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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

E·XFI

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I ² C, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	85
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	128K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx795f512l-80i-pt

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

4.0 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For detailed information, refer to **Section 3.** "Memory Organization" (DS60001115) in the "*PIC32 Family Reference Manual*", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX microcontrollers provide 4 GB of unified virtual memory address space. All memory regions, including program, data memory, SFRs and Configuration registers, reside in this address space at their respective unique addresses. The program and data memories can be optionally partitioned into user and kernel memories. In addition, the data memory can be made executable, allowing PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX devices to execute from data memory.

Key features include:

- 32-bit native data width
- Separate User (KUSEG) and Kernel (KSEG0/ KSEG1) mode address space
- Flexible program Flash memory partitioning
- Flexible data RAM partitioning for data and program space
- Separate boot Flash memory for protected code
- Robust bus exception handling to intercept runaway code
- Simple memory mapping with Fixed Mapping Translation (FMT) unit
- Cacheable (KSEG0) and non-cacheable (KSEG1) address regions

4.1 Memory Layout

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX microcontrollers implement two address schemes: virtual and physical. All hardware resources, such as program memory, data memory and peripherals, are located at their respective physical addresses. Virtual addresses are exclusively used by the CPU to fetch and execute instructions as well as access peripherals. Physical addresses are used by bus master peripherals, such as DMA and the Flash controller, that access memory independently of the CPU.

The memory maps for the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX devices are illustrated in Figure 4-1 through Figure 4-6. Table 4-1 provides memory map information for the Special Function Registers (SFRs).

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0						
04.04	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0						
31:24	-	_	_	—	_	—	-	—						
00.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0						
23:16	_	—	_	—	_	—	_	—						
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0						
15:8	BMXDKPBA<15:8>													
7.0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0						
7:0				BMXDK	PBA<7:0>									

REGISTER 4-2: BMXDKPBA: DATA RAM KERNEL PROGRAM BASE ADDRESS REGISTER

Legend:

Legenu.			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ad as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15-10 **BMXDKPBA<15:10>:** DRM Kernel Program Base Address bits When non-zero, this value selects the relative base address for kernel program space in RAM

bit 9-0 **BMXDKPBA<9:0>:** DRM Kernel Program Base Address Read-Only bits Value is always '0', which forces 1 KB increments

Note 1: At Reset, the value in this register is forced to zero, which causes all of the RAM to be allocated to Kernal mode data usage.

2: The value in this register must be less than or equal to BMXDRMSZ.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0						
31.24		_	-	—	_	—		—
23:16	U-0	U-0						
23.10	_	_	_	—	_	—		—
45.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0
15:8	—	_	—	—	_	—	CMR	VREGS
7.0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	U-0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-1, HS	R/W-1, HS
7:0	EXTR	SWR	_	WDTO	SLEEP	IDLE	BOR ⁽¹⁾	POR ⁽¹⁾

REGISTER 6-1: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:	HS = Set by hardware		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ad as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-10	Unimplemented: Read as '0	n'
	eninplemented. Read as	

bit 9	CMR: Configuration Mismatch Reset Flag bit
	1 = Configuration mismatch Reset has occurred
	0 = Configuration mismatch Reset has not occurred
bit 8	VREGS: Voltage Regulator Standby Enable bit
	$\ensuremath{\mathtt{l}}$ = Regulator is enabled and is on during Sleep mode
	0 = Regulator is set to Stand-by Tracking mode
bit 7	EXTR: External Reset (MCLR) Pin Flag bit
	1 = Master Clear (pin) Reset has occurred
	0 = Master Clear (pin) Reset has not occurred
bit 6	SWR: Software Reset Flag bit
	1 = Software Reset was executed
	0 = Software Reset was not executed
bit 5	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 4	WDTO: Watchdog Timer Time-out Flag bit
	1 = WDT Time-out has occurred
	0 = WDT Time-out has not occurred
bit 3	SLEEP: Wake From Sleep Flag bit
	1 = Device was in Sleep mode
	0 = Device was not in Sleep mode
bit 2	IDLE: Wake From Idle Flag bit
	1 = Device was in Idle mode
	0 = Device was not in Idle mode
bit 1	BOR: Brown-out Reset Flag bit ⁽¹⁾
	1 = Brown-out Reset has occurred
	0 = Brown-out Reset has not occurred
bit 0	POR: Power-on Reset Flag bit ⁽¹⁾
	1 = Power-on Reset has occurred
	0 = Power-on Reset has not occurred

Note 1: User software must clear this bit to view the next detection.

