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Details

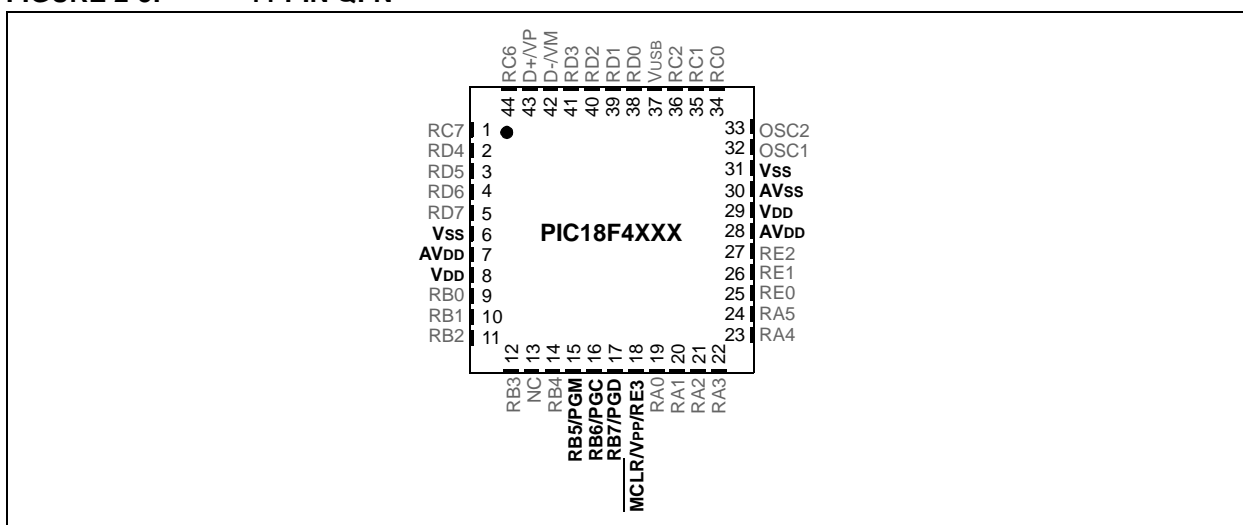
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	36
Program Memory Size	48KB (24K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	3.8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	4.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 13x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic18f4515t-i-pt

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

The following devices are included in 44-pin QFN parts:

- PIC18F4221
- PIC18F4321
- PIC18F4410
- PIC18F4420
- PIC18F4423
- PIC18F4450
- PIC18F4455
- PIC18F4458
- PIC18F4480
- PIC18F4510
- PIC18F4520
- PIC18F4515
- PIC18F4523
- PIC18F4525
- PIC18F4550
- PIC18F4553
- PIC18F4580
- PIC18F4585
- PIC18F4610
- PIC18F4620
- PIC18F4680
- PIC18F4682
- PIC18F4685

FIGURE 2-5: 44-PIN QFN



2.3 Memory Maps

For PIC18FX6X0 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 0FFFFh (64 Kbytes) in four 16-Kbyte blocks. For PIC18FX5X5 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 0BFFFFh (48 Kbytes) in three 16-Kbyte blocks. Addresses, 0000h through 07FFh, however, define a “Boot Block” region that is treated separately from Block 0. All of these blocks define code protection boundaries within the code memory space.

The size of the Boot Block in PIC18F2585/2680/4585/4680 devices can be configured as 1, 2 or 4K words (see [Figure 2-6](#)). This is done through the BBSIZ<1:0> bits in the Configuration register, CONFIG4L. It is important to note that increasing the size of the Boot Block decreases the size of Block 0.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

For PIC18F2685/4685 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 017FFFh (96 Kbytes) in five 16-Kbyte blocks. For PIC18F2682/4682 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 0013FFFh (80 Kbytes) in four 16-Kbyte blocks. Addresses, 0000h through 0FFFh, however, define a “Boot Block” region that is treated separately from Block 0. All of these blocks define code protection boundaries within the code memory space.

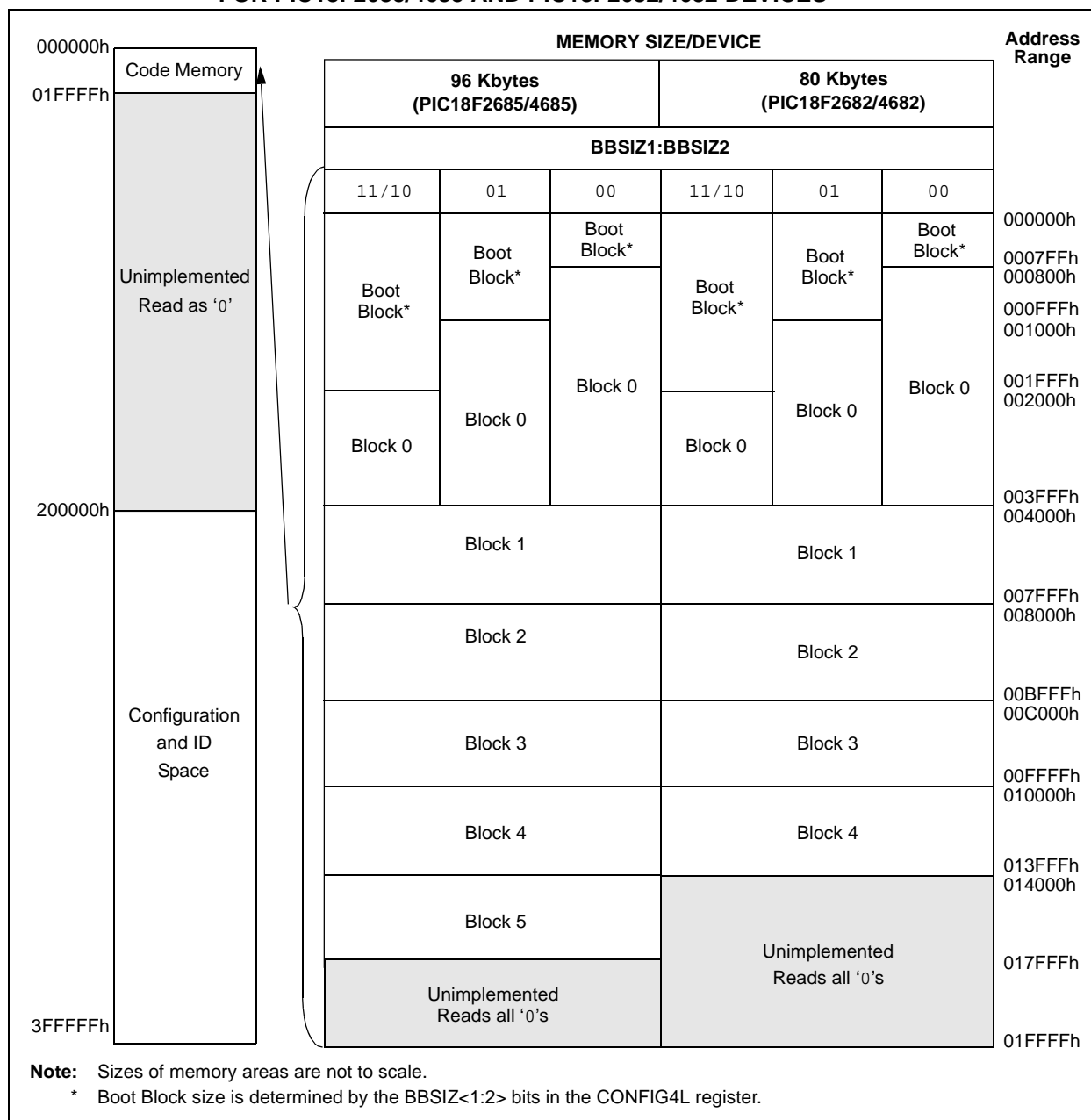
The size of the Boot Block in PIC18F2685/4685 and PIC18F2682/4682 devices can be configured as 1, 2 or 4K words (see [Figure 2-7](#)). This is done through the BBSIZ<2:1> bits in the Configuration register, CONFIG4L. It is important to note that increasing the size of the Boot Block decreases the size of Block 0.

