



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

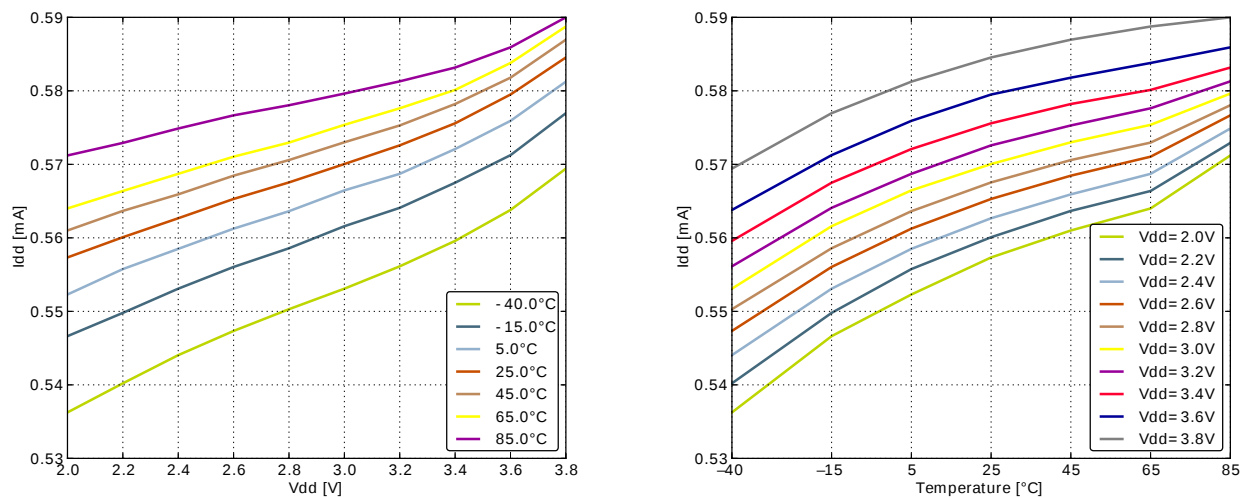
|                            |                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product Status             | Discontinued at Digi-Key                                                                                                                                  |
| Core Processor             | ARM® Cortex®-M0+                                                                                                                                          |
| Core Size                  | 32-Bit Single-Core                                                                                                                                        |
| Speed                      | 24MHz                                                                                                                                                     |
| Connectivity               | EBI/EMI, I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART                                                                                               |
| Peripherals                | Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, POR, PWM, WDT                                                                                              |
| Number of I/O              | 24                                                                                                                                                        |
| Program Memory Size        | 16KB (16K x 8)                                                                                                                                            |
| Program Memory Type        | FLASH                                                                                                                                                     |
| EEPROM Size                | -                                                                                                                                                         |
| RAM Size                   | 4K x 8                                                                                                                                                    |
| Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd) | 1.98V ~ 3.8V                                                                                                                                              |
| Data Converters            | A/D 4x12b; D/A 1x12b                                                                                                                                      |
| Oscillator Type            | Internal                                                                                                                                                  |
| Operating Temperature      | -40°C ~ 85°C (TA)                                                                                                                                         |
| Mounting Type              | Surface Mount                                                                                                                                             |
| Package / Case             | 32-VQFN Exposed Pad                                                                                                                                       |
| Supplier Device Package    | 32-QFN (6x6)                                                                                                                                              |
| Purchase URL               | <a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32zg210f16-qfn32">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32zg210f16-qfn32</a> |

## 3.4 Current Consumption

**Table 3.3. Current Consumption**

| Symbol           | Parameter                                                                                                          | Condition                                                                                      | Min | Typ | Max | Unit       |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| I <sub>EM0</sub> | EM0 current. No prescaling. Running prime number calculation code from Flash. (Production test condition = 14 MHz) | 24 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =25°C   |     | 115 | 132 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 24 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =85°C   |     | 117 | 136 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =25°C  |     | 114 | 128 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =85°C  |     | 116 | 132 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =25°C  |     | 117 | 131 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =85°C  |     | 118 | 133 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =25°C  |     | 118 | 133 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =85°C  |     | 120 | 135 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =25°C |     | 124 | 139 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =85°C |     | 125 | 142 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =25°C |     | 155 | 177 | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =85°C |     | 162 | 181 | μA/<br>MHz |
| I <sub>EM1</sub> | EM1 current (Production test condition = 14 MHz)                                                                   | 24 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =25°C   |     | 48  | 57  | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 24 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =85°C   |     | 49  | 59  | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =25°C  |     | 48  | 52  | μA/<br>MHz |
|                  |                                                                                                                    | 21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V, T <sub>AMB</sub> =85°C  |     | 49  | 53  | μA/<br>MHz |

**Figure 3.9. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 11 MHz**



**Figure 3.10. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 6.6 MHz**

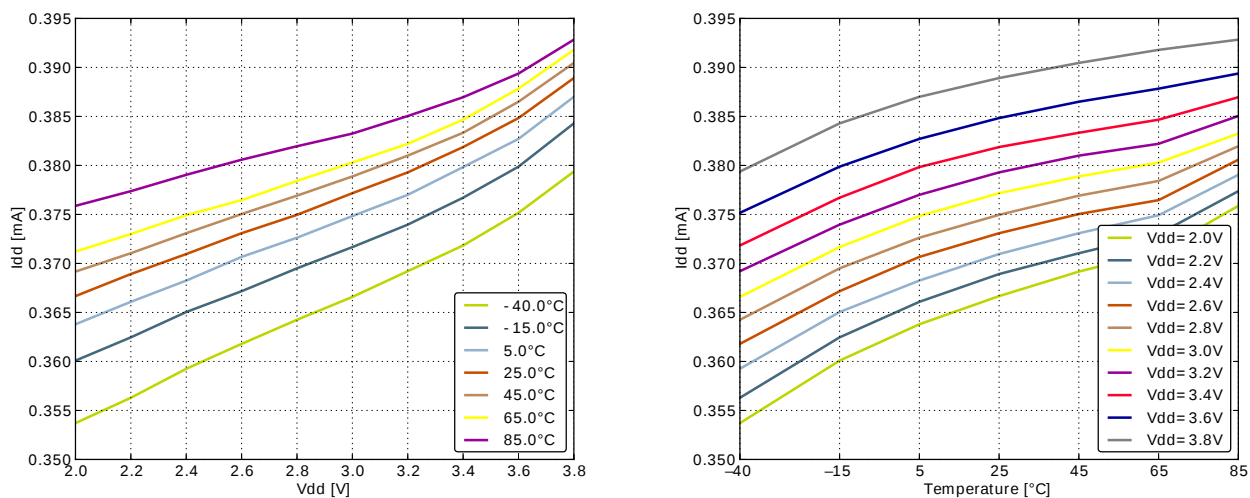
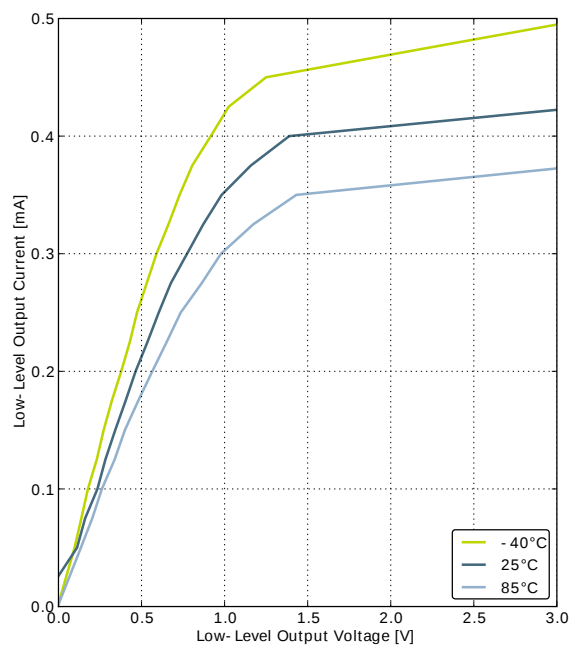
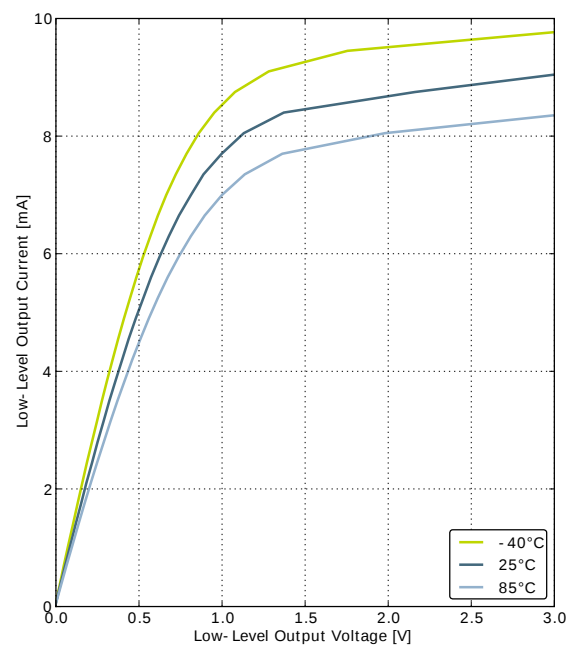


