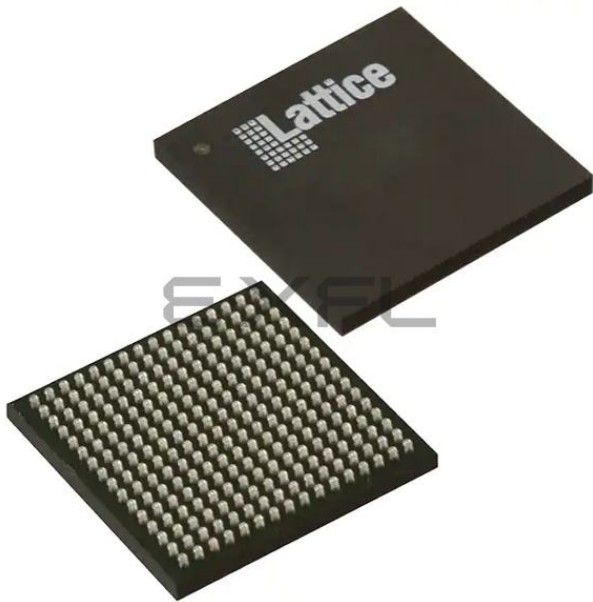




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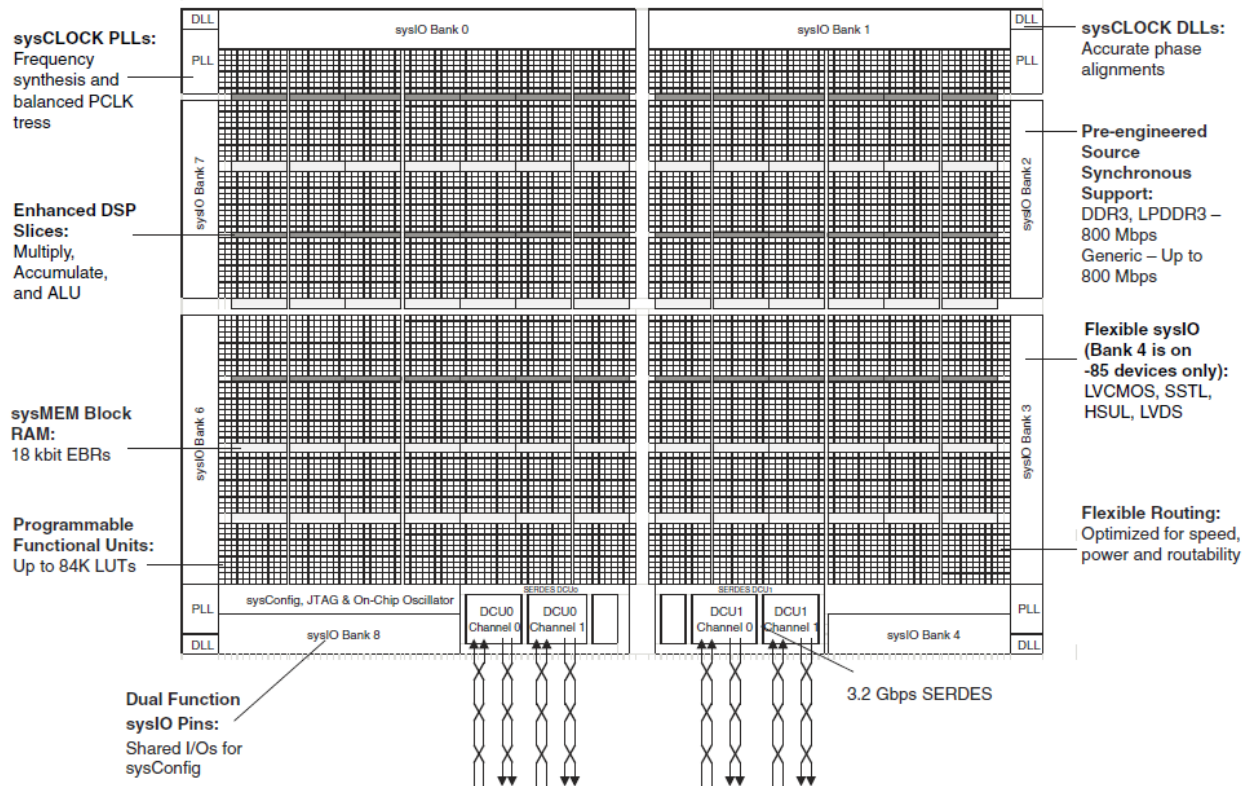
Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	11000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	44000
Total RAM Bits	1990656
Number of I/O	197
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.045V ~ 1.155V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	256-CABGA (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lfe5u-45f-8bg256i

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Note: There is no Bank 4 in -25 and -45 devices.
There are no PLL and DLL on the top corners in -25 devices.

Figure 2.1. Simplified Block Diagram, LFE5UM/LFE5UM5G-85 Device (Top Level)

2.2. PFU Blocks

The core of the ECP5/ECP5-5G device consists of PFU blocks. Each PFU block consists of four interconnected slices numbered 0-3, as shown in Figure 2.2. Each slice contains two LUTs. All the interconnections to and from PFU blocks are from routing. There are 50 inputs and 23 outputs associated with each PFU block.

The PFU block can be used in Distributed RAM or ROM function, or used to perform Logic, Arithmetic, or ROM functions. Table 2.1 shows the functions each slice can perform in either mode.

