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Details

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2 014110	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	Ethernet, I ² C, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	· ·
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	64-VQFN (9x9)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx664f128h-v-mr

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

	USB and Ethernet															
Device	Pins	Program Memory (KB)	Data Memory (KB)	USB	Ethernet	Timers/Capture/Compare	DMA Channels (Programmable/Dedicated)	UART ^(2,3)	SPI ⁽³⁾	I ² C ⁽³⁾	10-bit 1 Msps ADC (Channels)	Comparators	dSP/PMP	JTAG	Trace	Packages ⁽⁴⁾
PIC32MX664F064H	64	64 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	32	1	1	5/5/5	4/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX664F128H	64	128 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	32	1	1	5/5/5	4/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX675F256H	64	256 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	64	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX675F512H	64	512 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	64	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX695F512H	64	512 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	128	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	3	4	16	2	Yes	Yes	No	PT, MR
PIC32MX664F064L	100	64 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	32	1	1	5/5/5	4/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG
PIC32MX664F128L	100	128 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	32	1	1	5/5/5	4/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG
PIC32MX675F256L	100	256 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	64	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG
PIC32MX675F512L	100	512 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	64	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG, TL
PIC32MX695F512L	100	512 + 12 ⁽¹⁾	128	1	1	5/5/5	8/4	6	4	5	16	2	Yes	Yes	Yes	PT, PF, BG, TL
Legend: PF, PT =	TQFP	MR = QF	N		BG =	TFBGA	4	TL =	VTL/	ų(5)						

TABLE 2: PIC32MX6XX USB AND ETHERNET FEATURES

Legend: PF, PT = TQFP MR = QFN BG = Note 1: This device features 12 KB boot Flash memory.

2: CTS and RTS pins may not be available for all UART modules. Refer to the "Device Pin Tables" section for more information.

3: Some pins between the UART, SPI and I²C modules may be shared. Refer to the "Device Pin Tables" section for more information.

4: Refer to 34.0 "Packaging Information" for more information.

5: 100-pin devices other than those listed here are available in the VTLA package upon request. Please contact your local Microchip Sales Office for details.

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TABLE 10: PIN NAMES (CONTINUED)FOR USB AND CAN DEVICES

121-PIN TFBGA (BOTTOM VIEW)

PIC32MX534F064L PIC32MX564F064L PIC32MX564F128L PIC32MX575F256L PIC32MX575F512L

L1

A11

Note: The TFBGA package skips from row "H" to row "J" and has no "I" row. A1

Pin #	Full Pin Name
J3	PGED2/AN7/RB7
J4	AVdd
J5	AN11/PMA12/RB11
J6	TCK/RA1
J7	AN12/PMA11/RB12
J8	No Connect (NC)
J9	No Connect (NC)
J10	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/RF8
J11	D-/RG3
K1	PGEC1/AN1/CN3/RB1
K2	PGED1/AN0/CN2/RB0
K3	VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/RA10
K4	AN8/C1OUT/RB8
K5	No Connect (NC)
K6	AC1RX/SS4/U5RX/U2CTS/RF12
K7	AN14/PMALH/PMA1/RB14

Pin #	Full Pin Name
K8	Vdd
K9	SCK3/U4TX/U1RTS/CN21/RD15
K10	USBID/RF3
K11	SDA3/SDI3/U1RX/RF2
L1	PGEC2/AN6/OCFA/RB6
L2	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9
L3	AVss
L4	AN9/C2OUT/RB9
L5	AN10/CVREFOUT/PMA13/RB10
L6	AC1TX/SCK4/U5TX/U2RTS/RF13
L7	AN13/PMA10/RB13
L8	AN15/OCFB/PMALL/PMA0/CN12/RB15
L9	SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/CN20/RD14
L10	SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4
L11	SCL5/SDO4/U2TX/PMA8/CN18/RF5

Note 1: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

TABLE 13: PIN NAMES FOR 124-PIN USB, ETHERNET, AND CAN DEVICES (CONTINUED)

