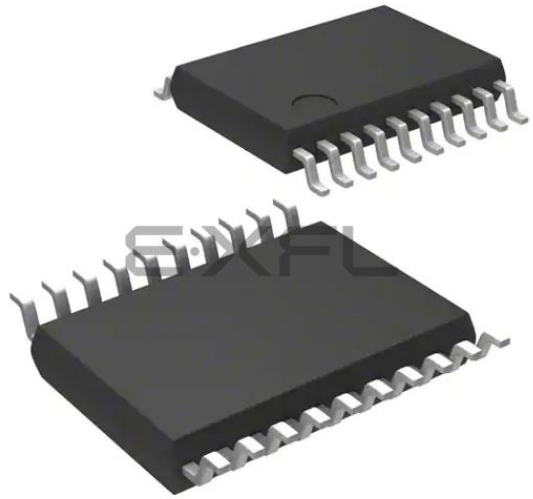

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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

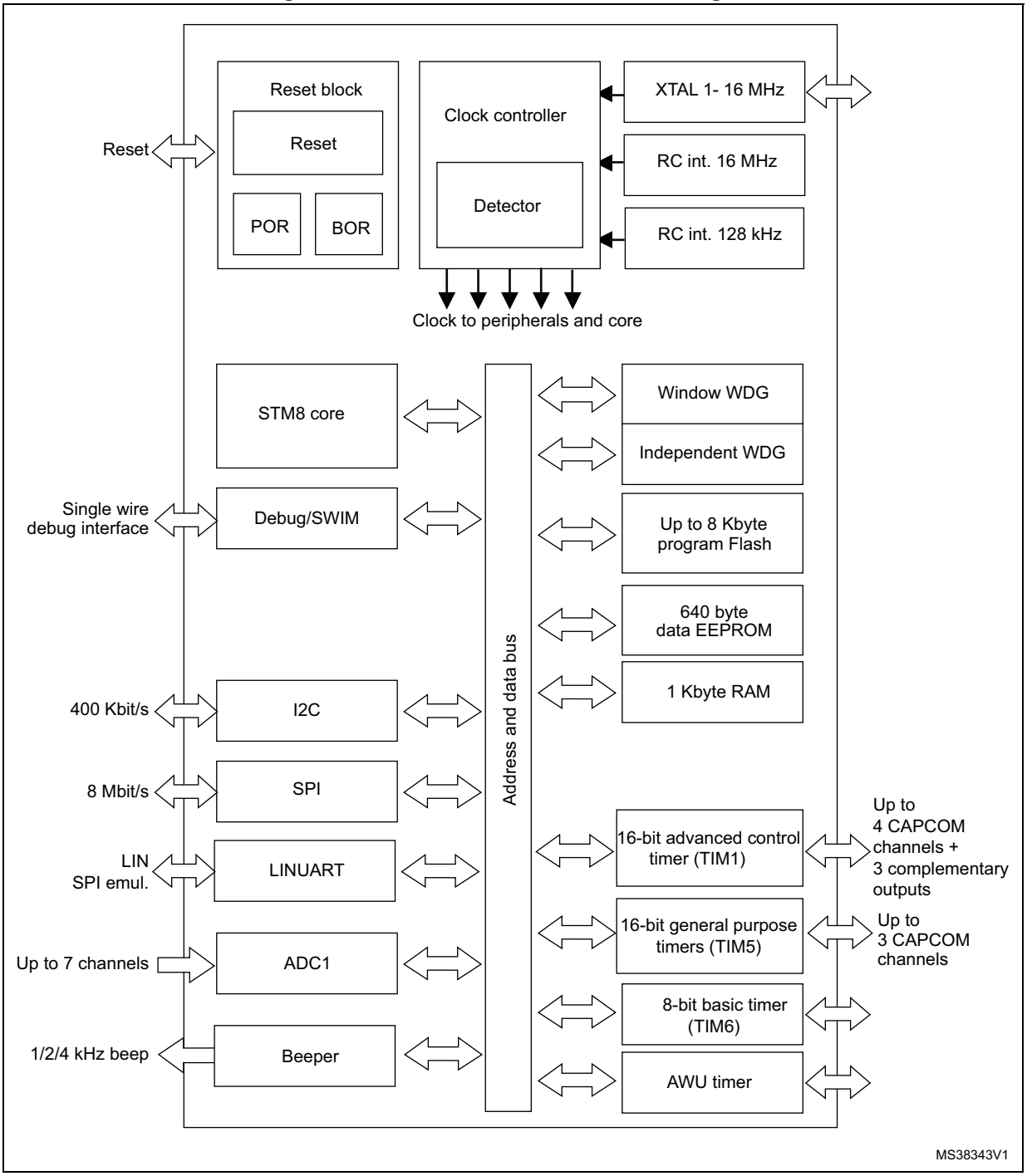
"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	STM8A
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	I²C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	640 x 8
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 5x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 150°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-TSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-TSSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm8af6223pdu

3 Block diagram

Figure 1. STM8AF6213/23/23A/26 block diagram



1. **Legend:** ADC (Analog-to-digital converter), beCAN (Controller area network), BOR (Brownout reset), I²C (Inter-integrated circuit multimaster interface),IWDG (Independent window watchdog), LINUART (Local interconnect network universal asynchronous receiver transmitter), POR (Power on reset), SPI (Serial peripheral interface), SWIM (Single wire interface module), USART (Universal synchronous asynchronous receiver transmitter), Window WDG (Window watchdog).

