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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

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Details

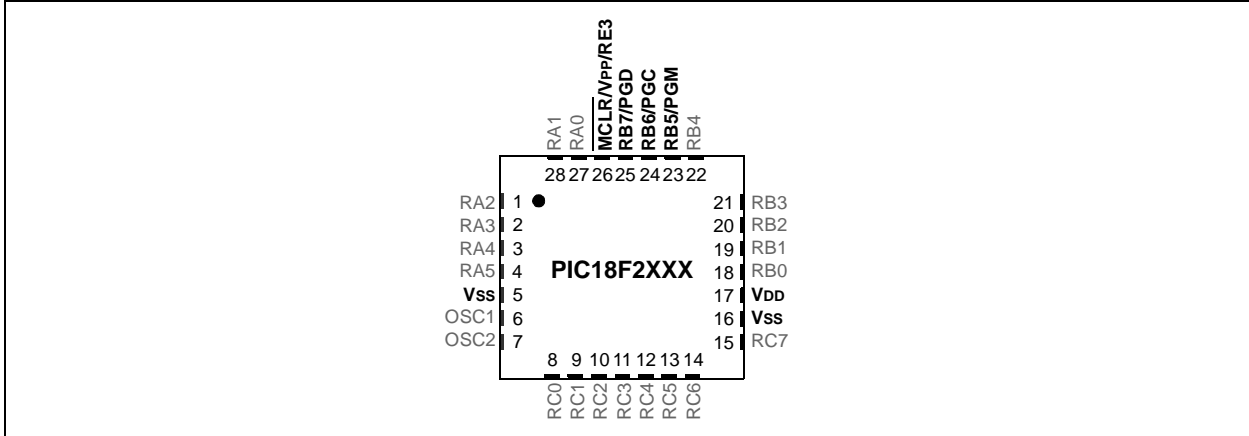
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	36
Program Memory Size	8KB (4K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	256 x 8
RAM Size	512 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 13x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic18f4321t-i-pt

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

The following devices are included in 28-pin QFN parts:

- | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| • PIC18F2221 | • PIC18F2423 | • PIC18F2510 | • PIC18F2580 |
| • PIC18F2321 | • PIC18F2450 | • PIC18F2520 | • PIC18F2682 |
| • PIC18F2410 | • PIC18F2480 | • PIC18F2523 | • PIC18F2685 |
| • PIC18F2420 | • | • | • |

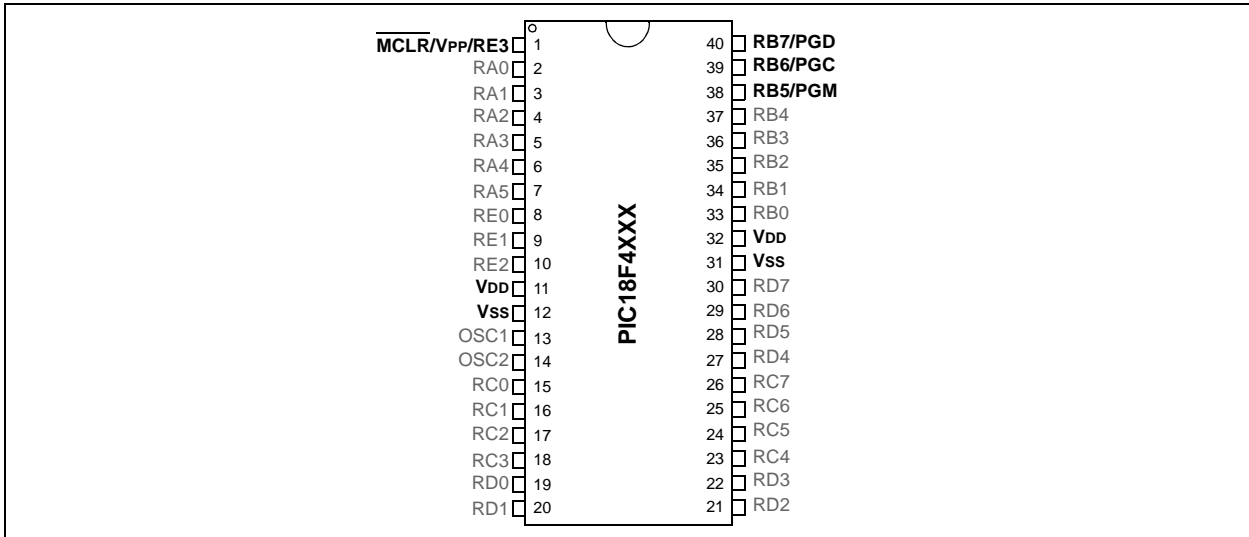
FIGURE 2-2: 28-Pin QFN



The following devices are included in 40-pin PDIP parts:

- | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| • PIC18F4221 | • PIC18F4455 | • PIC18F4523 | • PIC18F4610 |
| • PIC18F4321 | • PIC18F4458 | • PIC18F4525 | • PIC18F4620 |
| • PIC18F4410 | • PIC18F4480 | • PIC18F4550 | • PIC18F4680 |
| • PIC18F4420 | • PIC18F4510 | • PIC18F4553 | • PIC18F4682 |
| • PIC18F4423 | • PIC18F4515 | • PIC18F4580 | • PIC18F4685 |
| • PIC18F4450 | • PIC18F4520 | • PIC18F4585 | • |

FIGURE 2-3: 40-Pin PDIP



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

For PIC18F2685/4685 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 017FFFh (96 Kbytes) in five 16-Kbyte blocks. For PIC18F2682/4682 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 0013FFFh (80 Kbytes) in four 16-Kbyte blocks. Addresses, 0000h through 0FFFh, however, define a “Boot Block” region that is treated separately from Block 0. All of these blocks define code protection boundaries within the code memory space.

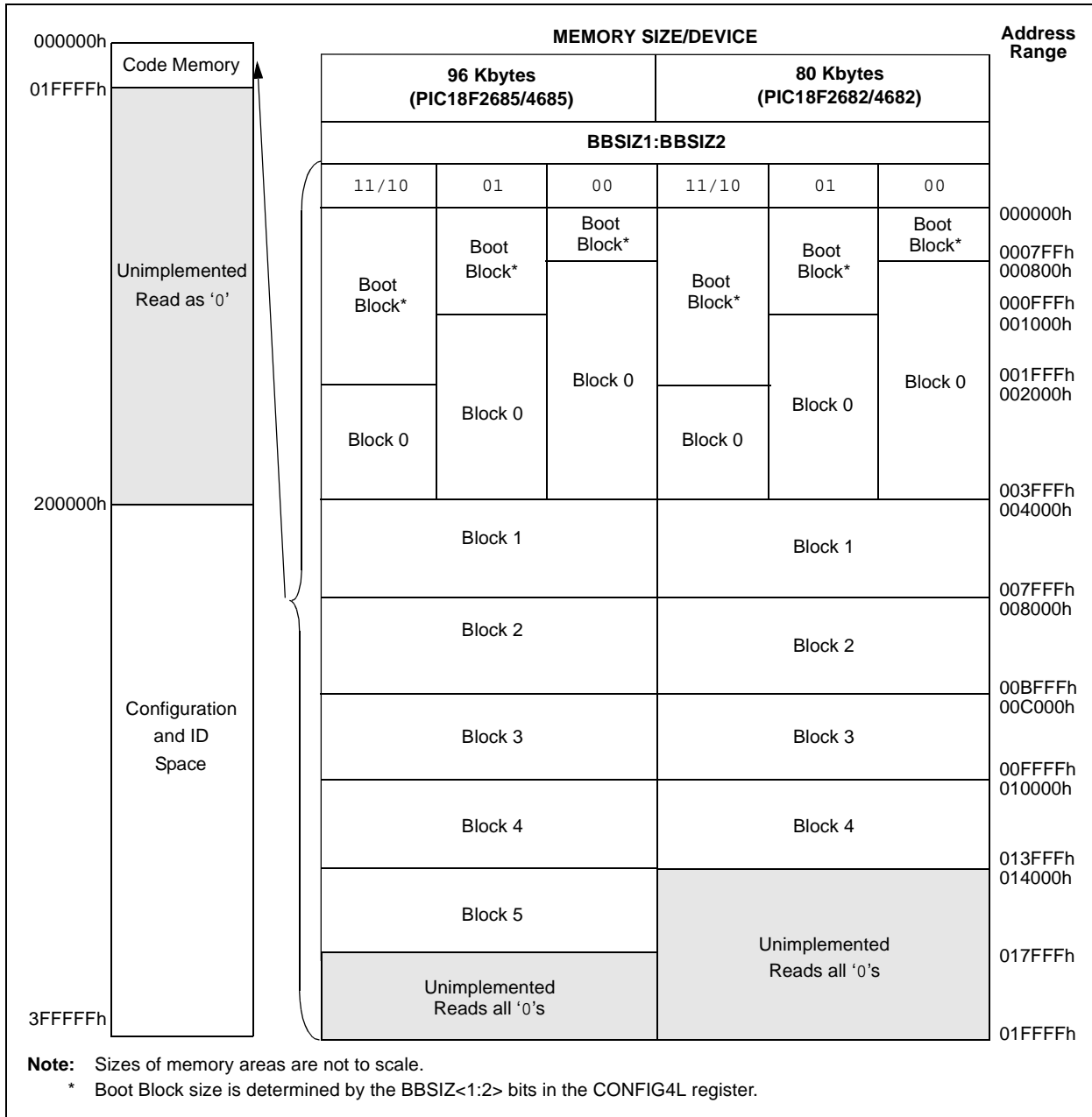
The size of the Boot Block in PIC18F2685/4685 and PIC18F2682/4682 devices can be configured as 1, 2 or 4K words (see [Figure 2-7](#)). This is done through the BBSIZ<2:1> bits in the Configuration register, CONFIG4L. It is important to note that increasing the size of the Boot Block decreases the size of Block 0.