TABLE 2-3: IMPLEMENTATION OF CODE MEMORY

Device	Code Memory Size (Bytes)
PIC18F2682	000000h-013FFFh (80K)
PIC18F4682	
PIC18F2685	000000h-017FFFh (96K)
PIC18F4685	

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

FIGURE 2-7: MEMORY MAP AND THE CODE MEMORY SPACE FOR PIC18F2685/4685 AND PIC18F2682/4682 DEVICES



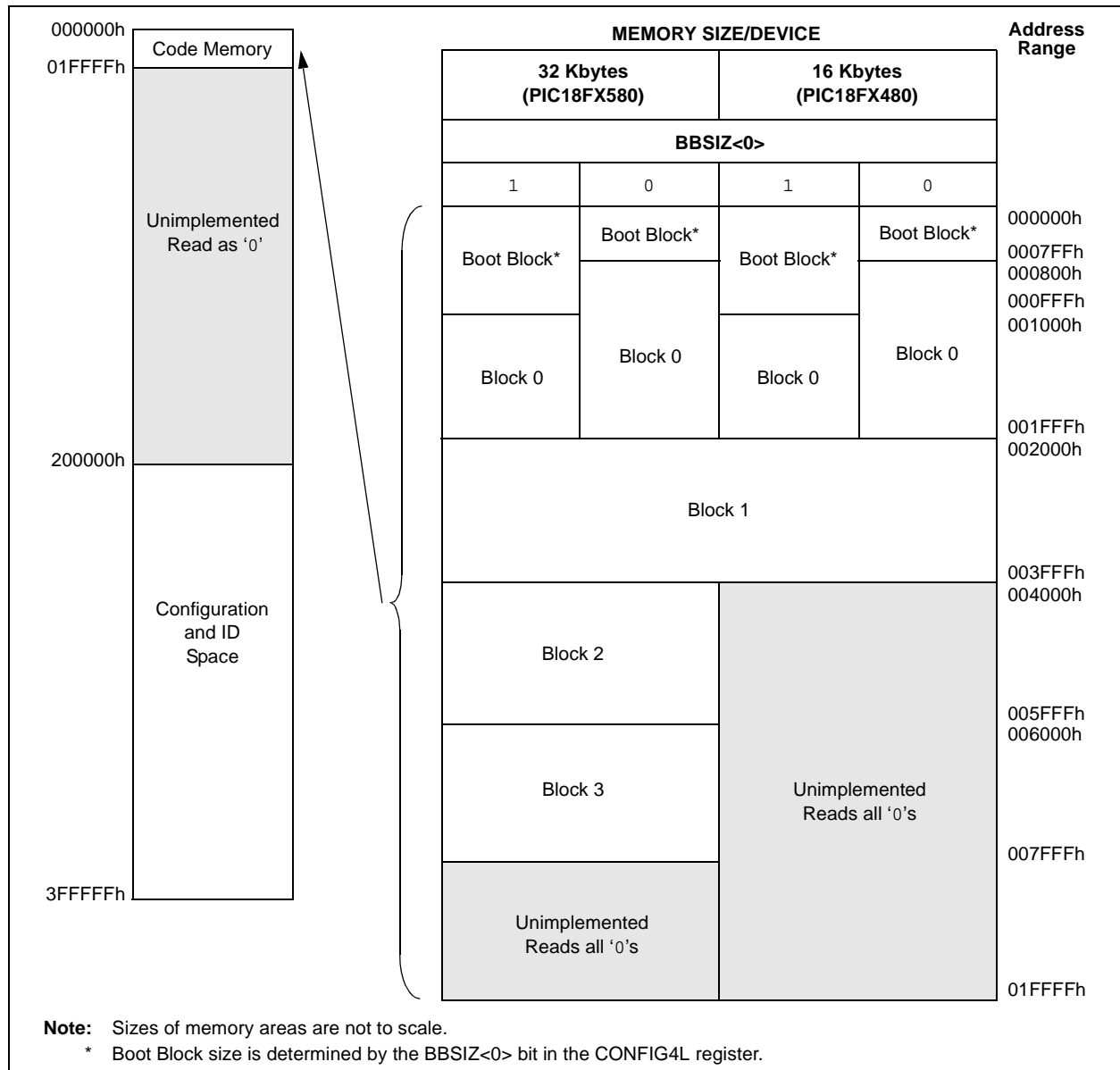
For PIC18FX5X0/X5X3 devices, the code memory space extends from 000000h to 007FFFh (32 Kbytes) in four 8-Kbyte blocks. For PIC18FX4X5/X4X8 devices, the code memory space extends from 000000h to 005FFFh (24 Kbytes) in three 8-Kbyte blocks. Addresses, 000000h through 0007FFh, however, define a “Boot Block” region that is treated separately from Block 0. All of these blocks define code protection boundaries within the code memory space.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 2-6: IMPLEMENTATION OF CODE MEMORY

Device	Code Memory Size (Bytes)
PIC18F2480	000000h-003FFFh (16K)
PIC18F4480	
PIC18F2580	000000h-007FFFh (32K)
PIC18F4580	

FIGURE 2-10: MEMORY MAP AND THE CODE MEMORY SPACE FOR PIC18F2480/2580/4480/4580 DEVICES



For PIC18F2221/4221 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 00FFFh (4 Kbytes) in one 4-Kbyte block. For PIC18F2321/4321 devices, the code memory space extends from 0000h to 01FFFh (8 Kbytes) in two 4-Kbyte blocks. Addresses, 0000h through 07FFFh, however, define a variable "Boot Block" region that is treated separately from Block 0. All of these blocks define code protection boundaries within the code memory space.

