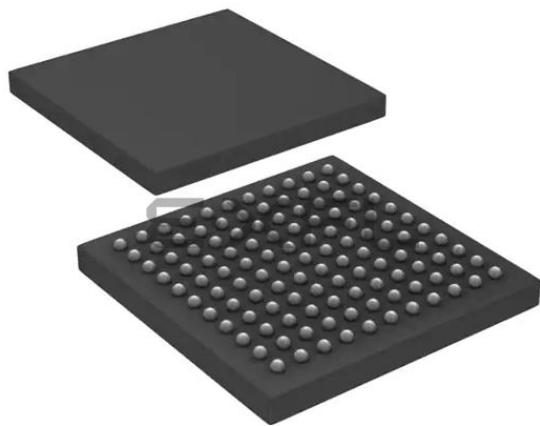




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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	-
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	121-TFBGA
Supplier Device Package	121-TFBGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx775f512lt-80i-bg

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 9: PIN NAMES FOR 100-PIN USB, ETHERNET, AND CAN DEVICES

100-PIN TQFP (TOP VIEW)			
PIC32MX764F128L PIC32MX775F256L PIC32MX775F512L PIC32MX795F512L		100 1	
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	AERXERR/RG15	36	Vss
2	VDD	37	VDD
3	PMD5/RE5	38	TCK/RA1
4	PMD6/RE6	39	AC1TX/SCK4/U5TX/U2RTS/RF13
5	PMD7/RE7	40	AC1RX/SS4/U5RX/U2CTS/RF12
6	T2CK/RC1	41	AN12/ERXD0/AECRS/PMA11/RB12
7	T3CK/AC2TX ⁽¹⁾ /RC2	42	AN13/ERXD1/AECOL/PMA10/RB13
8	T4CK/AC2RX ⁽¹⁾ /RC3	43	AN14/ERXD2/AETXD3/PMALH/PMA1/RB14
9	T5CK/SD11/RC4	44	AN15/ERXD3/AETXD2/OCFB/PMALL/PMA0/CN12/RB15
10	ECOL/SCK2/U6TX/U3RTS/PMA5/CN8/RG6	45	Vss
11	ECRS/SDA4/SDI2/U3RX/PMA4/CN9/RG7	46	VDD
12	ERXDVI/AERXDV/ECRSDV/AECRSDV/SCL4/SDO2/U3TX/PMA3/CN10/RG8	47	AETXD0/SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/CN20/RD14
13	MCLR	48	AETXD1/SCK3/U4TX/U1RTS/CN21/RD15
14	ERXCLK/AERXCLK/EREFCLK/AEREFCLK/SS2/U6RX/U3CTS/PMA2/CN11/RG9	49	SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4
15	Vss	50	SCL5/SDO4/U2TX/PMA8/CN18/RF5
16	VDD	51	USBID/RF3
17	TMS/RA0	52	SDA3/SDI3/U1RX/RF2
18	AERXD0/INT1/RE8	53	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/RF8
19	AERXD1/INT2/RE9	54	VBUS
20	AN5/C1IN+/VBUSON/CN7/RB5	55	VUSB3V3
21	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4	56	D-/RG3
22	AN3/C2IN+/CN5/RB3	57	D+/RG2
23	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2	58	SCL2/RA2
24	PGEC1/AN1/CN3/RB1	59	SDA2/RA3
25	PGED1/AN0/CN2/RB0	60	TDI/RA4
26	PGEC2/AN6/OCFA/RB6	61	TDO/RA5
27	PGED2/AN7/RB7	62	VDD
28	VREF-/CVREF-/AERXD2/PMA7/RA9	63	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
29	VREF+/CVREF+/AERXD3/PMA6/RA10	64	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
30	AVDD	65	Vss
31	AVss	66	AETXCLK/SCL1/INT3/RA14
32	AN8/C1OUT/RB8	67	AETXEN/SDA1/INT4/RA15
33	AN9/C2OUT/RB9	68	RTCC/EMDIO/AEMDIO/IC1/RD8
34	AN10/CVREFOUT/PMA13/RB10	69	SS1/IC2/RD9
35	AN11/ERXERR/AETXERR/PMA12/RB11	70	SCK1/IC3/PMCS2/PMA15/RD10

Note 1: This pin is not available on PIC32MX764F128L devices.
2: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

FIGURE 4-5: MEMORY MAP ON RESET FOR PIC32MX575F512H, PIC32MX575F512L, PIC32MX675F512H, PIC32MX675F512L, PIC32MX775F512H AND PIC32MX775F512L DEVICES

