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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx575f256lt-80i-pf

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 5: PIN NAMES FOR 64-PIN USB AND ETHERNET DEVICES

64-PIN QFN ⁽²⁾ AND TQFP (TOP VIEW)			
PIC32MX664F064H PIC32MX664F128H PIC32MX675F256H PIC32MX675F512H PIC32MX695F512H		64	1
		QFN ⁽²⁾	TQFP ¹
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	ETXEN/PMD5/RE5	33	USBID/RF3
2	ETXD0/PMD6/RE6	34	VBUS
3	ETXD1/PMD7/RE7	35	VUSB3V3
4	SCK2/U6TX/U3RTS/PMA5/CN8/RG6	36	D-/RG3
5	SDA4/SDI2/U3RX/PMA4/CN9/RG7	37	D+/RG2
6	SCL4/SDO2/U3TX/PMA3/CN10/RG8	38	VDD
7	MCLR	39	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
8	SS2/U6RX/U3CTS/PMA2/CN11/RG9	40	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
9	VSS	41	VSS
10	VDD	42	RTCC/AERXD1/ETXD3/IC1/INT1/RD8
11	AN5/C1IN+/VBUSON/CN7/RB5	43	AERXD0/ETXD2/SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/SDA1/IC2/INT2/RD9
12	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4	44	ECOL/AECRSDV/SCL1/IC3/PMCS2/PMA15/INT3/RD10
13	AN3/C2IN+/CN5/RB3	45	ECRS/AEREFCLK/IC4/PMCS1/PMA14/INT4/RD11
14	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2	46	OC1/INT0/RD0
15	PGEC1/AN1/VREF-/CVREF-/CN3/RB1	47	SOSCI/CN1/RC13
16	PGED1/AN0/VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/CN2/RB0	48	SOSCO/T1CK/CN0/RC14
17	PGEC2/AN6/OCFA/RB6	49	EMDIO/AEMDIO/SCK3/U4TX/U1RTS/OC2/RD1
18	PGED2/AN7/RB7	50	SDA3/SDI3/U1RX/OC3/RD2
19	AVDD	51	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/OC4/RD3
20	AVSS	52	OC5/IC5/PMWR/CN13/RD4
21	AN8/SS4/U5RX/U2CTS/C1OUT/RB8	53	PMRD/CN14/RD5
22	AN9/C2OUT/PMA7/RB9	54	AETXEN/ETXERR/CN15/RD6
23	TMS/AN10/CVREFOUT/PMA13/RB10	55	ETXCLK/AERXERR/CN16/RD7
24	TDO/AN11/PMA12/RB11	56	VCAP
25	VSS	57	VDD
26	VDD	58	AETXD1/ERXD3/RF0
27	TCK/AN12/PMA11/RB12	59	AETXD0/ERXD2/RF1
28	TDI/AN13/PMA10/RB13	60	ERXD1/PMD0/RE0
29	AN14/SCK4/U5TX/U2RTSU2RTS/PMALH/PMA1/RB14	61	ERXD0/PMD1/RE1
30	AN15/EMDC/AEMDC/OCFB/PMALL/PMA0/CN12/RB15	62	ERXDV/ECRSDV/PMD2/RE2
31	SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4	63	ERXCLK/EREFCLK/PMD3/RE3
32	SCL5/SDO4/U2TX/PMA8/CN18/RF5	64	ERXERR/PMD4/RE4

Note 1: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

2: The metal plane at the bottom of the QFN device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to Vss externally.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 7: PIN NAMES FOR 100-PIN USB AND CAN DEVICES

100-PIN TQFP (TOP VIEW)			
PIC32MX534F064L PIC32MX564F064L PIC32MX564F128L PIC32MX575F512L PIC32MX575F256L		100 1	
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	RG15	36	Vss
2	VDD	37	VDD
3	PMD5/RE5	38	TCK/RA1
4	PMD6/RE6	39	AC1TX/SCK4/U5TX/U2RTS/RF13
5	PMD7/RE7	40	AC1RX/SS4/U5RX/U2CTS/RF12
6	T2CK/RC1	41	AN12/PMA11/RB12
7	T3CK/RC2	42	AN13/PMA10/RB13
8	T4CK/RC3	43	AN14/PMALH/PMA1/RB14
9	T5CK/SDI1/RC4	44	AN15/OCFB/PMALL/PMA0/CN12/RB15
10	SCK2/U6TX/U3RTS/PMA5/CN8/RG6	45	Vss
11	SDA4/SDI2/U3RX/PMA4/CN9/RG7	46	VDD
12	SCL4/SDO2/U3TX/PMA3/CN10/RG8	47	SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/CN20/RD14
13	MCLR	48	SCK3/U4TX/U1RTS/CN21/RD15
14	SS2/U6RX/U3CTS/PMA2/CN11/RG9	49	SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4
15	Vss	50	SCL5/SDO4/U2TX/PMA8/CN18/RF5
16	VDD	51	USBID/RF3
17	TMS/RA0	52	SDA3/SDI3/U1RX/RF2
18	INT1/RE8	53	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/RF8
19	INT2/RE9	54	VBUS
20	AN5/C1IN+/VBUSON/CN7/RB5	55	VUSB3V3
21	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4	56	D-/RG3
22	AN3/C2IN+/CN5/RB3	57	D+/RG2
23	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2	58	SCL2/RA2
24	PGEC1/AN1/CN3/RB1	59	SDA2/RA3
25	PGED1/AN0/CN2/RB0	60	TDI/RA4
26	PGEC2/AN6/OCFA/RB6	61	TDO/RA5
27	PGED2/AN7/RB7	62	VDD
28	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9	63	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
29	VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/RA10	64	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
30	AVDD	65	Vss
31	AVSS	66	SCL1/INT3/RA14
32	AN8/C1OUT/RB8	67	SDA1/INT4/RA15
33	AN9/C2OUT/RB9	68	RTCC/IC1/RD8
34	AN10/CVREFOUT/PMA13/RB10	69	SS1/IC2/RD9
35	AN11/PMA12/RB11	70	SCK1/IC3/PMCS2/PMA15/RD10

