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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	LINbus, SIO, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	12
Program Memory Size	4KB (4K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	384 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-LSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-LSSOP
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f212j1sdsp-w4">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f212j1sdsp-w4</a>

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**Table 1.2 Specifications for R8C/2J Group**

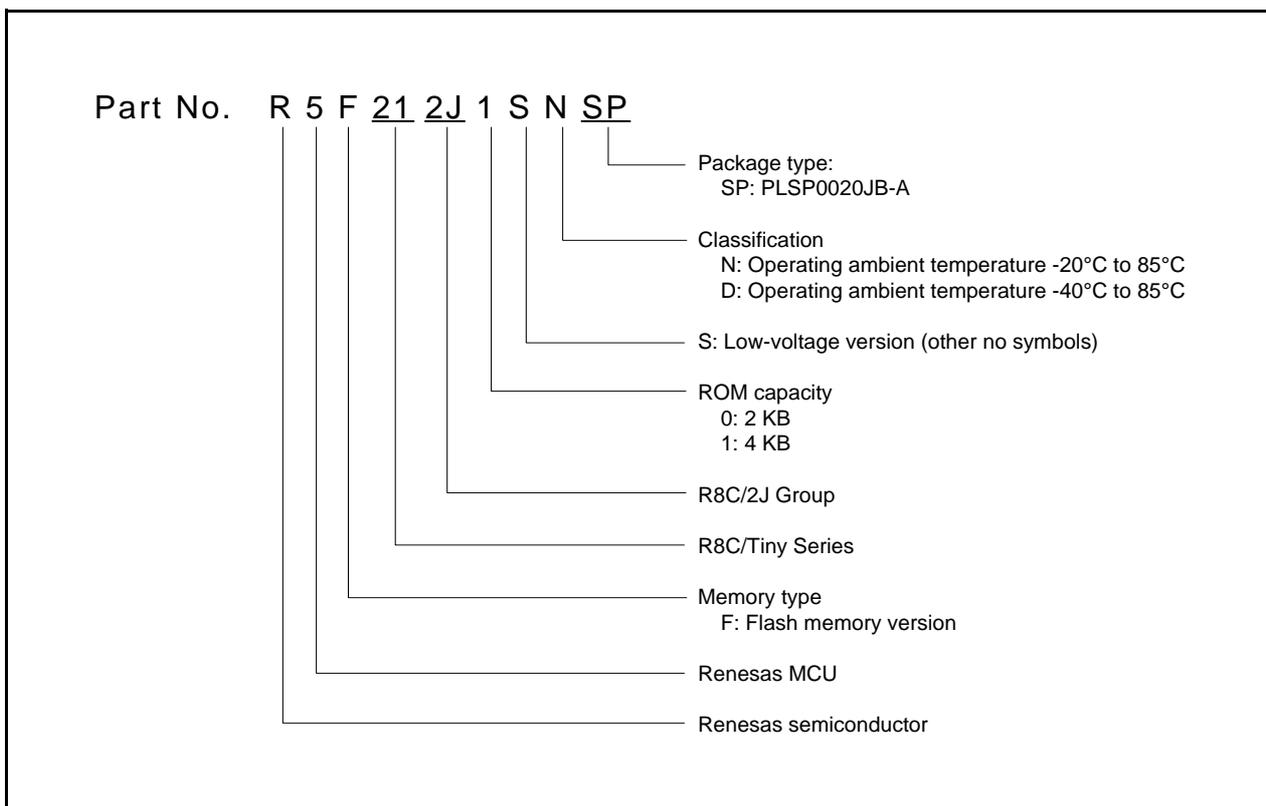
Item	Function	Specification
CPU	Central processing unit	R8C/Tiny series core <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Number of fundamental instructions: 89</li> <li>Minimum instruction execution time: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>125 ns (System clock = 8 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V)</li> <li>250 ns (System clock = 4 MHz, VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Multiplier: 16 bits × 16 bits → 32 bits</li> <li>Multiply-accumulate instruction: 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits → 32 bits</li> <li>Operation mode: Single-chip mode (address space: 1 Mbyte)</li> </ul>
Memory	ROM, RAM	Refer to <b>Table 1.4 Product List for R8C/2J Group</b> .
Power Supply Voltage Detection	Voltage detection circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power-on reset</li> <li>Voltage detection 3</li> </ul>
Comparator		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 circuits (shared with voltage monitor 1 and voltage monitor 2)</li> <li>External reference voltage input is available</li> </ul>
I/O Ports		CMOS I/O ports: 12, selectable pull-up resistor
Clock	Clock generation circuits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 circuits: On-chip oscillator (high-speed, low-speed) (high-speed on-chip oscillator has a frequency adjustment function),</li> <li>Frequency divider circuit: Dividing selectable 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16</li> <li>Low power consumption modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standard operating mode (high-speed on-chip oscillator, low-speed on-chip oscillator), wait mode, stop mode</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Interrupts		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>External: 3 sources, Internal: 14 sources, Software: 4 sources</li> <li>Priority levels: 7 levels</li> </ul>
Watchdog Timer		15 bits × 1 (with prescaler), reset start selectable
Timer	Timer RA	8 bits × 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), pulse output mode (output level inverted every period), event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode, pulse period measurement mode
	Timer RB	8 bits × 1 (with 8-bit prescaler) Timer mode (period timer), programmable waveform generation mode (PWM output), programmable one-shot generation mode, programmable wait one-shot generation mode
	Timer RE	Not implemented
	Timer RF	16 bits × 1 (with capture/compare register pin and compare register pin) Input capture mode, output compare mode
Serial Interface	UART0	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART × 1
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)
Flash Memory		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V</li> <li>Programming and erasure endurance: 100 times</li> <li>Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check</li> <li>Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function</li> </ul>
Operating Frequency/Supply Voltage		System clock = 8 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) System clock = 4 MHz (VCC = 2.2 to 5.5 V)
Current consumption		5 mA (VCC = 5 V, system clock = 8 MHz) 23 μA (VCC = 3 V, wait mode (low-speed on-chip oscillator on)) 0.7 μA (VCC = 3 V, stop mode, BGR trimming circuit disabled)
Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) <sup>(1)</sup>
Package		20-pin LSSOP Package code: PLSP0020JB-A (previous code: 20P2F-A)