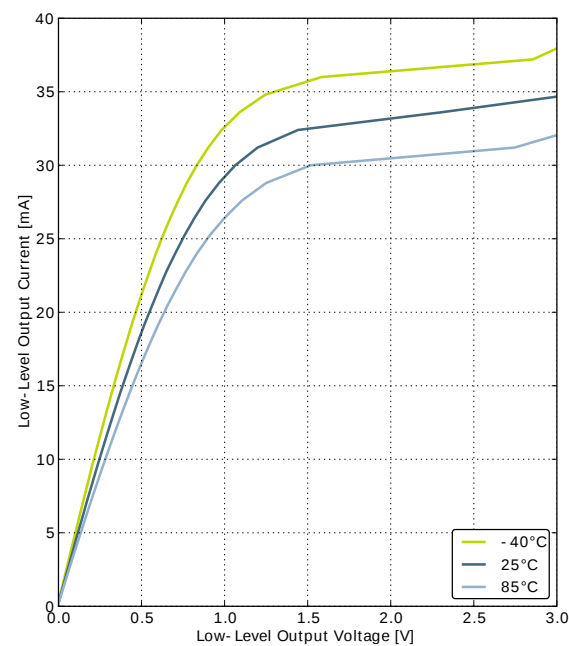
Figure 3.16. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 3V Supply Voltage



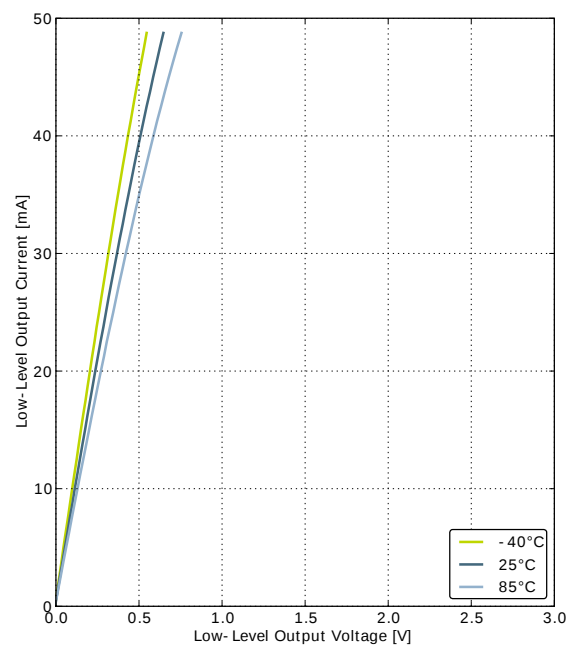
GPIO\_Px\_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



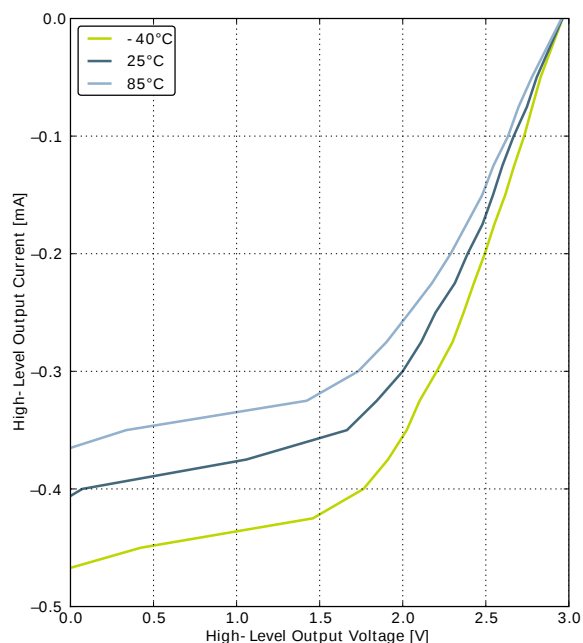
GPIO\_Px\_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW



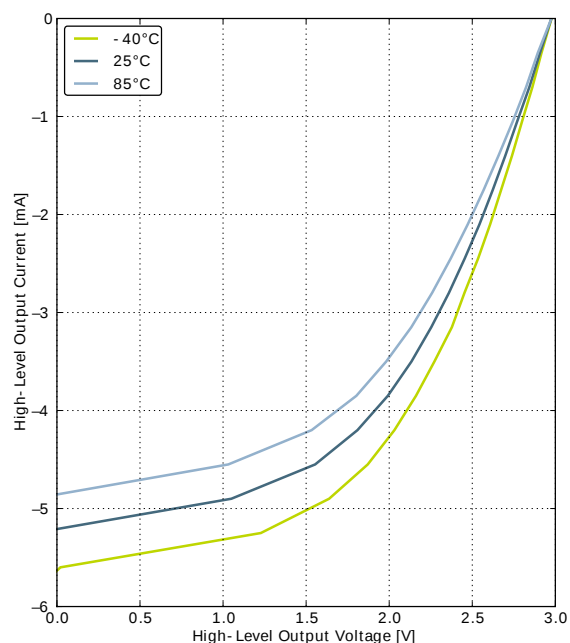
GPIO\_Px\_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