Note 1: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 10: PIN NAMES FOR USB AND CAN DEVICES

121-PIN TFBGA (BOTTOM VIEW)		L11	
PIC32MX534F064L PIC32MX564F064L PIC32MX564F128L PIC32MX575F256L PIC32MX575F512L		L1	A11
Note: The TFBGA package skips from row “H” to row “J” and has no “I” row. A1			
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
A1	PMD4/RE4	E2	T4CK/RC3
A2	PMD3/RE3	E3	SCK2/U6TXU6TX/U3RTS/PMA5/CN8/RG6
A3	TRD0/RG13	E4	T3CK/RC2
A4	PMD0/RE0	E5	VDD
A5	PMD8/RG0	E6	PMD9/RG1
A6	C1TX/PMD10/RF1	E7	VSS
A7	VDD	E8	SDA1/INT4/RA15
A8	VSS	E9	RTCC/IC1/RD8
A9	IC5/PMD12/RD12	E10	SS1/IC2/RD9
A10	OC3/RD2	E11	SCL1/INT3/RA14
A11	OC2/RD1	F1	MCLR
B1	No Connect (NC)	F2	SCL4/SDO2/U3TX/PMA3/CN10/RG8
B2	RG15	F3	SS2/U6RX/U3CTS/PMA2/CN11/RG9
B3	PMD2/RE2	F4	SDA4/SDI2/U3RX/PMA4/CN9/RG7
B4	PMD1/RE1	F5	VSS
B5	TRD3/RA7	F6	No Connect (NC)
B6	C1RX/PMD11/RF0	F7	No Connect (NC)
B7	VCAP	F8	VDD
B8	PMRD/CN14/RD5	F9	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
B9	OC4/RD3	F10	VSS
B10	VSS	F11	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
B11	SOSCO/T1CK/CN0/RC14	G1	INT1/RE8
C1	PMD6/RE6	G2	INT2/RE9
C2	VDD	G3	TMS/RA0
C3	TRD1/RG12	G4	No Connect (NC)
C4	TRD2/RG14	G5	VDD
C5	TRCLK/RA6	G6	VSS
C6	No Connect (NC)	G7	VSS
C7	PMD15/CN16/RD7	G8	No Connect (NC)
C8	OC5/PMWR/CN13/RD4	G9	TDO/RA5
C9	VDD	G10	SDA2/RA3
C10	SOSCI/CN1/RC13	G11	TDI/RA4
C11	IC4/PMCS1/PMA14/RD11	H1	AN5/C1IN+/VBUSON/CN7/RB5
D1	T2CK/RC1	H2	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4
D2	PMD7/RE7	H3	VSS
D3	PMD5/RE5	H4	VDD
D4	VSS	H5	No Connect (NC)
D5	VSS	H6	VDD
D6	No Connect (NC)	H7	No Connect (NC)
D7	PMD14/CN15/RD6	H8	VBUS
D8	PMD13/CN19/RD13	H9	VUSB3V3
D9	SDO1/OC1/INT0/RD0	H10	D+/RG2
D10	No Connect (NC)	H11	SCL2/RA2
D11	SCK1/IC3/PMCS2/PMA15/RD10	J1	AN3/C2IN+/CN5/RB3
E1	T5CK/SDI1/RC4	J2	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2

Note 1: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 12: PIN NAMES FOR USB, ETHERNET, AND CAN DEVICES

