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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx534f064lt-v-pt

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 2: PIC32MX6XX USB AND ETHERNET FEATURES

USB and Ethernet																
Device	Pins	Program Memory (KB)	Data Memory (KB)	USB	Ethernet	Timers/Capture/Compare	DMA Channels (Programmable/Dedicated)	UART ^(2,3)	SPI ⁽³⁾	I ² C ⁽³⁾	10-bit 1 Msps ADC (Channels)	Comparators	PMP/PSP	JTAG	Trace	Packages ⁽⁴⁾
PIC32MX664F064H	64	64 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	32	1	1	5/5/5	4/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX664F128H	64	128 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	32	1	1	5/5/5	4/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX675F256H	64	256 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	64	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX675F512H	64	512 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	64	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX695F512H	64	512 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	128	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX664F064L	100	64 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	32	1	1	5/5/5	4/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG
PIC32MX664F128L	100	128 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	32	1	1	5/5/5	4/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG
PIC32MX675F256L	100	256 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	64	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG
PIC32MX675F512L	100	512 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	64	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG, TL
PIC32MX695F512L	100	512 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	128	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG, TL

Legend: PF, PT = TQFP MR = QFN BG = TFBGA TL = VTLA⁽⁵⁾

Note 1: This device features 12 KB boot Flash memory.

2: CTS and RTS pins may not be available for all UART modules. Refer to the “**Device Pin Tables**” section for more information.

3: Some pins between the UART, SPI and I²C modules may be shared. Refer to the “**Device Pin Tables**” section for more information.

4: Refer to **34.0 “Packaging Information”** for more information.

5: 100-pin devices other than those listed here are available in the VTLA package upon request. Please contact your local Microchip Sales Office for details.

TABLE 7: PIN NAMES FOR 100-PIN USB AND CAN DEVICES (CONTINUED)

100-PIN TQFP (TOP VIEW) PIC32MX534F064L PIC32MX564F064L PIC32MX564F128L PIC32MX575F512L PIC32MX575F256L				100	1
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name		
71	IC4/PMCS1/PMA14/RD11	86	VDD		
72	SDO1/OC1/INT0/RD0	87	C1RX/PMD11/RF0		
73	SOSCI/CN1/RC13	88	C1TX/PMD10/RF1		
74	SOSCO/T1CK/CN0/RC14	89	PMD9/RG1		
75	Vss	90	PMD8/RG0		
76	OC2/RD1	91	TRCLK/RA6		
77	OC3/RD2	92	TRD3/RA7		
78	OC4/RD3	93	PMD0/RE0		
79	IC5/PMD12/RD12	94	PMD1/RE1		
80	PMD13/CN19/RD13	95	TRD2/RG14		
81	OC5/PMWR/CN13/RD4	96	TRD1/RG12		
82	PMRD/CN14/RD5	97	TRD0/RG13		
83	PMD14/CN15/RD6	98	PMD2/RE2		
84	PMD15/CN16/RD7	99	PMD3/RE3		
85	VCAP	100	PMD4/RE4		

Note 1: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 9: PIN NAMES FOR 100-PIN USB, ETHERNET, AND CAN DEVICES

100-PIN TQFP (TOP VIEW)

PIC32MX764F128L
PIC32MX775F256L
PIC32MX775F512L
PIC32MX795F512L

100

1

Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	AERXERR/RG15	36	Vss
2	VDD	37	VDD
3	PMD5/RE5	38	TCK/RA1
4	PMD6/RE6	39	AC1TX/SCK4/U5TX/U2RTS/RF13
5	PMD7/RE7	40	AC1RX/SS4/U5RX/U2CTS/RF12
6	T2CK/RC1	41	AN12/ERXD0/AECRS/PMA11/RB12
7	T3CK/AC2TX ⁽¹⁾ /RC2	42	AN13/ERXD1/AECOL/PMA10/RB13
8	T4CK/AC2RX ⁽¹⁾ /RC3	43	AN14/ERXD2/AETXD3/PMALH/PMA1/RB14
9	T5CK/SD11/RC4	44	AN15/ERXD3/AETXD2/OCFB/PMALL/PMA0/CN12/RB15
10	ECOL/SCK2/U6TX/U3RTS/PMA5/CN8/RG6	45	Vss
11	ECRS/SDA4/SDI2/U3RX/PMA4/CN9/RG7	46	VDD
12	ERXDVI/AERXDV/ECRS/SDV/AECRS/SDV/SCL4/SDO2/U3TX/PMA3/CN10/RG8	47	AETXD0/SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/CN20/RD14
13	MCLR	48	AETXD1/SCK3/U4TX/U1RTS/CN21/RD15
14	ERXCLK/AERXCLK/EREFCLK/AEREFCLK/SS2/U6RX/U3CTS/PMA2/CN11/RG9	49	SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4
15	Vss	50	SCL5/SDO4/U2TX/PMA8/CN18/RF5
16	VDD	51	USBID/RF3
17	TMS/RA0	52	SDA3/SDI3/U1RX/RF2
18	AERXD0/INT1/RE8	53	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/RF8
19	AERXD1/INT2/RE9	54	VBUS
20	AN5/C1IN+/VBUSON/CN7/RB5	55	VUSB3V3
21	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4	56	D-/RG3
22	AN3/C2IN+/CN5/RB3	57	D+/RG2
23	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2	58	SCL2/RA2
24	PGEC1/AN1/CN3/RB1	59	SDA2/RA3
25	PGED1/AN0/CN2/RB0	60	TDI/RA4
26	PGEC2/AN6/OCFA/RB6	61	TDO/RA5
27	PGED2/AN7/RB7	62	VDD
28	VREF-/CVREF-/AERXD2/PMA7/RA9	63	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
29	VREF+/CVREF+/AERXD3/PMA6/RA10	64	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
30	AVDD	65	Vss
31	AVss	66	AETXCLK/SCL1/INT3/RA14
32	AN8/C1OUT/RB8	67	AETXEN/SDA1/INT4/RA15
33	AN9/C2OUT/RB9	68	RTCC/EMDIO/AEMDIO/IC1/RD8
34	AN10/CVREFOUT/PMA13/RB10	69	SS1/IC2/RD9
35	AN11/ERXERR/AETXERR/PMA12/RB11	70	SCK1/IC3/PMCS2/PMA15/RD10