124	4-PIN VTLA (BOTTOM VIEW) ^(2,3)			A34		
		B13	B29		Conductive Thermal Pad	
	PIC32MX675F512L PIC32MX695F512L PIC32MX795F512L	B1	B56	B41	A51	
	A1					
	Polarity Indicator		A68			
Package Bump #	Full Pin Name		Package Bump #	F	ull Pin Name	
B8	Vss		B33	TDO/RA5		
B9	TMS/RA0		B34	OSC1/CLKI/RC	212	
B10	AERXD1/INT2/RE9		B35	No Connect (N	C)	
B11	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4		B36	AETXCLK/SCL	.1/INT3/RA14	
B12	Vss		B37	RTCC/EMDIO/	AEMDIO/IC1/RD8	
B13	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2		B38	SCK1/IC3/PMC	CS2/PMA15/RD10	
B14	PGED1/AN0/CN2/RB0		B39	SDO1/OC1/INT	[0/RD0	
B15	No Connect (NC)		B40	SOSCO/T1CK/	CN0/RC14	
B16	PGED2/AN7/RB7		B41	Vss		
B17	VREF+/CVREF+/AERXD3/PMA6/RA10		B42	OC3/RD2		
B18	AVss		B43	ETXD2/IC5/PN	ID12/RD12	
B19	AN9/C2OUT/RB9		B44	OC5/PMWR/CI	N13/RD4	
B20	AN11/ERXERR/AETXERR/PMA12/RB11		B45	ETXEN/PMD14	4/CN15/RD6	
B21	Vdd		B46	Vss		
B22	AC1TX/SCK4/U5TX/U2RTS/RF13		B47	No Connect (N	C)	
B23	AN12/ERXD0/AECRS/PMA11/RB12		B48	VCAP		
B24	AN14/ERXD2/AETXD3/PMALH/PMA1/RB14		B49	C1RX ⁽¹⁾ /ETXD	1/PMD11/RF0	
B25	Vss		B50	C2TX ⁽¹⁾ /ETXE	RR/PMD9/RG1	
B26	AETXD0/SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/CN20/RD14		B51	TRCLK/RA6		
B27	SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4		B52	PMD0/RE0		
B28	No Connect (NC)		B53	Vdd		
B29	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/RF8		B54	TRD2/RG14		
B30	VUSB3V3		B55	TRD0/RG13		
B31	D+/RG2		B56	PMD3/RE3		

This pin is only available on PIC32MX795F512L devices. Note 1:

2:

Shaded package bumps are 5V tolerant. It is recommended that the user connect the printed circuit board (PCB) ground to the conductive thermal pad on the bottom of the package. And to not run non-Vss PCB traces under the conductive thermal pad on the same side of the PCB layout. 3:

Referenced Sources

This device data sheet is based on the following individual chapters of the *"PIC32 Family Reference Manual"*. These documents should be considered as the general reference for the operation of a particular module or device feature.

- Note 1: To access the documents listed below, browse to the documentation section of the PIC32MX795F512L product page on the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com) or select a family reference manual section from the following list. In addition to parameters, features, and other documentation, the resulting page provides links to the related family
- Section 1. "Introduction" (DS60001127)
- Section 2. "CPU" (DS60001113)
- Section 4. "Prefetch Cache" (DS60001119)
- Section 3. "Memory Organization" (DS60001115)

reference manual sections.

