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# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

# **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	3000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	12000
Total RAM Bits	589824
Number of I/O	197
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.045V ~ 1.155V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	381-FBGA
Supplier Device Package	381-CABGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfe5u-12f-8bg381i

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



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# **Acronyms in This Document**

A list of acronyms used in this document.

Acronym	Definition			
ALU	Arithmetic Logic Unit			
BGA	Ball Grid Array			
CDR	Clock and Data Recovery			
CRC	Cycle Redundancy Code			
DCC	Dynamic Clock Control			
DCS	Dynamic Clock Select			
DDR	Double Data Rate			
DLL	Delay-Locked Loops			
DSP	Digital Signal Processing			
EBR	Embedded Block RAM			
ECLK	Edge Clock			
FFT	Fast Fourier Transforms			
FIFO	First In First Out			
FIR	Finite Impulse Response			
LVCMOS	Low-Voltage Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor			
LVDS	Low-Voltage Differential Signaling			
LVPECL	Low Voltage Positive Emitter Coupled Logic			
LVTTL	Low Voltage Transistor-Transistor Logic			
LUT	Look Up Table			
MLVDS	Multipoint Low-Voltage Differential Signaling			
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect			
PCS	Physical Coding Sublayer			
PCLK	Primary Clock			
PDPR	Pseudo Dual Port RAM			
PFU	Programmable Functional Unit			
PIC	Programmable I/O Cells			
PLL	Phase-Locked Loops			
POR	Power On Reset			
SCI	SERDES Client Interface			
SERDES	Serializer/Deserializer			
SEU	Single Event Upset			
SLVS	Scalable Low-Voltage Signaling			
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface			
SPR	Single Port RAM			
SRAM	Static Random-Access Memory			
TAP	Test Access Port			



## 2.5.1.2. Dynamic Clock Select

The Dynamic Clock Select (DCS) is a smart multiplexer function available in the primary clock routing. It switches between two independent input clock sources. Depending on the operation modes, it switches between two (2) independent input clock sources either with or without any glitches. This is achieved regardless of when the select signal is toggled. Both input clocks must be running to achieve functioning glitch-less DCS output clock, but it is not required running clocks when used as non-glitch-less normal clock multiplexer.

There are two DCS blocks per device that are fed to all quadrants. The inputs to the DCS block come from all the output of MIDMUXs and Clock from CIB located at the center of the PLC array core. The output of the DCS is connected to one of the inputs of Primary Clock Center MUX.

Figure 2.7 shows the timing waveforms of the default DCS operating mode. The DCS block can be programmed to other modes. For more information about the DCS, refer to ECP5 and ECP5-5G sysClock PLL/DLL Design and Usage Guide (TN1263).

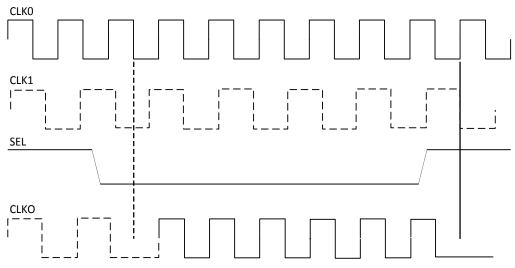


Figure 2.7. DCS Waveforms

# 2.5.2. Edge Clock

ECP5/ECP5-5G devices have a number of high-speed edge clocks that are intended for use with the PIOs in the implementation of high-speed interfaces. There are two ECLK networks per bank IO on the Left and Right sides of the devices.

Each Edge Clock can be sourced from the following:

- Dedicated Clock input pins (PCLK)
- DLLDEL output (Clock delayed by 90o)
- PLL outputs (CLKOP and CLKOS)
- ECLKBRIDGE
- Internal Nodes



- 5\*5 and larger size 2D blocks Semi internal DSP Slice support
- Flexible saturation and rounding options to satisfy a diverse set of applications situations
- Flexible cascading across DSP slices
  - Minimizes fabric use for common DSP and ALU functions
  - Enables implementation of FIR Filter or similar structures using dedicated sysDSP slice resources only
  - Provides matching pipeline registers
  - Can be configured to continue cascading from one row of sysDSP slices to another for longer cascade chains
- Flexible and Powerful Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) Supports:
  - Dynamically selectable ALU OPCODE
  - Ternary arithmetic (addition/subtraction of three inputs)
  - Bit-wise two-input logic operations (AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR and XNOR)
  - Eight flexible and programmable ALU flags that can be used for multiple pattern detection scenarios, such as, overflow, underflow and convergent rounding.
  - Flexible cascading across slices to get larger functions
- RTL Synthesis friendly synchronous reset on all registers, while still supporting asynchronous reset for legacy users
- Dynamic MUX selection to allow Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) of resources for applications that require processor-like flexibility that enables different functions for each clock cycle

For most cases, as shown in Figure 2.14, the ECP5/ECP5-5G sysDSP slice is backwards-compatible with the LatticeECP2™ and LatticeECP3™ sysDSP block, such that, legacy applications can be targeted to the ECP5/ ECP5-5G sysDSP slice. Figure 2.14 shows the diagram of sysDSP, and Figure 2.15 shows the detailed diagram.