NOTE:

- Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.

**Table 1.4 Product List for R8C/2J Group** **Current of Mar. 2008**

Part No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks
R5F212J0SNSP	2 Kbytes	256 bytes	PLSP0020JB-A	N version
R5F212J1SNSP	4 Kbytes	384 bytes	PLSP0020JB-A	
R5F212J0SDSP	2 Kbytes	256 bytes	PLSP0020JB-A	D version
R5F212J1SDSP	4 Kbytes	384 bytes	PLSP0020JB-A	



**Figure 1.2 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2J Group**

**Table 1.8 Pin Functions of R8C/2J Group**

Type	Symbol	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	–	Apply 2.2 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Reset input	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	I	Input “L” on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input	$\overline{\text{INT0}}$ , $\overline{\text{INT1}}$	I	$\overline{\text{INT}}$ interrupt input pins
Key input interrupt	$\overline{\text{KI0}}$ to $\overline{\text{KI3}}$	I	Key input interrupt input pins
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin
	TRAO	O	Timer RA output pin
Timer RB	TRBO	O	Timer RB output pin
Timer RF	TRFI	I	Timer RF input pin
	TRFO00 to TRFO02, TRFO10 to TRFO11	O	Timer RF output pins
Serial interface	CLK0	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	RXD0	I	Serial data input pin
	TXD0	O	Serial data output pin
Comparator	VCMP1, VCMP2	I	Analog input pins to comparator
	CVREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to comparator
	VCOUT1, VCOUT2	O	Comparator output pins
I/O port	P1_0 to P1_7, P3_3, P3_7, P4_5, P6_5	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port has an I/O select direction register, allowing each pin in the port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can be set to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program.

I: Input      O: Output      I/O: Input and output

### 2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupts are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

### 2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.

The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

### 2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.

If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

### 2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

### 3. Memory

Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/2H Group and Figure 3.2 is a Memory Map of R8C/2J Group. The R8C/2H group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

The internal ROM is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 4-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 0F000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 256-bytes internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 004FFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.