- Section 5. "Flash Program Memory" (DS60001121)
- Section 6. "Oscillator Configuration" (DS60001112)
- Section 7. "Resets" (DS60001118)
- Section 8. "Interrupt Controller" (DS60001108)
- Section 9. "Watchdog Timer and Power-up Timer (DS60001114)
- Section 10. "Power-Saving Features" (DS60001130)
- Section 12. "I/O Ports" (DS60001120)
- Section 13. "Parallel Master Port (PMP)" (DS60001128)
- Section 14. "Timers" (DS60001105)
- Section 15. "Input Capture" (DS60001122)
- Section 16. "Output Capture" (DS60001111)
- Section 17. "10-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)" (DS60001104)
- Section 19. "Comparator" (DS60001110)
- Section 20. "Comparator Voltage Reference (CVREF)" (DS60001109)
- Section 21. "Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)" (DS60001107)
- Section 23. "Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)" (DS60001106)
- Section 24. "Inter-Integrated Circuit (I2C)" (DS60001116)
- Section 27. "USB On-The-Go (OTG)" (DS60001126)
- Section 29. "Real-Time Clock and Calendar (RTCC)" (DS60001125)
- Section 31. "Direct Memory Access (DMA) Controller" (DS60001117)
- Section 32. "Configuration" (DS60001124)
- Section 33. "Programming and Diagnostics" (DS60001129)
- Section 34. "Controller Area Network (CAN)" (DS60001154)
- Section 35. "Ethernet Controller" (DS60001155)

AECRS	64-Pin QFN/TQFP	100-Pin			Pin	Buffer			
		TQFP	121-Pin TFBGA	124-pin VTLA	Туре	Туре	Description		
		41	J7	B23	I	ST	Alternate Ethernet carrier sense ⁽²⁾		
AEMDC	30	71	C11	A46	0		Alternate Ethernet Management Data clock ⁽²⁾		
AEMDIO	49	68	E9	B37	I/O		Alternate Ethernet Management Data ⁽²		
TRCLK	_	91	C5	B51	0		Trace clock		
TRD0		97	A3	B55	0	_	Trace Data bits 0-3		
TRD1	_	96	C3	A65	0	_			
TRD2	_	95	C4	B54	0	_			
TRD3	_	92	B5	A62	0				
PGED1	16	25	K2	B14	I/O	ST	Data I/O pin for Programming/ Debugging Communication Channel 1		
PGEC1	15	24	K1	A15	I	ST	Clock input pin for Programming/ Debugging Communication Channel 1		
PGED2	18	27	J3	B16	I/O	ST	Data I/O pin for Programming/ Debugging Communication Channel 2		
PGEC2	17	26	L1	A20	Ι	ST	Clock input pin for Programming/ Debugging Communication Channel 2		
MCLR	7	13	F1	B7	I/P	ST	Master Clear (Reset) input. This pin is an active-low Reset to the device.		
AVdd	19	30	J4	A22	Р	Р	Positive supply for analog modules. This pin must be connected at all times		
AVss	20	31	L3	B18	Р	Р	Ground reference for analog modules		
Vdd	10, 26, 38, 57	2, 16, 37, 46, 62, 86	A7, C2, C9, E5, K8, F8, G5, H4, H6	A10, A14, A30, A41, A48, A59, B1, B21, B53	Ρ	_	Positive supply for peripheral logic and I/O pins		
VCAP	56	85	B7	B48	Р		Capacitor for Internal Voltage Regulato		
Vss	9, 25, 41	15, 36, 45, 65, 75	A8, B10, D4, D5, E7, F5, F10, G6, G7, H3	A3, A25, A43, A63, B8, B12, B25, B41, B46	Ρ	_	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins This pin must be connected at all times		
Vref+	16	29	K3	B17	I	Analog	Analog voltage reference (high) input		
Vref-	15	28	L2	A21	I	Analog	Analog voltage reference (low) input		

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

TTL = TTL input buffer
Note 1: Pin numbers are only provided for reference. See the "Device Pin Tables" section for device pin availability.

