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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	AVR
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	USI
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, Temp Sensor, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	2KB (1K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	128 x 8
RAM Size	128 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 11x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	32-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	32-VQFN (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/attiny261a-mn

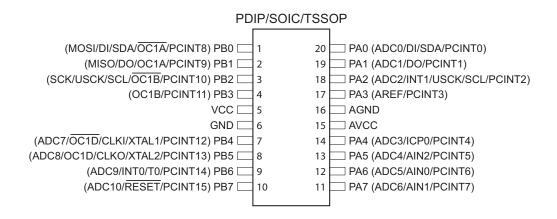
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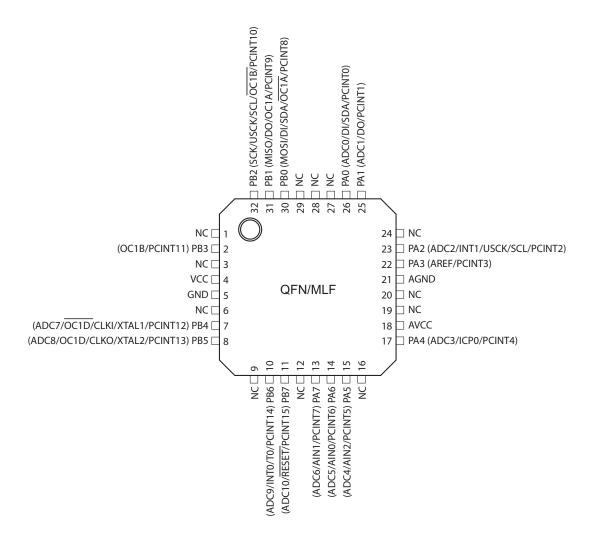
Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



1. Pin Configurations

Figure 1-1. Pinout ATtiny261A/461A/861A





Note: To ensure mechanical stability the center pad underneath the QFN/MLF package should be soldered to ground on the board.

1.1 Pin Descriptions

1.1.1 VCC

Supply voltage.

1.1.2 GND

Ground.

1.1.3 AVCC

Analog supply voltage. This is the supply voltage pin for the Analog-to-digital Converter (ADC), the analog comparator, the Brown-Out Detector (BOD), the internal voltage reference and Port A. It should be externally connected to VCC, even if some peripherals such as the ADC are not used. If the ADC is used AVCC should be connected to VCC through a low-pass filter.

1.1.4 AGND

Analog ground.

1.1.5 Port A (PA7:PA0)

An 8-bit, bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors, individually selectable for each bit. Output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, port pins that are externally pulled low will source current if pull-up resistors have been activated. Port pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the device, as listed on page 62.

1.1.6 Port B (PB7:PB0)

An 8-bit, bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors, individually selectable for each bit. Output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, port pins that are externally pulled low will source current if pull-up resistors have been activated. Port pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the device, as listed on page 65.

1.1.7 **RESET**

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running and provided the reset pin has not been disabled. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 19-4 on page 188. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

The reset pin can also be used as a (weak) I/O pin.



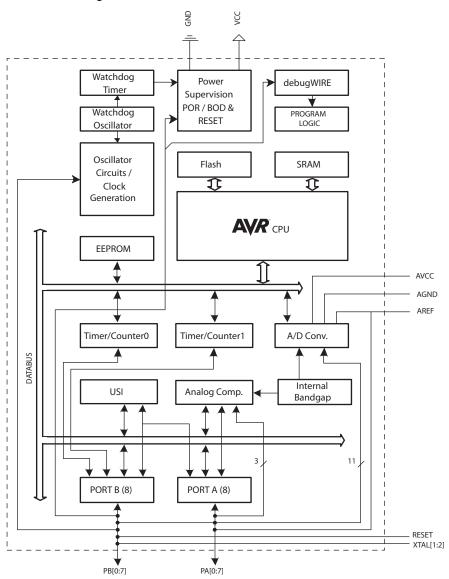


2. Overview

ATtiny261A/461A/861A are low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontrollers based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the devices achieve throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