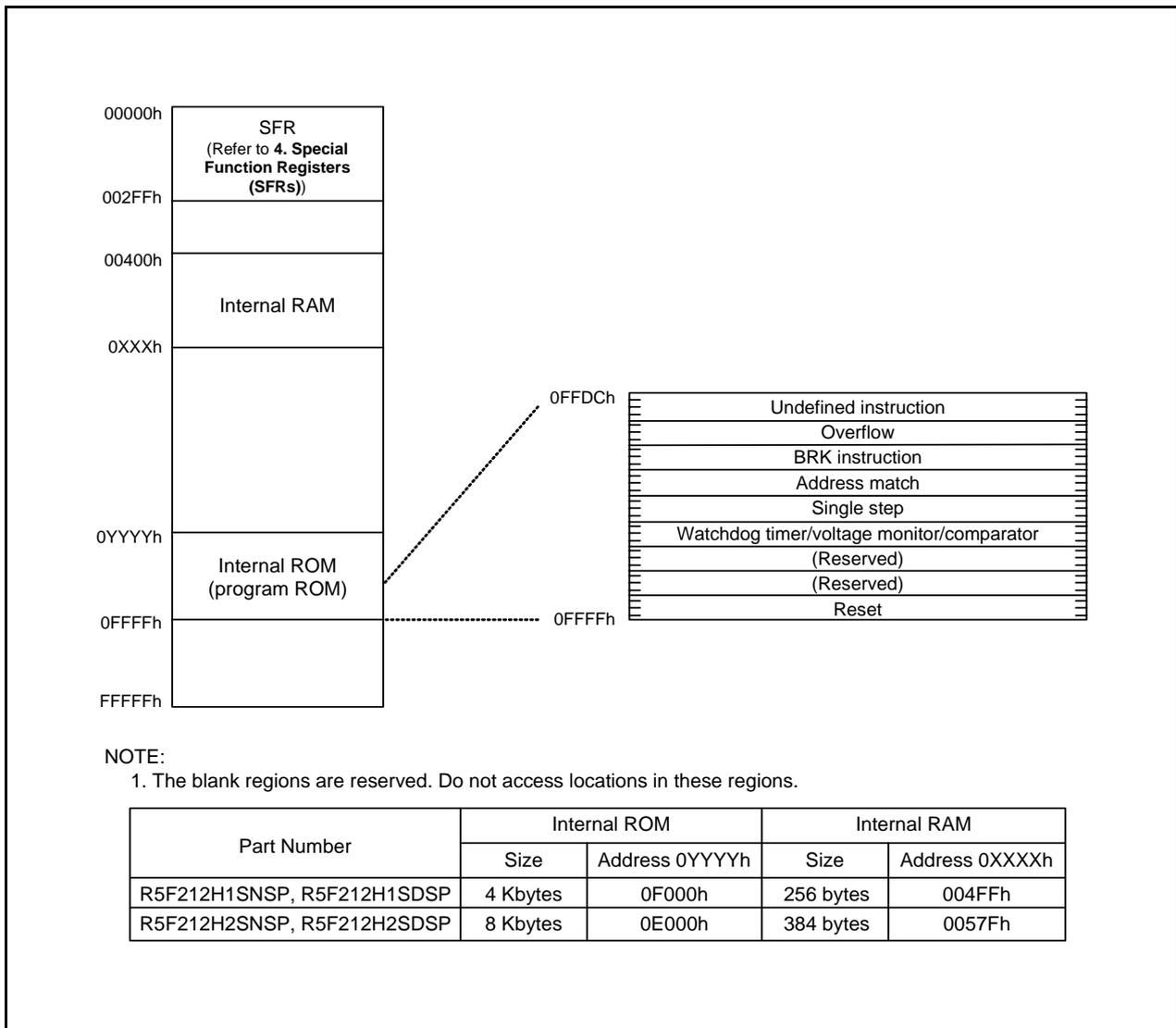


Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/2H Group

**Table 4.5 SFR Information (5)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
00F0h			
00F1h			
00F2h			
00F3h			
00F4h			
00F5h			
00F6h	Pin Select Register 2	PINSR2	00h
00F7h			
00F8h	Port Mode Register	PMR	00h
00F9h	External Input Enable Register	INTEN	00h
00FAh	INT Input Filter Select Register	INTF	00h
00FBh	Key Input Enable Register	KIEN	00h
00FCh	Pull-Up Control Register 0	PUR0	00h
00FDh	Pull-Up Control Register 1	PUR1	00h
00FEh			
00FFh			
0100h	Timer RA Control Register	TRACR	00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h			
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh			
0110h			
0111h			
0112h			
0113h			
0114h			
0115h			
0116h			
0117h			
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register <sup>(2)</sup>	TRESEC	XXh
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register <sup>(2)</sup>	TREMIN	XXh
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register <sup>(2)</sup>	TREHR	X0XXXXXXb
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register <sup>(2)</sup>	TREWK	X0000XXXb
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1 <sup>(2)</sup>	TRECR1	XXX0X0X0b
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	TRECR2	00XXXXXXb
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register <sup>(2)</sup>	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh	Timer RE Real-Time Clock Precision Adjust Register <sup>(2)</sup>	TREOPR	00h
0120h			
0121h			
0122h			
0123h			
0124h			
0125h			
0126h			
0127h			
0128h			
0129h			
012Ah			
012Bh			
012Ch			
012Dh			
012Eh			
012Fh			

