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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	80MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I²C, IrDA, LINbus, MMC/SD, QSPI, SAI, SPI, SWPMI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	136
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	320K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 24x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	169-UFBGA
Supplier Device Package	169-UFBGA (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm32l496aei6

Table 5. Functionalities depending on the working mode⁽¹⁾ (continued)

Peripheral	Run	Sleep	Low-power run	Low-power sleep	Stop 0/1		Stop 2		Standby		Shutdown		VBAT
					-	Wakeup capability	-	Wakeup capability	-	Wakeup capability	-	Wakeup capability	
Number of RTC Tamper pins	3	3	3	3	3	O	3	O	3	O	3	O	3
Camera interface	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LCD	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-
USB OTG FS	O ⁽⁸⁾	O ⁽⁸⁾	-	-	-	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USARTx (x=1,2,3,4,5)	O	O	O	O	O ⁽⁶⁾	O ⁽⁶⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low-power UART (LPUART)	O	O	O	O	O ⁽⁶⁾	O ⁽⁶⁾	O ⁽⁶⁾	O ⁽⁶⁾	-	-	-	-	-
I2Cx (x=1,2,4)	O	O	O	O	O ⁽⁷⁾	O ⁽⁷⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
I2C3	O	O	O	O	O ⁽⁷⁾	O ⁽⁷⁾	O ⁽⁷⁾	O ⁽⁷⁾	-	-	-	-	-
SPIx (x=1,2,3)	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAN(x=1,2)	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SDMMC1	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SWPMI1	O	O	O	O	-	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SAIx (x=1,2)	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DFSDM1	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADCx (x=1,2,3)	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DACx (x=1,2)	O	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VREFBUF	O	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPAMPx (x=1,2)	O	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COMPx (x=1,2)	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-
Temperature sensor	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Timers (TIMx)	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low-power timer 1 (LPTIM1)	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-
Low-power timer 2 (LPTIM2)	O	O	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent watchdog (IWDG)	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	-	-	-
Window watchdog (WWDG)	O	O	O	O	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

3.32 Serial peripheral interface (SPI)

Three SPI interfaces allow communication up to 40 Mbits/s in master and up to 24 Mbits/s slave modes, in half-duplex, full-duplex and simplex modes. The 3-bit prescaler gives 8 master mode frequencies and the frame size is configurable from 4 bits to 16 bits. The SPI interfaces support NSS pulse mode, TI mode and Hardware CRC calculation.

All SPI interfaces can be served by the DMA controller.

3.33 Serial audio interfaces (SAI)

The device embeds 2 SAI. Refer to [Table 13: SAI implementation](#) for the features implementation. The SAI bus interface handles communications between the microcontroller and the serial audio protocol.

The SAI peripheral supports:

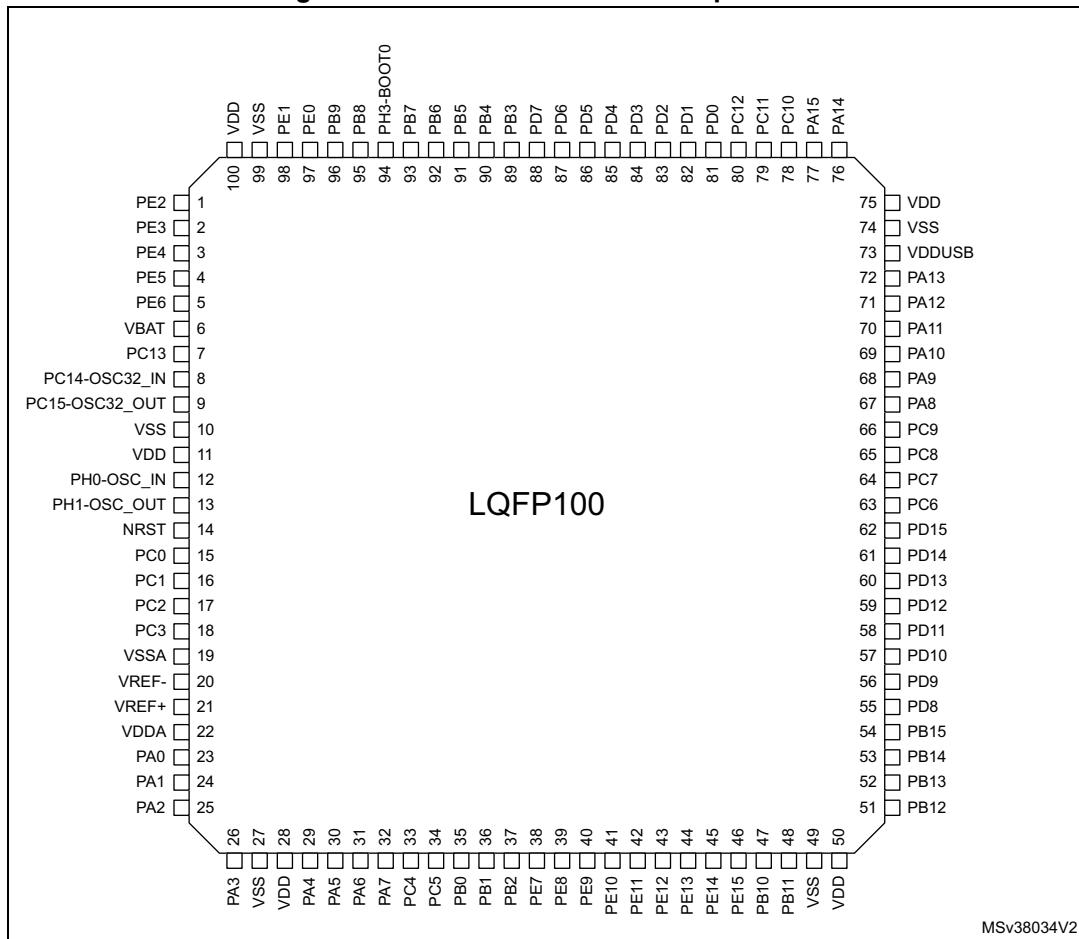
- Two independent audio sub-blocks which can be transmitters or receivers with their respective FIFO.
- 8-word integrated FIFOs for each audio sub-block.
- Synchronous or asynchronous mode between the audio sub-blocks.
- Master or slave configuration independent for both audio sub-blocks.
- Clock generator for each audio block to target independent audio frequency sampling when both audio sub-blocks are configured in master mode.
- Data size configurable: 8-, 10-, 16-, 20-, 24-, 32-bit.
- Peripheral with large configurability and flexibility allowing to target as example the following audio protocol: I2S, LSB or MSB-justified, PCM/DSP, TDM, AC'97 and SPDIF out.
- Up to 16 slots available with configurable size and with the possibility to select which ones are active in the audio frame.
- Number of bits by frame may be configurable.
- Frame synchronization active level configurable (offset, bit length, level).
- First active bit position in the slot is configurable.
- LSB first or MSB first for data transfer.
- Mute mode.
- Stereo/Mono audio frame capability.
- Communication clock strobing edge configurable (SCK).
- Error flags with associated interrupts if enabled respectively:
 - Overrun and underrun detection.
 - Anticipated frame synchronization signal detection in slave mode.
 - Late frame synchronization signal detection in slave mode.
 - Codec not ready for the AC'97 mode in reception.
- Interruption sources when enabled:
 - Errors.
 - FIFO requests.
- DMA interface with 2 dedicated channels to handle access to the dedicated integrated FIFO of each SAI audio sub-block.