TABLE 2-3: IMPLEMENTATION OF CODE MEMORY

Device	Code Memory Size (Bytes)
PIC18F2682	000000h-013FFFh (80K)
PIC18F4682	
PIC18F2685	000000h-017FFFh (96K)
PIC18F4685	

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

FIGURE 2-7: MEMORY MAP AND THE CODE MEMORY SPACE FOR PIC18F2685/4685 AND PIC18F2682/4682 DEVICES



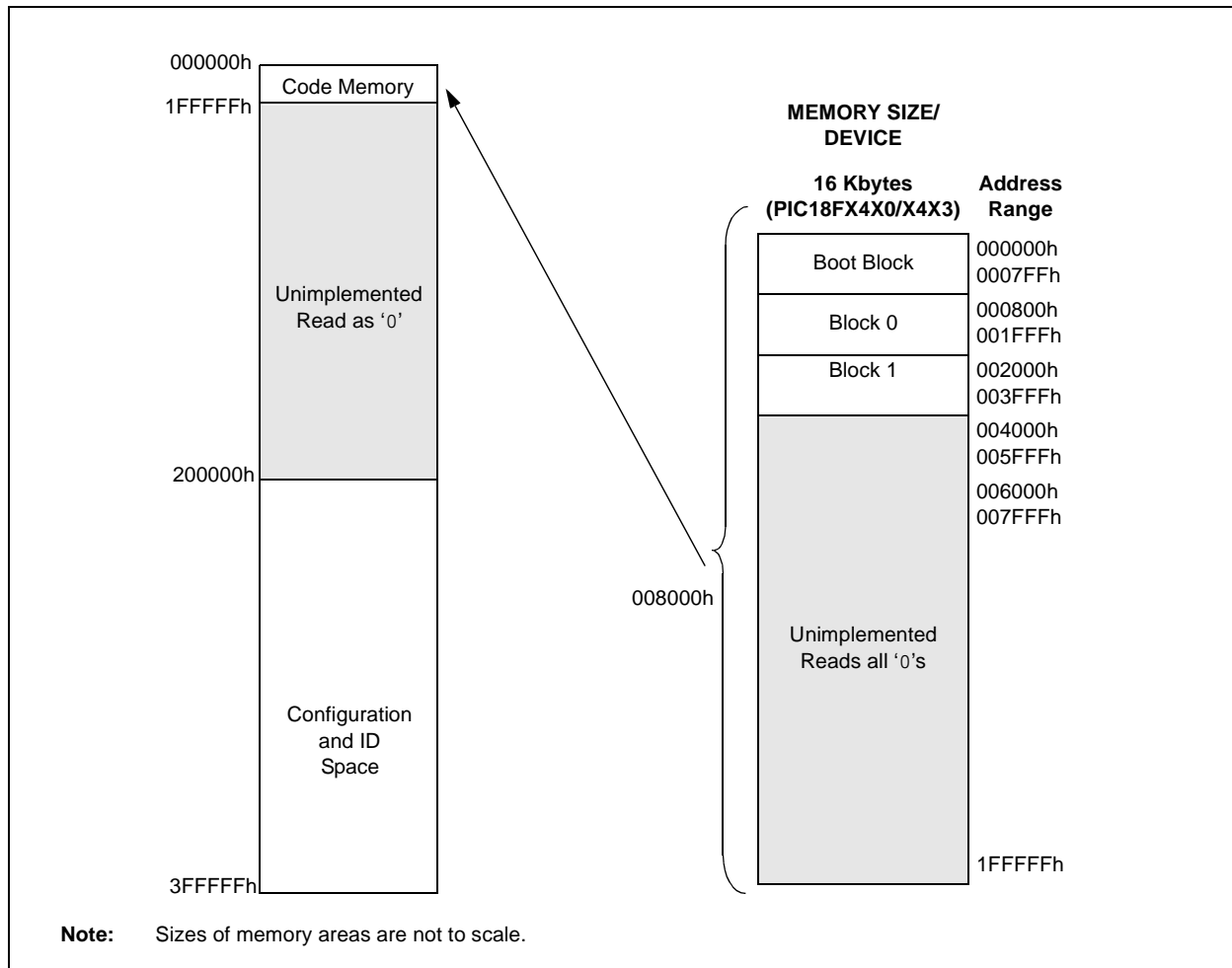
For PIC18FX5X0/X5X3 devices, the code memory space extends from 000000h to 007FFFh (32 Kbytes) in four 8-Kbyte blocks. For PIC18FX4X5/X4X8 devices, the code memory space extends from 000000h to 005FFFh (24 Kbytes) in three 8-Kbyte blocks. Addresses, 000000h through 0007FFh, however, define a “Boot Block” region that is treated separately from Block 0. All of these blocks define code protection boundaries within the code memory space.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 2-5: IMPLEMENTATION OF CODE MEMORY

Device	Code Memory Size (Bytes)
PIC18F2410	000000h-003FFFh (16K)
PIC18F2420	
PIC18F2423	
PIC18F2450	
PIC18F4410	
PIC18F4420	
PIC18F4450	

FIGURE 2-9: MEMORY MAP AND THE CODE MEMORY SPACE FOR PIC18FX4X0/X4X3 DEVICES



For PIC18F2480/4480 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 03FFFh (16 Kbytes) in one 16-Kbyte block. For PIC18F2580/4580 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 07FFFh (32 Kbytes) in two 16-Kbyte blocks. Addresses, 0000h through 07FFFh, however, define a “Boot Block” region that is treated separately from Block 0. All of these blocks define code protection boundaries within the code memory space.

The size of the Boot Block in PIC18F2480/2580/4480/4580 devices can be configured as 1 or 2K words (see [Figure 2-10](#)). This is done through the BBSIZ<0> bit in the Configuration register, CONFIG4L. It is important to note that increasing the size of the Boot Block decreases the size of Block 0.

