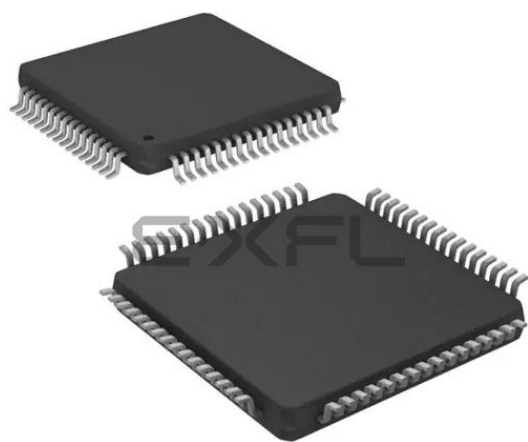




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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	Ethernet, I ² C, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx664f128ht-v-pt

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 7: PIN NAMES FOR 100-PIN USB AND CAN DEVICES

100-PIN TQFP (TOP VIEW)			
PIC32MX534F064L PIC32MX564F064L PIC32MX564F128L PIC32MX575F512L PIC32MX575F256L		100 1	
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	RG15	36	Vss
2	VDD	37	VDD
3	PMD5/RE5	38	TCK/RA1
4	PMD6/RE6	39	AC1TX/SCK4/U5TX/U2RTS/RF13
5	PMD7/RE7	40	AC1RX/SS4/U5RX/U2CTS/RF12
6	T2CK/RC1	41	AN12/PMA11/RB12
7	T3CK/RC2	42	AN13/PMA10/RB13
8	T4CK/RC3	43	AN14/PMALH/PMA1/RB14
9	T5CK/SDI1/RC4	44	AN15/OCFB/PMALL/PMA0/CN12/RB15
10	SCK2/U6TX/U3RTS/PMA5/CN8/RG6	45	Vss
11	SDA4/SDI2/U3RX/PMA4/CN9/RG7	46	VDD
12	SCL4/SDO2/U3TX/PMA3/CN10/RG8	47	SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/CN20/RD14
13	MCLR	48	SCK3/U4TX/U1RTS/CN21/RD15
14	SS2/U6RX/U3CTS/PMA2/CN11/RG9	49	SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4
15	Vss	50	SCL5/SDO4/U2TX/PMA8/CN18/RF5
16	VDD	51	USBID/RF3
17	TMS/RA0	52	SDA3/SDI3/U1RX/RF2
18	INT1/RE8	53	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/RF8
19	INT2/RE9	54	VBUS
20	AN5/C1IN+/VBUSON/CN7/RB5	55	VUSB3V3
21	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4	56	D-/RG3
22	AN3/C2IN+/CN5/RB3	57	D+/RG2
23	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2	58	SCL2/RA2
24	PGEC1/AN1/CN3/RB1	59	SDA2/RA3
25	PGED1/AN0/CN2/RB0	60	TDI/RA4
26	PGEC2/AN6/OCFA/RB6	61	TDO/RA5
27	PGED2/AN7/RB7	62	VDD
28	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9	63	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
29	VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/RA10	64	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
30	AVDD	65	Vss
31	AVSS	66	SCL1/INT3/RA14
32	AN8/C1OUT/RB8	67	SDA1/INT4/RA15
33	AN9/C2OUT/RB9	68	RTCC/IC1/RD8
34	AN10/CVREFOUT/PMA13/RB10	69	SS1/IC2/RD9
35	AN11/PMA12/RB11	70	SCK1/IC3/PMCS2/PMA15/RD10

Note 1: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

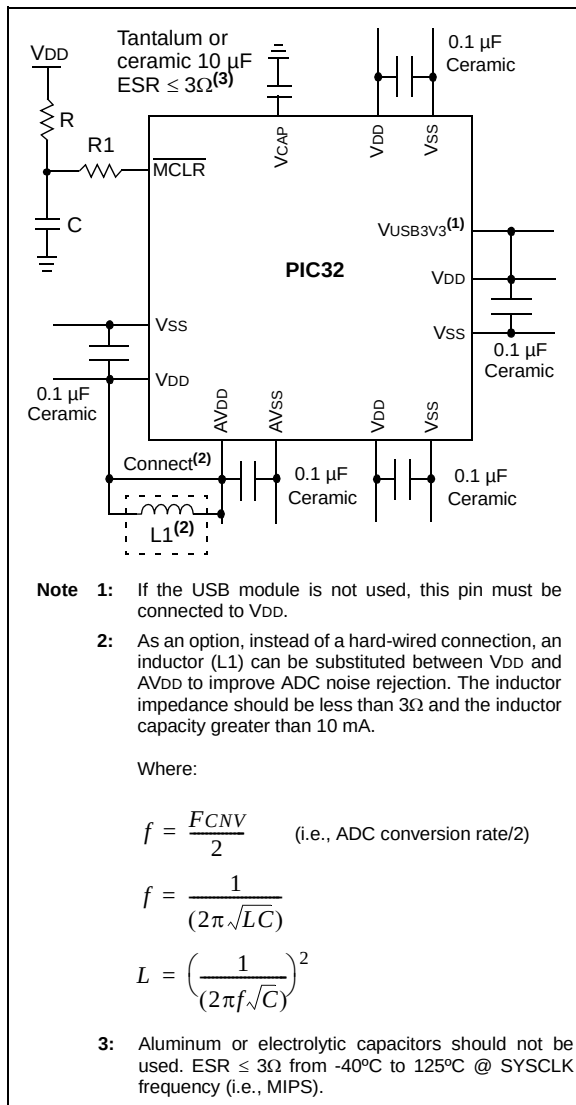
TABLE 10: PIN NAMES (CONTINUED) FOR USB AND CAN DEVICES