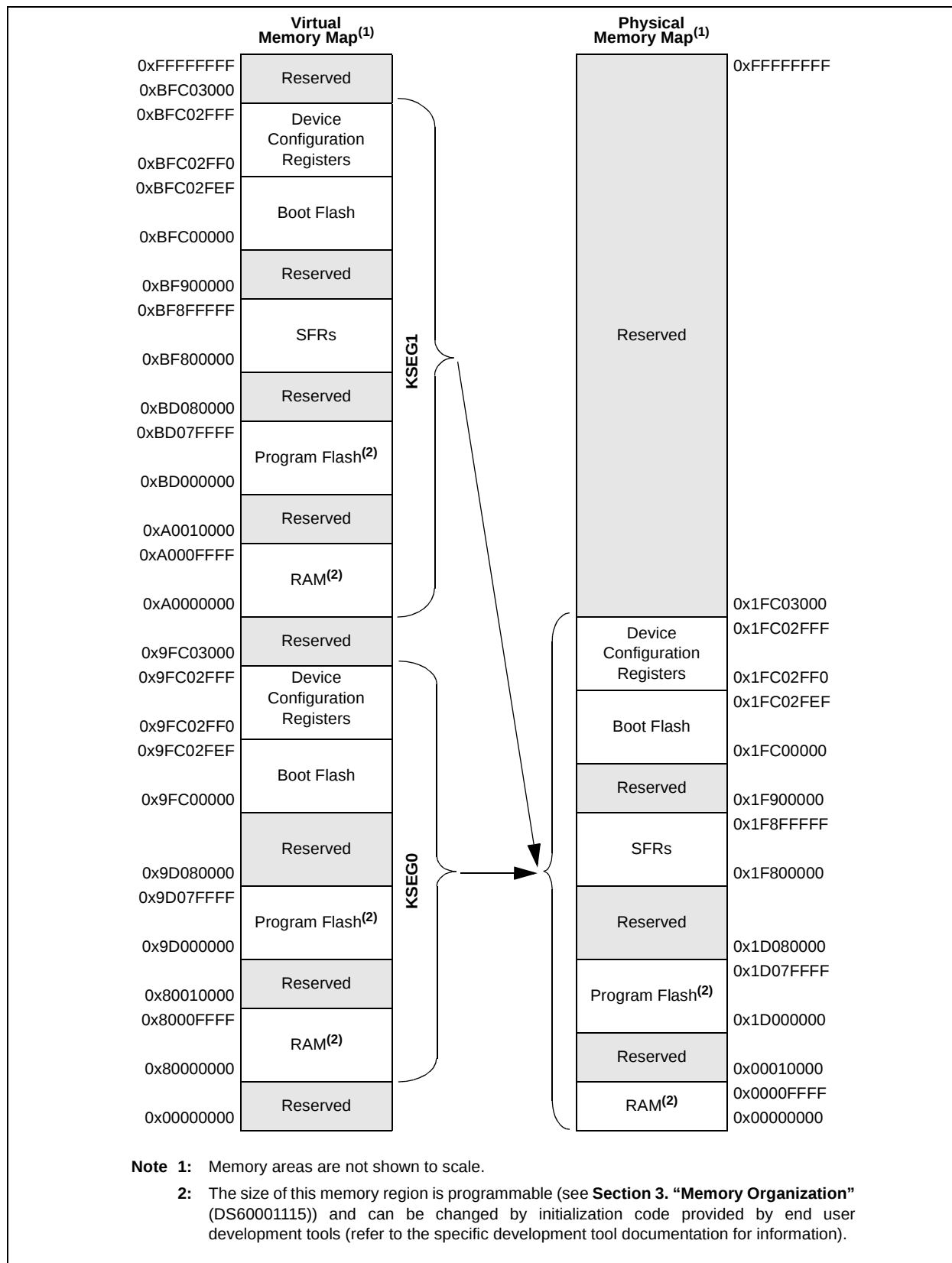


TABLE 7-2: INTERRUPT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX534F064H, PIC32MX564F064H, PIC32MX564F128H, PIC32MX575F256H AND PIC32MX575F512H DEVICES (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name(1)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
10A0	IPC1	31:16	—	—	—	INT1IP<2:0>			INT1IS<1:0>		—	—	—	OC1IP<2:0>			OC1IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	IC1IP<2:0>			IC1IS<1:0>		—	—	—	T1IP<2:0>			T1IS<1:0>		0000
10B0	IPC2	31:16	—	—	—	INT2IP<2:0>			INT2IS<1:0>		—	—	—	OC2IP<2:0>			OC2IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	IC2IP<2:0>			IC2IS<1:0>		—	—	—	T2IP<2:0>			T2IS<1:0>		0000
10C0	IPC3	31:16	—	—	—	INT3IP<2:0>			INT3IS<1:0>		—	—	—	OC3IP<2:0>			OC3IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	IC3IP<2:0>			IC3IS<1:0>		—	—	—	T3IP<2:0>			T3IS<1:0>		0000
10D0	IPC4	31:16	—	—	—	INT4IP<2:0>			INT4IS<1:0>		—	—	—	OC4IP<2:0>			OC4IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	IC4IP<2:0>			IC4IS<1:0>		—	—	—	T4IP<2:0>			T4IS<1:0>		0000
10E0	IPC5	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	OC5IP<2:0>			OC5IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	IC5IP<2:0>			IC5IS<1:0>		—	—	—	T5IP<2:0>			T5IS<1:0>		0000
10F0	IPC6	31:16	—	—	—	AD1IP<2:0>			AD1IS<1:0>		—	—	—	CNIP<2:0>			CNIS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	I2C1IP<2:0>			I2C1IS<1:0>		—	—	—	U1IP<2:0>			U1IS<1:0>		0000	
													SPI3IP<2:0>			SPI3IS<1:0>			
													I2C3IP<2:0>			I2C3IS<1:0>			
1100	IPC7	31:16	—	—	—	U3IP<2:0>			U3IS<1:0>		—	—	—	CMP2IP<2:0>			CMP2IS<1:0>		0000
						SPI2IP<2:0>			SPI2IS<1:0>										
						I2C4IP<2:0>			I2C4IS<1:0>										
		15:0	—	—	—	CMP1IP<2:0>			CMP1IS<1:0>		—	—	—	PMPIP<2:0>			PMPIS<1:0>		0000
1110	IPC8	31:16	—	—	—	RTCCIP<2:0>			RTCCIS<1:0>		—	—	—	FSCMIP<2:0>			FSCMIS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	U2IP<2:0>			U2IS<1:0>		0000	
													SPI4IP<2:0>			SPI4IS<1:0>			
													I2C5IP<2:0>			I2C5IS<1:0>			
1120	IPC9	31:16	—	—	—	DMA3IP<2:0>			DMA3IS<1:0>		—	—	—	DMA2IP<2:0>			DMA2IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	DMA1IP<2:0>			DMA1IS<1:0>		—	—	—	DMA0IP<2:0>			DMA0IS<1:0>		0000
1130	IPC10	31:16	—	—	—	DMA7IP<2:0>(2)			DMA7IS<1:0>(2)		—	—	—	DMA6IP<2:0>(2)			DMA6IS<1:0>(2)		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	DMA5IP<2:0>(2)			DMA5IS<1:0>(2)		—	—	—	DMA4IP<2:0>(2)			DMA4IS<1:0>(2)		0000
1140	IPC11	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CAN1IP<2:0>			CAN1IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	USBIP<2:0>			USBIS<1:0>		—	—	—	FCEIP<2:0>			FCEIS<1:0>		0000
1150	IPC12	31:16	—	—	—	U5IP<2:0>			U5IS<1:0>		—	—	—	U6IP<2:0>			U6IS<1:0>		0000
		15:0	—	—	—	U4IP<2:0>			U4IS<1:0>		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note 1:** Except where noted, all registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers"** for more information.