Note 1: This pin is not available on PIC32MX764F128L devices.
2: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 7-1: INTERRUPT IRQ, VECTOR AND BIT LOCATION (CONTINUED)

Interrupt Source ⁽¹⁾	IRQ Number	Vector Number	Interrupt Bit Location			
			Flag	Enable	Priority	Sub-Priority
IC3E – Input Capture 3 Error	63	13	IFS1<31>	IEC1<31>	IPC3<12:10>	IPC3<9:8>
IC4E – Input Capture 4 Error	64	17	IFS2<0>	IEC2<0>	IPC4<12:10>	IPC4<9:8>
IC5E – Input Capture 5 Error	65	21	IFS2<1>	IEC2<1>	IPC5<12:10>	IPC5<9:8>
PMPE – Parallel Master Port Error	66	28	IFS2<2>	IEC2<2>	IPC7<4:2>	IPC7<1:0>
U4E – UART4 Error	67	49	IFS2<3>	IEC2<3>	IPC12<12:10>	IPC12<9:8>
U4RX – UART4 Receiver	68	49	IFS2<4>	IEC2<4>	IPC12<12:10>	IPC12<9:8>
U4TX – UART4 Transmitter	69	49	IFS2<5>	IEC2<5>	IPC12<12:10>	IPC12<9:8>
U6E – UART6 Error	70	50	IFS2<6>	IEC2<6>	IPC12<20:18>	IPC12<17:16>
U6RX – UART6 Receiver	71	50	IFS2<7>	IEC2<7>	IPC12<20:18>	IPC12<17:16>
U6TX – UART6 Transmitter	72	50	IFS2<8>	IEC2<8>	IPC12<20:18>	IPC12<17:16>
U5E – UART5 Error	73	51	IFS2<9>	IEC2<9>	IPC12<28:26>	IPC12<25:24>
U5RX – UART5 Receiver	74	51	IFS2<10>	IEC2<10>	IPC12<28:26>	IPC12<25:24>
U5TX – UART5 Transmitter	75	51	IFS2<11>	IEC2<11>	IPC12<28:26>	IPC12<25:24>
(Reserved)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lowest Natural Order Priority						

Note 1: Not all interrupt sources are available on all devices. See **TABLE 1: “PIC32MX5XX USB and CAN Features”**, **TABLE 2: “PIC32MX6XX USB and Ethernet Features”** and **TABLE 3: “PIC32MX7XX USB, Ethernet, and CAN Features”** for the list of available peripherals.

10.1 Control Registers

TABLE 10-1: DMA GLOBAL REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
3000	DMACON ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	000	
		15:0	ON	—	—	SUSPEND	DMABUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	000	
3010	DMASTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RDWR	DMACH<2:0> ⁽²⁾			000	
3020	DMAADDR	31:16	DMAADDR<31:0>																000
		15:0																	000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

2: DMACH<3> bit is not available on PIC32MX534/564/664/764 devices.

TABLE 10-2: DMA CRC REGISTER MAP⁽¹⁾

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	
3030	DCRCCON	31:16	—	—	BYTO<1:0>		WBO	—	—	BITO	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	000
		15:0	—	—	—	PLEN<4:0>					CRCEN	CRCAPP	CRCTYP	—	—	CRCCH<2:0>		000
3040	DCRCDATA	31:16	DCRCDATA<31:0>															000
		15:0																000
3050	DCRCXOR	31:16	DCRCXOR<31:0>															000
		15:0																000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

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REGISTER 10-18: DCHxDAT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' PATTERN DATA REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHPDAT<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **CHPDAT<7:0>:** Channel Data Register bits

Pattern Terminate mode:

Data to be matched must be stored in this register to allow terminate on match.