121-PIN TFBGA (BOTTOM VIEW)		L11	
PIC32MX534F064L PIC32MX564F064L PIC32MX564F128L PIC32MX575F256L PIC32MX575F512L		L1	A11
Note: The TFBGA package skips from row “H” to row “J” and has no “I” row. A1			
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
J3	PGED2/AN7/RB7	K8	VDD
J4	AVDD	K9	SCK3/U4TX/U1RTS/CN21/RD15
J5	AN11/PMA12/RB11	K10	USBID/RF3
J6	TCK/RA1	K11	SDA3/SDI3/U1RX/RF2
J7	AN12/PMA11/RB12	L1	PGEC2/AN6/OCFA/RB6
J8	No Connect (NC)	L2	VREF-/CVREF-/PMA7/RA9
J9	No Connect (NC)	L3	AVSS
J10	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/RF8	L4	AN9/C2OUT/RB9
J11	D-/RG3	L5	AN10/CVREFOUT/PMA13/RB10
K1	PGEC1/AN1/CN3/RB1	L6	AC1TX/SCK4/U5TX/U2RTS/RF13
K2	PGED1/AN0/CN2/RB0	L7	AN13/PMA10/RB13
K3	VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/RA10	L8	AN15/OCFB/PMALL/PMA0/CN12/RB15
K4	AN8/C1OUT/RB8	L9	SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/CN20/RD14
K5	No Connect (NC)	L10	SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4
K6	AC1RX/SS4/U5RX/U2CTS/RF12	L11	SCL5/SDO4/U2TX/PMA8/CN18/RF5
K7	AN14/PMALH/PMA1/RB14		

Note 1: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

FIGURE 2-1: RECOMMENDED MINIMUM CONNECTION



2.2.1 BULK CAPACITORS

The use of a bulk capacitor is recommended to improve power supply stability. Typical values range from 4.7 μF to 47 μF . This capacitor should be located as close to the device as possible.

2.3 Capacitor on Internal Voltage Regulator (VCAP)

2.3.1 INTERNAL REGULATOR MODE

A low-ESR (1 ohm) capacitor is required on the VCAP pin, which is used to stabilize the internal voltage regulator output. The VCAP pin must not be connected to VDD, and must have a CEFC capacitor, with at least a 6V rating, connected to ground. The type can be ceramic or tantalum. Refer to **Section 32.0 "Electrical Characteristics"** for additional information on CEFC specifications.

2.4 Master Clear (MCLR) Pin

The MCLR pin provides two specific device functions:

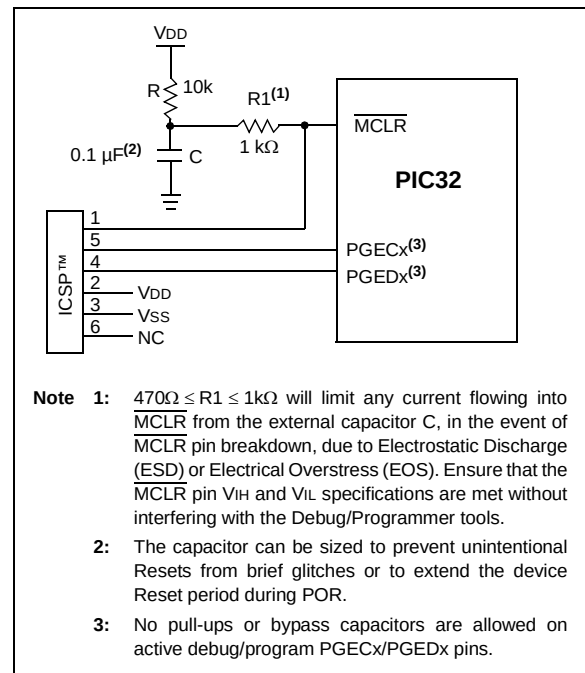
- Device Reset
- Device Programming and Debugging

Pulling The MCLR pin low generates a device Reset. Figure 2-2 illustrates a typical MCLR circuit. During device programming and debugging, the resistance and capacitance that can be added to the pin must be considered. Device programmers and debuggers drive the MCLR pin. Consequently, specific voltage levels (V_{IH} and V_{IL}) and fast signal transitions must not be adversely affected. Therefore, specific values of R and C will need to be adjusted based on the application and PCB requirements.

For example, as illustrated in Figure 2-2, it is recommended that the capacitor C, be isolated from the MCLR pin during programming and debugging operations.

Place the components illustrated in Figure 2-2 within one-quarter inch (6 mm) from the MCLR pin.

FIGURE 2-2: EXAMPLE OF MCLR PIN CONNECTIONS



PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

REGISTER 10-14: DCHxSPTR: DMA CHANNEL 'x' SOURCE POINTER REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHSPTR<15:8>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHSPTR<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **CHSPTR<15:0>**: Channel Source Pointer bits

1111111111111111 = Points to byte 65,535 of the source

.

.

.

0000000000000001 = Points to byte 1 of the source

0000000000000000 = Points to byte 0 of the source

Note: When in Pattern Detect mode, this register is reset on a pattern detect.

REGISTER 10-15: DCHxDPTR: DMA CHANNEL 'x' DESTINATION POINTER REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHDPTR<15:8>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	CHDPTR<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **CHDPTR<15:0>**: Channel Destination Pointer bits

1111111111111111 = Points to byte 65,535 of the destination

.

.

.