121-PIN TFBGA (BOTTOM VIEW)		L11	
PIC32MX764F128L PIC32MX775F256L PIC32MX775F512L PIC32MX795F512L		L1	A11
Note: The TFBGA package skips from row “H” to row “J” and has no “I” row.		A1	
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
A1	PMD4/RE4	E2	T4CK/AC2RX ⁽¹⁾ /RC3
A2	PMD3/RE3	E3	ECOL/SCK2/U6TX/U3RTS/PMA5/CN8/RG6
A3	TRD0/RG13	E4	T3CK/AC2TX ⁽¹⁾ /RC2
A4	PMD0/RE0	E5	VDD
A5	C2RX ⁽¹⁾ /PMD8/RG0	E6	C2TX ⁽¹⁾ /ETXERR/PMD9/RG1
A6	C1TX/ETXD0/PMD10/RF1	E7	VSS
A7	VDD	E8	AETXEN/SDA1/INT4/RA15
A8	VSS	E9	RTCC/EMDIO/AEMDIO/IC1/RD8
A9	ETXD2/IC5/PMD12/RD12	E10	SS1/IC2/RD9
A10	OC3/RD2	E11	AETXCLK/SCL1/INT3/RA14
A11	OC2/RD1	F1	MCLR
B1	No Connect (NC)	F2	ERXDV/AERXDV/ECRSDV/AECRSDV/SCL4/SDO2/U3TX/PMA3/CN10/RG8
B2	AERXERR/RG15	F3	ERXCLK/AERXCLK/EREFCLK/AEREFCLK/SS2/U6RX/U3CTS/PMA2/CN11/RG9
B3	PMD2/RE2	F4	ECRS/SDA4/SDI2/U3RX/PMA4/CN9/RG7
B4	PMD1/RE1	F5	VSS
B5	TRD3/RA7	F6	No Connect (NC)
B6	C1RX/ETXD1/PMD11/RF0	F7	No Connect (NC)
B7	VCAP	F8	VDD
B8	PMRD/CN14/RD5	F9	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
B9	OC4/RD3	F10	VSS
B10	VSS	F11	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
B11	SOSCO/T1CK/CN0/RC14	G1	AERXD0/INT1/RE8
C1	PMD6/RE6	G2	AERXD1/INT2/RE9
C2	VDD	G3	TMS/RA0
C3	TRD1/RG12	G4	No Connect (NC)
C4	TRD2/RG14	G5	VDD
C5	TRCLK/RA6	G6	VSS
C6	No Connect (NC)	G7	VSS
C7	ETXCLK/PMD15/CN16/RD7	G8	No Connect (NC)
C8	OC5/PMWR/CN13/RD4	G9	TDO/RA5
C9	VDD	G10	SDA2/RA3
C10	SOSCI/CN1/RC13	G11	TDI/RA4
C11	EMDC/AEMDC/IC4/PMCS1/PMA14/RD11	H1	AN5/C1IN+/VBUSON/CN7/RB5
D1	T2CK/RC1	H2	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4
D2	PMD7/RE7	H3	VSS
D3	PMD5/RE5	H4	VDD
D4	VSS	H5	No Connect (NC)
D5	VSS	H6	VDD
D6	No Connect (NC)	H7	No Connect (NC)
D7	ETXEN/PMD14/CN15/RD6	H8	VBUS
D8	ETXD3/PMD13/CN19/RD13	H9	VUSB3V3
D9	SDO1/OC1/INT0/RD0	H10	D+/RG2
D10	No Connect (NC)	H11	SCL2/RA2
D11	SCK1/IC3/PMCS2/PMA15/RD10	J1	AN3/C2IN+/CN5/RB3
E1	T5CK/SDI1/RC4	J2	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2

Note 1: This pin is not available on PIC32MX764F128L devices.

Note 2: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

2.5 ICSP Pins

The PGECx and PGEDx pins are used for In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) and debugging. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the ICSP connector and the ICSP pins on the device as short as possible. If the ICSP connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the PGECx and PGEDx pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin input voltage high (V_{IH}) and input low (V_{IL}) requirements.

Ensure that the “Communication Channel Select” (i.e., PGECx/PGEDx pins) programmed into the device matches the physical connections for the ICSP to MPLAB® ICD 3 or MPLAB® REAL ICE™.

For more information on ICD 3 and REAL ICE connection requirements, refer to the following documents that are available on the Microchip web site.

- “Using MPLAB® ICD 3” (poster) (DS50001765)
- “MPLAB® ICD 3 Design Advisory” (DS50001764)
- “MPLAB® REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator User’s Guide” (DS50001616)
- “Using MPLAB® REAL ICE™ Emulator” (poster) (DS50001749)

2.6 JTAG

The TMS, TDO, TDI and TCK pins are used for testing and debugging according to the Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) standard. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the JTAG connector and the JTAG pins on the device as short as possible. If the JTAG connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended, with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the TMS, TDO, TDI and TCK pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin input voltage high (V_{IH}) and input low (V_{IL}) requirements.

2.7 Trace

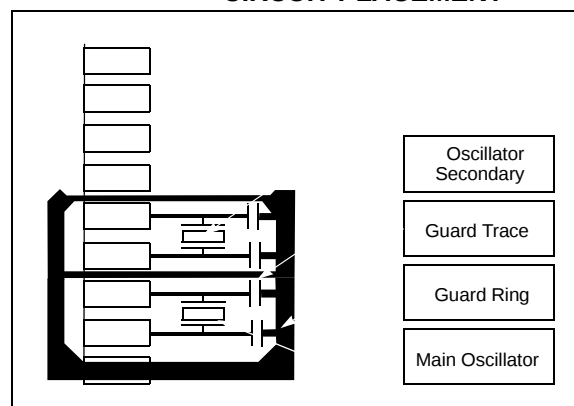
The trace pins can be connected to a hardware-trace-enabled programmer to provide a compress real time instruction trace. When used for trace the TRD3, TRD2, TRD1, TRD0 and TRCLK pins should be dedicated for this use. The trace hardware requires a 22Ω series resistor between the trace pins and the trace connector.

2.8 External Oscillator Pins

Many MCUs have options for at least two oscillators: a high-frequency primary oscillator and a low-frequency secondary oscillator. Refer to **Section 8.0 “Oscillator Configuration”** for details.

