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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	-
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	128K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	121-TFBGA
Supplier Device Package	121-TFBGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx795f512lt-80i-bg

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

TABLE 6: PIN NAMES FOR 64-PIN USB, ETHERNET, AND CAN DEVICES

64-PIN QFN ⁽³⁾ AND TQFP (TOP VIEW)	
PIC32MX764F128H	64
PIC32MX775F256H	1
PIC32MX775F512H	
PIC32MX795F512H	
	QFN⁽³⁾
	64
	TQFP
Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	ETXEN/PMD5/RE5
2	ETXD0/PMD6/RE6
3	ETXD1/PMD7/RE7
4	SCK2/U6TX/U3RTS/PMA5/CN8/RG6
5	SDA4/SDI2/U3RX/PMA4/CN9/RG7
6	SCL4/SDO2/U3TX/PMA3/CN10/RG8
7	MCLR
8	SS2/U6RX/U3CTS/PMA2/CN11/RG9
9	Vss
10	VDD
11	AN5/C1IN+/VBUSON/CN7/RB5
12	AN4/C1IN-/CN6/RB4
13	AN3/C2IN+/CN5/RB3
14	AN2/C2IN-/CN4/RB2
15	PGEC1/AN1/VREF-/CVREF-/CN3/RB1
16	PGED1/AN0/VREF+/CVREF+/PMA6/CN2/RB0
17	PGEC2/AN6/OCFA/RB6
18	PGED2/AN7/RB7
19	AVDD
20	AVSS
21	AN8/C2TX ⁽²⁾ /SS4/U5RX/U2CTS/C1OUT/RB8
22	AN9/C2OUT/PMA7/RB9
23	TMS/AN10/CVREFOUT/PMA13/RB10
24	TDO/AN11/PMA12/RB11
25	Vss
26	VDD
27	TCK/AN12/PMA11/RB12
28	TDI/AN13/PMA10/RB13
29	AN14/C2RX ⁽²⁾ /SCK4/U5TX/U2RTS/PMALH/PMA1/RB14
30	AN15/EMDC/AEMDC/OCFB/PMALL/PMA0/CN12/RB15
31	AC1TX/SDA5/SDI4/U2RX/PMA9/CN17/RF4
32	AC1RX/SCL5/SDO4/U2TX/PMA8/CN18/RF5
Pin #	Full Pin Name
33	USBID/RF3
34	VBUS
35	VUSB3V3
36	D-/RG3
37	D+/RG2
38	VDD
39	OSC1/CLKI/RC12
40	OSC2/CLKO/RC15
41	Vss
42	RTCC/AERXD1/ETXD3/IC1/INT1/RD8
43	AERXD0/ETXD2/SS3/U4RX/U1CTS/SDA1/IC2/INT2/RD9
44	ECOL/AECSRSDV/SCL1/IC3/PMCS2/PMA15/INT3/RD10
45	ECRS/AERECLK/IC4/PMCS1/PMA14/INT4/RD11
46	OC1/INT0/RD0
47	SOSCI/CN1/RC13
48	SOSCO/T1CK/CN0/RC14
49	EMDIO/AEMDIO/SCK3/U4TX/U1RTS/OC2/RD1
50	SDA3/SDI3/U1RX/OC3/RD2
51	SCL3/SDO3/U1TX/OC4/RD3
52	OC5/IC5/PMWR/CN13/RD4
53	PMRD/CN14/RD5
54	AETXEN/ETXERR/CN15/RD6
55	ETXCLK/AERXERR/CN16/RD7
56	VCAP
57	VDD
58	C1RX/AETXD1/ERXD3/RF0
59	C1TX/AETXD0/ERXD2/RF1
60	ERXD1/PMD0/RE0
61	ERXD0/PMD1/RE1
62	ERXDV/ECRSDV/PMD2/RE2
63	ERXCLK/ERECLKPM3/RE3
64	ERXERR/PMD4/RE4

Note 1: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

Note 2: This pin is not available on PIC32MX765F128H devices.

Note 3: The metal plane at the bottom of the QFN device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to Vss externally.