4 Product overview

The following section intends to give an overview of the basic features of the products covered by this datasheet.

For more detailed information on each feature please refer to STM8S series and STM8AF series 8-bit microcontrollers reference manual (RM0016).

4.1 Central processing unit (CPU)

The 8-bit STM8 core is designed for code efficiency and performance.

It contains 6 internal registers which are directly addressable in each execution context, 20 addressing modes including indexed indirect and relative addressing and 80 instructions.

4.1.1 Architecture and registers

- Harvard architecture
- 3-stage pipeline
- 32-bit wide program memory bus - single cycle fetching for most instructions
- X and Y 16-bit index registers, enabling indexed addressing modes with or without offset and read-modify-write type data manipulations
- 8-bit accumulator
- 24-bit program counter - 16-Mbyte linear memory space
- 16-bit stack pointer - access to a 64 Kbyte level stack
- 8-bit condition code register - 7 condition flags for the result of the last instruction.

4.1.2 Addressing

- 20 addressing modes
- Indexed indirect addressing mode for look-up tables located anywhere in the address space
- Stack pointer relative addressing mode for local variables and parameter passing

4.1.3 Instruction set

- 80 instructions with 2-byte average instruction size
- Standard data movement and logic/arithmetic functions
- 8-bit by 8-bit multiplication
- 16-bit by 8-bit and 16-bit by 16-bit division
- Bit manipulation
- Data transfer between stack and accumulator (push/pop) with direct stack access
- Data transfer using the X and Y registers or direct memory-to-memory transfers

4.14.1 LINUART

Main features

- 1 Mbit/s full duplex SCI
- SPI emulation
- High precision baud rate generator
- Smartcard emulation
- IrDA SIR encoder decoder
- LIN mode
- Single wire half duplex mode

LIN mode

Master mode:

- LIN break and delimiter generation
- LIN break and delimiter detection with separate flag and interrupt source for read back checking.

Slave mode:

- Autonomous header handling – one single interrupt per valid header
- Mute mode to filter responses
- Identifier parity error checking
- LIN automatic resynchronization, allowing operation with internal RC oscillator (HSI) clock source
- Break detection at any time, even during a byte reception
- Header errors detection:
  - Delimiter too short
  - Synch field error
  - Deviation error (if automatic resynchronization is enabled)
  - Framing error in synch field or identifier field
  - Header time-out

Table 6. STM8AF6213/STM8AF6223 TSSOP20 pin description (continued)

TSSOP	Pin name	Type	Input			Output				Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]
			floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink(1)	Speed	OD	PP			
10	PA3/ TIM5_CH3 [SPI_NSS]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port A3	Timer 5 channel 3	SPI master/ slave select [AFR1]
11	PB5/ I2C_SDA [TIM1_BKIN]	I/O	**X**	-	X	-	O1	T(3)	-	Port B5	I2C data	Timer 1 - break input [AFR4]
12	PB4/ I2C_SCL [ADC_ETR]	I/O	**X**	-	X	-	O1	T(3)	-	Port B4	I2C clock	ADC external trigger [AFR4]
13	PC3/ TIM1_CH3/[TLI]/[TIM1_CH1N]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C3	Timer 1 - channel 3	Top level interrupt [AFR3] Timer 1 inverted channel 1 [AFR7]
14	PC4/ TIM1_CH4/ CLK_CCO/AIN2/[TIM1_CH2N]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C4	Timer 1 - channel 4 /configurabl e clock output	Analog input 2 [AFR2]Time r 1 inverted channel 2 [AFR7]
15	PC5/SPI_SCK [TIM5_CH1]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C5	SPI clock	Timer 5 channel 1 [AFR0]
16	PC6/ SPI_MOSI [TIM1_CH1]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C6	PI master out/slave in	Timer 1 channel 1 [AFR0]
17	PC7/ SPI_MISO [TIM1_CH2]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C7	SPI master in/ slave out	Timer 1 channel 2[AFR0]
18	PD1/ SWIM(4)	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O4	X	X	Port D1	SWIM data interface	-

Table 7. STM8AF6223A TSSOP20 pin description (continued)

TSSOP	Pin name	Type	Input			Output				Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]
			floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink(1)	Speed	OD	PP			
16	PC6/ SPI_MOSI [TIM1_CH1]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C6	PI master out/slave in	Timer 1 channel 1 [AFR0]
17	PC7/ SPI_MISO [TIM1_CH2]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C7	SPI master in/ slave out	Timer 1 channel 2[AFR0]
18	PD1/ SWIM(4)	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O4	X	X	Port D1	SWIM data interface	-
19	PD2/AIN3/ TLI[TIM5_CH3]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D2	-	Analog input 3 [AFR2] Timer 5 - channel 3 [AFR1]
20	PD3/ AIN4/ TIM5_CH2/ ADC_ETR	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D3	Analog input 4 Timer 52 - channel 2/ADC external trigger	-