X: Undefined

## NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions
2. This register is not implemented in the R8C/2J Group.

**Table 4.6 SFR Information (6)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0130h			
0131h			
0132h			
0133h			
0134h			
0135h			
0136h			
0137h			
0138h			
0139h			
013Ah			
013Bh			
013Ch			
013Dh			
013Eh			
013Fh			
0140h			
0141h			
0142h			
0143h			
0144h			
0145h			
0146h			
0147h			
0148h			
0149h			
014Ah			
014Bh			
014Ch			
014Dh			
014Eh			
014Fh			
0150h			
0151h			
0152h			
0153h			
0154h			
0155h			
0156h			
0157h			
0158h			
0159h			
015Ah			
015Bh			
015Ch			
015Dh			
015Eh			
015Fh			
0160h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Mode Register <sup>(2)</sup>	U2MR	00h
0161h	UART2 Bit Rate Register <sup>(2)</sup>	U2BRG	XXh
0162h	UART2 Transmit Buffer Register <sup>(2)</sup>	U2TB	XXh
0163h			XXh
0164h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0 <sup>(2)</sup>	U2C0	00001000b
0165h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1 <sup>(2)</sup>	U2C1	00000010b
0166h	UART2 Receive Buffer Register <sup>(2)</sup>	U2RB	XXh
0167h			XXh
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			

X: Undefined

## NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. This register is not implemented in the R8C/2J Group.

**Table 5.12 Electrical Characteristics (1) [V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V]**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output "H" voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -200 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output "L" voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 5 mA	-	-	2.0	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 200 μA	-	-	0.45	V
V <sub>T+</sub> -V <sub>T-</sub>	Hysteresis	$\overline{\text{INT0}}, \overline{\text{INT1}},$ $\overline{\text{KI0}}, \overline{\text{KI1}}, \overline{\text{KI2}}, \overline{\text{KI3}},$ $\overline{\text{RXD0}}, \overline{\text{RXD2}},$ $\overline{\text{CLK0}}, \overline{\text{CLK2}}$	0.1	0.5	-	V
		$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	0.1	1.0	-	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input "H" current	V <sub>I</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	-	-	5.0	μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input "L" current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	-	-	-5.0	μA
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Pull-up resistance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	30	50	167	kΩ
R <sub>XCIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XCIN	-	18	-	MΩ
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM hold voltage	During stop mode	2.0	-	-	V

## NOTE:

- V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.2 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

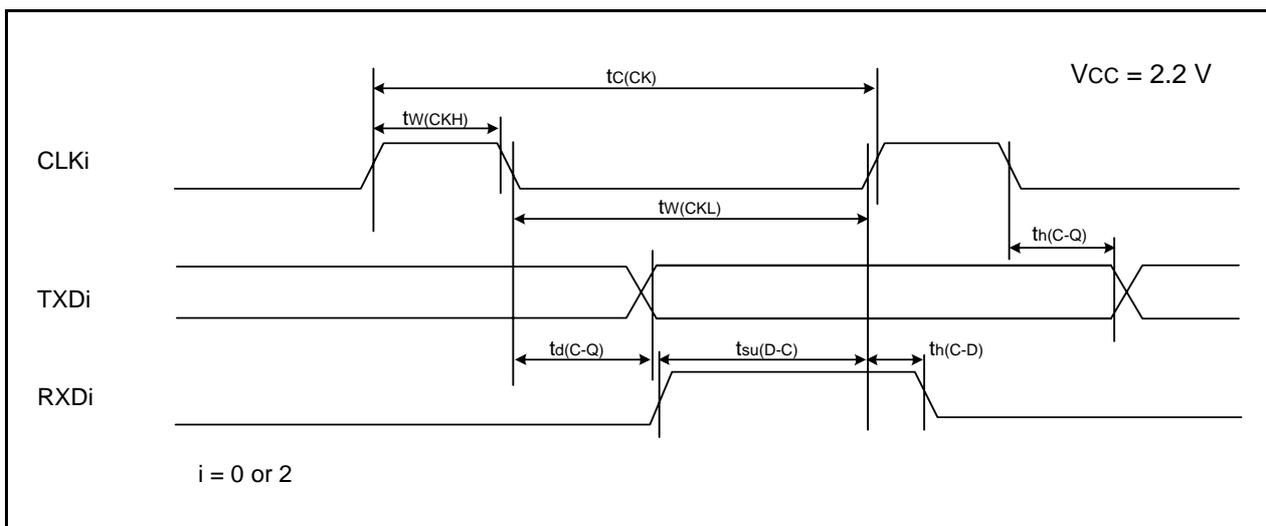
**Table 5.13 Electrical Characteristics (2) [V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V]**  
**(T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply current (V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 to 5.5 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V <sub>SS</sub>	High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	High-speed on-chip oscillator on = 8 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	–	5	8	mA
			High-speed on-chip oscillator on = 8 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	–	2	–	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR47 = 1	–	130	300	μA
			Low-speed clock mode	High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) FMR47 = 1	–	130	300
		High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1		–	30	–	μA
		Wait mode	High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	25	75	μA
			High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	–	23	60	μA
			High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1 BGR trimming circuit disabled (BGRCR0 = 1)	–	4	–	μA
			High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1 BGR trimming circuit disabled (BGRCR0 = 1)	–	2.2	–	μA
			High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (high drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1 BGR trimming circuit enabled (BGRCR0 = 0)	–	8	–	μA
			High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (low drive) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1 BGR trimming circuit enabled (BGRCR0 = 0)	–	6	–	μA
			Stop mode	XCIN clock off, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 BGR trimming circuit disabled (BGRCR0 = 1)	–	0.8	3
		XCIN clock off, T <sub>opr</sub> = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 BGR trimming circuit disabled (BGRCR0 = 1)		–	1.2	–	μA
		XCIN clock off, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 BGR trimming circuit enabled (BGRCR0 = 0)		–	5	8	μA
		XCIN clock off, T <sub>opr</sub> = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 BGR trimming circuit enabled (BGRCR0 = 0)		–	5.5	–	μA