Figure 10. STM32L496Qx UFBGA132 ballout⁽¹⁾

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	PE3	PE1	PB8	PH3-BOOT0	PD7	PD5	PB4	PB3	PA15	PA14	PA13	PA12
B	PE4	PE2	PB9	PB7	PB6	PD6	PD4	PD3	PD1	PC12	PC10	PA11
C	PC13	PE5	PE0	VDD	PB5	PG14	PG13	PD2	PD0	PC11	VDDUSB	PA10
D	PC14-OSC32_IN	PE6	VSS	PF2	PF1	PF0	PG12	PG10	PG9	PA9	PA8	PC9
E	PC15-OSC32_OUT	VBAT	VSS	PF3					PG5	PC8	PC7	PC6
F	PH0-OSC_IN	VSS	PF4	PF5	VSS	VSS	PG3	PG4	VSS	VSS		
G	PH1-OSC_OUT	VDD	PG11	PG6	VDD	VDDIO2	PG1	PG2	VDD	VDD		
H	PC0	NRST	VDD	PG7	PG0	PD15	PD14	PD13				
J	VSSA/VREF-	PC1	PC2	PA4	PA7	PG8	PF12	PF14	PF15	PD12	PD11	PD10
K	PG15	PC3	PA2	PA5	PC4	PF11	PF13	PD9	PD8	PB15	PB14	PB13
L	VREF+	PA0	PA3	PA6	PC5	PB2	PE8	PE10	PE12	PB10	PB11	PB12
M	VDDA	PA1	OPAMP1_-VINM	OPAMP2_-VINM	PB0	PB1	PE7	PE9	PE11	PE13	PE14	PE15

MSv38035V3

1. The above figure shows the package top view.

Figure 11. STM32L496Vx LQFP100 pinout⁽¹⁾

1. The above figure shows the package top view.

Figure 12. STM32L496Vx WLCSP100 pinout⁽¹⁾

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	VDDUSB	PA15	PD1	VDD	PG10	VDDIO2	PB6	PB9	VSS	VDD
B	VSS	PA14	PD0	PD4	PG9	PG12	PB5	PB8	PE2	PE3
C	PA12	PA13	PC11	PC12	PD7	PB3	PB4	PE4	PC13	VBAT
D	PA11	PA10	PA9	PC10	PD6	PG11	PB7	PE5	VSS	PC14-OSC32_IN
E	PC8	PC9	PA8	PD2	PD5	PH3-BOOT0	PE6	NRST	VDD	PC15-OSC32_OUT
F	VDD	PC6	PC7	PD15	PB2	PA4	PC3	PC1	PC0	PH0-OSC_IN
G	PD10	PD9	PD14	PE13	PE12	PA5	VREF+	VREF-	PA0	PH1-OSC_OUT
H	PB15	PB14	PB8	PE15	PE10	PC4	PA2	PA1	VSSA	PC2
J	PB12	PB13	PB11	PE14	PE9	PB0	PA7	VDD	PA3	VDDA
K	VDD	VSS	PB10	PE11	PE8	PE7	PB1	PC5	PA6	VSS

MSv38485V2

1. The above figure shows the package top view.

Figure 13. STM32L496Vx, external SMPS device, WLCSP100 pinout⁽¹⁾

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	VDDUSB	PA15	PD1	VDD	PG10	VDDIO2	PB6	PB9	VDD12	VDD
B	VSS	PA14	PD0	PD5	PD6	PG12	PB7	PB8	VSS	PE3
C	PA12	PA13	PC10	PC12	PD4	PD7	PB5	PE2	PC13	VBAT
D	PA11	PA10	PA9	PC11	PD2	PG9	PH3-BOOT0	PE6	PC15-OSC32_OUT	PC14-OSC32_IN
E	PC8	PC9	PA8	PC7	PG11	PB4	PE4	PE5	VDD	VSS
F	VDD	PD15	PD14	PC6	PB3	PC3	PC1	NRST	PH1-OSC_OUT	PH0-OSC_IN
G	PD10	PD9	PD8	PE14	PE13	PA7	PA1	PA0	PC2	PC0
H	PB14	PB13	PB15	PE15	PE10	PB0	PA4	PA2	VSSA	VREF+
J	PB12	VDD	PB11	PE12	PE9	PB2	PA5	VDD	PA3	VDDA
K	VDD12	VSS	PB10	PE11	PE8	PE7	PB1	PC4	PA6	VSS