9.0 PREFETCH CACHE

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to Section 4. "Prefetch Cache" (DS60001119) in the "PIC32 Family Reference Manual", which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

Prefetch cache increases performance for applications executing out of the cacheable program Flash memory regions by implementing instruction caching, constant data caching and instruction prefetching.

9.1 Features

- 16 fully-associative lockable cache lines
- 16-byte cache lines
- Up to four cache lines allocated to data
- Two cache lines with address mask to hold repeated instructions
- Pseudo-LRU replacement policy
- All cache lines are software writable
- 16-byte parallel memory fetch
- Predictive instruction prefetch

A simplified block diagram of the Prefetch Cache module is illustrated in Figure 9-1.

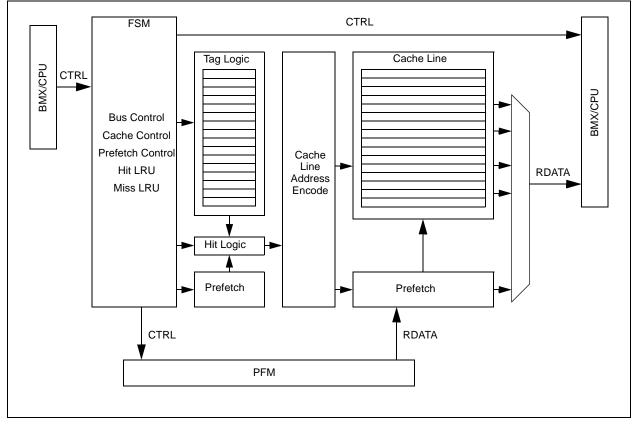


FIGURE 9-1: PREFETCH CACHE MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

REGISTER 11-11: U1CON: USB CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
21.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24			—	—			—	—
00.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	-	-	—	—	_	-	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15.6			—	—			—	—
R-x		R-x	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	JSTATE	SE0	PKTDIS ⁽⁴⁾	USBRST	HOSTEN ⁽²⁾	RESUME ⁽³⁾	PPBRST	USBEN ⁽⁴⁾
	JUNE	320	TOKBUSY ^(1,5)	030631	TIOSTEIN'	KESUME"	FFDKOI	SOFEN ⁽⁵⁾

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, r	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 7 **JSTATE:** Live Differential Receiver JSTATE flag bit 1 = JSTATE was detected on the USB
 - 0 = JSTATE was not detected
- bit 6 SE0: Live Single-Ended Zero flag bit
 1 = Single-ended zero was detected on the USB
 0 = Single-ended zero was not detected
- bit 5 **PKTDIS:** Packet Transfer Disable bit⁽⁴⁾
 - 1 = Token and packet processing disabled (set upon SETUP token received)
 - 0 = Token and packet processing enabled

TOKBUSY: Token Busy Indicator bit^(1,5)

- 1 = Token being executed by the USB module
- 0 = No token being executed
- bit 4 USBRST: Module Reset bit⁽⁵⁾
 - 1 = USB reset is generated
 - 0 = USB reset is terminated

bit 3 HOSTEN: Host Mode Enable bit⁽²⁾

- 1 = USB host capability is enabled
- 0 = USB host capability is disabled
- bit 2 **RESUME:** RESUME Signaling Enable bit⁽³⁾
 - 1 = RESUME signaling is activated
 - 0 = RESUME signaling is disabled
- **Note 1:** Software is required to check this bit before issuing another token command to the U1TOK register (see Register 11-15).
 - 2: All host control logic is reset any time that the value of this bit is toggled.
 - 3: Software must set RESUME for 10 ms in Device mode, or for 25 ms in Host mode, and then clear it to enable remote wake-up. In Host mode, the USB module will append a low-speed EOP to the RESUME signaling when this bit is cleared.
 - 4: Device mode.
 - 5: Host mode.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 12-3: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX534F064H, PIC32MX564F064H, PIC32MX564F128H, PIC32MX575F256H, PIC32MX575F512H, PIC32MX664F064H, PIC32MX664F128H, PIC32MX675F256H, PIC32MX675F512H, PIC32MX695F512H, PIC32MX764F128H, PIC32MX775F256H, PIC32MX775F512H AND PIC32MX795F512H DEVICES