**Table 5.28 Serial Interface**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	800	–	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input “H” width	400	–	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input “L” width	400	–	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	–	200	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	–	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	150	–	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	–	ns

i = 0 or 2



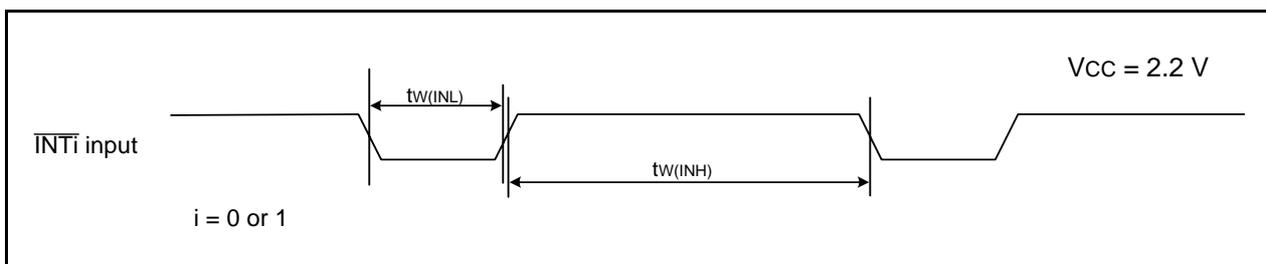
**Figure 5.13 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V**

**Table 5.29 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  (i = 0 or 1) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “H” width	1000 <sup>(1)</sup>	–	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “L” width	1000 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.



**Figure 5.14 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V**

## 5.2 R8C/2J Group

**Table 5.30 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

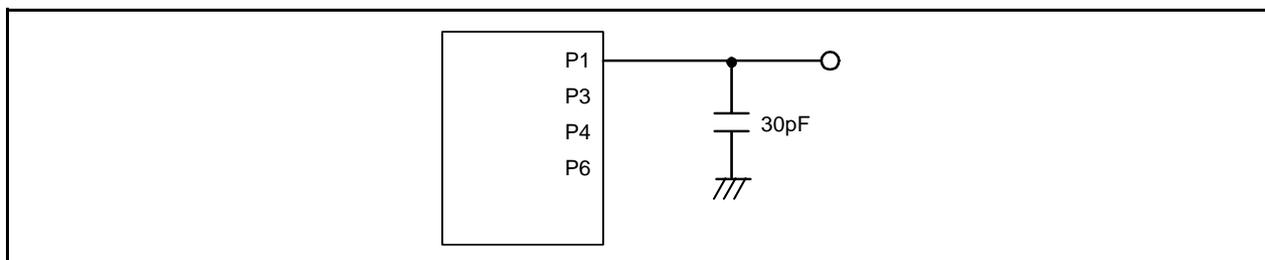
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage		-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage		-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
P <sub>d</sub>	Power dissipation	T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	500	mW
T <sub>opr</sub>	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

