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Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	1.65V ~ 1.95V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	16
Number of Macrocells	256
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	64
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TJ)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/lc4256c-5t100i

Table 2. ispMACH 4000Z Family Selection Guide

	ispMACH 4032ZC	ispMACH 4064ZC	ispMACH 4128ZC	ispMACH 4256ZC
Macrocells	32	64	128	256
I/O + Dedicated Inputs	32+4/32+4	32+4/32+12/ 64+10/64+10	64+10/96+4	64+10/96+6/ 128+4
t_{PD} (ns)	3.5	3.7	4.2	4.5
t_S (ns)	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.9
t_{CO} (ns)	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.8
f_{MAX} (MHz)	267	250	220	200
Supply Voltage (V)	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Max. Standby Icc (µA)	20	25	35	55
Pins/Package	48 TQFP 56 csBGA	48 TQFP 56 csBGA 100 TQFP 132 csBGA	100 TQFP 132csBGA	100 TQFP 132 csBGA 176 TQFP

ispMACH 4000 Introduction

The high performance ispMACH 4000 family from Lattice offers a SuperFAST CPLD solution. The family is a blend of Lattice's two most popular architectures: the ispLSI® 2000 and ispMACH 4A. Retaining the best of both families, the ispMACH 4000 architecture focuses on significant innovations to combine the highest performance with low power in a flexible CPLD family.

The ispMACH 4000 combines high speed and low power with the flexibility needed for ease of design. With its robust Global Routing Pool and Output Routing Pool, this family delivers excellent First-Time-Fit, timing predictability, routing, pin-out retention and density migration.

The ispMACH 4000 family offers densities ranging from 32 to 512 macrocells. There are multiple density-I/O combinations in Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP), Chip Scale BGA (csBGA) and Fine Pitch Thin BGA (ftBGA) packages ranging from 44 to 256 pins/balls. Table 1 shows the macrocell, package and I/O options, along with other key parameters.

The ispMACH 4000 family has enhanced system integration capabilities. It supports 3.3V (4000V), 2.5V (4000B) and 1.8V (4000C/Z) supply voltages and 3.3V, 2.5V and 1.8V interface voltages. Additionally, inputs can be safely driven up to 5.5V when an I/O bank is configured for 3.3V operation, making this family 5V tolerant. The ispMACH 4000 also offers enhanced I/O features such as slew rate control, PCI compatibility, bus-keeper latches, pull-up resistors, pull-down resistors, open drain outputs and hot socketing. The ispMACH 4000 family members are 3.3V/2.5V/1.8V in-system programmable through the IEEE Standard 1532 interface. IEEE Standard 1149.1 boundary scan testing capability also allows product testing on automated test equipment. The 1532 interface signals TCK, TMS, TDI and TDO are referenced to V_{CC} (logic core).

Overview

The ispMACH 4000 devices consist of multiple 36-input, 16-macrocell Generic Logic Blocks (GLBs) interconnected by a Global Routing Pool (GRP). Output Routing Pools (ORPs) connect the GLBs to the I/O Blocks (IOBs), which contain multiple I/O cells. This architecture is shown in Figure 1.

- Block CLK2
- Block CLK3
- PT Clock
- PT Clock Inverted
- Shared PT Clock
- Ground

Clock Enable Multiplexer

Each macrocell has a 4:1 clock enable multiplexer. This allows the clock enable signal to be selected from the following four sources:

- PT Initialization/CE
- PT Initialization/CE Inverted
- Shared PT Clock
- Logic High

Initialization Control

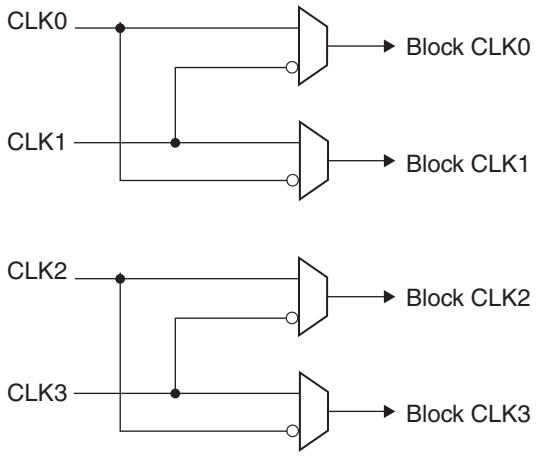
The ispMACH 4000 family architecture accommodates both block-level and macrocell-level set and reset capability. There is one block-level initialization term that is distributed to all macrocell registers in a GLB. At the macrocell level, two product terms can be “stolen” from the cluster associated with a macrocell to be used for set/reset functionality. A reset/preset swapping feature in each macrocell allows for reset and preset to be exchanged, providing flexibility.

Note that the reset/preset swapping selection feature affects power-up reset as well. All flip-flops power up to a known state for predictable system initialization. If a macrocell is configured to SET on a signal from the block-level initialization, then that macrocell will be SET during device power-up. If a macrocell is configured to RESET on a signal from the block-level initialization or is not configured for set/reset, then that macrocell will RESET on power-up. To guarantee initialization values, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic, and the clock must be inactive until the reset delay time has elapsed.

GLB Clock Generator

Each ispMACH 4000 device has up to four clock pins that are also routed to the GRP to be used as inputs. These pins drive a clock generator in each GLB, as shown in Figure 6. The clock generator provides four clock signals that can be used anywhere in the GLB. These four GLB clock signals can consist of a number of combinations of the true and complement edges of the global clock signals.