0000000000000001 = Points to byte 1 of the destination

0000000000000000 = Points to byte 0 of the destination

TABLE 12-3: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX534F064H, PIC32MX564F064H, PIC32MX564F128H, PIC32MX575F256H, PIC32MX575F512H, PIC32MX664F064H, PIC32MX664F128H, PIC32MX675F256H, PIC32MX675F512H, PIC32MX695F512H, PIC32MX764F128H, PIC32MX775F256H, PIC32MX775F512H AND PIC32MX795F512H DEVICES

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6080	TRISC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	F000
6090	PORTC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
60A0	LATC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
60B0	ODCC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCC15	ODCC14	ODCC13	ODCC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

TABLE 12-4: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX534F064L, PIC32MX564F064L, PIC32MX564F128L, PIC32MX575F256L, PIC32MX575F512L, PIC32MX664F064L, PIC32MX664F128L, PIC32MX675F256L, PIC32MX675F512L, PIC32MX695F512L, PIC32MX764F128L, PIC32MX775F256L, PIC32MX775F512L AND PIC32MX795F512L DEVICES

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6080	TRISC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISC4	TRISC3	TRISC2	TRISC1	—	F00F
6090	PORTC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	—	xxxx
60A0	LATC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATC4	LATC3	LATC2	LATC1	—	xxxx
60B0	ODCC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCC15	ODCC14	ODCC13	ODCC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCC4	ODCC3	ODCC2	ODCC1	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.

18.0 SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI)

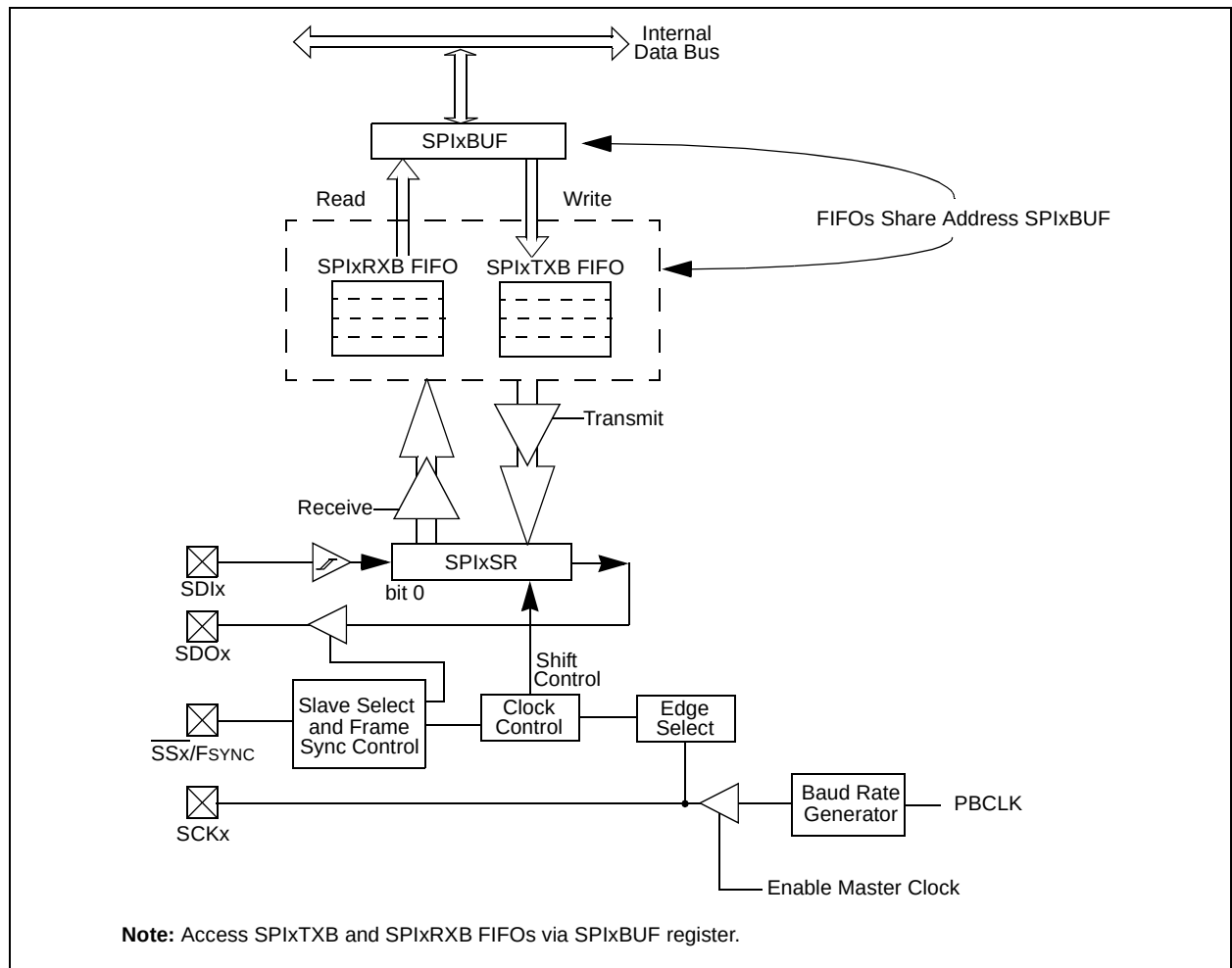
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 23. “Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)”** (DS60001106) in the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”*, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

The SPI module is a synchronous serial interface that is useful for communicating with external peripherals and other microcontroller devices. These peripheral devices may be Serial EEPROMs, Shift registers, display drivers, Analog-to-Digital Converters, etc. The PIC32 SPI module is compatible with Motorola® SPI and SIOP interfaces.