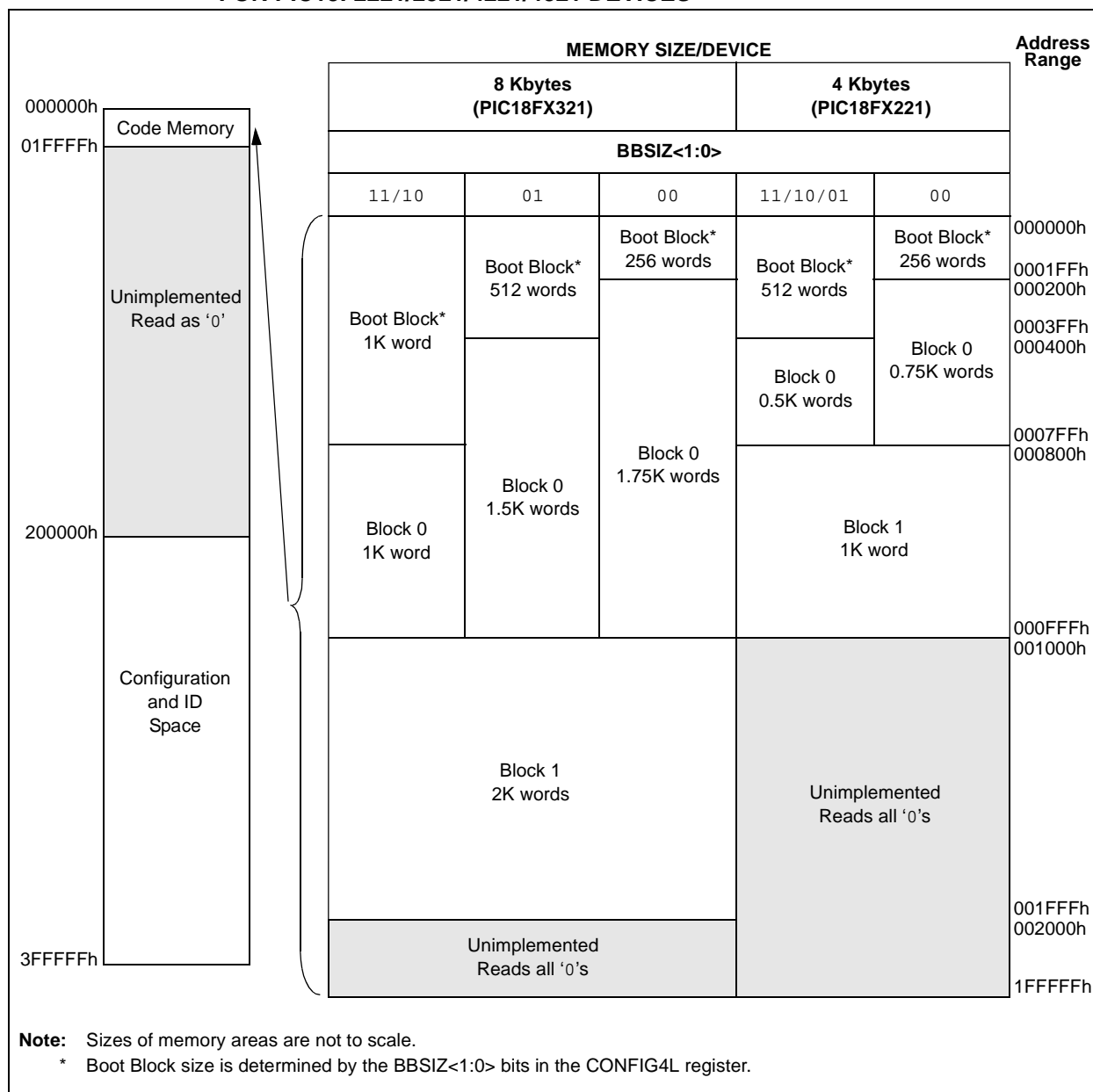
PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

The size of the Boot Block in PIC18F2221/2321/4221/4321 devices can be configured as 256, 512 or 1024 words (see [Figure 2-11](#)). This is done through the BBSIZ<1:0> bits in the Configuration register, CONFIG4L (see [Figure 2-11](#)). It is important to note that increasing the size of the Boot Block decreases the size of Block 0.

TABLE 2-7: IMPLEMENTATION OF CODE MEMORY

Device	Code Memory Size (Bytes)
PIC18F2221	000000h-000FFFh (4K)
PIC18F4221	
PIC18F2321	000000h-001FFFh (8K)
PIC18F4321	

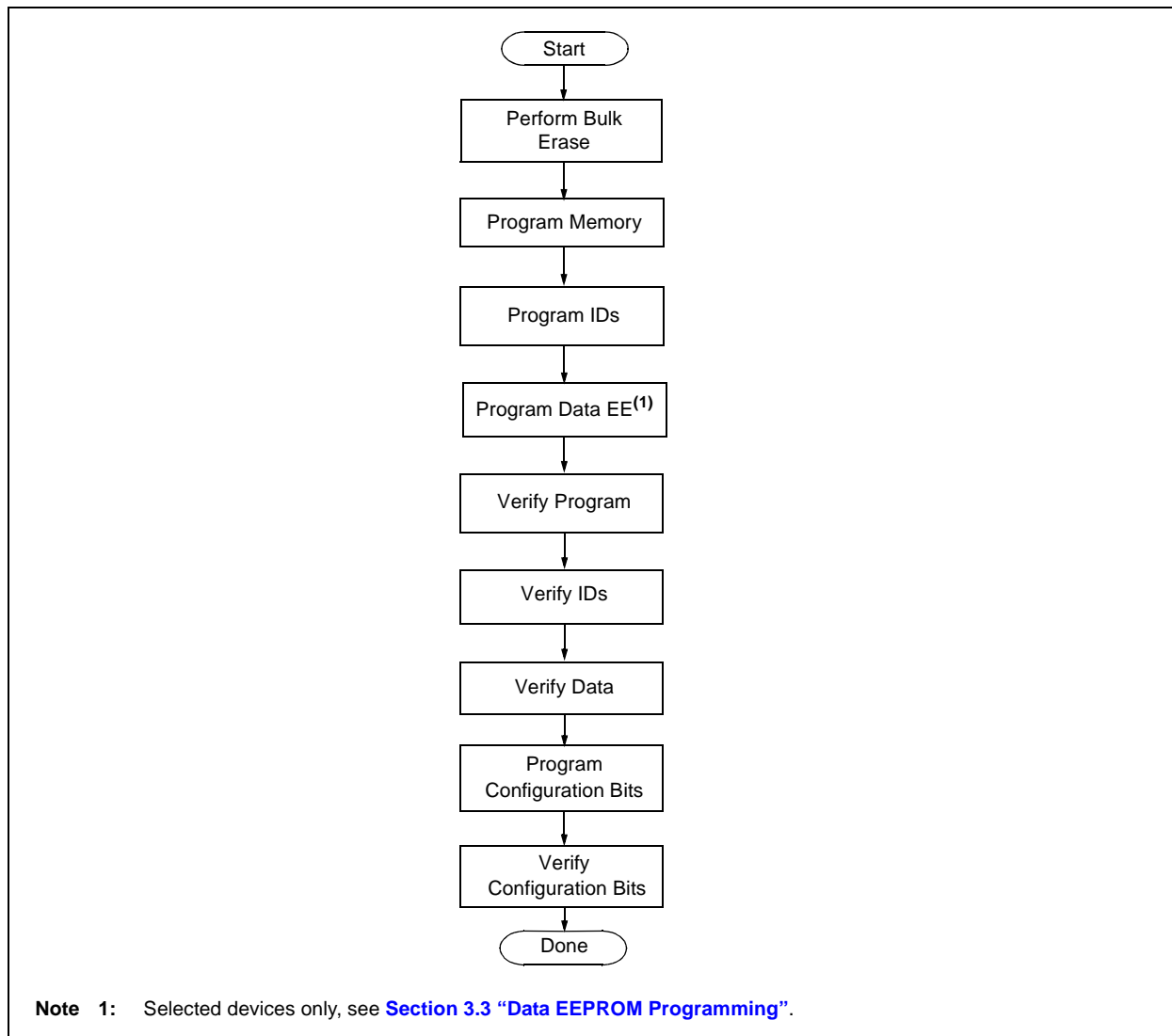
FIGURE 2-11: MEMORY MAP AND THE CODE MEMORY SPACE FOR PIC18F2221/2321/4221/4321 DEVICES