MSv42237V1

1. The above figure shows the package top view.

Table 15. STM32L496xx pin definitions

Pin Number										Pin name (function after reset)	Pin type	I/O structure	Notes	Pin functions		Additional functions
LQFP64	WLCSPI00	WLCSPI00_SMPs	LQFP100	UFBGA132	LQFP144	LQFP144_SMPs	UFBGA169	UFBGA169_SMPs	Alternate functions							
-	-	-	-	-	-	C3	C3	PI11	I/O	FT	-	EVENTOUT			-	
-	B9	C8	1	B2	1	1	D3	D3	PE2	I/O	FT_I	-	TRACECK, TIM3_ETR, TSC_G7_IO1, LCD SEG38, FMC_A23, SAI1_MCLK_A, EVENTOUT		-	
-	B10	B10	2	A1	2	2	D2	D2	PE3	I/O	FT_I	-	TRACED0, TIM3_CH1, TSC_G7_IO2, LCD SEG39, FMC_A19, SAI1_SD_B, EVENTOUT		-	
-	C8	E7	3	B1	3	3	D1	D1	PE4	I/O	FT	-	TRACED1, TIM3_CH2, DFSDM1_DATIN3, TSC_G7_IO3, DCMI_D4, FMC_A20, SAI1_FS_A, EVENTOUT		-	
-	D8	E8	4	C2	4	4	E4	E4	PE5	I/O	FT	-	TRACED2, TIM3_CH3, DFSDM1_CKIN3, TSC_G7_IO4, DCMI_D6, FMC_A21, SAI1_SCK_A, EVENTOUT		-	
-	E7	D8	5	D2	5	5	E3	E3	PE6	I/O	FT	-	TRACED3, TIM3_CH4, DCMI_D7, FMC_A22, SAI1_SD_A, EVENTOUT	RTC_TAMP3/WKUP3		
1	C10	C10	6	E2	6	6	E2	E2	VBAT	S	-	-	-		-	
2	C9	C9	7	C1	7	7	E1	E1	PC13	I/O	FT	-	EVENTOUT		RTC_TAMP1/RTC_TS/ RTC_OUT/WKUP2	
3	D10	D10	8	D1	8	8	F1	F1	PC14- OSC32_IN (PC14)	I/O	FT	-	EVENTOUT		OSC32_IN	
4	E10	D9	9	E1	9	9	G1	G1	PC15- OSC32_OUT (PC15)	I/O	FT	-	EVENTOUT		OSC32_OUT	

Table 15. STM32L496xx pin definitions (continued)

Pin Number										Pin name (function after reset)	Pin type	I/O structure	Notes	Pin functions	
LQFP64	WLCSPI100	WLCSPI100_SMPSS	LQFP100	UFBGA132	LQFP144	LQFP144_SMPSS	UFBGA169	UFBGA169_SMPSS	Alternate functions					Additional functions	
-	-	-	-	K1	132	-	C6	-	PG15	I/O	FT_s	-	LPTIM1_OUT, I2C1_SMBA, DCMI_D13, EVENTOUT	COMP2_INM	
55	C6	F5	89	A8	133	132	A6	A6	PB3 (JTDO/TRACES WO)	I/O	FT_la	-	JTDO/TRACESWO, TIM2_CH2, SPI1_SCK, SPI3_SCK, USART1_RTS_DE, OTG_FS_CRS_SYNC, LCD SEG7, SAI1_SCK_B, EVENTOUT	COMP2_INP	
56	C7	E6	90	A7	134	133	A5	A5	PB4 (NJTRST)	I/O	FT_fla	-	NJTRST, TIM3_CH1, I2C3_SDA, SPI1_MISO, SPI3_MISO, USART1_CTS, UART5_RTS_DE, TSC_G2_IO1, DCMI_D12, LCD SEG8, SAI1_MCLK_B, TIM17_BKIN, EVENTOUT	-	
57	B7	C7	91	C5	135	134	B5	B5	PB5	I/O	FT_la	-	LPTIM1_IN1, TIM3_CH2, CAN2_RX, I2C1_SMBA, SPI1_MOSI, SPI3_MOSI, USART1_CK, UART5_CTS, TSC_G2_IO2, DCMI_D10, LCD SEG9, COMP2_OUT, SAI1_SD_B, TIM16_BKIN, EVENTOUT	-	
58	A7	A7	92	B5	136	135	C5	C5	PB6	I/O	FT_fa	-	LPTIM1_ETR, TIM4_CH1, TIM8_BKIN2, I2C1_SCL, I2C4_SCL, DFSDM1_DATIN5, USART1_TX, CAN2_TX, TSC_G2_IO3, DCMI_D5, TIM8_BKIN2_COMP2, SAI1_FS_B, TIM16_CH1N, EVENTOUT	COMP2_INP	
59	D7	B7	93	B4	137	136	D5	D5	PB7	I/O	FT_fla	-	LPTIM1_IN2, TIM4_CH2, TIM8_BKIN, I2C1_SDA, I2C4_SDA, DFSDM1_CKIN5, USART1_RX, USART4_CTS, TSC_G2_IO4, DCMI_VSYNC, LCD SEG21, FMC_NL, TIM8_BKIN_COMP1, TIM17_CH1N, EVENTOUT	COMP2_INM, PVD_IN	
60	E6	D7	94	A4	138	137	E5	E5	PH3-BOOT0	I/O	FT	-	EVENTOUT	-	



Table 16. Alternate function AF0 to AF7 (for AF8 to AF15 see [Table 17](#)) (continued)