- Note 2:** These bits are not available on PIC32MX534/564/664/764 devices.
- Note 3:** This register does not have associated CLR, SET, and INV registers.

TABLE 7-7: INTERRUPT REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX764F128L, PIC32MX775F256L, PIC32MX775F512L AND PIC32MX795F512L DEVICES (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets		
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0			
10D0	IPC4	31:16	—	—	—	INT4IP<2:0>			INT4IS<1:0>			—	—	—	OC4IP<2:0>			OC4IS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	IC4IP<2:0>			IC4IS<1:0>			—	—	—	T4IP<2:0>			T4IS<1:0>		0000	
10E0	IPC5	31:16	—	—	—	SPI1IP<2:0>			SPI1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	OC5IP<2:0>			OC5IS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	IC5IP<2:0>			IC5IS<1:0>			—	—	—	T5IP<2:0>			T5IS<1:0>		0000	
10F0	IPC6	31:16	—	—	—	AD1IP<2:0>			AD1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	CNIP<2:0>			CNIS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	I2C1IP<2:0>			I2C1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	U1IP<2:0>			U1IS<1:0>		0000	
															SPI3IP<2:0>			SPI3IS<1:0>			
															I2C3IP<2:0>			I2C3IS<1:0>			
1100	IPC7	31:16	—	—	—	U3IP<2:0>			U3IS<1:0>			—	—	—	CMP2IP<2:0>			CMP2IS<1:0>		0000	
						SPI2IP<2:0>			SPI2IS<1:0>												
						I2C4IP<2:0>			I2C4IS<1:0>												
		15:0	—	—	—	CMP1IP<2:0>			CMP1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	PMPIP<2:0>			PMPIS<1:0>		0000	
1110	IPC8	31:16	—	—	—	RTCCIP<2:0>			RTCCIS<1:0>			—	—	—	FSCMIP<2:0>			FSCMIS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	I2C2IP<2:0>			I2C2IS<1:0>			—	—	—	U2IP<2:0>			U2IS<1:0>		0000	
															SPI4IP<2:0>			SPI4IS<1:0>			
															I2C5IP<2:0>			I2C5IS<1:0>			
1120	IPC9	31:16	—	—	—	DMA3IP<2:0>			DMA3IS<1:0>			—	—	—	DMA2IP<2:0>			DMA2IS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	DMA1IP<2:0>			DMA1IS<1:0>			—	—	—	DMA0IP<2:0>			DMA0IS<1:0>		0000	
1130	IPC10	31:16	—	—	—	DMA7IP<2:0> ⁽²⁾			DMA7IS<1:0> ⁽²⁾			—	—	—	DMA6IP<2:0> ⁽²⁾			DMA6IS<1:0> ⁽²⁾		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	DMA5IP<2:0> ⁽²⁾			DMA5IS<1:0> ⁽²⁾			—	—	—	DMA4IP<2:0> ⁽²⁾			DMA4IS<1:0> ⁽²⁾		0000	
1140	IPC11	31:16	—	—	—	CAN2IP<2:0> ⁽²⁾			CAN2IS<1:0> ⁽²⁾			—	—	—	CAN1IP<2:0>			CAN1IS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	USBIP<2:0>			USBIS<1:0>			—	—	—	FCEIP<2:0>			FCEIS<1:0>		0000	
1150	IPC12	31:16	—	—	—	U5IP<2:0>			U5IS<1:0>			—	—	—	U6IP<2:0>			U6IS<1:0>		0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	U4IP<2:0>			U4IS<1:0>			—	—	—	ETHIP<2:0>			ETHIS<1:0>		0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: Except where noted, all registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers"** for more information.