2.1 Block Diagram

Figure 2-1. Block Diagram



The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

ATtiny261A/461A/861A

The ATtiny261A/461A/861A provides the following features: 2/4/8K byte of In-System Programmable Flash, 128/256/512 bytes EEPROM, 128/256/512 bytes SRAM, 16 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, an 8-bit Timer/Counter with compare modes, an 8-bit high speed Timer/Counter, a Universal Serial Interface, Internal and External Interrupts, an 11-channel, 10-bit ADC, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal oscillator, and four software selectable power saving modes. Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counter, ADC, Analog Comparator, and Interrupt system to continue functioning. Power-down mode saves the register contents, disabling all chip functions until the next Interrupt or Hardware Reset. ADC Noise Reduction mode stops the CPU and all I/O modules except ADC, to minimize switching noise during ADC conversions. In Standby mode, the crystal/resonator oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping, allowing very fast start-up combined with low power consumption.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the Program memory to be re-programmed In-System through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer or by an On-chip boot code running on the AVR core.

The ATtiny261A/461A/861A AVR is supported by a full suite of program and system development tools including: C Compilers, Macro Assemblers, Program Debugger/Simulators, and Evaluation kits.





3. General Information

3.1 Resources

A comprehensive set of drivers, application notes, data sheets and descriptions on development tools are available for download at http://www.atmel.com/avr.

3.2 Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Please confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

For I/O Registers located in the extended I/O map, "IN", "OUT", "SBIS", "SBIC", "CBI", and "SBI" instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically, this means "LDS" and "STS" combined with "SBRS", "SBRC", "SBR", and "CBR". Note that not all AVR devices include an extended I/O map.

3.3 Capacitive Touch Sensing

Atmel QTouch Library provides a simple to use solution for touch sensitive interfaces on Atmel AVR microcontrollers. The QTouch Library includes support for QTouch® and QMatrix® acquisition methods.

Touch sensing is easily added to any application by linking the QTouch Library and using the Application Programming Interface (API) of the library to define the touch channels and sensors. The application then calls the API to retrieve channel information and determine the state of the touch sensor.

The QTouch Library is free and can be downloaded from the Atmel website. For more information and details of implementation, refer to the QTouch Library User Guide – also available from the Atmel website.