All other modes:

Unused.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

REGISTER 13-1: T1CON: TYPE A TIMER CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **TSYNC:** Timer External Clock Input Synchronization Selection bit
 When TCS = 1:
 1 = External clock input is synchronized
 0 = External clock input is not synchronized
 When TCS = 0:
 This bit is ignored.
- bit 1 **TCS:** Timer Clock Source Select bit
 1 = External clock from TxCKI pin
 0 = Internal peripheral clock
- bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

17.0 OUTPUT COMPARE

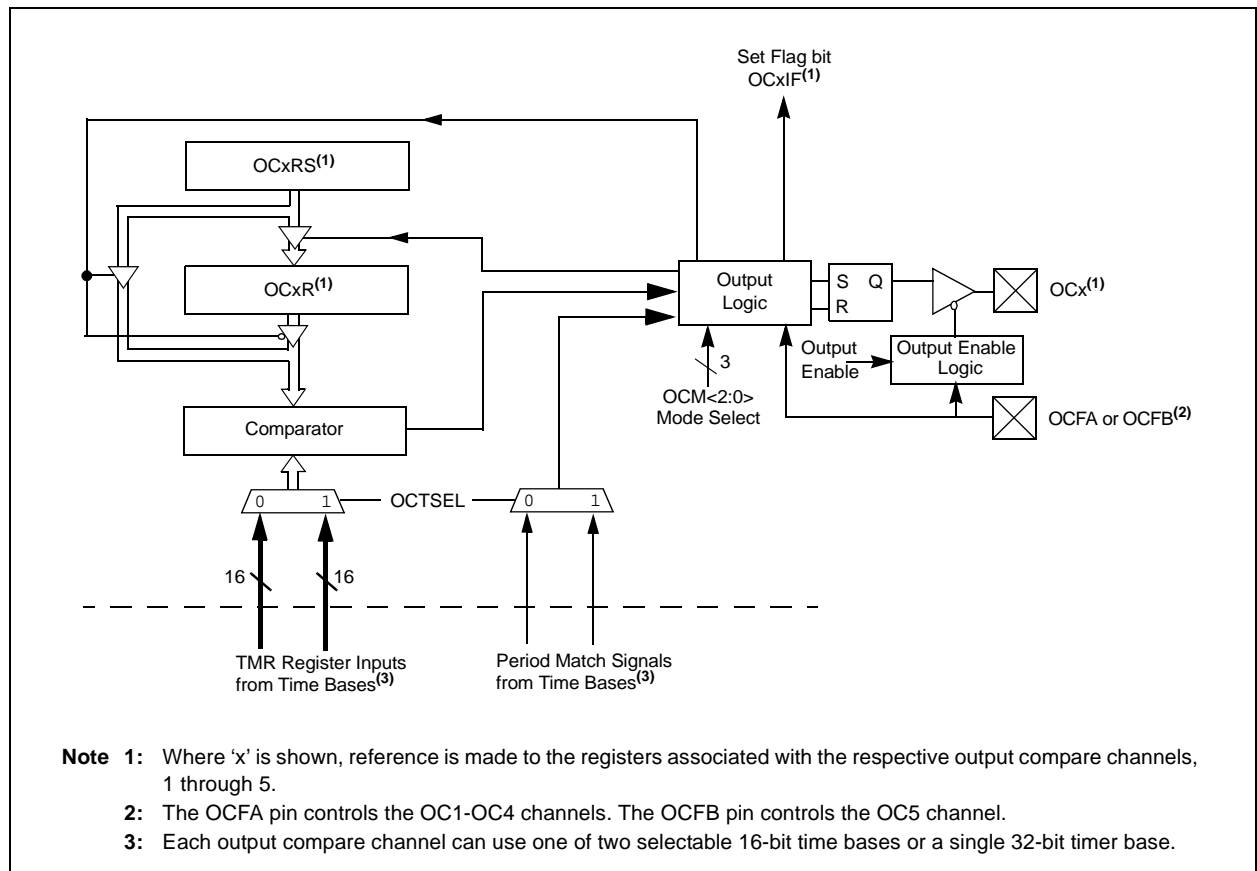
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 16. “Output Compare”** (DS60001111) in the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

The Output Compare module is used to generate a single pulse or a series of pulses in response to selected time base events. For all modes of operation, the Output Compare module compares the values stored in the OCxR and/or the OCxRS registers to the value in the selected timer. When a match occurs, the Output Compare module generates an event based on the selected mode of operation.