Figure 6. GLB Clock Generator



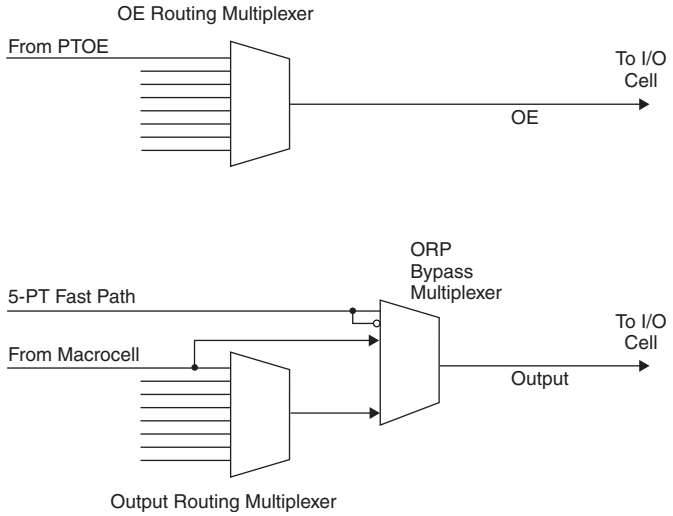
Output Routing Pool (ORP)

The Output Routing Pool allows macrocell outputs to be connected to any of several I/O cells within an I/O block. This provides greater flexibility in determining the pinout and allows design changes to occur without affecting the pinout. The output routing pool also provides a parallel capability for routing macrocell-level OE product terms. This allows the OE product term to follow the macrocell output as it is switched between I/O cells. Additionally, the output routing pool allows the macrocell output or true and complement forms of the 5-PT bypass signal to bypass the output routing multiplexers and feed the I/O cell directly. The enhanced ORP of the ispMACH 4000 family consists of the following elements:

- Output Routing Multiplexers
- OE Routing Multiplexers
- Output Routing Pool Bypass Multiplexers

Figure 7 shows the structure of the ORP from the I/O cell perspective. This is referred to as an ORP slice. Each ORP has as many ORP slices as there are I/O cells in the corresponding I/O block.

Figure 7. ORP Slice



Output Routing Multiplexers

The details of connections between the macrocells and the I/O cells vary across devices and within a device dependent on the maximum number of I/Os available. Tables 5-9 provide the connection details.

Table 6. ORP Combinations for I/O Blocks with 8 I/Os

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O 0	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O 1	M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9
I/O 2	M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11
I/O 3	M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13
I/O 4	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O 5	M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M0, M1
I/O 6	M12, M13, M14, M15, M0, M1, M2, M3
I/O 7	M14, M15, M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5

Table 10. ORP Combinations for I/O Blocks with 12 I/Os

I/O Cell	Available Macrocells
I/O 0	M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7
I/O 1	M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8
I/O 2	M2, M3, M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9
I/O 3	M4, M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11
I/O 4	M5, M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12
I/O 5	M6, M7, M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13
I/O 6	M8, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15
I/O 7	M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M0
I/O 8	M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M0, M1
I/O 9	M12, M13, M14, M15, M0, M1, M2, M3
I/O 10	M13, M14, M15, M0, M1, M2, M3, M4
I/O 11	M14, M15, M0, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5

ORP Bypass and Fast Output Multiplexers

The ORP bypass and fast-path output multiplexer is a 4:1 multiplexer and allows the 5-PT fast path to bypass the ORP and be connected directly to the pin with either the regular output or the inverted output. This multiplexer also allows the register output to bypass the ORP to achieve faster t_{CO}.

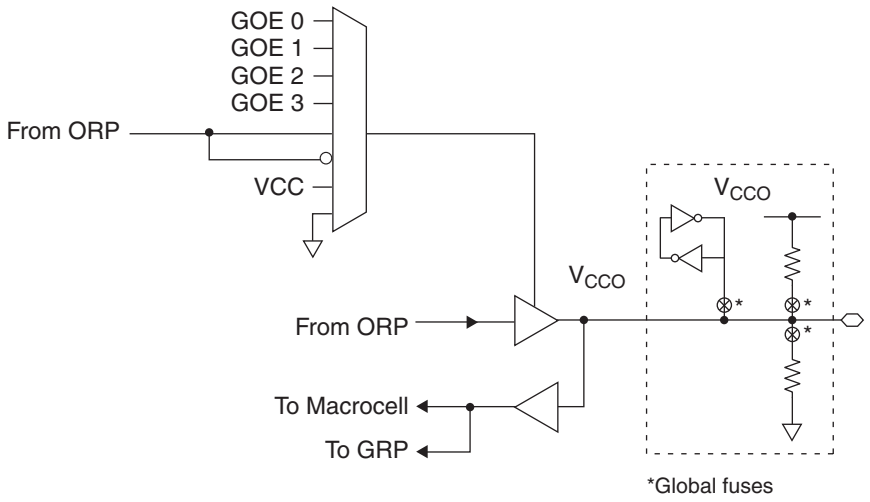
Output Enable Routing Multiplexers

The OE Routing Pool provides the corresponding local output enable (OE) product term to the I/O cell.

I/O Cell

The I/O cell contains the following programmable elements: output buffer, input buffer, OE multiplexer and bus maintenance circuitry. Figure 8 details the I/O cell.