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾				Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	64-Pin QFN/TQFP	100-Pin TQFP	121-Pin TFBGA	124-pin VTLA			
SDI1	—	9	E1	B5	I	ST	SPI1 data in
SDO1	—	72	D9	B39	O	—	SPI1 data out
SS1	—	69	E10	A45	I/O	ST	SPI1 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O
SCK3	49	48	K9	A31	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI3
SDI3	50	52	K11	A36	I	ST	SPI3 data in
SDO3	51	53	J10	B29	O	—	SPI3 data out
SS3	43	47	L9	B26	I/O	ST	SPI3 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O
SCK2	4	10	E3	A7	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2
SDI2	5	11	F4	B6	I	ST	SPI2 data in
SDO2	6	12	F2	A8	O	—	SPI2 data out
SS2	8	14	F3	A9	I/O	ST	SPI2 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O
SCK4	29	39	L6	B22	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI4
SDI4	31	49	L10	B27	I	ST	SPI4 data in
SDO4	32	50	L11	A32	O	—	SPI4 data out
SS4	21	40	K6	A27	I/O	ST	SPI4 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O
SCL1	44	66	E11	B36	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1
SDA1	43	67	E8	A44	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C1
SCL3	51	53	J10	B29	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C3
SDA3	50	52	K11	A36	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C3
SCL2	—	58	H11	A39	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C2
SDA2	—	59	G10	B32	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C2
SCL4	6	12	F2	A8	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C4
SDA4	5	11	F4	B6	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C4
SCL5	32	50	L11	A32	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C5
SDA5	31	49	L10	B27	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial data input/output for I2C5

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
 ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels
 TTL = TTL input buffer

Analog = Analog input
 O = Output
 P = Power
 I = Input

- Note 1:** Pin numbers are only provided for reference. See the “Device Pin Tables” section for device pin availability.
- 2:** See 25.0 “Ethernet Controller” for more information.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

NOTES:

8.1 Control Registers

TABLE 8-1: OSCILLATOR REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets ⁽²⁾	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
F000	OSCCON	31:16	—	—	PLLORDIV<2:0>				FRCDIV<2:0>			—	SOSCRDY	—	PBDIV<1:0>		PLLMULT<2:0>		0000
		15:0	—	COSC<2:0>				—	NOSC<2:0>			CLKLOCK	ULOCK	SLOCK	SLPEN	CF	UFRCEN	SOSCEN	OSWEN
F010	OSCTUN	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TUN<5:0>				0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See [Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”](#) for more information.

2: Reset values are dependent on the DEVCFGx Configuration bits and the type of Reset.

TABLE 10-3: DMA CHANNELS 0-7 REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF88 #)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
3290	DCH2DAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
32A0	DCH3CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHBUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHCHNS	CHEN	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>	0000	
32B0	DCH3ECON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	00FF	
		15:0	CHSIRQ<7:0>							CFORCE	CABORT	PATEN	SIRQEN	AIRQEN	—	—	—	FF00	
32C0	DCH3INT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIE	CHSHIE	CHDDIE	CHDHIE	CHBCIE	CHCCIE	CHTAIE	CHERIE	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIF	CHSHIF	CHDDIF	CHDHIF	CHBCIF	CHCCIF	CHTAIF	CHERIF	0000	
32D0	DCH3SSA	31:16	CHSSA<31:0>															0000	
		15:0	CHSSA<31:0>															0000	
32E0	DCH3DSA	31:16	CHDSA<31:0>															0000	
		15:0	CHDSA<31:0>															0000	
32F0	DCH3SSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHSSIZ<15:0>															0000	
3300	DCH3DSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHDSIZ<15:0>															0000	
3310	DCH3SPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHS PTR<15:0>															0000	
3320	DCH3DPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHD PTR<15:0>															0000	
3330	DCH3CSIZ	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHCSIZ<15:0>															0000	
3340	DCH3CPTR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CHC PTR<15:0>															0000	
3350	DCH3DAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHPDAT<7:0>							0000	
3360	DCH4CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHCHNS	CHEN	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>	0000
		15:0	CHBUSY	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHCHNS	CHEN	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>	0000	
3370	DCH4ECON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHAIRQ<7:0>							00FF	
		15:0	CHS IRQ<7:0>							CFORCE	CABORT	PATEN	SIRQEN	AIRQEN	—	—	—	FF00	
3380	DCH4INT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIE	CHSHIE	CHDDIE	CHDHIE	CHBCIE	CHCCIE	CHTAIE	CHERIE	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CHSDIF	CHSHIF	CHDDIF	CHDHIF	CHBCIF	CHCCIF	CHTAIF	CHERIF	0000	
3390	DCH4SSA	31:16	CHSSA<31:0>															0000	
		15:0	CHSSA<31:0>															0000	
33A0	DCH4DSA	31:16	CHDSA<31:0>															0000	
		15:0	CHDSA<31:0>															0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See [Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”](#) for more information.

2: DMA channels 4-7 are not available on PIC32MX534/564/664/764 devices.