ess		n								Bi	ts								ő
Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
6090	TRICC	31:16	—	_	-	—	_	-	—	_	-	-	-	_	—	_	_	-	0000
6060	6080 TRISC	15:0	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	F000
6000	PORTC	31:16	—	-		—	—		-			_		_	_	-	_		0000
6090	PURIC	15:0	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	_	-	—	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	xxxx
60A0	LATC	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
60A0	LAIC	15:0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	_	_	-	—	_	—	_	—	_	_	_	_	xxxx
CORO		31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
00B0	OBO ODCC -	15:0	ODCC15	ODCC14	ODCC13	ODCC12	_	_	—	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
Logon	4	- unkno		Pocot: -	unimplomon	ted read as	'0' Poset v	luce are ch	we in hove	locimol									

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

TABLE 12-4: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR PIC32MX534F064L, PIC32MX564F064L, PIC32MX564F128L, PIC32MX575F256L, PIC32MX575F512L, PIC32MX664F064L, PIC32MX664F128L, PIC32MX675F256L, PIC32MX675F512L, PIC32MX695F512L, PIC32MX764F128L. PIC32MX775F256L. PIC32MX775F512L AND PIC32MX795F512L DEVICES

ess		0								Bi	ts								ú
Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
	TRICC	31:16		_	—	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
6060	6080 TRISC	15:0	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	TRISC4	TRISC3	TRISC2	TRISC1	_	FOOF
6000	PORTC	31:16	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6090	PURIC	15:0	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	_	_	—	—	_	—	—	RC4	RC3	RC2	RC1	—	xxxx
6040		31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
60A0	50A0 LATC	15:0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	_	_	—	—	_	—	—	LATC4	LATC3	LATC2	LATC1	—	xxxx
CORO		31:16	—	_	_	—	_	—	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
00B0	60B0 ODCC	15:0	ODCC15	ODCC14	ODCC13	ODCC12	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	ODCC4	ODCC3	ODCC2	ODCC1	_	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; --- = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information

TABLE 19-1: I2C1THROUGH I2C5 REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

ess							•		-	Bi	ts								
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
5230	I2C5MSK	31:16	-	—	—	_		_	—	-	_	_		_	—	—	_		0000
5230	IZCONISK	15:0	-	—	—	-		_					MSK	<9:0>				-	0000
5240	I2C5BRG	31:16	_	_	_	—	_	—	_	—	_	—	_	—	—		-	_	0000
5240		15:0	—	—	—	—					Ba	ud Rate Ger	erator Regi	ster			•		0000
5250	I2C5TRN	31:16	—	—	—	—	_	—	_	—	_	—	—	—	—		—	—	0000
0200		15:0	—	_	_	—	_	—	_	_		-		Transmit	Register		•		0000
5260	I2C5RCV	31:16	-			—	_	_		_	_	—	—	—		_	—	_	0000
		15:0	-		—	—		—		_				Receive	Register				0000
5300	I2C1CON	31:16	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	_	SIDL	SCLREL	STRICT	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
5310	I2C1STAT	31:16	—	_	_	_	_	_	—	—	_	—	—	_	_		—	—	0000
			ACKSTAT	TRSTAT	—	—	—	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D/A	Р	S	R/W	RBF	TBF	0000
5320	I2C1ADD	31:16	_	_	—	—	_		—		_	_		_	—		—	—	0000
		15:0	_	_	_	_	_	-			ADD<9:0>								0000
5330	I2C1MSK	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	—	-	_	-	—	—	0000
15:0						_					MSK	<9:0>					0000		
5340	I2C1BRG	31:16	_			_	_	—		_	-	-		_	—		-	_	0000
-		15:0	_			_					Ва	ud Rate Ger	Ū.	ster					0000
5350	I2C1TRN	31:16	_	—	—	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	—		—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_		_				Transmit	Register				0000
5360	I2C1RCV	31:16 15:0	_	_				—			—	—	—	- Deseive		—	—	—	0000
								_						Receive					
5400	12C2CON(2)	31:16 15:0	ON		-	-		-	— DI001144	-	-	— STREN	— ACKDT			-		-	0000
				_	SIDL	SCLREL	STRICT	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN					PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
5410	12C2STAT ⁽²⁾	31:16			_	_	_	— DCI	— 	-	-	-	— D/A	— P	-	— •	-	— TDF	0000
		15:0 31:16	ACKSTAT	TRSTAT		_	_	BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D/A	Р	S	R/W	RBF	TBF	0000
5420	12C2ADD(2)	15:0				_	_		_	-	—	—		 <9:0>	—		_	—	0000
		31:16	_			_		_	_		_		ADD	<9.0>			_	_	0000
5430	12C2MSK ⁽²⁾	15:0							_	_	_	_		<0.0>	_		_	_	0000
		31:16								MSK<9:0>						_	0000		
5440	I2C2BRG ⁽²⁾	15:0	_			_	_	_	_		Ra	ud Rate Ger	erator Regi	ster	_				0000
		31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Baud Rate Generator Register					_	_	0000		
5450	I2C2TRN ⁽²⁾	15:0	_	_	_	_	_		_	— Transmit Register							0000		
		31:16	_	_	_	_		_	_						_	0000			
5460	12C2RCV ⁽²⁾	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				Receive	Register				0000
Legen		15:0 - - - - Receive Register 0000 = unknown value on Reset:= unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal. 0000																	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; --- = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table except I2CxRCV have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