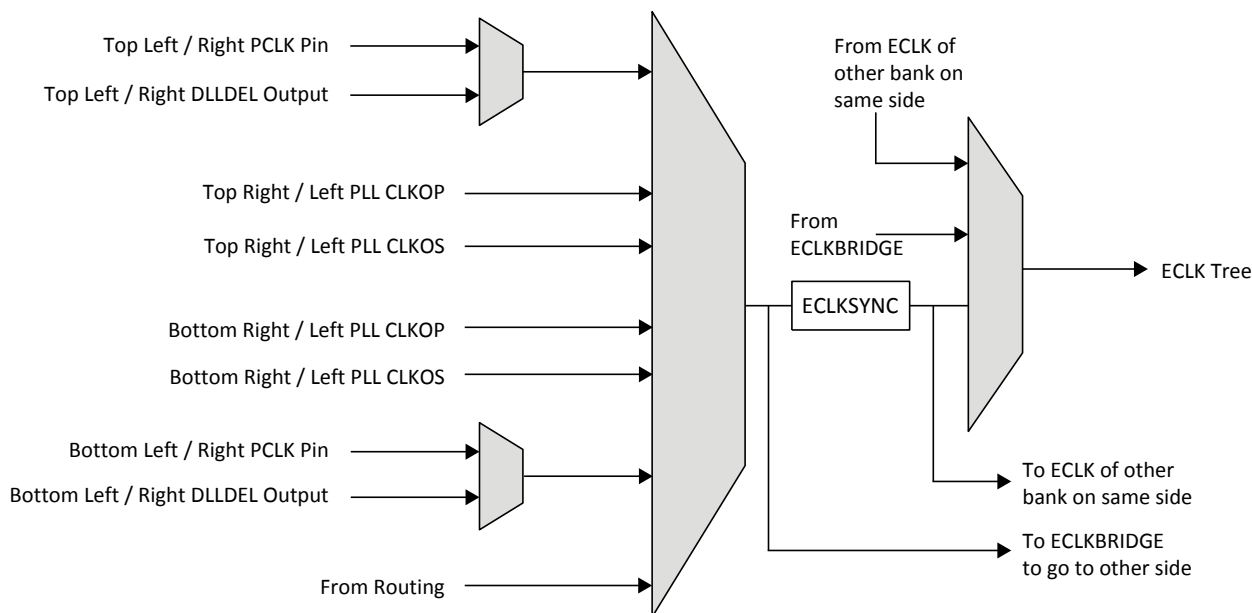


Figure 2.8. Edge Clock Sources per Bank

The edge clocks have low injection delay and low skew. They are used for DDR Memory or Generic DDR interfaces. For detailed information on Edge Clock connections, refer to [ECP5 and ECP5-5G sysClock PLL/DLL Design and Usage Guide \(TN1263\)](#).

2.6. Clock Dividers

ECP5/ECP5-5G devices have two clock dividers, one on the left side and one on the right side of the device. These are intended to generate a slower-speed system clock from a high-speed edge clock. The block operates in a $\div 2$, $\div 3.5$ mode and maintains a known phase relationship between the divided down clock and the high-speed clock based on the release of its reset signal.

The clock dividers can be fed from selected PLL outputs, external primary clock pins multiplexed with the DDRDEL Slave Delay or from routing. The clock divider outputs serve as primary clock sources and feed into the clock distribution network. The Reset (RST) control signal resets input and asynchronously forces all outputs to low. The SLIP signal slips the outputs one cycle relative to the input clock. For further information on clock dividers, refer to [ECP5 and ECP5-5G sysClock PLL/DLL Design and Usage Guide \(TN1263\)](#). Figure 2.9 shows the clock divider connections.