2: This bit is unimplemented on PIC32MX764F128L device.

3: This register does not have associated CLR, SET, and INV registers.

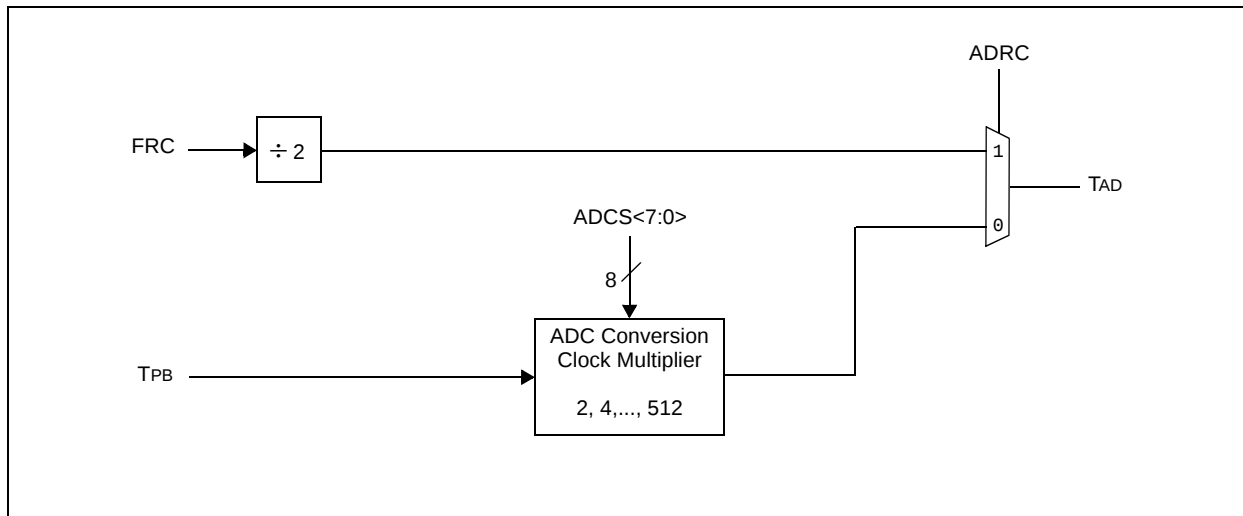
PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

REGISTER 20-1: UxMODE: UARTx MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5 **ABAUD**: Auto-Baud Enable bit
 1 = Enable baud rate measurement on the next character – requires reception of Sync character (0x55);
 cleared by hardware upon completion
 0 = Baud rate measurement disabled or completed
- bit 4 **RXINV**: Receive Polarity Inversion bit
 1 = UxRX Idle state is '0'
 0 = UxRX Idle state is '1'
- bit 3 **BRGH**: High Baud Rate Enable bit
 1 = High-Speed mode – 4x baud clock enabled
 0 = Standard Speed mode – 16x baud clock enabled
- bit 2-1 **PDSEL<1:0>**: Parity and Data Selection bits
 11 = 9-bit data, no parity
 10 = 8-bit data, odd parity
 01 = 8-bit data, even parity
 00 = 8-bit data, no parity
- bit 0 **STSEL**: Stop Selection bit
 1 = 2 Stop bits
 0 = 1 Stop bit

Note 1: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user software should not read/write the peripheral SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

FIGURE 23-2: ADC CONVERSION CLOCK PERIOD BLOCK DIAGRAM



REGISTER 23-1: AD1CON1: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ON ⁽¹⁾	—	SIDL	—	—	FORM<2:0>		
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0, HSC	R/C-0, HSC
	SSRC<2:0>			CLRASAM	—	ASAM	SAMP ⁽²⁾	DONE ⁽³⁾

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** ADC Operating Mode bit⁽¹⁾