**Table 5.31 Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage			2.2	-	5.5	V
V <sub>SS</sub>	Supply voltage			-	0	-	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input "H" voltage			0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input "L" voltage			0	-	0.2 V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>OH(sum)</sub>	Peak sum output "H" current	Sum of all pins I <sub>OH(peak)</sub>		-	-	-160	mA
I <sub>OH(sum)</sub>	Average sum output "H" current	Sum of all pins I <sub>OH(avg)</sub>		-	-	-80	mA
I <sub>OH(peak)</sub>	Peak output "H" current	All pins		-	-	-10	mA
I <sub>OH(avg)</sub>	Average output "H" current	All pins		-	-	-5	mA
I <sub>OL(sum)</sub>	Peak sum output "L" currents	Sum of all pins I <sub>OL(peak)</sub>		-	-	160	mA
I <sub>OL(sum)</sub>	Average sum output "L" currents	Sum of all pins I <sub>OL(avg)</sub>		-	-	80	mA
I <sub>OL(peak)</sub>	Peak output "L" currents	All pins		-	-	10	mA
I <sub>OL(avg)</sub>	Average output "L" current	All pins		-	-	5	mA
-	System clock		HRA01 = 0 Low-speed on-chip oscillator selected	-	125	-	kHz
-			HRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator selected 2.7 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	-	-	8	MHz
-			HRA01 = 1 High-speed on-chip oscillator selected 2.2 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	-	-	4	MHz

**NOTES:**

- V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.


**Figure 5.15 Ports P1, P3, P4, and P6 Timing Measurement Circuit**

**Table 5.33 Voltage Detection 0 Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>det0</sub>	Voltage detection level		2.2	2.3	2.4	V
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA25 = 1, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V	–	0.9	–	μA
t <sub>d(E-A)</sub>	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(2)</sup>		–	–	300	μs
V <sub>ccmin</sub>	MCU operating voltage minimum value		2.2	–	–	V

## NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

**Table 5.34 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>det1</sub>	Voltage detection level <sup>(4)</sup>		2.70	2.85	3.00	V
–	Voltage monitor 1 interrupt request generation time <sup>(2)</sup>		–	40	–	μs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V	–	0.6	–	μA
t <sub>d(E-A)</sub>	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(3)</sup>		–	–	100	μs

## NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 1 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes V<sub>det1</sub>.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
4. This parameter shows the voltage detection level when the power supply drops.  
The voltage detection level when the power supply rises is higher than the voltage detection level when the power supply drops by approximately 0.1 V.

**Table 5.35 Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>det2</sub>	Voltage detection level		3.3	3.6	3.9	V
–	Voltage monitor 2 interrupt request generation time <sup>(2)</sup>		–	40	–	μs
–	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V	–	0.6	–	μA
t <sub>d(E-A)</sub>	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts <sup>(3)</sup>		–	–	100	μs

## NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = –20 to 85°C (N version) / –40 to 85°C (D version).
2. Time until the voltage monitor 2 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes V<sub>det2</sub>.
3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

**Table 5.37 Comparator Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vref	Internal reference voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	1.15	1.25	1.35	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V, T <sub>opr</sub> = -40 to 85°C	–	1.25	–	V
Vcref	External input reference voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 4.0 V	0.5	–	V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.1	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.0 V to 5.5 V	0.5	–	V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.5	V
Vcin	External comparison voltage input range		-0.3	–	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
Vofs	Input offset voltage		–	20	120	mV
Tcrsp	Response time		–	4	–	μs

NOTE:

1. The measurement condition is T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.38 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-F	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency temperature • supply voltage dependence	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V to 5.25 V T <sub>opr</sub> = 0 to 60°C <sup>(2)</sup>	7.76	8	8.24	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V T <sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C <sup>(2)</sup>	7.68	8	8.32	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 5.5 V T <sub>opr</sub> = -40 to 85°C <sup>(2)</sup>	7.44	8	8.32	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V T <sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C <sup>(3)</sup>	7.04	8	8.96	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 5.5 V T <sub>opr</sub> = -40 to 85°C <sup>(3)</sup>	6.8	8	9.2	MHz

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. These standard values show when the HRA1 register is set to the value before shipment and the HRA2 register is set to 00h.
3. These standard values show when the correction value in the FRA6 register is written into the HRA1 register.

**Table 5.39 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		30	125	250	kHz
–	Oscillation stability time		–	10	100	μs
–	Self power consumption at oscillation	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>opr</sub> = 25°C	–	15	–	μA

NOTE:

1. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V, T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.40 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t <sub>d</sub> (P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on <sup>(2)</sup>		1	–	2000	μs
t <sub>d</sub> (R-S)	STOP exit time <sup>(3)</sup>		–	–	150	μs

NOTES:

1. The measurement condition is V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V and T<sub>opr</sub> = 25°C.
2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.
3. Time until system clock supply starts after the interrupt is acknowledged to exit stop mode.