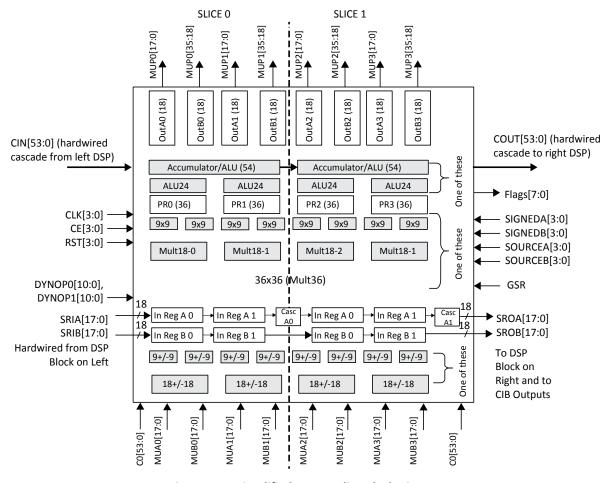


Figure 2.14. Simplified sysDSP Slice Block Diagram



# 3.10. Supply Current (Standby)

Over recommended operating conditions.

Table 3.8. ECP5/ECP5-5G Supply Current (Standby)

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typical	Unit
		LFE5U-12F/ LFE5U-25F/ LFE5UM-25F	77	mA
		LFE5UM5G-25F	77	mA
	Cons Bourse Consult Consult	LFE5U-45F/ LFE5UM-45F	116	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Core Power Supply Current	LFE5UM5G-45F	116	mA
		LFE5U-85F/ LFE5UM-85F	212	mA
		LFE5UM5G-85F	212	mA
I <sub>CCAUX</sub> Auxiliary P		LFE5U-12F/ LFE5U-25F/ LFE5UM-25F/ LFE5UM5G-25F	16	mA
	Auxiliary Power Supply Current	LFE5U-45F/ LFE5UM-45F/ LFE5UM5G-45F	17	mA
		LFE5U-85F/ LFE5UM-85F/ LFE5UM5G-85F	26	mA
		LFE5U-12F/ LFE5U-25F/ LFE5UM-25F/ LFE5UM5G-25F	0.5	mA
I <sub>CCIO</sub>	Bank Power Supply Current (Per Bank)	LFE5U-45F/ LFE5UM-45F/ LFE5UM5G-45F	0.5	mA
		LFE5U-85F/ LFE5UM-85F/ LFE5UM5G-85F	0.5	mA
		LFE5UM-25F	11	mA
		LFE5UM5G-25F	12	mA
	SERDES Power Supply Current (Per	LFE5UM-45F	9.5	mA
I <sub>CCA</sub>	Dual)	LFE5UM5G-45F	11	mA
		LFE5UM-85F	9.5	mA
		LFE5UM5G-85F	11	mA

## Notes:

- For further information on supply current, see the list of technical documentation in Supplemental Information section on page 102.
- Assumes all outputs are tristated, all inputs are configured as LVCMOS and held at the V<sub>CCIO</sub> or GND.
- Frequency 0 Hz.
- Pattern represents a "blank" configuration data file.
- T<sub>J</sub> = 85 °C, power supplies at nominal voltage.
- To determine the ECP5/ECP5-5G peak start-up current, use the Power Calculator tool in the Lattice Diamond Design Software.



# 3.11. SERDES Power Supply Requirements<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Over recommended operating conditions.

Table 3.9. ECP5UM

Symbol	Description	Тур	Max	Unit
Standby (Pov	ver Down)	'		ı.
I <sub>CCA-SB</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	4	9.5	mA
I <sub>CCHRX-SB</sub> <sup>4</sup>	V <sub>CCHRX</sub> , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	_	0.1	mA
I <sub>CCHTX-SB</sub>	V <sub>CCHTX</sub> , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	_	0.9	mA
Operating (Da	ata Rate = 3.125 Gb/s)			
I <sub>CCA-OP</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	43	54	mA
I <sub>CCHRX-OP</sub> <sup>5</sup>	V <sub>CCHRX</sub> , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4	0.5	mA
I <sub>CCHTX-OP</sub>	V <sub>CCHTX</sub> , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	10	13	mA
Operating (Da	ata Rate = 2.5 Gb/s)			
I <sub>CCA-OP</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	40	50	mA
I <sub>CCHRX-OP</sub> <sup>5</sup>	V <sub>CCHRX</sub> , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4	0.5	mA
I <sub>CCHTX-OP</sub>	V <sub>CCHTX</sub> , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	10 13		mA
Operating (Da	ata Rate = 1.25 Gb/s)			
I <sub>CCA-OP</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	34	43	mA
I <sub>CCHRX-OP</sub> <sup>5</sup>	V <sub>CCHRX</sub> , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4	0.5	mA
I <sub>CCHTX-OP</sub>	V <sub>CCHTX</sub> , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	10	13	mA
Operating (Da	ata Rate = 270 Mb/s)	•	•	,
I <sub>CCA-OP</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	28	38	mA
I <sub>CCHRX-OP</sub> <sup>5</sup>	V <sub>CCHRX</sub> , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4 0.5		mA
I <sub>CCHTX-OP</sub>	V <sub>CCHTX</sub> , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	8 10 mA		

## Notes:

- 1. Rx Equalization enabled, Tx De-emphasis (pre-cursor and post-cursor) disabled
- 2. Per Channel current is calculated with both channels on in a Dual, and divide current by two. If only one channel is on, current will be higher.
- 3. To calculate with Tx De-emphasis enabled, use the Diamond Power Calculator tool.
- 4. For Icchrx-sb, during Standby, input termination on Rx are disabled.
- 5. For Icchrx-op, during operational, the max specified when external AC coupling is used. If externally DC coupled, the power is based on current pulled down by external driver when the input is driven to LOW.