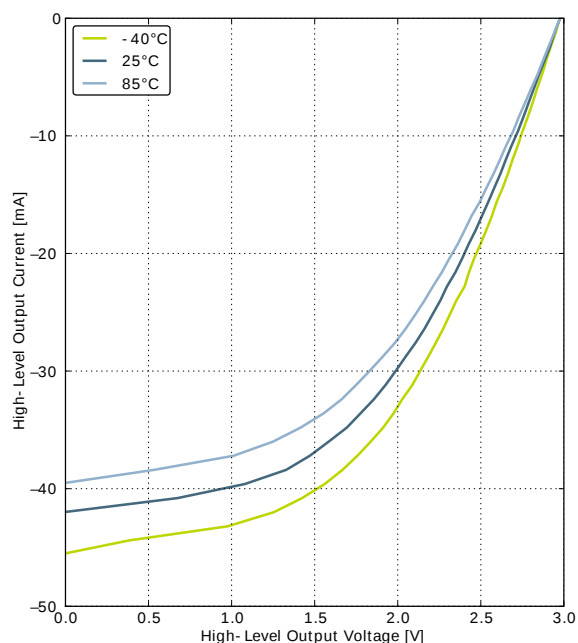
GPIO\_Px\_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

**Figure 3.17. Typical High-Level Output Current, 3V Supply Voltage**

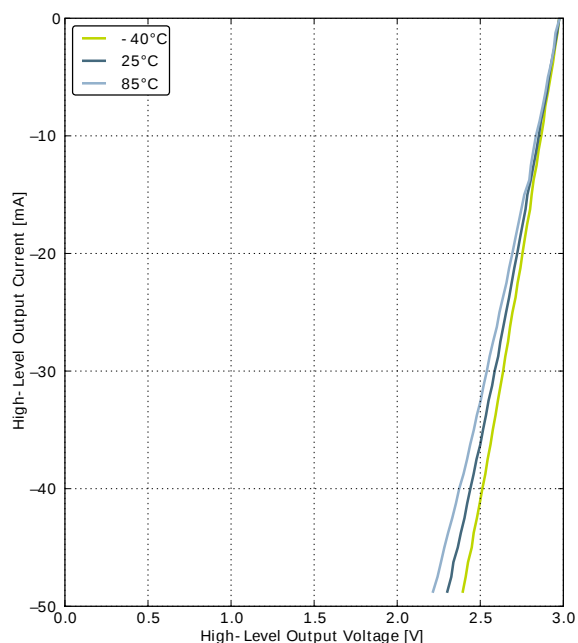
GPIO\_Px\_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO\_Px\_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW



GPIO\_Px\_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



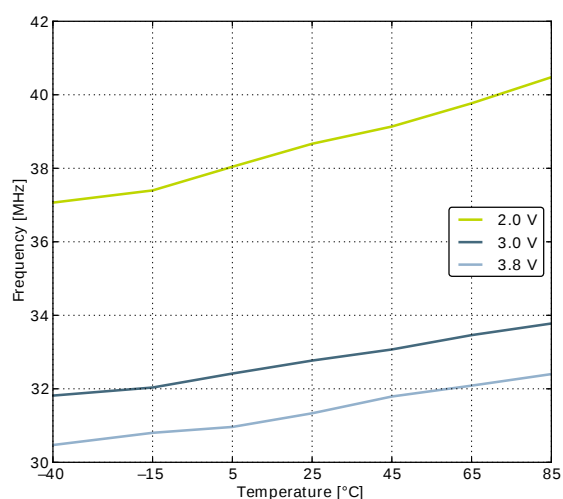
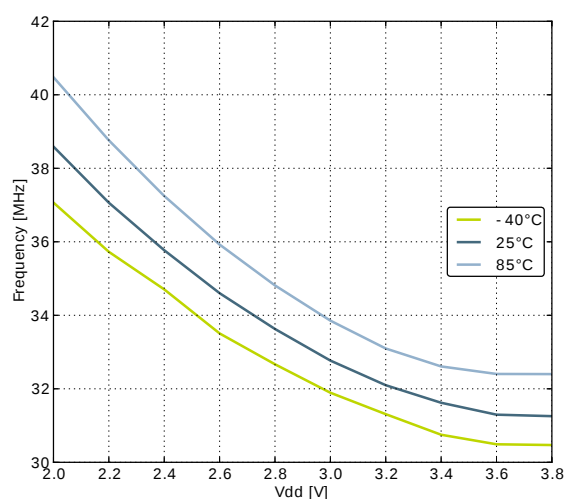
GPIO\_Px\_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

### 3.9.3 LFRCO

**Table 3.10. LFRCO**

| Symbol                    | Parameter                                                                                    | Condition | Min   | Typ    | Max   | Unit          |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|---------------|
| $f_{\text{LFRCO}}$        | Oscillation frequency, $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $T_{\text{AMB}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |           | 31.29 | 32.768 | 34.28 | kHz           |
| $t_{\text{LFRCO}}$        | Startup time not including software calibration                                              |           |       | 150    |       | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $I_{\text{LFRCO}}$        | Current consumption                                                                          |           |       | 190    |       | nA            |
| TUNESTEP <sub>LFRCO</sub> | Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value                                                |           |       | 1.5    |       | %             |

**Figure 3.20. Calibrated LFRCO Frequency vs Temperature and Supply Voltage**



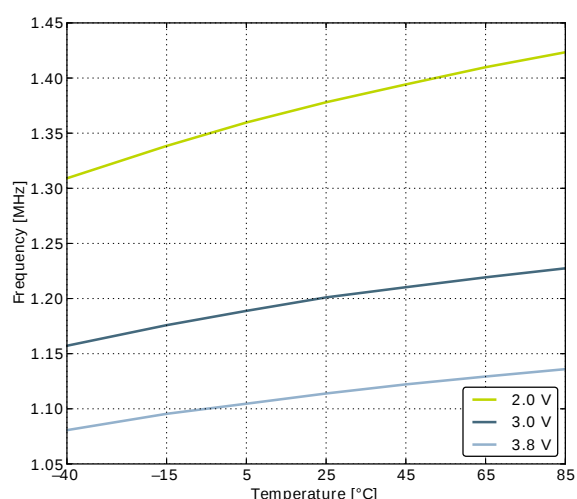
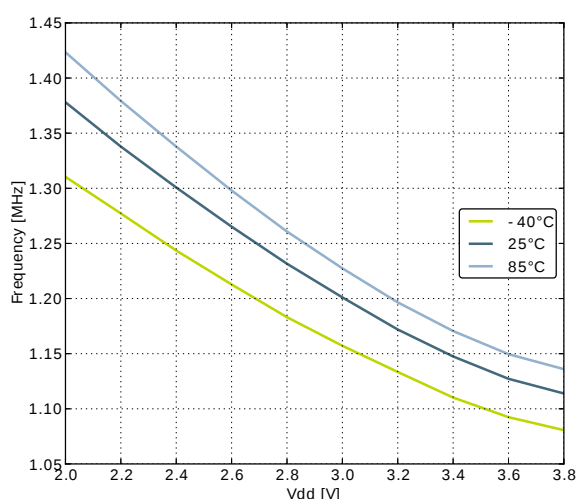
### 3.9.4 HFRCO

