



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	53
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx764f128h-v-pt">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx764f128h-v-pt</a>

## 3.0 CPU

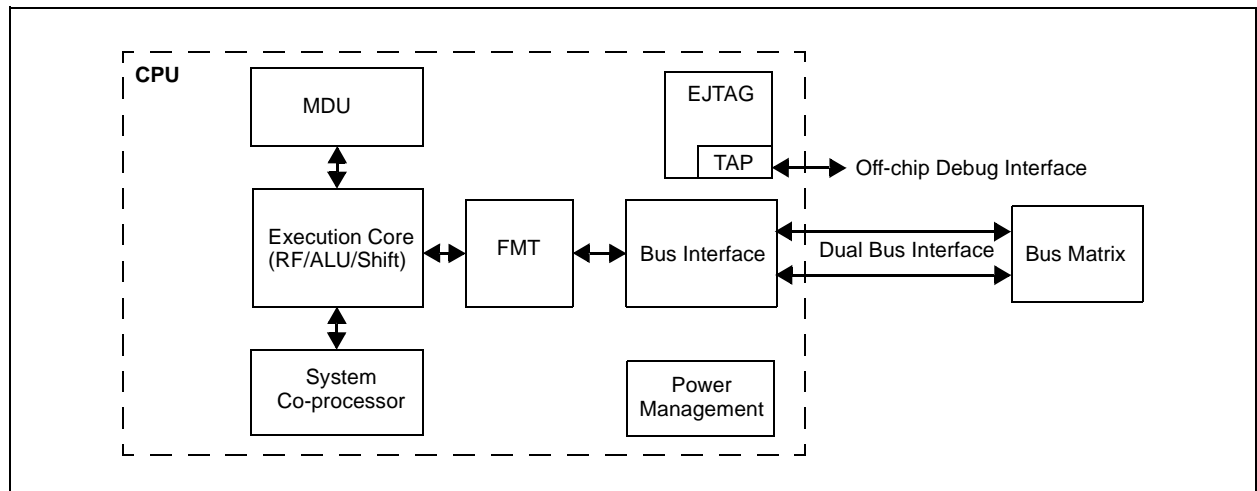
**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 2. “CPU”** (DS60001113) in the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”*, which is available from the Microchip web site ([www.microchip.com/PIC32](http://www.microchip.com/PIC32)). Resources for the MIPS32® M4K® Processor Core are available at <http://www.imgtec.com>.

The MIPS32® M4K® Processor core is the heart of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family processor. The CPU fetches instructions, decodes each instruction, fetches source operands, executes each instruction and writes the results of instruction execution to the proper destinations.

### 3.1 Features

- 5-stage pipeline
- 32-bit address and data paths
- MIPS32 Enhanced Architecture (Release 2)
  - Multiply-accumulate and multiply-subtract instructions
  - Targeted multiply instruction
  - Zero/One detect instructions
  - WAIT instruction
  - Conditional move instructions (MOVN, MOVZ)
  - Vectored interrupts
  - Programmable exception vector base
  - Atomic interrupt enable/disable
  - GPR shadow registers to minimize latency for interrupt handlers
  - Bit field manipulation instructions
- MIPS16e® code compression
  - 16-bit encoding of 32-bit instructions to improve code density
  - Special PC-relative instructions for efficient loading of addresses and constants
  - SAVE and RESTORE macro instructions for setting up and tearing down stack frames within subroutines
  - Improved support for handling 8-bit and 16-bit data types
- Simple Fixed Mapping Translation (FMT) mechanism
- Simple dual bus interface
  - Independent 32-bit address and data busses
  - Transactions can be aborted to improve interrupt latency
- Autonomous multiply/divide unit
  - Maximum issue rate of one 32x16 multiply per clock
  - Maximum issue rate of one 32x32 multiply every other clock
  - Early-in iterative divide. Minimum 11 and maximum 33 clock latency (dividend (rs) sign extension-dependent)
- Power control
  - Minimum frequency: 0 MHz
  - Low-Power mode (triggered by WAIT instruction)
  - Extensive use of local gated clocks
- EJTAG debug and instruction trace
  - Support for single stepping
  - Virtual instruction and data address/value
  - Breakpoints
  - PC tracing with trace compression

**FIGURE 3-1: MIPS32® M4K® PROCESSOR CORE BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## 3.3 Power Management

The MIPS32 M4K Processor core offers a number of power management features, including low-power design, active power management and power-down modes of operation. The core is a static design that supports slowing or halting the clocks, which reduces system power consumption during idle periods.

### 3.3.1 INSTRUCTION-CONTROLLED POWER MANAGEMENT

The mechanism for invoking Power-Down mode is through execution of the `WAIT` instruction. For more information on power management, see **Section 28.0 “Power-Saving Features”**.

### 3.3.2 LOCAL CLOCK GATING

The majority of the power consumed by the PIC32MX-5XX/6XX/7XX family core is in the clock tree and clocking registers. The PIC32 family uses extensive use of local gated clocks to reduce this dynamic power consumption.