3.4 Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

4. Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	Т	Н	S	V	N	Z	С	page 8
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	-	-	-	-	-	SP10	SP9	SP8	page 11
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	page 11
0x3C (0x5C)	Reserved				-	_				
0x3B (0x5B)	GIMSK	INT1	INT0	PCIE1	PCIE0	-	-	-	-	page 51
0x3A (0x5A)	GIFR	INTF1	INTF0	PCIF	-	-	-	-	-	page 52
0x39 (0x59)	TIMSK	OCIE1D	OCIE1A	OCIE1B	OCIE0A	OCIE0B	TOIE1	TOIE0	TICIE0	page 85, page 122
0x38 (0x58)	TIFR	OCF1D	OCF1A	OCF1B	OCF0A	OCF0B	TOV1	TOV0	ICF0	page 86, page 122
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	_	-	_	СТРВ	RFLB	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	page 167
0x36 (0x56)	PRR	- PODC	- DUD	SE	- CM4	PRTIM1	PRTIM0	PRUSI	PRADC	page 36
0x35 (0x55) 0x34 (0x54)	MCUCR MCUSR	BODS -	PUD -	- 5E	SM1	SM0 WDRF	BODSE BORF	ISC01 EXTRF	ISC00 PORF	page 38, page 68, page 51 page 46,
0x33 (0x53)	TCCR0B	_	_		TSM	PSR0	CS02	CS01	CS00	page 46,
0x32 (0x52)	TCNT0L			Time	r/Counter0 Cour			0001	0000	page 84
0x31 (0x51)	OSCCAL			Time		ration Register	W Dyte			page 32
0x30 (0x50)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	FOC1A	FOC1B	PWM1A	PWM1B	page 111
0x2F (0x4F)	TCCR1B	PWM1X	PSR1	DTPS11	DTPS10	CS13	CS12	CS11	CS10	page 167
0x2E (0x4E)	TCNT1				Timer/Counter1				•	page 120
0x2D (0x4D)	OCR1A				/Counter1 Outpu					page 120
0x2C (0x4C)	OCR1B			Timer	/Counter1 Outpu	ıt Compare Reg	ister B			page 121
0x2B (0x4B)	OCR1C			Timer	/Counter1 Outpu	ıt Compare Reg	ister C			page 121
0x2A (0x4A)	OCR1D			Timer	/Counter1 Outpu	t Compare Reg	ister D			page 121
0x29 (0x49)	PLLCSR	LSM					PCKE	PLLE	PLOCK	page 119
0x28 (0x48)	CLKPR	CLKPCE				CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	page 32
0x27 (0x47)	TCCR1C	COM1A1S	COM1A0S	COM1B1S	COM1B0S	COM1D1	COM1D0	FOC1D	PWM1D	page 116
0x26 (0x46)	TCCR1D	FPIE1	FPEN1	FPNC1	FPES1	FPAC1	FPF1	WGM11	WGM10	page 117
0x25 (0x45)	TC1H	_		-			-	TC19	TC18	page 120
0x24 (0x44)	DT1	DT1H3	DT1H2	DT1H1	DT1H0	DT1L3	DT1L2	DT1L1	DT1L0	page 123
0x23 (0x43)	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	page 53
0x22 (0x42)	PCMSK1	PCINT15	PCINT14	PCINT13	PCINT12	PCINT11	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	page 53
0x21 (0x41)	WDTCR DWDR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	WDCE	WDE R[7:0]	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	page 46
0x20 (0x40) 0x1F (0x3F)	EEARH		-	_	DWD	R[7:0]			EEAR8	page 36 page 20
0x1F (0x3F)	EEARL	EEAR7	EEAR6	EEAR5	EEAR4	EEAR3	EEAR2	EEAR1	EEAR0	page 20 page 21
0x1D (0x3D)	EEDR	LLAN	LLANO	LLANS		ata Register	LLANZ	LLAKI	LLANO	page 21
0x1C (0x3C)	EECR	_	_	EEPM1	EEPM0	EERIE	EEMPE	EEPE	EERE	page 21
0x1B (0x3B)	PORTA	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	page 68
0x1A (0x3A)	DDRA	DDA7	DDA6	DDA5	DDA4	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	page 68
0x19 (0x39)	PINA	PINA7	PINA6	PINA5	PINA4	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	page 69
0x18 (0x38)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	page 69
0x17 (0x37)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	page 69
0x16 (0x36)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	page 69
0x15 (0x35)	TCCR0A	TCW0	ICEN0	ICNC0	ICES0	ACIC0	-	_	CTC0	page 83
0x14 (0x34)	TCNT0H				r/Counter0 Coun					page 85
0x13 (0x33)	OCR0A				/Counter0 Outpu					page 85
0x12 (0x32)	OCR0B		ı		/Counter0 Outpu	ut Compare Reg		1	T	page 85
0x11 (0x31)	USIPP	-	-	-	-		-	-	USIPOS	page 135
0x10 (0x30)	USIBR					r Register				page 132
0x0F (0x2F)	USIDR	LIGIGIE	LIGIGIE	LIGIDE		Register	LIGIOLITA	LIGIGIETA	LIGIONITO	page 131
0x0E (0x2E)	USISR	USISIF	USIOIF	USIPF USIWM1	USIDC	USICNT3	USICNT2	USICNT1	USICNT0	page 132
0x0D (0x2D) 0x0C (0x2C)	USICR GPIOR2	USISIE	USIOIE	OSIVVIVII	USIWM0	USICS1 e I/O Register 2	USICS0	USICLK	USITC	page 133 page 23
0x0C (0x2C) 0x0B (0x2B)	GPIOR1				General Purpos					page 23
0x0A (0x2A)	GPIOR0				General Purpos					page 23
0x09 (0x29)	ACSRB	HSEL	HLEV	_	–	–	ACM2	ACM1	ACM0	page 139
0x08 (0x28)	ACSRA	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACME	ACIS1	ACIS0	page 138
0x07 (0x27)	ADMUX	REFS1	REFS0	ADLAR	MUX4	MUX3	MUX2	MUX1	MUX0	page 155
0x06 (0x26)	ADCSRA	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	page 154
0x05 (0x25)	ADCH	1.22.1				ister High Byte				page 155
0x04 (0x24)	ADCL					gister Low Byte				page 155
0x03 (0x23)	ADCSRB	BIN	GSEL	=	REFS2	MUX5	ADTS2	ADTS1	ADTS0	page 159
0x02 (0x22)	DIDR1	ADC10D	ADC9D	ADC8D	ADC7D	=	-	-	-	page 160
0x01 (0x21)	DIDR0	ADC6D	ADC5D	ADC4D	ADC3D	AREFD	ADC2D	ADC1D	ADC0D	page 160
		_	_	OC1OE5	OC1OE4	OC1OE3	OC1OE2	OC10E1	OC1OE0	page 118