2: See 25.0 "Ethernet Controller" for more information.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24	—	_	_	—	_	_	-	—
22.16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	-	_	_	—	_	_	_	—
45.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15:8	_	_	_	—	_	_	_	—
7.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	W-0, HC
7:0		_	_	—	—			SWRST ⁽¹⁾

REGISTER 6-2: RSWRST: SOFTWARE RESET REGISTER

Le	gend:	HC = Cleared by hardware						
R =	= Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'					
-n :	= Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown				

bit 31-1 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 0 SWRST: Software Reset Trigger bit⁽¹⁾ 1 = Enable software Reset event 0 = No effect
- Note 1: The system unlock sequence must be performed before the SWRST bit can be written. Refer to Section 6. "Oscillator" (DS60001112) in the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual" for details.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24			_	—	-	_	_	_
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
23.10	—	—	—	—	_	—	—	SS0
45.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15:8	_	—	—	MVEC	_	TPC<2:0>		
7.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0			_	INT4EP	INT3EP	INT2EP	INT1EP	INT0EP

REGISTER 7-1: INTCON: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ad as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-17 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 16 **SS0:** Single Vector Shadow Register Set bit
 - 1 = Single vector is presented with a shadow register set
 - 0 = Single vector is not presented with a shadow register set
- bit 15-13 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 12 MVEC: Multiple Vector Configuration bit
 - 1 = Interrupt controller configured for Multi-vector mode
 - 0 = Interrupt controller configured for Single-vector mode
- bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 10-8 TPC<2:0>: Interrupt Proximity Timer Control bits
 - 111 = Interrupts of group priority 7 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer 110 = Interrupts of group priority 6 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer 101 = Interrupts of group priority 5 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer 100 = Interrupts of group priority 4 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer 011 = Interrupts of group priority 3 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer
 - 010 = Interrupts of group priority 2 or lower start the Interrupt Proximity timer
 - 001 = Interrupts of group priority 1 start the Interrupt Proximity timer
 - 000 = Disables Interrupt Proximity timer
- bit 7-5 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 4 INT4EP: External Interrupt 4 Edge Polarity Control bit
 - 1 = Rising edge
 - 0 = Falling edge
- bit 3 INT3EP: External Interrupt 3 Edge Polarity Control bit
 - 1 = Rising edge
 - 0 = Falling edge
- bit 2 INT2EP: External Interrupt 2 Edge Polarity Control bit
 - 1 = Rising edge
 - 0 = Falling edge
- bit 1 **INT1EP:** External Interrupt 1 Edge Polarity Control bit
 - 1 = Rising edge
 - 0 = Falling edge
- bit 0 INTOEP: External Interrupt 0 Edge Polarity Control bit
 - 1 = Rising edge
 - 0 = Falling edge

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

REGISTER 10-18: DCHxDAT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' PATTERN DATA REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24	—	-		—	—	_	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10	—				—		—	—
45.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15:8	—	_	_	_	—	_	—	—
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0				CHPDAT	[<7:0>			

Legend:

5			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, r	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **CHPDAT<7:0>:** Channel Data Register bits <u>Pattern Terminate mode:</u> Data to be matched must be stored in this register to allow terminate on match.

> All other modes: Unused.

11.0 USB ON-THE-GO (OTG)

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to Section 27. "USB On-The-Go (OTG)" (DS60001126) in the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

The Universal Serial Bus (USB) module contains analog and digital components to provide a USB 2.0 full-speed and low-speed embedded Host, full-speed Device or OTG implementation with a minimum of external components. This module in Host mode is intended for use as an embedded host and therefore does not implement a UHCI or OHCI controller.

The USB module consists of the clock generator, the USB voltage comparators, the transceiver, the Serial Interface Engine (SIE), a dedicated USB DMA controller, pull-up and pull-down resistors, and the register interface. A block diagram of the PIC32 USB OTG module is presented in Figure 11-1.

The clock generator provides the 48 MHz clock required for USB full-speed and low-speed communication. The voltage comparators monitor the voltage on the VBUS pin to determine the state of the bus. The transceiver provides the analog translation between the USB bus and the digital logic. The SIE is a state machine that transfers data to and from the endpoint buffers and generates the hardware protocol for data transfers. The USB DMA controller transfers data between the data buffers in RAM and the SIE. The integrated pull-up and pull-down resistors eliminate the need for external signaling components. The register interface allows the CPU to configure and communicate with the module.