The following are key features of the Output Compare module:

- Multiple Output Compare modules in a device
- Programmable interrupt generation on compare event
- Single and Dual Compare modes
- Single and continuous output pulse generation
- Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) mode
- Hardware-based PWM Fault detection and automatic output disable
- Programmable selection of 16-bit or 32-bit time bases
- Can operate from either of two available 16-bit time bases or a single 32-bit time base

FIGURE 17-1: OUTPUT COMPARE MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



REGISTER 19-2: I2CxSTAT: I²C STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	R-0, HSC ACKSTAT	R-0, HSC TRSTAT	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/C-0, HS BCL	R-0, HSC GCSTAT	R-0, HSC ADD10
7:0	R/C-0, HS IWCOL	R/C-0, HS I2COV	R-0, HSC D_A	R/C-0, HSC P	R/C-0, HSC S	R-0, HSC R_W	R-0, HSC RBF	R-0, HSC TBF

Legend:

R = Readable bit

-n = Value at POR

HS = Set by hardware

W = Writable bit

'1' = Bit is set

HSC = Hardware set/cleared

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'0' = Bit is cleared

C = Clearable bit

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ACKSTAT:** Acknowledge Status bit (when operating as I²C master, applicable to master transmit operation)
This bit is set or cleared by hardware at the end of a slave Acknowledge.
1 = NACK received from slave
0 = ACK received from slave

bit 14 **TRSTAT:** Transmit Status bit (when operating as I²C master, applicable to master transmit operation)
This bit is set by hardware at the beginning of a master transmission, and is cleared by hardware at the end of a slave Acknowledge.
1 = Master transmit is in progress (8 bits + ACK)
0 = Master transmit is not in progress

bit 13-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 **BCL:** Master Bus Collision Detect bit
This bit is set by hardware at the detection of a bus collision.
1 = A bus collision has been detected during a master operation
0 = No collision

bit 9 **GCSTAT:** General Call Status bit
This bit is set by hardware when the address matches the general call address, and is cleared by hardware clear at a Stop detection.
1 = General call address was received
0 = General call address was not received

bit 8 **ADD10:** 10-bit Address Status bit
This bit is set by hardware upon a match of the 2nd byte of the matched 10-bit address, and is cleared by hardware at a Stop detection.
1 = 10-bit address was matched
0 = 10-bit address was not matched

bit 7 **IWCOL:** Write Collision Detect bit
This bit is set by hardware at the occurrence of a write to I2CxTRN while busy (cleared by software).
1 = An attempt to write the I2CxTRN register failed because the I²C module is busy
0 = No collision

bit 6 **I2COV:** Receive Overflow Flag bit
This bit is set by hardware at an attempt to transfer I2CxRSR to I2CxRCV (cleared by software).
1 = A byte was received while the I2CxRCV register is still holding the previous byte
0 = No overflow

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REGISTER 22-6: ALRMDATE: ALARM DATE VALUE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	MONTH10<3:0>				MONTH01<3:0>			
15:8	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	DAY10<1:0>				DAY01<3:0>			
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	—	—	—	—	WDAY01<3:0>			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 23-20 **MONTH10<3:0>**: Binary Coded Decimal value of months bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 1

bit 19-16 **MONTH01<3:0>**: Binary Coded Decimal value of months bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

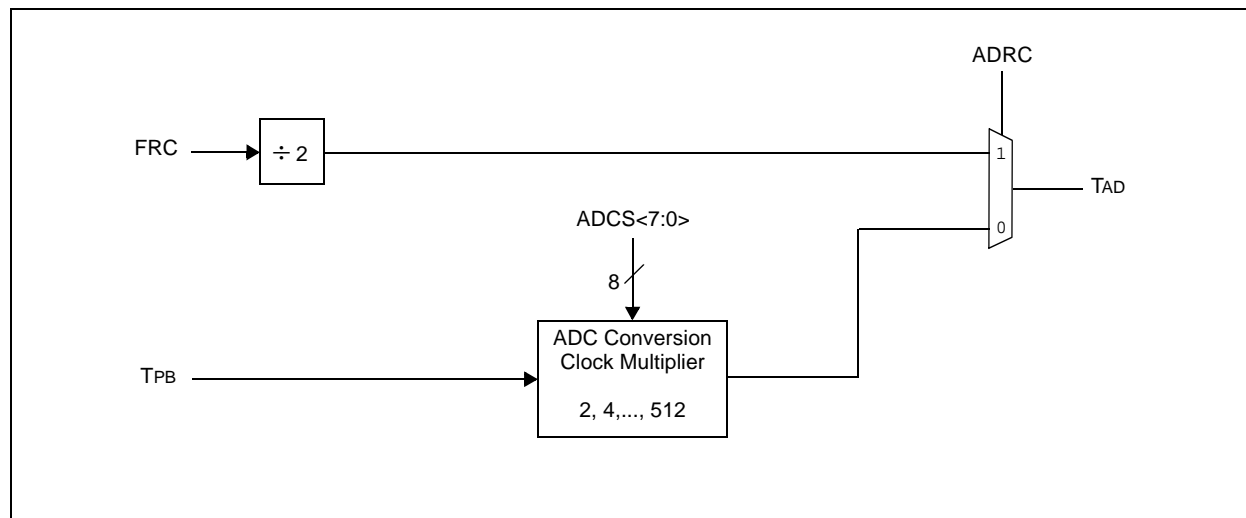
bit 15-12 **DAY10<3:0>**: Binary Coded Decimal value of days bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 3

bit 11-8 **DAY01<3:0>**: Binary Coded Decimal value of days bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 7-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-0 **WDAY01<3:0>**: Binary Coded Decimal value of weekdays bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 6