2.4 High-Level Overview of the Programming Process

Figure 2-13 shows the high-level overview of the programming process. First, a Bulk Erase is performed. Next, the code memory, ID locations and data EEPROM are programmed (selected devices only, see [Section 3.3 “Data EEPROM Programming”](#)). These memories are then verified to ensure that programming was successful. If no errors are detected, the Configuration bits are then programmed and verified.

FIGURE 2-13: HIGH-LEVEL PROGRAMMING FLOW



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

3.0 DEVICE PROGRAMMING

Programming includes the ability to erase or write the various memory regions within the device.

In all cases, except high-voltage ICSP Bulk Erase, the EECON1 register must be configured in order to operate on a particular memory region.

When using the EECON1 register to act on code memory, the EEPGD bit must be set (EECON1<7> = 1) and the CFGS bit must be cleared (EECON1<6> = 0). The WREN bit must be set (EECON1<2> = 1) to enable writes of any sort (e.g., erases) and this must be done prior to initiating a write sequence. The FREE bit must be set (EECON1<4> = 1) in order to erase the program space being pointed to by the Table Pointer. The erase or write sequence is initiated by setting the WR bit (EECON1<1> = 1). It is strongly recommended that the WREN bit only be set immediately prior to a program erase.

3.1 ICSP Erase

3.1.1 HIGH-VOLTAGE ICSP BULK ERASE

Erasing code or data EEPROM is accomplished by configuring two Bulk Erase Control registers located at 3C0004h and 3C0005h. Code memory may be erased, portions at a time, or the user may erase the entire device in one action. Bulk Erase operations will also clear any code-protect settings associated with the memory block being erased. Erase options are detailed in [Table 3-1](#). If data EEPROM is code-protected (CPD = 0), the user must request an erase of data EEPROM (e.g., 0084h as shown in [Table 3-1](#)).

TABLE 3-1: BULK ERASE OPTIONS

Description	Data (3C0005h:3C0004h)
Chip Erase	3F8Fh
Erase Data EEPROM ⁽¹⁾	0084h
Erase Boot Block	0081h
Erase Configuration Bits	0082h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 0	0180h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 1	0280h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 2	0480h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 3	0880h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 4	1080h
Erase Code EEPROM Block 5	2080h

Note 1: Selected devices only, see [Section 3.3 “Data EEPROM Programming”](#).

The actual Bulk Erase function is a self-timed operation. Once the erase has started (falling edge of the 4th PGC after the NOP command), serial execution will cease until the erase completes (Parameter P11). During this time, PGC may continue to toggle but PGD must be held low.

The code sequence to erase the entire device is shown in [Table](#) and the flowchart is shown in [Figure 3-1](#).

Note: A Bulk Erase is the only way to reprogram code-protect bits from an ON state to an OFF state.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

3.2 Code Memory Programming

Programming code memory is accomplished by first loading data into the write buffer and then initiating a programming sequence. The write and erase buffer sizes, shown in [Table 3-4](#), can be mapped to any location of the same size, beginning at 000000h. The actual memory write sequence takes the contents of this buffer and programs the proper amount of code memory that contains the Table Pointer.

The programming duration is externally timed and is controlled by PGC. After a Start Programming command is issued (4-bit command, '1111'), a NOP is issued, where the 4th PGC is held high for the duration of the programming time, P9.

After PGC is brought low, the programming sequence is terminated. PGC must be held low for the time specified by Parameter P10 to allow high-voltage discharge of the memory array.

The code sequence to program a PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family device is shown in [Table 3-5](#). The flowchart, shown in [Figure 3-4](#), depicts the logic necessary to completely write a PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family device. The timing diagram that details the Start Programming command and Parameters P9 and P10 is shown in [Figure 3-5](#).

Note: The TBLPTR register must point to the same region when initiating the programming sequence as it did when the write buffers were loaded.

TABLE 3-4: WRITE AND ERASE BUFFER SIZES

Devices (Arranged by Family)	Write Buffer Size (Bytes)	Erase Buffer Size (Bytes)
PIC18F2221, PIC18F2321, PIC18F4221, PIC18F4321	8	64
PIC18F2450, PIC18F4450	16	64
PIC18F2410, PIC18F2510, PIC18F4410, PIC18F4510	32	64
PIC18F2420, PIC18F2520, PIC18F4420, PIC18F4520		
PIC18F2423, PIC18F2523, PIC18F4423, PIC18F4523		
PIC18F2480, PIC18F2580, PIC18F4480, PIC18F4580		
PIC18F2455, PIC18F2550, PIC18F4455, PIC18F4550		
PIC18F2458, PIC18F2553, PIC18F4458, PIC18F4553		
PIC18F2515, PIC18F2610, PIC18F4515, PIC18F4610	64	64
PIC18F2525, PIC18F2620, PIC18F4525, PIC18F4620		
PIC18F2585, PIC18F2680, PIC18F4585, PIC18F4680		
PIC18F2682, PIC18F2685, PIC18F4682, PIC18F4685		

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

3.3 Data EEPROM Programming

Note: Data EEPROM programming is not available on the following devices:	
PIC18F2410	PIC18F4410
PIC18F2450	PIC18F4450
PIC18F2510	PIC18F4510
PIC18F2515	PIC18F4515
PIC18F2610	PIC18F4610