The USB module includes the following features:

- USB Full-speed support for host and device
- Low-speed host support
- USB OTG support
- Integrated signaling resistors
- Integrated analog comparators for VBUS monitoring
- Integrated USB transceiver
- Transaction handshaking performed by hardware
- Endpoint buffering anywhere in system RAM
- Integrated DMA to access system RAM and Flash
- The implementation and use of the USB Note: specifications, as well as other third party may specifications or technologies, require licensing; including, but not limited to, USB Implementers Forum, Inc. (also referred to as USB-IF). The user is fully responsible for investigating and satisfying any applicable licensing obligations.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31.24		—				—		—
22.16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16		_				_		_
15.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15:8		_				_		_
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0
7.0	IDIE	T1MSECIE	LSTATEIE	ACTVIE	SESVDIE	SESENDIE		VBUSVDIE

REGISTER 11-2: U10TGIE: USB OTG INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 7 IDIE: ID Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = ID interrupt enabled
 - 0 = ID interrupt disabled
- bit 6 T1MSECIE: 1 Millisecond Timer Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = 1 millisecond timer interrupt enabled
 - 0 = 1 millisecond timer interrupt disabled
- bit 5 LSTATEIE: Line State Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = Line state interrupt enabled
 - 0 = Line state interrupt disabled
- bit 4 ACTVIE: Bus ACTIVITY Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = ACTIVITY interrupt enabled
 - 0 = ACTIVITY interrupt disabled
- bit 3 SESVDIE: Session Valid Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = Session valid interrupt enabled
 - 0 = Session valid interrupt disabled
- bit 2 SESENDIE: B-Session End Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = B-session end interrupt enabled
 - 0 = B-session end interrupt disabled
- bit 1 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 0 **VBUSVDIE:** A-VBUS Valid Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = A-VBUS valid interrupt enabled
 - 0 = A-VBUS valid interrupt disabled

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
04.04	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24				-	_		_	—
00.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	_	_	_		_	—	_	—
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15:8	ON ^(1,2)		_	—	—	—	—	—
7.0	U-0	R-y	R-y	R-y	R-y	R-y	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	_		S	WDTWINEN	WDTCLR			

REGISTER 15-1: WDTCON: WATCHDOG TIMER CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:	y = Values set from Configuration bits on POR				
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown		

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 0

- bit 15 **ON:** Watchdog Timer Enable bit^(1,2)
 - 1 = Enables the WDT if it is not enabled by the device configuration 0 = Disable the WDT if it was enabled in software
- bit 14-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6-2 **SWDTPS<4:0>:** Shadow Copy of Watchdog Timer Postscaler Value from Device Configuration bits On reset, these bits are set to the values of the WDTPS <4:0> Configuration bits.
- bit 1 WDTWINEN: Watchdog Timer Window Enable bit
 - 1 = Enable windowed Watchdog Timer
 - 0 = Disable windowed Watchdog Timer
 - WDTCLR: Watchdog Timer Reset bit
 - 1 = Writing a '1' will clear the WDT
 - 0 = Software cannot force this bit to a '0'
- Note 1: A read of this bit results in a '1' if the Watchdog Timer is enabled by the device configuration or software.
 - 2: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read or write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
04-04	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
31:24		HR10-	<3:0>			HR01	<3:0>	
00.40	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
23:16	MIN10<3:0>				MIN01<3:0>			
45.0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
15:8		SEC10	<3:0>		SEC01<3:0>			
7.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
7:0	—	—	_	_	—	_	—	_
Legend:								
R = Read	able bit		W = Writable	e bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value	e at POR		'1' = Bit is se	t	0' = Bit is cleared $x = Bit is unknown$			known