# 3.12. sysI/O Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 3.11. sysI/O Recommended Operating Conditions

Standard		V <sub>CCIO</sub>			V <sub>REF</sub> (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
LVCMOS33 <sup>1</sup>	3.135	3.3	3.465	_	_	_
LVCMOS33D <sup>3</sup> Output	3.135	3.3	3.465	_	_	_
LVCMOS25 <sup>1</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
LVCMOS18	1.71	1.8	1.89	_	_	_
LVCMOS15	1.425	1.5	1.575	_	_	_
LVCMOS12 <sup>1</sup>	1.14	1.2	1.26	_	_	_
LVTTL33 <sup>1</sup>	3.135	3.3	3.465	_	_	_
SSTL15_I, _II <sup>2</sup>	1.43	1.5	1.57	0.68	0.75	0.9
SSTL18_I, _II <sup>2</sup>	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969
SSTL135_I, _II <sup>2</sup>	1.28	1.35	1.42	0.6	0.675	0.75
HSUL12 <sup>2</sup>	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.588	0.6	0.612
MIPI D-PHY LP Input <sup>3, 5</sup>	1.425	1.5	1.575	_	_	_
LVDS25 <sup>1, 3</sup> Output	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
subLVS <sup>3</sup> (Input only)	_	_	_	_	_	_
SLVS <sup>3</sup> (Input only)	_	_	_	_	_	_
LVDS25E <sup>3</sup> Output	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
MLVDS <sup>3</sup> Output	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
LVPECL33 <sup>1, 3</sup> Output	3.135	3.3	3.465	_	_	_
BLVDS25 <sup>1, 3</sup> Output	2.375	2.5	2.625	_	_	_
HSULD12D <sup>2, 3</sup>	1.14	1.2	1.26	_	_	
SSTL135D_I, II <sup>2,3</sup>	1.28	1.35	1.42	_	_	_
SSTL15D_I, II <sup>2, 3</sup>	1.43	1.5	1.57	_	_	_
SSTL18D_I <sup>1, 2, 3</sup> , II <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	1.71	1.8	1.89	_	_	_

# Notes:

- 1. For input voltage compatibility, refer to ECP5 and ECP5-5G sysIO Usage Guide (TN1262).
- 2.  $V_{REF}$  is required when using Differential SSTL and HSUL to interface to DDR/LPDDR memories.
- 3. These differential inputs use LVDS input comparator, which uses V<sub>CCAUX</sub> power
- 4. All differential inputs and LVDS25 output are supported in the Left and Right banks only. Refer to ECP5 and ECP5-5G sysIO Usage Guide (TN1262) for details.
- 5. MIPI D-PHY LP input can be implemented by powering VCCIO to 1.5V, and select MIPI LP primitive to meet MIPI Alliance spec on  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$ . It can also be implemented as LVCMOS12 with VCCIO at 1.2V, which would meet  $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$  spec on LVCOM12.



# 3.14.7. MLVDS25

The ECP5/ECP5-5G devices support the differential MLVDS standard. This standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with a parallel resistor across the driver outputs. The MLVDS input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3.4 is one possible solution for MLVDS standard implementation. Resistor values in the figure are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

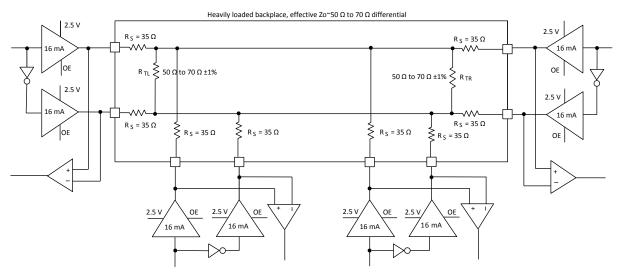


Figure 3.4. MLVDS25 (Multipoint Low Voltage Differential Signaling)

Table 3.17. MLVDS25 DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Тур	Unit	
Parameter	Description	Zo=50 Ω	Ζο=70 Ω	Onit
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	Output Driver Supply (±5%)	2.50	2.50	V
Z <sub>OUT</sub>	Driver Impedance	10.00	10.00	Ω
R <sub>S</sub>	Driver Series Resistor (±1%)	35.00	35.00	Ω
R <sub>TL</sub>	Driver Parallel Resistor (±1%)	50.00	70.00	Ω
R <sub>TR</sub>	Receiver Termination (±1%)	50.00	70.00	Ω
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	1.52	1.60	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	0.98	0.90	V
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output Differential Voltage		0.70	V
V <sub>CM</sub>	Output Common Mode Voltage	1.25	1.25	V
I <sub>DC</sub>	DC Output Current	21.74	20.00	mA

Note: For input buffer, see LVDS Table 3.13 on page 55.