Note:

- 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
- 2. I/O Registers within the address range 0x00 0x1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
- 3. Some of the Status Flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that, unlike most other AVRs, the CBI and SBI instructions will only operation the specified bit, and can therefore be used on registers containing such Status Flags. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.

5. Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND	LOGIC INSTRUCTION	S			
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl,K	Add Immediate to Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl + K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	Rd ← Rd - Rr	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	Rd ← Rd - K	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	Rd ← Rd - Rr - C	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K Rdl,K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg. Subtract Immediate from Word	Rd ← Rd - K - C Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl - K	Z,C,N,V,H Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND		Logical AND Registers	Rd ← Rd • Rr	Z,O,N,V,S	1
ANDI	Rd, Rr Rd, K	Logical AND Registers Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$ $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	Rd ← Rd v Rr	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	Rd ← Rd v K	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	Rd ← Rd ⊕ Rr	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	Rd ← 0xFF – Rd	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	Rd ← 0x00 – Rd	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	Rd ← Rd + 1	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	Rd ← Rd – 1	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	None	1
BRANCH INSTRUC	1	I succession	DO DO 1 4		1 .
RJMP IJMP	k	Relative Jump	PC ← PC + k + 1 PC ← Z	None	2 2
RCALL	k	Indirect Jump to (Z) Relative Subroutine Call	PC ← Z PC ← PC + k + 1	None None	3
ICALL	K	Indirect Call to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	3
RET		Subroutine Return	PC ← STACK	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	PC ← STACK	1	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	Rd – Rr	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if $(Rr(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(Rr(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if $(P(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC+k + 1	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC←PC+k + 1	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRNE	k k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 if (C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if (N = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if (N = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N \oplus V= 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if $(N \oplus V=1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if (H = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if (H = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if (T = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if (T = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if (V = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if $(V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID BIT AND BIT TEST	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BIT AND BIT-TEST		Cat Bit in I/O Bogister	1/O/D b) 4	None	2
CBI	P,b P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
LSL	Rd	Clear Bit in I/O Register Logical Shift Left	$I/O(P,b) \leftarrow 0$ $Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	None Z,C,N,V	1
LOL	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$ $Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V Z,C,N,V	1
LSR			I Nami ← Nami II. Nam J ← U	1 4.U.IN.V	
LSR ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	$Rd(0)\leftarrow C,Rd(n+1)\leftarrow Rd(n),C\leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z,C,N,V	1





Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=06$	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(30)←Rd(74),Rd(74)←Rd(30)	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 1$	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	$T \leftarrow Rr(b)$	T	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	$Rd(b) \leftarrow T$	None	1
SEC	,	Set Carry	C ← 1	С	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	С	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	1	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	1 ← 0	1	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	T	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	T	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	Н	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	Н	1
DATA TRANSFER II	1	T		1	ı
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	Rd+1:Rd ← Rr+1:Rr	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LD LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
LDD	Rd, - Y Rd,Y+q	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect with Displacement Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$ $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Z+q)$	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	$Rd \leftarrow (k)$	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	(X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(X) \leftarrow Rr, X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
ST	- X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1, (X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	(Y) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
ST	- Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1$, $(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Y+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Y + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Z+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Z + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	R0 ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	3
SPM		Store Program Memory	(z) ← R1:R0	None	
IN	Rd, P	In Port	Rd ← P	None	1
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	P ← Rr	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2
MCU CONTROL INS	TRUCTIONS	1		T	Т
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/Timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A

6. Ordering Information

6.1 ATtiny261A

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code (1)	Package (2)	Operational Range
20	1.8 – 5.5V	ATtiny261A-MU ATtiny261A-MUR ATtiny261A-PU ATtiny261A-SU ATtiny261A-SUR ATtiny261A-XU ATtiny261A-XU	32M1-A 32M1-A 20P3 20S2 20S2 20X 20X	Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) ⁽³⁾
20	1.8 – 5.5V	ATtiny261A-MN ATtiny261A-MNR	32M1-A 32M1-A	Industrial (-40°C to +105°C) ⁽⁴⁾

Notes: 1. Code indicators:

- N or U: matte tin

- R: tape & reel

- 2. All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazard-ous Substances (RoHS).
- 3. These devices can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
- 4. For typical and electrical characteristics of this device please consult "Appendix A ATtiny261A Specification at 105°C".

	Package Type				
32M1-A	2M1-A 32-pad, 5 x 5 x 1.0 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)				
20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)					
20S2	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)				
20X	20-lead, 4.4 mm Wide, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)				



6.3 ATtiny861A

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code (1)	Package (2)	Operational Range
20	1.8 – 5.5V	ATtiny861A-MU ATtiny861A-MUR ATtiny861A-PU ATtiny861A-SU ATtiny861A-SUR ATtiny861A-XU ATtiny861A-XU	32M1-A 32M1-A 20P3 20S2 20S2 20X 20X	Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) ⁽³⁾

Notes: 1. Code indicators:

U: matte tin

- R: tape & reel

- 2. All packages are Pb-free, halide-free and fully green and they comply with the European directive for Restriction of Hazard-ous Substances (RoHS).
- 3. These devices can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

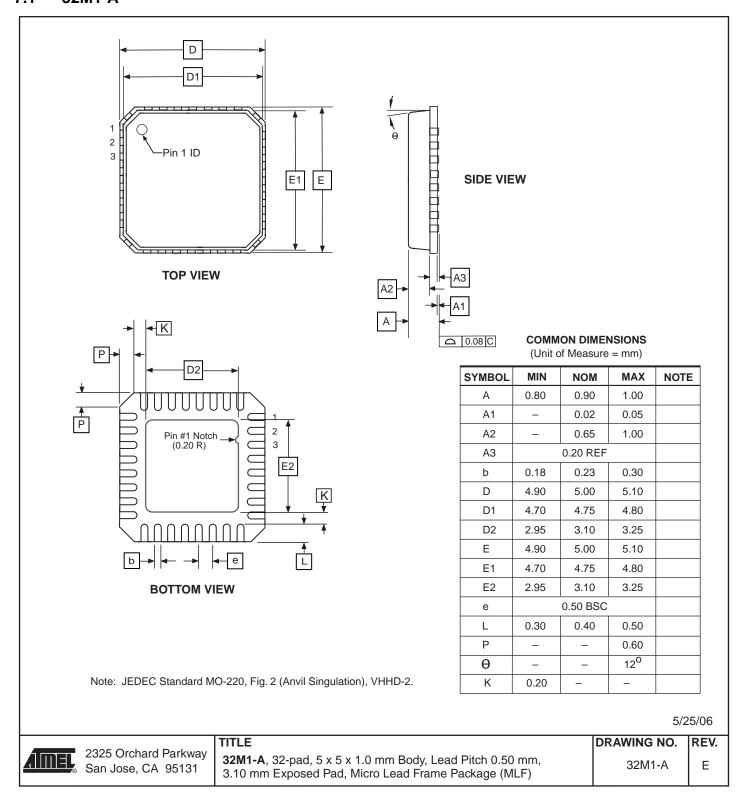
Package Type				
32M1-A	32-pad, 5 x 5 x 1.0 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)			
20P3	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)			
20\$2	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)			
20X	20-lead, 4.4 mm Wide, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)			