Figure 8. I/O Cell



Each output supports a variety of output standards dependent on the V_{CCO} supplied to its I/O bank. Outputs can also be configured for open drain operation. Each input can be programmed to support a variety of standards, independent of the V_{CCO} supplied to its I/O bank. The I/O standards supported are:

- LVTTL
- LVCMOS 3.3
- LVCMOS 2.5
- LVCMOS 1.8
- 3.3V PCI Compatible

All of the I/Os and dedicated inputs have the capability to provide a bus-keeper latch, Pull-up Resistor or Pull-down Resistor. A fourth option is to provide none of these. The selection is done on a global basis. The default in both hardware and software is such that when the device is erased or if the user does not specify, the input structure is configured to be a Pull-up Resistor.

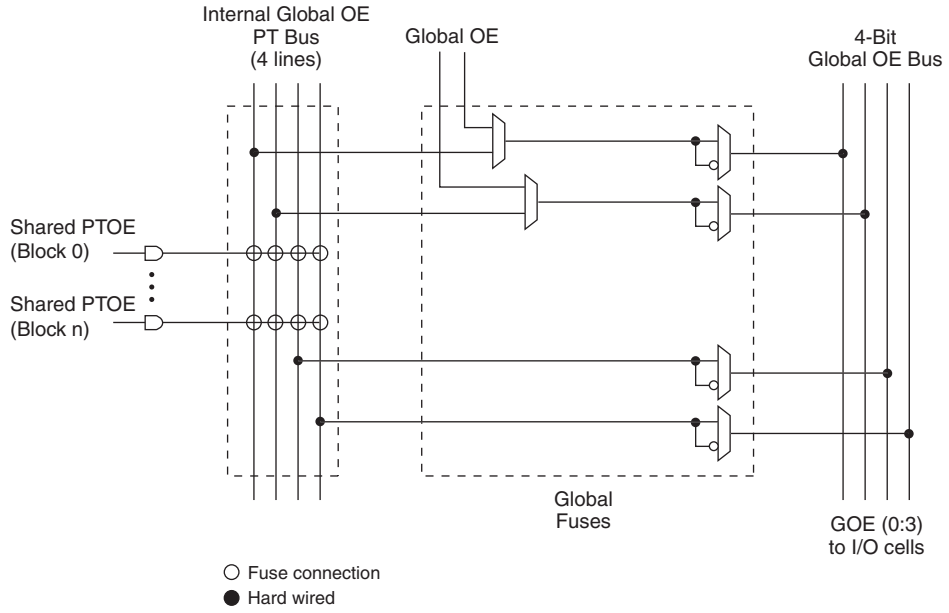
Each ispMACH 4000 device I/O has an individually programmable output slew rate control bit. Each output can be individually configured for fast slew or slow slew. The typical edge rate difference between fast and slow slew setting is 20%. For high-speed designs with long, unterminated traces, the slow-slew rate will introduce fewer reflections, less noise and keep ground bounce to a minimum. For designs with short traces or well terminated lines, the fast slew rate can be used to achieve the highest speed.

Global OE Generation

Most ispMACH 4000 family devices have a 4-bit wide Global OE Bus, except the ispMACH 4032 device that has a 2-bit wide Global OE Bus. This bus is derived from a 4-bit internal global OE PT bus and two dual purpose I/O or GOE pins. Each signal that drives the bus can optionally be inverted.

Each GLB has a block-level OE PT that connects to all bits of the Global OE PT bus with four fuses. Hence, for a 256-macrocell device (with 16 blocks), each line of the bus is driven from 16 OE product terms. Figures 9 and 10 show a graphical representation of the global OE generation.

Figure 9. Global OE Generation for All Devices Except ispMACH 4032



IEEE 1532-Compliant In-System Programming

Programming devices in-system provides a number of significant benefits including: rapid prototyping, lower inventory levels, higher quality and the ability to make in-field modifications. All ispMACH 4000 devices provide In-System Programming (ISP™) capability through the Boundary Scan Test Access Port. This capability has been implemented in a manner that ensures that the port remains complaint to the IEEE 1149.1 standard. By using IEEE 1149.1 as the communication interface through which ISP is achieved, users get the benefit of a standard, well-defined interface. All ispMACH 4000 devices are also compliant with the IEEE 1532 standard.

The ispMACH 4000 devices can be programmed across the commercial temperature and voltage range. The PC-based Lattice software facilitates in-system programming of ispMACH 4000 devices. The software takes the JEDEC file output produced by the design implementation software, along with information about the scan chain, and creates a set of vectors used to drive the scan chain. The software can use these vectors to drive a scan chain via the parallel port of a PC. Alternatively, the software can output files in formats understood by common automated test equipment. This equipment can then be used to program ispMACH 4000 devices during the testing of a circuit board.

User Electronic Signature

The User Electronic Signature (UES) allows the designer to include identification bits or serial numbers inside the device, stored in E^2CMOS memory. The ispMACH 4000 device contains 32 UES bits that can be configured by the user to store unique data such as ID codes, revision numbers or inventory control codes.

Security Bit

A programmable security bit is provided on the ispMACH 4000 devices as a deterrent to unauthorized copying of the array configuration patterns. Once programmed, this bit defeats readback of the programmed pattern by a device programmer, securing proprietary designs from competitors. Programming and verification are also defeated by the security bit. The bit can only be reset by erasing the entire device.

Hot Socketing

The ispMACH 4000 devices are well-suited for applications that require hot socketing capability. Hot socketing a device requires that the device, during power-up and down, can tolerate active signals on the I/Os and inputs without being damaged. Additionally, it requires that the effects of I/O pin loading be minimal on active signals. The ispMACH 4000 devices provide this capability for input voltages in the range 0V to 3.0V.