FIGURE 23-2: ADC CONVERSION CLOCK PERIOD BLOCK DIAGRAM



25.1 Control Registers

TABLE 25-5: ETHERNET CONTROLLER REGISTER SUMMARY FOR PIC32MX664F064H, PIC32MX664F128H, PIC32MX664F064L, PIC32MX664F128L, PIC32MX675F256H, PIC32MX675F512H, PIC32MX695F512H, PIC32MX775F256H, PIC32MX775F512H, PIC32MX795F512H, PIC32MX695F512L, PIC32MX675F256L, PIC32MX675F512L, PIC32MX764F128H, PIC32MX764F128L, PIC32MX775F256L, PIC32MX775F512L AND PIC32MX795F512L DEVICES

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
9000	ETHCON1	31:16	PTV<15:0>															0000	
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	TXRTS	RXEN	AUTOFC	—	—	MANFC	—	—	—	BUFCDEC	0000
9010	ETHCON2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	RXBUFSZ<6:0>							—	—	—	—	0000
9020	ETHTXST	31:16	TXSTADDR<31:16>															0000	
		15:0	TXSTADDR<15:2>													—	—	—	0000
9030	ETHRXST	31:16	RXSTADDR<31:16>															0000	
		15:0	RXSTADDR<15:2>													—	—	—	0000
9040	ETHHT0	31:16	HT<31:0>															0000	
		15:0																0000	
9050	ETHHT1	31:16	HT<63:32>															0000	
		15:0																0000	
9060	ETHPMM0	31:16	PMM<31:0>															0000	
		15:0																0000	
9070	ETHPMM1	31:16	PMM<63:32>															0000	
		15:0																0000	
9080	ETHPMCS	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PMCS<15:0>															0000	
9090	ETHPMO	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PMO<15:0>															0000	
90A0	ETHRXFC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	HTEN	MPEN	—	NOTPM	PMMODE<3:0>				CRC ERREN	CRC OKEN	RUNT ERREN	RUNTEN	UCEN	NOT MEEN	MCEN	BCEN	0000
90B0	ETHRXWM	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RXFWM<7:0>									0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	RXEWM<7:0>									0000	
90C0	ETHIEN	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	TX BUSEIE	RX BUSEIE	—	—	—	EW MARKIE	FW MARKIE	RX DONEIE	PK TPENDIE	RX ACTIE	—	TX DONEIE	TX ABORTIE	RX BUFNAIE	RX OVFLWIE	0000
90D0	ETHIRQ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	TXBUSE	RXBUSE	—	—	—	EWMARK	FWMARK	RXDONE	PKTPEND	RXACT	—	TXDONE	TXABORT	RXBUFNA	RXOVFLW	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table (with the exception of ETHSTAT) have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

Note 2: Reset values default to the factory programmed value.

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REGISTER 25-11: ETHRXFC: ETHERNET CONTROLLER RECEIVE FILTER CONFIGURATION REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 7 **CRCERREN:** CRC Error Collection Enable bit
1 = The received packet CRC must be invalid for the packet to be accepted
0 = Disable CRC Error Collection filtering
This bit allows the user to collect all packets that have an invalid CRC.
- bit 6 **CRCOKEN:** CRC OK Enable bit
1 = The received packet CRC must be valid for the packet to be accepted
0 = Disable CRC filtering
This bit allows the user to reject all packets that have an invalid CRC.
- bit 5 **RUNTERREN:** Runt Error Collection Enable bit
1 = The received packet must be a runt packet for the packet to be accepted
0 = Disable Runt Error Collection filtering

This bit allows the user to collect all packets that are runt packets. For this filter, a runt packet is defined as any packet with a size of less than 64 bytes (when CRCOKEN = 0) or any packet with a size of less than 64 bytes that has a valid CRC (when CRCOKEN = 1).
- bit 4 **RUNTEN:** Runt Enable bit
1 = The received packet must not be a runt packet for the packet to be accepted
0 = Disable Runt filtering

This bit allows the user to reject all runt packets. For this filter, a runt packet is defined as any packet with a size of less than 64 bytes.
- bit 3 **UCEN:** Unicast Enable bit
1 = Enable Unicast Filtering
0 = Disable Unicast Filtering

This bit allows the user to accept all unicast packets whose Destination Address matches the Station Address.
- bit 2 **NOTMEEN:** Not Me Unicast Enable bit
1 = Enable Not Me Unicast Filtering
0 = Disable Not Me Unicast Filtering

This bit allows the user to accept all unicast packets whose Destination Address does not match the Station Address.
- bit 1 **MCEN:** Multicast Enable bit
1 = Enable Multicast Filtering
0 = Disable Multicast Filtering

This bit allows the user to accept all Multicast Address packets.
- bit 0 **BCEN:** Broadcast Enable bit
1 = Enable Broadcast Filtering
0 = Disable Broadcast Filtering

This bit allows the user to accept all Broadcast Address packets.

- Note 1:** XOR = True when either one or the other conditions are true, but not both.
2: This Hash Table Filter match is active regardless of the value of the HTEN bit.
3: This Magic Packet Filter match is active regardless of the value of the MPEN bit.