REGISTER 10-8: DCHxECON: DMA CHANNEL 'x' EVENT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	CHAIRQ<7:0> ⁽¹⁾							
15:8	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	CHSIRQ<7:0> ⁽¹⁾							
7:0	S-0	S-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	CFORCE	CABORT	PATEN	SIRQEN	AIRQEN	—	—	—

Legend:	S = Settable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 23-16 **CHAIRQ<7:0>:** Channel Transfer Abort IRQ bits⁽¹⁾

11111111 = Interrupt 255 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag

-
-
-

00000001 = Interrupt 1 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag

00000000 = Interrupt 0 will abort any transfers in progress and set CHAIF flag

bit 15-8 **CHSIRQ<7:0>:** Channel Transfer Start IRQ bits⁽¹⁾

11111111 = Interrupt 255 will initiate a DMA transfer

-
-
-

00000001 = Interrupt 1 will initiate a DMA transfer

00000000 = Interrupt 0 will initiate a DMA transfer

bit 7 **CFORCE:** DMA Forced Transfer bit

1 = A DMA transfer is forced to begin when this bit is written to a '1'

0 = This bit always reads '0'

bit 6 **CABORT:** DMA Abort Transfer bit

1 = A DMA transfer is aborted when this bit is written to a '1'

0 = This bit always reads '0'

bit 5 **PATEN:** Channel Pattern Match Abort Enable bit

1 = Abort transfer and clear CHEN on pattern match

0 = Pattern match is disabled

bit 4 **SIRQEN:** Channel Start IRQ Enable bit

1 = Start channel cell transfer if an interrupt matching CHSIRQ occurs

0 = Interrupt number CHSIRQ is ignored and does not start a transfer

bit 3 **AIRQEN:** Channel Abort IRQ Enable bit

1 = Channel transfer is aborted if an interrupt matching CHAIRQ occurs

0 = Interrupt number CHAIRQ is ignored and does not terminate a transfer

bit 2-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: See Table 7-1: "Interrupt IRQ, Vector and Bit Location" for the list of available interrupt IRQ sources.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

REGISTER 10-9: DCHxINT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSDIE	CHSHIE	CHDDIE	CHDHIE	CHBCIE	CHCCIE	CHTAIE	CHERIE
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSDIF	CHSHIF	CHDDIF	CHDHIF	CHBCIF	CHCCIF	CHTAIF	CHERIF

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 23 **CHSDIE:** Channel Source Done Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 22 **CHSHIE:** Channel Source Half Empty Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 21 **CHDDIE:** Channel Destination Done Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 20 **CHDHIE:** Channel Destination Half Full Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 19 **CHBCIE:** Channel Block Transfer Complete Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 18 **CHCCIE:** Channel Cell Transfer Complete Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 17 **CHTAIE:** Channel Transfer Abort Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 16 **CHERIE:** Channel Address Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Interrupt is enabled
0 = Interrupt is disabled

bit 15-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **CHSDIF:** Channel Source Done Interrupt Flag bit

1 = Channel Source Pointer has reached end of source (CHSPTR = CHSSIZ)
0 = No interrupt is pending

bit 6 **CHSHIF:** Channel Source Half Empty Interrupt Flag bit

1 = Channel Source Pointer has reached midpoint of source (CHSPTR = CHSSIZ/2)
0 = No interrupt is pending

TABLE 11-1: USB REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF58_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
5280	U1FRML ⁽³⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5290	U1FRMH ⁽³⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
52A0	U1TOK	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
52B0	U1SOF	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
52C0	U1BDTP2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
52D0	U1BDTP3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
52E0	U1CNFG1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UTEYE	UOEMON	—	USBSIDL	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UASUSPN	0001	
5300	U1EP0	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LSPD	RETRYDIS	—	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5310	U1EP1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5320	U1EP2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5330	U1EP3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5340	U1EP4	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5350	U1EP5	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5360	U1EP6	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5370	U1EP7	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5380	U1EP8	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
5390	U1EP9	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note 1:** All registers in this table (except as noted) have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC respectively. See [Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”](#) for more information.
2: This register does not have associated SET and INV registers.
3: This register does not have associated CLR, SET and INV registers.
4: Reset value for this bit is undefined.

REGISTER 15-1: WDTCON: WATCHDOG TIMER CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ON ^(1,2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	R-y	R-y	R-y	R-y	R-y	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	SWDTPS<4:0>				WDTWINEN	WDTCLR	

Legend:

y = Values set from Configuration bits on POR

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Watchdog Timer Enable bit^(1,2)

1 = Enables the WDT if it is not enabled by the device configuration

0 = Disable the WDT if it was enabled in software

bit 14-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-2 **SWDTPS<4:0>:** Shadow Copy of Watchdog Timer Postscaler Value from Device Configuration bits

On reset, these bits are set to the values of the WDTPS <4:0> Configuration bits.

bit 1 **WDTWINEN:** Watchdog Timer Window Enable bit

1 = Enable windowed Watchdog Timer

0 = Disable windowed Watchdog Timer

bit 0 **WDTCLR:** Watchdog Timer Reset bit

1 = Writing a '1' will clear the WDT

0 = Software cannot force this bit to a '0'

Note 1: A read of this bit results in a '1' if the Watchdog Timer is enabled by the device configuration or software.