Density Migration

The ispMACH 4000 family has been designed to ensure that different density devices in the same package have the same pin-out. Furthermore, the architecture ensures a high success rate when performing design migration from lower density parts to higher density parts. In many cases, it is possible to shift a lower utilization design targeted for a high density device to a lower density device. However, the exact details of the final resource utilization will impact the likely success in each case.

ispMACH 4000Z External Switching Characteristics

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description[1, 2, 3]	-35		-37		-42		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{PD}	5-PT bypass combinatorial propagation delay	—	3.5	—	3.7	—	4.2	ns
t_{PD_MC}	20-PT combinatorial propagation delay through macrocell	—	4.4	—	4.7	—	5.7	ns
t_S	GLB register setup time before clock	2.2	—	2.5	—	2.7	—	ns
t_{ST}	GLB register setup time before clock with T-type register	2.4	—	2.7	—	2.9	—	ns
t_{SIR}	GLB register setup time before clock, input register path	1.0	—	1.1	—	1.3	—	ns
t_{SIRZ}	GLB register setup time before clock with zero hold	2.0	—	2.1	—	2.6	—	ns
t_H	GLB register hold time after clock	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
t_{HT}	GLB register hold time after clock with T-type register	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
t_{HIR}	GLB register hold time after clock, input register path	1.0	—	1.0	—	1.3	—	ns
t_{HIRZ}	GLB register hold time after clock, input register path with zero hold	0.0	—	0.0	—	0.0	—	ns
t_{CO}	GLB register clock-to-output delay	—	3.0	—	3.2	—	3.5	ns
t_R	External reset pin to output delay	—	5.0	—	6.0	—	7.3	ns
t_{RW}	External reset pulse duration	1.5	—	1.7	—	2.0	—	ns
$t_{PTOE/DIS}$	Input to output local product term output enable/disable	—	7.0	—	8.0	—	8.0	ns
$t_{GPTOE/DIS}$	Input to output global product term output enable/disable	—	6.5	—	7.0	—	8.0	ns
$t_{GOE/DIS}$	Global OE input to output enable/disable	—	4.5	—	4.5	—	4.8	ns
t_{CW}	Global clock width, high or low	1.0	—	1.5	—	1.8	—	ns
t_{GW}	Global gate width low (for low transparent) or high (for high transparent)	1.0	—	1.5	—	1.8	—	ns
t_{WIR}	Input register clock width, high or low	1.0	—	1.5	—	1.8	—	ns
f_{MAX}[4]	Clock frequency with internal feedback	—	267	—	250	—	220	MHz
f_{MAX} (Ext.)	clock frequency with external feedback, $[1 / (t_S + t_{CO})]$	—	192	—	175	—	161	MHz

1. Timing numbers are based on default LVCMOS 1.8 I/O buffers. Use timing adjusters provided to calculate other standards.

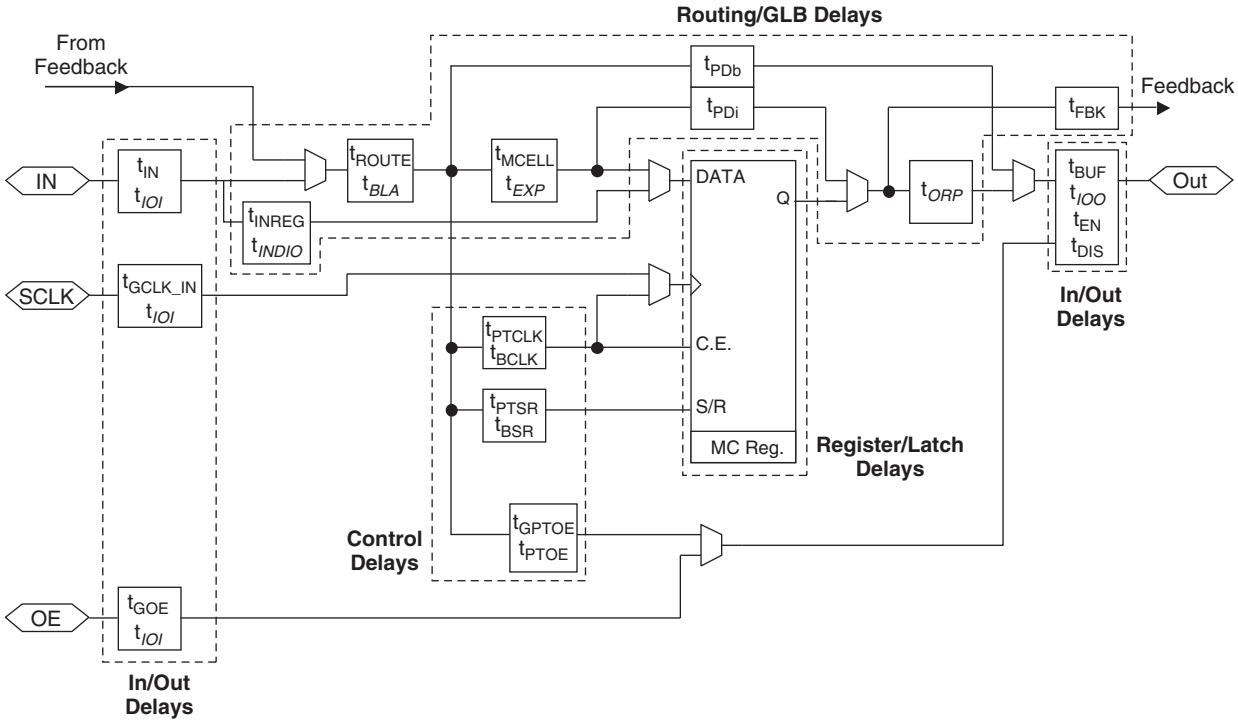
Timing v.2.2

2. Measured using standard switching GRP loading of 1 and 1 output switching.
3. Pulse widths and clock widths less than minimum will cause unknown behavior.
4. Standard 16-bit counter using GRP feedback.

