


CONTROL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

SYMBOL	MILLIMETER			INCH		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	—	—	1.60	—	—	0.063
A1	0.05	—	0.15	0.002	—	0.006
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45	0.053	0.055	0.057
D	16.00 BSC.			0.630 BSC.		
D1	14.00 BSC.			0.551 BSC.		
E	16.00 BSC.			0.630 BSC.		
E1	14.00 BSC.			0.551 BSC.		
R2	0.08	—	0.20	0.003	—	0.008
R1	0.08	—	—	0.003	—	—
θ	0°	3.5°	7°	0°	3.5°	7°
θ1	0°	—	—	0°	—	—
θ2	11°	12°	13°	11°	12°	13°
θ3	11°	12°	13°	11°	12°	13°
c	0.09	—	0.20	0.004	—	0.008
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030
L1	1.00 REF.			0.039 REF.		
S	0.20	—	—	0.008	—	—
b	0.17	0.20	0.27	0.007	0.008	0.011
e	0.50 BSC.			0.020 BSC.		
D2	12.00			0.472		
E2	12.00			0.472		
TOLERANCES OF FORM AND POSITION						
aaa	0.20			0.008		
bbb	0.20			0.008		
ccc	0.08			0.003		
ddd	0.08			0.003		

Note : 1. This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-026 for additional information.

Figure 13-2. 100-ball LFBGA Package Drawing



14. Ordering Information

Table 14-1. Ordering Codes for SAM3S Devices

Ordering Code	MRL	Flash (Kbytes)	Package (Kbytes)	Package Type	Temperature Operating Range
ATSAM3S4CA-AU	A	256	QFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S4CA-CU	A	256	BGA100	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S4BA-AU	A	256	QFP64	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S4BA-MU	A	256	QFN64	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S4AA-AU	A	256	QFP48	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S4AA-MU	A	256	QFN48	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S2CA-AU	A	128	QFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S2CA-CU	A	128	BGA100	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S2BA-AU	A	128	QFP64	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S2BA-MU	A	128	QFN64	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S2AA-AU	A	128	QFP48	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S2AA-MU	A	128	QFN48	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S1CA-AU	A	64	QFP100	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S1CA-CU	A	64	BGA100	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S1BA-AU	A	64	QFP64	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S1BA-MU	A	64	QFN64	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S1AA-AU	A	64	QFP48	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C
ATSAM3S1AA-MU	A	64	QFN48	Green	Industrial -40°C to 85°C



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