1 = ADC module is operating

0 = ADC module is not operating

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode

bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **FORM<2:0>:** Data Output Format bits

111 = Signed Fractional 32-bit (DOUT = sddd dddd dd00 0000 0000 0000 0000)

110 = Fractional 32-bit (DOUT = dddd dddd dd00 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000)

101 = Signed Integer 32-bit (DOUT = ssss ssss ssss ssss ssss sssd dddd dddd)

100 = Integer 32-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 00dd dddd dddd)

011 = Signed Fractional 16-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 sddd dddd dd00 0000)

010 = Fractional 16-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 dddd dddd dd00 0000)

001 = Signed Integer 16-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 ssss sssd dddd dddd)

000 = Integer 16-bit (DOUT = 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 00dd dddd dddd)

bit 7-5 **SSRC<2:0>:** Conversion Trigger Source Select bits

111 = Internal counter ends sampling and starts conversion (auto convert)

110 = Reserved

101 = Reserved

100 = Reserved

011 = CTMU ends sampling and starts conversion

010 = Timer 3 period match ends sampling and starts conversion

001 = Active transition on INT0 pin ends sampling and starts conversion

000 = Clearing the SAMP bit ends sampling and starts conversion

Note 1: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLOCK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

2: If ASAM = 0, software can write a '1' to start sampling. This bit is automatically set by hardware if ASAM = 1. If SSRC<2:0> = 000, software can write a '0' to end sampling and start conversion. If SSRC<2:0> ≠ '000', this bit is automatically cleared by hardware to end sampling and start conversion.

3: This bit is automatically set by hardware when analog-to-digital conversion is complete. Software can write a '0' to clear this bit (a write of '1' is not allowed). Clearing this bit does not affect any operation already in progress. This bit is automatically cleared by hardware at the start of a new conversion.

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REGISTER 23-5: AD1CSSL: ADC INPUT SCAN SELECT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CSSL15	CSSL14	CSSL13	CSSL12	CSSL11	CSSL10	CSSL9	CSSL8
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CSSL7	CSSL6	CSSL5	CSSL4	CSSL3	CSSL2	CSSL1	CSSL0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **CSSL<15:0>:** ADC Input Pin Scan Selection bits⁽¹⁾

1 = Select ANx for input scan

0 = Skip ANx for input scan

Note 1: CSSL = ANx, where 'x' = 0-15.

TABLE 24-1: CAN1 REGISTER SUMMARY FOR PIC32MX534F064H, PIC32MX564F064H, PIC32MX564F128H, PIC32MX575F256H, PIC32MX575F512H, PIC32MX764F128H, PIC32MX775F256H, PIC32MX775F512H, PIC32MX795F512H, PIC32MX534F064L, PIC32MX564F064L, PIC32MX564F128L, PIC32MX575F256L, PIC32MX575F512L, PIC32MX764F128L, PIC32MX775F256L, PIC32MX775F512L AND PIC32MX795F512L DEVICES (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
B0F0	C1FLTCON3	31:16	FLTEN15	MSEL15<1:0>				FSEL15<4:0>			FLTEN14	MSEL14<1:0>			FSEL14<4:0>				0000
		15:0	FLTEN13	MSEL13<1:0>				FSEL13<4:0>			FLTEN12	MSEL12<1:0>			FSEL12<4:0>				0000
B100	C1FLTCON4	31:16	FLTEN19	MSEL19<1:0>				FSEL19<4:0>			FLTEN18	MSEL18<1:0>			FSEL18<4:0>				0000
		15:0	FLTEN17	MSEL17<1:0>				FSEL17<4:0>			FLTEN16	MSEL16<1:0>			FSEL16<4:0>				0000
B110	C1FLTCON5	31:16	FLTEN23	MSEL23<1:0>				FSEL23<4:0>			FLTEN22	MSEL22<1:0>			FSEL22<4:0>				0000
		15:0	FLTEN21	MSEL21<1:0>				FSEL21<4:0>			FLTEN20	MSEL20<1:0>			FSEL20<4:0>				0000
B120	C1FLTCON6	31:16	FLTEN27	MSEL27<1:0>				FSEL27<4:0>			FLTEN26	MSEL26<1:0>			FSEL26<4:0>				0000
		15:0	FLTEN25	MSEL25<1:0>				FSEL25<4:0>			FLTEN24	MSEL24<1:0>			FSEL24<4:0>				0000
B130	C1FLTCON7	31:16	FLTEN31	MSEL31<1:0>				FSEL31<4:0>			FLTEN30	MSEL30<1:0>			FSEL30<4:0>				0000
		15:0	FLTEN29	MSEL29<1:0>				FSEL29<4:0>			FLTEN28	MSEL28<1:0>			FSEL28<4:0>				0000
B140	C1RXFn (n = 0-31)	31:16	SID<10:0>											—	EXID	—	EID<17:16>	xxxx	
		15:0	EID<15:0>																xxxx
B340	C1FIFOBA	31:16	C1FIFOBA<31:0>																0000
		15:0	C1FIFOBA<31:0>																0000
B350	C1FIFOCOn (n = 0-31)	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	FSIZE<4:0>					0000	
		15:0	—	FRESET	UINC	DONLY	—	—	—	—	TXEN	TXABAT	TXLARB	TXERR	TXREQ	RTREN	TXPRI<1:0>	0000	
B360	C1FIFOINTn (n = 0-31)	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	TXNFULLIE	TXHALFIE	TXEMPTYIE	—	—	—	—	RXOVFLIE	RXFULLIE	RXHALFIE	RXN EMPTYIE	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	TXNFULLIF	TXHALFIF	TXEMPTYIF	—	—	—	—	RXOVFLIF	RXFULLIF	RXHALFIF	RXN EMPTYIF	0000
B370	C1FIFOUAn (n = 0-31)	31:16	C1FIFOUA<31:0>																0000
		15:0	C1FIFOUA<31:0>																0000
B380	C1FIFOCIn (n = 0-31)	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	C1FIFOCI<4:0>					0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers"** for more information.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