**Table 3.11. HFRCO**

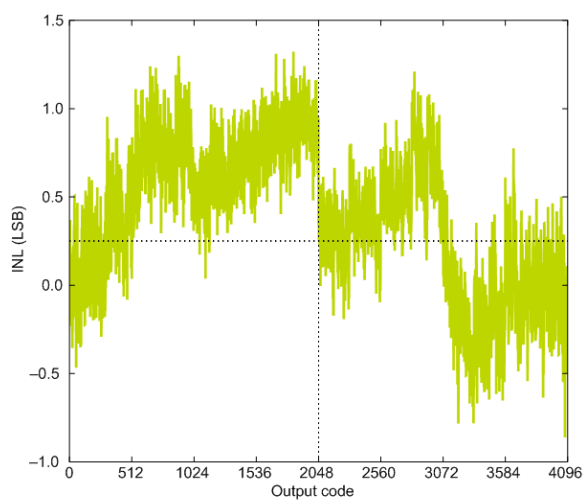
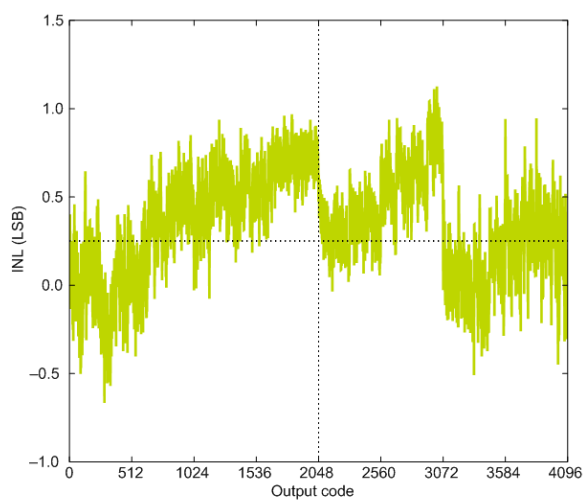
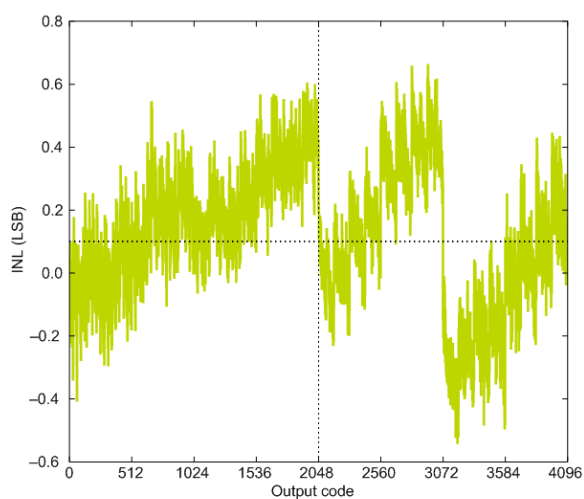
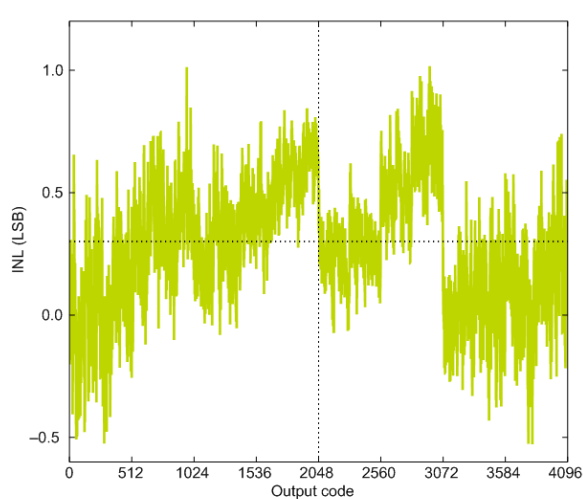
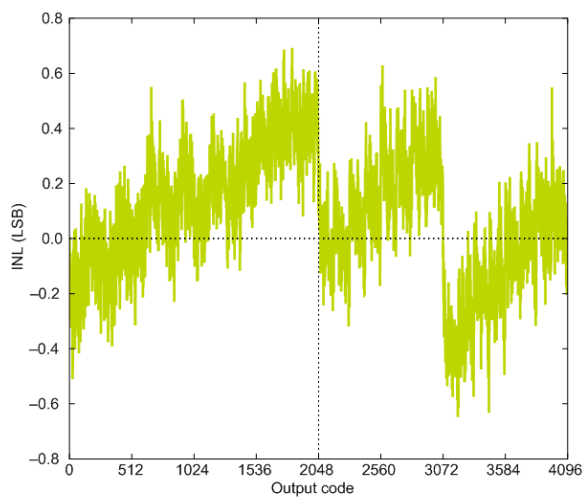
| Symbol                           | Parameter                                                                                    | Condition                            | Min   | Typ              | Max   | Unit          |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|------------------|-------|---------------|
| $f_{\text{HFRCO}}$               | Oscillation frequency, $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $T_{\text{AMB}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 21 MHz frequency band                | 20.37 | 21.0             | 21.63 | MHz           |
|                                  |                                                                                              | 14 MHz frequency band                | 13.58 | 14.0             | 14.42 | MHz           |
|                                  |                                                                                              | 11 MHz frequency band                | 10.67 | 11.0             | 11.33 | MHz           |
|                                  |                                                                                              | 7 MHz frequency band                 | 6.40  | 6.60             | 6.80  | MHz           |
|                                  |                                                                                              | 1 MHz frequency band                 | 1.15  | 1.20             | 1.25  | MHz           |
| $t_{\text{HFRCO\_settling}}$     | Settling time after start-up                                                                 | $f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 14 \text{ MHz}$  |       | 0.6              |       | Cycles        |
| $I_{\text{HFRCO}}$               | Current consumption (Production test condition = 14 MHz)                                     | $f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 21 \text{ MHz}$  |       | 93               | 175   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                                  |                                                                                              | $f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 14 \text{ MHz}$  |       | 77               | 140   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                                  |                                                                                              | $f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 11 \text{ MHz}$  |       | 72               | 125   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                                  |                                                                                              | $f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 6.6 \text{ MHz}$ |       | 63               | 105   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                                  |                                                                                              | $f_{\text{HFRCO}} = 1.2 \text{ MHz}$ |       | 22               | 40    | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $\text{TUNESTEP}_{\text{HFRCO}}$ | Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value                                                |                                      |       | 0.3 <sup>1</sup> |       | %             |

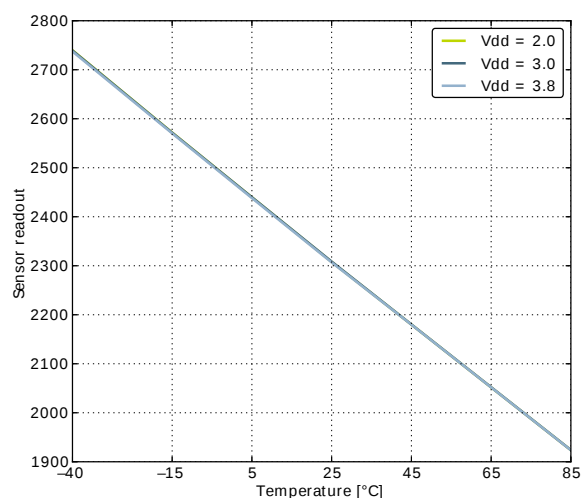
<sup>1</sup>The TUNING field in the CMU\_HFRCOCTRL register may be used to adjust the HFRCO frequency. There is enough adjustment range to ensure that the frequency bands above 7 MHz will always have some overlap across supply voltage and temperature. By using a stable frequency reference such as the LFXO or HFXO, a firmware calibration routine can vary the TUNING bits and the frequency band to maintain the HFRCO frequency at any arbitrary value between 7 MHz and 28 MHz across operating conditions.