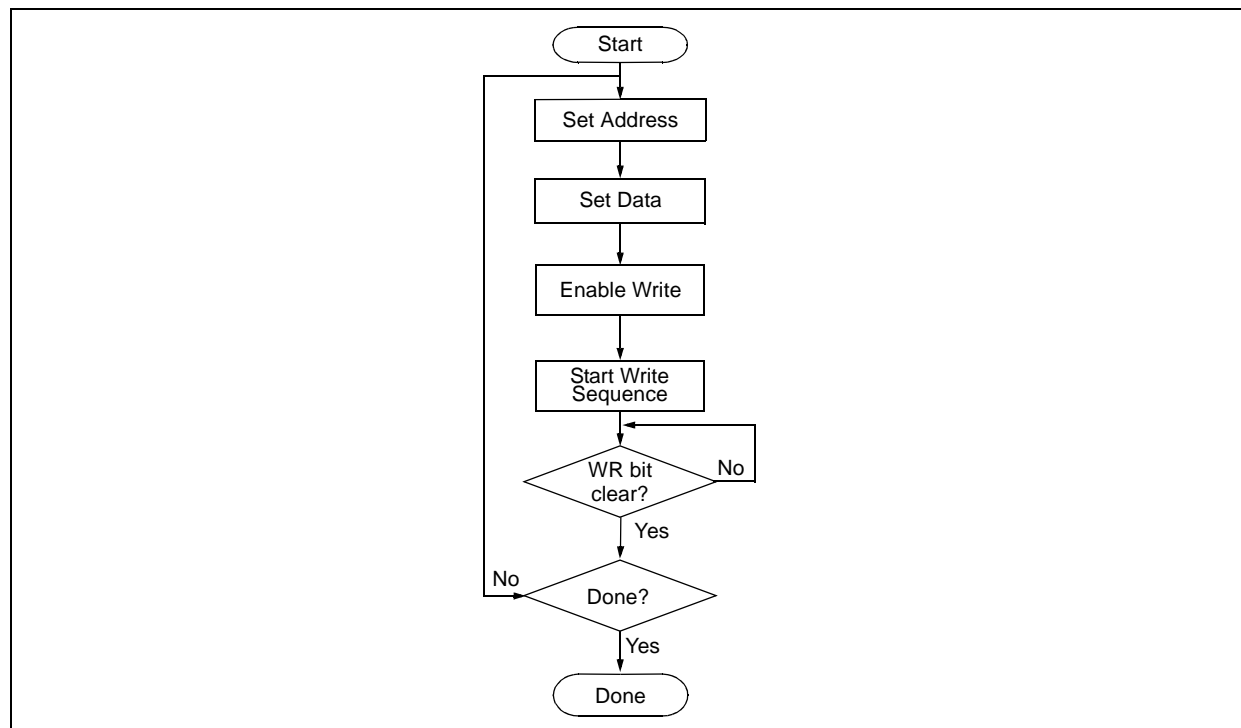
Data EEPROM is accessed one byte at a time via an Address Pointer (register pair: EEADRH:EEADR) and a data latch (EEDATA). Data EEPROM is written by loading EEADRH:EEADR with the desired memory location, EEDATA, with the data to be written and initiating a memory write by appropriately configuring the EECON1 register. A byte write automatically erases the location and writes the new data (erase-before-write).

When using the EECON1 register to perform a data EEPROM write, both the EEPGD and CFGS bits must be cleared (EECON1<7:6> = 00). The WREN bit must be set (EECON1<2> = 1) to enable writes of any sort and this must be done prior to initiating a write sequence. The write sequence is initiated by setting the WR bit (EECON1<1> = 1).

The write begins on the falling edge of the 4th PGC after the WR bit is set. It ends when the WR bit is cleared by hardware.

After the programming sequence terminates, PGC must still be held low for the time specified by Parameter P10 to allow high-voltage discharge of the memory array.

FIGURE 3-6: PROGRAM DATA FLOW



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 3-7: PROGRAMMING DATA MEMORY

4-Bit Command	Data Payload	Core Instruction
Step 1: Direct access to data EEPROM.		
0000	9E A6	BCF EECON1, EEPGD
0000	9C A6	BCF EECON1, CFGS
Step 2: Set the data EEPROM Address Pointer.		
0000	0E <Addr>	MOVLW <Addr>
0000	6E A9	MOVWF EEADR
0000	0E <AddrH>	MOVLW <AddrH>
0000	6E AA	MOVWF EEADRH
Step 3: Load the data to be written.		
0000	0E <Data>	MOVLW <Data>
0000	6E A8	MOVWF EEDATA
Step 4: Enable memory writes.		
0000	84 A6	BSF EECON1, WREN
Step 5: Initiate write.		
0000	82 A6	BSF EECON1, WR
Step 6: Poll WR bit, repeat until the bit is clear.		
0000	50 A6	MOVF EECON1, W, 0
0000	6E F5	MOVWF TABLAT
0000	00 00	NOP
0010	<MSB><LSB>	Shift out data ⁽¹⁾
Step 7: Hold PGC low for time P10.		
Step 8: Disable writes.		
0000	94 A6	BCF EECON1, WREN
Repeat Steps 2 through 8 to write more data.		

Note 1: See [Figure 4-4](#) for details on shift out data timing.

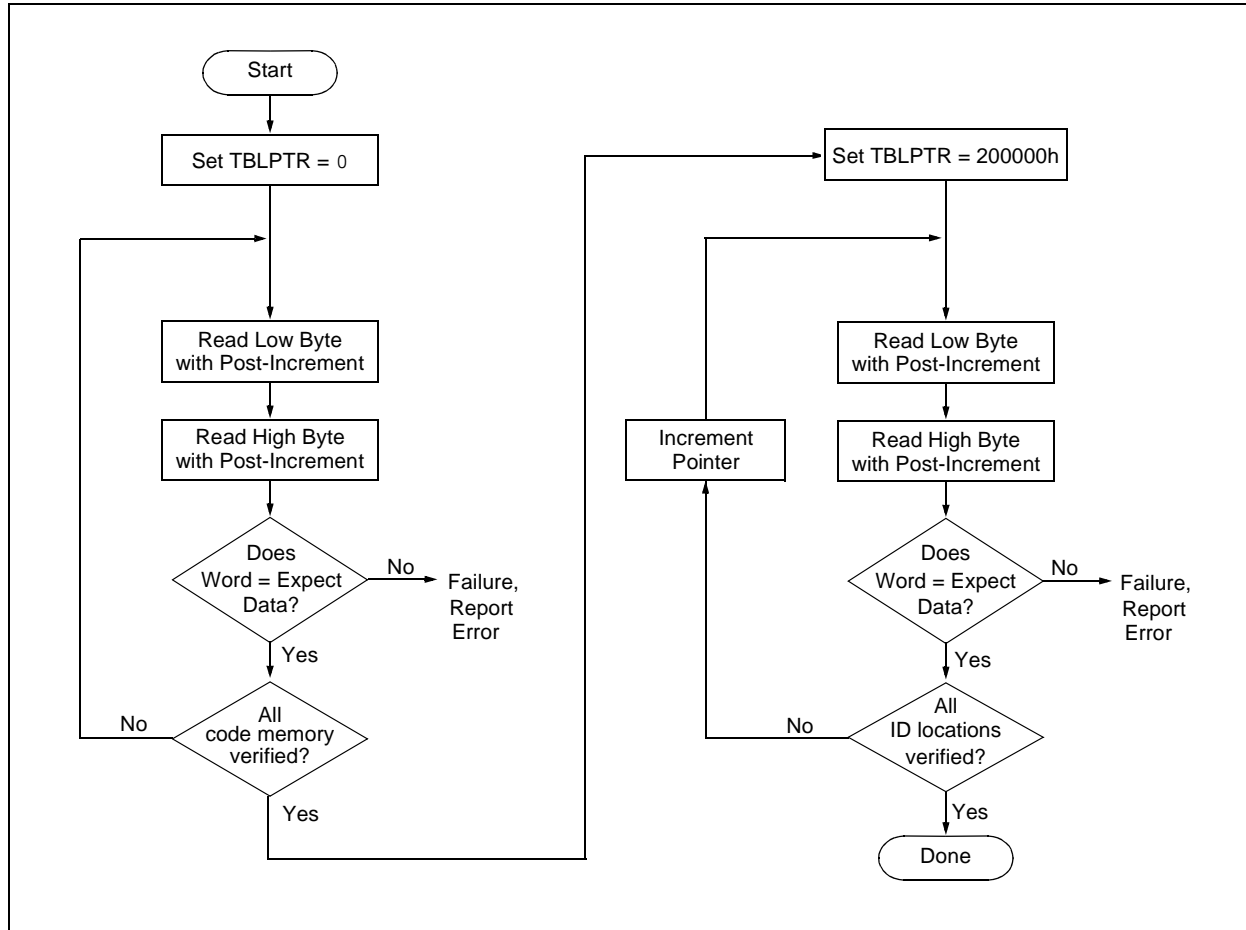
PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