The oscillator circuit should be placed on the same side of the board as the device. Also, place the oscillator circuit close to the respective oscillator pins, not exceeding one-half inch (12 mm) distance between them. The load capacitors should be placed next to the oscillator itself, on the same side of the board. Use a grounded copper pour around the oscillator circuit to isolate them from surrounding circuits. The grounded copper pour should be routed directly to the MCU ground. Do not run any signal traces or power traces inside the ground pour. Also, if using a two-sided board, avoid any traces on the other side of the board where the crystal is placed. A suggested layout is illustrated in Figure 2-3.

FIGURE 2-3: SUGGESTED OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT PLACEMENT



REGISTER 7-1: INTCON: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0 SS0
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0 MVEC	U-0 —	R/W-0 TPC<2:0>	R/W-0 TPC<2:0>	R/W-0 TPC<2:0>
7:0	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0 INT4EP	R/W-0 INT3EP	R/W-0 INT2EP	R/W-0 INT1EP	R/W-0 INT0EP

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-17 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 16 **SS0:** Single Vector Shadow Register Set bit

1 = Single vector is presented with a shadow register set

0 = Single vector is not presented with a shadow register set

bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12 **MVEC:** Multiple Vector Configuration bit

1 = Interrupt controller configured for Multi-vector mode

0 = Interrupt controller configured for Single-vector mode

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **TPC<2:0>:** Interrupt Proximity Timer Control bits

111 = Interrupts of group priority 7 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer

110 = Interrupts of group priority 6 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer

101 = Interrupts of group priority 5 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer

100 = Interrupts of group priority 4 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer

011 = Interrupts of group priority 3 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer

010 = Interrupts of group priority 2 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer

001 = Interrupts of group priority 1 start the Interrupt Proximity timer

000 = Disables Interrupt Proximity timer

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **INT4EP:** External Interrupt 4 Edge Polarity Control bit

1 = Rising edge

0 = Falling edge

bit 3 **INT3EP:** External Interrupt 3 Edge Polarity Control bit

1 = Rising edge

0 = Falling edge

bit 2 **INT2EP:** External Interrupt 2 Edge Polarity Control bit

1 = Rising edge

0 = Falling edge

bit 1 **INT1EP:** External Interrupt 1 Edge Polarity Control bit

1 = Rising edge

0 = Falling edge

bit 0 **INT0EP:** External Interrupt 0 Edge Polarity Control bit

1 = Rising edge

0 = Falling edge

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REGISTER 9-8: CHEW3: CACHE WORD 3

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEW3<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEW3<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEW3<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEW3<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **CHEW3<31:0>**: Word 3 of the cache line selected by CHEIDX<3:0> bits (CHEACC<3:0>)

Readable only if the device is not code-protected.

Note: This register is a window into the cache data array and is only readable if the device is not code-protected.

REGISTER 9-9: CHELRU: CACHE LRU REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHELRU<24>
23:16	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHELRU<23:16>							
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHELRU<15:8>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHELRU<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-25 **Unimplemented:** Write '0'; ignore read

bit 24-0 **CHELRU<24:0>**: Cache Least Recently Used State Encoding bits

Indicates the pseudo-LRU state of the cache.

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REGISTER 9-12: CHEPFABT: PREFETCH CACHE ABORT STATISTICS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEPFABT<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEPFABT<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEPFABT<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	CHEPFABT<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **CHEPFABT<31:0>**: Prefab Abort Count bits

Incremented each time an automatic prefetch cache is aborted due to a non-sequential instruction fetch, load or store.

REGISTER 10-1: DMACON: DMA CONTROLLER CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ON ⁽¹⁾	—	—	SUSPEND	DMABUSY	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** DMA On bit⁽¹⁾

1 = DMA module is enabled

0 = DMA module is disabled

bit 14-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12 **SUSPEND:** DMA Suspend bit

1 = DMA transfers are suspended to allow CPU uninterrupted access to data bus

0 = DMA operates normally

bit 11 **DMABUSY:** DMA Module Busy bit

1 = DMA module is active

0 = DMA module is disabled and not actively transferring data

bit 10-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

REGISTER 11-10: U1STAT: USB STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	U-0	U-0
	ENDPT<3:0>				DIR	PPBI	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-4 **ENDPT<3:0>:** Encoded Number of Last Endpoint Activity bits
(Represents the number of the BDT, updated by the last USB transfer.)

1111 = Endpoint 15

1110 = Endpoint 14

•

•

•

0001 = Endpoint 1

0000 = Endpoint 0

bit 3 **DIR:** Last Buffer Descriptor Direction Indicator bit

1 = Last transaction was a transmit transfer (TX)

0 = Last transaction was a receive transfer (RX)

bit 2 **PPBI:** Ping-Pong Buffer Descriptor Pointer Indicator bit

1 = The last transaction was to the Odd buffer descriptor bank

0 = The last transaction was to the Even buffer descriptor bank

bit 1-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note: The U1STAT register is a window into a 4-byte FIFO maintained by the USB module. U1STAT value is only valid when U1IR<TRNIF> is active. Clearing the U1IR<TRNIF> bit advances the FIFO. Data in register is invalid when U1IR<TRNIF> = 0.