**Figure 3.21. Calibrated HFRCO 1 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature**



| Symbol               | Parameter                                    | Condition                                                         | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2 \times V_{DD}$ reference |     | 70  |     | dB   |
| SINAD <sub>ADC</sub> | Signal-to-Noise And Distortion-ratio (SINAD) | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference      |     | 58  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference       |     | 62  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, $V_{DD}$ reference            |     | 64  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference      |     | 60  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference       |     | 64  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference                  |     | 54  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $V_{DD}$ reference            |     | 66  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2 \times V_{DD}$ reference   |     | 68  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference    |     | 61  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference     |     | 65  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, $V_{DD}$ reference          |     | 66  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference    |     | 63  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference     |     | 66  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference                |     | 66  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $V_{DD}$ reference          | 62  | 66  |     | dB   |
|                      |                                              | 200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2 \times V_{DD}$ reference |     | 69  |     | dB   |
| SFDR <sub>ADC</sub>  | Spurious-Free Dynamic Range (SFDR)           | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference      |     | 64  |     | dBc  |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference       |     | 76  |     | dBc  |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, $V_{DD}$ reference            |     | 73  |     | dBc  |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference      |     | 66  |     | dBc  |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference       |     | 77  |     | dBc  |
|                      |                                              | 1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $V_{DD}$ reference            |     | 76  |     | dBc  |

**Figure 3.29. ADC Integral Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C****1.25V Reference****2.5V Reference****2XVDDVSS Reference****5VDIFF Reference****VDD Reference**

**Figure 3.33. ADC Temperature sensor readout**

## 3.11 Current Digital Analog Converter (IDAC)

**Table 3.15. IDAC Range 0 Source**

| Symbol      | Parameter                                     | Condition                                | Min | Typ   | Max | Unit    |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|---------|
| $I_{IDAC}$  | Active current with STEPSEL=0x10              | EM0, default settings                    |     | 11.7  |     | $\mu A$ |
|             |                                               | Duty-cycled                              |     | 10    |     | nA      |
| $I_{0x10}$  | Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10 |                                          |     | 0.84  |     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{STEP}$  | Step size                                     |                                          |     | 0.049 |     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_D$       | Current drop at high impedance load           | $V_{IDAC\_OUT} = V_{DD} - 100mV$         |     | 0.73  |     | %       |
| $TC_{IDAC}$ | Temperature coefficient                       | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , STEPSEL=0x10           |     | 0.3   |     | nA/°C   |
| $VC_{IDAC}$ | Voltage coefficient                           | $T = 25\text{ }^{\circ}C$ , STEPSEL=0x10 |     | 11.7  |     | nA/V    |

**Table 3.16. IDAC Range 0 Sink**

| Symbol      | Parameter                                     | Condition                                | Min | Typ   | Max | Unit    |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|---------|
| $I_{IDAC}$  | Active current with STEPSEL=0x10              | EM0, default settings                    |     | 13.7  |     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{0x10}$  | Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10 |                                          |     | 0.84  |     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{STEP}$  | Step size                                     |                                          |     | 0.050 |     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_D$       | Current drop at high impedance load           | $V_{IDAC\_OUT} = 200\text{ mV}$          |     | 0.16  |     | %       |
| $TC_{IDAC}$ | Temperature coefficient                       | $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$ , STEPSEL=0x10   |     | 0.2   |     | nA/°C   |
| $VC_{IDAC}$ | Voltage coefficient                           | $T = 25\text{ }^{\circ}C$ , STEPSEL=0x10 |     | 12.5  |     | nA/V    |

| Symbol                    | Parameter                                     | Condition                                      | Min | Typ   | Max | Unit                       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|----------------------------|
| $I_{0x10}$                | Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10 |                                                |     | 8.44  |     | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| $I_{\text{STEP}}$         | Step size                                     |                                                |     | 0.495 |     | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| $I_{\text{D}}$            | Current drop at high impedance load           | $V_{\text{IDAC\_OUT}} = 200 \text{ mV}$        |     | 0.55  |     | %                          |
| $\text{TC}_{\text{IDAC}}$ | Temperature coefficient                       | $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , STEPSEL=0x10 |     | 2.8   |     | $\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $\text{VC}_{\text{IDAC}}$ | Voltage coefficient                           | $T = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , STEPSEL=0x10 |     | 94.4  |     | $\text{nA/V}$              |

**Table 3.21. IDAC Range 3 Source**

| Symbol                    | Parameter                                     | Condition                                               | Min | Typ   | Max | Unit                       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|----------------------------|
| $I_{\text{IDAC}}$         | Active current with STEPSEL=0x10              | EM0, default settings                                   |     | 18.3  |     | $\mu\text{A}$              |
|                           |                                               | Duty-cycled                                             |     | 10    |     | $\text{nA}$                |
| $I_{0x10}$                | Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10 |                                                         |     | 34.03 |     | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| $I_{\text{STEP}}$         | Step size                                     |                                                         |     | 1.996 |     | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| $I_{\text{D}}$            | Current drop at high impedance load           | $V_{\text{IDAC\_OUT}} = V_{\text{DD}} - 100 \text{ mV}$ |     | 3.18  |     | %                          |
| $\text{TC}_{\text{IDAC}}$ | Temperature coefficient                       | $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , STEPSEL=0x10          |     | 10.9  |     | $\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $\text{VC}_{\text{IDAC}}$ | Voltage coefficient                           | $T = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , STEPSEL=0x10          |     | 159.5 |     | $\text{nA/V}$              |

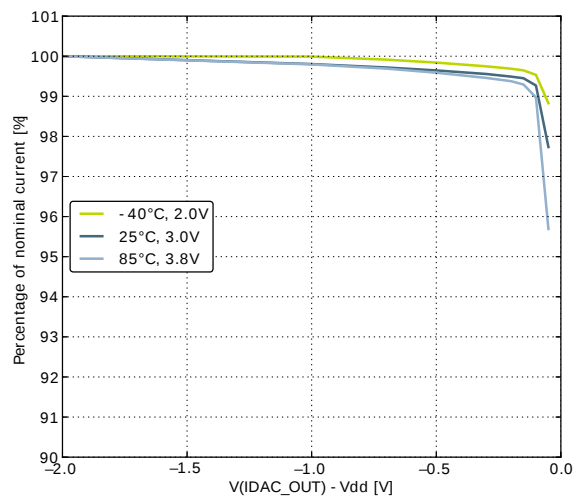
**Table 3.22. IDAC Range 3 Sink**

| Symbol                    | Parameter                                     | Condition                                      | Min | Typ   | Max | Unit                       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|----------------------------|
| $I_{\text{IDAC}}$         | Active current with STEPSEL=0x10              | EM0, default settings                          |     | 62.9  |     | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| $I_{0x10}$                | Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10 |                                                |     | 34.16 |     | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| $I_{\text{STEP}}$         | Step size                                     |                                                |     | 2.003 |     | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| $I_{\text{D}}$            | Current drop at high impedance load           | $V_{\text{IDAC\_OUT}} = 200 \text{ mV}$        |     | 1.65  |     | %                          |
| $\text{TC}_{\text{IDAC}}$ | Temperature coefficient                       | $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , STEPSEL=0x10 |     | 10.9  |     | $\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $\text{VC}_{\text{IDAC}}$ | Voltage coefficient                           | $T = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , STEPSEL=0x10 |     | 148.6 |     | $\text{nA/V}$              |