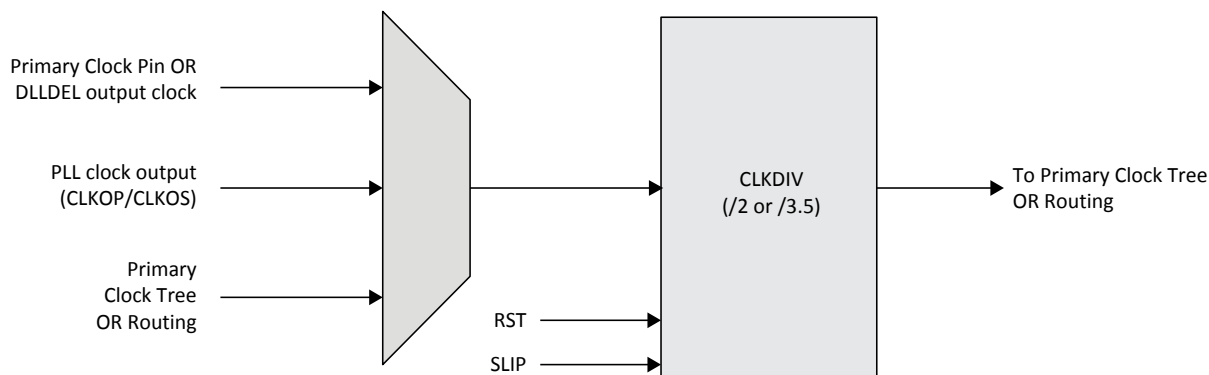


Figure 2.9. ECP5/ECP5-5G Clock Divider Sources

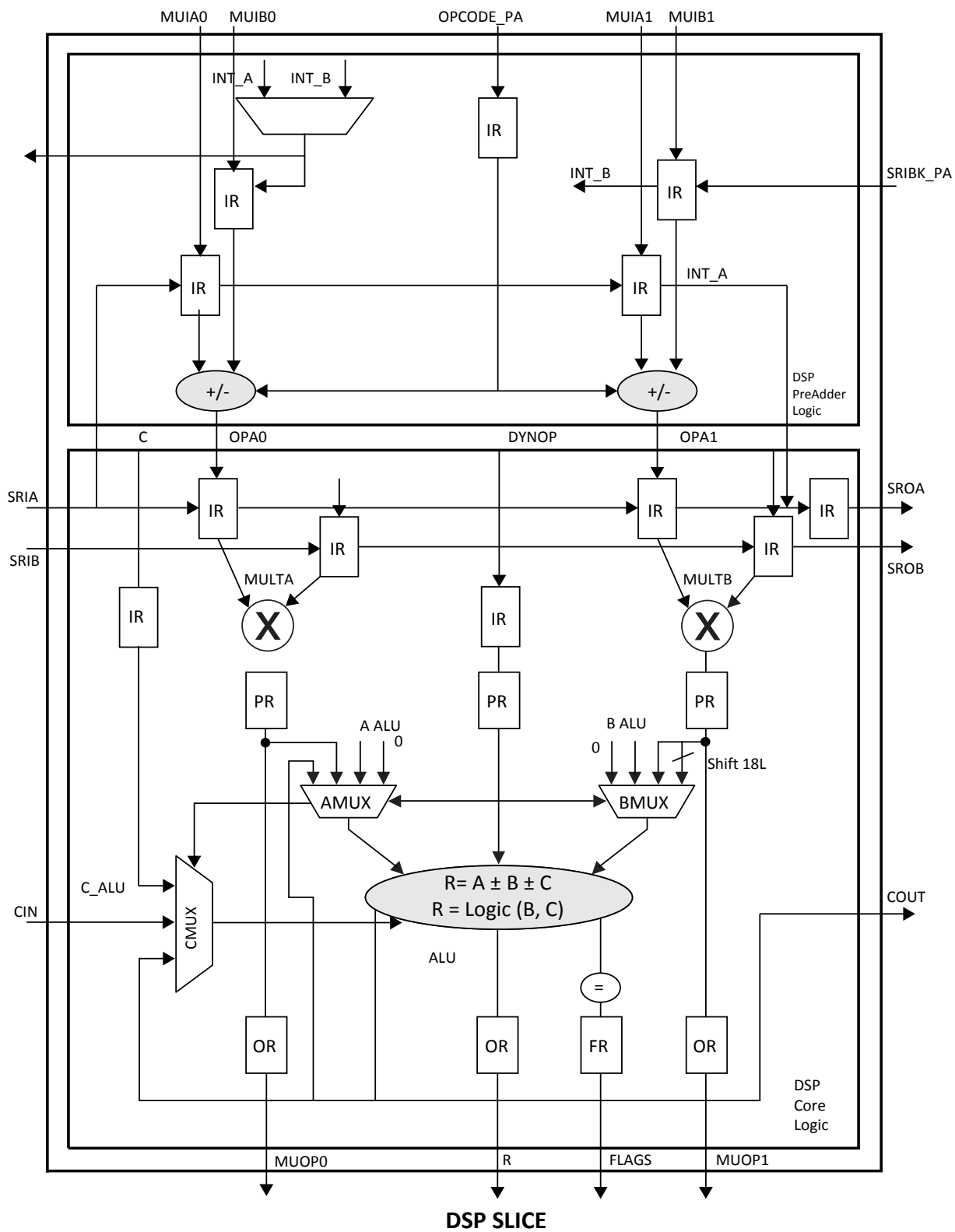


Figure 2.15. Detailed sysDSP Slice Diagram

2.11.1.1. Input FIFO

The ECP5/ECP5-5G PIO has dedicated input FIFO per single-ended pin for input data register for DDR Memory interfaces. The FIFO resides before the gearing logic. It transfers data from DQS domain to continuous ECLK domain. On the Write side of the FIFO, it is clocked by DQS clock which is the delayed version of the DQS Strobe signal from DDR memory. On the Read side of FIFO, it is clocked by ECLK. ECLK may be any high speed clock with identical frequency as DQS (the frequency of the memory chip). Each DQS group has one FIFO control block. It distributes FIFO read/write pointer to every PIC in same DQS group. DQS Grouping and DQS Control Block is described in [DDR Memory Support](#) section on page 35.

Table 2.8. Input Block Port Description

Name	Type	Description
D	Input	High Speed Data Input
Q[1:0]/Q[3:0]/Q[6:0]	Output	Low Speed Data to the device core
RST	Input	Reset to the Output Block
SCLK	Input	Slow Speed System Clock
ECLK	Input	High Speed Edge Clock
DQS	Input	Clock from DQS control Block used to clock DDR memory data
ALIGNWD	Input	Data Alignment signal from device core.

2.11.2. Output Register Block

The output register block registers signal from the core of the device before they are passed to the sysIO buffers. ECP5/ECP5-5G output data path has output programmable flip flops and output gearing logic. On the left and right sides, the output register block can support 1x, 2x and 7:1 gearing enabling high speed DDR interfaces and DDR memory interfaces. On the top side, the banks support 1x gearing. ECP5/ECP5-5G output data path diagram is shown in [Figure 2.19](#). The programmable delay cells are also available in the output data path.

For detailed description of the output register block modes and usage, refer to [ECP5 and ECP5-5G High-Speed I/O Interface \(TN1265\)](#).