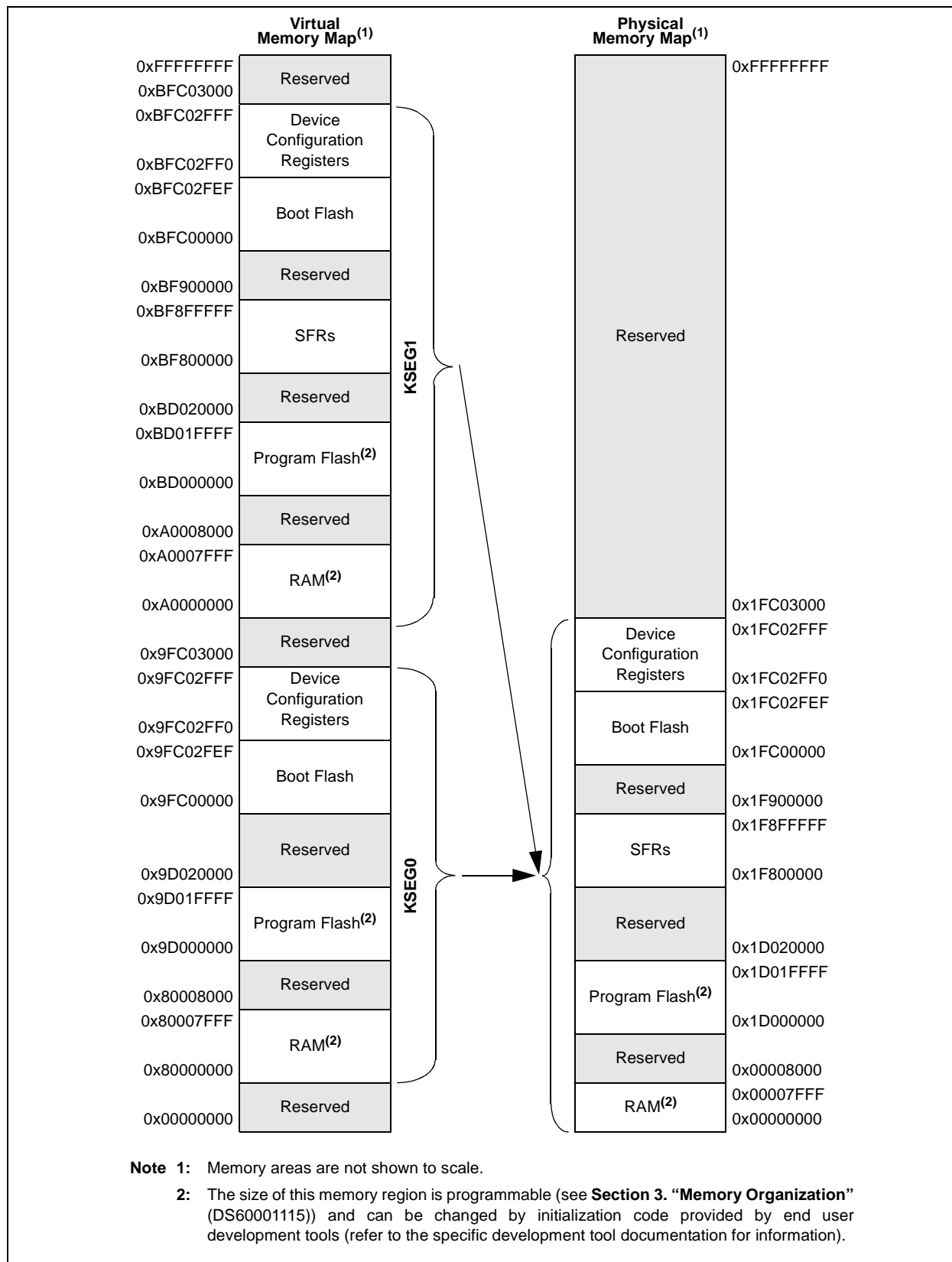
## 3.4 EJTAG Debug Support

The MIPS32 M4K Processor core provides for an Enhanced JTAG (EJTAG) interface for use in the software debug of application and kernel code. In addition to standard User mode and Kernel modes of operation, the MIPS M4K core provides a Debug mode that is entered after a debug exception (derived from a hardware breakpoint, single-step exception, etc.) is taken and continues until a Debug Exception Return (DERET) instruction is executed. During this time, the processor executes the debug exception handler routine.

The EJTAG interface operates through the Test Access Port (TAP), a serial communication port used for transferring test data in and out of the MIPS32 M4K processor core. In addition to the standard JTAG instructions, special instructions defined in the EJTAG specification define which registers are selected and how they are used.

# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

**FIGURE 4-3: MEMORY MAP ON RESET FOR PIC32MX564F128H, PIC32MX564F128L, PIC32MX664F128H, PIC32MX664F128L, PIC32MX764F128H AND PIC32MX764F128L DEVICES**



## REGISTER 6-1: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0, HS CMR	R/W-0 VREGS
7:0	R/W-0, HS EXTR	R/W-0, HS SWR	U-0 —	R/W-0, HS WDTO	R/W-0, HS SLEEP	R/W-0, HS IDLE	R/W-1, HS BOR <sup>(1)</sup>	R/W-1, HS POR <sup>(1)</sup>

<b>Legend:</b>	HS = Set by hardware		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