The following are some of the key features of the SPI module:

- Master mode and Slave mode support
- Four different clock formats
- Enhanced Framed SPI protocol support
- User-configurable 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit data width
- Separate SPI FIFO buffers for receive and transmit
 - FIFO buffers act as 4/8/16-level deep FIFOs based on 32/16/8-bit data width
- Programmable interrupt event on every 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit data transfer
- Operation during Sleep and Idle modes
- Fast bit manipulation using CLR, SET and INV registers

FIGURE 18-1: SPI MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



REGISTER 18-2: SPIxSTAT: SPI STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	RXBUFELM<4:0>							
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	TXBUFELM<4:0>							
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R-0 SPIBUSY	U-0 —	U-0 —	R-0 SPITUR
7:0	R-0 SRMT	R/W-0 SPIOV	R-0 SPIRBE	U-0 —	R-1 SPITBE	U-0 —	R-0 SPITBF	R-0 SPIRBF

Legend:

R = Readable bit

-n = Value at POR

C = Clearable bit

W = Writable bit

'1' = Bit is set

HS = Set in hardware

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-29 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 28-24 **RXBUFELM<4:0>:** Receive Buffer Element Count bits (only valid when ENHBUF = 1)

bit 23-21 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 20-16 **TXBUFELM<4:0>:** Transmit Buffer Element Count bits (only valid when ENHBUF = 1)

bit 15-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 **SPIBUSY:** SPI Activity Status bit

1 = SPI peripheral is currently busy with some transactions

0 = SPI peripheral is currently idle

bit 10-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **SPITUR:** Transmit Under Run bit

1 = Transmit buffer has encountered an underrun condition

0 = Transmit buffer has no underrun condition

This bit is only valid in Framed Sync mode; the underrun condition must be cleared by disabling/re-enabling the module.

bit 7 **SRMT:** Shift Register Empty bit (only valid when ENHBUF = 1)

1 = When SPI module shift register is empty

0 = When SPI module shift register is not empty

bit 6 **SPIOV:** Receive Overflow Flag bit

1 = A new data is completely received and discarded. The user software has not read the previous data in the SPIxBUF register.

0 = No overflow has occurred

This bit is set in hardware; can only be cleared (= 0) in software.

bit 5 **SPIRBE:** RX FIFO Empty bit (only valid when ENHBUF = 1)

1 = RX FIFO is empty (CRPTR = SWPTR)

0 = RX FIFO is not empty (CRPTR ≠ SWPTR)

bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **SPITBE:** SPI Transmit Buffer Empty Status bit

1 = Transmit buffer, SPIxTXB is empty

0 = Transmit buffer, SPIxTXB is not empty

Automatically set in hardware when SPI transfers data from SPIxTXB to SPIxSR.

Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is written to, loading SPIxTXB.

bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

20.0 UNIVERSAL ASYNCHRONOUS RECEIVER TRANSMITTER (UART)

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 21. “Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)”** (DS60001107) in the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

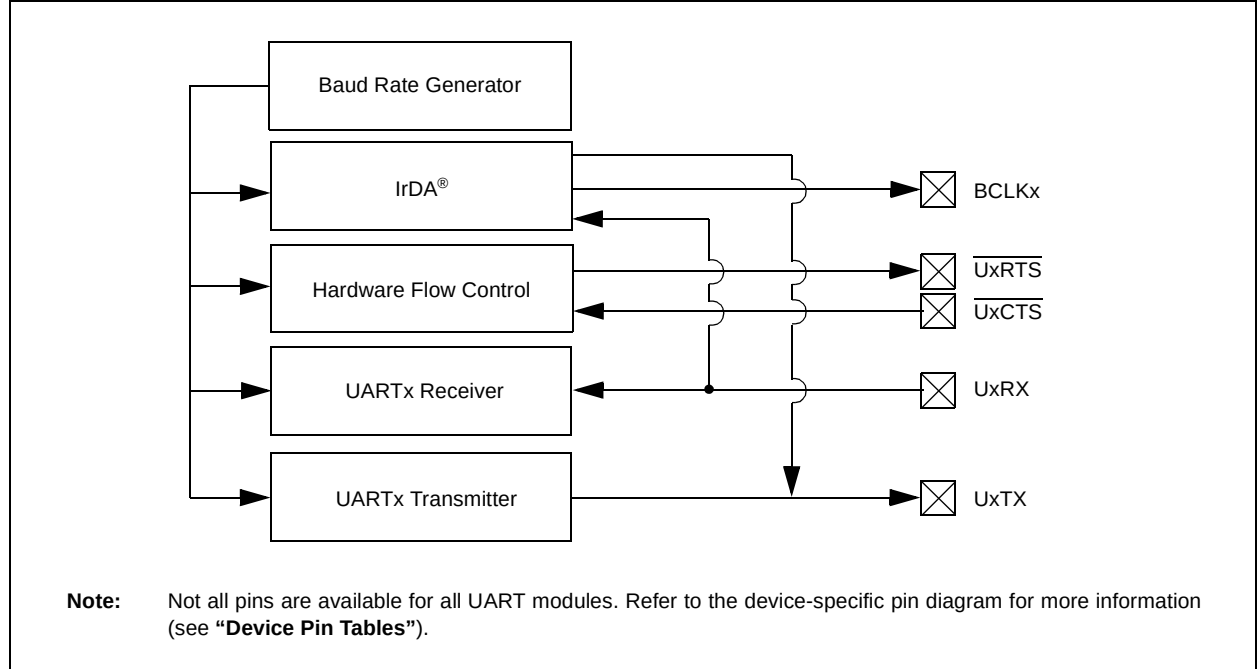
The UART module is one of the serial I/O modules available in the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. The UART is a full-duplex, asynchronous communication channel that communicates with peripheral devices and personal computers through protocols, such as RS-232, RS-485, LIN 1.2 and IrDA®. The module also supports the hardware flow control option, with $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$ and $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$ pins, and also includes an IrDA encoder and decoder.