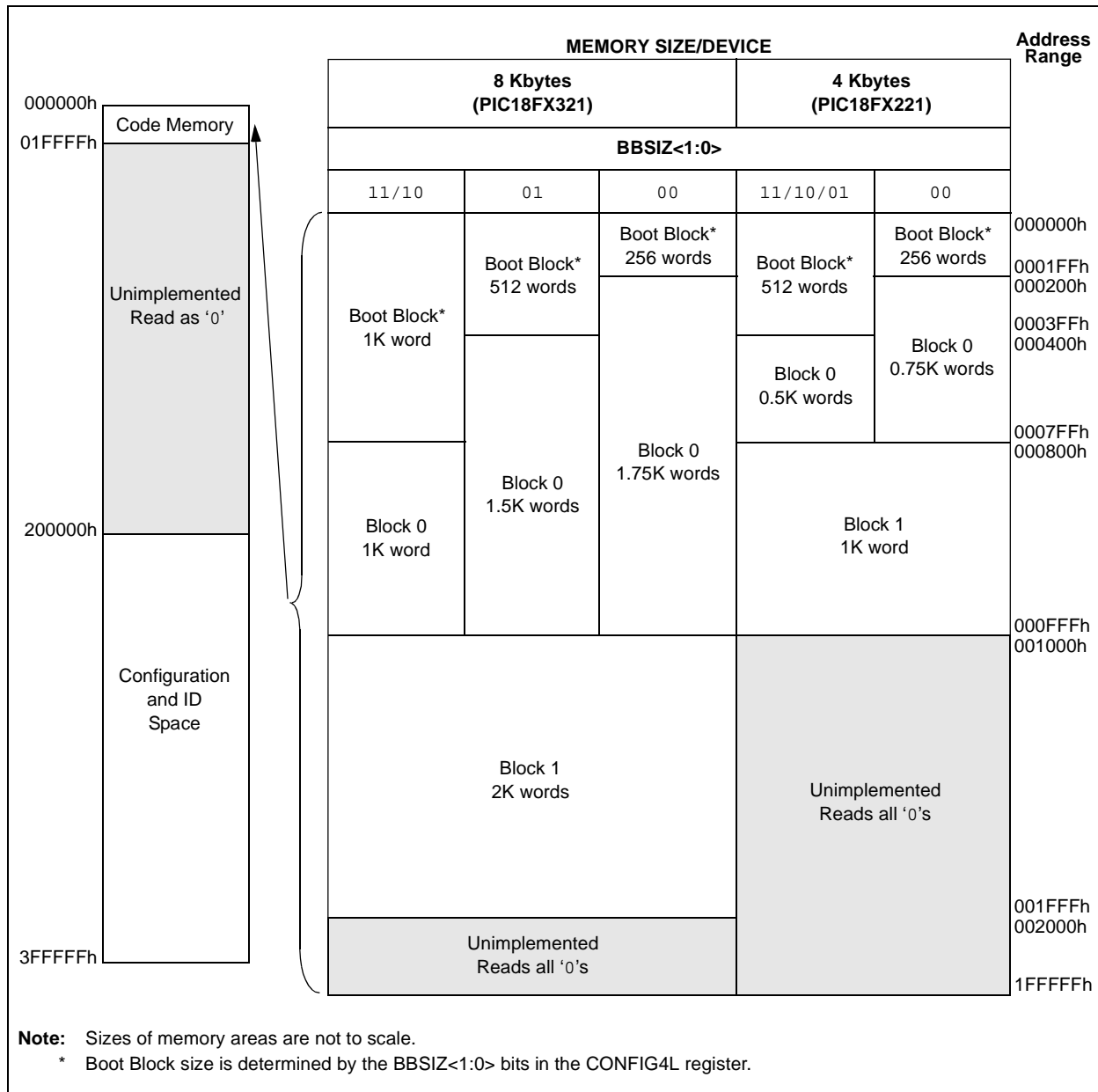
PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

The size of the Boot Block in PIC18F2221/2321/4221/4321 devices can be configured as 256, 512 or 1024 words (see Figure 2-11). This is done through the BBSIZ<1:0> bits in the Configuration register, CONFIG4L (see Figure 2-11). It is important to note that increasing the size of the Boot Block decreases the size of Block 0.

TABLE 2-7: IMPLEMENTATION OF CODE MEMORY

Device	Code Memory Size (Bytes)
PIC18F2221	000000h-000FFFh (4K)
PIC18F4221	
PIC18F2321	000000h-001FFFh (8K)
PIC18F4321	

FIGURE 2-11: MEMORY MAP AND THE CODE MEMORY SPACE FOR PIC18F2221/2321/4221/4321 DEVICES



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

2.5 Entering and Exiting High-Voltage ICSP Program/Verify Mode

As shown in [Figure 2-14](#), the High-Voltage ICSP Program/Verify mode is entered by holding PGC and PGD low and then raising $\overline{\text{MCLR}}/\text{VPP}/\text{RE3}$ to V_{IH} (high voltage). Once in this mode, the code memory, data EEPROM (selected devices only, see [Section 3.3 "Data EEPROM Programming"](#)), ID locations and Configuration bits can be accessed and programmed in serial fashion. [Figure 2-15](#) shows the exit sequence.

The sequence that enters the device into the Program/Verify mode places all unused I/Os in the high-impedance state.

FIGURE 2-14: ENTERING HIGH-VOLTAGE PROGRAM/VERIFY MODE

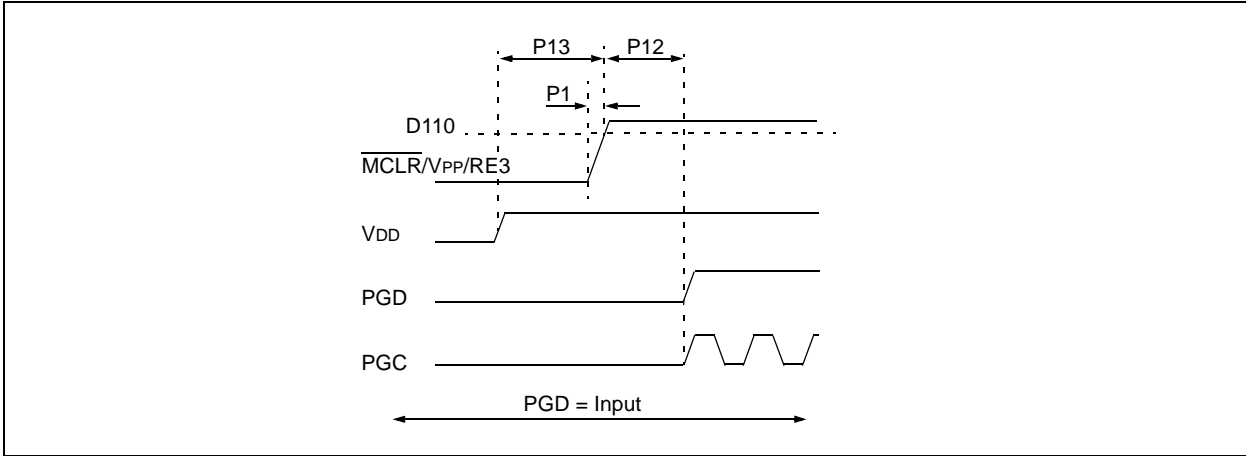
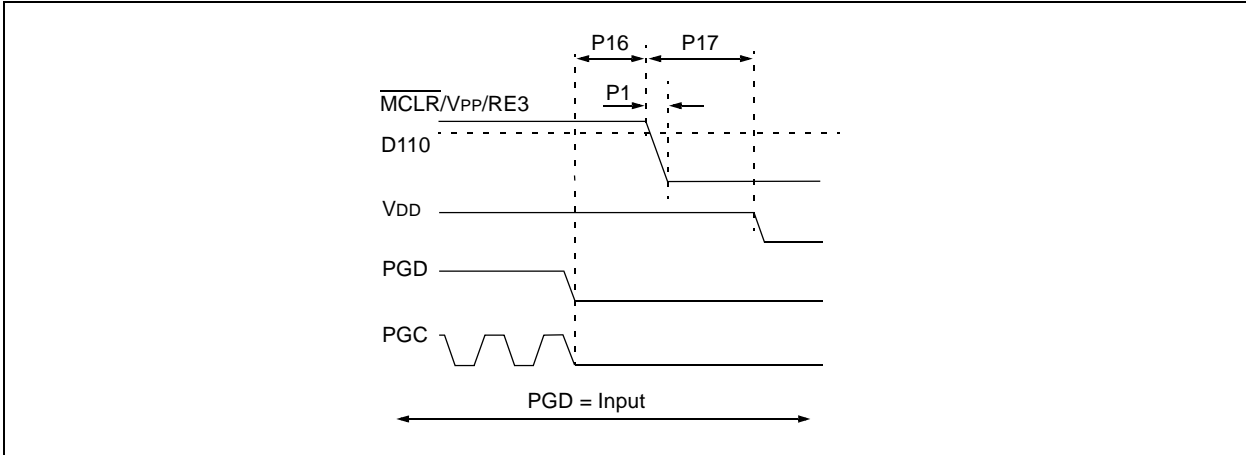