**Table 3.22. ECP5/ECP5-5G External Switching Characteristics** (Continued)

Table 3.22. ECP5/	able 3.22. ECP5/ECP5-5G External Switching Characteristics (Continued)								
Parameter	Description	Device	-8 -		-7		-6	Unit	
raiametei	Description	Device	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Oilit
Generic DDR Outp	ut								
Generic DDRX1 Ou	tputs With Clock and Data Cente	red at Pin (GD	DRX1_TX	.SCLK.Ce	ntered) l	Jsing PCL	K Clock Ir	put - Fig	ure 3.6
$t_{\text{DVB\_GDDRX1\_centered}}$	Data Output Valid before CLK Output	All Devices	-0.67	_	-0.67	_	-0.67	_	ns + 1/2 UI
t <sub>DVA_GDDRX1_centered</sub>	Data Output Valid after CLK Output	All Devices	-0.67	_	-0.67	_	-0.67	_	ns + 1/2 UI
$f_{DATA\_GDDRX1\_centered}$	GDDRX1 Data Rate	All Devices	_	500	_	500	_	500	Mb/s
f <sub>MAX_GDDRX1_centered</sub>	GDDRX1 CLK Frequency (SCLK)	All Devices	_	250	_	250	_	250	MHz
Generic DDRX1 Ou	tputs With Clock and Data Aligne	ed at Pin (GDD	RX1_TX.	CLK.Alig	ned) Usin	g PCLK C	lock Inpu	t - Figure	3.9
t <sub>DIB_GDDRX1_aligned</sub>	Data Output Invalid before CLK Output	All Devices	-0.3	_	-0.3	_	-0.3	_	ns
t <sub>DIA_GDDRX1_aligned</sub>	Data Output Invalid after CLK Output	All Devices	1	0.3	_	0.3	_	0.3	ns
$f_{DATA\_GDDRX1\_aligned}$	GDDRX1 Data Rate	All Devices	_	500	_	500	_	500	Mb/s
$f_{\text{MAX\_GDDRX1\_aligned}}$	GDDRX1 CLK Frequency (SCLK)	All Devices	_	250	_	250	_	250	MHz
Generic DDRX2 Ou	tputs With Clock and Data Cente	red at Pin (GD	DRX2_TX	.ECLK.Ce	ntered) l	Jsing PCL	K Clock II	nput, Left	and
Right sides Only -	Figure 3.8								
$t_{\text{DVB\_GDDRX2\_centered}}$	Data Output Valid Before CLK Output	All Devices	- 0.442	_	-0.56	_	- 0.676	_	ns + 1/2 UI
$t_{DVA\_GDDRX2\_centered}$	Data Output Valid After CLK Output	All Devices	_	0.442	_	0.56	_	0.676	ns + 1/2 UI
$f_{DATA\_GDDRX2\_centered}$	GDDRX2 Data Rate	All Devices	_	800	_	700	_	624	Mb/s
f <sub>MAX_GDDRX2_centered</sub>	GDDRX2 CLK Frequency (ECLK)	All Devices	_	400	_	350	_	312	MHz
	tputs With Clock and Data Aligne	ed at Pin (GDD	RX2_TX.I	CLK.Alig	ned) Usin	g PCLK C	lock Inpu	t, Left an	d Right
sides Only - Figure				1	I	ı	1	ı	1
t <sub>DIB_GDDRX2_aligned</sub>	Data Output Invalid before CLK Output	All Devices	-0.16	_	-0.18	_	-0.2	_	ns
$t_{DIA\_GDDRX2\_aligned}$	Data Output Invalid after CLK Output	All Devices	_	0.16	_	0.18	_	0.2	ns
$f_{DATA\_GDDRX2\_aligned}$	GDDRX2 Data Rate	All Devices	_	800	_	700	_	624	Mb/s
f <sub>MAX_GDDRX2_aligned</sub>	GDDRX2 CLK Frequency (ECLK)	All Devices	_	400	_	350	_	312	MHz
Video DDRX71 Out	tputs With Clock and Data Aligne	d at Pin (GDDF	RX71_TX.	ECLK) Usi	ing PLL Cl	ock Input	t, Left an	d Right si	des Only
- Figure 3.12							ı	ı	
$t_{\text{DIB\_LVDS71\_i}}$	Data Output Invalid before CLK Output	All Devices	-0.16	_	-0.18	_	-0.2	_	ns + (i) * UI
$t_{DIA\_LVDS71\_i}$	Data Output Invalid after CLK Output	All Devices	_	0.16	_	0.18	_	0.2	ns + (i) * UI
f <sub>DATA_LVDS71</sub>	DDR71 Data Rate	All Devices	_	756	_	620	_	525	Mb/s
f <sub>MAX LVDS71</sub>	DDR71 CLK Frequency (ECLK)	All Devices	_	378	_	310	_	262.5	MHz
Memory Interface									
DDR2/DDR3/LPDDR2/LPDDR3 READ (DQ Input Data are Aligned to DQS)									
t <sub>DVBDQ DDR2</sub>			<u> </u>	.,					
t <sub>DVBDQ_DDR3</sub> t <sub>DVBDQ_DDR3L</sub>	Data Output Valid before DQS	All Devices	_	-0.26	_	_	_	_	ns + 1/2
t <sub>DVBDQ_LPDDR2</sub>	Input	3003				0.317		0.374	UI
t <sub>DVADQ DDR2</sub>									
t <sub>DVADQ_DDR3</sub>	Data Output Valid after DOS								nc   1/2
t <sub>DVADQ_DDR3L</sub>	Data Output Valid after DQS Input	All Devices	0.26	_	0.317	_	0.374	_	ns + 1/2 UI
t <sub>DVADQ_LPDDR2</sub>	put								51
t <sub>DVADQ_LPDDR3</sub>		1							