TABLE 12-7: PORTE REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX534F064H, PIC32MX564F064H, PIC32MX564F128H, PIC32MX575F256H, PIC32MX575F512H, PIC32MX664F064H, PIC32MX664F128H, PIC32MX675F256H, PIC32MX675F512H, PIC32MX695F512H, PIC32MX775F256H, PIC32MX775F512H AND PIC32MX795F512H DEVICES

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6100	TRISE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISE7	TRISE6	TRISE5	TRISE4	TRISE3	TRISE2	TRISE1	TRISE0	00FF
6110	PORTE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RE7	RE6	RE5	RE4	RE3	RE2	RE1	RE0	xxxx
6120	LATE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATE7	LATE6	LATE5	LATE4	LATE3	LATE2	LATE1	LATE0	xxxx
6130	ODCE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCE7	ODCE6	ODCE5	ODCE4	ODCE3	ODCE2	ODCE1	ODCE0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

TABLE 12-8: PORTE REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX534F064L, PIC32MX564F064L, PIC32MX564F128L, PIC32MX575F256L, PIC32MX575F512L, PIC32MX664F064L, PIC32MX664F128L, PIC32MX675F256L, PIC32MX675F512L, PIC32MX695F512L, PIC32MX764F128L, PIC32MX775F256L, PIC32MX775F512L AND PIC32MX795F512L DEVICES

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6100	TRISE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISE9	TRISE8	TRISE7	TRISE6	TRISE5	TRISE4	TRISE3	TRISE2	TRISE1	TRISE0	03FF
6110	PORTE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	RE9	RE8	RE7	RE6	RE5	RE4	RE3	RE2	RE1	RE0	xxxx
6120	LATE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATE9	LATE8	LATE7	LATE6	LATE5	LATE4	LATE3	LATE2	LATE1	LATE0	xxxx
6130	ODCE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCE9	ODCE8	ODCE7	ODCE6	ODCE5	ODCE4	ODCE3	ODCE2	ODCE1	ODCE0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

REGISTER 23-1: AD1CON1: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ON ⁽¹⁾	—	SIDL	—	—	FORM<2:0>		
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0, HSC	R/C-0, HSC
	SSRC<2:0>			CLRASAM	—	ASAM	SAMP ⁽²⁾	DONE ⁽³⁾

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** ADC Operating Mode bit⁽¹⁾

1 = ADC module is operating

0 = ADC module is not operating

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode

bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **FORM<2:0>:** Data Output Format bits

111 = Signed Fractional 32-bit (DOUT = sddd dddd dd00 0000 0000 0000 0000)

110 = Fractional 32-bit (DOUT = dddd dddd dd00 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000)

101 = Signed Integer 32-bit (DOUT = ssss ssss ssss ssss ssss sssd dddd dddd)

100 = Integer 32-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 00dd dddd dddd)

011 = Signed Fractional 16-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 sddd dddd dd00 0000)

010 = Fractional 16-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 dddd dddd dd00 0000)

001 = Signed Integer 16-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 ssss sssd dddd dddd)

000 = Integer 16-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 00dd dddd dddd)

bit 7-5 **SSRC<2:0>:** Conversion Trigger Source Select bits

111 = Internal counter ends sampling and starts conversion (auto convert)

110 = Reserved

101 = Reserved

100 = Reserved

011 = CTMU ends sampling and starts conversion

010 = Timer 3 period match ends sampling and starts conversion

001 = Active transition on INT0 pin ends sampling and starts conversion

000 = Clearing the SAMP bit ends sampling and starts conversion

Note 1: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLOCK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

2: If ASAM = 0, software can write a '1' to start sampling. This bit is automatically set by hardware if ASAM = 1. If SSRC<2:0> = 000, software can write a '0' to end sampling and start conversion. If SSRC<2:0> ≠ '000', this bit is automatically cleared by hardware to end sampling and start conversion.

3: This bit is automatically set by hardware when analog-to-digital conversion is complete. Software can write a '0' to clear this bit (a write of '1' is not allowed). Clearing this bit does not affect any operation already in progress. This bit is automatically cleared by hardware at the start of a new conversion.

REGISTER 23-4: AD1CHS: ADC INPUT SELECT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CH0NB	—	—	—	CH0SB<3:0>			
23:16	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CH0NA	—	—	—	CH0SA<3:0>			
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **CH0NB:** Negative Input Select bit for Sample B

1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1

0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL

bit 30-28 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 27-24 **CH0SB<3:0>:** Positive Input Select bits for Sample B

1111 = Channel 0 positive input is AN15

•
•
•

0001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1

0000 = Channel 0 positive input is AN0

bit 23 **CH0NA:** Negative Input Select bit for Sample A Multiplexer Setting

1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1

0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL

bit 22-20 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 19-16 **CH0SA<3:0>:** Positive Input Select bits for Sample A Multiplexer Setting

1111 = Channel 0 positive input is AN15

•
•
•

0001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1

0000 = Channel 0 positive input is AN0

bit 15-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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REGISTER 24-9: CiRXMn: CAN ACCEPTANCE FILTER MASK 'n' REGISTER (n = 0, 1, 2 OR 3)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	SID<10:3>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	SID<2:0>			—	MIDE	—	EID<17:16>	
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	EID<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	EID<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-21 **SID<10:0>**: Standard Identifier bits

- 1 = Include the SIDx bit in filter comparison
- 0 = The SIDx bit is a 'don't care' in filter operation

bit 20 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 19 **MIDE**: Identifier Receive Mode bit

- 1 = Match only message types (standard/extended address) that correspond to the EXID bit in filter
- 0 = Match either standard or extended address message if filters match (that is, if (Filter SID) = (Message SID) or if (FILTER SID/EID) = (Message SID/EID))

bit 18 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 17-0 **EID<17:0>**: Extended Identifier bits

- 1 = Include the EIDx bit in filter comparison
- 0 = The EIDx bit is a 'don't care' in filter operation

Note: This register can only be modified when the CAN module is in Configuration mode (OPMOD<2:0> (CICON<23:21>) = 100).