Port		AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7
		SYS_AF	TIM1/2/5/8/ LPTIM1	TIM1/2/3/4/5	SPI2/USART2/ CAN2/TIM8/ QUADSPI	I2C1/2/3/4/ DCMI	SPI1/2/DCMI/ QUADSPI	SPI3/I2C3/ DFSDM/ COMP1/ QUADSPI	USART1/2/3
Port B	PB0	-	TIM1_CH2N	TIM3_CH3	TIM8_CH2N	-	SPI1_NSS	-	USART3_CK
	PB1	-	TIM1_CH3N	TIM3_CH4	TIM8_CH3N	-	-	DFSDM1_ DATIN0	USART3_RTS_ DE
	PB2	RTC_OUT	LPTIM1_OUT	-	-	I2C3_SMBA	-	DFSDM1_CKIN0	-
	PB3	JTDO/ TRACESWO	TIM2_CH2	-	-	-	SPI1_SCK	SPI3_SCK	USART1_RTS_ DE
	PB4	NJTRST	-	TIM3_CH1	-	I2C3_SDA	SPI1_MISO	SPI3_MISO	USART1_CTS
	PB5	-	LPTIM1_IN1	TIM3_CH2	CAN2_RX	I2C1_SMBA	SPI1_MOSI	SPI3_MOSI	USART1_CK
	PB6	-	LPTIM1_ETR	TIM4_CH1	TIM8_BKIN2	I2C1_SCL	I2C4_SCL	DFSDM1_ DATIN5	USART1_TX
	PB7	-	LPTIM1_IN2	TIM4_CH2	TIM8_BKIN	I2C1_SDA	I2C4_SDA	DFSDM1_CKIN5	USART1_RX
	PB8	-	-	TIM4_CH3	-	I2C1_SCL	-	DFSDM1_ DATIN6	-
	PB9	-	IR_OUT	TIM4_CH4	-	I2C1_SDA	SPI2_NSS	DFSDM1_CKIN6	-
	PB10	-	TIM2_CH3	-	I2C4_SCL	I2C2_SCL	SPI2_SCK	DFSDM1_ DATIN7	USART3_TX
	PB11	-	TIM2_CH4	-	I2C4_SDA	I2C2_SDA	-	DFSDM1_CKIN7	USART3_RX
	PB12	-	TIM1_BKIN	-	TIM1_BKIN_ COMP2	I2C2_SMBA	SPI2_NSS	DFSDM1_ DATIN1	USART3_CK
	PB13	-	TIM1_CH1N	-	-	I2C2_SCL	SPI2_SCK	DFSDM1_CKIN1	USART3_CTS
	PB14	-	TIM1_CH2N	-	TIM8_CH2N	I2C2_SDA	SPI2_MISO	DFSDM1_ DATIN2	USART3_RTS_ DE
	PB15	RTC_REFIN	TIM1_CH3N	-	TIM8_CH3N	-	SPI2_MOSI	DFSDM1_CKIN2	-

Table 16. Alternate function AF0 to AF7 (for AF8 to AF15 see [Table 17](#)) (continued)

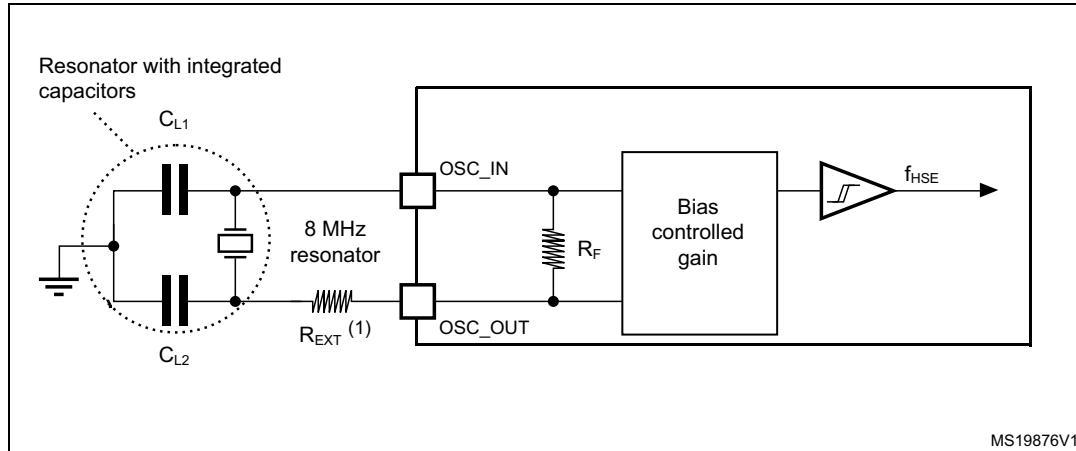
Port		AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7
		SYS_AF	TIM1/2/5/8/ LPTIM1	TIM1/2/3/4/5	SPI2/USART2/ CAN2/TIM8/ QUADSPI	I2C1/2/3/4/ DCMI	SPI1/2/DCMI/ QUADSPI	SPI3/I2C3/ DFSDM/ COMP1/ QUADSPI	USART1/2/3
Port G	PG0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	PG1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	PG2	-	-	-	-	-	SPI1_SCK	-	-
	PG3	-	-	-	-	-	SPI1_MISO	-	-
	PG4	-	-	-	-	-	SPI1_MOSI	-	-
	PG5	-	-	-	-	-	SPI1_NSS	-	-
	PG6	-	-	-	-	I2C3_SMBA	-	-	-
	PG7	-	-	-	-	I2C3_SCL	-	-	-
	PG8	-	-	-	-	I2C3_SDA	-	-	-
	PG9	-	-	-	-	-	-	SPI3_SCK	USART1_TX
	PG10	-	LPTIM1_IN1	-	-	-	-	SPI3_MISO	USART1_RX
	PG11	-	LPTIM1_IN2	-	-	-	-	SPI3_MOSI	USART1_CTS
	PG12	-	LPTIM1_ETR	-	-	-	-	SPI3_NSS	USART1_RTS_DE
	PG13	-	-	-	-	I2C1_SDA	-	-	USART1_CK
	PG14	-	-	-	-	I2C1_SCL	-	-	-
	PG15	-	LPTIM1_OUT	-	-	I2C1_SMBA	-	-	-