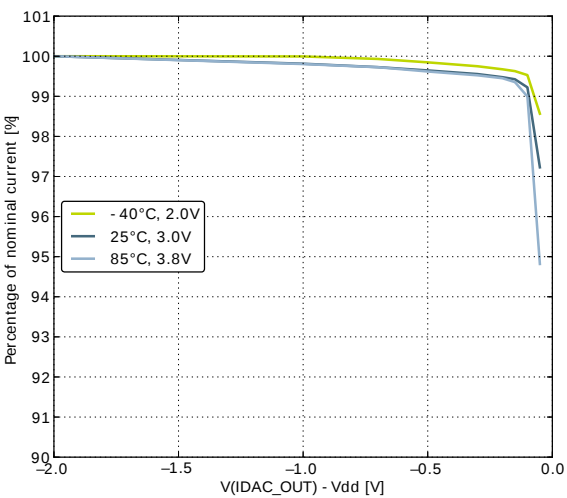
**Table 3.23. IDAC**

| Symbol                 | Parameter                                     | Min | Typ | Max | Unit          |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| $t_{\text{IDACSTART}}$ | Start-up time, from enabled to output settled |     | 40  |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |

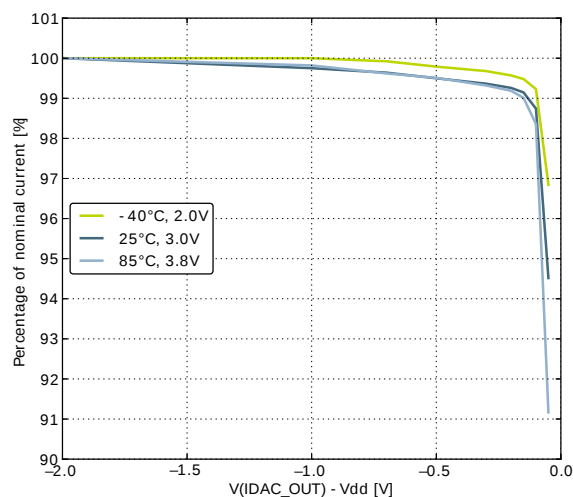
Figure 3.34. IDAC Source Current as a function of voltage on IDAC\_OUT



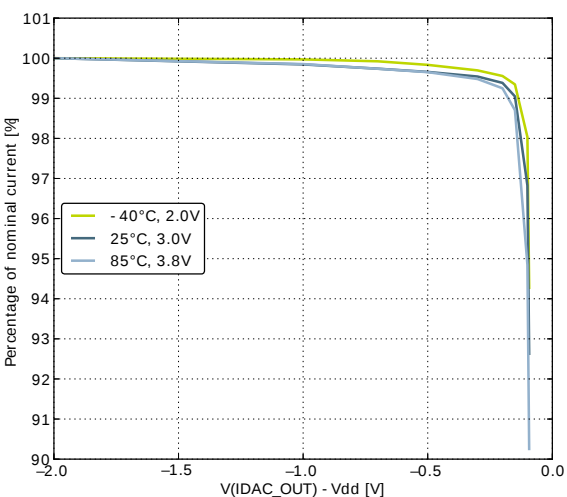
Range 0



Range 1



Range 2



Range 3

**Table 3.27. I2C Fast-mode (Fm)**

| Symbol              | Parameter                                        | Min | Typ | Max                | Unit |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|--------------------|------|
| f <sub>SCL</sub>    | SCL clock frequency                              | 0   |     | 400 <sup>1</sup>   | kHz  |
| t <sub>LOW</sub>    | SCL clock low time                               | 1.3 |     |                    | μs   |
| t <sub>HIGH</sub>   | SCL clock high time                              | 0.6 |     |                    | μs   |
| t <sub>SU,DAT</sub> | SDA set-up time                                  | 100 |     |                    | ns   |
| t <sub>HD,DAT</sub> | SDA hold time                                    | 8   |     | 900 <sup>2,3</sup> | ns   |
| t <sub>SU,STA</sub> | Repeated START condition set-up time             | 0.6 |     |                    | μs   |
| t <sub>HD,STA</sub> | (Repeated) START condition hold time             | 0.6 |     |                    | μs   |
| t <sub>SU,STO</sub> | STOP condition set-up time                       | 0.6 |     |                    | μs   |
| t <sub>BUF</sub>    | Bus free time between a STOP and START condition | 1.3 |     |                    | μs   |

<sup>1</sup>For the minimum HPPERCLK frequency required in Fast-mode, see the I2C chapter in the EFM32ZG Reference Manual.

<sup>2</sup>The maximum SDA hold time (t<sub>HD,DAT</sub>) needs to be met only when the device does not stretch the low time of SCL (t<sub>LOW</sub>).

<sup>3</sup>When transmitting data, this number is guaranteed only when I2Cn\_CLKDIV < ((900\*10<sup>-9</sup> [s] \* f<sub>HPPERCLK</sub> [Hz]) - 5).

**Table 3.28. I2C Fast-mode Plus (Fm+)**

| Symbol              | Parameter                                        | Min  | Typ | Max               | Unit |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------|-----|-------------------|------|
| f <sub>SCL</sub>    | SCL clock frequency                              | 0    |     | 1000 <sup>1</sup> | kHz  |
| t <sub>LOW</sub>    | SCL clock low time                               | 0.5  |     |                   | μs   |
| t <sub>HIGH</sub>   | SCL clock high time                              | 0.26 |     |                   | μs   |
| t <sub>SU,DAT</sub> | SDA set-up time                                  | 50   |     |                   | ns   |
| t <sub>HD,DAT</sub> | SDA hold time                                    | 8    |     |                   | ns   |
| t <sub>SU,STA</sub> | Repeated START condition set-up time             | 0.26 |     |                   | μs   |
| t <sub>HD,STA</sub> | (Repeated) START condition hold time             | 0.26 |     |                   | μs   |
| t <sub>SU,STO</sub> | STOP condition set-up time                       | 0.26 |     |                   | μs   |
| t <sub>BUF</sub>    | Bus free time between a STOP and START condition | 0.5  |     |                   | μs   |

<sup>1</sup>For the minimum HPPERCLK frequency required in Fast-mode Plus, see the I2C chapter in the EFM32ZG Reference Manual.