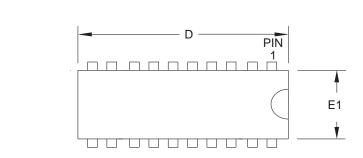


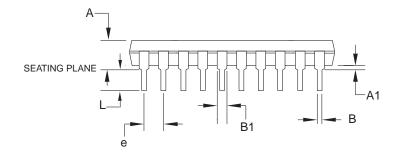
7. Packaging Information

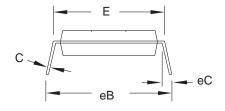
7.1 32M1-A



7.2 20P3







COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
А	_	_	5.334	
A1	0.381	_	_	
D	25.493	_	25.984	Note 2
E	7.620	_	8.255	
E1	6.096	_	7.112	Note 2
В	0.356	_	0.559	
B1	1.270	_	1.551	
L	2.921	_	3.810	
С	0.203	_	0.356	
еВ	-	_	10.922	
eC	0.000	_	1.524	
е		2.540 T	ΥP	

2010-10-19

Notes:

- 1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-001, Variation AD.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold Flash or Protrusion. Mold Flash or Protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 mm (0.010").

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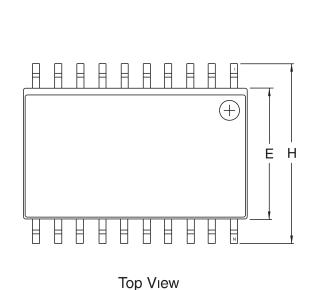
TITLE 20P3, 20-lead (0.300"/7.62 mm Wide) Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)

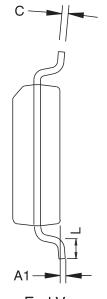
DRAWING NO. REV. 20P3 D



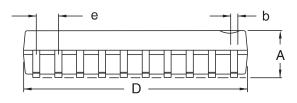


7.3 **20S2**





End View



Side View

COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure - mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	2.35		2.65	
A1	0.10		0.30	
b	0.33		0.51	4
С	0.23		0.32	
D	12.60		13.00	1
E	7.40		7.60	2
Н	10.00		10.65	
L	0.40		1.27	3
е		1.27 BS	С	

- Notes. 1. This drawing is for general information only; refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-013, Variation AC for additional information.
 - 2. Dimension 'D' does not include mold Flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold Flash, protrusions and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm (0.006') per side.
 - 3. Dimension 'E' does not include inter-lead Flash or protrusion. Inter-lead Flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm

 - 4. 'L' is the length of the terminal for soldering to a substrate.

 The lead width 'b', as measured 0.36 mm (0.014') or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61 mm

 11/6/06 (0.024') per side.