The following are primary features of the UART module:

- Full-duplex, 8-bit or 9-bit data transmission
- Even, Odd or No Parity options (for 8-bit data)
- One or two Stop bits
- Hardware auto-baud feature
- Hardware flow control option
- Fully integrated Baud Rate Generator (BRG) with 16-bit prescaler
- Baud rates ranging from 76 bps to 20 Mbps at 80 MHz
- 8-level deep First-In-First-Out (FIFO) transmit data buffer
- 8-level deep FIFO receive data buffer
- Parity, framing and buffer overrun error detection
- Support for interrupt-only on address detect (ninth bit = 1)
- Separate transmit and receive interrupts
- Loopback mode for diagnostic support
- LIN 2.1 Protocol support
- IrDA encoder and decoder with 16x baud clock output for external IrDA encoder/decoder support

Figure 20-1 illustrates a simplified block diagram of the UART module.

FIGURE 20-1: UART SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM



REGISTER 21-1: PMCON: PARALLEL PORT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ON ⁽¹⁾	—	SIDL	ADRMUX<1:0>		PMPTTL	PTWREN	PTRDEN
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CSF<1:0> ⁽²⁾		ALP ⁽²⁾	—	CS1P ⁽²⁾	—	WRSP	RDSP

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Parallel Master Port Enable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = PMP is enabled

0 = PMP is disabled, no off-chip access performed

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation when device enters Idle mode

bit 12-11 **ADRMUX<1:0>:** Address/Data Multiplexing Selection bits

11 = All 16 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<15:0> pins

10 = All 16 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<7:0> pins

01 = Lower 8 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<7:0> pins, upper bits are on PMA<15:8>

00 = Address and data appear on separate pins

bit 10 **PMPTTL:** PMP Module TTL Input Buffer Select bit

1 = PMP module uses TTL input buffers

0 = PMP module uses Schmitt Trigger input buffer

bit 9 **PTWREN:** Write Enable Strobe Port Enable bit

1 = PMWR/PMENB port is enabled

0 = PMWR/PMENB port is disabled

bit 8 **PTRDEN:** Read/Write Strobe Port Enable bit

1 = PMRD/PMWR port is enabled

0 = PMRD/PMWR port is disabled

bit 7-6 **CSF<1:0>:** Chip Select Function bits⁽²⁾

11 = Reserved

10 = PMCS2 and PMCS1 function as Chip Select

01 = PMCS2 functions as Chip Select, PMCS1 functions as address bit 14

00 = PMCS2 and PMCS1 function as address bits 15 and 14⁽²⁾

bit 5 **ALP:** Address Latch Polarity bit⁽²⁾

1 = Active-high (PMALL and PMALH)

0 = Active-low (PMALL and PMALH)

bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON control bit.

2: These bits have no effect when their corresponding pins are used as address lines.

REGISTER 21-2: PMMODE: PARALLEL PORT MODE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	BUSY	IRQM<1:0>		INCM<1:0>		—	MODE<1:0>	
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	WAITB<1:0> ⁽¹⁾		WAITM<3:0> ⁽¹⁾				WAITE<1:0> ⁽¹⁾	

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **BUSY:** Busy bit (only Master mode)

1 = Port is busy

0 = Port is not busy

bit 14-13 **IRQM<1:0>:** Interrupt Request Mode bits

11 = Reserved

10 = Interrupt generated when Read Buffer 3 is read or Write Buffer 3 is written (Buffered PSP mode)
or on a read or write operation when PMA<1:0> = 11 (only Addressable Slave mode)

01 = Interrupt generated at the end of the read/write cycle

00 = Interrupt is not generated

bit 12-11 **INCM<1:0>:** Increment Mode bits

11 = Slave mode read and write buffers auto-increment (only PMMODE<1:0> = 00)

10 = Decrement ADDR<10:2> and ADDR<14> by 1 every read/write cycle⁽²⁾

01 = Increment ADDR<10:2> and ADDR<14> by 1 every read/write cycle⁽²⁾

00 = No increment or decrement of address

bit 10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-8 **MODE<1:0>:** Parallel Port Mode Select bits

11 = Master mode 1 (PMCS1, PMRD/PMWR, PMENB, PMA<x:0>, and PMD<7:0>)

10 = Master mode 2 (PMCS1, PMRD, PMWR, PMA<x:0>, and PMD<7:0>)

01 = Enhanced Slave mode, control signals (PMRD, PMWR, PMCS1, PMD<7:0>, and PMA<1:0>)

00 = Legacy Parallel Slave Port, control signals (PMRD, PMWR, PMCS1, and PMD<7:0>)

bit 7-6 **WAITB<1:0>:** Data Setup to Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits⁽¹⁾

11 = Data wait of 4 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 4 TPB

10 = Data wait of 3 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 3 TPB

01 = Data wait of 2 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 2 TPB

00 = Data wait of 1 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 1 TPB (default)

Note 1: Whenever WAITM<3:0> = 0000, WAITB and WAITE bits are ignored and forced to 1 TPBCLK cycle for a write operation; WAITB = 1 TPBCLK cycle, WAITE = 0 TPBCLK cycles for a read operation.

2: Address bit A14 is not subject to auto-increment/decrement if configured as Chip Select CS1.