REGISTER 22-5: ALRMTIME: ALARM TIME VALUE REGISTER

bit 31-28 HR10<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of hours bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 2
bit 27-24 HR01<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of hours bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9
bit 23-20 MIN10<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of minutes bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 5
bit 19-16 MIN01<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of minutes bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9
bit 15-12 SEC10<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of seconds bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 5
bit 11-8 SEC01<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of seconds bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9
bit 7-0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

REGISTER 23-2: AD1CON2: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 2
--

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
00.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16			—	_	—	—	—	—
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
15:8	VCFG<2:0>			OFFCAL	—	CSCNA	—	—
7.0	R-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	BUFS	_		SMP	l<3:0>		BUFM	ALTS

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ad as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15-13 VCFG<2:0>: Voltage Reference Configuration bits

Bit Value	VREFH	VREFL		
lxx	AVdd	AVss		
011	External VREF+ pin	External VREF- pin		
010	AVdd	External VREF- pin		
001	External VREF+ pin	AVss		
000	AVDD	AVss		

bit 12 **OFFCAL:** Input Offset Calibration Mode Select bit

1 = Enable Offset Calibration mode

Positive and negative inputs of the S&H circuit are connected to VREFL.

0 = Disable Offset Calibration mode

The inputs to the S&H circuit are controlled by AD1CHS or AD1CSSL.

bit 11 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 10 **CSCNA:** Input Scan Select bit
 - 1 = Scan inputs

0 = Do not scan inputs

- bit 9-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 7 BUFS: Buffer Fill Status bit
 - Only valid when BUFM = 1.
 - 1 = ADC is currently filling buffer 0x8-0xF, user should access data in 0x0-0x7
 - 0 = ADC is currently filling buffer 0x0-0x7, user should access data in 0x8-0xF

bit 6 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 5-2 SMPI<3:0>: Sample/Convert Sequences Per Interrupt Selection bits

- 1111 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each 16th sample/convert sequence 1110 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each 15th sample/convert sequence
- 1110 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each 15" sample/convert sequence
- •

0001 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each 2nd sample/convert sequence 0000 = Interrupts at the completion of conversion for each sample/convert sequence

- bit 1 BUFM: ADC Result Buffer Mode Select bit
 - 1 = Buffer configured as two 8-word buffers, ADC1BUF7-ADC1BUF0, ADC1BUFF-ADCBUF8
 - 0 = Buffer configured as one 16-word buffer ADC1BUFF-ADC1BUF0
- bit 0 ALTS: Alternate Input Sample Mode Select bit
 - 1 = Uses Sample A input multiplexer settings for first sample, and then alternates between Sample B and Sample A input multiplexer settings for all subsequent samples
 - 0 = Always use Sample A input multiplexer settings

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Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
31.24	FLTEN3	MSEL3<1:0>		FSEL3<4:0>				
22.46	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
23:16	FLTEN2	MSEL2<1:0>		FSEL2<4:0>				
15.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15:8	FLTEN1	MSEL1<1:0>		I:0> FSEL1<4:0>				
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN0	MSEL	0<1:0>	FSEL0<4:0>				

REGISTER 24-10: CIFLTCON0: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31	FLTEN3: Filter 3 Enable bit
	1 = Filter is enabled
	0 = Filter is disabled
bit 30-29	MSEL3<1:0>: Filter 3 Mask Select bits
	11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
	10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
	01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
	00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
bit 28-24	FSEL3<4:0>: FIFO Selection bits
	11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
	11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30
	•
	•
	00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
	00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0
bit 23	FLTEN2: Filter 2 Enable bit
	1 = Filter is enabled
	0 = Filter is disabled
bit 22-21	MSEL2<1:0>: Filter 2 Mask Select bits
	11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
	10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
	01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
	00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
bit 20-16	FSEL2<4:0>: FIFO Selection bits
	11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
	11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30
	•
	•
	00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
	00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

Note: The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.