- Note 1:** This register is only used for RX operations.
2: The bits in this register may only be changed while the RXEN bit (ETHCON1<8>) = 0.

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REGISTER 25-14: ETHIRQ: ETHERNET CONTROLLER INTERRUPT REQUEST REGISTER

bit 6	<p>PKTPEND: Packet Pending Interrupt bit</p> <p>1 = RX packet pending in memory 0 = RX packet is not pending in memory</p> <p>This bit is set when the BUFCNT counter has a value other than '0'. It is cleared by either a Reset or by writing the BUFCDEC bit to decrement the BUFCNT counter. Writing a '0' or a '1' has no effect.</p>
bit 5	<p>RXACT: Receive Activity Interrupt bit</p> <p>1 = RX packet data was successfully received 0 = No interrupt pending</p> <p>This bit is set whenever RX packet data is stored in the RXBM FIFO. It is cleared by either a Reset or CPU write of a '1' to the CLR register.</p>
bit 4	<p>Unimplemented: Read as '0'</p>
bit 3	<p>TXDONE: Transmit Done Interrupt bit</p> <p>1 = TX packet was successfully sent 0 = No interrupt pending</p> <p>This bit is set when the currently transmitted TX packet completes transmission, and the Transmit Status Vector is loaded into the first descriptor used for the packet. It is cleared by either a Reset or CPU write of a '1' to the CLR register.</p>
bit 2	<p>TXABORT: Transmit Abort Condition Interrupt bit</p> <p>1 = TX abort condition occurred on the last TX packet 0 = No interrupt pending</p> <p>This bit is set when the MAC aborts the transmission of a TX packet for one of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Jumbo TX packet abort• Underrun abort• Excessive defer abort• Late collision abort• Excessive collisions abort <p>This bit is cleared by either a Reset or CPU write of a '1' to the CLR register.</p>
bit 1	<p>RXBUFNA: Receive Buffer Not Available Interrupt bit</p> <p>1 = RX Buffer Descriptor Not Available condition has occurred 0 = No interrupt pending</p> <p>This bit is set by a RX Buffer Descriptor Overrun condition. It is cleared by either a Reset or a CPU write of a '1' to the CLR register.</p>
bit 0	<p>RXOVFLW: Receive FIFO Over Flow Error bit</p> <p>1 = RX FIFO Overflow Error condition has occurred 0 = No interrupt pending</p> <p>RXOVFLW is set by the RXBM Logic for an RX FIFO Overflow condition. It is cleared by either a Reset or CPU write of a '1' to the CLR register.</p>

Note: It is recommended to use the SET, CLR, or INV registers to set or clear any bit in this register. Setting or clearing any bits in this register should only be done for debug/test purposes.

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REGISTER 25-26: EMAC1IPGR: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC NON-BACK-TO-BACK INTERPACKET GAP REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	NB2BIPKTGP1<6:0>						
7:0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0
	—	NB2BIPKTGP2<6:0>						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **NB2BIPKTGP1<6:0>:** Non-Back-to-Back Interpacket Gap Part 1 bits

This is a programmable field representing the optional carrierSense window referenced in section 4.2.3.2.1 "Deference" of the IEEE 80.23 Specification. If the carrier is detected during the timing of IPGR1, the MAC defers to the carrier. If, however, the carrier comes after IPGR1, the MAC continues timing IPGR2 and transmits, knowingly causing a collision, thus ensuring fair access to the medium. Its range of values is 0x0 to IPGR2. Its recommend value is 0xC (12d).

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **NB2BIPKTGP2<6:0>:** Non-Back-to-Back Interpacket Gap Part 2 bits

This is a programmable field representing the non-back-to-back Inter-Packet-Gap. Its recommended value is 0x12 (18d), which represents the minimum IPG of 0.96 μ s (in 100 Mbps) or 9.6 μ s (in 10 Mbps).

Note: Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

REGISTER 25-31: EMAC1MCFG: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC MII MANAGEMENT CONFIGURATION REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	RESETMGMT	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	CLKSEL<3:0> ⁽¹⁾				NOPRE	SCANINC

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **RESETMGMT:** Test Reset MII Management bit

1 = Reset the MII Management module

0 = Normal Operation

bit 14-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-2 **CLKSEL<3:0>:** MII Management Clock Select 1 bits⁽¹⁾

These bits are used by the clock divide logic in creating the MII Management Clock (MDC), which the IEEE 802.3 Specification defines to be no faster than 2.5 MHz. Some PHYs support clock rates up to 12.5 MHz.

bit 1 **NOPRE:** Suppress Preamble bit

1 = The MII Management will perform read/write cycles without the 32-bit preamble field. Some PHYs support suppressed preamble

0 = Normal read/write cycles are performed

bit 0 **SCANINC:** Scan Increment bit

1 = The MII Management module will perform read cycles across a range of PHYs. The read cycles will start from address 1 through the value set in EMAC1MADR<PHYADDR>

0 = Continuous reads of the same PHY

Note 1: Table 25-7 provides a description of the clock divider encoding.