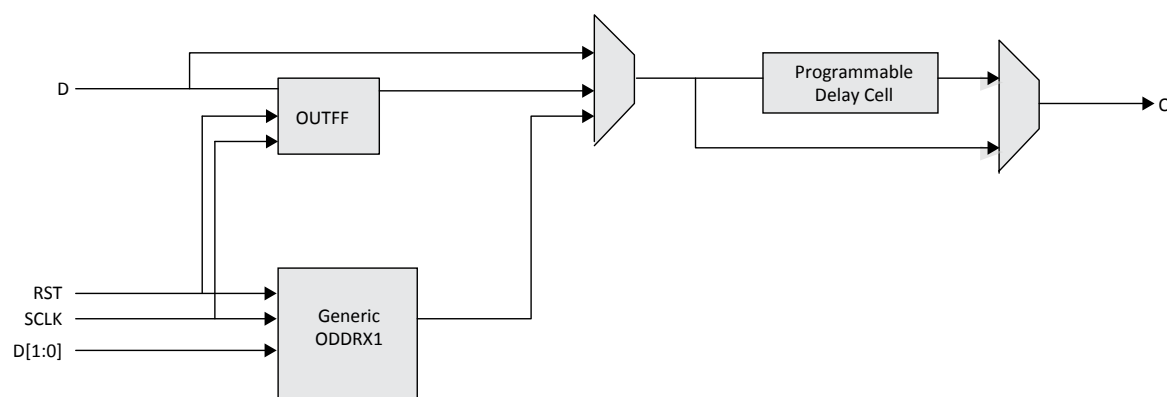


Figure 2.19. Output Register Block on Top Side

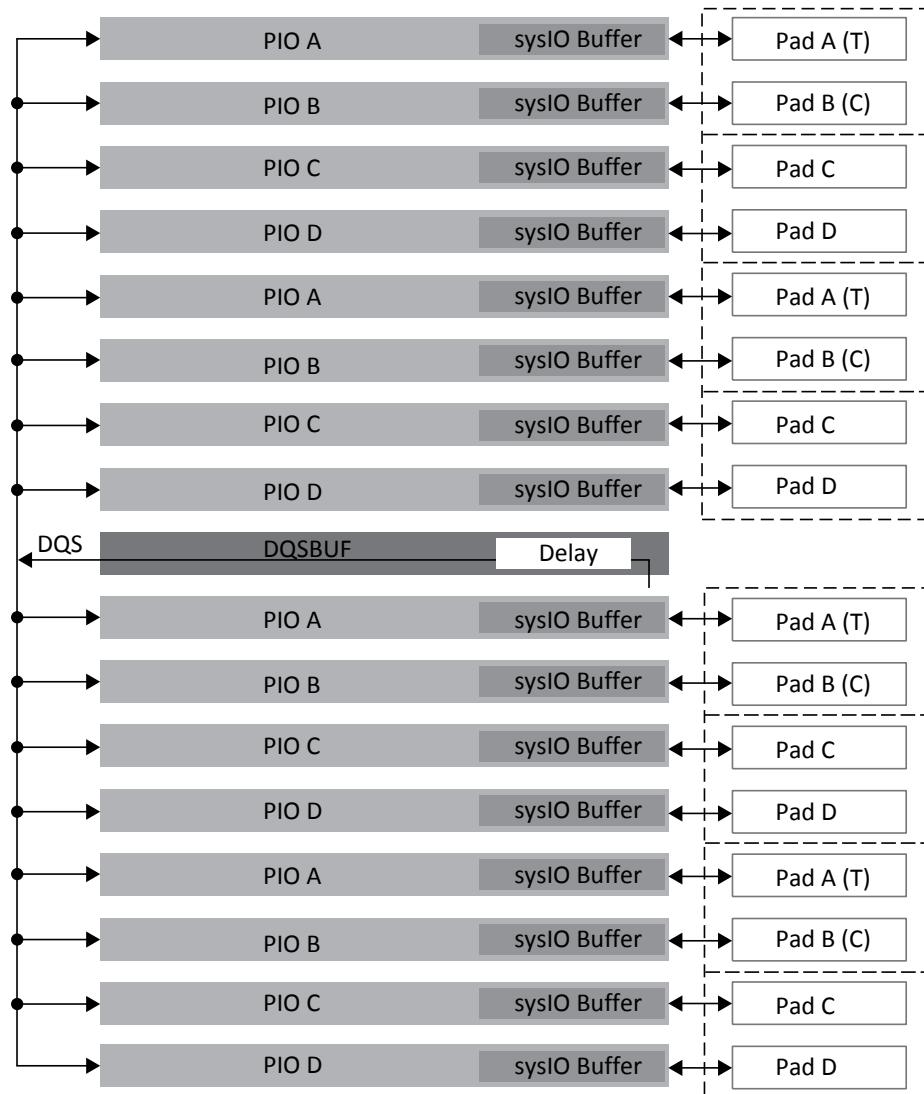


Figure 2.23. DQS Grouping on the Left and Right Edges

2.13.2. DLL Calibrated DQS Delay and Control Block (DQSBUF)

To support DDR memory interfaces (DDR2/3, LPDDR2/3), the DQS strobe signal from the memory must be used to capture the data (DQ) in the PIC registers during memory reads. This signal is output from the DDR memory device aligned to data transitions and must be time shifted before it can be used to capture data in the PIC. This time shifted is achieved by using DQSDEL programmable delay line in the DQS Delay Block (DQS read circuit). The DQSDEL is implemented as a slave delay line and works in conjunction with a master DDRDLL.

This block also includes slave delay line to generate delayed clocks used in the write side to generate DQ and DQS with correct phases within one DQS group. There is a third delay line inside this block used to provide write leveling feature for DDR write if needed.

Each of the read and write side delays can be dynamically shifted using margin control signals that can be controlled by the core logic.

FIFO Control Block shown in [Figure 2.24](#) generates the Read and Write Pointers for the FIFO block inside the Input Register Block. These pointers are generated to control the DQS to ECLK domain crossing using the FIFO module.

3. DC and Switching Characteristics

3.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 3.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	−0.5	1.32	V
V _{CCA}	Supply Voltage	−0.5	1.32	V
V _{CCAUX} , V _{CCAUXA}	Supply Voltage	−0.5	2.75	V
V _{CCIO}	Supply Voltage	−0.5	3.63	V
—	Input or I/O Transient Voltage Applied	−0.5	3.63	V
V _{CCHRX} , V _{CCHTX}	SERDES RX/TX Buffer Supply Voltages	−0.5	1.32	V
—	Voltage Applied on SERDES Pins	−0.5	1.80	V
T _A	Storage Temperature (Ambient)	−65	150	°C
T _J	Junction Temperature	—	+125	°C

Notes:

1. Stress above those listed under the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.
2. Compliance with the Lattice [Thermal Management](#) document is required.
3. All voltages referenced to GND.

3.2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 3.2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC} ²	Core Supply Voltage	ECP5	1.045	1.155	V
		ECP5-5G	1.14	1.26	V
V _{CCAUX} ^{2,4}	Auxiliary Supply Voltage	—	2.375	2.625	V
V _{CCIO} ^{2,3}	I/O Driver Supply Voltage	—	1.14	3.465	V
V _{REF} ¹	Input Reference Voltage	—	0.5	1.0	V
t _{JCOM}	Junction Temperature, Commercial Operation	—	0	85	°C
t _{JIND}	Junction Temperature, Industrial Operation	—	−40	100	°C
SERDES External Power Supply⁵					
V _{CCA}	SERDES Analog Power Supply	ECP5UM	1.045	1.155	V
		ECP5-5G	1.164	1.236	V
V _{CCAUXA}	SERDES Auxiliary Supply Voltage	—	2.374	2.625	V
V _{CCHRX} ⁶	SERDES Input Buffer Power Supply	ECP5UM	0.30	1.155	V
		ECP5-5G	0.30	1.26	V
V _{CCHTX}	SERDES Output Buffer Power Supply	ECP5UM	1.045	1.155	V
		ECP5-5G	1.14	1.26	V

Notes:

1. For correct operation, all supplies except V_{REF} must be held in their valid operation range. This is true independent of feature usage.
2. All supplies with same voltage, except SERDES Power Supplies, should be connected together.
3. See recommended voltages by I/O standard in [Table 3.4](#) on page 48.
4. V_{CCAUX} ramp rate must not exceed 30 mV/μs during power-up when transitioning between 0 V and 3 V.
5. Refer to [ECP5 and ECP5-5G SERDES/PCS Usage Guide \(TN1261\)](#) for information on board considerations for SERDES power supplies.
6. V_{CCHRX} is used for Rx termination. It can be biased to V_{cm} if external AC coupling is used. This voltage needs to meet all the HDin input voltage level requirements specified in the Rx section of this Data Sheet.

Table 3.10. ECP5-5G

Symbol	Description	Typ	Max	Unit
Standby (Power Down)				
I _{CCA-SB}	V _{CCA} Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	4	9.5	mA
I _{CCHRX-SB} ⁴	V _{CCHRX} , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	—	0.1	mA
I _{CCHTX-SB}	V _{CCHTX} , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	—	0.9	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 5 Gb/s)				
I _{CCA-OP}	V _{CCA} Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	58	67	mA
I _{CCHRX-OP} ⁵	V _{CCHRX} , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4	0.5	mA
I _{CCHTX-OP}	V _{CCHTX} , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	10	13	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 3.2 Gb/s)				
I _{CCA-OP}	V _{CCA} Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	48	57	mA
I _{CCHRX-OP} ⁵	V _{CCHRX} , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4	0.5	mA
I _{CCHTX-OP}	V _{CCHTX} , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	10	13	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 2.5 Gb/s)				
I _{CCA-OP}	V _{CCA} Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	44	53	mA
I _{CCHRX-OP} ⁵	V _{CCHRX} , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4	0.5	mA
I _{CCHTX-OP}	V _{CCHTX} , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	10	13	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 1.25 Gb/s)				
I _{CCA-OP}	V _{CCA} Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	36	46	mA
I _{CCHRX-OP} ⁵	V _{CCHRX} , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4	0.5	mA
I _{CCHTX-OP}	V _{CCHTX} , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	10	13	mA
Operating (Data Rate = 270 Mb/s)				
I _{CCA-OP}	V _{CCA} Power Supply Current (Per Channel)	30	40	mA
I _{CCHRX-OP} ⁵	V _{CCHRX} , Input Buffer Current (Per Channel)	0.4	0.5	mA
I _{CCHTX-OP}	V _{CCHTX} , Output Buffer Current (Per Channel)	8	10	mA

Notes:

1. Rx Equalization enabled, Tx De-emphasis (pre-cursor and post-cursor) disabled
2. Per Channel current is calculated with both channels on in a Dual, and divide current by two. If only one channel is on, current will be higher.
3. To calculate with Tx De-emphasis enabled, use the Diamond Power Calculator tool.
4. For I_{CCHRX-SB}, during Standby, input termination on Rx are disabled.
5. For I_{CCHRX-OP}, during operational, the max specified when external AC coupling is used. If externally DC coupled, the power is based on current pulled down by external driver when the input is driven to LOW.