4.2 Verify Code Memory and ID Locations

The verify step involves reading back the code memory space and comparing it against the copy held in the programmer's buffer. Memory reads occur a single byte at a time, so two bytes must be read to compare against the word in the programmer's buffer. Refer to [Section 4.1 "Read Code Memory, ID Locations and Configuration Bits"](#) for implementation details of reading code memory.

The Table Pointer must be manually set to 200000h (base address of the ID locations) once the code memory has been verified. The post-increment feature of the Table Read 4-bit command may not be used to increment the Table Pointer beyond the code memory space. In a 64-Kbyte device, for example, a post-increment read of address, FFFFh, will wrap the Table Pointer back to 000000h, rather than point to the unimplemented address, 010000h.

FIGURE 4-2: VERIFY CODE MEMORY FLOW



4.3 Verify Configuration Bits

A configuration address may be read and output on PGD via the 4-bit command, '1001'. Configuration data is read and written in a byte-wise fashion, so it is not necessary to merge two bytes into a word prior to a compare. The result may then be immediately compared to the appropriate configuration data in the programmer's memory for verification. Refer to [Section 4.1 "Read Code Memory, ID Locations and Configuration Bits"](#) for implementation details of reading configuration data.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

4.4 Read Data EEPROM Memory

Data EEPROM is accessed, one byte at a time, via an Address Pointer (register pair: EEADRH:EEADR) and a data latch (EEDATA). Data EEPROM is read by loading EEADRH:EEADR with the desired memory location and initiating a memory read by appropriately configuring the EECON1 register. The data will be loaded into EEDATA, where it may be serially output on PGD via the 4-bit command, '0010' (Shift Out Data Holding register). A delay of P6 must be introduced after the falling edge of the 8th PGC of the operand to allow PGD to transition from an input to an output. During this time, PGC must be held low (see Figure 4-4).

The command sequence to read a single byte of data is shown in Table 4-2.

FIGURE 4-3: READ DATA EEPROM FLOW

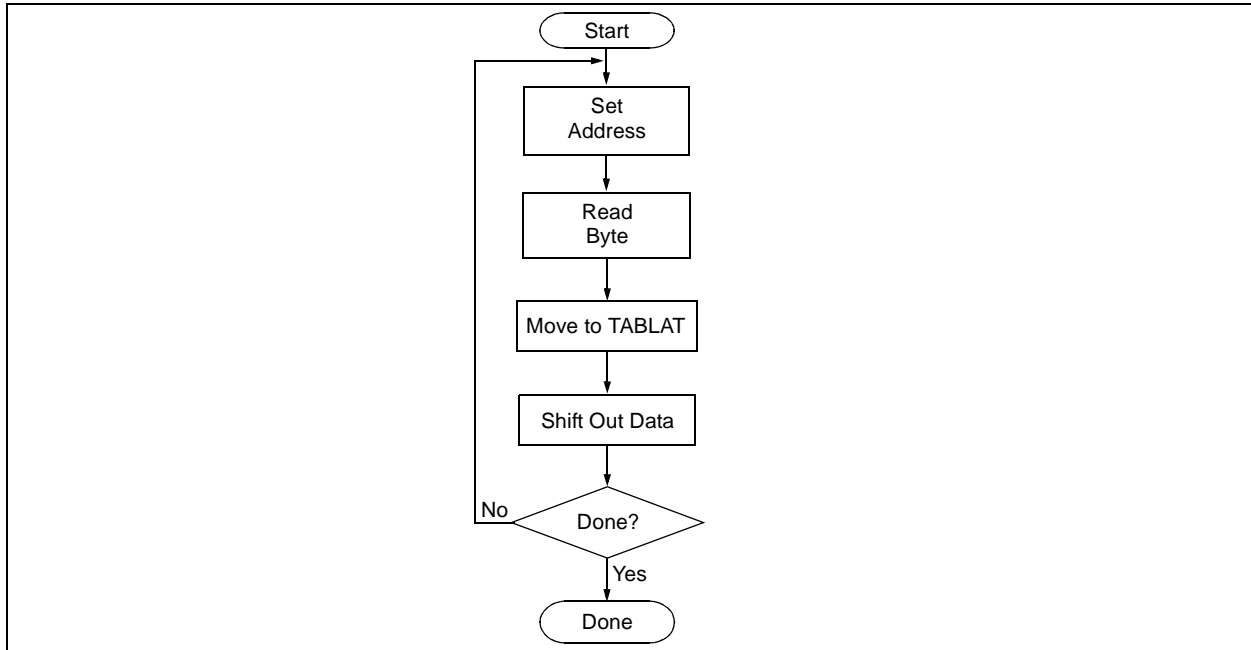


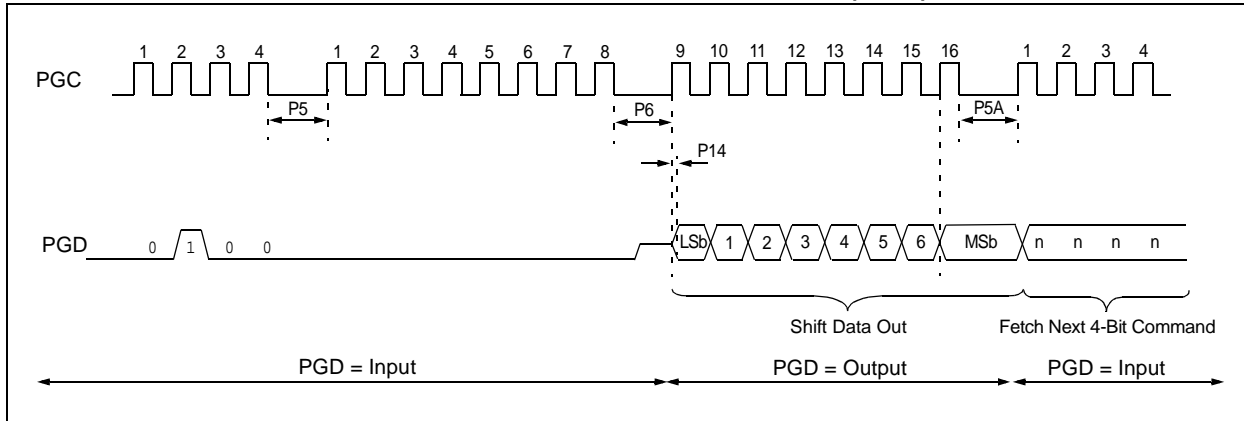
TABLE 4-2: READ DATA EEPROM MEMORY

4-Bit Command	Data Payload	Core Instruction
Step 1: Direct access to data EEPROM.		
0000	9E A6	BCF EECON1, EEPGD
0000	9C A6	BCF EECON1, CFGS
Step 2: Set the data EEPROM Address Pointer.		
0000	0E <Addr>	MOVLW <Addr>
0000	6E A9	MOVWF EEADR
0000	0E <AddrH>	MOVLW <AddrH>
0000	6E AA	MOVWF EEADRH
Step 3: Initiate a memory read.		
0000	80 A6	BSF EECON1, RD
Step 4: Load data into the Serial Data Holding register.		
0000	50 A8	MOVF EEDATA, W, 0
0000	6E F5	MOVWF TABLAT
0000	00 00	NOP
0010	<MSB><LSB>	Shift Out Data ⁽¹⁾