REGISTER 24-12: CiFLTCON2: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN11	MSEL11<1:0>		FSEL11<4:0>				
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN10	MSEL10<1:0>		FSEL10<4:0>				
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN9	MSEL9<1:0>		FSEL9<4:0>				
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FLTEN8	MSEL8<1:0>		FSEL8<4:0>				

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31 **FLTEN11:** Filter 11 Enable bit
 1 = Filter is enabled
 0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 30-29 **MSEL11<1:0>:** Filter 11 Mask Select bits
 11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
- bit 28-24 **FSEL11<4:0>:** FIFO Selection bits
 11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
 11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30
 .
 .
 .
 00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
 00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0
- bit 23 **FLTEN10:** Filter 10 Enable bit
 1 = Filter is enabled
 0 = Filter is disabled
- bit 22-21 **MSEL10<1:0>:** Filter 10 Mask Select bits
 11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
- bit 20-16 **FSEL10<4:0>:** FIFO Selection bits
 11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
 11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30
 .
 .
 .
 00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
 00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

Note: The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.

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REGISTER 25-21: ETHFCSERR: ETHERNET CONTROLLER FRAME CHECK SEQUENCE ERROR STATISTICS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FCSERRCNT<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	FCSERRCNT<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **FCSERRCNT<15:0>:** FCS Error Count bits

Increment count for frames received with FCS error and the frame length in bits is an integral multiple of 8 bits.

Note 1: This register is only used for RX operations.

2: This register is automatically cleared by hardware after a read operation, unless the byte enables for bytes 0/1 are '0'.

3: It is recommended to use the SET, CLR, or INV registers to set or clear any bit in this register. Setting or clearing any bits in this register should be only done for debug/test purposes.

REGISTER 25-25: EMAC1IPGT: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC BACK-TO-BACK INTERPACKET GAP REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0
	—	B2BIPKTGP<6:0>						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **B2BIPKTGP<6:0>:** Back-to-Back Interpacket Gap bits

This is a programmable field representing the nibble time offset of the minimum possible period between the end of any transmitted packet, to the beginning of the next. In Full-Duplex mode, the register value should be the desired period in nibble times minus 3. In Half-Duplex mode, the register value should be the desired period in nibble times minus 6. In Full-Duplex the recommended setting is 0x15 (21d), which represents the minimum IPG of 0.96 μ s (in 100 Mbps) or 9.6 μ s (in 10 Mbps). In Half-Duplex mode, the recommended setting is 0x12 (18d), which also represents the minimum IPG of 0.96 μ s (in 100 Mbps) or 9.6 μ s (in 10 Mbps).

Note: Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

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REGISTER 25-26: EMAC1IPGR: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC NON-BACK-TO-BACK INTERPACKET GAP REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	NB2BIPKTGP1<6:0>						
7:0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0
	—	NB2BIPKTGP2<6:0>						

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-8 **NB2BIPKTGP1<6:0>:** Non-Back-to-Back Interpacket Gap Part 1 bits

This is a programmable field representing the optional carrierSense window referenced in section 4.2.3.2.1 "Deference" of the IEEE 80.23 Specification. If the carrier is detected during the timing of IPGR1, the MAC defers to the carrier. If, however, the carrier comes after IPGR1, the MAC continues timing IPGR2 and transmits, knowingly causing a collision, thus ensuring fair access to the medium. Its range of values is 0x0 to IPGR2. Its recommend value is 0xC (12d).

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-0 **NB2BIPKTGP2<6:0>:** Non-Back-to-Back Interpacket Gap Part 2 bits

This is a programmable field representing the non-back-to-back Inter-Packet-Gap. Its recommended value is 0x12 (18d), which represents the minimum IPG of 0.96 μ s (in 100 Mbps) or 9.6 μ s (in 10 Mbps).