FIGURE 2-15: EXITING HIGH-VOLTAGE PROGRAM/VERIFY MODE



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

3.0 DEVICE PROGRAMMING

Programming includes the ability to erase or write the various memory regions within the device.

In all cases, except high-voltage ICSP Bulk Erase, the EECON1 register must be configured in order to operate on a particular memory region.

When using the EECON1 register to act on code memory, the EEPGD bit must be set (EECON1<7> = 1) and the CFGS bit must be cleared (EECON1<6> = 0). The WREN bit must be set (EECON1<2> = 1) to enable writes of any sort (e.g., erases) and this must be done prior to initiating a write sequence. The FREE bit must be set (EECON1<4> = 1) in order to erase the program space being pointed to by the Table Pointer. The erase or write sequence is initiated by setting the WR bit (EECON1<1> = 1). It is strongly recommended that the WREN bit only be set immediately prior to a program erase.

3.1 ICSP Erase

3.1.1 HIGH-VOLTAGE ICSP BULK ERASE

Erasing code or data EEPROM is accomplished by configuring two Bulk Erase Control registers located at 3C0004h and 3C0005h. Code memory may be erased, portions at a time, or the user may erase the entire device in one action. Bulk Erase operations will also clear any code-protect settings associated with the memory block being erased. Erase options are detailed in [Table 3-1](#). If data EEPROM is code-protected (CPD = 0), the user must request an erase of data EEPROM (e.g., 0084h as shown in [Table 3-1](#)).

TABLE 3-1: BULK ERASE OPTIONS

Description	Data (3C0005h:3C0004h)
Chip Erase	3F8Fh
Erase Data EEPROM ⁽¹⁾	0084h
Erase Boot Block	0081h
Erase Configuration Bits	0082h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 0	0180h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 1	0280h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 2	0480h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 3	0880h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 4	1080h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 5	2080h

Note 1: Selected devices only, see [Section 3.3 “Data EEPROM Programming”](#).

The actual Bulk Erase function is a self-timed operation. Once the erase has started (falling edge of the 4th PGC after the NOP command), serial execution will cease until the erase completes (Parameter P11). During this time, PGC may continue to toggle but PGD must be held low.

The code sequence to erase the entire device is shown in [Table](#) and the flowchart is shown in [Figure 3-1](#).

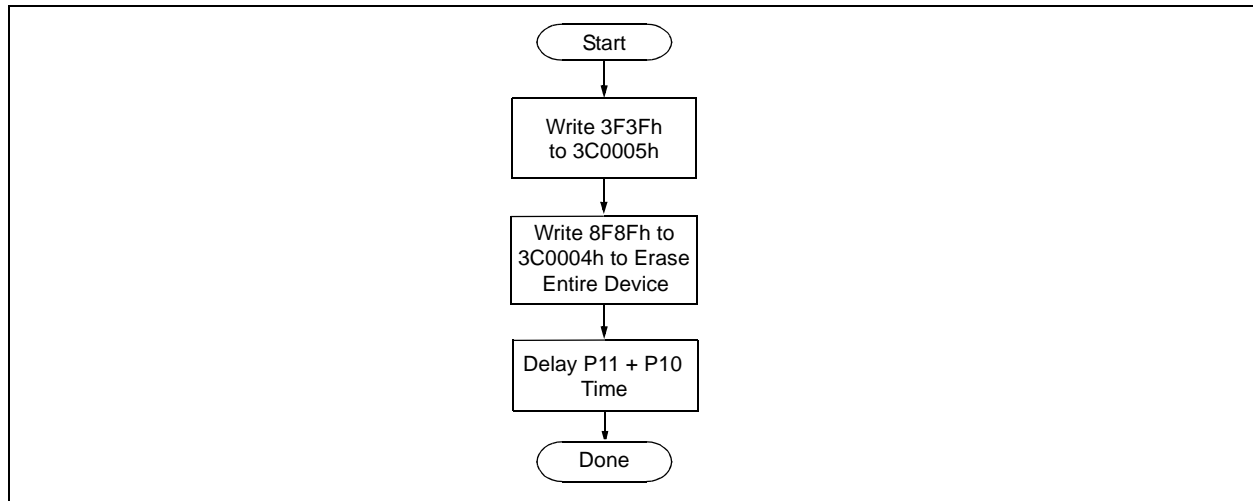
Note: A Bulk Erase is the only way to reprogram code-protect bits from an ON state to an OFF state.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 3-2: BULK ERASE COMMAND SEQUENCE

4-Bit Command	Data Payload	Core Instruction
0000	0E 3C	MOVLW 3Ch
0000	6E F8	MOVWF TBLPTRU
0000	0E 00	MOVLW 00h
0000	6E F7	MOVWF TBLPTRH
0000	0E 05	MOVLW 05h
0000	6E F6	MOVWF TBLPTRL
1100	3F 3F	Write 3F3Fh to 3C0005h
0000	0E 3C	MOVLW 3Ch
0000	6E F8	MOVWF TBLPTRU
0000	0E 00	MOVLW 00h
0000	6E F7	MOVWF TBLPTRH
0000	0E 04	MOVLW 04h
0000	6E F6	MOVWF TBLPTRL
1100	8F 8F	Write 8F8Fh TO 3C0004h to erase entire device.
		NOP
		Hold PGD low until erase completes.
0000	00 00	
0000	00 00	

FIGURE 3-1: BULK ERASE FLOW



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

3.2 Code Memory Programming

Programming code memory is accomplished by first loading data into the write buffer and then initiating a programming sequence. The write and erase buffer sizes, shown in [Table 3-4](#), can be mapped to any location of the same size, beginning at 000000h. The actual memory write sequence takes the contents of this buffer and programs the proper amount of code memory that contains the Table Pointer.

The programming duration is externally timed and is controlled by PGC. After a Start Programming command is issued (4-bit command, '1111'), a NOP is issued, where the 4th PGC is held high for the duration of the programming time, P9.

After PGC is brought low, the programming sequence is terminated. PGC must be held low for the time specified by Parameter P10 to allow high-voltage discharge of the memory array.

The code sequence to program a PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family device is shown in [Table 3-5](#). The flowchart, shown in [Figure 3-4](#), depicts the logic necessary to completely write a PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family device. The timing diagram that details the Start Programming command and Parameters P9 and P10 is shown in [Figure 3-5](#).

Note: The TBLPTR register must point to the same region when initiating the programming sequence as it did when the write buffers were loaded.