3.14.4. LVDS25E

The top and bottom sides of ECP5/ECP5-5G devices support LVDS outputs via emulated complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with a parallel resistor across the driver outputs. The scheme shown in Figure 3.1 is one possible solution for point-to-point signals.

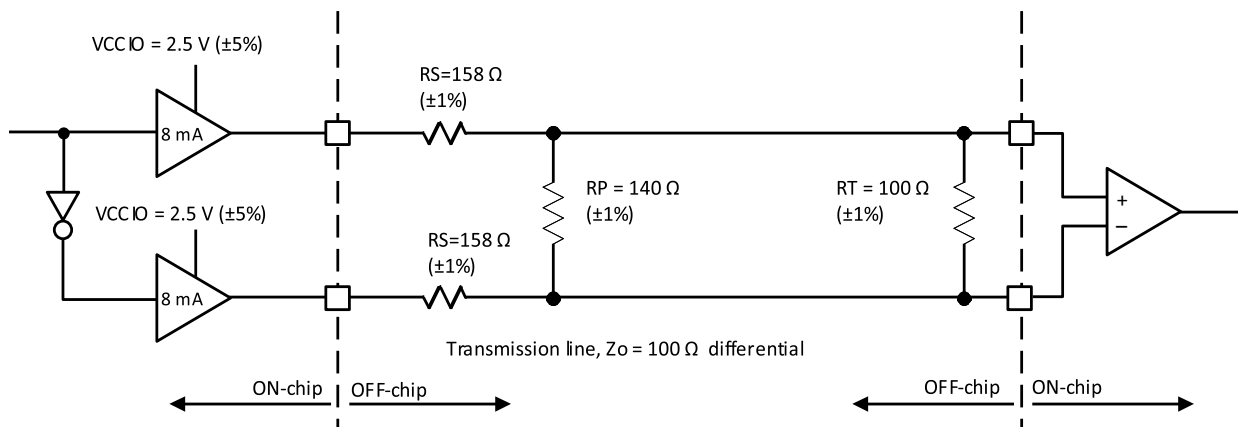


Figure 3.1. LVDS25E Output Termination Example

Table 3.14. LVDS25E DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical	Unit
V _{CCIO}	Output Driver Supply (±5%)	2.50	V
Z _{OUT}	Driver Impedance	20	Ω
R _S	Driver Series Resistor (±1%)	158	Ω
R _P	Driver Parallel Resistor (±1%)	140	Ω
R _T	Receiver Termination (±1%)	100	Ω
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	1.43	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	1.07	V
V _{OD}	Output Differential Voltage	0.35	V
V _{CM}	Output Common Mode Voltage	1.25	V
Z _{BACK}	Back Impedance	100.5	Ω
I _{DC}	DC Output Current	6.03	mA

Note: For input buffer, see LVDS Table 3.13 on page 55.

3.14.7. MLVDS25

The ECP5/ECP5-5G devices support the differential MLVDS standard. This standard is emulated using complementary LVCMOS outputs in conjunction with a parallel resistor across the driver outputs. The MLVDS input standard is supported by the LVDS differential input buffer. The scheme shown in Figure 3.4 is one possible solution for MLVDS standard implementation. Resistor values in the figure are industry standard values for 1% resistors.

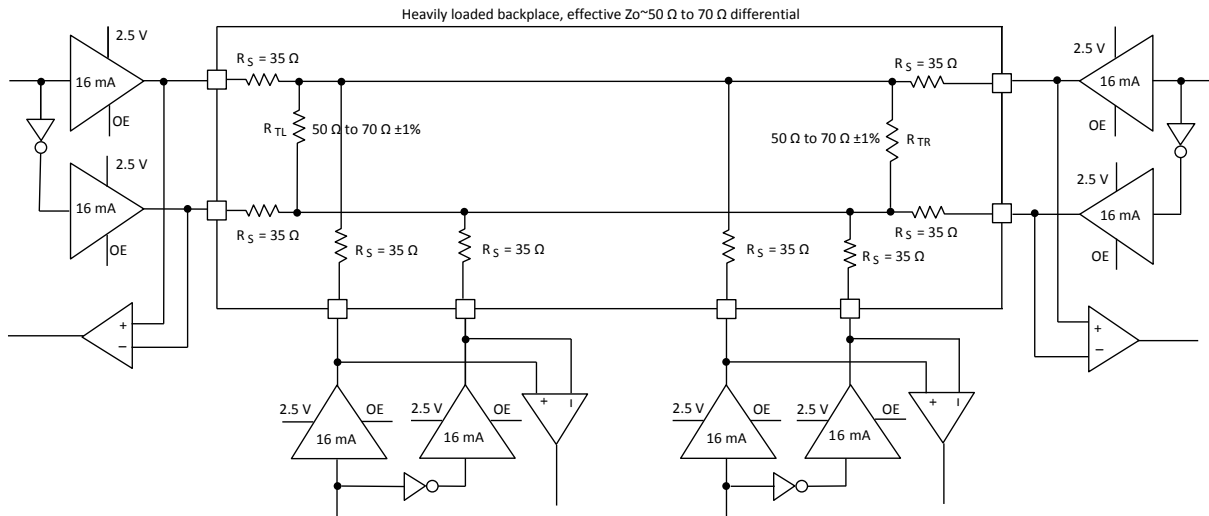


Figure 3.4. MLVDS25 (Multipoint Low Voltage Differential Signaling)

Table 3.17. MLVDS25 DC Conditions

Parameter	Description	Typical		Unit
		Zo=50 Ω	Zo=70 Ω	
V _{CCIO}	Output Driver Supply (±5%)	2.50	2.50	V
Z _{OUT}	Driver Impedance	10.00	10.00	Ω
R _S	Driver Series Resistor (±1%)	35.00	35.00	Ω
R _{TL}	Driver Parallel Resistor (±1%)	50.00	70.00	Ω
R _{TR}	Receiver Termination (±1%)	50.00	70.00	Ω
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	1.52	1.60	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	0.98	0.90	V
V _{OD}	Output Differential Voltage	0.54	0.70	V
V _{CM}	Output Common Mode Voltage	1.25	1.25	V
I _{DC}	DC Output Current	21.74	20.00	mA

Note: For input buffer, see LVDS Table 3.13 on page 55.