**Table 3.22. ECP5/ECP5-5G External Switching Characteristics** (Continued)



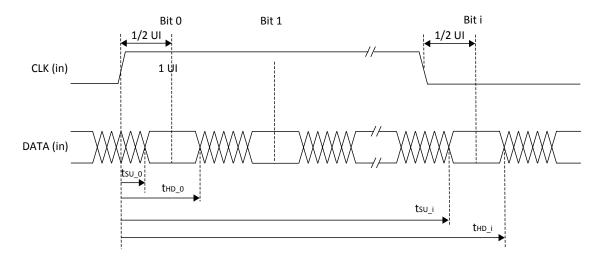


Figure 3.11. Receiver DDRX71\_RX Waveforms

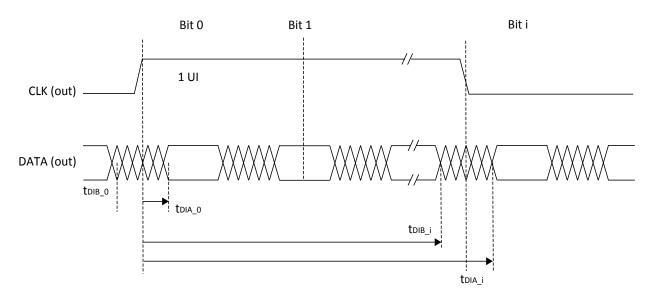


Figure 3.12. Transmitter DDRX71\_TX Waveforms



# 3.24. SERDES External Reference Clock

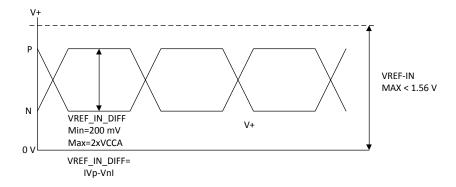
The external reference clock selection and its interface are a critical part of system applications for this product. Table 3.29 specifies reference clock requirements, over the full range of operating conditions.

Table 3.29. External Reference Clock Specification (refclkp/refclkn)

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
F <sub>REF</sub>	Frequency range	50	_	320	MHz
F <sub>REF-PPM</sub>	Frequency tolerance <sup>1</sup>	-1000	_	1000	ppm
V <sub>REF-IN-SE</sub>	Input swing, single-ended clock <sup>2, 4</sup>	200	_	V <sub>CCAUXA</sub>	mV, p-p
V <sub>REF-IN-DIFF</sub>	Input swing, differential clock	200	00 — 2*Vccauya		mV, p-p differential
$V_{REF-IN}$	Input levels	0	_	V <sub>CCAUXA</sub> + 0.4	V
D <sub>REF</sub>	Duty cycle <sup>3</sup>	40	_	60	%
T <sub>REF-R</sub>	Rise time (20% to 80%)	200	500	1000	ps
T <sub>REF-F</sub>	Fall time (80% to 20%)	200	500	1000	ps
Z <sub>REF-IN-TERM-DIFF</sub>	Differential input termination	-30%	100/HiZ	+30%	Ω
C <sub>REF-IN-CAP</sub>	Input capacitance	_	_	7	pF

#### Notes:

- Depending on the application, the PLL\_LOL\_SET and CDR\_LOL\_SET control registers may be adjusted for other tolerance values as described in ECP5 and ECP5-5G SERDES/PCS Usage Guide (TN1261).
- 2. The signal swing for a single-ended input clock must be as large as the p-p differential swing of a differential input clock to get the same gain at the input receiver. With single-ended clock, a reference voltage needs to be externally connected to CLKREFN pin, and the input voltage needs to be swung around this reference voltage.
- 3. Measured at 50% amplitude.
- Single-ended clocking is achieved by applying a reference voltage V<sub>REF</sub> on REFCLKN input, with the clock applied to REFCLKP input pin. V<sub>REF</sub> should be set to mid-point of the REFCLKP voltage swing.



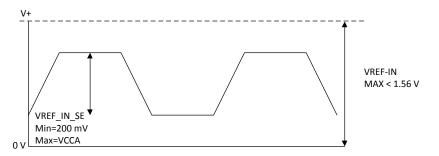


Figure 3.14. SERDES External Reference Clock Waveforms

FPGA-DS-02012-1.9 75

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# 3.27. XAUI/CPRI LV E.30 Electrical and Timing Characteristics

### 3.27.1. AC and DC Characteristics

Over recommended operating conditions.

### Table 3.33. Transmit

Symbol	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$T_{RF}$	Differential rise/fall time	20% to 80%	_	80	1	ps
Z <sub>TX_DIFF_DC</sub>	Differential impedance	_	80	100	120	Ω
J <sub>TX_DDJ</sub> <sup>2, 3</sup>	Output data deterministic jitter	0.17		0.17	UI	
J <sub>TX_TJ</sub> 1, 2, 3	Total output data jitter	_	_	-	0.35	UI

### Notes:

- 1. Total jitter includes both deterministic jitter and random jitter.
- 2. Jitter values are measured with each CML output AC coupled into a 50  $\Omega$  impedance (100  $\Omega$  differential impedance).
- 3. Jitter and skew are specified between differential crossings of the 50% threshold of the reference signal.

Over recommended operating conditions.