2: This register is not available on 64-pin devices.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0		
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0		
		—	_	_	—	—	—	ADM_EN		
00.40	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
23:16	ADDR<7:0>									
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0, HC	R/W-0	R-0	R-1		
15:8	UTXISE	L<1:0>	UTXINV	URXEN	UTXBRK	UTXEN	UTXBF	TRMT		
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-1	R-0	R-0	R/W-0, HS	R-0		
7:0	URXISE	L<1:0>	ADDEN	RIDLE	PERR	FERR	OERR	URXDA		

REGISTER 20-2: UxSTA: UARTx STATUS AND CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:	HS = Set by hardware	HC = Cleared by hardwar	re	
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'		
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown	

bit 31-25 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 24 ADM_EN: Automatic Address Detect Mode Enable bit
 - 1 = Automatic Address Detect mode is enabled
 - 0 = Automatic Address Detect mode is disabled
- bit 23-16 ADDR<7:0>: Automatic Address Mask bits

When the ADM_EN bit is '1', this value defines the address character to use for automatic address detection.

- bit 15-14 UTXISEL<1:0>: TX Interrupt Mode Selection bits
 - 11 = Reserved, do not use
 - 10 = Interrupt is generated and asserted while the transmit buffer is empty
 - 01 = Interrupt is generated and asserted when all characters have been transmitted
 - 00 = Interrupt is generated and asserted while the transmit buffer contains at least one empty space
- bit 13 UTXINV: Transmit Polarity Inversion bit
 - If IrDA mode is disabled (i.e., IREN (UxMODE<12>) is '0'):
 - 1 = UxTX Idle state is '0'
 - 0 = UxTX Idle state is '1'

If IrDA mode is enabled (i.e., IREN (UxMODE<12>) is '1'):

- 1 = IrDA encoded UxTX Idle state is '1'
- 0 = IrDA encoded UxTX Idle state is '0'
- bit 12 URXEN: Receiver Enable bit
 - 1 = UARTx receiver is enabled. UxRX pin is controlled by UARTx (if ON = 1)
 - 0 = UARTx receiver is disabled. UxRX pin is ignored by the UARTx module. UxRX pin is controlled by port.
- bit 11 UTXBRK: Transmit Break bit
 - 1 = Send Break on next transmission. Start bit followed by twelve '0' bits, followed by Stop bit; cleared by hardware upon completion.
 - 0 = Break transmission is disabled or completed
- bit 10 UTXEN: Transmit Enable bit
 - 1 = UARTx transmitter is enabled. UxTX pin is controlled by UARTx (if ON = 1)
 - 0 = UARTx transmitter is disabled. Any pending transmission is aborted and buffer is reset. UxTX pin is controlled by port.
- bit 9 UTXBF: Transmit Buffer Full Status bit (read-only)
 - 1 = Transmit buffer is full
 - 0 = Transmit buffer is not full, at least one more character can be written