3.14.8. SLVS

Scalable Low-Voltage Signaling (SLVS) is based on a point-to-point signaling method defined in the JEDEC JESD8-13 (SLVS-400) standard. This standard evolved from the traditional LVDS standard and relies on the advantage of its use of smaller voltage swings and a lower common-mode voltage. The 200 mV (400 mV p-p) SLVS swing contributes to a reduction in power.

The ECP5/ECP5-5G devices can receive differential input up to 800 Mb/s with its LVDS input buffer. This LVDS input buffer is used to meet the SLVS input standard specified by the JEDEC standard. The SLVS output parameters are compared to ECP5/ECP5-5G LVDS input parameters, as listed in Table 3.18.

Table 3.18. Input to SLVS

Parameter	ECP5/ECP5-5G LVDS Input	SLVS Output	Unit
V _{cm} (min)	50	150	mV
V _{cm} (max)	2350	250	mV
Differential Voltage (min)	100	140	mV
Differential Voltage (max)	—	270	mV

ECP5/ECP5-5G does not support SLVS output. However, SLVS output can be created using ECP5/ECP5-5G LVDS outputs by level shift to meet the low V_{cm}/V_{od} levels required by SLVS. Figure 3.5 shows how the LVDS output can be shifted external to meet SLVS levels.

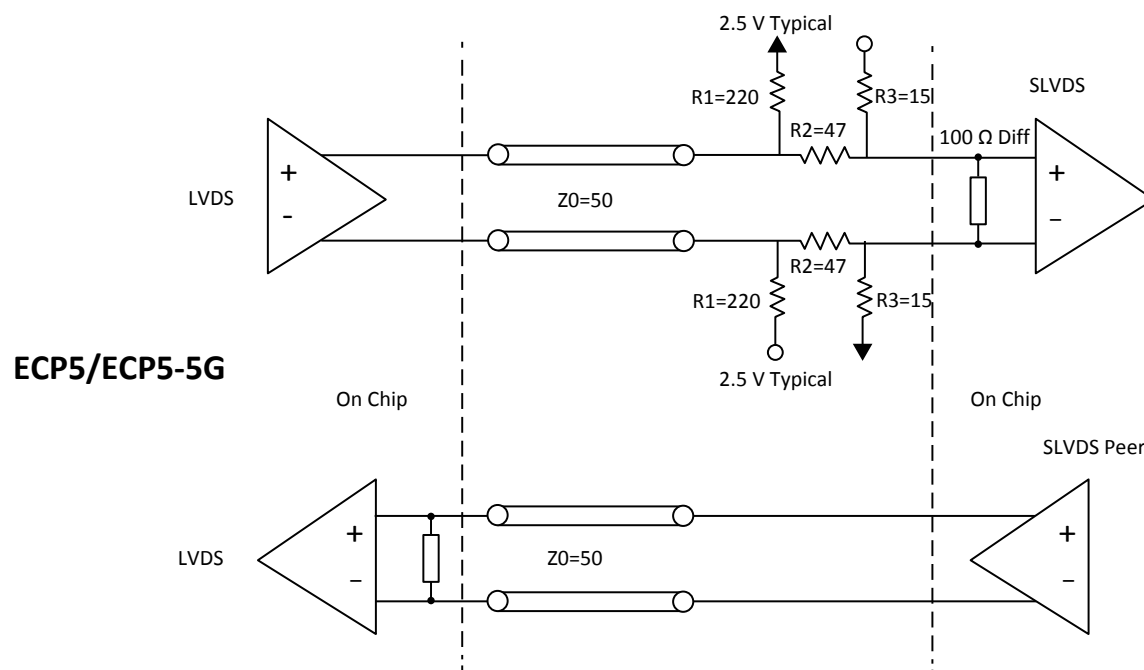


Figure 3.5. SLVS Interface

3.15. Typical Building Block Function Performance

Table 3.19. Pin-to-Pin Performance

Function	–8 Timing	Unit
Basic Functions		
16-Bit Decoder	5.06	ns
32-Bit Decoder	6.08	ns
64-Bit Decoder	5.06	ns
4:1 Mux	4.45	ns
8:1 Mux	4.63	ns
16:1 Mux	4.81	ns
32:1 Mux	4.85	ns

Notes:

1. I/Os are configured with LVCMOS25 with $V_{CCIO}=2.5$, 12 mA drive.
2. These functions were generated using Lattice Diamond design software tool. Exact performance may vary with the device and the design software tool version. The design software tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device.
3. Commercial timing numbers are shown. Industrial numbers are typically slower and can be extracted from Lattice Diamond design software tool.

3.19. sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Over recommended operating conditions.

Table 3.23. sysCLOCK PLL Timing

Parameter	Descriptions	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
f_{IN}	Input Clock Frequency (CLKI, CLKFB)	—	8	400	MHz
f_{OUT}	Output Clock Frequency (CLKOP, CLKOS)	—	3.125	400	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO Frequency	—	400	800	MHz
f_{PFD}^3	Phase Detector Input Frequency	—	10	400	MHz
AC Characteristics					
t_{DT}	Output Clock Duty Cycle	—	45	55	%
t_{PH4}	Output Phase Accuracy	—	–5	5	%
t_{OPJIT}^1	Output Clock Period Jitter	$f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	100	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.025	UIPP
	Output Clock Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	$f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz	—	200	ps p-p
		$f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz	—	0.050	UIPP
	Output Clock Phase Jitter	$f_{PFD} \geq 100$ MHz	—	200	ps p-p
		$f_{PFD} < 100$ MHz	—	0.011	UIPP
t_{SPO}	Static Phase Offset	Divider ratio = integer	—	400	ps p-p
t_W	Output Clock Pulse Width	At 90% or 10%	0.9	—	ns
t_{LOCK}^2	PLL Lock-in Time	—	—	15	ms
t_{UNLOCK}	PLL Unlock Time	—	—	50	ns
t_{IPJIT}	Input Clock Period Jitter	$f_{PFD} \geq 20$ MHz	—	1,000	ps p-p
		$f_{PFD} < 20$ MHz	—	0.02	UIPP
t_{HI}	Input Clock High Time	90% to 90%	0.5	—	ns
t_{LO}	Input Clock Low Time	10% to 10%	0.5	—	ns
t_{RST}	RST/ Pulse Width	—	1	—	ms
t_{RSTREC}	RST Recovery Time	—	1	—	ns
t_{LOAD_REG}	Min Pulse for CIB_LOAD_REG	—	10	—	ns
$t_{ROTATE-SETUP}$	Min time for CIB dynamic phase controls to be stable fore CIB_ROTATE	—	5	—	ns
$t_{ROTATE-WD}$	Min pulse width for CIB_ROTATE to maintain “0” or	—	4	—	VCO cycles

Notes:

1. Jitter sample is taken over 10,000 samples for Periodic jitter, and 2,000 samples for Cycle-to-Cycle jitter of the primary PLL output with clean reference clock with no additional I/O toggling.
2. Output clock is valid after t_{LOCK} for PLL reset and dynamic delay adjustment.
3. Period jitter and cycle-to-cycle jitter numbers are guaranteed for $f_{PFD} > 10$ MHz. For $f_{PFD} < 10$ MHz, the jitter numbers may not be met in certain conditions.