Timing Model

The task of determining the timing through the ispMACH 4000 family, like any CPLD, is relatively simple. The timing model provided in Figure 11 shows the specific delay paths. Once the implementation of a given function is determined either conceptually or from the software report file, the delay path of the function can easily be determined from the timing model. The Lattice design tools report the timing delays based on the same timing model for a particular design. Note that the internal timing parameters are given for reference only, and are not tested. The external timing parameters are tested and guaranteed for every device. For more information on the timing model and usage, refer to TN1004, ispMACH 4000 Timing Model Design and Usage Guidelines.

Figure 11. ispMACH 4000 Timing Model



Note: Italicized items are optional delay adders.

ispMACH 4000V/B/C Internal Timing Parameters (Cont.)

Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	-5		-75		-10		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{GPTOE}	Global PT OE Delay	—	5.58	—	5.58	—	5.78	ns
t_{PTOE}	Macrocell PT OE Delay	—	3.58	—	4.28	—	4.28	ns

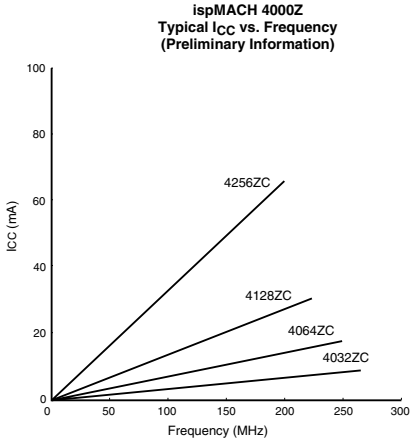
Timing v.3.2

Note: Internal Timing Parameters are not tested and are for reference only. Refer to the Timing Model in this data sheet for further details.

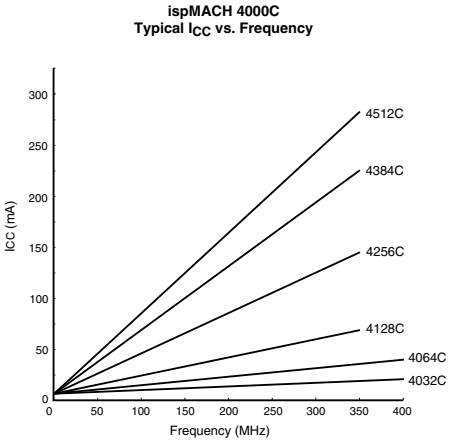
Boundary Scan Waveforms and Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
t_{BTCP}	TCK [BSCAN test] clock cycle	40	—	ns
t_{BTCH}	TCK [BSCAN test] pulse width high	20	—	ns
t_{BTCL}	TCK [BSCAN test] pulse width low	20	—	ns
t_{BTSU}	TCK [BSCAN test] setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTH}	TCK [BSCAN test] hold time	10	—	ns
t_{BRF}	TCK [BSCAN test] rise and fall time	50	—	mV/ns
t_{BTCO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to valid output	—	10	ns
t_{BTOZ}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to data output disable	—	10	ns
t_{BTVO}	TAP controller falling edge of clock to data output enable	—	10	ns
t_{BTCPSU}	BSCAN test Capture register setup time	8	—	ns
t_{BTCPH}	BSCAN test Capture register hold time	10	—	ns
t_{BTUCO}	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to valid output	—	25	ns
t_{BTUOZ}	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to output disable	—	25	ns
t_{BTUOV}	BSCAN test Update reg, falling edge of clock to output enable	—	25	ns

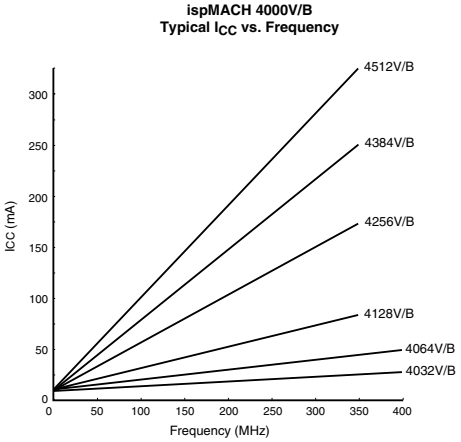
Power Consumption



Note: The devices are configured with maximum number of 16-bit counters, typical current at 1.8V, 25°C.



Note: The devices are configured with maximum number of 16-bit counters, typical current at 1.8V, 25°C.



Note: The devices are configured with maximum number of 16-bit counters, typical current at 3.3V, 2.5V, 25°C.