Note 1: The <LSB> is undefined. The <MSB> is the data.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

FIGURE 4-4: SHIFT OUT DATA HOLDING REGISTER TIMING (0010)



4.5 Verify Data EEPROM

A data EEPROM address may be read via a sequence of core instructions (4-bit command, '0000') and then output on PGD via the 4-bit command, '0010' (TABLAT register). The result may then be immediately compared to the appropriate data in the programmer's memory for verification. Refer to [Section 4.4 "Read Data EEPROM Memory"](#) for implementation details of reading data EEPROM.

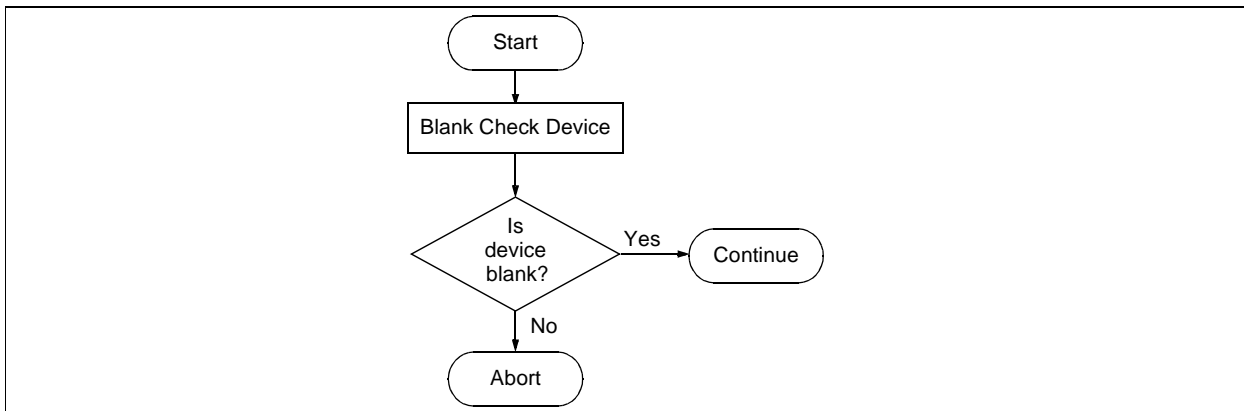
4.6 Blank Check

The term Blank Check means to verify that the device has no programmed memory cells. All memories must be verified: code memory, data EEPROM, ID locations and Configuration bits. The Device ID registers (3FFFFEh:3FFFFFh) should be ignored.

A "blank" or "erased" memory cell will read as '1'. Therefore, Blank Checking a device merely means to verify that all bytes read as FFh, except the Configuration bits. Unused (reserved) Configuration bits will read '0' (programmed). Refer to [Figure 4-5](#) for blank configuration expect data for the various PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family devices.

Given that Blank Checking is merely code and data EEPROM verification with FFh expect data, refer to [Section 4.4 "Read Data EEPROM Memory"](#) and [Section 4.2 "Verify Code Memory and ID Locations"](#) for implementation details.

FIGURE 4-5: BLANK CHECK FLOW



5.0 CONFIGURATION WORD

The PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family devices have several Configuration Words. These bits can be set or cleared to select various device configurations. All other memory areas should be programmed and verified prior to setting the Configuration Words. These bits may be read out normally, even after read or code protection. See [Table 5-1](#) for a list of Configuration bits and Device IDs, and [Table 5-3](#) for the Configuration bit descriptions.

5.1 ID Locations

A user may store identification information (ID) in eight ID locations, mapped in 200000h:200007h. It is recommended that the Most Significant nibble of each ID be Fh. In doing so, if the user code inadvertently tries to execute from the ID space, the ID data will execute as a NOP.

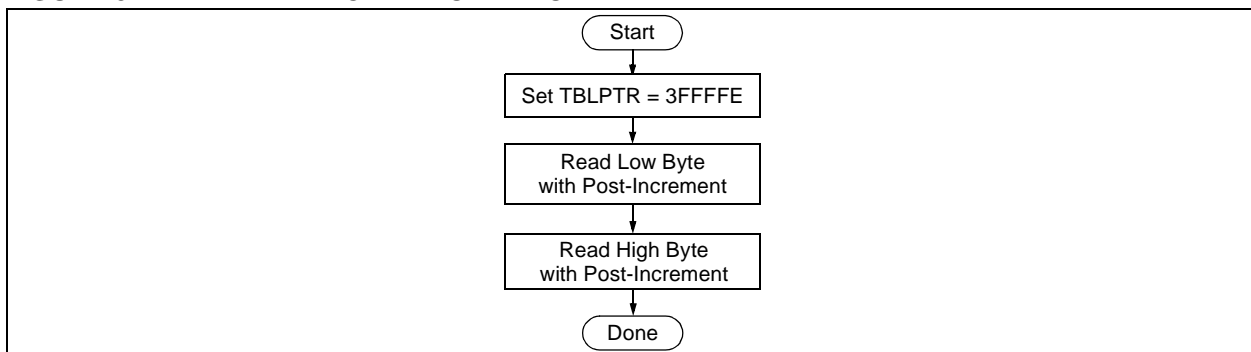
5.2 Device ID Word

The Device ID Word for the PIC18F2XXX/4XXX Family devices is located at 3FFFFEh:3FFFFFh. These bits may be used by the programmer to identify what device type is being programmed and read out normally, even after code or read protection.

In some cases, devices may share the same DEVID values. In such cases, the Most Significant bit of the device revision, REV4 (DEVID1<4>), will need to be examined to completely determine the device being accessed.

See [Table 5-2](#) for a complete list of Device ID values.