Table 3.34. Receive and Jitter Tolerance

Symbol	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
RL <sub>RX_DIFF</sub>	Differential return loss	From 100 MHz to 3.125 GHz	10	_	_	dB
RL <sub>RX_CM</sub>	Common mode return loss	From 100 MHz to 3.125 GHz	6	_	_	dB
Z <sub>RX_DIFF</sub>	Differential termination resistance	_	80	100	120	Ω
J <sub>RX_DJ</sub> 1, 2, 3	Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	_	_	_	0.37	UI
J <sub>RX_RJ</sub> 1, 2, 3	Random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	_	_	_	0.18	UI
J <sub>RX_SJ</sub> 1, 2, 3	Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	_	_	_	0.10	UI
J <sub>RX_TJ</sub> 1, 2, 3	Total jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	_	_	_	0.65	UI
T <sub>RX_EYE</sub>	Receiver eye opening	_	0.35	_	_	UI

### Notes:

- 1. Total jitter includes deterministic jitter, random jitter and sinusoidal jitter.
- 2. Jitter values are measured with each high-speed input AC coupled into a 50  $\Omega$  impedance.
- 3. Jitter and skew are specified between differential crossings of the 50% threshold of the reference signal.

# 3.28. CPRI LV E.24/SGMII(2.5Gbps) Electrical and Timing Characteristics

# 3.28.1. AC and DC Characteristics

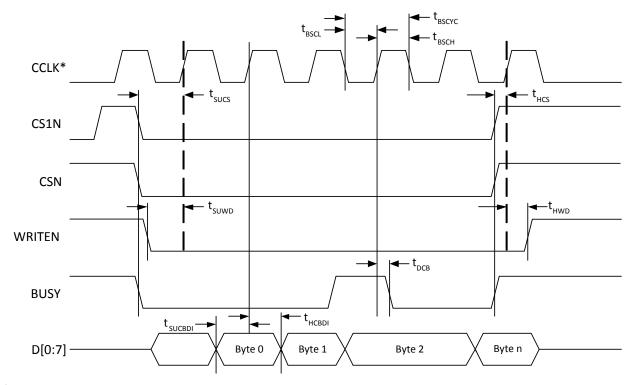
Table 3.35. Transmit

Symbol	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>RF</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Differential rise/fall time	20% to 80%	1	80	-	ps
Z <sub>TX_DIFF_DC</sub>	Differential impedance	_	80	100	120	Ω
J <sub>TX_DDJ</sub> 3, 4	Output data deterministic jitter	_	-	_	0.17	UI
J <sub>TX_TJ</sub> <sup>2, 3, 4</sup>	Total output data jitter	_	_	_	0.35	UI

### Notes:

- Rise and Fall times measured with board trace, connector and approximately 2.5 pf load.
- Total jitter includes both deterministic jitter and random jitter. The random jitter is the total jitter minus the actual deterministic jitter.
- 3. Jitter values are measured with each CML output AC coupled into a 50  $\Omega$  impedance (100  $\Omega$  differential impedance).
- 4. Jitter and skew are specified between differential crossings of the 50% threshold of the reference signal.





<sup>\*</sup>In Master Parallel Mode the FPGA provides CCLK (MCLK). In Slave Parallel Mode the external device provides CCLK.

Figure 3.16. sysCONFIG Parallel Port Write Cycle

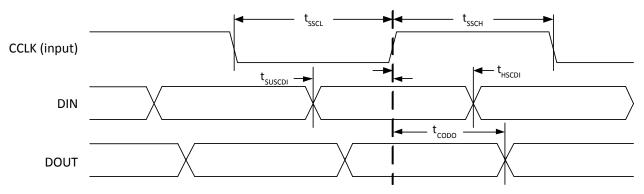
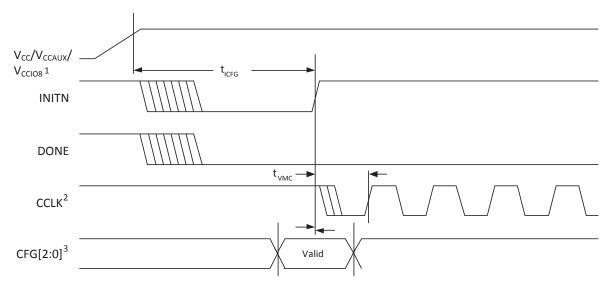


Figure 3.17. sysCONFIG Slave Serial Port Timing





- 1. Time taken from  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{CCAUX}$  or  $V_{CCIO8}$ , whichever is the last to cross the POR trip point.
- 2. Device is in a Master Mode (SPI, SPIm).
- 3. The CFG pins are normally static (hardwired).