2: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read or write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

16.0 INPUT CAPTURE

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 15. “Input Capture”** (DS60001122) of the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

The Input Capture module is useful in applications requiring frequency (period) and pulse measurement.

The Input Capture module captures the 16-bit or 32-bit value of the selected Time Base registers when an event occurs at the ICx pin. The following events cause capture events:

- Simple capture event modes:
 - Capture timer value on every falling edge of input at ICx pin
 - Capture timer value on every rising edge of input at ICx pin

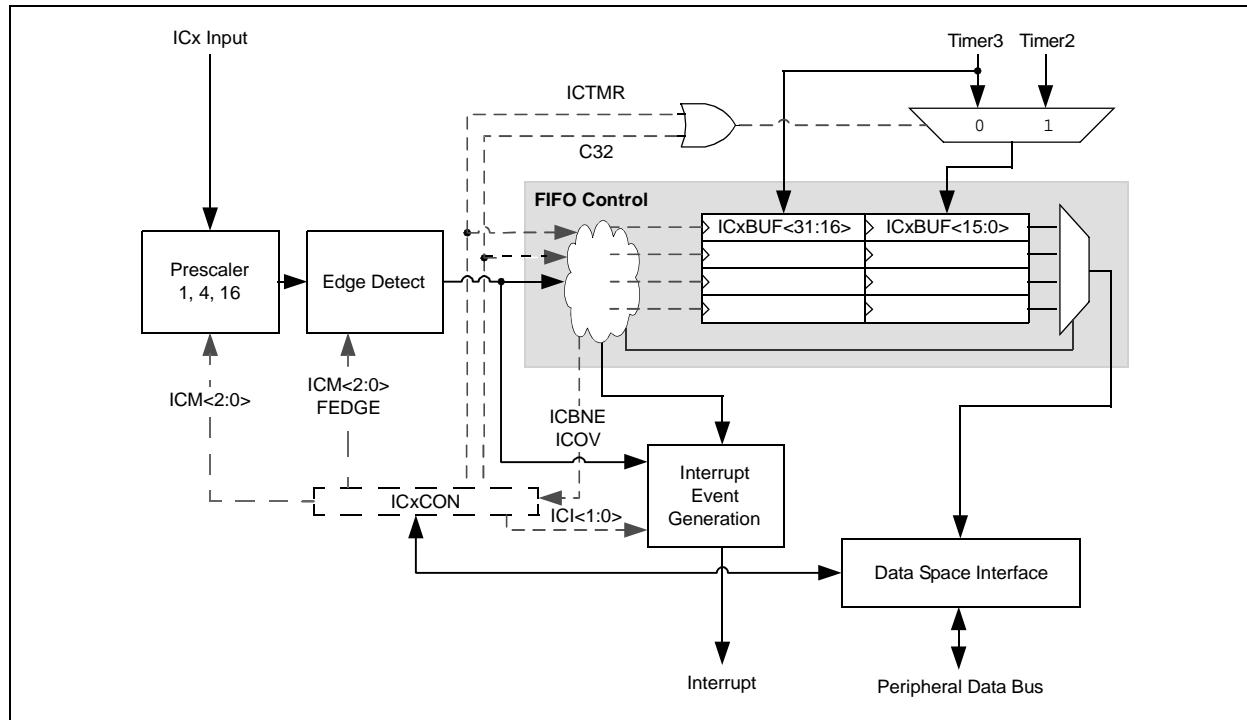
- Capture timer value on every edge (rising and falling)
- Capture timer value on every edge (rising and falling), specified edge first.
- Prescaler capture event modes:
 - Capture timer value on every 4th rising edge of input at ICx pin
 - Capture timer value on every 16th rising edge of input at ICx pin

Each input capture channel can select between one of two 16-bit timers (Timer2 or Timer3) for the time base, or two 16-bit timers (Timer2 and Timer3) together to form a 32-bit timer. The selected timer can use either an internal or external clock.