## 3.15 Digital Peripherals

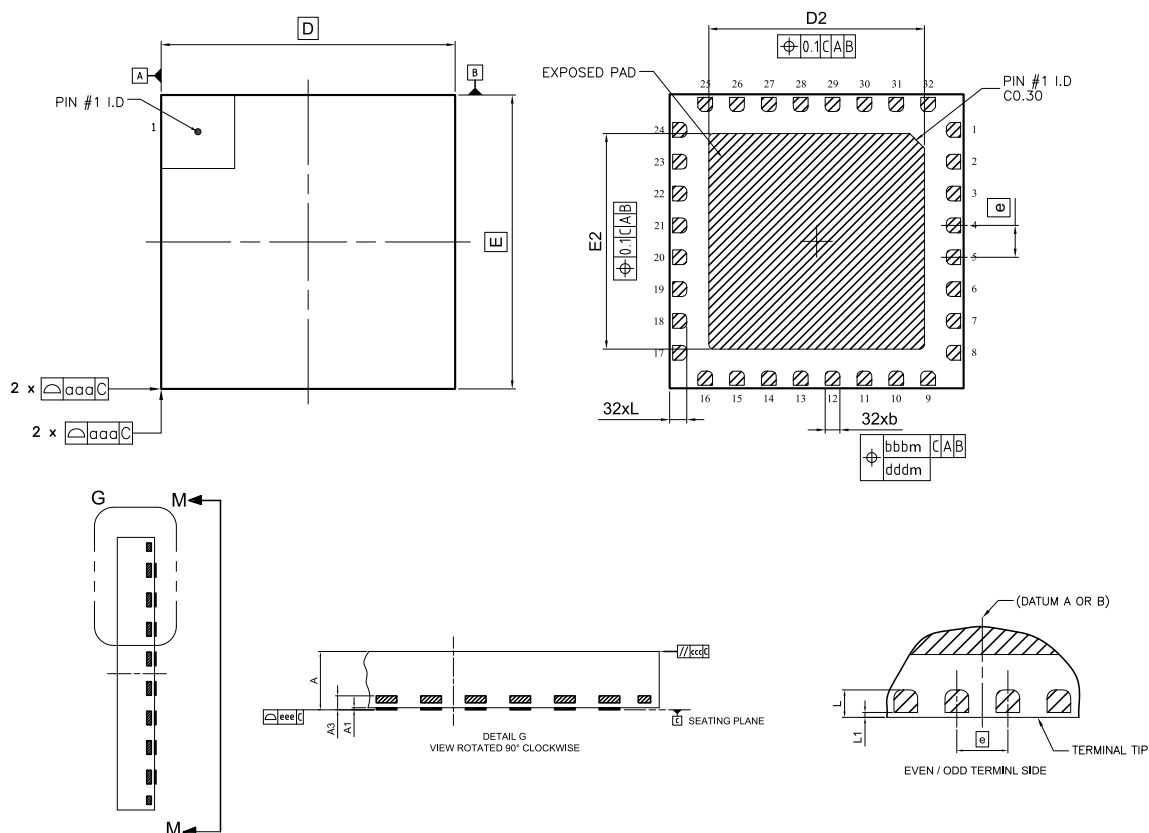
**Table 3.29. Digital Peripherals**

| Symbol              | Parameter      | Condition                           | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit       |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|------------|
| I <sub>USART</sub>  | USART current  | USART idle current, clock enabled   |     | 7.5  |     | μA/<br>MHz |
| I <sub>LEUART</sub> | LEUART current | LEUART idle current, clock enabled  |     | 150  |     | nA         |
| I <sub>I2C</sub>    | I2C current    | I2C idle current, clock enabled     |     | 6.25 |     | μA/<br>MHz |
| I <sub>TIMER</sub>  | TIMER current  | TIMER_0 idle current, clock enabled |     | 8.75 |     | μA/<br>MHz |
| I <sub>PCNT</sub>   | PCNT current   | PCNT idle current, clock enabled    |     | 100  |     | nA         |
| I <sub>RTC</sub>    | RTC current    | RTC idle current, clock enabled     |     | 100  |     | nA         |

| Symbol            | Parameter    | Condition                        | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit       |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|-----|------|-----|------------|
| I <sub>AES</sub>  | AES current  | AES idle current, clock enabled  |     | 2.5  |     | μA/<br>MHz |
| I <sub>GPIO</sub> | GPIO current | GPIO idle current, clock enabled |     | 5.31 |     | μA/<br>MHz |
| I <sub>PRS</sub>  | PRS current  | PRS idle current                 |     | 2.81 |     | μA/<br>MHz |
| I <sub>DMA</sub>  | DMA current  | Clock enable                     |     | 8.12 |     | μA/<br>MHz |

## 4.4 QFN32 Package

Figure 4.2. QFN32



Rev: 98SP32088A\_XO1\_10MAR2011

**Note:**

1. Dimensioning & tolerancing confirm to ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
3. Dimension 'b' applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.25 mm and 0.30 mm from the terminal tip. Dimension L1 represents terminal full back from package edge up to 0.1 mm is acceptable.
4. Coplanarity applies to the exposed heat slug as well as the terminal.
5. Radius on terminal is optional

**Table 4.4. QFN32 (Dimensions in mm)**

| Symbol | A    | A1   | A3           | b    | D           | E           | D2   | E2   | e           | L    | L1   | aaa  | bbb  | ccc  | ddd  | eee  |
|--------|------|------|--------------|------|-------------|-------------|------|------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Min    | 0.80 | 0.00 | 0.203<br>REF | 0.25 | 6.00<br>BSC | 6.00<br>BSC | 4.30 | 4.30 | 0.65<br>BSC | 0.35 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.08 |
| Nom    | 0.85 | -    |              | 0.30 |             |             | 4.40 | 4.40 |             | 0.40 |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| Max    | 0.90 | 0.05 |              | 0.35 |             |             | 4.50 | 4.50 |             | 0.45 | 0.10 |      |      |      |      |      |

The QFN32 Package uses Nickel-Palladium-Gold preplated leadframe.

All EFM32 packages are RoHS compliant and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb).

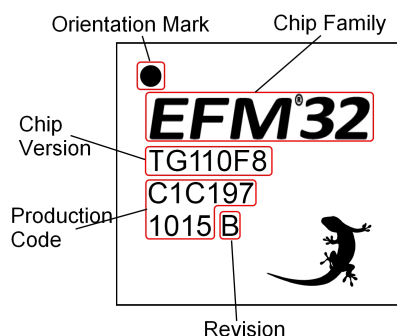
For additional Quality and Environmental information, please see:  
<http://www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/default.aspx>

## 6 Chip Marking, Revision and Errata

### 6.1 Chip Marking

In the illustration below package fields and position are shown.

**Figure 6.1. Example Chip Marking (top view)**



### 6.2 Revision

The revision of a chip can be determined from the "Revision" field in Figure 6.1 (p. 59) .

### 6.3 Errata

Please see the errata document for EFM32ZG210 for description and resolution of device erratas. This document is available in Simplicity Studio and online at:

<http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/document-library.aspx?p=MCUs--32-bit>

## 7 Revision History

### 7.1 Revision 1.10

March 6th, 2015

Updated ADC data, updated temperature sensor graph and added clarification on conditions for  $INL_{ADC}$  and  $DNL_{ADC}$  parameters.

Updated Max  $ESR_{HFXO}$  value for Crystal Frequency of 24 MHz.

Updated current consumption.

Updated LFXO and HFXO data.

Updated LFRCO and HFRCO data.

Updated ACMP data.

Updated VCMP data.

Updated Memory Map.

Added DMA current in Digital Peripherals section.

Added AUXHFRCO to block diagram and Electrical Characteristics.