Figure 3.18. Power-On-Reset (POR) Timing

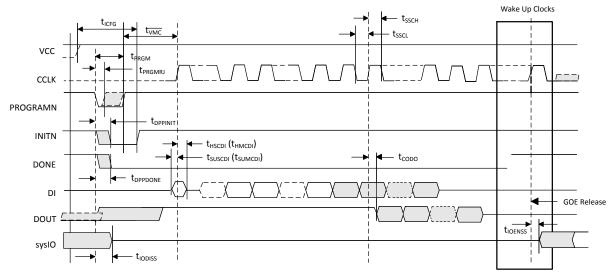


Figure 3.19. sysCONFIG Port Timing



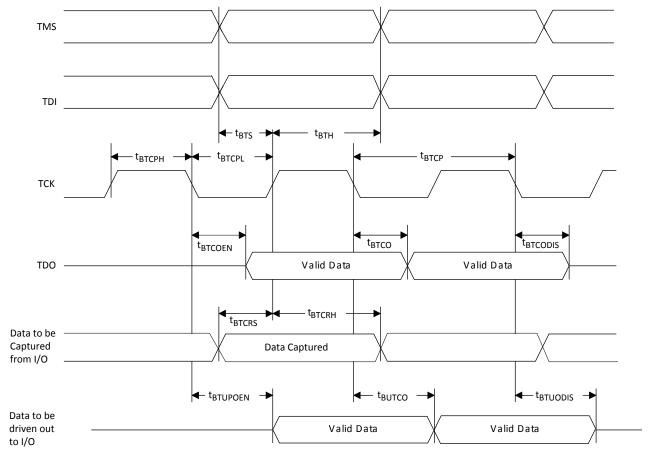
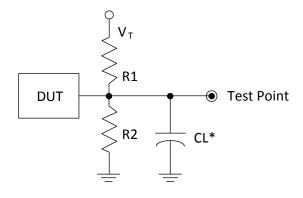


Figure 3.23. JTAG Port Timing Waveforms

# 3.33. Switching Test Conditions

Figure 3.24 shows the output test load that is used for AC testing. The specific values for resistance, capacitance, voltage, and other test conditions are listed in Table 3.44.



\*CL Includes Test Fixture and Probe Capacitance

Figure 3.24. Output Test Load, LVTTL and LVCMOS Standards



Signal Name	1/0	Description
PLL, DLL and Clock Functions (Conti	nued)	
[L/R]DQS[group_num]	1/0	DQS input/output pads: T (top), R (right), group_ num = ball number associated with DQS[T] pin.
[T/R]]DQ[group_num]	1/0	DQ input/output pads: T (top), R (right), group_ num = ball number associated with DQS[T] pin.
Test and Programming (Dedicated	Pins)	
TMS	I	Test Mode Select input, used to control the 1149.1 state machine. Pull-up is enabled during configuration. This is a dedicated input pin.
тск	I	Test Clock input pin, used to clock the 1149.1 state machine. No pull-up enabled. This is a dedicated input pin.
TDI	I	Test Data in pin. Used to load data into device using 1149.1 state machine. After power-up, this TAP port can be activated for configuration by sending appropriate command. (Note: once a configuration port is selected it is locked. Another configuration port cannot be selected until the power-up sequence). Pull-up is enabled during configuration. This is a dedicated input pin.
TDO	0	Output pin. Test Data Out pin used to shift data out of a device using 1149.1. This is a dedicated output pin.
Configuration Pads (Used during sy	sCONFIG)	
CFG[2:0]	ı	Mode pins used to specify configuration mode values latched on rising edge of INITN. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled. These are dedicated pins.
INITN	I/O	Open Drain pin. Indicates the FPGA is ready to be configured. During configuration, a pull-up is enabled.  This is a dedicated pin.
PROGRAMN	ı	Initiates configuration sequence when asserted low. This pin always has an active pull-up. This is a dedicated pin.
DONE	1/0	Open Drain pin. Indicates that the configuration sequence is complete, and the startup sequence is in progress.  This is a dedicated pin.
CCLK	1/0	Input Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in Slave SPI, Serial, and CPU modes. Output Configuration Clock for configuring an FPGA in Master configuration modes (Master SPI, Master Serial).  This is a dedicated pin.
HOLDN/DI/BUSY/CSSPIN/CEN	I/O	Parallel configuration mode busy indicator. SPI/SPIm mode data output.  This is a shared I/O pin. This is a shared I/O pin. When not in configuration, it can be used as general purpose I/O pin.
CSN/SN	1/0	Parallel configuration mode active-low chip select. Slave SPI chip select. This is a shared I/O pin. When not in configuration, it can be used as general purpose I/O pin.
CS1N	I	Parallel configuration mode active-low chip select. This is a shared I/O pin. When not in configuration, it can be used as general purpose I/O pin.
WRITEN	ı	Write enable for parallel configuration modes.  This is a shared I/O pin. When not in configuration, it can be used as general purpose I/O pin.
DOUT/CSON	0	Serial data output. Chip select output. SPI/SPIm mode chip select. This is a shared I/O pin. When not in configuration, it can be used as general purpose I/O
D0/MOSI/IO0	1/0	Parallel configuration I/O. Open drain during configuration. When in SPI modes, it is an output in Master mode, and input in Slave mode.  This is a shared I/O pin. When not in configuration, it can be used as general purpose I/O pin.