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
04.04	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
31:24		HR10-	<3:0>			HR01	<3:0>	
23:16	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
		MIN10	<3:0>		MIN01<3:0>			
45.0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
15:8		SEC10	<3:0>		SEC01<3:0>			
7.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
7:0	—	—	_	_	—	_	—	_
Legend:								
R = Read	able bit		W = Writable	e bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value	e at POR		'1' = Bit is se	t	0' = Bit is cleared $x = Bit is unknown$			

REGISTER 22-5: ALRMTIME: ALARM TIME VALUE REGISTER

bit 31-28 HR10<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of hours bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 2
bit 27-24 HR01<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of hours bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9
bit 23-20 MIN10<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of minutes bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 5
bit 19-16 MIN01<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of minutes bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9
bit 15-12 SEC10<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of seconds bits, 10 digits; contains a value from 0 to 5
bit 11-8 SEC01<3:0>: Binary Coded Decimal value of seconds bits, 1 digit; contains a value from 0 to 9
bit 7-0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

TABLE 23-1: ADC REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

ess										Bi	ts								
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
9120	ADC1BUFB	31:16 15:0	ADC Result Word B (ADC1BUFB<31:0>)									0000							
9130	ADC1BUFC	31:16 15:0	ADC Result Word C (ADC1BUFC<31:0>)								0000								
9140	ADC1BUFD	31:16 15:0	ADC Result Word D (ADC1BUED<31:0>)								0000								
9150	ADC1BUFE	31:16 15:0	ADC Result Word E (ADC1BUFE<31:0>)								0000								
9160	ADC1BUFF	31:16 15:0		ADC Result Word F (ADC1BUFF<31:0>)								0000							

= unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal. Legend: x = unknown value on Reset

This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information. Note 1:

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REGISTE	REGISTER 23-3: AD1CON3: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 3								
Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0	
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
00.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
23:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
15:8	ADRC	—	—			SAMC<4:0> ⁽¹⁾			
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W	R/W-0	
				ADCS<	7:0> (2)				

Legend:

0					
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown		

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15	ADRC: ADC Conversion Clock Source bit
	1 = Clock derived from FRC
	0 = Clock derived from Peripheral Bus Clock (PBCLK)
bit 14-13	Unimplemented: Read as '0'

```
bit 12-8 SAMC<4:0>: Auto-Sample Time bits<sup>(1)</sup>
          11111 = 31 TAD
          00001 = 1 TAD
          00000 = 0 TAD (Not allowed)
          ADCS<7:0>: ADC Conversion Clock Select bits<sup>(2)</sup>
bit 7-0
          11111111 =TPB • 2 • (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = 512 • TPB = TAD
```

```
00000001 =TPB • 2 • (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = 4 • TPB = TAD
00000000 =TPB • 2 • (ADCS<7:0> + 1) = 2 • TPB = TAD
```

- **Note 1:** This bit is only used if the SSRC<2:0> bits (AD1CON1<7:5>) = 111.
 - 2: This bit is not used if the ADRC bit (AD1CON3<15>) = 1.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0	
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
	FLTEN7	MSEL	7<1:0>	FSEL7<4:0>					
22:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
23:16	FLTEN6	MSEL	6<1:0>	FSEL6<4:0>					
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
10.0	FLTEN5	MSEL	5<1:0>	FSEL5<4:0>					
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
7:0	FLTEN4	MSEL4<1:0>		FSEL4<4:0>					

REGISTER 24-11: CIFLTCON1: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 1

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown			

bit 31	FLTEN7: Filter 7 Enable bit
	1 = Filter is enabled
	0 = Filter is disabled
bit 30-29	MSEL7<1:0>: Filter 7 Mask Select bits
	11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
	10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
	01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
	00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
bit 28-24	FSEL7<4:0>: FIFO Selection bits
	11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
	11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30
	•
	•
	00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
	00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0
bit 23	FLTEN6: Filter 6 Enable bit
	1 = Filter is enabled
	0 = Filter is disabled
bit 22-21	MSEL6<1:0>: Filter 6 Mask Select bits
	11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
	10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
	01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
	00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected
bit 20-16	FSEL6<4:0>: FIFO Selection bits
	11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
	11110 - Massage matching filter is stored in EIEO buffer 30

uffer 31 11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

•

•

00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1 00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

Note: The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31.24		—	-	-	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10		—	-	-	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
10.0	_	—	_	_	RESETRMII ⁽¹⁾	—	—	SPEEDRMII ⁽¹⁾
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
7.0		_			_	_		—

REGISTER 25-29: EMAC1SUPP: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC PHY SUPPORT REGISTER

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown		

- bit 31-12 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 11 **RESETRMII:** Reset RMII Logic bit⁽¹⁾
 - 1 = Reset the MAC RMII module
 - 0 = Normal operation.
- bit 10-9 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 8 SPEEDRMII: RMII Speed bit⁽¹⁾
 - This bit configures the Reduced MII logic for the current operating speed.
 - 1 = RMII is running at 100 Mbps
 - 0 = RMII is running at 10 Mbps
- bit 7-0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- Note 1: This bit is only used for the RMII module.