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REGISTER 23-3: AD1CON3: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 3

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	R/W-0 ADRC	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W	R/W-0
ADCS<7:0> ⁽²⁾								

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ADRC:** ADC Conversion Clock Source bit

1 = Clock derived from FRC

0 = Clock derived from Peripheral Bus Clock (PBCLK)

bit 14-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **SAMC<4:0>:** Auto-Sample Time bits⁽¹⁾

11111 = 31 TAD

•
•
•

00001 = 1 TAD

00000 = 0 TAD (Not allowed)

bit 7-0 **ADCS<7:0>:** ADC Conversion Clock Select bits⁽²⁾

11111111 = $TPB \cdot 2 \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = 512 \cdot TPB = TAD$

•
•
•

00000001 = $TPB \cdot 2 \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = 4 \cdot TPB = TAD$

00000000 = $TPB \cdot 2 \cdot (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = 2 \cdot TPB = TAD$

Note 1: This bit is only used if the SSRC<2:0> bits (AD1CON1<7:5>) = 111.

Note 2: This bit is not used if the ADRC bit (AD1CON3<15>) = 1.

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REGISTER 25-13: ETHIEN: ETHERNET CONTROLLER INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	RW-0	RW-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	RW-0	RW-0
	—	TXBUSEIE ⁽¹⁾	RXBUSEIE ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	EWMARKIE ⁽²⁾	FWMARKIE ⁽²⁾
7:0	RW-0	RW-0	RW-0	U-0	RW-0	RW-0	RW-0	RW-0
	RXDONEIE ⁽²⁾	PKTPENDIE ⁽²⁾	RXACTIE ⁽²⁾	—	TXDONEIE ⁽¹⁾	TXABORTIE ⁽¹⁾	RXBUFNAIE ⁽²⁾	RXOVFLWIE ⁽²⁾

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14 **TXBUSEIE:** Transmit BVCi Bus Error Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Enable TXBUS Error Interrupt

0 = Disable TXBUS Error Interrupt

bit 13 **RXBUSEIE:** Receive BVCi Bus Error Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = Enable RXBUS Error Interrupt

0 = Disable RXBUS Error Interrupt

bit 12-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9 **EWMARKIE:** Empty Watermark Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = Enable EWMARK Interrupt

0 = Disable EWMARK Interrupt

bit 8 **FWMARKIE:** Full Watermark Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = Enable FWMARK Interrupt

0 = Disable FWMARK Interrupt

bit 7 **RXDONEIE:** Receiver Done Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = Enable RXDONE Interrupt

0 = Disable RXDONE Interrupt

bit 6 **PKTPENDIE:** Packet Pending Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = Enable PKTPEND Interrupt

0 = Disable PKTPEND Interrupt

bit 5 **RXACTIE:** RX Activity Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Enable RXACT Interrupt

0 = Disable RXACT Interrupt

bit 4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **TXDONEIE:** Transmitter Done Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Enable TXDONE Interrupt

0 = Disable TXDONE Interrupt

bit 2 **TXABORTIE:** Transmitter Abort Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Enable TXABORT Interrupt

0 = Disable TXABORT Interrupt

bit 1 **RXBUFNAIE:** Receive Buffer Not Available Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = Enable RXBUFNA Interrupt

0 = Disable RXBUFNA Interrupt

bit 0 **RXOVFLWIE:** Receive FIFO Overflow Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = Enable RXOVFLW Interrupt

0 = Disable RXOVFLW Interrupt

Note 1: This bit is only used for TX operations.

2: This bit is only used for RX operations.

29.0 SPECIAL FEATURES

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. However, it is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 33. “Programming and Diagnostics”** (DS60001129) in the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”*, which are available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

The PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices include several features intended to maximize application flexibility and reliability and minimize cost through elimination of external components. Key features include:

- Flexible device configuration
- Watchdog Timer (WDT)
- Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) interface
- In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™)

29.1 Configuration Bits

The Configuration bits can be programmed using the following registers to select various device configurations.

- DEVCFG0: Device Configuration Word 0
- DEVCFG1: Device Configuration Word 1
- DEVCFG2: Device Configuration Word 2
- DEVCFG3: Device Configuration Word 3
- DEVID: Device and Revision ID Register

32.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

This section provides an overview of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX electrical characteristics. Additional information will be provided in future revisions of this document as it becomes available.

Absolute maximum ratings for the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX devices are listed below. Exposure to these maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions, above the parameters indicated in the operation listings of this specification, is not implied.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(See Note 1)

Ambient temperature under bias.....	-40°C to +105°C
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage on VDD with respect to VSS	-0.3V to +4.0V
Voltage on any pin that is not 5V tolerant, with respect to VSS (Note 3).....	-0.3V to (VDD + 0.3V)
Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to VSS when VDD ≥ 2.3V (Note 3).....	-0.3V to +5.5V
Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to VSS when VDD < 2.3V (Note 3).....	-0.3V to +3.6V
Voltage on VBUS with respect to VSS	-0.3V to +5.5V
Maximum current out of VSS pin(s)	300 mA
Maximum current into VDD pin(s) (Note 2).....	300 mA
Maximum output current sunk by any I/O pin.....	25 mA
Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin	25 mA
Maximum current sunk by all ports	200 mA
Maximum current sourced by all ports (Note 2).....	200 mA

Note 1: Stresses above those listed under “**Absolute Maximum Ratings**” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions, above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification, is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2: Maximum allowable current is a function of device maximum power dissipation (see Table 32-2).

3: See the “**Device Pin Tables**” section for the 5V tolerant pins.