TABLE 3-4: WRITE AND ERASE BUFFER SIZES

Devices (Arranged by Family)	Write Buffer Size (Bytes)	Erase Buffer Size (Bytes)
PIC18F2221, PIC18F2321, PIC18F4221, PIC18F4321	8	64
PIC18F2450, PIC18F4450	16	64
PIC18F2410, PIC18F2510, PIC18F4410, PIC18F4510	32	64
PIC18F2420, PIC18F2520, PIC18F4420, PIC18F4520		
PIC18F2423, PIC18F2523, PIC18F4423, PIC18F4523		
PIC18F2480, PIC18F2580, PIC18F4480, PIC18F4580		
PIC18F2455, PIC18F2550, PIC18F4455, PIC18F4550		
PIC18F2458, PIC18F2553, PIC18F4458, PIC18F4553		
PIC18F2515, PIC18F2610, PIC18F4515, PIC18F4610	64	64
PIC18F2525, PIC18F2620, PIC18F4525, PIC18F4620		
PIC18F2585, PIC18F2680, PIC18F4585, PIC18F4680		
PIC18F2682, PIC18F2685, PIC18F4682, PIC18F4685		

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

FIGURE 3-4: PROGRAM CODE MEMORY FLOW

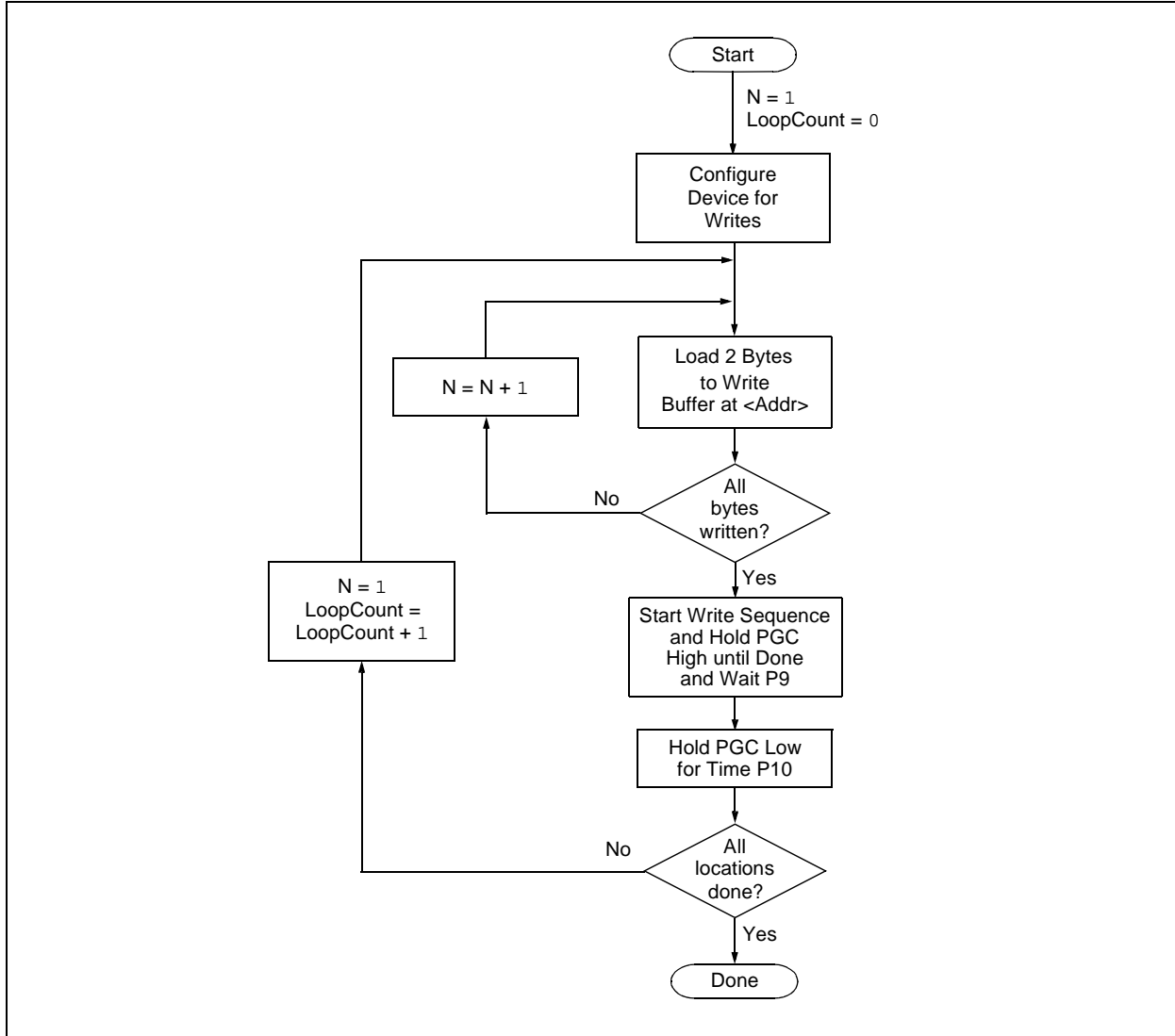
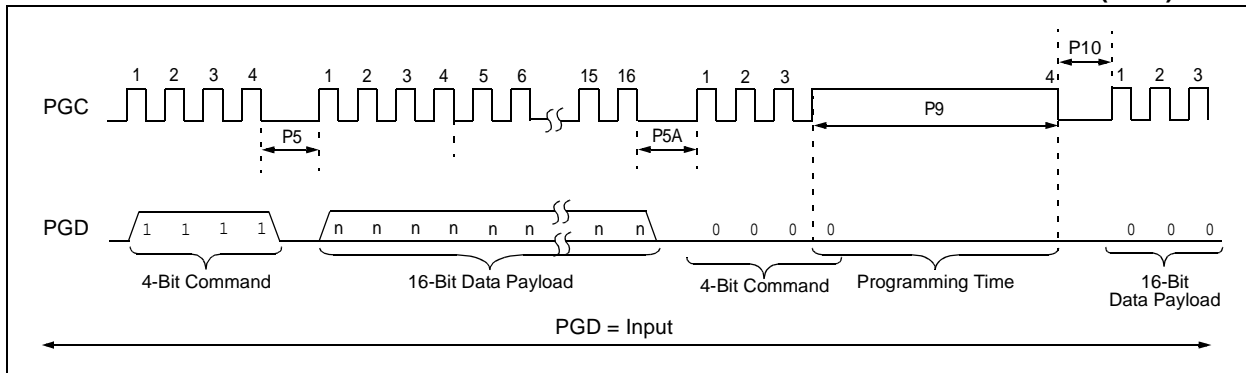


FIGURE 3-5: TABLE WRITE AND START PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTION TIMING (1111)



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

4.0 READING THE DEVICE

4.1 Read Code Memory, ID Locations and Configuration Bits

Code memory is accessed, one byte at a time, via the 4-bit command, '1001' (Table Read, post-increment). The contents of memory pointed to by the Table Pointer (TBLPTRU:TBLPTRH:TBLPTRL) are serially output on PGD.

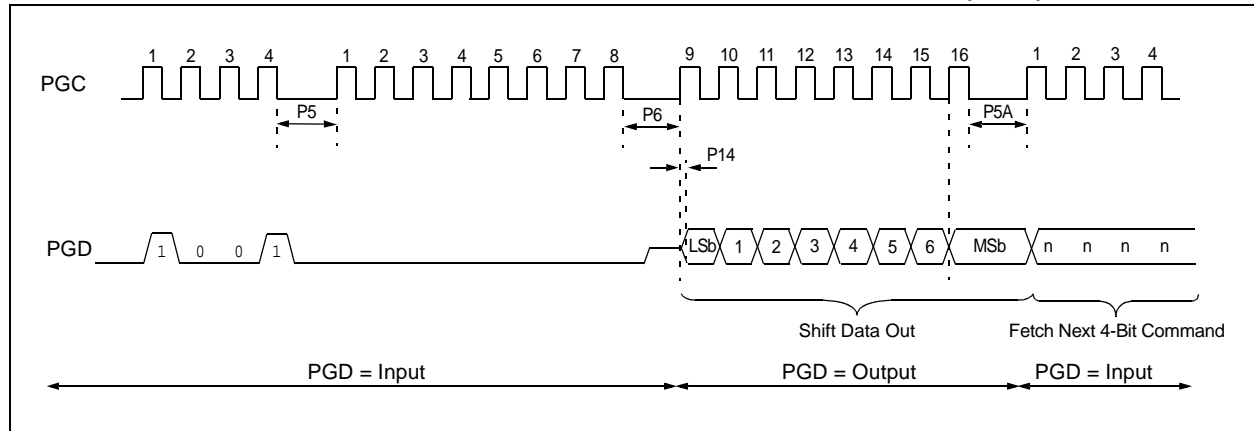
The 4-bit command is shifted in, LSb first. The read is executed during the next eight clocks, then shifted out on PGD during the last eight clocks, LSb to MSb. A delay of P6 must be introduced after the falling edge of the 8th PGC of the operand to allow PGD to transition from an input to an output. During this time, PGC must be held low (see Figure 4-1). This operation also increments the Table Pointer by one, pointing to the next byte in code memory for the next read.