3.25. PCI Express Electrical and Timing Characteristics

3.25.1. PCIe (2.5 Gb/s) AC and DC Characteristics

Over recommended operating conditions.

Table 3.30. PCIe (2.5 Gb/s)

Symbol	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Transmit¹						
UI	Unit interval	—	399.88	400	400.12	ps
V _{TX-DIFF_P-P}	Differential peak-to-peak output	—	0.8	1.0	1.2	V
V _{TX-DE-RATIO}	De-emphasis differential output voltage ratio	—	–3	–3.5	–4	dB
V _{TX-CM-AC_P}	RMS AC peak common-mode output voltage	—	—	—	20	mV
V _{TX-RCV-DETECT}	Amount of voltage change allowed during receiver detection	—	—	—	600	mV
V _{TX-CM-DC}	Tx DC common mode voltage	—	0	—	V _{CCHTX}	V
I _{TX-SHORT}	Output short circuit current	V _{TX-D+} =0.0 V V _{TX-D-} =0.0 V	—	—	90	mA
Z _{TX-DIFF-DC}	Differential output impedance	—	80	100	120	Ω
RL _{TX-DIFF}	Differential return loss	—	10	—	—	dB
RL _{TX-CM}	Common mode return loss	—	6.0	—	—	dB
T _{TX-RISE}	Tx output rise time	20% to 80%	0.125	—	—	UI
T _{TX-FALL}	Tx output fall time	20% to 80%	0.125	—	—	UI
L _{TX-SKEW}	Lane-to-lane static output skew for all lanes in port/link	—	—	—	1.3	ns
T _{TX-EYE}	Transmitter eye width	—	0.75	—	—	UI
T _{TX-EYE-MEDIAN-TO-MAX-JITTER}	Maximum time between jitter median and maximum deviation from median	—	—	—	0.125	UI
Receive^{1,2}						
UI	Unit Interval	—	399.88	400	400.12	ps
V _{RX-DIFF_P-P}	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	—	0.34 ³	—	1.2	V
V _{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFF_P-P}	Idle detect threshold voltage	—	65	—	340 ³	mV
V _{RX-CM-AC_P}	RMS AC peak common-mode input voltage	—	—	—	150	mV
Z _{RX-DIFF-DC}	DC differential input impedance	—	80	100	120	Ω
Z _{RX-DC}	DC input impedance	—	40	50	60	Ω
Z _{RX-HIGH-IMP-DC}	Power-down DC input impedance	—	200K	—	—	Ω
RL _{RX-DIFF}	Differential return loss	—	10	—	—	dB
RL _{RX-CM}	Common mode return loss	—	6.0	—	—	dB

Notes:

1. Values are measured at 2.5 Gb/s.
2. Measured with external AC-coupling on the receiver.
3. Not in compliance with PCI Express 1.1 standard.

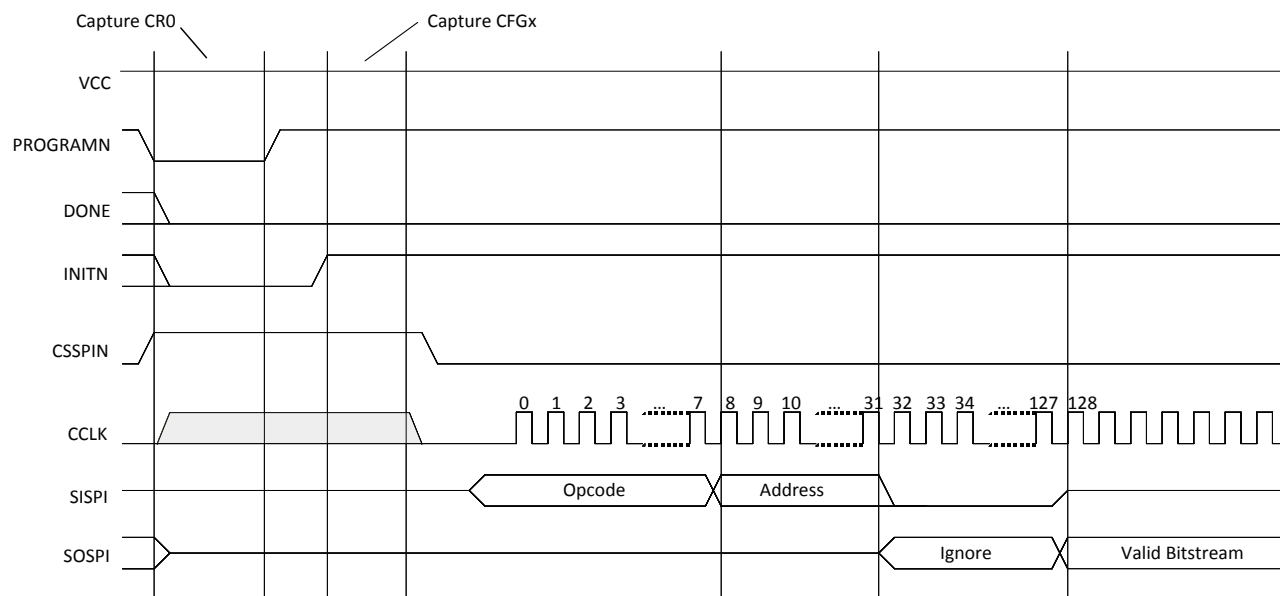


Figure 3.22. Master SPI Configuration Waveforms

3.32. JTAG Port Timing Specifications

Over recommended operating conditions.