- bit 9 **CMR:** Configuration Mismatch Reset Flag bit  
1 = Configuration mismatch Reset has occurred  
0 = Configuration mismatch Reset has not occurred
- bit 8 **VREGS:** Voltage Regulator Standby Enable bit  
1 = Regulator is enabled and is on during Sleep mode  
0 = Regulator is set to Stand-by Tracking mode
- bit 7 **EXTR:** External Reset ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ ) Pin Flag bit  
1 = Master Clear (pin) Reset has occurred  
0 = Master Clear (pin) Reset has not occurred
- bit 6 **SWR:** Software Reset Flag bit  
1 = Software Reset was executed  
0 = Software Reset was not executed
- bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **WDTO:** Watchdog Timer Time-out Flag bit  
1 = WDT Time-out has occurred  
0 = WDT Time-out has not occurred
- bit 3 **SLEEP:** Wake From Sleep Flag bit  
1 = Device was in Sleep mode  
0 = Device was not in Sleep mode
- bit 2 **IDLE:** Wake From Idle Flag bit  
1 = Device was in Idle mode  
0 = Device was not in Idle mode
- bit 1 **BOR:** Brown-out Reset Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Brown-out Reset has occurred  
0 = Brown-out Reset has not occurred
- bit 0 **POR:** Power-on Reset Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>  
1 = Power-on Reset has occurred  
0 = Power-on Reset has not occurred

**Note 1:** User software must clear this bit to view the next detection.

**TABLE 7-3: INTERRUPT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX664F064H, PIC32MX664F128H, PIC32MX675F256H, PIC32MX675F512H AND PIC32MX695F512H DEVICES (CONTINUED)**

Virtual Address (BF88.#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0		
10D0	IPC4	31:16	—	—	—	INT4IP<2:0>			INT4IS<1:0>			—	—	—	OC4IP<2:0>			OC4IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	IC4IP<2:0>			IC4IS<1:0>			—	—	—	T4IP<2:0>			T4IS<1:0>		0000
10E0	IPC5	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC5IP<2:0>		OC5IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	IC5IP<2:0>			IC5IS<1:0>			—	—	—	T5IP<2:0>		T5IS<1:0>		0000	
10F0	IPC6	31:16	—	—	—	AD1IP<2:0>			AD1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	CNIP<2:0>		CNIS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	I2C1IP<2:0>			I2C1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	U1IP<2:0>		U1IS<1:0>		0000	
															SPI3IP<2:0>		SPI3IS<1:0>			
															I2C3IP<2:0>		I2C3IS<1:0>			
1100	IPC7	31:16	—	—	—	U3IP<2:0>			U3IS<1:0>			—	—	—	CMP2IP<2:0>		CMP2IS<1:0>		0000	
						SPI2IP<2:0>			SPI2IS<1:0>											
						I2C4IP<2:0>			I2C4IS<1:0>											
		15:0	—	—	—	CMP1IP<2:0>			CMP1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	PMPIP<2:0>		PMPIS<1:0>		0000	
1110	IPC8	31:16	—	—	—	RTCCIP<2:0>			RTCCIS<1:0>			—	—	—	FSCMIP<2:0>		FSCMIS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2IP<2:0>		U2IS<1:0>		0000			
													SPI4IP<2:0>		SPI4IS<1:0>					
													I2C5IP<2:0>		I2C5IS<1:0>					
1120	IPC9	31:16	—	—	—	DMA3IP<2:0>			DMA3IS<1:0>			—	—	—	DMA2IP<2:0>		DMA2IS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	DMA1IP<2:0>			DMA1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	DMA0IP<2:0>		DMA0IS<1:0>		0000	
1130	IPC10	31:16	—	—	—	DMA7IP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			DMA7IS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			—	—	—	DMA6IP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>		DMA6IS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	DMA5IP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			DMA5IS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>			—	—	—	DMA4IP<2:0> <sup>(2)</sup>		DMA4IS<1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>		0000	
1140	IPC11	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	USBIP<2:0>			USBIS<1:0>			—	—	—	FCEIP<2:0>		FCEIS<1:0>		0000	
1150	IPC12	31:16	—	—	—	U5IP<2:0>			U5IS<1:0>			—	—	—	U6IP<2:0>		U6IS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	U4IP<2:0>			U4IS<1:0>			—	—	—	ETHIP<2:0>		ETHIS<1:0>		0000	

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note** 1: Except where noted, all registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers"** for more information.

2: These bits are not available on PIC32MX664 devices.

3: This register does not have associated CLR, SET, and INV registers.

**TABLE 10-3: DMA CHANNELS 0-7 REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)**

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
3180	DCH1DSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHDSIZ<15:0>															0000	
3190	DCH1SPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHSPTR<15:0>															0000	
31A0	DCH1DPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHDPTR<15:0>															0000	
31B0	DCH1CSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHCSIZ<15:0>															0000	
31C0	DCH1CPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHCPTR<15:0>															0000	
31D0	DCH1DAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHPDAT<7:0>									0000
31E0	DCH2CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHBUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHCHNS	CHEN	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>		0000
31F0	DCH2ECON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHAIRQ<7:0>									00FF
		15:0	CHSIRQ<7:0>							CFORCE	CABORT	PATEN	SIRQEN	AIRQEN	—	—	—	FF00	
3200	DCH2INT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIE	CHSHIE	CHDDIE	CHDHIE	CHBCIE	CHCCIE	CHTAIE	CHERIE	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIF	CHSHIF	CHDDIF	CHDHIF	CHBCIF	CHCCIF	CHTAIF	CHERIF	0000	
3210	DCH2SSA	31:16	CHSSA<31:0>															0000	
		15:0																0000	
3220	DCH2DSA	31:16	CHDSA<31:0>															0000	
		15:0																0000	
3230	DCH2SSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHSSIZ<15:0>															0000	
3240	DCH2DSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHDSIZ<15:0>															0000	
3250	DCH2SPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHSPTR<15:0>															0000	
3260	DCH2DPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHDPTR<15:0>															0000	
3270	DCH2CSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHCSIZ<15:0>															0000	
3280	DCH2CPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHCPTR<15:0>															0000	

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers"** for more information.