REGISTER 24-21: CiFIFOINTn: CAN FIFO INTERRUPT REGISTER 'n' (n = 0 THROUGH 31)

- bit 9 TXHALFIF: FIFO Transmit FIFO Half Empty Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾ TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer) 1 = FIFO is \leq half full 0 = FIFO is > half full TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer) Unused, reads '0' bit 8 **TXEMPTYIF:** Transmit FIFO Empty Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾ TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer) 1 = FIFO is empty 0 = FIFO is not empty, at least 1 message queued to be transmitted TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer) Unused, reads '0' bit 7-4 Unimplemented: Read as '0' bit 3 **RXOVFLIF:** Receive FIFO Overflow Interrupt Flag bit TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer) Unused, reads '0' TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer) 1 = Overflow event has occurred 0 = No overflow event occuredbit 2 **RXFULLIF:** Receive FIFO Full Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾ TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer) Unused, reads '0' TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer) 1 = FIFO is full 0 = FIFO is not full RXHALFIF: Receive FIFO Half Full Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾ bit 1 TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer) Unused, reads '0' TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer) 1 = FIFO is \geq half full 0 = FIFO is < half full bit 0 **RXNEMPTYIF:** Receive Buffer Not Empty Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾ TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer) Unused, reads '0' TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer) 1 = FIFO is not empty, has at least 1 message 0 = FIFO is empty
- Note 1: This bit is read-only and reflects the status of the FIFO.

REGISTER 25-16: ETHRXOVFLOW: ETHERNET CONTROLLER RECEIVE OVERFLOW STATISTICS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0		
04-04	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0		
31:24	-	—	_	—	_	_	_	—		
00.46	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0		
23:16	_	—	_	_	_	—	—	—		
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
15:8	RXOVFLWCNT<15:8>									
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
7:0	RXOVFLWCNT<7:0>									

Legend:

Logona.						
R = Readable bit W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown			

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **RXOVFLWCNT<15:0>:** Dropped Receive Frames Count bits Increment counter for frames accepted by the RX filter and subsequently dropped due to internal receive error (RXFIFO overrun). This event also sets the RXOVFLW bit (ETHIRQ<0>) interrupt flag.

Note 1: This register is only used for RX operations.

- 2: This register is automatically cleared by hardware after a read operation, unless the byte enables for bytes 0/1 are '0'.
- **3:** It is recommended to use the SET, CLR, or INV registers to set or clear any bit in this register. Setting or clearing any bits in this register should only be done for debug/test purposes.

28.0 POWER-SAVING FEATURES

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to Section 10. "Power-Saving Features" (DS60001130) in the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

This section describes power-saving features for the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. These devices offer a total of nine methods and modes, organized into two categories, that allow the user to balance power consumption with device performance. In all of the methods and modes described in this section, power-saving is controlled by software.

28.1 Power-Saving with CPU Running

When the CPU is running, power consumption can be controlled by reducing the CPU clock frequency, lowering the Peripheral Bus Clock (PBCLK) and by individually disabling modules. These methods are grouped into the following categories:

- FRC Run mode: the CPU is clocked from the FRC clock source with or without postscalers.
- LPRC Run mode: the CPU is clocked from the LPRC clock source.
- Sosc Run mode: the CPU is clocked from the Sosc clock source.

In addition, the Peripheral Bus Scaling mode is available where peripherals are clocked at the programmable fraction of the CPU clock (SYSCLK).

28.2 CPU Halted Methods

The device supports two power-saving modes, Sleep and Idle, both of which Halt the clock to the CPU. These modes operate with all clock sources, as listed below:

- **Posc Idle mode:** the system clock is derived from the Posc. The system clock source continues to operate. Peripherals continue to operate, but can optionally be individually disabled.
- FRC Idle mode: the system clock is derived from the FRC with or without postscalers. Peripherals continue to operate, but can optionally be individually disabled.

- **Sosc Idle mode:** the system clock is derived from the Sosc. Peripherals continue to operate, but can optionally be individually disabled.
- LPRC Idle mode: the system clock is derived from the LPRC. Peripherals continue to operate, but can optionally be individually disabled. This is the lowest power mode for the device with a clock running.
- Sleep mode: the CPU, the system clock source and any peripherals that operate from the system clock source are Halted. Some peripherals can operate in Sleep using specific clock sources. This is the lowest power mode for the device.