This technique will work to read any memory in the 000000h to 3FFFFFFh address space, so it also applies to the reading of the ID and Configuration registers.

TABLE 4-1: READ CODE MEMORY SEQUENCE

4-Bit Command	Data Payload	Core Instruction
Step 1: Set Table Pointer.		
0000	0E <Addr[21:16]>	MOVLW Addr[21:16]
0000	6E F8	MOVWF TBLPTRU
0000	0E <Addr[15:8]>	MOVLW <Addr[15:8]>
0000	6E F7	MOVWF TBLPTRH
0000	0E <Addr[7:0]>	MOVLW <Addr[7:0]>
0000	6E F6	MOVWF TBLPTRL
Step 2: Read memory and then shift out on PGD, LSb to MSb.		
1001	00 00	TBLRD *+

FIGURE 4-1: TABLE READ POST-INCREMENT INSTRUCTION TIMING (1001)



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

4.4 Read Data EEPROM Memory

Data EEPROM is accessed, one byte at a time, via an Address Pointer (register pair: EEADRH:EEADR) and a data latch (EEDATA). Data EEPROM is read by loading EEADRH:EEADR with the desired memory location and initiating a memory read by appropriately configuring the EECON1 register. The data will be loaded into EEDATA, where it may be serially output on PGD via the 4-bit command, '0010' (Shift Out Data Holding register). A delay of P6 must be introduced after the falling edge of the 8th PGC of the operand to allow PGD to transition from an input to an output. During this time, PGC must be held low (see [Figure 4-4](#)).

The command sequence to read a single byte of data is shown in [Table 4-2](#).

FIGURE 4-3: READ DATA EEPROM FLOW

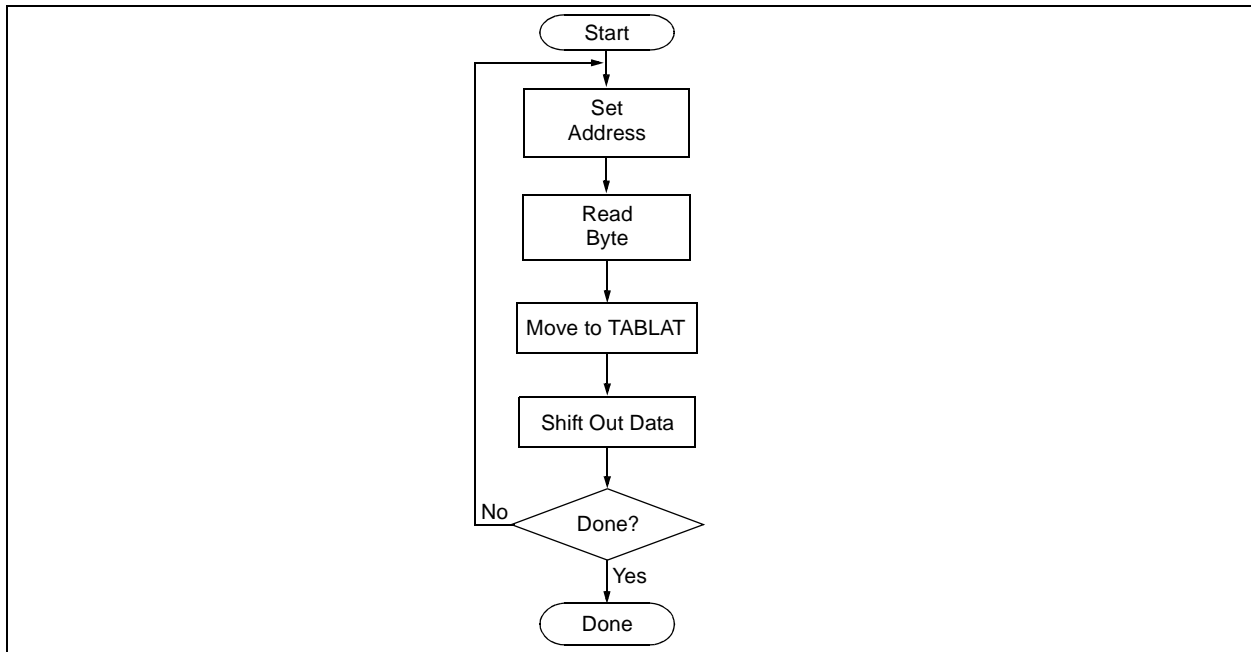


TABLE 4-2: READ DATA EEPROM MEMORY

4-Bit Command	Data Payload	Core Instruction
Step 1: Direct access to data EEPROM.		
0000	9E A6	BCF EECON1, EEPGD
0000	9C A6	BCF EECON1, CFGS
Step 2: Set the data EEPROM Address Pointer.		
0000	0E <Addr>	MOVLW <Addr>
0000	6E A9	MOVWF EEADR
0000	0E <AddrH>	MOVLW <AddrH>
0000	6E AA	MOVWF EEADRH
Step 3: Initiate a memory read.		
0000	80 A6	BSF EECON1, RD
Step 4: Load data into the Serial Data Holding register.		
0000	50 A8	MOVF EEDATA, W, 0
0000	6E F5	MOVWF TABLAT
0000	00 00	NOP
0010	<MSB><LSB>	Shift Out Data ⁽¹⁾

Note 1: The <LSB> is undefined. The <MSB> is the data.

5.0 CONFIGURATION WORD

The PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family devices have several Configuration Words. These bits can be set or cleared to select various device configurations. All other memory areas should be programmed and verified prior to setting the Configuration Words. These bits may be read out normally, even after read or code protection. See [Table 5-1](#) for a list of Configuration bits and Device IDs, and [Table 5-3](#) for the Configuration bit descriptions.

5.1 ID Locations

A user may store identification information (ID) in eight ID locations, mapped in 200000h:200007h. It is recommended that the Most Significant nibble of each ID be Fh. In doing so, if the user code inadvertently tries to execute from the ID space, the ID data will execute as a NOP.

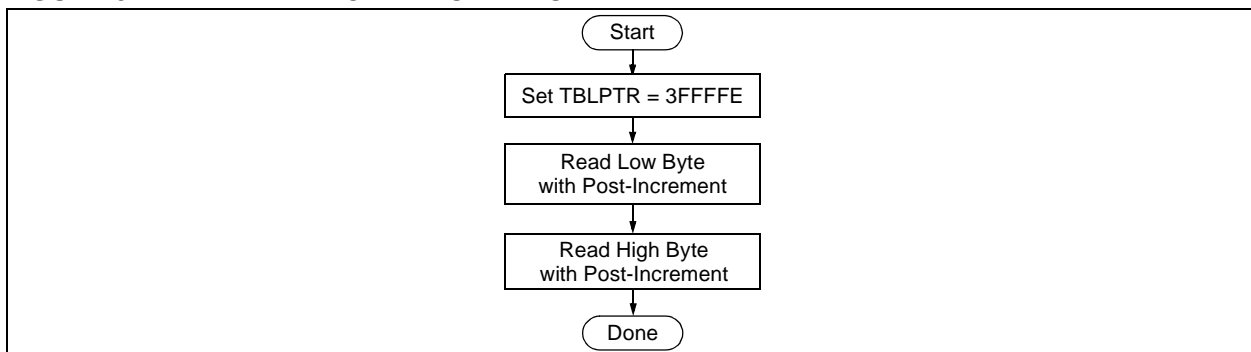
5.2 Device ID Word

The Device ID Word for the PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family devices is located at 3FFFEh:3FFFFh. These bits may be used by the programmer to identify what device type is being programmed and read out normally, even after code or read protection.