Note: Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

TABLE 25-7: MIIM CLOCK SELECTION

MIIM Clock Select	EMAC1MCFG<5:2>
SYSCLK divided by 4	000x
SYSCLK divided by 6	0010
SYSCLK divided by 8	0011
SYSCLK divided by 10	0100
SYSCLK divided by 14	0101
SYSCLK divided by 20	0110
SYSCLK divided by 28	0111
SYSCLK divided by 40	1000
Undefined	Any other combination

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TABLE 32-7: DC CHARACTERISTICS: POWER-DOWN CURRENT (IPD) (CONTINUED)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp			
Param. No.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Power-Down Current (IPD) ⁽¹⁾ for PIC32MX534/564/664/764 Family Devices						
DC40g	12	40	μA	-40°C	2.3V	Base Power-Down Current (Note 6)
DC40h	20	120		+25°C		
DC40i	210	600		+85°C		
DC40o	400	1000		+105°C		
DC40j	20	120		+25°C	3.3V	Base Power-Down Current
DC40k	15	80		-40°C	3.6V	Base Power-Down Current
DC40l	20	120		+25°C		
DC40m	113	350 ⁽⁵⁾		+70°C		
DC40n	220	650		+85°C		
DC40p	500	1000		+105°C		
Module Differential Current for PIC32MX534/564/664/764 Family Devices						
DC41c	—	10	μA	—	2.5V	Watchdog Timer Current: ΔI _{WDT} (Notes 3,6)
DC41d	5	—			3.3V	Watchdog Timer Current: ΔI _{WDT} (Note 3)
DC41e	—	20			3.6V	Watchdog Timer Current: ΔI _{WDT} (Note 3)
DC42c	—	40	μA	—	2.5V	RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔI _{RTCC} (Notes 3,6)
DC42d	23	—			3.3V	RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔI _{RTCC} (Note 3)
DC42e	—	50			3.6V	RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔI _{RTCC} (Note 3)
DC43c	—	1300	μA	—	2.5V	ADC: ΔI _{ADC} (Notes 3,4,6)
DC43d	1100	—			3.3V	ADC: ΔI _{ADC} (Notes 3,4)
DC43e	—	1300			3.6V	ADC: ΔI _{ADC} (Notes 3,4)

Note 1: The test conditions for IPD current measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
 - OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
 - USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
 - CPU is in Sleep mode, program Flash memory Wait states = 111, Program Cache and Prefetch are disabled and SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
 - No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0)
 - WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
 - All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
 - MCLR = V_{DD}
 - RTCC and JTAG are disabled
- 2:** Data in the “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 3:** The Δ current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current.
- 4:** Test conditions for ADC module differential current are as follows: Internal ADC RC oscillator enabled.
- 5:** Data is characterized at +70°C and not tested. Parameter is for design guidance only.
- 6:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

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TABLE 32-9: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param.	Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
DO10	VOL	Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Sink Driver Pins - All I/O output pins not defined as 8x Sink Driver pins	—	—	0.4	V	IOL ≤ 10 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output Low Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Sink Driver Pins - RC15	—	—	0.4	V	IOL ≤ 15 mA, VDD = 3.3V
DO20	VOH	Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Source Driver Pins - All I/O output pins not defined as 8x Source Driver pins	2.4	—	—	V	IOH ≥ -10 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Source Driver Pins - RC15	2.4	—	—	V	IOH ≥ -15 mA, VDD = 3.3V
DO20A	VOH1	Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 4x Source Driver Pins - All I/O output pins not defined as 8x Sink Driver pins	1.5 ⁽¹⁾	—	—	V	IOH ≥ -14 mA, VDD = 3.3V
			2.0 ⁽¹⁾	—	—		IOH ≥ -12 mA, VDD = 3.3V
			3.0 ⁽¹⁾	—	—		IOH ≥ -7 mA, VDD = 3.3V
		Output High Voltage I/O Pins: 8x Source Driver Pins - RC15	1.5 ⁽¹⁾	—	—	V	IOH ≥ -22 mA, VDD = 3.3V
			2.0 ⁽¹⁾	—	—		IOH ≥ -18 mA, VDD = 3.3V
			3.0 ⁽¹⁾	—	—		IOH ≥ -10 mA, VDD = 3.3V

- Note 1:** Parameters are characterized, but not tested.
2: This driver pin only applies to devices with less than 64 pins.
3: This driver pin only applies to devices with 64 pins.

TABLE 32-10: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: BOR

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min. ⁽¹⁾	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
BO10	VBOR	BOR Event on VDD transition high-to-low (Note 2)	2.0	—	2.3	V	—

- Note 1:** Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested in manufacturing.
2: Overall functional device operation at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN is tested, but not characterized. All device Analog modules, such as ADC, etc., will function, but with degraded performance below VDDMIN.