28.3 Power-Saving Operation

Peripherals and the CPU can be halted or disabled to further reduce power consumption.

28.3.1 SLEEP MODE

Sleep mode has the lowest power consumption of the device power-saving operating modes. The CPU and most peripherals are halted. Select peripherals can continue to operate in Sleep mode and can be used to wake the device from Sleep. See the individual peripheral module sections for descriptions of behavior in Sleep.

Sleep mode includes the following characteristics:

- The CPU is halted
- The system clock source is typically shutdown. See Section 28.3.3 "Peripheral Bus Scaling Method" for specific information.
- There can be a wake-up delay based on the oscillator selection
- The Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) does not operate during Sleep mode
- The BOR circuit, if enabled, remains operative during Sleep mode
- The WDT, if enabled, is not automatically cleared prior to entering Sleep mode
- Some peripherals can continue to operate at limited functionality in Sleep mode. These peripherals include I/O pins that detect a change in the input signal, WDT, ADC, UART and peripherals that use an external clock input or the internal LPRC oscillator (e.g., RTCC, Timer1 and Input Capture).
- I/O pins continue to sink or source current in the same manner as they do when the device is not in Sleep
- Modules can be individually disabled by software prior to entering Sleep in order to further reduce consumption

REGISTER 29-3: DEVCFG2: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 2 (CONTINUED)

- bit 2-0 **FPLLIDIV<2:0>:** PLL Input Divider bits
 - 111 = 12x divider
 - 110 = 10x divider
 - 101 = 6x divider
 - 100 = 5x divider
 - 011 = 4x divider
 - 010 = 3x divider
 - 001 = 2x divider
 - 000 = 1x divider

TABLE 32-18: PLL CLOCK TIMING SPECIFICATIONS (VDD = 2.3V TO 3.6V)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V(unless otherwise stated)Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +105^{\circ}C$ for V-Temp					
Param. No.	Param. No. Symbol Characteristic		ics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
OS50	Fplli	PLL Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) Input Frequency Range		3.92	_	5	MHz	ECPLL, HSPLL, XTPLL, FRCPLL modes
OS51	Fsys	On-Chip VCO System Frequency		60	_	120	MHz	_
OS52	TLOCK	PLL Start-up Time (Lock Time)		_	_	2	ms	—
OS53	DCLK	CLKO Stability ⁽²⁾ (Period Jitter or Cumulative)		-0.25		+0.25	%	Measured over 100 ms period

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: This jitter specification is based on clock-cycle by clock-cycle measurements. To get the effective jitter for individual time-bases on communication clocks, use the following formula:

$$EffectiveJitter = \frac{D_{CLK}}{\sqrt{\frac{SYSCLK}{CommunicationClock}}}$$

For example, if SYSCLK = 80 MHz and SPI bit rate = 20 MHz, the effective jitter is as follows:

$$EffectiveJitter = \frac{D_{CLK}}{\sqrt{\frac{80}{20}}} = \frac{D_{CLK}}{2}$$

TABLE 32-19: INTERNAL FRC ACCURACY

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V(unless otherwise stated)Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +105^{\circ}C$ for V-Temp						
Param. No.	Characteristics		Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Internal FRC Accuracy @ 8.00 MHz ⁽¹⁾ for PIC32MX575/675/695/775/795 Family Devices								
F20a	FRC	-2	—	+2	%	—		
Internal FRC Accuracy @ 8.00 MHz ⁽¹⁾ for PIC32MX534/564/664/764 Family Devices								
F20b	FRC	-0.9	—	+0.9	%	—		

Note 1: Frequency calibrated at 25°C and 3.3V. The TUN bits can be used to compensate for temperature drift.

FIGURE 32-21: TRANSMIT SIGNAL TIMING RELATIONSHIPS AT THE MII