Updated Package dimensions table.

Updated block diagram.

### 7.2 Revision 1.00

July 2nd, 2014

Corrected single power supply voltage minimum value from 1.85V to 1.98V.

Removed "Preliminary" markings.

Updated current consumption.

Updated transition between energy modes.

Updated power management data.

Updated GPIO data.

Updated LFXO, HFXO, HFRCO and ULFRCO data.

Updated LFRCO and HFRCO plots.

Updated ADC data.

Updated ACMP data.

### 7.3 Revision 0.61

November 21st, 2013

## A Disclaimer and Trademarks

### A.1 Disclaimer

*Silicon Laboratories intends to provide customers with the latest, accurate, and in-depth documentation of all peripherals and modules available for system and software implementers using or intending to use the Silicon Laboratories products. Characterization data, available modules and peripherals, memory sizes and memory addresses refer to each specific device, and "Typical" parameters provided can and do vary in different applications. Application examples described herein are for illustrative purposes only. Silicon Laboratories reserves the right to make changes without further notice and limitation to product information, specifications, and descriptions herein, and does not give warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of the included information. Silicon Laboratories shall have no liability for the consequences of use of the information supplied herein. This document does not imply or express copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits. The products must not be used within any Life Support System without the specific written consent of Silicon Laboratories. A "Life Support System" is any product or system intended to support or sustain life and/or health, which, if it fails, can be reasonably expected to result in significant personal injury or death. Silicon Laboratories products are generally not intended for military applications. Silicon Laboratories products shall under no circumstances be used in weapons of mass destruction including (but not limited to) nuclear, biological or chemical weapons, or missiles capable of delivering such weapons.*

### A.2 Trademark Information

Silicon Laboratories Inc., Silicon Laboratories, Silicon Labs, SiLabs and the Silicon Labs logo, CMEMS<sup>®</sup>, EFM, EFM32, EFR, Energy Micro, Energy Micro logo and combinations thereof, "the world's most energy friendly microcontrollers", Ember<sup>®</sup>, EZLink<sup>®</sup>, EZMac<sup>®</sup>, EZRadio<sup>®</sup>, EZRadioPRO<sup>®</sup>, DSPLL<sup>®</sup>, ISO-modem<sup>®</sup>, Precision32<sup>®</sup>, ProSLIC<sup>®</sup>, SiPHY<sup>®</sup>, USBXpress<sup>®</sup> and others are trademarks or registered trademarks of Silicon Laboratories Inc. ARM, CORTEX, Cortex-M3 and THUMB are trademarks or registered trademarks of ARM Holdings. Keil is a registered trademark of ARM Limited. All other products or brand names mentioned herein are trademarks of their respective holders.

## B Contact Information

**Silicon Laboratories Inc.**

400 West Cesar Chavez

Austin, TX 78701

Please visit the Silicon Labs Technical Support web page:

<http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/contacttechnicalsupport.aspx>

and register to submit a technical support request.

## List of Figures

|                                                                                                                           |    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 2.1. Block Diagram .....                                                                                                  | 3  |
| 2.2. EFM32ZG210 Memory Map with largest RAM and Flash sizes .....                                                         | 7  |
| 3.1. EM0 Current consumption while executing prime number calculation code from flash with HFRCO running at 24 MHz .....  | 11 |
| 3.2. EM0 Current consumption while executing prime number calculation code from flash with HFRCO running at 21 MHz .....  | 11 |
| 3.3. EM0 Current consumption while executing prime number calculation code from flash with HFRCO running at 14 MHz .....  | 12 |
| 3.4. EM0 Current consumption while executing prime number calculation code from flash with HFRCO running at 11 MHz .....  | 12 |
| 3.5. EM0 Current consumption while executing prime number calculation code from flash with HFRCO running at 6.6 MHz ..... | 13 |
| 3.6. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 24 MHz .....                        | 13 |
| 3.7. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 21 MHz .....                        | 14 |
| 3.8. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 14 MHz .....                        | 14 |
| 3.9. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 11 MHz .....                        | 15 |
| 3.10. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 6.6 MHz .....                      | 15 |
| 3.11. EM2 current consumption. RTC prescaled to 1kHz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO. ....                                              | 16 |
| 3.12. EM3 current consumption. ....                                                                                       | 16 |
| 3.13. EM4 current consumption. ....                                                                                       | 17 |
| 3.14. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 2V Supply Voltage .....                                                           | 21 |
| 3.15. Typical High-Level Output Current, 2V Supply Voltage .....                                                          | 22 |
| 3.16. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 3V Supply Voltage .....                                                           | 23 |
| 3.17. Typical High-Level Output Current, 3V Supply Voltage .....                                                          | 24 |
| 3.18. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 3.8V Supply Voltage .....                                                         | 25 |
| 3.19. Typical High-Level Output Current, 3.8V Supply Voltage .....                                                        | 26 |
| 3.20. Calibrated LFRCO Frequency vs Temperature and Supply Voltage .....                                                  | 28 |
| 3.21. Calibrated HFRCO 1 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature .....                                       | 29 |
| 3.22. Calibrated HFRCO 7 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature .....                                       | 30 |
| 3.23. Calibrated HFRCO 11 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature .....                                      | 30 |
| 3.24. Calibrated HFRCO 14 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature .....                                      | 30 |
| 3.25. Calibrated HFRCO 21 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature .....                                      | 31 |
| 3.26. Integral Non-Linearity (INL) .....                                                                                  | 36 |
| 3.27. Differential Non-Linearity (DNL) .....                                                                              | 36 |
| 3.28. ADC Frequency Spectrum, V <sub>dd</sub> = 3V, Temp = 25°C .....                                                     | 37 |
| 3.29. ADC Integral Linearity Error vs Code, V <sub>dd</sub> = 3V, Temp = 25°C .....                                       | 38 |
| 3.30. ADC Differential Linearity Error vs Code, V <sub>dd</sub> = 3V, Temp = 25°C .....                                   | 39 |
| 3.31. ADC Absolute Offset, Common Mode = V <sub>dd</sub> / 2 .....                                                        | 40 |
| 3.32. ADC Dynamic Performance vs Temperature for all ADC References, V <sub>dd</sub> = 3V .....                           | 40 |
| 3.33. ADC Temperature sensor readout .....                                                                                | 41 |
| 3.34. IDAC Source Current as a function of voltage on IDAC_OUT .....                                                      | 44 |
| 3.35. IDAC Sink Current as a function of voltage from IDAC_OUT .....                                                      | 45 |
| 3.36. IDAC linearity .....                                                                                                | 45 |
| 3.37. ACMP Characteristics, V <sub>dd</sub> = 3V, Temp = 25°C, FULLBIAS = 0, HALFBIAS = 1 .....                           | 47 |
| 4.1. EFM32ZG210 Pinout (top view, not to scale) .....                                                                     | 51 |
| 4.2. QFN32 .....                                                                                                          | 55 |
| 5.1. QFN32 PCB Land Pattern .....                                                                                         | 56 |
| 5.2. QFN32 PCB Solder Mask .....                                                                                          | 57 |
| 5.3. QFN32 PCB Stencil Design .....                                                                                       | 58 |
| 6.1. Example Chip Marking (top view) .....                                                                                | 59 |

# silabs.com