Note: Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

REGISTER 25-31: EMAC1MCFG: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC MII MANAGEMENT CONFIGURATION REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
51.24	—	—	_	_	_	_		
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15.0	RESETMGMT	—	—	—	—	—	_	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
		—		CLKSEL	_<3:0> ⁽¹⁾		NOPRE	SCANINC

Legend:

- 5			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, re	ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 15 RESETMGMT: Test Reset MII Management bit
 - 1 = Reset the MII Management module
 - 0 = Normal Operation

bit 14-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-2 CLKSEL<3:0>: MII Management Clock Select 1 bits⁽¹⁾

These bits are used by the clock divide logic in creating the MII Management Clock (MDC), which the IEEE 802.3 Specification defines to be no faster than 2.5 MHz. Some PHYs support clock rates up to 12.5 MHz.

bit 1 NOPRE: Suppress Preamble bit

- 1 = The MII Management will perform read/write cycles without the 32-bit preamble field. Some PHYs support suppressed preamble
- 0 = Normal read/write cycles are performed

bit 0 SCANINC: Scan Increment bit

- 1 = The MII Management module will perform read cycles across a range of PHYs. The read cycles will start from address 1 through the value set in EMAC1MADR<PHYADDR>
- 0 = Continuous reads of the same PHY
- Note 1: Table 25-7 provides a description of the clock divider encoding.

Note:	Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers).
	8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

TABLE 25-7: MIIM CLOCK SELECTION

MIIM Clock Select	EMAC1MCFG<5:2>
SYSCLK divided by 4	000x
SYSCLK divided by 6	0010
SYSCLK divided by 8	0011
SYSCLK divided by 10	0100
SYSCLK divided by 14	0101
SYSCLK divided by 20	0110
SYSCLK divided by 28	0111
SYSCLK divided by 40	1000
Undefined	Any other combination

26.1 Control Registers

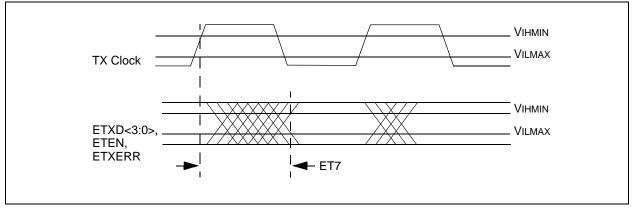
TABLE 26-1: COMPARATOR REGISTER MAP

ess		6	Bits													6			
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
4.000		31:16	_	_	-	—	-	_				—	—	—		-	—	-	0000
A000	CM1CON	15:0	ON	COE	CPOL	—	_	_	_	COUT	EVPO	L<1:0>	_	CREF	_	_	CCH	<1:0>	00C3
A010	CM2CON	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	—	—	—			—	_	0000
AUTU	CIVIZCON	15:0	ON	COE	CPOL	-	-	-		COUT	EVPO	L<1:0>	—	CREF			CCH	<1:0>	00C3
A060	CMSTAT	31:16		-	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
A060	CIVISTAT	15:0		_	SIDL	-		_				_	_	_			C2OUT	C10UT	0000

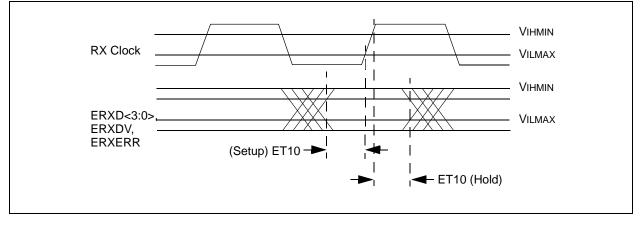
Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; - = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 12.1.1 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