1. I/O pins used simultaneously for high current source/sink must be uniformly spaced around the package. In addition, the total driven current must respect the absolute maximum ratings (see *Section 9.2: Absolute maximum ratings*).
2. When the MCU is in Halt/Active-halt mode, PA1 is automatically configured in input weak pull-up and cannot be used for waking up the device. In this mode, the output state of PA1 is not driven. It is recommended to use PA1 only in input mode if Halt/Active-halt is used in the application.
3. In the open-drain output column, 'T' defines a true open-drain I/O (P-buffer, weak pull-up, and protection diode to VDD are not implemented).
4. The PD1 pin is in input pull-up during the reset phase and after internal reset release.

Table 8. STM8AF6226 LQFP32/VFQPN32 pin description (continued)

LQFP32 VFQPN32	Pin name	Type	Input			Output				Main function (after reset)	Default alternate function	Alternate function after remap [option bit]
			floating	wpu	Ext. interrupt	High sink(1)	Speed	OD	PP			
17	PE5/ SPI_NSS [TIM1_CH1N]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port E5	SPI master/ slave select	Timer 1 - inverted channel 1 [AFR1:0]
18	PC1/ TIM1_CH1/ LINUART_CK [TIM1_CH2N]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C1	Timer 1 - channel 1 LINUART clock	Timer 1 - inverted channel 2 [AFR1:0]
19	PC2/ TIM1_CH2 [TIM1_CH3N]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C2	Timer 1 - channel 2	Timer 1 - inverted channel 3 [AFR1:0]
20	PC3/ TIM1_CH3/[TLI] [TIM1_CH1N]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C3	Timer 1 - channel 3	Top level interrupt [AFR3] Timer 1 inverted channel 1 [AFR7]
21	PC4/ TIM1_CH4/ CLK_CCO/[AIN 2][TIM1_CH2N]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C4	Timer 1 - channel 4 /configurable clock output	Analog input 2 [AFR2]Timer 1 inverted channel 2 [AFR7]
22	PC5/SPI_SCK [TIM5_CH1]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C5	SPI clock	Timer 5 channel 1 [AFR0]
23	PC6/ SPI_MOSI [TIM1_CH1]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C6	PI master out/slave in	Timer 1 channel 1 [AFR0]
24	PC7/ SPI_MISO [TIM1_CH2]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port C7	SPI master in/ slave out	Timer 1 channel 2[AFR0]
25	PD0/ TIM1_BKIN [CLK_CCO]	I/O	**X**	X	X	HS	O3	X	X	Port D0	Timer 1 - break input	Configurable clock output [AFR5]
26	PD1/ SWIM(4)	I/O	X	**X**	X	HS	O4	X	X	Port D1	SWIM data interface	-

Table 11. General hardware register map (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 5230	LINUART	UART4_SR	LINUART status register	0xC0
0x00 5231		UART4_DR	LINUART data register	0xXX
0x00 5232		UART4_BRR1	LINUART baud rate register 1	0x00
0x00 5233		UART4_BRR2	LINUART baud rate register 2	0x00
0x00 5234		UART4_CR1	LINUART control register 1	0x00
0x00 5235		UART4_CR2	LINUART control register 2	0x00
0x00 5236		UART4_CR3	LINUART control register 3	0x00
0x00 5237		UART4_CR4	LINUART control register 4	0x00
0x00 5238		Reserved		
0x00 5239		UART4_CR6	LINUART control register 6	0x00
0x00 523A		UART4_GTR	LINUART guard time register	0x00
0x00 523B		UART4_PSCR	LINUART prescaler	0x00
0x00 523C to 0x00 523F	Reserved area (20 byte)			

Table 12. CPU/SWIM/debug module/interrupt controller registers (continued)

Address	Block	Register label	Register name	Reset status
0x00 7F90	DM	DM_BK1RE	DM breakpoint 1 register extended byte	0xFF
0x00 7F91		DM_BK1RH	DM breakpoint 1 register high byte	0xFF
0x00 7F92		DM_BK1RL	DM breakpoint 1 register low byte	0xFF
0x00 7F93		DM_BK2RE	DM breakpoint 2 register extended byte	0xFF
0x00 7F94		DM_BK2RH	DM breakpoint 2 register high byte	0xFF
0x00 7F95		DM_BK2RL	DM breakpoint 2 register low byte	0xFF
0x00 7F96		DM_CR1	DM debug module control register 1	0x00
0x00 7F97		DM_CR2	DM debug module control register 2	0x00
0x00 7F98		DM_CSR1	DM debug module control/status register 1	0x10
0x00 7F99		DM_CSR2	DM debug module control/status register 2	0x00
0x00 7F9A		DM_ENFCTR	DM enable function register	0xFF
0x00 7F9B to 0x00 7F9F	Reserved area (5 byte)			