Table 44. Current consumption in Stop 2 mode (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		TYP					MAX ⁽¹⁾					Unit
		-	V _{DD}	25 °C	55 °C	85 °C	105 °C	125 °C	25 °C	55 °C	85 °C	105 °C	125 °C	
I _{DD_ALL} (Stop 2 with RTC)	Supply current in Stop 2 mode, RTC enabled	RTC clocked by LSI, LCD disabled	1.8 V	2.97	7.46	26.2	61.4	139	6.1	17.2	64.8	155.4	354	µA
			2.4 V	3.09	7.61	26.5	62.3	140	6.2	17.5	65.7	157.6	360	
			3 V	3.15	7.81	27	63.5	144	6.5	17.9	67.2	160.6	367	
			3.6 V	3.4	8.05	27.7	65.2	147	7.1	18.7	69.0	164.9	376	
		RTC clocked by LSI, LCD enabled ⁽³⁾	1.8 V	2.98	7.31	25.5	60	135	5.5	16.8	65.1	155.8	355	
			2.4 V	3.08	7.46	25.8	60.7	137	5.8	17.1	66.3	158.2	360	
			3 V	3.23	7.63	26.4	62.1	141	6.2	17.5	67.6	161.4	367	
			3.6 V	3.47	7.95	27.1	63.6	144	6.58	18.3	69.5	165.5	376	
		RTC clocked by LSE bypassed at 32768Hz,LCD disabled	1.8 V	2.93	7.22	25.7	60.7	135.6	-	-	-	-	-	
			2.4 V	3.1	7.38	26.1	61.1	137.5	-	-	-	-	-	
			3 V	3.3	7.51	26.4	62.1	140.5	-	-	-	-	-	
			3.6 V	3.48	7.87	27.1	63.6	143.5	-	-	-	-	-	
		RTC clocked by LSE quartz ⁽³⁾ in low drive mode, LCD disabled	1.8 V	2.86	7.08	25.2	60.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			2.4 V	3.01	7.16	25.5	60.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			3 V	3.18	7.25	25.8	61.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			3.6 V	3.31	7.54	26.5	63.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Note: For information on selecting the crystal, refer to the application note AN2867 "Oscillator design guide for ST microcontrollers" available from the ST website www.st.com.

Figure 23. Typical application with an 8 MHz crystal



1. R_{EXT} value depends on the crystal characteristics.

Low-speed external clock generated from a crystal resonator

The low-speed external (LSE) clock can be supplied with a 32.768 kHz crystal resonator oscillator. All the information given in this paragraph are based on design simulation results obtained with typical external components specified in [Table 57](#). In the application, the resonator and the load capacitors have to be placed as close as possible to the oscillator pins in order to minimize output distortion and startup stabilization time. Refer to the crystal resonator manufacturer for more details on the resonator characteristics (frequency, package, accuracy).

Table 57. LSE oscillator characteristics ($f_{LSE} = 32.768 \text{ kHz}$)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ⁽²⁾	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_{DD(LSE)}$	LSE current consumption	LSEDRV[1:0] = 00 Low drive capability	-	250	-	nA
		LSEDRV[1:0] = 01 Medium low drive capability	-	315	-	
		LSEDRV[1:0] = 10 Medium high drive capability	-	500	-	
		LSEDRV[1:0] = 11 High drive capability	-	630	-	
$Gm_{critmax}$	Maximum critical crystal gm	LSEDRV[1:0] = 00 Low drive capability	-	-	0.5	$\mu\text{A/V}$
		LSEDRV[1:0] = 01 Medium low drive capability	-	-	0.75	
		LSEDRV[1:0] = 10 Medium high drive capability	-	-	1.7	
		LSEDRV[1:0] = 11 High drive capability	-	-	2.7	
$t_{SU(LSE)}^{(3)}$	Startup time	V_{DD} is stabilized	-	2	-	s

6.3.11 EMC characteristics

Susceptibility tests are performed on a sample basis during device characterization.

Functional EMS (electromagnetic susceptibility)

While a simple application is executed on the device (toggling 2 LEDs through I/O ports), the device is stressed by two electromagnetic events until a failure occurs. The failure is indicated by the LEDs:

- **Electrostatic discharge (ESD)** (positive and negative) is applied to all device pins until a functional disturbance occurs. This test is compliant with the IEC 61000-4-2 standard.
- **FTB**: A Burst of Fast Transient voltage (positive and negative) is applied to V_{DD} and V_{SS} through a 100 pF capacitor, until a functional disturbance occurs. This test is compliant with the IEC 61000-4-4 standard.

A device reset allows normal operations to be resumed.

The test results are given in [Table 65](#). They are based on the EMS levels and classes defined in application note AN1709.

Table 65. EMS characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Level/ Class
V_{FESD}	Voltage limits to be applied on any I/O pin to induce a functional disturbance	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = +25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $f_{HCLK} = 80 \text{ MHz}$, conforming to IEC 61000-4-2	2B
V_{EFTB}	Fast transient voltage burst limits to be applied through 100 pF on V_{DD} and V_{SS} pins to induce a functional disturbance	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = +25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $f_{HCLK} = 80 \text{ MHz}$, conforming to IEC 61000-4-4	5A

Designing hardened software to avoid noise problems

EMC characterization and optimization are performed at component level with a typical application environment and simplified MCU software. It should be noted that good EMC performance is highly dependent on the user application and the software in particular.

Therefore it is recommended that the user applies EMC software optimization and prequalification tests in relation with the EMC level requested for his application.