Note: Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

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REGISTER 26-2: CMSTAT: COMPARATOR STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	C2OUT	C1OUT

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Control bit

1 = All Comparator modules are disabled while in Idle mode

0 = All Comparator modules continue to operate while in Idle mode

bit 12-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1 **C2OUT:** Comparator Output bit

1 = Output of Comparator 2 is a '1'

0 = Output of Comparator 2 is a '0'

bit 0 **C1OUT:** Comparator Output bit

1 = Output of Comparator 1 is a '1'

0 = Output of Comparator 1 is a '0'

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

NOTES:

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 32-5: DC CHARACTERISTICS: OPERATING CURRENT (I_{DD})

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp				
Param. No.	Typical ⁽³⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions			
Operating Current (IDD) ^(1,2,4) for PIC32MX575/675/695/775/795 Family Devices							
DC20	6	9	mA	Code executing from Flash	-40°C, +25°C, +85°C	—	4 MHz
DC20b	7	10			+105°C		
DC20a	4	—		Code executing from SRAM	—		
DC21	37	40	mA	Code executing from Flash	—	—	25 MHz
DC21a	25	—		Code executing from SRAM			
DC22	64	70	mA	Code executing from Flash	—	—	60 MHz
DC22a	61	—		Code executing from SRAM			
DC23	85	98	mA	Code executing from Flash	-40°C, +25°C, +85°C	—	80 MHz
DC23b	90	120			+105°C		
DC23a	85	—		Code executing from SRAM	—		
DC25a	125	150	μA	—	+25°C	3.3V	LPRC (31 kHz)

Note 1: A device's I_{DD} supply current is mainly a function of the operating voltage and frequency. Other factors, such as PBCLK (Peripheral Bus Clock) frequency, number of peripheral modules enabled, internal code execution pattern, execution from Program Flash memory vs. SRAM, I/O pin loading and switching rate, oscillator type, as well as temperature, can have an impact on the current consumption.

2: The test conditions for I_{DD} measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
- OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
- USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
- CPU, program Flash, and SRAM data memory are operational, program Flash memory Wait states = 111, Program Cache and Prefetch are disabled and SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
- No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0)
- WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
- All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
- MCLR = V_{DD}
- CPU executing while(1) statement from Flash
- RTCC and JTAG are disabled

3: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C at specified operating frequency unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

4: All parameters are characterized, but only those parameters listed for 4 MHz and 80 MHz are tested at 3.3V in manufacturing.

TABLE 32-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (I_{IDLE}) (CONTINUED)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-Temp			
Parameter No.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Idle Current (I _{IDLE}) ⁽¹⁾ for PIC32MX534/564/664/764 Family Devices						
DC30a	1.5	5	mA	-40°C, +25°C, +85°C	—	4 MHz
DC30c	3.5	6		+105°C		
DC31a	7	11		-40°C, +25°C, +85°C		
DC32a	13	20	mA	-40°C, +25°C, +85°C	—	25 MHz (Note 3)
DC33a	17	25	mA	-40°C, +25°C, +85°C	—	80 MHz
DC33c	20	27		+105°C		
DC34c	—	40	μA	-40°C	2.3V	LPRC (31 kHz) (Note 3)
DC34d		75		+25°C		
DC34e		800		+85°C		
DC34f		1000		+105°C		
DC35c	30	—	μA	-40°C	3.3V	
DC35d	55			+25°C		
DC35e	230			+85°C		
DC35f	800			+105°C		
DC36c	—	43	μA	-40°C	3.6V	
DC36d		106		+25°C		
DC36e		800		+85°C		
DC36f		1000		+105°C		

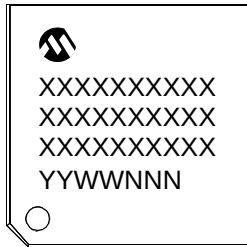
Note 1: The test conditions for I_{IDLE} current measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
 - OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
 - USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
 - CPU is in Idle mode, program Flash memory Wait states = 111, Program Cache and Prefetch are disabled and SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
 - No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0)
 - WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
 - All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to V_{SS}
 - MCLR = V_{DD}
 - RTCC and JTAG are disabled
- 2:** Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 3:** This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.
- 4:** All parameters are characterized, but only those parameters listed for 4 MHz and 80 MHz are tested at 3.3V in manufacturing.