Other operational features include:

- Device wake-up from capture pin during Sleep and Idle modes
- Interrupt on input capture event
- 4-word FIFO buffer for capture values
Interrupt optionally generated after 1, 2, 3 or 4 buffer locations are filled
- Input Capture module can also be used to provide additional sources of external interrupts

FIGURE 16-1: INPUT CAPTURE BLOCK DIAGRAM



21.1 Control Registers

TABLE 21-1: PARALLEL MASTER PORT REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
7000	PMCON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	ADRMUX<1:0>	PMPTTL	PTWREN	PTRDEN	CSF<1:0>	ALP	CS2P	CS1P	—	WRSP	RDSP	0000		
7010	PMMODE	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	BUSY	IRQM<1:0>	INCM<1:0>	MODE16	MODE<1:0>	WAITB<1:0>										0000	
7020	PMADDR	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	CS2EN/A15	CS1EN/A14														0000	
7030	PMDOUT	31:16	DATAOUT<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
7040	PMDIN	31:16	DATAIN<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
7050	PMAEN	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	PTEN<15:0>																0000
7060	PMSTAT	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	
		15:0	IBF	IBOV	—	—	IB3F	IB2F	IB1F	IB0F	OBE	OBUF	—	—	OB3E	OB2E	OB1E	OB0E	008F

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 12.1.1 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

REGISTER 21-3: PMADDR: PARALLEL PORT ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CS2 ⁽¹⁾	CS1 ⁽³⁾	ADDR<13:8>					
	ADDR15 ⁽²⁾	ADDR14 ⁽⁴⁾	ADDR<7:0>					
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ADDR<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **CS2:** Chip Select 2 bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Chip Select 2 is active
0 = Chip Select 2 is inactive

bit 15 **ADDR<15>:** Destination Address bit 15⁽²⁾

bit 14 **CS1:** Chip Select 1 bit⁽³⁾

1 = Chip Select 1 is active
0 = Chip Select 1 is inactive

bit 14 **ADDR<14>:** Destination Address bit 14⁽⁴⁾

bit 13-0 **ADDR<13:0>:** Address bits

Note 1: When the CSF<1:0> bits (PMCON<7:6>) = 10 or 01.

2: When the CSF<1:0> bits (PMCON<7:6>) = 00.

3: When the CSF<1:0> bits (PMCON<7:6>) = 10.

4: When the CSF<1:0> bits (PMCON<7:6>) = 00 or 01.

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

REGISTER 24-15: CiFLTCON5: CAN FILTER CONTROL REGISTER 5

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0		
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
	FLTEN23	MSEL23<1:0>			FSEL23<4:0>					
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
	FLTEN22	MSEL22<1:0>			FSEL22<4:0>					
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
	FLTEN21	MSEL21<1:0>			FSEL21<4:0>					
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
	FLTEN20	MSEL20<1:0>			FSEL20<4:0>					

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **FLTEN23**: Filter 23 Enable bit

1 = Filter is enabled
0 = Filter is disabled

bit 30-29 **MSEL23<1:0>**: Filter 23 Mask Select bits

11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected

bit 28-24 **FSEL23<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits

11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

•
•
•

00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

bit 23 **FLTEN22**: Filter 22 Enable bit

1 = Filter is enabled
0 = Filter is disabled

bit 22-21 **MSEL22<1:0>**: Filter 22 Mask Select bits

11 = Acceptance Mask 3 selected
10 = Acceptance Mask 2 selected
01 = Acceptance Mask 1 selected
00 = Acceptance Mask 0 selected

bit 20-16 **FSEL22<4:0>**: FIFO Selection bits

11111 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 31
11110 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 30

•
•
•

00001 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 1
00000 = Message matching filter is stored in FIFO buffer 0

Note: The bits in this register can only be modified if the corresponding filter enable (FLTENn) bit is '0'.

REGISTER 25-27: EMAC1CLRT: ETHERNET CONTROLLER MAC COLLISION WINDOW/RETRY LIMIT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	—	—	CWINDOW<5:0>					
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
	—	—	—	—	RETX<3:0>			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **CWINDOW<5:0>:** Collision Window bits

This is a programmable field representing the slot time or collision window during which collisions occur in properly configured networks. Since the collision window starts at the beginning of transmission, the preamble and SFD is included. Its default of 0x37 (55d) corresponds to the count of frame bytes at the end of the window.

bit 7-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-0 **RETX<3:0>:** Retransmission Maximum bits

This is a programmable field specifying the number of retransmission attempts following a collision before aborting the packet due to excessive collisions. The Standard specifies the maximum number of attempts (attemptLimit) to be 0xF (15d). Its default is '0xF'.

Note: Both 16-bit and 32-bit accesses are allowed to these registers (including the SET, CLR and INV registers). 8-bit accesses are not allowed and are ignored by the hardware.