Software recommendations

The software flowchart must include the management of runaway conditions such as:

- Corrupted program counter
- Unexpected reset
- Critical Data corruption (control registers...)

Table 72. I/O AC characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (continued)

Speed	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
10	Fmax	Maximum frequency	C=50 pF, 2.7 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤3.6 V	-	50	MHz
			C=50 pF, 1.62 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤2.7 V	-	25	
			C=50 pF, 1.08 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤1.62 V	-	5	
			C=10 pF, 2.7 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤3.6 V	-	100 ⁽³⁾	
			C=10 pF, 1.62 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤2.7 V	-	37.5	
			C=10 pF, 1.08 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤1.62 V	-	5	
10	Tr/Tf	Output rise and fall time	C=50 pF, 2.7 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤3.6 V	-	5.8	ns
			C=50 pF, 1.62 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤2.7 V	-	11	
			C=50 pF, 1.08 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤1.62 V	-	28	
			C=10 pF, 2.7 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤3.6 V	-	2.5	
			C=10 pF, 1.62 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤2.7 V	-	5	
			C=10 pF, 1.08 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤1.62 V	-	12	
11	Fmax	Maximum frequency	C=30 pF, 2.7 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤3.6 V	-	120 ⁽³⁾	MHz
			C=30 pF, 1.62 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤2.7 V	-	50	
			C=30 pF, 1.08 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤1.62 V	-	10	
			C=10 pF, 2.7 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤3.6 V	-	180 ⁽³⁾	
			C=10 pF, 1.62 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤2.7 V	-	75	
			C=10 pF, 1.08 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤1.62 V	-	10	
11	Tr/Tf	Output rise and fall time	C=30 pF, 2.7 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤3.6 V	-	3.3	ns
			C=30 pF, 1.62 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤2.7 V	-	6	
			C=30 pF, 1.08 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤1.62 V	-	16	
Fm+	Fmax	Maximum frequency	C=50 pF, 1.6 V≤V _{DDIOX} ≤3.6 V	-	1	MHz
	Tf	Output fall time ⁽⁴⁾		-	5	ns

1. The I/O speed is configured using the OSPEEDR[1:0] bits. The Fm+ mode is configured in the SYSCFG_CFGR1 register. Refer to the RM0351 reference manual for a description of GPIO Port configuration register.

2. Guaranteed by design.

3. This value represents the I/O capability but the maximum system frequency is limited to 80 MHz.

4. The fall time is defined between 70% and 30% of the output waveform accordingly to I²C specification.

SPI characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, the parameters given in [Table 95](#) for SPI are derived from tests performed under the ambient temperature, f_{PCLKx} frequency and supply voltage conditions summarized in [Table 22: General operating conditions](#).

- Output speed is set to OSPEEDR_y[1:0] = 11
- Capacitive load C = 30 pF
- Measurement points are done at CMOS levels: $0.5 \times V_{DD}$

Refer to [Section 6.3.14: I/O port characteristics](#) for more details on the input/output alternate function characteristics (NSS, SCK, MOSI, MISO for SPI).

Table 95. SPI characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{SCK} $1/t_c(SCK)$	SPI clock frequency	Master mode receiver/full duplex $2.7 \text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6 \text{ V}$ Voltage Range 1	-	-	40	MHz
		Master mode receiver/full duplex $1.71 \text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6 \text{ V}$ Voltage Range 1			16	
		Master mode transmitter $1.71 \text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6 \text{ V}$ Voltage Range 1			40	
		Slave mode receiver $1.71 \text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6 \text{ V}$ Voltage Range 1			40	
		Slave mode transmitter/full duplex $2.7 \text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6 \text{ V}$ Voltage Range 1			31 ⁽²⁾	
		Slave mode transmitter/full duplex $1.71 \text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6 \text{ V}$ Voltage Range 1			18.5 ⁽²⁾	
		Voltage Range 2			13	
		$1.08 \text{ V} < V_{DDIO2} < 1.32 \text{ V}$ ⁽³⁾			8	
$t_{su(NSS)}$	NSS setup time	Slave mode, SPI prescaler = 2	$4_x T_{PCLK}$	-	-	ns
$t_h(NSS)$	NSS hold time	Slave mode, SPI prescaler = 2	$2_x T_{PCLK}$	-	-	ns
$t_w(SCKH)$ $t_w(SCKL)$	SCK high and low time	Master mode	$T_{PCLK}-2$	T_{PCLK}	$T_{PCLK}+2$	ns
$t_{su(MI)}$	Data input setup time	Master mode	1	-	-	ns
$t_{su(SI)}$		Slave mode	1.5	-	-	
$t_h(MI)$	Data input hold time	Master mode	5	-	-	ns
$t_h(SI)$		Slave mode	1.5	-	-	
$t_a(SO)$	Data output access time	Slave mode	9	-	34	ns
$t_{dis(SO)}$	Data output disable time	Slave mode	9	-	16	ns

Quad SPI characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, the parameters given in [Table 96](#) and [Table 97](#) for Quad SPI are derived from tests performed under the ambient temperature, f_{AHB} frequency and V_{DD} supply voltage conditions summarized in [Table 22: General operating conditions](#), with the following configuration:

- Output speed is set to OSPEEDR[1:0] = 11
- Capacitive load $C = 15$ or 20 pF
- Measurement points are done at CMOS levels: $0.5 \times V_{DD}$

Refer to [Section 6.3.14: I/O port characteristics](#) for more details on the input/output alternate function characteristics.