**2:** DMA channels 4-7 are not available on PIC32MX534/564/664/764 devices.

# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

## REGISTER 10-10: DCHxSSA: DMA CHANNEL 'x' SOURCE START ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSSA<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSSA<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSSA<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSSA<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **CHSSA<31:0>** Channel Source Start Address bits

Channel source start address.

**Note:** This must be the physical address of the source.

## REGISTER 10-11: DCHxDSA: DMA CHANNEL 'x' DESTINATION START ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHDSA<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHDSA<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHDSA<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHDSA<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **CHDSA<31:0>** Channel Destination Start Address bits

Channel destination start address.

**Note:** This must be the physical address of the destination.



# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

---

NOTES:

# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

---

## REGISTER 22-2: RTCALRM: RTC ALARM CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 7-0 **ARPT<7:0>**: Alarm Repeat Counter Value bits<sup>(2)</sup>

11111111 = Alarm will trigger 256 times

•  
•  
•

00000000 = Alarm will trigger one time

The counter decrements on any alarm event. The counter only rolls over from 0x00 to 0xFF if CHIME = 1.

- Note 1:** Hardware clears the ALRMEN bit anytime the alarm event occurs, when ARPT<7:0> = 00 and CHIME = 0.
- 2:** This field should not be written when the RTCC ON bit = '1' (RTCCON<15>) and ALRMSYNC = 1.
- 3:** This assumes a CPU read will execute in less than 32 PBCLKs.

<b>Note:</b> This register is only reset on a Power-on Reset (POR).
---

## REGISTER 22-3: RTCTIME: RTC TIME VALUE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	HR10<3:0>				HR01<3:0>			
23:16	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	MIN10<3:0>				MIN01<3:0>			
15:8	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	SEC10<3:0>				SEC01<3:0>			
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-28 **HR10<3:0>**: Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Hours bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 2

bit 27-24 **HR01<3:0>**: Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Hours bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 23-20 **MIN10<3:0>**: Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Minutes bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 5

bit 19-16 **MIN01<3:0>**: Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Minutes bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 15-12 **SEC10<3:0>**: Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Seconds bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 5

bit 11-8 **SEC01<3:0>**: Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Seconds bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

**Note:** This register is only writable when RTCWREN = 1 (RTCCON<3>).

---

**REGISTER 24-3: CiINT: CAN INTERRUPT REGISTER (CONTINUED)**

- bit 14    **WAKIF:** CAN Bus Activity Wake-up Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A bus wake-up activity interrupt has occurred  
0 = A bus wake-up activity interrupt has not occurred
- bit 13    **CERRIF:** CAN Bus Error Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A CAN bus error has occurred  
0 = A CAN bus error has not occurred
- bit 12    **SERRIF:** System Error Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A system error occurred (typically an illegal address was presented to the system bus)  
0 = A system error has not occurred
- bit 11    **RBOVIF:** Receive Buffer Overflow Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A receive buffer overflow has occurred  
0 = A receive buffer overflow has not occurred
- bit 10-4   **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3    **MODIF:** CAN Mode Change Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A CAN module mode change has occurred (OPMOD<2:0> has changed to reflect REQOP)  
0 = A CAN module mode change has not occurred
- bit 2    **CTMRIF:** CAN Timer Overflow Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A CAN timer (CANTMR) overflow has occurred  
0 = A CAN timer (CANTMR) overflow has not occurred
- bit 1    **RBIF:** Receive Buffer Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A receive buffer interrupt is pending  
0 = A receive buffer interrupt is not pending
- bit 0    **TBIF:** Transmit Buffer Interrupt Flag bit  
1 = A transmit buffer interrupt is pending  
0 = A transmit buffer interrupt is not pending

**Note 1:** This bit can only be cleared by turning the CAN module Off and On by clearing or setting the ON bit (CiCON<15>).

## REGISTER 24-14: CifLTCON4: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 4 (CONTINUED)

- bit 15     **FLTEN17**: Filter 13 Enable bit  
1 = Filter is enabled  
0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 14-13   **MSEL17<1:0>**: Filter 17 Mask Select bits  
11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected  
10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected  
01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected  
00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
- bit 12-8   **FSEL17<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits  
11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31  
11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30  
•  
•  
•  
00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1  
00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0
- bit 7     **FLTEN16**: Filter 16 Enable bit  
1 = Filter is enabled  
0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 6-5   **MSEL16<1:0>**: Filter 16 Mask Select bits  
11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected  
10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected  
01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected  
00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
- bit 4-0   **FSEL16<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits  
11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31  
11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30  
•  
•  
•  
00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1  
00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

<b>Note:</b> The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.
---

## REGISTER 24-15: CifLTCON5: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 5 (CONTINUED)

- bit 15     **FLTEN21**: Filter 21 Enable bit  
          1 = Filter is enabled  
          0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 14-13   **MSEL21<1:0>**: Filter 21 Mask Select bits  
          11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected  
          10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected  
          01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected  
          00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
- bit 12-8    **FSEL21<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits  
          11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31  
          11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30  
          •  
          •  
          •  
          00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1  
          00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0
- bit 7       **FLTEN20**: Filter 20 Enable bit  
          1 = Filter is enabled  
          0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 6-5     **MSEL20<1:0>**: Filter 20 Mask Select bits  
          11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected  
          10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected  
          01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected  
          00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
- bit 4-0     **FSEL20<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits  
          11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31  
          11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30  
          •  
          •  
          •  
          00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1  
          00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