TABLE 32-8: DC CHARACTERISTICS: I/O PIN INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
DI50	IIL	Input Leakage Current ⁽³⁾ I/O Ports	—	—	+1	μA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, Pin at high-impedance
DI51		Analog Input Pins	—	—	+1	μA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, Pin at high-impedance
DI55		MCLR ⁽²⁾	—	—	+1	μA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD
DI56		OSC1	—	—	+1	μA	VSS ≤ VPIN ≤ VDD, XT and HS modes
DI60a	IICL	Input Low Injection Current	0	—	-5 ^(7,10)	mA	This parameter applies to all pins, with the exception of RB10. Maximum IICH current for this exception is 0 mA.
DI60b	IICH	Input High Injection Current	0	—	+5 ^(8,9,10)	mA	This parameter applies to all pins, with the exception of all 5V tolerant pins, SOSC1, and RB10. Maximum IICH current for these exceptions is 0 mA.
DI60c	ΣIIC	Total Input Injection Current (sum of all I/O and control pins)	-20 ⁽¹¹⁾	—	+20 ⁽¹¹⁾	mA	Absolute instantaneous sum of all ± input injection currents from all I/O pins (IICL + IICH) ≤ ΣIIC

- Note 1:** Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 2:** The leakage current on the MCLR pin is strongly dependent on the applied voltage level. The specified levels represent normal operating conditions. Higher leakage current may be measured at different input voltages.
- 3:** Negative current is defined as current sourced by the pin.
- 4:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.
- 5:** See the “**Device Pin Tables**” section for the 5V-tolerant pins.
- 6:** The VIH specification is only in relation to externally applied inputs and not with respect to the user-selectable pull-ups. Externally applied high impedance or open drain input signals utilizing the PIC32 internal pull-ups are guaranteed to be recognized as a logic “high” internally to the PIC32 device, provided that the external load does not exceed the maximum value of ICNPU.
- 7:** VIL source < (VSS - 0.3). Characterized but not tested.
- 8:** VIH source > (VDD + 0.3) for non-5V tolerant pins only.
- 9:** Digital 5V tolerant pins do not have an internal high side diode to VDD, and therefore, cannot tolerate any “positive” input injection current.
- 10:** Injection currents > |0| can affect the ADC results by approximately 4 to 6 counts (i.e., VIH Source > (VDD + 0.3) or VIL source < (VSS - 0.3)).
- 11:** Any number and/or combination of I/O pins not excluded under IICL or IICH conditions are permitted provided the “absolute instantaneous” sum of the input injection currents from all pins do not exceed the specified limit. If **Note 7**, IICL = (((VSS - 0.3) - VIL source) / RS). If **Note 8**, IICH = ((IICH source - (VDD + 0.3)) / RS). RS = Resistance between input source voltage and device pin. If (VSS - 0.3) ≤ VSOURCE ≤ (VDD + 0.3), injection current = 0.

TABLE 32-20: INTERNAL RC ACCURACY

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp				
Param. No.	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
LPRC @ 31.25 kHz⁽¹⁾						
F21	LPRC	-15	—	+15	%	—

Note 1: Change of LPRC frequency as VDD changes.

FIGURE 32-3: I/O TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

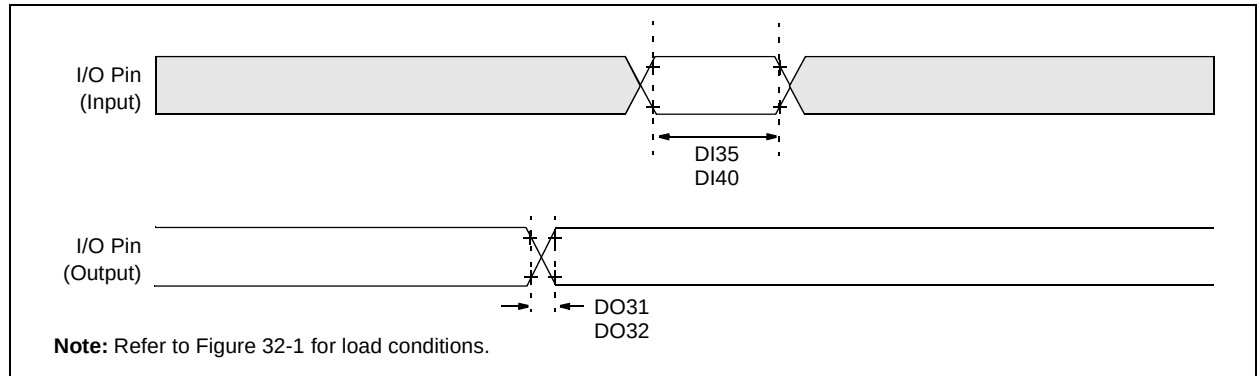


TABLE 32-21: I/O TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS		Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽²⁾	Min.	Typical ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
DO31	TioR	Port Output Rise Time	—	5	15	ns	VDD < 2.5V
			—	5	10	ns	VDD > 2.5V
DO32	TioF	Port Output Fall Time	—	5	15	ns	VDD < 2.5V
			—	5	10	ns	VDD > 2.5V
DI35	TINP	INTx Pin High or Low Time	10	—	—	ns	—
DI40	TRBP	CNx High or Low Time (input)	2	—	—	TSYSCLK	—

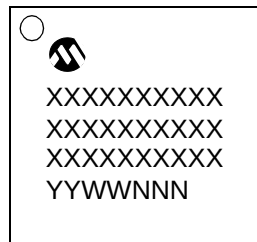
Note 1: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