REGISTER 29-3: DEVCFG2: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P
	—	—	—	—	—	FPLLODIV<2:0>		
15:8	R/P	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P
	UPLLLEN	—	—	—	—	UPLLIDIV<2:0>		
7:0	r-1	R/P-1	R/P	R/P-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P
	—	FPLLMUL<2:0>			—	FPLLIDIV<2:0>		

Legend:	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-19 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 18-16 **FPLLIDIV<2:0>:** PLL Output Divider bits

111 = PLL output divided by 256
 110 = PLL output divided by 64
 101 = PLL output divided by 32
 100 = PLL output divided by 16
 011 = PLL output divided by 8
 010 = PLL output divided by 4
 001 = PLL output divided by 2
 000 = PLL output divided by 1

bit 15 **UPLLLEN:** USB PLL Enable bit

1 = Disable and bypass USB PLL
 0 = Enable USB PLL

bit 14-11 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 10-8 **UPLLIDIV<2:0>:** USB PLL Input Divider bits

111 = 12x divider
 110 = 10x divider
 101 = 6x divider
 100 = 5x divider
 011 = 4x divider
 010 = 3x divider
 001 = 2x divider
 000 = 1x divider

bit 7 **Reserved:** Write '1'

bit 6-4 **FPLLMUL<2:0>:** PLL Multiplier bits

111 = 24x multiplier
 110 = 21x multiplier
 101 = 20x multiplier
 100 = 19x multiplier
 011 = 18x multiplier
 010 = 17x multiplier
 001 = 16x multiplier
 000 = 15x multiplier

bit 3 **Reserved:** Write '1'

31.6 MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator

The MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator allows code development in a PC-hosted environment by simulating the PIC MCUs and dsPIC DSCs on an instruction level. On any given instruction, the data areas can be examined or modified and stimuli can be applied from a comprehensive stimulus controller. Registers can be logged to files for further run-time analysis. The trace buffer and logic analyzer display extend the power of the simulator to record and track program execution, actions on I/O, most peripherals and internal registers.

The MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator fully supports symbolic debugging using the MPLAB XC Compilers, and the MPASM and MPLAB Assemblers. The software simulator offers the flexibility to develop and debug code outside of the hardware laboratory environment, making it an excellent, economical software development tool.

31.7 MPLAB REAL ICE In-Circuit Emulator System

The MPLAB REAL ICE In-Circuit Emulator System is Microchip's next generation high-speed emulator for Microchip Flash DSC and MCU devices. It debugs and programs all 8, 16 and 32-bit MCU, and DSC devices with the easy-to-use, powerful graphical user interface of the MPLAB X IDE.

The emulator is connected to the design engineer's PC using a high-speed USB 2.0 interface and is connected to the target with either a connector compatible with in-circuit debugger systems (RJ-11) or with the new high-speed, noise tolerant, Low-Voltage Differential Signal (LVDS) interconnection (CAT5).

The emulator is field upgradable through future firmware downloads in MPLAB X IDE. MPLAB REAL ICE offers significant advantages over competitive emulators including full-speed emulation, run-time variable watches, trace analysis, complex breakpoints, logic probes, a ruggedized probe interface and long (up to three meters) interconnection cables.

31.8 MPLAB ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger System

The MPLAB ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger System is Microchip's most cost-effective, high-speed hardware debugger/programmer for Microchip Flash DSC and MCU devices. It debugs and programs PIC Flash microcontrollers and dsPIC DSCs with the powerful, yet easy-to-use graphical user interface of the MPLAB IDE.

The MPLAB ICD 3 In-Circuit Debugger probe is connected to the design engineer's PC using a high-speed USB 2.0 interface and is connected to the target with a connector compatible with the MPLAB ICD 2 or MPLAB REAL ICE systems (RJ-11). MPLAB ICD 3 supports all MPLAB ICD 2 headers.

31.9 PICkit 3 In-Circuit Debugger/Programmer

The MPLAB PICkit 3 allows debugging and programming of PIC and dsPIC Flash microcontrollers at a most affordable price point using the powerful graphical user interface of the MPLAB IDE. The MPLAB PICkit 3 is connected to the design engineer's PC using a full-speed USB interface and can be connected to the target via a Microchip debug (RJ-11) connector (compatible with MPLAB ICD 3 and MPLAB REAL ICE). The connector uses two device I/O pins and the Reset line to implement in-circuit debugging and In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™).

31.10 MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer

The MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer is a universal, CE compliant device programmer with programmable voltage verification at VDDMIN and VDDMAX for maximum reliability. It features a large LCD display (128 x 64) for menus and error messages, and a modular, detachable socket assembly to support various package types. The ICSP cable assembly is included as a standard item. In Stand-Alone mode, the MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer can read, verify and program PIC devices without a PC connection. It can also set code protection in this mode. The MPLAB PM3 connects to the host PC via an RS-232 or USB cable. The MPLAB PM3 has high-speed communications and optimized algorithms for quick programming of large memory devices, and incorporates an MMC card for file storage and data applications.