Power Estimation Coefficients[1]

Device	A	B
ispMACH 4032V/B	11.3	0.010
ispMACH 4032C	1.3	0.010
ispMACH 4064V/B	11.5	0.010
ispMACH 4064C	1.5	0.010
ispMACH 4128V/B	11.5	0.011
ispMACH 4128C	1.5	0.011
ispMACH 4256V/B	12	0.011
ispMACH 4256C	2	0.011
ispMACH 4384V/B	12.5	0.013
ispMACH 4384C	2.5	0.013
ispMACH 4512V/B	13	0.013
ispMACH 4512C	3	0.013
ispMACH 4032ZC	0.010	0.010
ispMACH 4064ZC	0.011	0.010
ispMACH 4128ZC	0.012	0.010
ispMACH 4256ZC	0.013	0.010

1. For further information about the use of these coefficients, refer to TN1005, Power Estimation in ispMACH 4000V/B/C/Z Devices.

ispMACH 4000V/B/C/Z Power Supply and NC Connections[1]

Signal	44-pin TQFP[2]	48-pin TQFP[2]	56-ball csBGA[3]	100-pin TQFP[2]	128-pin TQFP[2]
VCC	11, 33	12, 36	K2, A9	25, 40, 75, 90	32, 51, 96, 115
VCCO0 VCCO (Bank 0)	6	6	F3	13, 33, 95	3, 17, 30, 41, 122
VCCO1 VCCO (Bank 1)	28	30	E8	45, 63, 83	58, 67, 81, 94, 105
GND	12, 34	13, 37	H3, C8	1, 26, 51, 76	1, 33, 65, 97
GND (Bank 0)	5	5	D3	7, 18, 32, 96	10, 24, 40, 113, 123
GND (Bank 1)	27	29	G8	46, 57, 68, 82	49, 59, 74, 88, 104
NC	—	—	**4032Z**: A8, B10, E1, E3, F8, F10, J1, K3	—	—

1. All grounds must be electrically connected at the board level. However, for the purposes of I/O current loading, grounds are associated with the bank shown.
2. Pin orientation follows the conventional order from pin 1 marking of the top side view and counter-clockwise.
3. Pin orientation A1 starts from the upper left corner of the top side view with alphabetical order ascending vertically and numerical order ascending horizontally.

ispMACH 4032V/B/C and 4064V/B/C Logic Signal Connections: 44-Pin TQFP

Pin Number	Bank Number	ispMACH 4032V/B/C		ispMACH 4064V/B/C	
		GLB/MC/Pad	ORP	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP
1	-	TDI	-	TDI	-
2	0	A5	A^5	A10	A^5
3	0	A6	A^6	A12	A^6
4	0	A7	A^7	A14	A^7
5	0	GND (Bank 0)	-	GND (Bank 0)	-
6	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	-	VCCO (Bank 0)	-
7	0	A8	A^8	B0	B^0
8	0	A9	A^9	B2	B^1
9	0	A10	A^10	B4	B^2
10	-	TCK	-	TCK	-
11	-	VCC	-	VCC	-
12	-	GND	-	GND	-
13	0	A12	A^12	B8	B^4
14	0	A13	A^13	B10	B^5
15	0	A14	A^14	B12	B^6
16	0	A15	A^15	B14	B^7
17	1	CLK2/I	-	CLK2/I	-
18	1	B0	B^0	C0	C^0
19	1	B1	B^1	C2	C^1
20	1	B2	B^2	C4	C^2
21	1	B3	B^3	C6	C^3
22	1	B4	B^4	C8	C^4
23	-	TMS	-	TMS	-
24	1	B5	B^5	C10	C^5
25	1	B6	B^6	C12	C^6
26	1	B7	B^7	C14	C^7
27	1	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-
28	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-
29	1	B8	B^8	D0	D^0
30	1	B9	B^9	D2	D^1
31	1	B10	B^10	D4	D^2
32	-	TDO	-	TDO	-
33	-	VCC	-	VCC	-
34	-	GND	-	GND	-
35	1	B12	B^12	D8	D^4
36	1	B13	B^13	D10	D^5
37	1	B14	B^14	D12	D^6
38	1	B15/GOE1	B^15	D14/GOE1	D^7
39	0	CLK0/I	-	CLK0/I	-
40	0	A0/GOE0	A^0	A0/GOE0	A^0
41	0	A1	A^1	A2	A^1

ispMACH 4064Z, 4128Z and 4256Z Logic Signal Connections: 132-Ball csBGA (Cont.)

		ispMACH 4064Z		ispMACH 4128Z		ispMACH 4256Z	
Ball Number	Bank Number	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP
D13	1	D10	D^10	G4	G^3	N6	N^3
D14	1	D9	D^9	G2	G^2	N8	N^4
D12	1	D8	D^8	G1	G^1	N10	N^5
C14	1	I	-	G0	G^0	N12	N^6
C13	1	NC	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-
B14	-	TDO	-	TDO	-	TDO	-
A14	-	VCC	-	VCC	-	VCC	-
A13	-	GND	-	GND	-	GND	-
B13	1	NC	-	H14	H^11	O12	O^6
A12	1	I	-	H13	H^10	O10	O^5
C12	1	D7	D^7	H12	H^9	O8	O^4
B12	1	D6	D^6	H10	H^8	O6	O^3
A11	1	D5	D^5	H9	H^7	O4	O^2
C11	1	D4	D^4	H8	H^6	O2	O^1
B11	1	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-
A10	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-
B10	1	NC	-	H6	H^5	P12	P^6
C10	1	NC	-	H5	H^4	P10	P^5
B9	1	D3	D^3	H4	H^3	P8	P^4
A9	1	D2	D^2	H2	H^2	P6	P^3
C9	1	D1	D^1	H1	H^1	P4	P^2
A8	1	D0/GOE1	D^0	H0/GOE1	H^0	P2/GOE1	P^1
B8	1	CLK3/I	-	CLK3/I	-	CLK3/I	-
C8	0	CLK0/I	-	CLK0/I	-	CLK0/I	-
B7	-	VCC	-	VCC	-	VCC	-
A7	0	NC[1]	-	NC[1]	-	I[1]	-
C7	0	A0/GOE0	A^0	A0/GOE0	A^0	A2/GOE0	A^1
A6	0	A1	A^1	A1	A^1	A4	A^2
B6	0	A2	A^2	A2	A^2	A6	A^3
C6	0	A3	A^3	A4	A^3	A8	A^4
B5	0	NC	-	A5	A^4	A10	A^5
A5	0	NC	-	A6	A^5	A12	A^6
C5	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	-	VCCO (Bank 0)	-	VCCO (Bank 0)	-
B4	0	GND (Bank 0)	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	GND (Bank 0)	-
A4	0	NC	-	A8	A^6	B2	B^1
C4	0	A4	A^4	A9	A^7	B4	B^2
A3	0	A5	A^5	A10	A^8	B6	B^3
B3	0	A6	A^6	A12	A^9	B8	B^4
A2	0	A7	A^7	A13	A^10	B10	B^5
A1	0	NC	-	A14	A^11	B12	B^6