1. Accessible by debug module only

7 Interrupt vector mapping

Table 13. Interrupt mapping

Priority	Source block	Description	Wakeup from halt mode	Wakeup from active-halt mode	Interrupt vector address
—	Reset	Reset	Yes	Yes	0x00 8000
—	TRAP	Software interrupt	-	-	0x00 8004
0	TLI	External top level interrupt	-	-	0x00 8008
1	AWU	Auto-wakeup from Halt	-	Yes	0x00 800C
2	Clock controller	Clock controller	-	-	0x00 8010
3	EXTI0	Port A external interrupts	Yes(1)	Yes(1)	0x00 8014
4	EXTI1	Port B external interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 8018
5	EXTI2	Port C external interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 801C
6	EXTI3	Port D external interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 8020
7	EXTI4	Port E external interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 8024
8	EXTI5	Port F	-	-	0x00 8028
9	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 802C
10	SPI	End of transfer	Yes	Yes	0x00 8030
11	TIM1	TIM1 update/overflow/ underflow/trigger/break	-	-	0x00 8034
12	TIM1	TIM1 capture/compare	-	-	0x00 8038
13	TIM5	TIM5 update/overflow/trigger	-	-	0x00 803C
14	TIM5	TIM5 capture/compare	-	-	0x00 8040
15	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 8044
16	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 8048
17	LINUART	Tx complete	-	-	0x00 804C
18	LINUART	Receive register DATA FULL	-	-	0x00 8050
19	I^2C	I^2C interrupts	Yes	Yes	0x00 8054
20	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 8058
21	Reserved	-	-	-	0x00 805C
22	ADC1	ADC1 end of conversion/analog watchdog interrupt	-	-	0x00 8060

Table 13. Interrupt mapping (continued)

Priority	Source block	Description	Wakeup from halt mode	Wakeup from active-halt mode	Interrupt vector address
23	TIM6	TIM6 update/overflow/trigger	-	-	0x00 8064
24	Flash	EOP/WR_PG_DIS	-	-	0x00 8068

1. Except PA1.

9.3 Operating conditions

Table 26. General operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f_{CPU}	Internal CPU clock frequency	-	0	16	MHz
V_{DD}	Standard operating voltage	-	3.0	5.5	V
V_{CAP}(1)	C_{EXT}: capacitance of external capacitor	-	470	3300	nF
	ESR of external capacitor	at 1 MHz(2)	-	0.3	Ω
	ESL of external capacitor		-	15	nH
P_D (3)	Power dissipation at T_A = 85 °C for suffix A version, T_A = 125 °C for suffix C version, T_A = 150 °C for suffix D version	TSSOP20	-	45	mW
		LQFP32	-	83	
		VQFPN32	-	TBD	-
T_A	Ambient temperature for suffix A version	Maximum power dissipation	-40	85	°C
	Ambient temperature for suffix C version		-40	125	
	Ambient temperature for suffix D version		-40	150	
T_J	Junction temperature range	Suffix A	-40	90	
		Suffix C	-40	130	
		Suffix D	-40	155	

1. Care should be taken when selecting the capacitor, due to its tolerance, as well as the parameter dependency on temperature, DC bias and frequency in addition to other factors. The parameter maximum value must be respected for the full application range.
2. This frequency of 1 MHz as a condition for V_{CAP} parameters is given by design of internal regulator.
3. See *Section 10.4: Thermal characteristics*.

Total current consumption in active halt mode

Table 32. Total current consumption in active halt mode at V_{DD} = 5 V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Typ	Max at 85°C	Max at 125°C	Max at 150°C	Unit
		Main voltage regulator (MVR)(1)	Flash mode(2)	Clock source					
$I_{DD(AH)}$	Supply current in active halt mode	On	Operating mode	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	1030	-	-	-	µA
				LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	200	260	300	-	
			Power-down mode	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	970	-	-	-	
				LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	150	200	230	-	
		Off	Operating mode	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	66	85	140	200	
			Power-down mode	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	10	20	40	-	

1. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK_ICKR register.
2. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH_CR1 register.

Table 33. Total current consumption in active halt mode at V_{DD} = 3.3 V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Typ	Max at 85°C(1)	Max at 125°C	Unit
		Main voltage regulator (MVR)(2)	Flash mode(3)	Clock source				
$I_{DD(AH)}$	Supply current in active halt mode	On	Operating mode	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	550	-	-	µA
				LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	200	260	290	
			Power-down mode	HSE crystal osc. (16 MHz)	970	-	-	
				LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	150	200	230	
		Off	Operating mode	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	66	80	105	
			Power-down mode	LSI RC osc. (128 kHz)	10	18	35	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.
2. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK_ICKR register.
3. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH_CR1 register.