**Table 5.41 Electrical Characteristics (1) [V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V]**

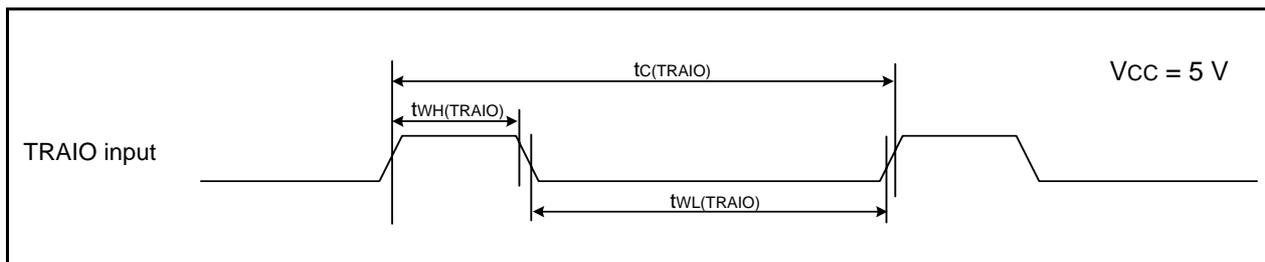
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output "H" voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -200 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output "L" voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 5 mA	-	-	2.0	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 200 μA	-	-	0.45	V
V <sub>T+</sub> -V <sub>T-</sub>	Hysteresis	$\overline{\text{INT0}}, \overline{\text{INT1}},$ $\overline{\text{KI0}}, \overline{\text{KI1}}, \overline{\text{KI2}}, \overline{\text{KI3}},$ $\overline{\text{RXD0}}, \overline{\text{CLK0}}$	0.1	0.5	-	V
		$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	0.1	1.0	-	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input "H" current	V <sub>I</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	-	-	5.0	μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input "L" current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	-	-	-5.0	μA
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Pull-up resistance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	30	50	167	kΩ
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM hold voltage	During stop mode	2.0	-	-	V

## NOTE:

- V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.2 to 5.5 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

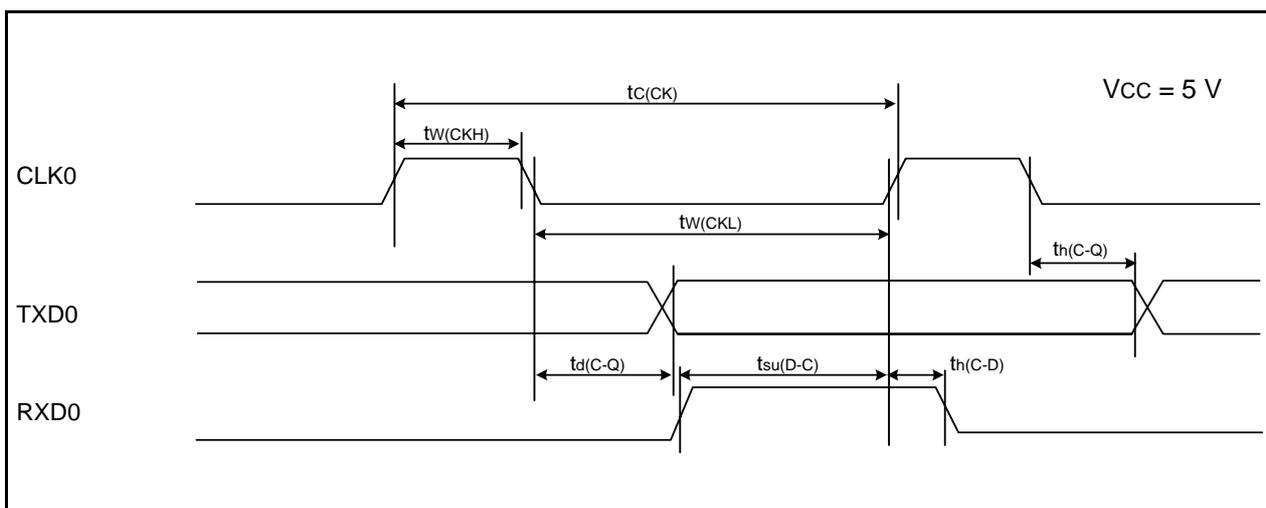
**Timing Requirements****(Unless Otherwise Specified:  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$  at  $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) [ $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ]****Table 5.43 TRAI0 Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(\text{TRAIO})}$	TRAIO input cycle time	100	–	ns
$t_{WH(\text{TRAIO})}$	TRAIO input "H" width	40	–	ns
$t_{WL(\text{TRAIO})}$	TRAIO input "L" width	40	–	ns