FIGURE 32-21: TRANSMIT SIGNAL TIMING RELATIONSHIPS AT THE MII

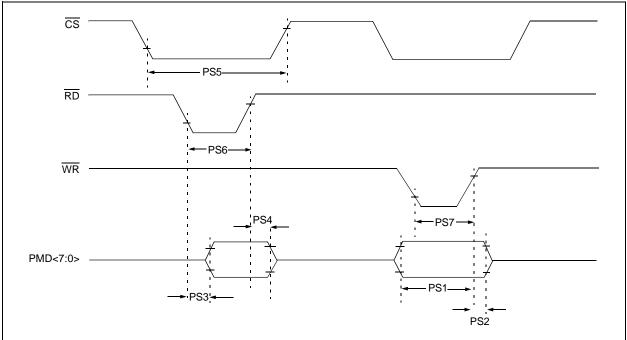






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FIGURE 32-25: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT TIMING



AC CHA	RACTERIS	TICS	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +85^{\circ}C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +105^{\circ}C \mbox{ for V-Temp} \end{array}$					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions	
PS1	TdtV2wrH	Data In Valid before \overline{WR} or \overline{CS} Inactive (setup time)	20	_		ns	_	
PS2	TwrH2dtl	WR or CS Inactive to Data-In Invalid (hold time)	40	—	_	ns	—	
PS3	TrdL2dtV	RD and CS Active to Data-Out Valid	—	—	60	ns	—	
PS4	TrdH2dtl	RD Active or CS Inactive to Data-Out Invalid	0	—	10	ns	_	
PS5	Tcs	CS Active Time	Трв + 40	_		ns	_	
PS6	Twr	WR Active Time	Трв + 25	—	_	ns	_	
PS7	Trd	RD Active Time	Трв + 25	_	_	ns		

TABLE 32-39: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT REQUIREMENTS

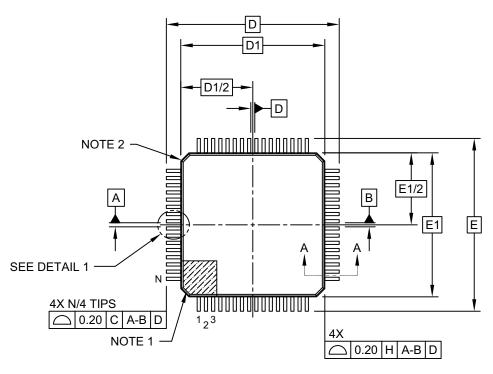
Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

34.2 Package Details

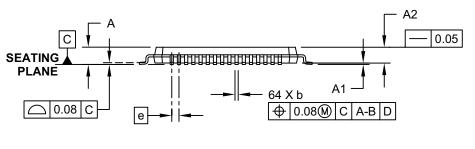
The following sections give the technical details of the packages.

64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging







SIDE VIEW

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-085C Sheet 1 of 2

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PIC32 MX 5XX F 512 H T 80 I/PT - XXX Microchip Brand						
Flash Memory Fan	nily					
Architecture	MX = 32-bit RISC MCU core					
Product Groups	5XX = General purpose microcontroller family 6XX = General purpose microcontroller family 7XX = General purpose microcontroller family					
Flash Memory Family	F = Flash program memory					
Program Memory Size	64 = 64K 128 = 128K 256 = 256K 512 = 512K					
Pin Count	H = 64-pin L = 100-pin, 121-pin, 124-pin					
Speed (see Note 1)	Blank or 80 = 80 MHz					
Temperature Range	I = -40°C to +85°C (Industrial) V = -40°C to +105°C (V-Temp)					
Package	PT = 64-Lead (10x10x1 mm) TQFP (Thin Quad Flatpack) PT = 100-Lead (12x12x1 mm) TQFP (Thin Quad Flatpack) PF = 100-Lead (14x14x1 mm) TQFP (Thin Quad Flatpack) MR = 64-Lead (9x9x0.9 mm) QFN (Plastic Quad Flat) BG = 121-Lead (10x10x1.1 mm) TFBGA (Plastic Thin Profile Ball Grid Array) TL = 124-Lead (9x9x0.9 mm) VTLA (Very Thin Leadless Array)					
Pattern	Three-digit QTP, SQTP, Code or Special Requirements (blank otherwise) ES = Engineering Sample					
Note 1: This opt	ion is not available for PIC32MX534/564/664/764 devices.					

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