<b>Note:</b> The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.
---

# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

## REGISTER 24-22: CiFIFOUn: CAN FIFO USER ADDRESS REGISTER 'n' (n = 0 THROUGH 31)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x
	CiFIFOUn<31:24>							
23:16	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x
	CiFIFOUn<23:16>							
15:8	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x
	CiFIFOUn<15:8>							
7:0	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-x	R-0 <sup>(1)</sup>	R-0 <sup>(1)</sup>
	CiFIFOUn<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **CiFIFOUn<31:0>**: CAN FIFO User Address bits

**TXEN = 1**: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer)

A read of this register will return the address where the next message is to be written (FIFO head).

**TXEN = 0**: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer)

A read of this register will return the address where the next message is to be read (FIFO tail).

**Note 1:** This bit will always read '0', which forces byte-alignment of messages.

**Note:** This register is not guaranteed to read correctly in Configuration mode, and should only be accessed when the module is not in Configuration mode.

## REGISTER 24-23: CiFIFOCIN: CAN MODULE MESSAGE INDEX REGISTER 'n' (n = 0 THROUGH 31)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	—	CiFIFOCIN<4:0>				

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
-n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-5 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **CiFIFOCIN<4:0>**: CAN Side FIFO Message Index bits

**TXEN = 1**: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer)

A read of this register will return an index to the message that the FIFO will next attempt to transmit.

**TXEN = 0**: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer)

A read of this register will return an index to the message that the FIFO will use to save the next message.

# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

## REGISTER 29-2: DEVCFG1: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 1

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —	r-1 —
23:16	R/P FWDTEN	r-1 —	r-1 —	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P
15:8	R/P FCKSM<1:0>	R/P	R/P	R/P	r-1 —	R/P	R/P	R/P
7:0	R/P IESO	r-1 —	R/P	r-1 —	r-1 —	R/P	R/P	R/P
			FSOSCEN				WDTPS<4:0>	FNOSC<2:0>

<b>Legend:</b>	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 23 **FWDTEN:** Watchdog Timer Enable bit

1 = The WDT is enabled and cannot be disabled by software  
0 = The WDT is not enabled; it can be enabled in software

bit 22-21 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 20-16 **WDTPS<4:0>:** Watchdog Timer Postscale Select bits

10100 = 1:1048576  
10011 = 1:524288  
10010 = 1:262144  
10001 = 1:131072  
10000 = 1:65536  
01111 = 1:32768  
01110 = 1:16384  
01101 = 1:8192  
01100 = 1:4096  
01011 = 1:2048  
01010 = 1:1024  
01001 = 1:512  
01000 = 1:256  
00111 = 1:128  
00110 = 1:64  
00101 = 1:32  
00100 = 1:16  
00011 = 1:8  
00010 = 1:4  
00001 = 1:2  
00000 = 1:1

All other combinations not shown result in operation = 10100

bit 15-14 **FCKSM<1:0>:** Clock Switching and Monitor Selection Configuration bits

1x = Clock switching is disabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled  
01 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled  
00 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled

**Note 1:** Do not disable the Posc (POSCMOD = 11) when using this oscillator source.



# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

**REGISTER 29-5: DEVID: DEVICE AND REVISION ID REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	VER<3:0> <sup>(1)</sup>				DEVID<27:24> <sup>(1)</sup>			
23:16	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	DEVID<23:16> <sup>(1)</sup>							
15:8	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	DEVID<15:8> <sup>(1)</sup>							
7:0	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	DEVID<7:0> <sup>(1)</sup>							

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-28 **VER<3:0>**: Revision Identifier bits<sup>(1)</sup>

bit 27-0 **DEVID<27:0>**: Device ID bits<sup>(1)</sup>

**Note 1:** See the "PIC32 Flash Programming Specification" (DS60001145) for a list of Revision and Device ID values.

**REGISTER 29-6: DDPCON: DEBUG DATA PORT CONTROL REGISTER**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	JTAGEN	TROEN	—	TDOEN

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **JTAGEN:** JTAG Port Enable bit

1 = Enable the JTAG port

0 = Disable the JTAG port

bit 2 **TROEN:** Trace Output Enable bit

1 = Enable the trace port

0 = Disable the trace port

bit 1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **TDOEN:** TDO Enable for 2-Wire JTAG