Total current consumption in halt mode

Table 34. Total current consumption in halt mode at V_{DD} = 5 V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max at 85°C	Max at 125°C	Max at 150°C	Unit
$I_{DD(H)}$	Supply current in halt mode	Flash in operating mode, HSI clock after wakeup	63	75	105	-	µA
		Flash in power-down mode, HSI clock after wakeup	6.0	20(1)	55(1)	80(1)	

1. Tested in production.

Table 35. Total current consumption in halt mode at V_{DD} = 3.3 V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max at 85°C(1)	Max at 125°C(1)	Unit
$I_{DD(H)}$	Supply current in halt mode	Flash in operating mode, HSI clock after wakeup	60	75	100	µA
		Flash in power-down mode, HSI clock after wakeup	4.5	17	30	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Low-power mode wakeup times

Table 36. Wakeup times

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Typ	Max(1)	Unit
$t_{WU(WFI)}$	Wakeup time from wait mode to run mode(2)	0 to 16 MHz			-	See (3)	µs
		f_{CPU}= f_{MASTER}= 16 MHz			0.56	-	
$t_{WU(AH)}$	Wakeup time active halt mode to run mode(2)	MVR voltage regulator on(4)	Flash in operating mode(5)	HSI (after wakeup)	1(6)	2(6)	
					3(6)	-	
		MVR voltage regulator off			48(6)	-	
					50(6)	-	
$t_{WU(H)}$	Wakeup time from halt mode to run mode(2)	Flash in operating mode(5)			52	-	
		Flash in power-down mode(5)			54	-	

1. Guaranteed by design.
2. Measured from interrupt event to interrupt vector fetch.
3. $t_{WU(WFI)}$ = 2 x 1/f_{MASTER}+ 67 x 1/f_{CPU}.
4. Configured by the REGAH bit in the CLK_ICKR register.
5. Configured by the AHALT bit in the FLASH_CR1 register.
6. Plus 1 LSI clock depending on synchronization.

9.3.3 External clock sources and timing characteristics

HSE user external clock

Subject to general operating conditions for V_{DD} and T_A.

Table 39. HSE user external clock characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HSE_ext}	User external clock source frequency	-	0	-	16	MHz
V_{HSEH}(1)	OSCIN input pin high level voltage	-	0.7 x V_{DD}	-	V_{DD} + 0.3 V	V
V_{HSEL}(1)	OSCIN input pin low level voltage	-	V_{SS}	-	0.3 x V_{DD}	
I_{LEAK_HSE}	OSCIN input leakage current	$V_{SS} < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$	-1	-	+1	µA

1. Guaranteed by characterization results.

Figure 17. HSE external clock source

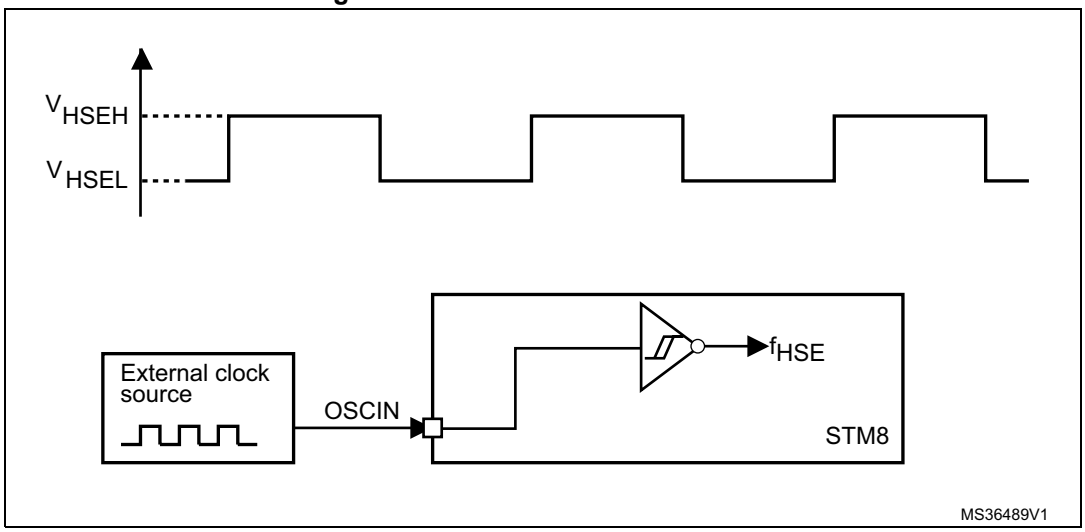


Figure 24. Typ. V_{OL} @ V_{DD} = 5 V (true open drain ports)