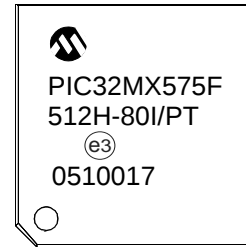
34.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

34.1 Package Marking Information

64-Lead TQFP (10x10x1 mm)



Example



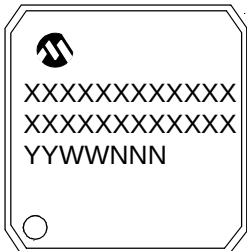
100-Lead TQFP (14x14x1 mm)



Example



100-Lead TQFP (12x12x1 mm)



Example



Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	*	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
		This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

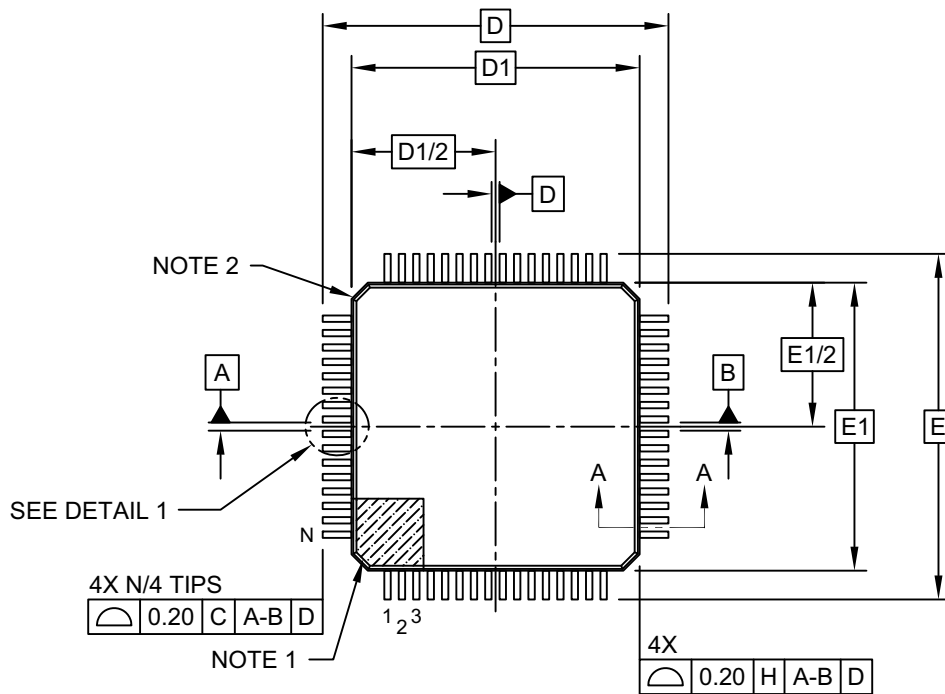
Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

34.2 Package Details

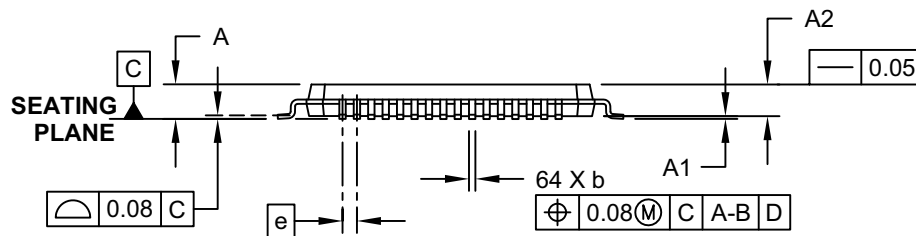
The following sections give the technical details of the packages.

64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

Revision J (September 2016)

This revision includes typographical and formatting updates throughout the data sheet text. In addition, all SFR Register maps were moved from the Memory chapter to their respective peripheral chapters.

All other major updates are referenced by their respective section in Table B-7.

TABLE B-7: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
“32-bit Microcontrollers (up to 512 KB Flash and 128 KB SRAM) with Graphics Interface, USB, CAN, and Ethernet”	Updated Communication Interfaces for LIN support to 2.1. Updated Qualification and Class B Support to AEC-Q100 REVH.
2.0 “Guidelines for Getting Started with 32-bit MCUs”	The Recommended Minimum Connection diagram was updated (see Figure 2-1). The Example of $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ Pin Connections diagram was updated (see Figure 2-2). 2.11 “EMI/EMC/EFT (IEC 61000-4-4 and IEC 61000-4-2) Suppression Considerations” was added.
4.0 “Memory Organization”	The SFR Memory Map was added (see Table 4-1).
7.0 “Interrupt Controller”	The UART interrupt sources were updated in the Interrupt IRQ, Vector, and Bit location table (see Table 7-1).
8.0 “Oscillator Configuration”	Updated the bit value definitions for the TUN<5:0> bits in the OCSTUN register (see Register 8-2).
15.0 “Watchdog Timer (WDT)”	The content in this chapter was relocated from the Special Features chapter to its own chapter.
18.0 “Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)”	The register map tables were combined (see Table 18-1).
19.0 “Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C)”	The register map tables were combined (see Table 19-1). The PMADDR register was updated (see Register 21-3).
21.0 “Parallel Master Port (PMP)”	The bit value definitions for the ADRMUX<1:0> and CSF<1:0> bits in the PMCON register were updated (see Register 21-1).
29.0 “Special Features”	Removed the duplicate bit value definition for ‘010’ in the DEVCFG2 register (see Register 29-3). Note 1 was added to the Programming, Debugging, and Trace Ports block diagram (see Figure 29-2). The DDPCON register was relocated (see Register 29-6). The Device ID, Revision, and Configuration Summary was updated (see Table 29-2).