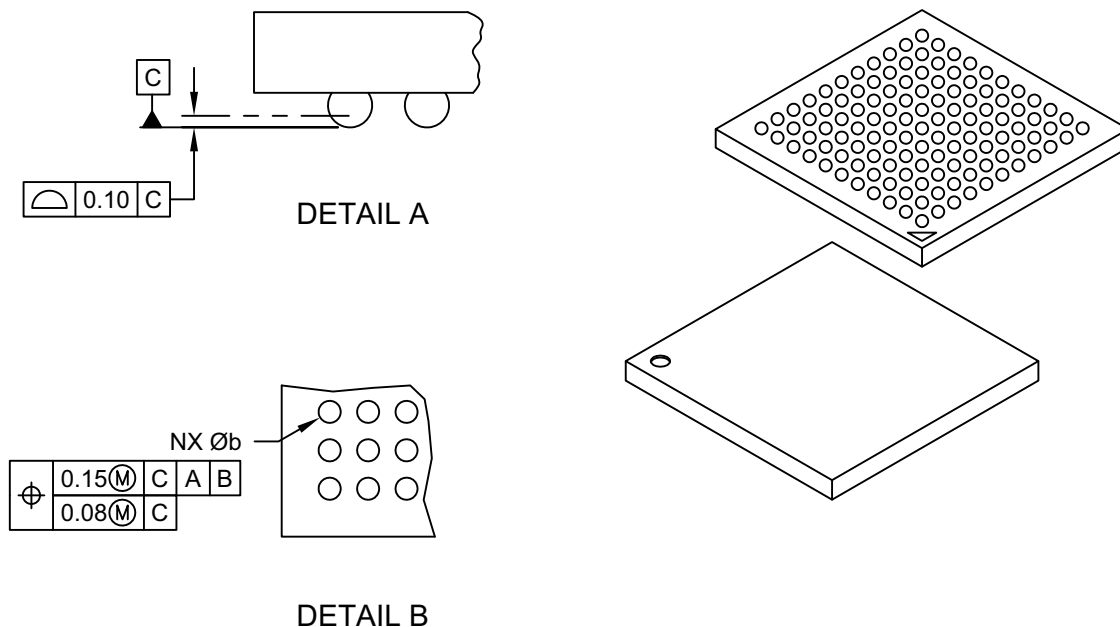
1 = 2-wire JTAG protocol uses TDO

0 = 2-wire JTAG protocol does not use TDO

# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

## 121-Ball Plastic Thin Profile Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (BG) - 10x10x1.10 mm Body [TFBGA]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Contacts	N	121		
Contact Pitch	e	0.80 BSC		
Overall Height	A	1.00	1.10	1.20
Ball Height	A1	0.25	0.30	0.35
Overall Width	E	10.00 BSC		
Array Width	E1	8.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	10.00 BSC		
Array Length	D1	8.00 BSC		
Contact Diameter	b	0.35	0.40	0.45

### Notes:

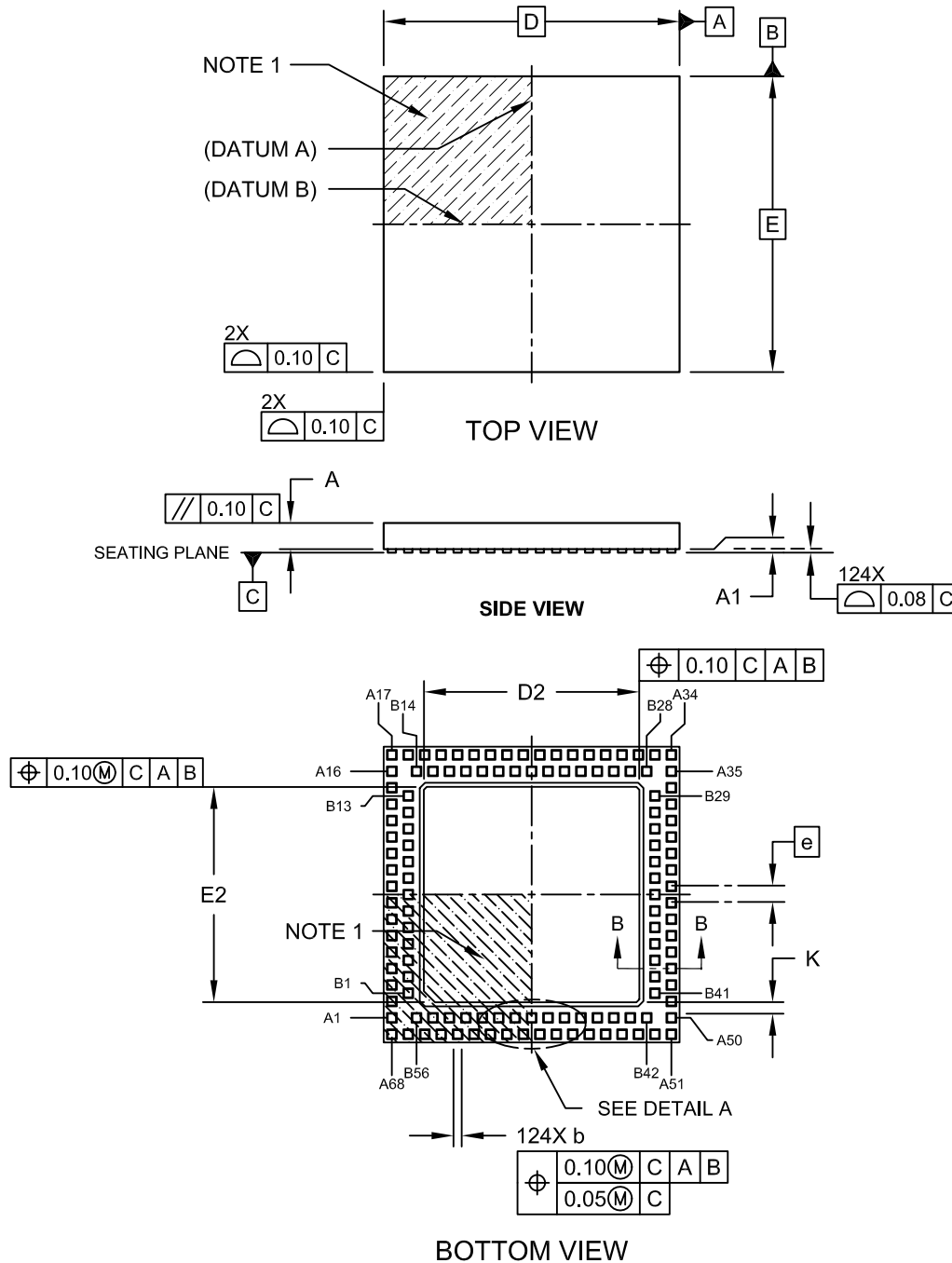
1. Ball A1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.  
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.  
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
3. The outer rows and columns of balls are located with respect to datums A and B.
4. Ball interface to package body: 0.37mm nominal diameter.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-148 Rev F Sheet 2 of 2

# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

## 124-Terminal Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body [VTLA]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-193A Sheet 1 of 2

## Revision G (May 2011)

The revision includes the following global updates:

- All references to VDDCORE/VCAP have been changed to: V<sub>CORE</sub>/V<sub>CAP</sub>
- Added references to the new V-Temp temperature range: -40°C to +105°C

This revision also includes minor typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text. Major updates are referenced by their respective section in Table B-5.

**TABLE B-5: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES**

Section Name	Update Description
<b>High-Performance, USB, CAN and Ethernet 32-bit Flash Microcontrollers</b>	Removed the shading for all D- and D+ pins in all pin diagrams.
<b>1.0 “Device Overview”</b>	Updated the V <sub>BUS</sub> description in Table 1-1.
<b>1.0 “Guidelines for Getting Started with 32-bit Microcontrollers”</b>	Added “ <b>Alternatively, inputs can be reserved by connecting the pin to V<sub>SS</sub> through a 1k to 10k resistor and configuring the pin as an input.</b> ”.
<b>4.0 “Memory Organization”</b>	Added Note 3 to the Interrupt Register Map tables (see Table 4-2 through Table 4-7).
<b>22.0 “10-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”</b>	Updated the ADC Conversion Clock Period Block Diagram (see Figure 22-2).
<b>1.0 “Comparator Voltage Reference (CVREF)”</b>	Updated the Comparator Voltage Reference Block Diagram (see Figure 1-1).
<b>1.0 “Special Features”</b>	Removed the second paragraph from <b>1.3.1 “On-Chip Regulator and POR”</b> .
<b>1.0 “Electrical Characteristics”</b>	<p>Added the new V-Temp temperature range (-40°C to +105°C) to the heading of all specification tables.</p> <p>Updated the Ambient temperature under bias, updated the Voltage on any 5V tolerant pin with respect to V<sub>SS</sub> when V<sub>DD</sub> &lt; 2.3V, and added Voltage on V<sub>BUS</sub> with respect to V<sub>SS</sub> in Absolute Maximum Ratings.</p> <p>Added the characteristic, DC5a to Operating MIPS vs. Voltage (see Table 1-1).</p> <p>Updated or added the following parameters to the Operating Current (I<sub>DD</sub>) DC Characteristics: DC20, DC20b, DC23, and DC23b (see Table 1-5).</p> <p>Added the following parameters to the Idle Current (I<sub>IDLE</sub>) DC Characteristics: DC30b, DC33b, DC34c, DC35c, and DC36c (see Table 1-6).</p> <p>Added the following parameters to the Power-down Current (I<sub>PD</sub>) DC Characteristics: DC40g, DC40h, DC40i, and DC41g, (see Table 1-7).</p> <p>Added parameter IM51 and Note 3 to the I<sup>2</sup>Cx Bus Data Timing Requirements (Master Mode) (see Table 1-32).</p> <p>Updated the 10-bit ADC Conversion Rate Parameters (see Table 1-37).</p> <p>Updated parameter AD57 (T<sub>SAMP</sub>) in the Analog-to-Digital Conversion Timing Requirements (see Table 1-38).</p>
<b>1.0 “Packaging Information”</b>	Updated the 64-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (MR) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body [QFN] packing diagram.
<b>Product Identification System</b>	Added the new V-Temp (V) temperature information.

# PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

Oscillator Configuration .....	95
Output Compare .....	185

## P

Packaging .....	401
Details .....	403
Marking .....	401
Parallel Master Port (PMP) .....	211
PIC32 Family USB Interface Diagram .....	134
PICkit 3 In-Circuit Debugger/Programmer .....	349
Pinout I/O Descriptions (table) .....	26
Power-on Reset (POR)	
and On-Chip Voltage Regulator .....	343
Power-Saving Features .....	331
CPU Halted Methods .....	331
Operation .....	331
with CPU Running .....	331
Prefetch Cache .....	101
Program Flash Memory	
Wait State Characteristics .....	363