Table 96. Quad SPI characteristics in SDR mode⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
F_{CK} $1/t_{(CK)}$	Quad SPI clock frequency	$1.71\text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6\text{ V}$, $C_{LOAD} = 20\text{ pF}$ Voltage Range 1	-	-	40	MHz
		$1.71\text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6\text{ V}$, $C_{LOAD} = 15\text{ pF}$ Voltage Range 1	-	-	48	
		$2.7\text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6\text{ V}$, $C_{LOAD} = 15\text{ pF}$ Voltage Range 1	-	-	60	
		$1.71\text{ V} < V_{DD} < 3.6\text{ V}$, $C_{LOAD} = 20\text{ pF}$ Voltage Range 2	-	-	26	
$t_{w(CKH)}$	Quad SPI clock high and low time	$f_{AHBCLK} = 48\text{ MHz}$, presc=0	$t_{(CK)}/2$	-	$t_{(CK)}/2+1$	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$			$t_{(CK)}/2-1$	-	$t_{(CK)}/2$	
$t_{s(IN)}$	Data input setup time	Voltage Range 1	1.5	-	-	
		Voltage Range 2	3.5	-	-	
$t_{h(IN)}$	Data input hold time	Voltage Range 1	4	-	-	
		Voltage Range 2	6.5	-	-	
$t_{v(OUT)}$	Data output valid time	Voltage Range 1	-	1	1.5	
		Voltage Range 2	-	3	5	
$t_{h(OUT)}$	Data output hold time	Voltage Range 1	0	-	-	
		Voltage Range 2	0	-	-	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

1. CL = 30 pF.
2. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Table 109. Asynchronous multiplexed PSRAM/NOR write-NWAIT timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{w(NE)}$	FMC_NE low time	$9T_{HCLK^-} 1$	$9T_{HCLK^+} 1$	ns
$t_{w(NWE)}$	FMC_NWE low time	$7T_{HCLK^-} 0.5$	$7T_{HCLK^+} 0.5$	
$t_{su(NWAIT_NE)}$	FMC_NWAIT valid before FMC_NEx high	$6T_{HCLK^+} 2$	-	
$t_{h(NE_NWAIT)}$	FMC_NEx hold time after FMC_NWAIT invalid	$4T_{HCLK^-} 1$	-	

1. CL = 30 pF.
2. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Synchronous waveforms and timings

Figure 47 through *Figure 50* represent synchronous waveforms and *Table 110* through *Table 113* provide the corresponding timings. The results shown in these tables are obtained with the following FMC configuration:

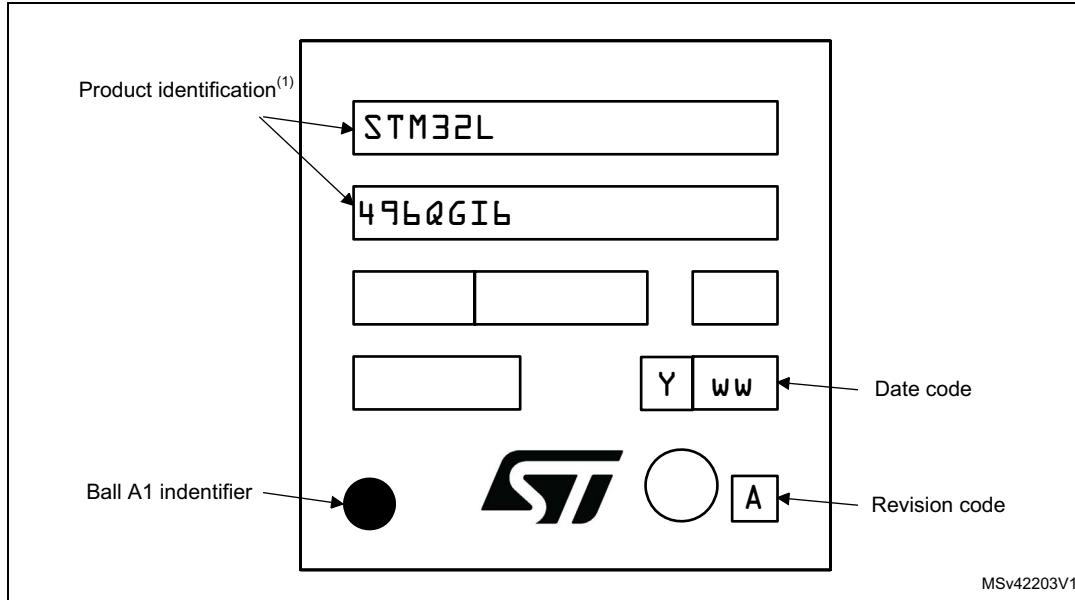
- BurstAccessMode = FMC_BurstAccessMode_Enable
 - MemoryType = FMC_MemoryType_CRAM
 - WriteBurst = FMC_WriteBurst_Enable
 - CLKDivision = 1
 - DataLatency = 1 for NOR Flash; DataLatency = 0 for PSRAM
- In all timing tables, the T_{HCLK} is the HCLK clock period.

Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus ball A1 identifier location.

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

Figure 68. UFBGA132 marking (package top view)