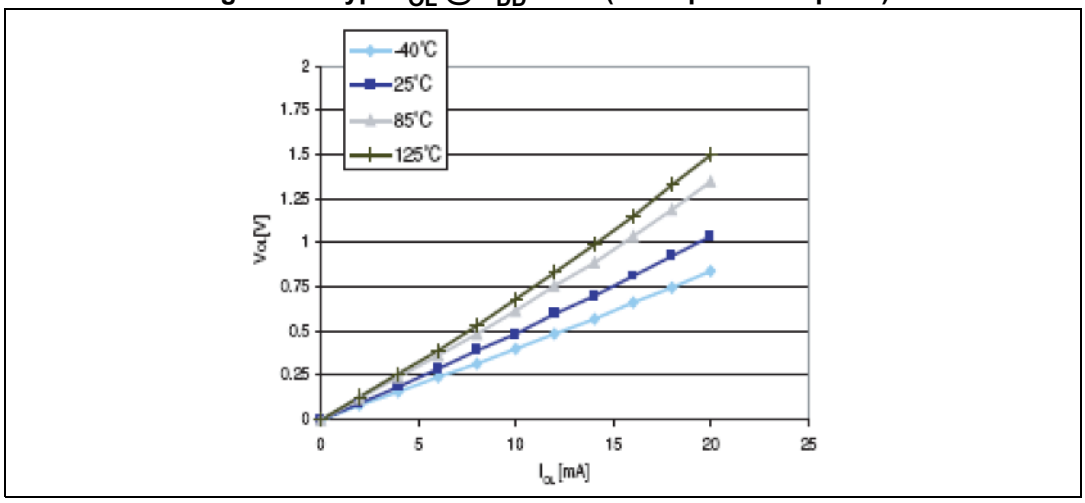


Figure 25. Typ. V_{OL} @ V_{DD} = 3.3 V (true open drain ports)

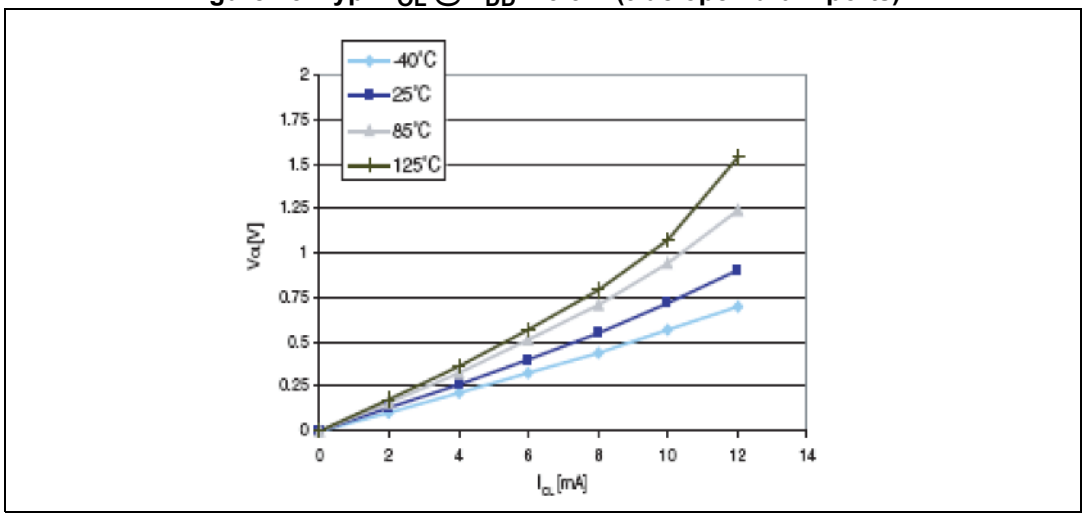


Figure 26. Typ. V_{OL} @ V_{DD} = 5 V (high sink ports)