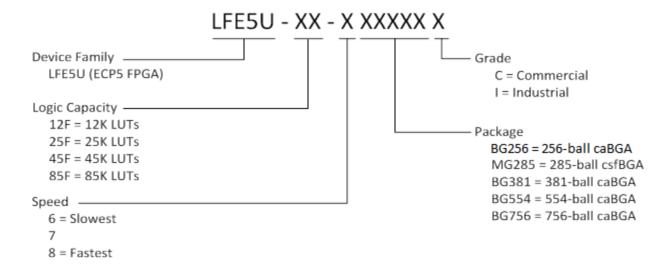


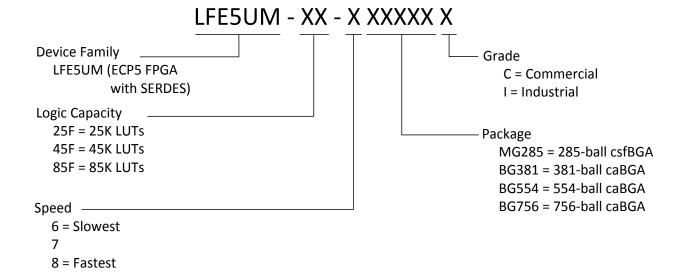
Pin Information Summary Pin Type		LFE5UM/ LFE5UM5G-25		LFE5UM/LFE5UM5G-45			LFE5UM/LFE5UM5G-85			
		285 csfBG	381 caBGA	285 csfBGA	381 caBG	554 caBGA	285 csfBGA	381 caBG	554 caBGA	756 caBGA
TAP		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Miscellaneous Dedicated Pins		7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
GND		83	59	83	59	113	83	59	113	166
NC		1	8	1	2	33	1	0	17	29
Reserved		0	2	0	2	4	0	2	4	4
SERDES		14	28	14	28	28	14	28	28	28
VCCV (CEDDEC)	VCCA0	2	2	2	2	6	2	2	6	8
VCCA (SERDES)	VCCA1	0	2	0	2	6	0	2	6	9
VCCALIV (CERDEC)	VCCAUXA0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
VCCAUX (SERDES)	VCCAUXA1	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	2	2
GNDA (SERDES)		26	26	26	26	49	26	26	49	60
Total Balls		285	381	285	381	554	285	381	554	756
	Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 2	10/8	16/8	10/8	16/8	16/8	10/8	17/9	16/8	24/12
High Speed Differential Input	Bank 3	14/7	16/8	14/7	16/8	24/12	14/7	16/8	24/12	32/16
/ Output Pairs	Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 6	13/6	16/8	13/6	16/8	24/12	13/6	16/8	24/12	32/16
	Bank 7	8/6	16/8	8/6	16/8	16/8	8/6	16/8	16/8	24/12
	Bank 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total High Speed Differential I/O Pairs		45/2	64/32	45/27	64/3	80/40	45/27	65/3	80/40	112/5
	Bank 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DQS Groups	Bank 2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	3
(> 11 pins in group)	Bank 3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	4
	Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bank 6	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	4
	Bank 7	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	3
	Bank 8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total DQS Groups		6	8	6	8	10	6	8	10	14



# 5. Ordering Information

# 5.1. ECP5/ECP5-5G Part Number Description







Part number	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)	SERDES
LFE5U-85F-6BG756I	-6	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-7BG756I	-7	Lead free caBGA	756	756 Industrial		No
LFE5U-85F-8BG756I	-8	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	No
LFE5UM-25F-6MG285I	-6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-7MG285I	<b>-</b> 7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-8MG285I	-8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-6BG381I	-6	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-7BG381I	<b>-</b> 7	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-8BG381I	-8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6MG285I	-6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7MG285I	<b>-</b> 7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8MG285I	-8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6BG381I	-6	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7BG381I	-7	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8BG381I	-8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6BG554I	-6	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7BG554I	-7	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8BG554I	-8	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6MG285I	-6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7MG285I	-7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8MG285I	-8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG381I	-6	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG381I	<b>-</b> 7	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG381I	-8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG554I	-6	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG554I	<b>-</b> 7	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG554I	-8	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG756I	-6	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG756I	<b>-</b> 7	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG756I	-8	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-25F-8MG285I	-8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM5G-25F-8BG381I	-8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8MG285I	-8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8BG381I	-8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8BG554I	-8	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8MG285I	-8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8BG381I	-8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8BG554I	-8	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8BG756I	-8	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	Yes



# (Continued)

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary				
November 2015	1.5	All	Added ECP5-5G device family.				
			Changed document title to ECP5 and ECP5-5G Family Data Sheet.				
	1.4	General Description	Updated Features section. Added support for eDP in RDR and HDR.				
		Architecture	Updated Overview section.				
			Revised Figure 2.1. Simplified Block Diagram, LFE5UM/LFE5UM5G-85 Device (Top Level). Modified Flexible sysIO description and Note.				
			Updated SERDES and Physical Coding Sublayer section.				
			Changed E.24.V in CPRI protocol to E.24.LV.				
			Removed "1.1 V" from paragraph on unused Dual.				
		DC and Switching	Updated Hot Socketing Requirements section. Revised V <sub>CCHTX</sub> in table				
		Characteristics	notes 1 and 3. Indicated V <sub>CCHTX</sub> in table note 4.				
			Updated SERDES High-Speed Data Transmitter section. Revised V <sub>CCHTX</sub>				
	ļ		in table note 1.				
		Ordering Information	Updated ECP5/ECP5-5G Part Number Description section. Changed "LFE5 FPGA" under Device Family to "ECP5 FPGA".				
August 2015	1.3	General Description	Updated Features section.				
			Removed SMPTE3G under Embedded SERDES.				
			Added Single Event Upset (SEU) Mitigation Support.				
			Removed SMPTE protocol in fifth paragraph.				
		Architecture	General update.				
		DC and Switching Characteristics	General update.				
		Pinout Information	Updated Signal Descriptions section. Revised the descriptions of the following signals:				
			P[L/R] [Group Number]_[A/B/C/D]				
			P[T/B][Group Number]_[A/B]				
			D4/IO4 (Previously named D4/MOSI2/IO4)				
			D5/IO5 (Previously named D5/MISO/IO5)				
			VCCHRX_D[dual_num]CH[chan_num]				
			VCCHTX_D[dual_num]CH[chan_num]				
		Supplemental Information	Added TN1184 reference.				