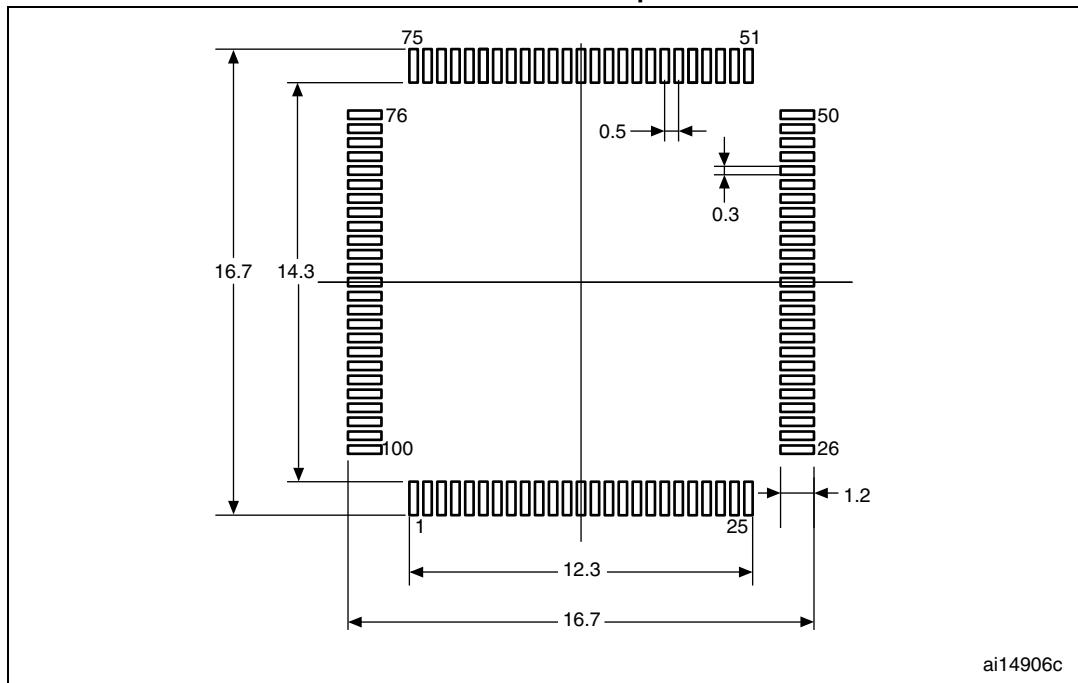
1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not yet ready to be used in production and any consequences deriving from such usage will not be at ST charge. In no event, ST will be liable for any customer usage of these engineering samples in production. ST Quality has to be contacted prior to any decision to use these Engineering samples to run qualification activity.

Table 125. LQPF100 - 100-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data (continued)

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
E1	13.800	14.000	14.200	0.5433	0.5512	0.5591
E3	-	12.000	-	-	0.4724	-
e	-	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1	-	1.000	-	-	0.0394	-
k	0.0°	3.5°	7.0°	0.0°	3.5°	7.0°
ccc	-	-	0.080	-	-	0.0031

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Figure 70. LQFP100 - 100-pin, 14 x 14 mm low-profile quad flat recommended footprint



1. Dimensions are expressed in millimeters.

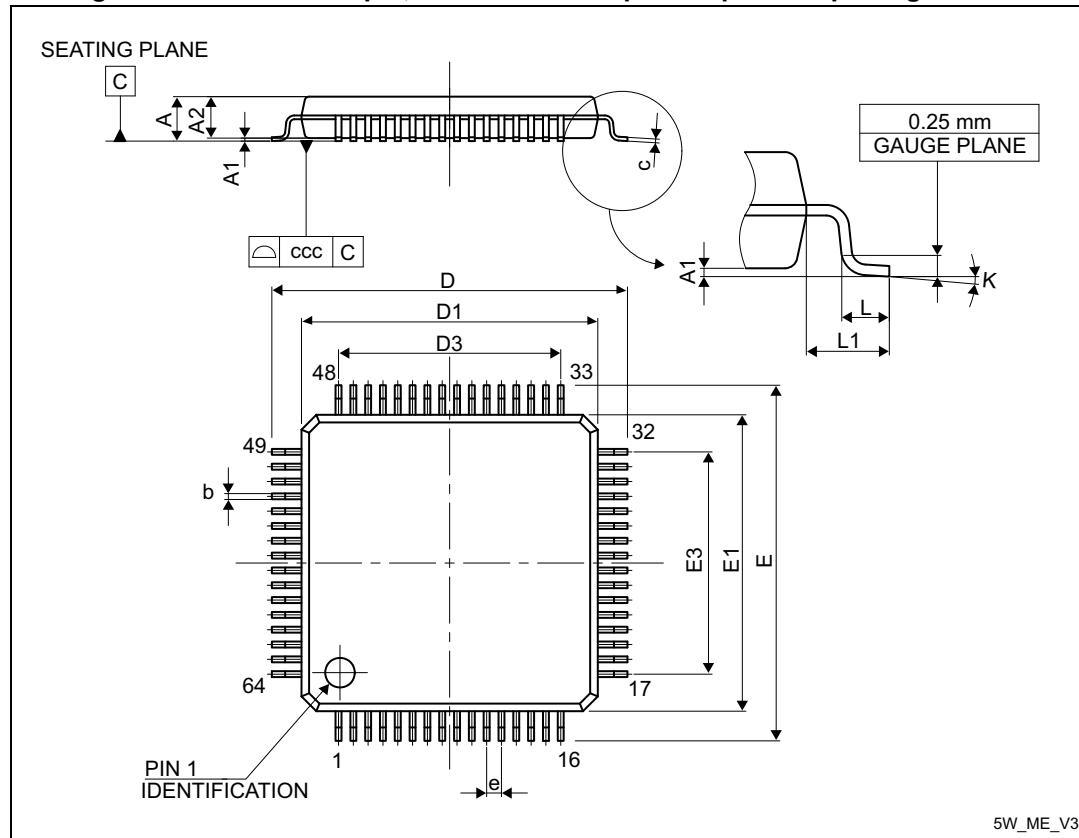
Device marking

The following figure gives an example of topside marking orientation versus pin 1 identifier location.

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which identify the parts throughout supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

7.6 LQFP64 package information

Figure 76. LQFP64 - 64-pin, 10 x 10 mm low-profile quad flat package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 128. LQFP64 - 64-pin, 10 x 10 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	-	-	1.600	-	-	0.0630
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.170	0.220	0.270	0.0067	0.0087	0.0106
c	0.090	-	0.200	0.0035	-	0.0079
D	-	12.000	-	-	0.4724	-
D1	-	10.000	-	-	0.3937	-
D3	-	7.500	-	-	0.2953	-
E	-	12.000	-	-	0.4724	-
E1	-	10.000	-	-	0.3937	-

9 Revision history

Table 131. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
22-Feb-2017	1	Initial release.