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REGISTER 24-16: CiFLTCON6: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 6

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN27	MSEL27<1:0>		FSEL27<4:0>				
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN26	MSEL26<1:0>		FSEL26<4:0>				
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN25	MSEL25<1:0>		FSEL25<4:0>				
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN24	MSEL24<1:0>		FSEL24<4:0>				

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **FLTEN27:** Filter 27 Enable bit
1 = Filter is enabled
0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 30-29 **MSEL27<1:0>:** Filter 27 Mask Select bits
11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
- bit 28-24 **FSEL27<4:0>:** FIFO Selection bits
11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30
.
.
.
00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0
- bit 23 **FLTEN26:** Filter 26 Enable bit
1 = Filter is enabled
0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 22-21 **MSEL26<1:0>:** Filter 26 Mask Select bits
11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
- bit 20-16 **FSEL26<4:0>:** FIFO Selection bits
11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30
.
.
.
00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

Note: The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.

25.0 ETHERNET CONTROLLER

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 35. “Ethernet Controller”** (DS60001155) in the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

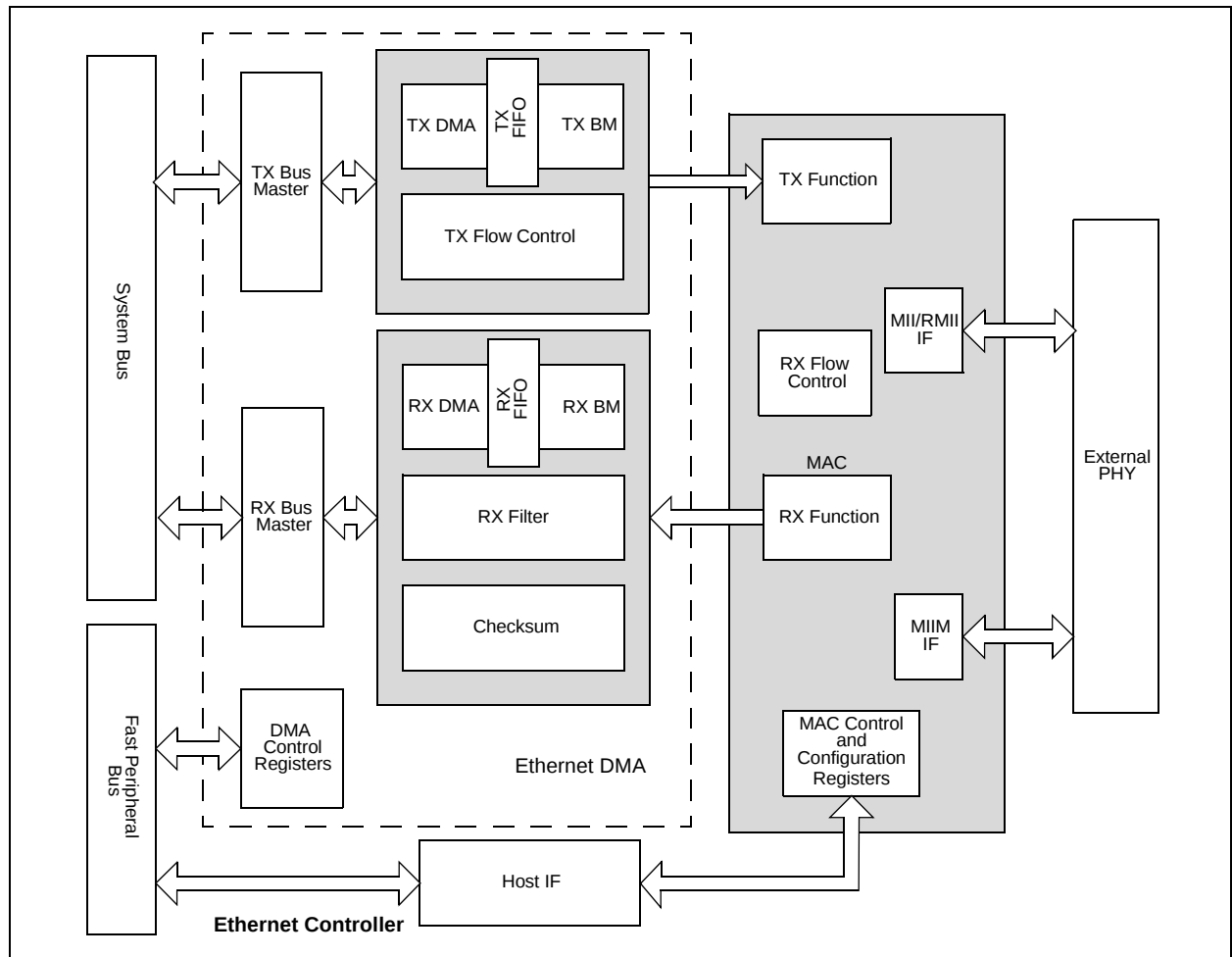
The Ethernet controller is a bus master module that interfaces with an off-chip Physical Layer (PHY) to implement a complete Ethernet node in a system.