In some cases, devices may share the same DEVID values. In such cases, the Most Significant bit of the device revision, REV4 (DEVID1<4>), will need to be examined to completely determine the device being accessed.

See [Table 5-2](#) for a complete list of Device ID values.

FIGURE 5-1: READ DEVICE ID WORD FLOW



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-2: DEVICE ID VALUES

Device	Device ID Value	
	DEVID2	DEVID1
PIC18F2221	21h	011x xxxx
PIC18F2321	21h	001x xxxx
PIC18F2410	11h	011x xxxx
PIC18F2420	11h	010x xxxx ⁽¹⁾
PIC18F2423	11h	010x xxxx ⁽²⁾
PIC18F2450	24h	001x xxxx
PIC18F2455	12h	011x xxxx
PIC18F2458	2Ah	011x xxxx
PIC18F2480	1Ah	111x xxxx
PIC18F2510	11h	001x xxxx
PIC18F2515	0Ch	111x xxxx
PIC18F2520	11h	000x xxxx ⁽¹⁾
PIC18F2523	11h	000x xxxx ⁽²⁾
PIC18F2525	0Ch	110x xxxx
PIC18F2550	12h	010x xxxx
PIC18F2553	2Ah	010x xxxx
PIC18F2580	1Ah	110x xxxx
PIC18F2585	0Eh	111x xxxx
PIC18F2610	0Ch	101x xxxx
PIC18F2620	0Ch	100x xxxx
PIC18F2680	0Eh	110x xxxx
PIC18F2682	27h	000x xxxx
PIC18F2685	27h	001x xxxx
PIC18F4221	21h	010x xxxx
PIC18F4321	21h	000x xxxx
PIC18F4410	10h	111x xxxx
PIC18F4420	10h	110x xxxx ⁽¹⁾
PIC18F4423	10h	110x xxxx ⁽²⁾
PIC18F4450	24h	000x xxxx
PIC18F4455	12h	001x xxxx
PIC18F4458	2Ah	001x xxxx
PIC18F4480	1Ah	101x xxxx
PIC18F4510	10h	101x xxxx
PIC18F4515	0Ch	011x xxxx
PIC18F4520	10h	100x xxxx ⁽¹⁾
PIC18F4523	10h	100x xxxx ⁽²⁾
PIC18F4525	0Ch	010x xxxx
PIC18F4550	12h	000x xxxx
PIC18F4553	2Ah	000x xxxx
PIC18F4580	1Ah	100x xxxx

Legend: The 'x's in DEVID1 contain the device revision code.

Note 1: DEVID1 bit 4 is used to determine the device type (REV4 = 0).

2: DEVID1 bit 4 is used to determine the device type (REV4 = 1).

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-2: DEVICE ID VALUES (CONTINUED)

Device	Device ID Value	
	DEVID2	DEVID1
PIC18F4585	0Eh	101x xxxx
PIC18F4610	0Ch	001x xxxx
PIC18F4620	0Ch	000x xxxx
PIC18F4680	0Eh	100x xxxx
PIC18F4682	27h	010x xxxx
PIC18F4685	27h	011x xxxx

Legend: The 'x's in DEVID1 contain the device revision code.

Note 1: DEVID1 bit 4 is used to determine the device type (REV4 = 0).

Note 2: DEVID1 bit 4 is used to determine the device type (REV4 = 1).

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-3: PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY BIT DESCRIPTIONS

Bit Name	Configuration Words	Description
IESO	CONFIG1H	Internal External Switchover bit 1 = Internal External Switchover mode is enabled 0 = Internal External Switchover mode is disabled
FCMEN	CONFIG1H	Fail-Safe Clock Monitor Enable bit 1 = Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled 0 = Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled
FOSC<3:0>	CONFIG1H	Oscillator Selection bits 11xx = External RC oscillator, CLKO function on RA6 101x = External RC oscillator, CLKO function on RA6 1001 = Internal RC oscillator, CLKO function on RA6, port function on RA7 1000 = Internal RC oscillator, port function on RA6, port function on RA7 0111 = External RC oscillator, port function on RA6 0110 = HS oscillator, PLL is enabled (Clock Frequency = 4 x FOSC1) 0101 = EC oscillator, port function on RA6 0100 = EC oscillator, CLKO function on RA6 0011 = External RC oscillator, CLKO function on RA6 0010 = HS oscillator 0001 = XT oscillator 0000 = LP oscillator
FOSC<3:0>	CONFIG1H	Oscillator Selection bits (PIC18F2455/2550/4455/4550, PIC18F2458/2553/4458/4553 and PIC18F2450/4450 devices only) 111x = HS oscillator, PLL is enabled, HS is used by USB 110x = HS oscillator, HS is used by USB 1011 = Internal oscillator, HS is used by USB 1010 = Internal oscillator, XT is used by USB 1001 = Internal oscillator, CLKO function on RA6, EC is used by USB 1000 = Internal oscillator, port function on RA6, EC is used by USB 0111 = EC oscillator, PLL is enabled, CLKO function on RA6, EC is used by USB 0110 = EC oscillator, PLL is enabled, port function on RA6, EC is used by USB 0101 = EC oscillator, CLKO function on RA6, EC is used by USB 0100 = EC oscillator, port function on RA6, EC is used by USB 001x = XT oscillator, PLL is enabled, XT is used by USB 000x = XT oscillator, XT is used by USB
USBDIV	CONFIG1L	USB Clock Selection bit (PIC18F2455/2550/4455/4550, PIC18F2458/2553/4458/4553 and PIC18F2450/4450 devices only) Selects the clock source for full-speed USB operation: 1 = USB clock source comes from the 96 MHz PLL divided by 2 0 = USB clock source comes directly from the OSC1/OSC2 oscillator block; no divide
CPUDIV<1:0>	CONFIG1L	CPU System Clock Selection bits (PIC18F2455/2550/4455/4550, PIC18F2458/2553/4458/4553 and PIC18F2450/4450 devices only) 11 = CPU system clock divided by 4 10 = CPU system clock divided by 3 01 = CPU system clock divided by 2 00 = No CPU system clock divide

Note 1: The BBSIZ bits, BBSIZ<1:0> and BBSIZ<2:1> bits, cannot be changed once any of the following code-protect bits are enabled: CPB or CP0, WRTB or WRT0, EBTRB or EBTR0.