1. For device migration considerations, these NC pins are input signal pins in ispMACH 4256Z device.

ispMACH 4256V/B/C/Z, 4384V/B/C, 4512V/B/C, Logic Signal Connections: 176-Pin TQFP (Cont.)

Pin Number	Bank Number	ispMACH 4256V/B/C/Z		ispMACH 4384V/B/C		ispMACH 4512V/B/C	
		GLB/MC/Pad	ORP	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP
142	1	O0	O^0	GX0	GX^0	OX0	OX^0
143	1	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-
144	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-
145	1	P14	P^7	HX14	HX^7	PX14	PX^7
146	1	P12	P^6	HX12	HX^6	PX12	PX^6
147	1	P10	P^5	HX10	HX^5	PX10	PX^5
148	1	P8	P^4	HX8	HX^4	PX8	PX^4
149	1	P6	P^3	HX6	HX^3	PX6	PX^3
150	1	P4	P^2	HX4	HX^2	PX4	PX^2
151	1	P2/GOE1	P^1	HX2/GOE1	HX^1	PX2/GOE1	PX^1
152	1	P0	P^0	HX0	HX^0	PX0	PX^0
153	-	GND	-	GND	-	GND	-
154	1	CLK3/I	-	CLK3/I	-	CLK3/I	-
155	0	GND (Bank 0)	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	GND (Bank 0)	-
156	0	CLK0/I	-	CLK0/I	-	CLK0/I	-
157	-	VCC	-	VCC	-	VCC	-
158	0	A0	A^0	A0	A^0	A0	A^0
159	0	A2/GOE0	A^1	A2/GOE0	A^1	A2//GOE0	A^1
160	0	A4	A^2	A4	A^2	A4	A^2
161	0	A6	A^3	A6	A^3	A6	A^3
162	0	A8	A^4	A8	A^4	A8	A^4
163	0	A10	A^5	A10	A^5	A10	A^5
164	0	A12	A^6	A12	A^6	A12	A^6
165	0	A14	A^7	A14	A^7	A14	A^7
166	0	VCCO (Bank 0)	-	VCCO (Bank 0)	-	VCCO (Bank 0)	-
167	0	GND (Bank 0)	-	GND (Bank 0)	-	GND (Bank 0)	-
168	0	B0	B^0	B0	B^0	B0	B^0
169	0	B2	B^1	B2	B^1	B2	B^1
170	0	B4	B^2	B4	B^2	B4	B^2
171	0	B6	B^3	B6	B^3	B6	B^3
172	0	B8	B^4	B8	B^4	B8	B^4
173	0	B10	B^5	B10	B^5	B10	B^5
174	0	B12	B^6	B12	B^6	B12	B^6
175	0	B14	B^7	B14	B^7	B14	B^7
176	-	VCC	-	VCC	-	VCC	-

ispMACH 4256V/B/C, 4384V/B/C, 4512V/B/C Logic Signal Connections: 256-Ball ftBGA/fpBGA (Cont.)