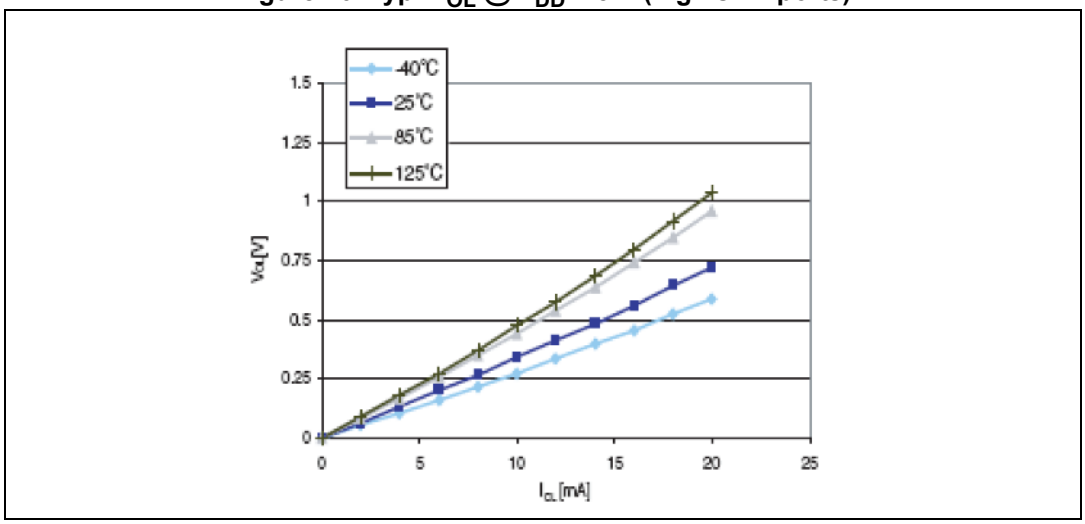
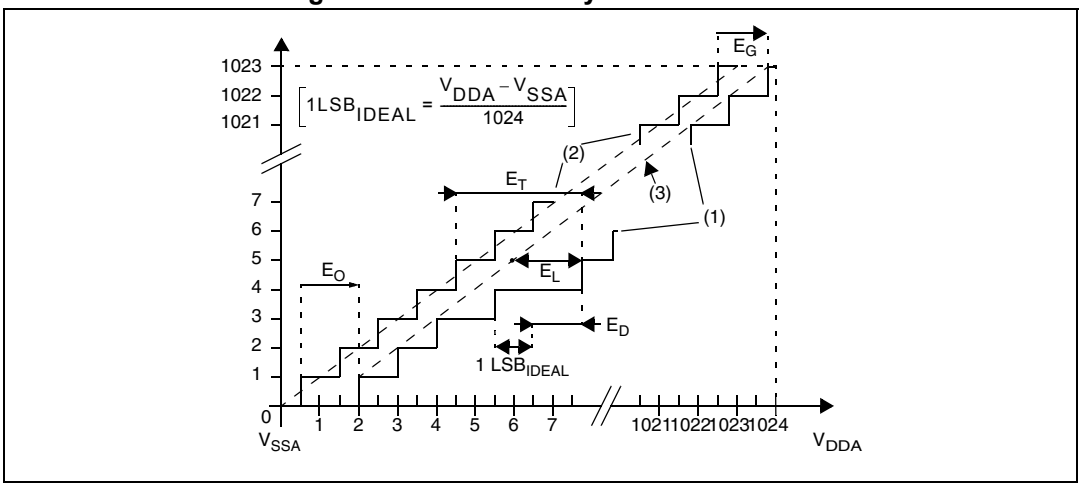
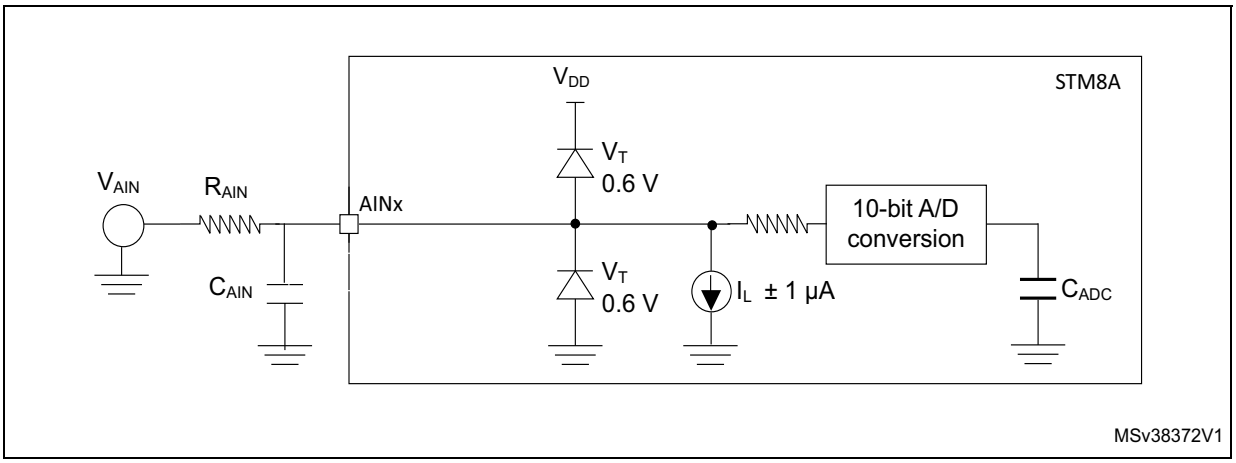


Figure 40. ADC accuracy characteristics



1. Example of an actual transfer curve
2. The ideal transfer curve
3. End point correlation line
   E_T = Total unadjusted error: Maximum deviation between the actual and the ideal transfer curves.
   E_O = Offset error: Deviation between the first actual transition and the first ideal one.
   E_G = Gain error: Deviation between the last ideal transition and the last actual one.
   E_D = Differential linearity error: Maximum deviation between actual steps and the ideal one.
   E_L = Integral linearity error: Maximum deviation between any actual transition and the end point correlation line.