2: Not available in PIC18FXX8X and PIC18F2450/4450 devices.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-3: PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY BIT DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Bit Name	Configuration Words	Description
WDTEN	CONFIG2H	Watchdog Timer Enable bit 1 = WDT is enabled 0 = WDT is disabled (control is placed on the SWDTEN bit)
MCLRE	CONFIG3H	MCLR Pin Enable bit 1 = MCLR pin is enabled, RE3 input pin is disabled 0 = RE3 input pin is enabled, MCLR pin is disabled
LPT1OSC	CONFIG3H	Low-Power Timer1 Oscillator Enable bit 1 = Timer1 is configured for low-power operation 0 = Timer1 is configured for high-power operation
PBADEN	CONFIG3H	PORTB A/D Enable bit 1 = PORTB A/D<4:0> pins are configured as analog input channels on Reset 0 = PORTB A/D<4:0> pins are configured as digital I/O on Reset
PBADEN	CONFIG3H	PORTB A/D Enable bit (PIC18FXX8X devices only) 1 = PORTB A/D<4:0> and PORTB A/D<1:0> pins are configured as analog input channels on Reset 0 = PORTB A/D<4:0> pins are configured as digital I/O on Reset
CCP2MX	CONFIG3H	CCP2 MUX bit 1 = CCP2 input/output is multiplexed with RC1 ⁽²⁾ 0 = CCP2 input/output is multiplexed with RB3
DEBUG	CONFIG4L	Background Debugger Enable bit 1 = Background debugger is disabled, RB6 and RB7 are configured as general purpose I/O pins 0 = Background debugger is enabled, RB6 and RB7 are dedicated to In-Circuit Debug
XINST	CONFIG4L	Extended Instruction Set Enable bit 1 = Instruction set extension and Indexed Addressing mode are enabled 0 = Instruction set extension and Indexed Addressing mode are disabled (Legacy mode)
ICPRT	CONFIG4L	Dedicated In-Circuit (ICD/ICSP™) Port Enable bit (PIC18F2455/2550/4455/4550, PIC18F2458/2553/4458/4553 and PIC18F2450/4450 devices only) 1 = ICPORT is enabled 0 = ICPORT is disabled
BBSIZ<1:0> ⁽¹⁾	CONFIG4L	Boot Block Size Select bits (PIC18F2585/2680/4585/4680 devices only) 11 = 4K words (8 Kbytes) Boot Block 10 = 4K words (8 Kbytes) Boot Block 01 = 2K words (4 Kbytes) Boot Block 00 = 1K word (2 Kbytes) Boot Block
BBSIZ<2:1> ⁽¹⁾	CONFIG4L	Boot Block Size Select bits (PIC18F2682/2685/4582/4685 devices only) 11 = 4K words (8 Kbytes) Boot Block 10 = 4K words (8 Kbytes) Boot Block 01 = 2K words (4 Kbytes) Boot Block 00 = 1K word (2 Kbytes) Boot Block

Note 1: The BBSIZ bits, BBSIZ<1:0> and BBSIZ<2:1> bits, cannot be changed once any of the following code-protect bits are enabled: CPB or CP0, WRTB or WRT0, EBTRB or EBTR0.

2: Not available in PIC18FXX8X and PIC18F2450/4450 devices.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-3: PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY BIT DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Bit Name	Configuration Words	Description
EBTR0	CONFIG7L	Table Read Protection bit (Block 0 code memory area) 1 = Block 0 is not protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks 0 = Block 0 is protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks
EBTRB	CONFIG7H	Table Read Protection bit (Boot Block memory area) 1 = Boot Block is not protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks 0 = Boot Block is protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks
DEV<10:3>	DEVID2	Device ID bits These bits are used with the DEV<2:0> bits in the DEVID1 register to identify part number.
DEV<2:0>	DEVID1	Device ID bits These bits are used with the DEV<10:3> bits in the DEVID2 register to identify part number.
REV<4:0>	DEVID1	Revision ID bits These bits are used to indicate the revision of the device. The REV4 bit is sometimes used to fully specify the device type.

Note 1: The BBSIZ bits, BBSIZ<1:0> and BBSIZ<2:1> bits, cannot be changed once any of the following code-protect bits are enabled: CPB or CP0, WRTB or WRT0, EBTRB or EBTR0.

2: Not available in PIC18FXX8X and PIC18F2450/4450 devices.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-4: DEVICE BLOCK LOCATIONS AND SIZES

Device	Memory Size (Bytes)	Pins	Ending Address							Size (Bytes)			
			Boot Block	Block 0	Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4	Block 5	Boot Block	Block 0	Remaining Blocks	Device Total
PIC18F2221	4K	28	0001FF 0003FF	0007FF	000FFF	—	—	—	—	512 1024	1536 1024	2048	4096
PIC18F2321	8K	28	0001FF 0003FF 0007FF	000FFF	001FFF	—	—	—	—	512 1024 2048	3584 3072 2048	4096	8192
PIC18F2410	16K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048	6144	8192	16384
PIC18F2420	16K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048	6144	8192	16384
PIC18F2423	16K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048	6144	8192	16384
PIC18F2450	16K	28	0007FF 000FFF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048 4096	6144 4096	8192	16384
PIC18F2455	24K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	—	—	—	2048	6144	16384	24576
PIC18F2458	24K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	—	—	—	2048	6144	16384	24576
PIC18F2480	16K	28	0007FF 000FFF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048 4096	6144 4096	8192	16384
PIC18F2510	32K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	6144	24576	32768
PIC18F2515	48K	28	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	—	—	—	2048	14336	32768	49152
PIC18F2520	32K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	14336	16384	32768
PIC18F2523	32K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	14336	16384	32768
PIC18F2525	48K	28	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	—	—	—	2048	14336	32768	49152
PIC18F2550	32K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	6144	24576	32768
PIC18F2553	32K	28	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	6144	24576	32768
PIC18F2580	32K	28	0007FF 000FFF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048 4096	6144 4096	24576	32768
PIC18F2585	48K	28	0007FF 000FFF 001FFF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	—	—	—	2048 4096 8192	14336 12288 8192	32768	49152
PIC18F2610	64K	28	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	—	—	2048	14336	49152	65536
PIC18F2620	64K	28	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	—	—	2048	14336	49152	65536
PIC18F2680	64K	28	0007FF 000FFF 001FFF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	—	—	2048 4096 8192	14336 12288 8192	49152	65536
PIC18F2682	80K	28	0007FF 000FFF 001FFF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	013FFF	—	2048 4096 8192	14336 12288 8192	65536	81920
PIC18F2685	96K	28	0007FF 000FFF 001FFF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	013FFF	017FFF	2048 4096 8192	14336 12288 8192	81920	98304
PIC18F4221	4K	40	0001FF 0003FF	0007FF	000FFF	—	—	—	—	512 1024	1536 1024	2048	4096
PIC18F4321	8K	40	0001FF 0003FF 0007FF	000FFF	001FFF	—	—	—	—	512 1024 2048	3584 3072 2048	4096	8192
PIC18F4410	16K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048	6144	8192	16384
PIC18F4420	16K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048	6144	8192	16384
PIC18F4423	16K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048	6144	8192	16384
PIC18F4450	16K	40	0007FF 000FFF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048 4096	6144 4096	8192	16384

Legend: — = unimplemented.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-4: DEVICE BLOCK LOCATIONS AND SIZES (CONTINUED)

Device	Memory Size (Bytes)	Pins	Ending Address							Size (Bytes)			
			Boot Block	Block 0	Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4	Block 5	Boot Block	Block 0	Remaining Blocks	Device Total
PIC18F4455	24K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	—	—	—	2048	6144	16384	24576
PIC18F4458	24K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	—	—	—	2048	6144	16384	24576
PIC18F4480	16K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	—	—	—	—	2048	6144	8192	16384
			000FFF							4096	4096		
PIC18F4510	32K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	6144	24576	32768
PIC18F4515	48K	40	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	—	—	—	2048	14336	32768	49152
PIC18F4520	32K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	14336	16384	32768
PIC18F4523	32K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	14336	16384	32768
PIC18F4525	48K	40	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	—	—	—	2048	14336	32768	49152
PIC18F4550	32K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	6144	24576	32768
PIC18F4553	32K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	6144	24576	32768
PIC18F4580	32K	40	0007FF	001FFF	003FFF	005FFF	007FFF	—	—	2048	6144	24576	32768
			000FFF							4096	4096		
PIC18F4585	48K	40	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	—	—	—	2048	14336	32768	49152
			000FFF							4096	12288		
			001FFF							8192	8192		
PIC18F4610	64K	40	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	—	—	2048	14336	49152	65536
PIC18F4620	64K	40	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	—	—	2048	14336	49152	65536
PIC18F4680	64K	40	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	—	—	2048	14336	49152	65536
			000FFF							4096	12288		
			001FFF							8192	8192		
PIC18F4682	80K	40	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	013FFF	—	2048	14336	65536	81920
			000FFF							4096	12288		
			001FFF							8192	8192		
PIC18F4685	96K	44	0007FF	003FFF	007FFF	00BFFF	00FFFF	013FFF	017FFF	2048	14336	81920	98304
			000FFF							4096	12288		
			001FFF							8192	8192		

Legend: — = unimplemented.