Key features of the Ethernet Controller include:

- Supports 10/100 Mbps data transfer rates
- Supports full-duplex and half-duplex operation
- Supports RMI and MII PHY interface
- Supports MIIM PHY management interface
- Supports both manual and automatic Flow Control
- RAM descriptor-based DMA operation for both receive and transmit path
- Fully configurable interrupts
- Configurable receive packet filtering
 - CRC check
 - 64-byte pattern match
 - Broadcast, multicast and unicast packets
 - Magic Packet™
 - 64-bit hash table
 - Runt packet
- Supports packet payload checksum calculation
- Supports various hardware statistics counters

Figure 25-1 illustrates a block diagram of the Ethernet controller.

FIGURE 25-1: ETHERNET CONTROLLER BLOCK DIAGRAM



25.1 Control Registers

TABLE 25-5: ETHERNET CONTROLLER REGISTER SUMMARY FOR PIC32MX664F064H, PIC32MX664F128H, PIC32MX664F064L, PIC32MX664F128L, PIC32MX675F256H, PIC32MX675F512H, PIC32MX695F512H, PIC32MX775F256H, PIC32MX775F512H, PIC32MX795F512H, PIC32MX695F512L, PIC32MX675F256L, PIC32MX675F512L, PIC32MX764F128H, PIC32MX764F128L, PIC32MX775F256L, PIC32MX775F512L AND PIC32MX795F512L DEVICES

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name(1)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
9000	ETHCON1	31:16	PTV<15:0>																0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	TXRTS	RXEN	AUTOFC	—	—	MANFC	—	—	—	—	BUFCDEC
9010	ETHCON2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	RXBUFSZ<6:0>							—	—	—	—	0000
9020	ETHTXST	31:16	TXSTADDR<31:16>																0000
		15:0	TXSTADDR<15:2>													—	—	—	0000
9030	ETHRXST	31:16	RXSTADDR<31:16>																0000
		15:0	RXSTADDR<15:2>													—	—	—	0000
9040	ETHHT0	31:16	HT<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
9050	ETHHT1	31:16	HT<63:32>																0000
		15:0																	0000
9060	ETHPMM0	31:16	PMM<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
9070	ETHPMM1	31:16	PMM<63:32>																0000
		15:0																	0000
9080	ETHPMCS	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PMCS<15:0>																0000
9090	ETHPMO	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PMO<15:0>																0000
90A0	ETHRXFC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	HTEN	MPEN	—	NOTPM	PMMODE<3:0>				CRC ERREN	CRC OKEN	RUNT ERREN	RUNTEN	UCEN	NOT MEEN	MCEN	BCEN	0000
90B0	ETHRXWM	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RXFWM<7:0>								0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	RXEWM<7:0>								0000		
90C0	ETHIEN	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	TX BUSEIE	RX BUSEIE	—	—	—	EW MARKIE	FW MARKIE	RX DONEIE	PK TPENDIE	RX ACTIE	—	TX DONEIE	TX ABORTIE	RX BUFNAIE	RX OVFLWIE	0000
90D0	ETHIRQ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	TXBUSE	RXBUSE	—	—	—	EWMARK	FWMARK	RXDONE	PKTPEND	RXACT	—	TXDONE	TXABORT	RXBUFNA	RXOVFLW	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table (with the exception of ETHSTAT) have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers"** for more information.

Note 2: Reset values default to the factory programmed value.

REGISTER 25-25: EMAC1IPGT: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC BACK-TO-BACK INTERPACKET GAP REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0
	—	B2BIPKTGP<6:0>						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **B2BIPKTGP<6:0>:** Back-to-Back Interpacket Gap bits

This is a programmable field representing the nibble time offset of the minimum possible period between the end of any transmitted packet, to the beginning of the next. In Full-Duplex mode, the register value should be the desired period in nibble times minus 3. In Half-Duplex mode, the register value should be the desired period in nibble times minus 6. In Full-Duplex the recommended setting is 0x15 (21d), which represents the minimum IPG of 0.96 μ s (in 100 Mbps) or 9.6 μ s (in 10 Mbps). In Half-Duplex mode, the recommended setting is 0x12 (18d), which also represents the minimum IPG of 0.96 μ s (in 100 Mbps) or 9.6 μ s (in 10 Mbps).