**Figure 5.17 TRAI0 Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$**

**Table 5.44 Serial Interface**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLK0 input cycle time	200	–	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLK0 input “H” width	100	–	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLK0 input “L” width	100	–	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXD0 output delay time	–	50	ns
$t_h(C-Q)$	TXD0 hold time	0	–	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXD0 input setup time	50	–	ns
$t_h(C-D)$	RXD0 input hold time	90	–	ns



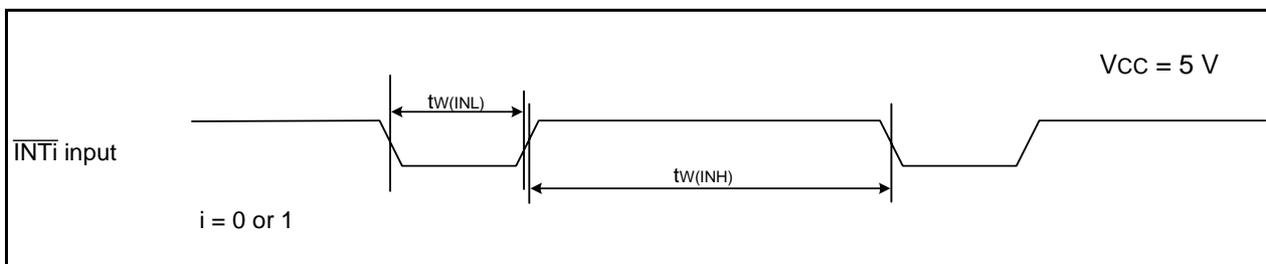
**Figure 5.18 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V**

**Table 5.45 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  (i = 0 or 1) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “H” width	250 <sup>(1)</sup>	–	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INTi}$ input “L” width	250 <sup>(2)</sup>	–	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the  $\overline{INTi}$  input filter select bit, use an  $\overline{INTi}$  input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.



**Figure 5.19 External Interrupt  $\overline{INTi}$  Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V**

**Table 5.51 Electrical Characteristics (5) [V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V]**

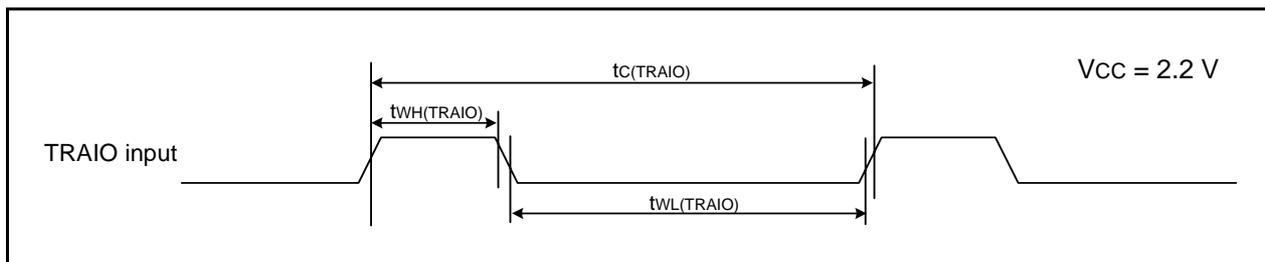
Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output "H" voltage		I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output "L" voltage		I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA	-	-	0.5	V
V <sub>T+</sub> -V <sub>T-</sub>	Hysteresis	$\overline{\text{INT0}}, \overline{\text{INT1}},$ $\overline{\text{KI0}}, \overline{\text{KI1}}, \overline{\text{KI2}}, \overline{\text{KI3}},$ $\overline{\text{RXD0}}, \overline{\text{CLK0}}$		0.05	0.3	-	V
		$\overline{\text{RESET}}$		0.05	0.15	-	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input "H" current		V <sub>I</sub> = 2.2 V	-	-	4.0	μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input "L" current		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V	-	-	-4.0	μA
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Pull-up resistance		V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V	100	200	600	kΩ
R <sub>iXCIN</sub>	Feedback resistance	XCIN		-	35	-	MΩ
V <sub>RAM</sub>	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode	1.8	-	-	V

## NOTE:

- V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V at T<sub>opr</sub> = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

**Timing requirements****(Unless Otherwise Specified:  $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$  at  $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) [ $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$ ]****Table 5.53 TRAI0 Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(\text{TRAIO})}$	TRAIO input cycle time	500	–	ns
$t_{WH(\text{TRAIO})}$	TRAIO input "H" width	200	–	ns
$t_{WL(\text{TRAIO})}$	TRAIO input "L" width	200	–	ns

**Figure 5.23 TRAI0 Input Timing Diagram when  $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$**

### Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the “Packages” section of the Renesas Technology website.