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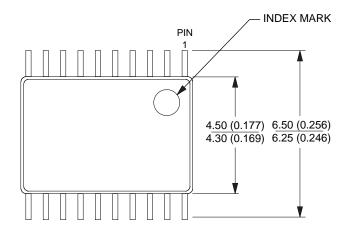
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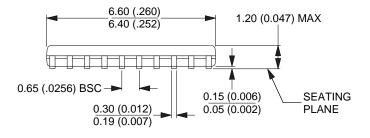
IIILE
20S2, 20-lead, 0.300' Wide Body, Plastic Gull
Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)

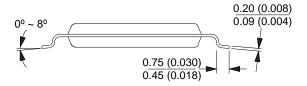
DRAWING	NO.	REV.
2082	2	В

7.4 20X

Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches). Controlling dimension: Millimeters. JEDEC Standard MO-153 AC







10/23/03

С

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TITLE 20X, (Formerly 20T), 20-lead, 4.4 mm Body Width, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP) DRAWING NO. REV. 20X





8. Errata

8.1 Errata ATtiny261A

The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATtiny261A device.

8.1.1 Rev D

No known errata.

8.1.2 Rev C

Not sampled.

8.2 Errata ATtiny461A

The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATtiny461A device.

8.2.1 Rev C

No known errata.

8.3 Errata ATtiny861A

The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATtiny861A device.

8.3.1 Rev D

No known errata.

8.3.2 Rev C

Not sampled.

9. Datasheet Revision History

9.1 Rev. 8197C - 05/11

- 1. Added:
 - Section 3.3 "Capacitive Touch Sensing" on page 6
 - Section 4. "CPU Core" on page 7
 - Table 6-10, "Capacitance of Low-Frequency Crystal Oscillator," on page 29
 - Table 15-5 on page 157
 - Section 19.7 "Analog Comparator Characteristics" on page 193
 - Table 19-8 on page 191
 - Table 19-9 on page 192
 - Tape & reel part numbers in Section 23. "Ordering Information" on page 281
 - Ordering codes for ATtiny261A with extended temperature, on page 281

2. Updated:

- Section 6.4 "Clock Output Buffer" on page 32 (CLKO)
- Figure 15-1 on page 142, "Analog to Digital Converter Block Schematic", changed INTERNAL 1.18V REFERENCE to 1.1V
- Table 18-8 on page 171, No. of Pages in the EEPROM from 64 to 32 for ATtiny261A
- Table 19-1 on page 185
- Section 19.3 "Speed" on page 187
- Characteristic plots Figure 20-3 on page 200, Figure 20-8 on page 202, Figure 20-54 on page 226, Figure 20-59 on page 228, Figure 20-105 on page 252, and Figure 20-110 on page 254
- Bit syntax throughout the datasheet, e.g. from CS02:0 to CS0[2:0]
- 3. Deleted:
 - "Preliminary" status. All devices now final and in production.
 - "Disclaimer" on page 6.

9.2 Rev. 8197B - 01/10

1. Updated 32M1-A drawing in Section 24. "Packaging Information" on page 284.

9.3 Rev. 8197A - 10/09

- 1. Initial revision created from document 2588C (ATtiny261/461/861)
- Updated "Ordering Information" on page 281, page 282 and page 283. Pb-plated packages are no longer offered and there are no separate ordering codes for commercial operation range, the only available option now is industrial. Also, added new package options
- 3. Added sections:
 - "Software BOD Disable" on page 36
 - "ATtiny461A" on page 225
 - "ATtiny861A" on page 251
- 4. Updated sections:
 - "Stack Pointer" on page 11





- "OSCCAL Oscillator Calibration Register" on page 32
- "MCUCR MCU Control Register" on page 38
- "MCUCR MCU Control Register" on page 51
- "MCUCR MCU Control Register" on page 68
- "Speed" on page 187
- "Enhanced Power-On Reset" on page 189
- "ATtiny261A" on page 199
- "Register Summary" on page 277

5. Updated tables:

- "DC Characteristics. TA = -40°C to +85°C, VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V (unless otherwise noted)." on page 185
- "Additional Current Consumption for the different I/O modules (absolute values)." on page 197
- "Additional Current Consumption (percentage) in Active and Idle mode." on page 198





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