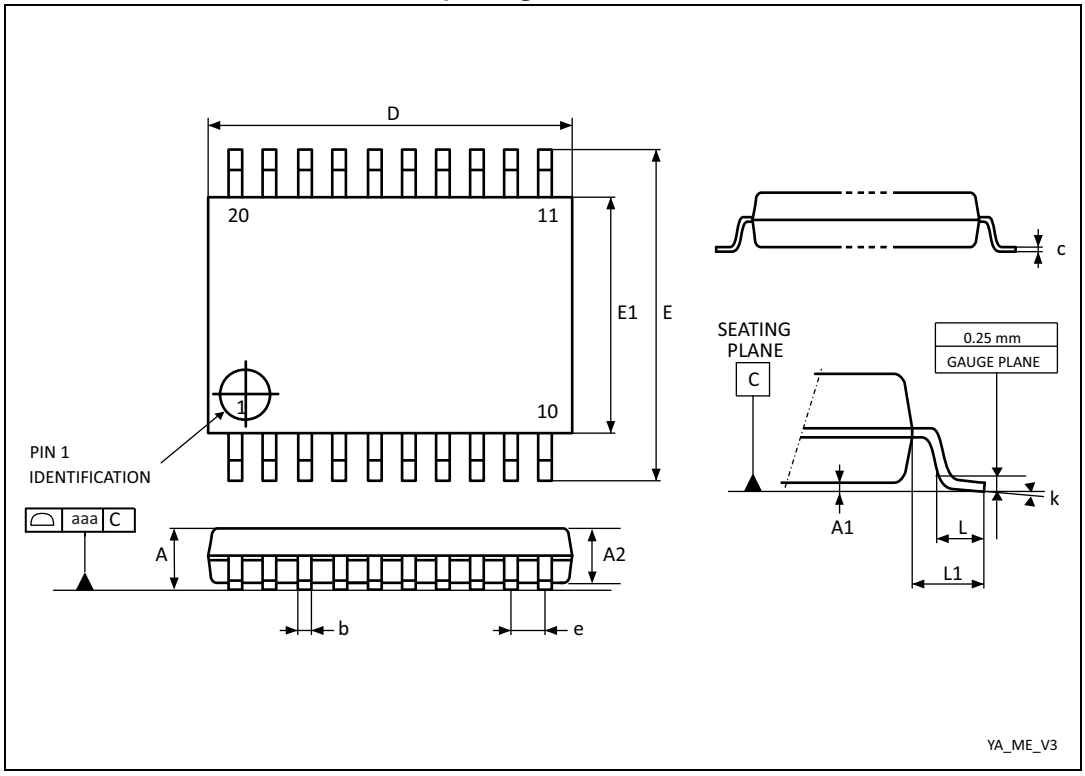
Figure 41. Typical application with ADC



1. Legend: R_{AIN} = external resistance, C_{AIN} = capacitors, C_{samp} = internal sample and hold capacitor.

10.2 TSSOP20 package information

Figure 45.TSSOP20 – 20-lead thin shrink small outline, 6.5 x 4.4 mm, 0.65 mm pitch, package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 62. TSSOP20 – 20-lead thin shrink small outline, 6.5 x 4.4 mm, 0.65 mm pitch, package mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches[1]		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	-	-	1.200	-	-	0.0472
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	0.800	1.000	1.050	0.0315	0.0394	0.0413
b	0.190	-	0.300	0.0075	-	0.0118
c	0.090	-	0.200	0.0035	-	0.0079
D[2]	6.400	6.500	6.600	0.2520	0.2559	0.2598
E	6.200	6.400	6.600	0.2441	0.2520	0.2598
E1[3]	4.300	4.400	4.500	0.1693	0.1732	0.1772
e	-	0.650	-	-	0.0256	-
L	0.450	0.600	0.750	0.0177	0.0236	0.0295
L1	-	1.000	-	-	0.0394	-

12.3 Programming tools

During the development cycle, STice provides in-circuit programming of the STM8 Flash microcontroller on the user application board via the SWIM protocol. Additional tools include a low-cost in-circuit programmer as well as ST socket boards, which provide dedicated programming platforms with sockets for programming the STM8.

For production environments, programmers will include a complete range of gang and automated programming solutions from third-party tool developers already supplying programmers for the STM8 family.

Table 66. Document revision history (continued)

Date	Revision	Changes
10-Jul-2014	4	Extended the applicability to STM8AF6213 devices. Updated the program memory feature, the power management, and the clock management features on the cover page. Added the table in *Section: Memory map*. Updated the *Figure: f_{CPUmax} versus V_{DD}* in *Section: Operating conditions.* Updated *Section: Ordering information*.
26-Jun-2015	5	Added: – the footnote about the inrush current below *Table 27: Operating conditions at power-up/power-down*, – *Figure 44: LQFP32 marking example (package top view)*, – *Figure 47: TSSOP20 marking example (package top view)*. Updated – LIN standard version, – the register label for LINUART block in *Table 11: General hardware register map*, – the power dissipation in *Table 26: General operating conditions*, – *Table 41: HSI oscillator characteristics* for HSI oscillator accuracy, – the standard for EMI in *Electromagnetic interference (EMI)*, – *Figure 48: STM8AF6213/23/23A/26 ordering information scheme*(1) (2) to add HSI accuracy. Moved *Section 10.4: Thermal characteristics* to *Section 10: Package information*.
28-Mar-2017	6	Updated *Table 6: STM8AF6213/STM8AF6223 TSSOP20 pin description* Added VFQFPN32 (5x5 mm) package information updating: – *Section : Features* on the cover page: added VFQFPN32 (5x5 mm) figure – Added *Section 10.3: VFQFPN32 package information*: – Updated *Table 26: General operating conditions* – Updated *Table 64: Thermal characteristics* – Updated *Section 5.2: LQFP32/VFQPN32 pinout and pin description* – Updated *Section 11: Ordering information* Additional updates (not related to VFQFPN32): – Table footnotes on *Section 9: Electrical characteristics* – Updated *Section : Device marking on page 93*, *Section : Device marking on page 96* and *Section : Device marking on page 100* – *Section 9.2: Absolute maximum ratings*