2: This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

34.1 Package Marking Information (Continued)

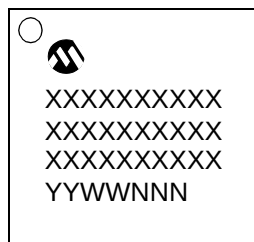
64-Lead QFN (9x9x0.9 mm)



Example



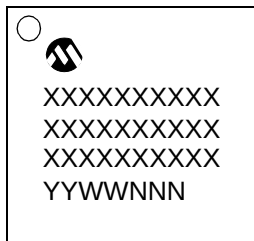
121-Lead TFBGA (10x10x1.1 mm)



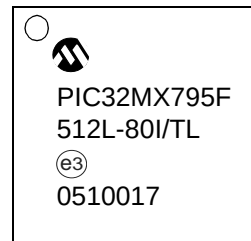
Example



124-Lead VTLA (9x9x0.9 mm)



Example



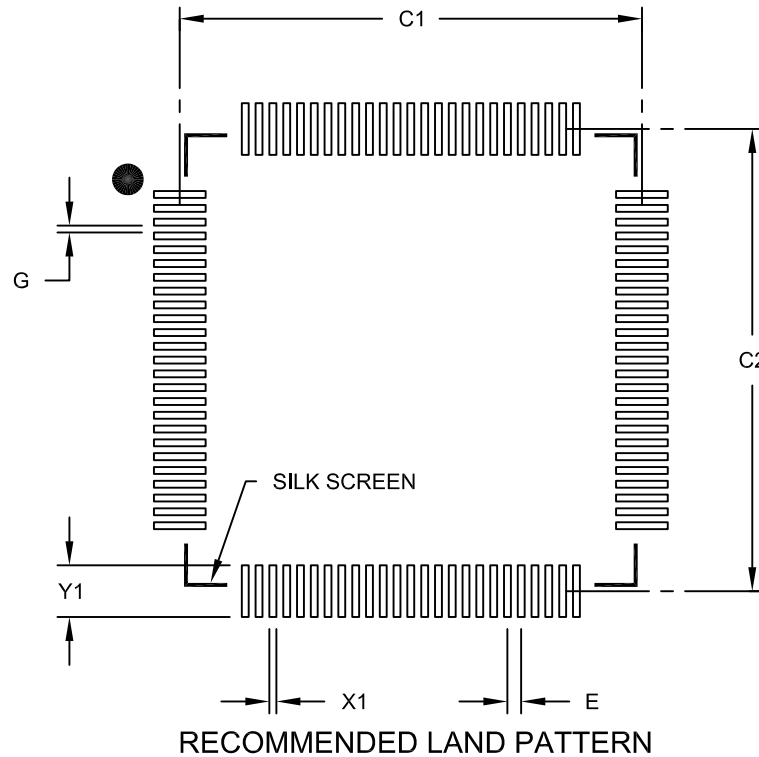
Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
		Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (Ⓔ3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

100-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-12x12x1mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.40 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		13.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		13.40	
Contact Pad Width (X100)	X1			0.20
Contact Pad Length (X100)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

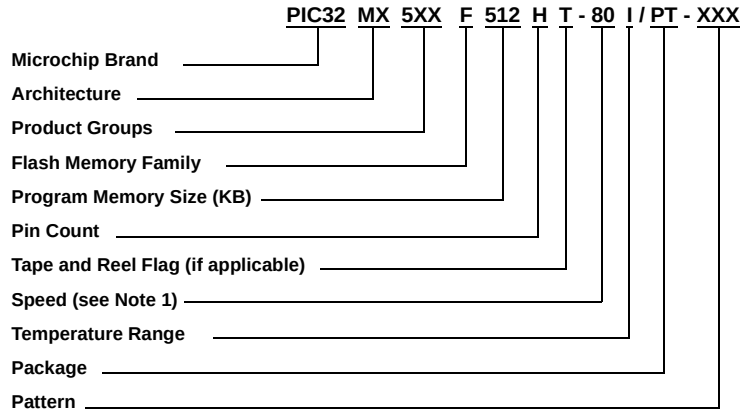
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2100B

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.



Example:

PIC32MX575F256H-80I/PT:
General purpose PIC32,
32-bit RISC MCU,
256 KB program memory,
64-pin, Industrial temperature,
TQFP package.

Flash Memory Family

Architecture MX = 32-bit RISC MCU core

Product Groups 5XX = General purpose microcontroller family
6XX = General purpose microcontroller family
7XX = General purpose microcontroller family

Flash Memory Family F = Flash program memory

Program Memory Size 64 = 64K
128 = 128K
256 = 256K
512 = 512K

Pin Count H = 64-pin
L = 100-pin, 121-pin, 124-pin

Speed (see Note 1) Blank or 80 = 80 MHz

Temperature Range I = -40°C to +85°C (Industrial)
V = -40°C to +105°C (V-Temp)

Package PT = 64-Lead (10x10x1 mm) TQFP (Thin Quad Flatpack)
PT = 100-Lead (12x12x1 mm) TQFP (Thin Quad Flatpack)
PF = 100-Lead (14x14x1 mm) TQFP (Thin Quad Flatpack)
MR = 64-Lead (9x9x0.9 mm) QFN (Plastic Quad Flat)
BG = 121-Lead (10x10x1.1 mm) TFBGA (Plastic Thin Profile Ball Grid Array)
TL = 124-Lead (9x9x0.9 mm) VTLA (Very Thin Leadless Array)

Pattern Three-digit QTP, SQTP, Code or Special Requirements (blank otherwise)
ES = Engineering Sample

Note 1: This option is not available for PIC32MX534/564/664/764 devices.

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

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- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
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