## R

Real-Time Clock and Calendar (RTCC) .....	221
Register Maps .....	55–283
Registers	
AD1CHS (ADC Input Select) .....	239
AD1CON1 (ADC Control 1) .....	235
AD1CON2 (ADC Control 2) .....	237
AD1CON3 (ADC Control 3) .....	238
AD1CSSL (ADC Input Scan Select) .....	240
ALRMDATE (Alarm Date Value) .....	230
ALRMTIME (Alarm Time Value) .....	229
BMXBOOTSZ (Boot Flash (IFM) Size) .....	61
BMXCON (Bus Matrix Configuration) .....	56
BMXDKPBA (Data RAM Kernel Program	
Base Address) .....	57
BMXDRMSZ (Data RAM Size) .....	60
BMXDUDBA (Data RAM User Data Base Address) ..	58
BMXDUPBA (Data RAM User Program	
Base Address) .....	59
BMXPFMSZ (Program Flash (PFM) Size) .....	61
BMXPUPBA (Program Flash (PFM) User Program	
Base Address) .....	60
CHEACC (Cache Access) .....	104
CHECON (Cache Control) .....	103
CHEHIT (Cache Hit Statistics) .....	109
CHELRU (Cache LRU) .....	108
CHEMIS (Cache Miss Statistics) .....	109
CHEMSK (Cache TAG Mask) .....	106
CHETAG (Cache TAG) .....	105
CHEW0 (Cache Word 0) .....	106
CHEW1 (Cache Word 1) .....	107
CHEW2 (Cache Word 2) .....	107
CHEW3 (Cache Word 3) .....	108
CiCFG (CAN Baud Rate Configuration) .....	248
CiCON (CAN Module Control) .....	246
CiFIFOBA (CAN Message Buffer Base Address) .....	273
CiFIFOCINn (CAN Module Message Index Register 'n')	
278	
CiFIFOCONn (CAN FIFO Control Register 'n') .....	274
CiFIFOINTn (CAN FIFO Interrupt Register 'n') .....	276
CiFIFOUAn (CAN FIFO User Address Register 'n') ..	278
CiFLTCON0 (CAN Filter Control 0) .....	256
CiFLTCON1 (CAN Filter Control 1) .....	258
CiFLTCON2 (CAN Filter Control 2) .....	260
CiFLTCON3 (CAN Filter Control 3) .....	262

CiFLTCON4 (CAN Filter Control 4) .....	264
CiFLTCON5 (CAN Filter Control 5) .....	266
CiFLTCON6 (CAN Filter Control 6) .....	268
CiFLTCON7 (CAN Filter Control 7) .....	270
CiFSTAT (CAN FIFO Status) .....	253
CiINT (CAN Interrupt) .....	250
CiRXFn (CAN Acceptance Filter 'n') .....	272
CiRXMn (CAN Acceptance Filter Mask 'n') .....	255
CiRXOVF (CAN Receive FIFO Overflow Status) .....	254
CiTMR (CAN Timer) .....	254
CiTREC (CAN Transmit/Receive Error Count) .....	253
CiVEC (CAN Interrupt Code) .....	252
CMSTAT (Comparator Control Register) .....	326
CMxCON (Comparator 'x' Control) .....	325
CNCON (Change Notice Control) .....	166
CVRCON (Comparator Voltage Reference Control) ..	329
DCHxCON (DMA Channel 'x' Control) .....	124
DCHxCPTR (DMA Channel 'x' Cell Pointer) .....	131
DCHxCSIZ (DMA Channel 'x' Cell-Size) .....	131
DCHxDAT (DMA Channel 'x' Pattern Data) .....	132
DCHxDPTR (Channel 'x' Destination Pointer) .....	130
DCHxDSA (DMA Channel 'x' Destination	
Start Address) .....	128
DCHxDSIZ (DMA Channel 'x' Destination Size) .....	129
DCHxECON (DMA Channel 'x' Event Control) .....	125
DCHxINT (DMA Channel 'x' Interrupt Control) .....	126
DCHxSPTR (DMA Channel 'x' Source Pointer) .....	130
DCHxSSA (DMA Channel 'x' Source Start Address) ..	128
DCHxSSIZ (DMA Channel 'x' Source Size) .....	129
DCRCCON (DMA CRC Control) .....	121
DCRCDATA (DMA CRC Data) .....	123
DCRCXOR (DMA CRCXOR Enable) .....	123
DDPCON (Debug Data Port Control) .....	342
DEVCFG0 (Device Configuration Word 0) .....	335
DEVCFG1 (Device Configuration Word 1) .....	337
DEVCFG2 (Device Configuration Word 2) .....	339
DEVCFG3 (Device Configuration Word 3) .....	341
DEVID (Device and Revision ID) .....	342
DMAADDR (DMA Address) .....	120
DMACON (DMA Controller Control) .....	119
DMASTAT (DMA Status) .....	120
EMAC1CFG1 (Ethernet Controller MAC Configuration 1)	
306	
EMAC1CFG2 (Ethernet Controller MAC Configuration 2)	
307	
EMAC1CLRT (Ethernet Controller MAC Collision Win-	
dow/Retry Limit) .....	311
EMAC1IPGR (Ethernet Controller MAC Non-Back-to-	
Back Interpacket Gap) .....	310
EMAC1IPGT (Ethernet Controller MAC Back-to-Back In-	
terpacket Gap) .....	309
EMAC1MADR (Ethernet Controller MAC MII Manage-	
ment Address) .....	317
EMAC1MAXF (Ethernet Controller MAC Maximum	
Frame Length) .....	312
EMAC1MCFG (Ethernet Controller MAC MII Manage-	
ment Configuration) .....	315
EMAC1MCMD (Ethernet Controller MAC MII Manage-	
ment Command) .....	316
EMAC1MIND (Ethernet Controller MAC MII Manage-	
ment Indicators) .....	319
EMAC1MRDD (Ethernet Controller MAC MII Manage-	
ment Read Data) .....	318
EMAC1MWTD (Ethernet Controller MAC MII Manage-	
ment Write Data) .....	318