Note: Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

FIGURE 32-13: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

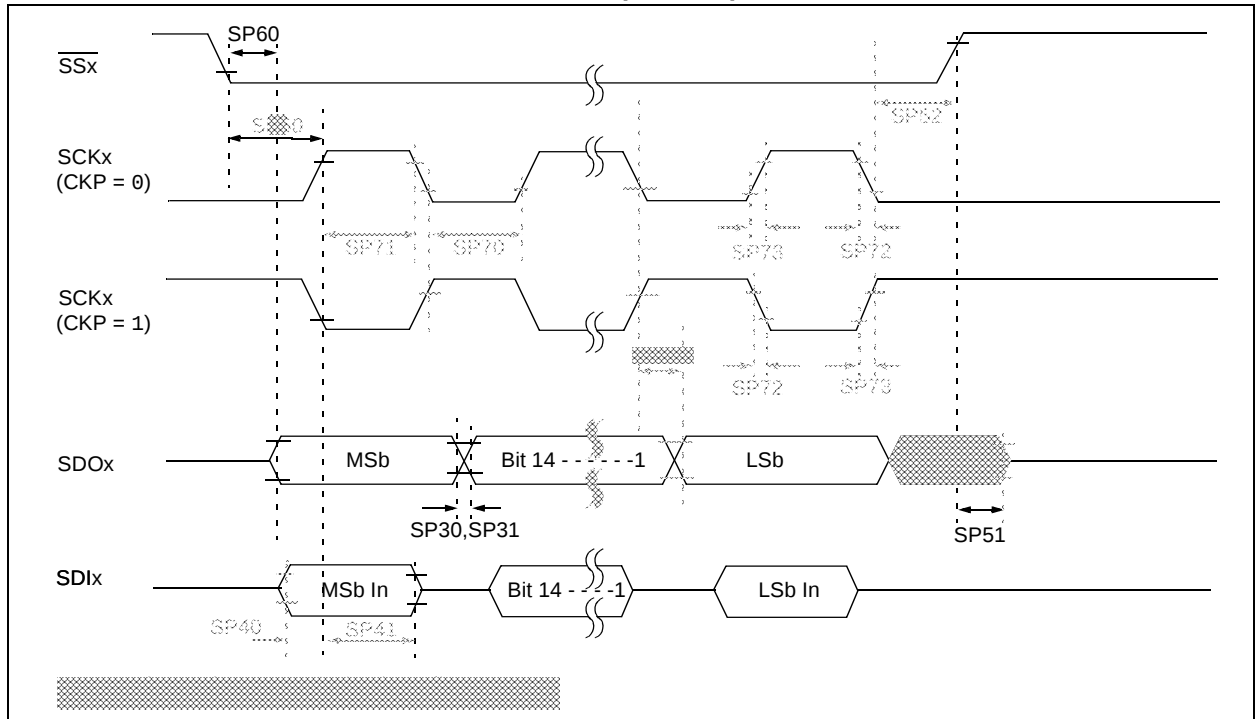


TABLE 32-31: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP70	TsCL	SCKx Input Low Time ⁽³⁾	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—
SP71	TsCH	SCKx Input High Time ⁽³⁾	Tsck/2	—	—	ns	—
SP72	TscF	SCKx Input Fall Time	—	5	10	ns	—
SP73	TscR	SCKx Input Rise Time	—	5	10	ns	—
SP30	TDoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP31	TDoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	—	20	ns	VDD > 2.7V
			—	—	30	ns	VDD < 2.7V
SP40	TdIV2scH, TdIV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	10	—	—	ns	—
SP50	TssL2scH, TssL2scL	SSx ↓ to SCKx ↓ or SCKx ↑ Input	175	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

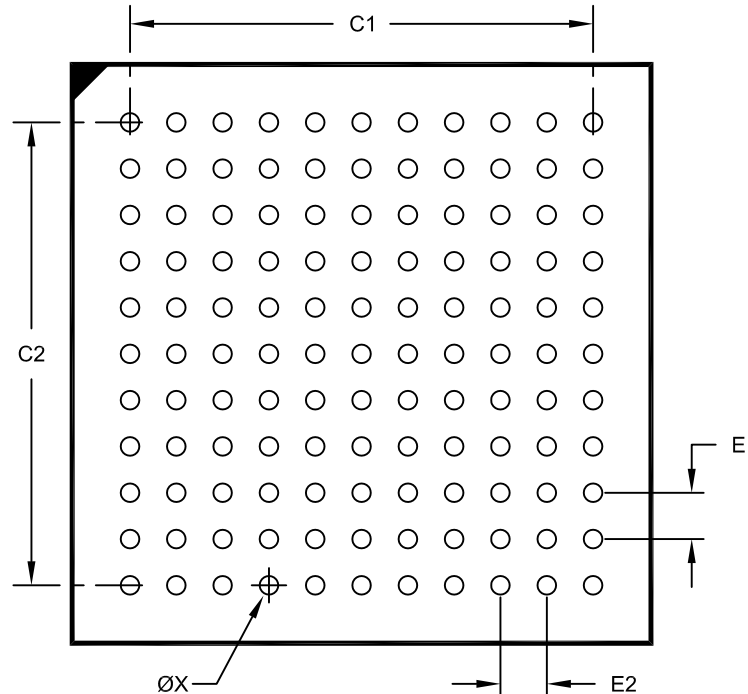
2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 40 ns.

4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

121-Lead Plastic Thin Profile Ball Grid Array (BG) - 10x10x1.10 mm Body [TFBGA--Formerly XBGA]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E1	0.80 BSC		
Contact Pitch	E2	0.80 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.00	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.00	
Contact Pad Diameter (X121)	X			0.32

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2148 Rev D