TABLE 32-7: DC CHARACTERISTICS: POWER-DOWN CURRENT (IPD) (CONTINUED)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated)			
Param. No.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Power-Down Current (IPD)⁽¹⁾ for PIC32MX534/564/664/764 Family Devices						
DC40g	12	40	μA	-40°C	2.3V	Base Power-Down Current (Note 6)
DC40h	20	120		+25°C		
DC40i	210	600		+85°C		
DC40o	400	1000		+105°C		
DC40j	20	120		+25°C	3.3V	Base Power-Down Current
DC40k	15	80		-40°C	3.6V	Base Power-Down Current
DC40l	20	120		+25°C		
DC40m	113	350 ⁽⁵⁾		+70°C		
DC40n	220	650		+85°C		
DC40p	500	1000		+105°C		
Module Differential Current for PIC32MX534/564/664/764 Family Devices						
DC41c	—	10	μA	—	2.5V	Watchdog Timer Current: ΔI_{WDT} (Notes 3,6)
DC41d	5	—			3.3V	Watchdog Timer Current: ΔI_{WDT} (Note 3)
DC41e	—	20			3.6V	Watchdog Timer Current: ΔI_{WDT} (Note 3)
DC42c	—	40	μA	—	2.5V	RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔI_{RTCC} (Notes 3,6)
DC42d	23	—			3.3V	RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔI_{RTCC} (Note 3)
DC42e	—	50			3.6V	RTCC + Timer1 w/32 kHz Crystal: ΔI_{RTCC} (Note 3)
DC43c	—	1300	μA	—	2.5V	ADC: ΔI_{ADC} (Notes 3,4,6)
DC43d	1100	—			3.3V	ADC: ΔI_{ADC} (Notes 3,4)
DC43e	—	1300			3.6V	ADC: ΔI_{ADC} (Notes 3,4)

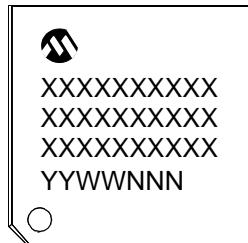
Note 1: The test conditions for IPD current measurements are as follows:

- Oscillator mode is EC (for 8 MHz and below) and EC+PLL (for above 8 MHz) with OSC1 driven by external square wave from rail-to-rail, (OSC1 input clock input over/undershoot < 100 mV required)
 - OSC2/CLKO is configured as an I/O input pin
 - USB PLL oscillator is disabled if the USB module is implemented, PBCLK divisor = 1:8
 - CPU is in Sleep mode, program Flash memory Wait states = 111, Program Cache and Prefetch are disabled and SRAM data memory Wait states = 1
 - No peripheral modules are operating, (ON bit = 0)
 - WDT, Clock Switching, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor, and Secondary Oscillator are disabled
 - All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to Vss
 - MCLR = VDD
 - RTCC and JTAG are disabled
- 2: Data in the “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.
- 3: The Δ current is the additional current consumed when the module is enabled. This current should be added to the base IPD current.
- 4: Test conditions for ADC module differential current are as follows: Internal ADC RC oscillator enabled.
- 5: Data is characterized at +70°C and not tested. Parameter is for design guidance only.
- 6: This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

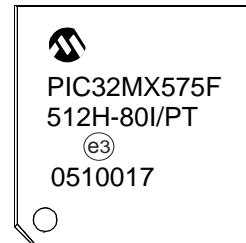
34.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

34.1 Package Marking Information

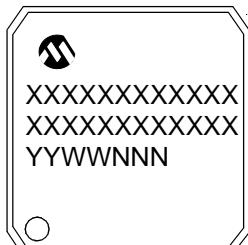
64-Lead TQFP (10x10x1 mm)



Example



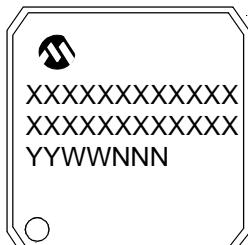
100-Lead TQFP (14x14x1 mm)



Example



100-Lead TQFP (12x12x1 mm)



Example



Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)	
*		This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