Table 3.43. JTAG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
f_{MAX}	TCK clock frequency	—	25	MHz
t_{BTCPH}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width high	20	—	ns
t_{BTCPL}	TCK [BSCAN] clock pulse width low	20	—	ns
t_{BTS}	TCK [BSCAN] setup time	10	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN] hold time	8	—	ns
t_{BTRF}	TCK [BSCAN] rise/fall time	50	—	mV/ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid output	—	10	ns
$t_{BTCODIS}$	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCOEN}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCRS}	BSCAN test capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCRH}	BSCAN test capture register hold time	25	—	ns
t_{BUTCO}	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid output	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUODIS}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid disable	—	25	ns
$t_{BTUPOEN}$	BSCAN test update register, falling edge of clock to valid enable	—	25	ns

4.2. PICs and DDR Data (DQ) Pins Associated with the DDR Strobe (DQS) Pin

PICs Associated with DQS Strobe	PIO within PIC	DDR Strobe (DQS) and Data (DQ) Pins
For Left and Right Edges of the Device Only		
P[L/R] [n-6]	A	DQ
	B	DQ
	C	DQ
	D	DQ
P[L/R] [n-3]	A	DQ
	B	DQ
	C	DQ
	D	DQ
P[L/R] [n]	A	DQS (P)
	B	DQS (N)
	C	DQ
	D	DQ
P[L/R] [n+3]	A	DQ
	B	DQ
	C	DQ
	D	DQ

Note: "n" is a row PIC number.

4.3. Pin Information Summary

4.3.1. LFE5UM/LFE5UM5G

Pin Information Summary		LFE5UM/ LFE5UM5G-25		LFE5UM/LFE5UM5G-45			LFE5UM/LFE5UM5G-85			
Pin Type		285 csfBG	381 caBGA	285 csfBGA	381 caBG	554 caBGA	285 csfBGA	381 caBG	554 caBGA	756 caBGA
General Purpose Inputs/Outputs per Bank	Bank 0	6	24	6	27	32	6	27	32	56
	Bank 1	6	32	6	33	40	6	33	40	48
	Bank 2	21	32	21	32	32	21	34	32	48
	Bank 3	28	32	28	33	48	28	33	48	64
	Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	24
	Bank 6	26	32	26	33	48	26	33	48	64
	Bank 7	18	32	18	32	32	18	32	32	48
	Bank 8	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Total Single-Ended User I/O		118	197	118	203	245	118	205	259	365
VCC		13	20	13	20	24	13	20	24	36
VCCAUX (Core)		3	4	3	4	9	3	4	9	8
VCCIO	Bank 0	1	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	4
	Bank 1	1	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	4
	Bank 2	2	3	2	3	4	2	3	4	4
	Bank 3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	4
	Bank 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
	Bank 6	2	3	2	3	4	2	3	4	4
	Bank 7	2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	4
	Bank 8	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Part number	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)	SERDES
LFE5U-45F-8BG554C	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	44	No
LFE5U-85F-6MG285C	–6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-7MG285C	–7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-8MG285C	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-6BG381C	–6	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-7BG381C	–7	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-8BG381C	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-6BG554C	–6	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-7BG554C	–7	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-8BG554C	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-6BG756C	–6	Lead free caBGA	756	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-7BG756C	–7	Lead free caBGA	756	Commercial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-8BG756C	–8	Lead free caBGA	756	Commercial	84	No
LFE5UM-25F-6MG285C	–6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-7MG285C	–7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-8MG285C	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-6BG381C	–6	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-7BG381C	–7	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-8BG381C	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6MG285C	–6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7MG285C	–7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8MG285C	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6BG381C	–6	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7BG381C	–7	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8BG381C	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6BG554C	–6	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7BG554C	–7	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8BG554C	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6MG285C	–6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7MG285C	–7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8MG285C	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG381C	–6	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG381C	–7	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG381C	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG554C	–6	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG554C	–7	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG554C	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG756C	–6	Lead free caBGA	756	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG756C	–7	Lead free caBGA	756	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG756C	–8	Lead free caBGA	756	Commercial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-25F-8MG285C	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	24	Yes
LFE5UM5G-25F-8BG381C	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	24	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8MG285C	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8BG381C	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8BG554C	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Commercial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8MG285C	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Commercial	84	Yes

Part number	Grade	Package	Pins	Temp.	LUTs (K)	SERDES
LFE5U-85F-6BG756I	–6	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-7BG756I	–7	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	No
LFE5U-85F-8BG756I	–8	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	No
LFE5UM-25F-6MG285I	–6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-7MG285I	–7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-8MG285I	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-6BG381I	–6	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-7BG381I	–7	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-25F-8BG381I	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6MG285I	–6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7MG285I	–7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8MG285I	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6BG381I	–6	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7BG381I	–7	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8BG381I	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-6BG554I	–6	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-7BG554I	–7	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-45F-8BG554I	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6MG285I	–6	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7MG285I	–7	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8MG285I	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG381I	–6	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG381I	–7	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG381I	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG554I	–6	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG554I	–7	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG554I	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-6BG756I	–6	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-7BG756I	–7	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM-85F-8BG756I	–8	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-25F-8MG285I	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM5G-25F-8BG381I	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	24	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8MG285I	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8BG381I	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-45F-8BG554I	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	44	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8MG285I	–8	Lead free csfBGA	285	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8BG381I	–8	Lead free caBGA	381	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8BG554I	–8	Lead free caBGA	554	Industrial	84	Yes
LFE5UM5G-85F-8BG756I	–8	Lead free caBGA	756	Industrial	84	Yes

(Continued)

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
November 2015	1.5	All	Added ECP5-5G device family.
			Changed document title to ECP5 and ECP5-5G Family Data Sheet.
	1.4	General Description	Updated Features section. Added support for eDP in RDR and HDR.
		Architecture	Updated Overview section. Revised Figure 2.1. Simplified Block Diagram, LFE5UM/LFE5UM5G-85 Device (Top Level). Modified Flexible sysIO description and Note.
			Updated SERDES and Physical Coding Sublayer section. - Changed E.24.V in CPRI protocol to E.24.LV. - Removed “1.1 V” from paragraph on unused Dual.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Hot Socketing Requirements section. Revised V _{CCHTX} in table notes 1 and 3. Indicated V _{CCHTX} in table note 4.
			Updated SERDES High-Speed Data Transmitter section. Revised V _{CCHTX} in table note 1.
		Ordering Information	Updated ECP5/ECP5-5G Part Number Description section. Changed “LFE5 FPGA” under Device Family to “ECP5 FPGA”.
August 2015	1.3	General Description	Updated Features section. - Removed SMPTE3G under Embedded SERDES. - Added Single Event Upset (SEU) Mitigation Support. Removed SMPTE protocol in fifth paragraph.
		Architecture	General update.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	General update.
		Pinout Information	Updated Signal Descriptions section. Revised the descriptions of the following signals: - P[L/R] [Group Number]_[A/B/C/D] - P[T/B][Group Number]_[A/B] - D4/IO4 (Previously named D4/MOSI2/IO4) - D5/IO5 (Previously named D5/MISO/IO5) - VCCHRX_D[dual_num]CH[chan_num] - VCCHTX_D[dual_num]CH[chan_num]
		Supplemental Information	Added TN1184 reference.