FIGURE 5-1: READ DEVICE ID WORD FLOW



PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-2: DEVICE ID VALUES

Device	Device ID Value	
	DEVID2	DEVID1
PIC18F2221	21h	011x xxxx
PIC18F2321	21h	001x xxxx
PIC18F2410	11h	011x xxxx
PIC18F2420	11h	010x xxxx ⁽¹⁾
PIC18F2423	11h	010x xxxx ⁽²⁾
PIC18F2450	24h	001x xxxx
PIC18F2455	12h	011x xxxx
PIC18F2458	2Ah	011x xxxx
PIC18F2480	1Ah	111x xxxx
PIC18F2510	11h	001x xxxx
PIC18F2515	0Ch	111x xxxx
PIC18F2520	11h	000x xxxx ⁽¹⁾
PIC18F2523	11h	000x xxxx ⁽²⁾
PIC18F2525	0Ch	110x xxxx
PIC18F2550	12h	010x xxxx
PIC18F2553	2Ah	010x xxxx
PIC18F2580	1Ah	110x xxxx
PIC18F2585	0Eh	111x xxxx
PIC18F2610	0Ch	101x xxxx
PIC18F2620	0Ch	100x xxxx
PIC18F2680	0Eh	110x xxxx
PIC18F2682	27h	000x xxxx
PIC18F2685	27h	001x xxxx
PIC18F4221	21h	010x xxxx
PIC18F4321	21h	000x xxxx
PIC18F4410	10h	111x xxxx
PIC18F4420	10h	110x xxxx ⁽¹⁾
PIC18F4423	10h	110x xxxx ⁽²⁾
PIC18F4450	24h	000x xxxx
PIC18F4455	12h	001x xxxx
PIC18F4458	2Ah	001x xxxx
PIC18F4480	1Ah	101x xxxx
PIC18F4510	10h	101x xxxx
PIC18F4515	0Ch	011x xxxx
PIC18F4520	10h	100x xxxx ⁽¹⁾
PIC18F4523	10h	100x xxxx ⁽²⁾
PIC18F4525	0Ch	010x xxxx
PIC18F4550	12h	000x xxxx
PIC18F4553	2Ah	000x xxxx
PIC18F4580	1Ah	100x xxxx

Legend: The 'x's in DEVID1 contain the device revision code.

Note 1: DEVID1 bit 4 is used to determine the device type (REV4 = 0).

2: DEVID1 bit 4 is used to determine the device type (REV4 = 1).

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-3: PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY BIT DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Bit Name	Configuration Words	Description
WRT5	CONFIG6L	Write Protection bit (Block 5 code memory area) (PIC18F2685 and PIC18F4685 devices only) 1 = Block 5 is not write-protected 0 = Block 5 is write-protected
WRT4	CONFIG6L	Write Protection bit (Block 4 code memory area) (PIC18F2682/2685 and PIC18F4682/4685 devices only) 1 = Block 4 is not write-protected 0 = Block 4 is write-protected
WRT3	CONFIG6L	Write Protection bit (Block 3 code memory area) 1 = Block 3 is not write-protected 0 = Block 3 is write-protected
WRT2	CONFIG6L	Write Protection bit (Block 2 code memory area) 1 = Block 2 is not write-protected 0 = Block 2 is write-protected
WRT1	CONFIG6L	Write Protection bit (Block 1 code memory area) 1 = Block 1 is not write-protected 0 = Block 1 is write-protected
WRT0	CONFIG6L	Write Protection bit (Block 0 code memory area) 1 = Block 0 is not write-protected 0 = Block 0 is write-protected
WRTD	CONFIG6H	Write Protection bit (Data EEPROM) 1 = Data EEPROM is not write-protected 0 = Data EEPROM is write-protected
WRTB	CONFIG6H	Write Protection bit (Boot Block memory area) 1 = Boot Block is not write-protected 0 = Boot Block is write-protected
WRTC	CONFIG6H	Write Protection bit (Configuration registers) 1 = Configuration registers are not write-protected 0 = Configuration registers are write-protected
EBTR5	CONFIG7L	Table Read Protection bit (Block 5 code memory area) (PIC18F2685 and PIC18F4685 devices only) 1 = Block 5 is not protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks 0 = Block 5 is protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks
EBTR4	CONFIG7L	Table Read Protection bit (Block 4 code memory area) (PIC18F2682/2685 and PIC18F4682/4685 devices only) 1 = Block 4 is not protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks 0 = Block 4 is protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks
EBTR3	CONFIG7L	Table Read Protection bit (Block 3 code memory area) 1 = Block 3 is not protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks 0 = Block 3 is protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks
EBTR2	CONFIG7L	Table Read Protection bit (Block 2 code memory area) 1 = Block 2 is not protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks 0 = Block 2 is protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks
EBTR1	CONFIG7L	Table Read Protection bit (Block 1 code memory area) 1 = Block 1 is not protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks 0 = Block 1 is protected from Table Reads executed in other blocks

Note 1: The BBSIZ bits, BBSIZ<1:0> and BBSIZ<2:1> bits, cannot be changed once any of the following code-protect bits are enabled: CPB or CP0, WRTB or WRT0, EBTRB or EBTR0.

2: Not available in PIC18FXX8X and PIC18F2450/4450 devices.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-5: CONFIGURATION WORD MASKS FOR COMPUTING CHECKSUMS

Device	Configuration Word (CONFIGxx)													
	1L	1H	2L	2H	3L	3H	4L	4H	5L	5H	6L	6H	7L	7H
	Address (30000xh)													
	0h	1h	2h	3h	4h	5h	6h	7h	8h	9h	Ah	Bh	Ch	Dh
PIC18F2221	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	F5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F2321	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	F5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F2410	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F2420	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F2423	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F2450	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	86	ED	00	03	40	03	60	03	40
PIC18F2455	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	87	E5	00	07	C0	07	E0	07	40
PIC18F2458	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	87	E5	00	07	C0	07	E0	07	40
PIC18F2480	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	D5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F2510	00	1F	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2515	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2520	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2523	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2525	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2550	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	87	E5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2553	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	87	E5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2580	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	D5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2585	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2610	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2620	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2680	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F2682	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	C5	00	3F	C0	3F	E0	3F	40
PIC18F2685	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	C5	00	3F	C0	3F	E0	3F	40
PIC18F4221	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	F5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F4321	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	F5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F4410	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F4420	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F4423	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F4450	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	86	ED	00	03	40	03	60	03	40
PIC18F4455	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	87	E5	00	07	C0	07	E0	07	40
PIC18F4458	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	87	E5	00	07	C0	07	E0	07	40
PIC18F4480	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	D5	00	03	C0	03	E0	03	40
PIC18F4510	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4515	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4520	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4523	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4525	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4550	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	87	E5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4553	3F	CF	3F	1F	00	87	E5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4580	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	D5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4585	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4610	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40

Legend: Shaded cells are unimplemented.

PIC18F2XXX/4XXX FAMILY

TABLE 5-5: CONFIGURATION WORD MASKS FOR COMPUTING CHECKSUMS (CONTINUED)

Device	Configuration Word (CONFIGxx)													
	1L	1H	2L	2H	3L	3H	4L	4H	5L	5H	6L	6H	7L	7H
	Address (30000xh)													
	0h	1h	2h	3h	4h	5h	6h	7h	8h	9h	Ah	Bh	Ch	Dh
PIC18F4620	00	CF	1F	1F	00	87	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4680	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	C5	00	0F	C0	0F	E0	0F	40
PIC18F4682	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	C5	00	3F	C0	3F	E0	3F	40
PIC18F4685	00	CF	1F	1F	00	86	C5	00	3F	C0	3F	E0	3F	40

Legend: Shaded cells are unimplemented.

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