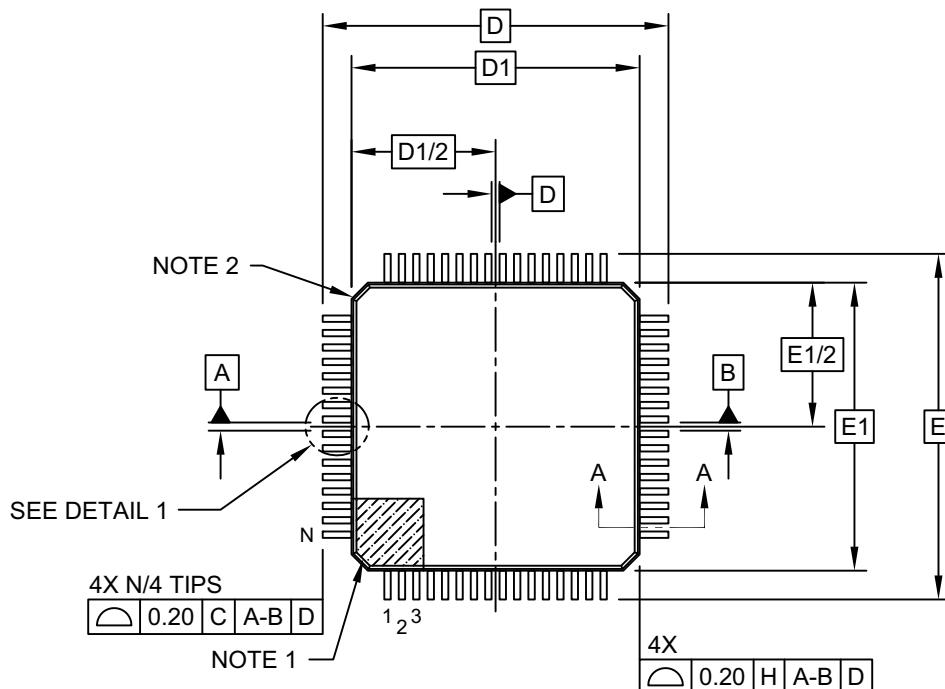
Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

34.2 Package Details

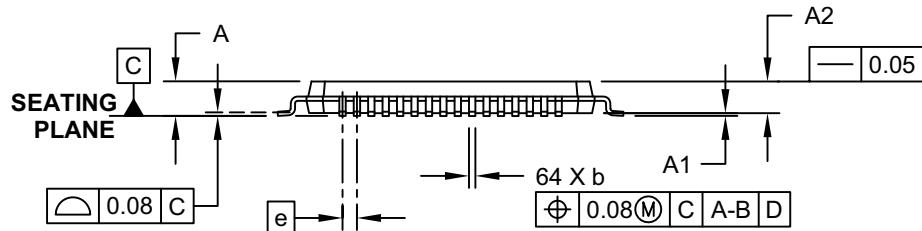
The following sections give the technical details of the packages.

64-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



TOP VIEW

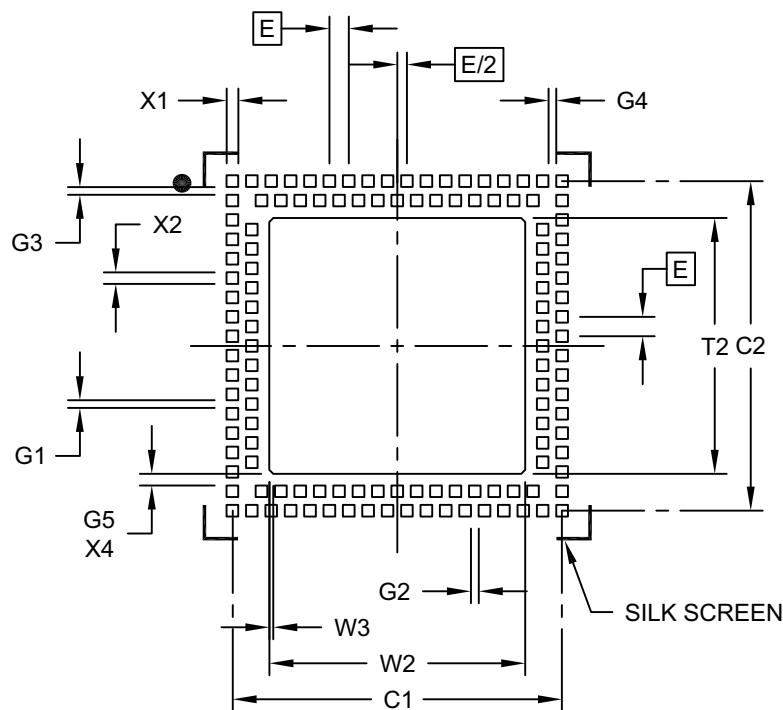


SIDE VIEW

PIC32MX5XX/6XX/7XX

124-Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 9x9x0.9 mm Body [VTLA]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		0.50	BSC
Pad Clearance	G1	0.20		
Pad Clearance	G2	0.20		
Pad Clearance	G3	0.20		
Pad Clearance	G4	0.20		
Contact to Center Pad Clearance (X4)	G5	0.30		
Optional Center Pad Width	T2			6.60
Optional Center Pad Length	W2			6.60
Optional Center Pad Chamfer (X4)	W3		0.10	
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.50	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.50	
Contact Pad Width (X124)	X1			0.30
Contact Pad Length (X124)	X2			0.30

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

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