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TABLE 32-32: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (MASTER MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics		Min. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
IM10	TLO:SCL	Clock Low Time	100 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	μs	—
			400 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	μs	—
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	μs	—
IM11	THI:SCL	Clock High Time	100 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	μs	—
			400 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	μs	—
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	μs	—
IM20	TF:SCL	SDAx and SCLx Fall Time	100 kHz mode	—	300	ns	Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF
			400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 Cb	300	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	—	100	ns	
IM21	TR:SCL	SDAx and SCLx Rise Time	100 kHz mode	—	1000	ns	Cb is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF
			400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 Cb	300	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	—	300	ns	
IM25	TSU:DAT	Data Input Setup Time	100 kHz mode	250	—	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	100	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	100	—	ns	
IM26	THD:DAT	Data Input Hold Time	100 kHz mode	0	—	μs	—
			400 kHz mode	0	0.9	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	0	0.3	μs	
IM30	TSU:STA	Start Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	Only relevant for Repeated Start condition
			400 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	
IM31	THD:STA	Start Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	After this period, the first clock pulse is generated
			400 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	
IM33	TSU:STO	Stop Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	
IM34	THD:STO	Stop Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	TPB * (BRG + 2)	—	ns	
IM40	TAA:SCL	Output Valid from Clock	100 kHz mode	—	3500	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	—	1000	ns	—
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	—	350	ns	—
IM45	TBF:SDA	Bus Free Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	The amount of time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start
			400 kHz mode	1.3	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	0.5	—	μs	
IM50	Cb	Bus Capacitive Loading		—	400	pF	—
IM51	TPGD	Pulse Gobbler Delay ⁽³⁾		52	312	ns	—

Note 1: BRG is the value of the I²C Baud Rate Generator.

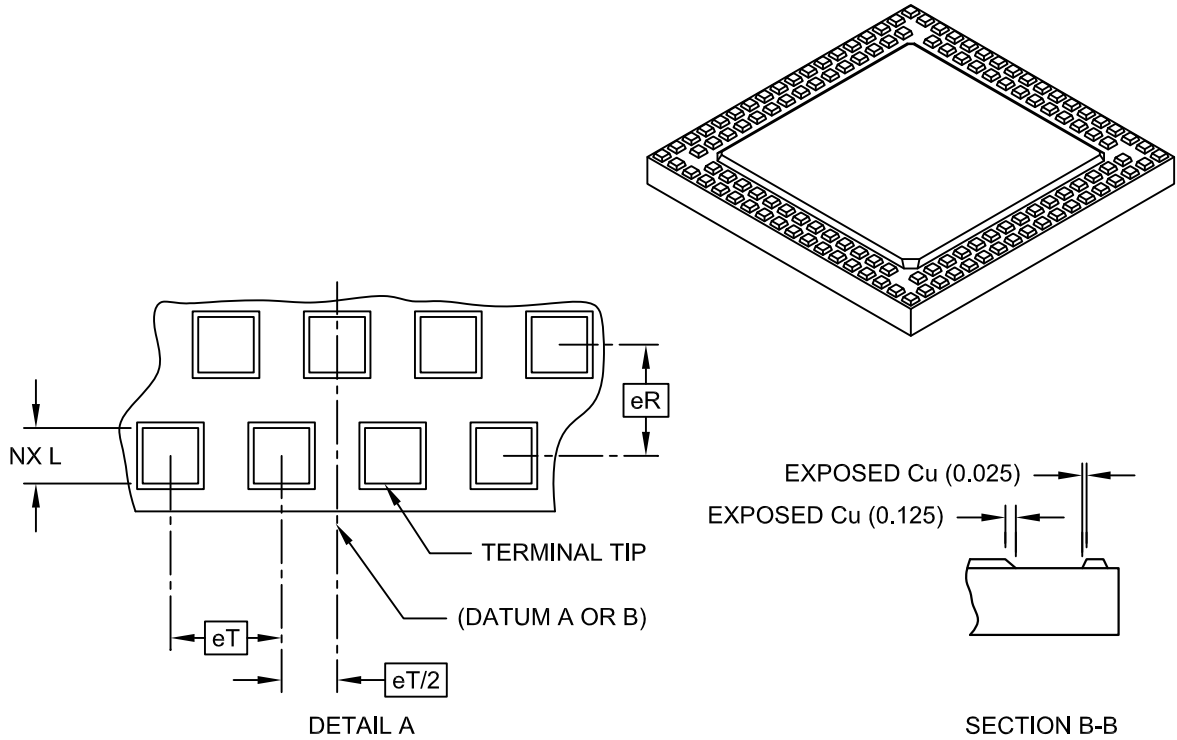
2: Maximum pin capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (only for 1 MHz mode).

3: The typical value for this parameter is 104 ns.

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124-Terminal Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body [VTLA]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	124		
Pitch	eT	0.50 BSC		
Pitch (Inner to outer terminal ring)	eR	0.50 BSC		
Overall Height	A	0.80	0.85	0.90
Standoff	A1	0.00	-	0.05
Overall Width	E	9.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Width	E2	6.40	6.55	6.70
Overall Length	D	9.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Length	D2	6.40	6.55	6.70
Contact Width	b	0.20	0.25	0.30
Contact Length	L	0.20	0.25	0.30
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Package is saw singulated.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-193A Sheet 2 of 2