Ball Number	I/O Bank	ispMACH 4256V/B/C 128-I/O		ispMACH 4256V/B/C 160-I/O		ispMACH 4384V/B/C		ispMACH 4512V/B/C	
		GLB/MC/Pad	ORP	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP	GLB/MC/Pad	ORP
H15	1	M2	M^1	M1	M^1	DX2	DX^1	JX2	JX^1
H14	1	M4	M^2	M2	M^2	DX4	DX^2	JX4	JX^2
H13	1	M6	M^3	M4	M^3	DX6	DX^3	JX6	JX^3
G16	1	M8	M^4	M6	M^4	DX8	DX^4	JX8	JX^4
H12	1	M10	M^5	M8	M^5	DX10	DX^5	JX10	JX^5
G15	1	M12	M^6	M9	M^6	DX12	DX^6	JX12	JX^6
H11	1	M14	M^7	M10	M^7	DX14	DX^7	JX14	JX^7
F16	1	NC	-	M12	M^8	CX0	CX^0	IX0	IX^0
G13	1	NC	-	M14	M^9	CX2	CX^1	IX4	IX^1
G14	1	NC	-	NC	-	EX14	EX^7	KX0	KX^0
F15	1	NC	-	NC	-	EX12	EX^6	KX2	KX^1
E16	1	NC	-	NC	-	NC	-	KX4	KX^2
-	1	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-
-	1	-	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-
E15	1	NC	-	NC	-	NC	-	KX6	KX^3
G12	1	NC	-	NC	-	EX10	EX^5	KX8	KX^4
E13	1	NC	-	NC	-	EX8	EX^4	KX10	KX^5
D16	1	NC	-	N0	N^0	CX4	CX^2	IX8	IX^2
E14	1	NC	-	N1	N^1	CX6	CX^3	IX12	IX^3
G11	1	N0	N^0	N2	N^2	FX0	FX^0	NX0	NX^0
D15	1	N2	N^1	N4	N^3	FX2	FX^1	NX2	NX^1
F11	1	N4	N^2	N6	N^4	FX4	FX^2	NX4	NX^2
C16	1	N6	N^3	N8	N^5	FX6	FX^3	NX6	NX^3
F12	1	N8	N^4	N9	N^6	FX8	FX^4	NX8	NX^4
D14	1	N10	N^5	N10	N^7	FX10	FX^5	NX10	NX^5
C15	1	N12	N^6	N12	N^8	FX12	FX^6	NX12	NX^6
B16	1	N14	N^7	N14	N^9	FX14	FX^7	NX14	NX^7
-	1	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-	VCCO (Bank 1)	-
C14	-	TDO	-	TDO	-	TDO	-	TDO	-
-	-	VCC	-	VCC	-	VCC	-	VCC	-
-	-	GND	-	GND	-	GND	-	GND	-
-	1	-	-	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-	GND (Bank 1)	-
A15	1	NC	-	NC	-	EX6	EX^3	KX12	KX^6
B14	1	NC	-	NC	-	EX4	EX^2	KX14	KX^7
E12	1	O14	O^7	O14	O^9	GX14	GX^7	OX14	OX^7
A14	1	O12	O^6	O12	O^8	GX12	GX^6	OX12	OX^6
C13	1	O10	O^5	O10	O^7	GX10	GX^5	OX10	OX^5
D13	1	O8	O^4	O9	O^6	GX8	GX^4	OX8	OX^4
E11	1	O6	O^3	O8	O^5	GX6	GX^3	OX6	OX^3
B13	1	O4	O^2	O6	O^4	GX4	GX^2	OX4	OX^2
F10	1	O2	O^1	O4	O^3	GX2	GX^1	OX2	OX^1

Ordering Information

Note: ispMACH 4000 devices are all dual marked except the slowest commercial speed grade ispMACH 4000Z devices. For example, the commercial speed grade LC4128C-5T100C is also marked with the industrial grade -75I. The commercial grade is always one speed grade faster than the associated dual mark industrial grade. The slowest commercial speed grade ispMACH 4000Z devices are marked as commercial grade only.

Conventional Packaging

ispMACH 4000ZC (Zero Power, 1.8V) Commercial Devices

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage	t_{PD}	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC4032ZC	LC4032ZC-35M56C	32	1.8	3.5	csBGA	56	32	C
	LC4032ZC-5M56C	32	1.8	5	csBGA	56	32	C
	LC4032ZC-75M56C	32	1.8	7.5	csBGA	56	32	C
	LC4032ZC-35T48C	32	1.8	3.5	TQFP	48	32	C
	LC4032ZC-5T48C	32	1.8	5	TQFP	48	32	C
	LC4032ZC-75T48C	32	1.8	7.5	TQFP	48	32	C
LC4064ZC	LC4064ZC-37M132C	64	1.8	3.7	csBGA	132	64	C
	LC4064ZC-5M132C	64	1.8	5	csBGA	132	64	C
	LC4064ZC-75M132C	64	1.8	7.5	csBGA	132	64	C
	LC4064ZC-37T100C	64	1.8	3.7	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4064ZC-5T100C	64	1.8	5	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4064ZC-75T100C	64	1.8	7.5	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4064ZC-37M56C	64	1.8	3.7	csBGA	56	32	C
	LC4064ZC-5M56C	64	1.8	5	csBGA	56	32	C
	LC4064ZC-75M56C	64	1.8	7.5	csBGA	56	32	C
	LC4064ZC-37T48C	64	1.8	3.7	TQFP	48	32	C
	LC4064ZC-5T48C	64	1.8	5	TQFP	48	32	C
	LC4064ZC-75T48C	64	1.8	7.5	TQFP	48	32	C
LC4128ZC	LC4128ZC-42M132C	128	1.8	4.2	csBGA	132	96	C
	LC4128ZC-75M132C	128	1.8	7.5	csBGA	132	96	C
	LC4128ZC-42T100C	128	1.8	4.2	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4128ZC-75T100C	128	1.8	7.5	TQFP	100	64	C
LC4256ZC	LC4256ZC-45T176C	256	1.8	4.5	TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4256ZC-75T176C	256	1.8	7.5	TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4256ZC-45M132C	256	1.8	4.5	csBGA	132	96	C
	LC4256ZC-75M132C	256	1.8	7.5	csBGA	132	96	C
	LC4256ZC-45T100C	256	1.8	4.5	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4256ZC-75T100C	256	1.8	7.5	TQFP	100	64	C

ispMACH 4000ZC (1.8V, Zero Power) Industrial Devices

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage	tPD	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC4032ZC	LC4032ZC-5M56I	32	1.8	5	csBGA	56	32	I
	LC4032ZC-75M56I	32	1.8	7.5	csBGA	56	32	I
	LC4032ZC-5T48I	32	1.8	5	TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032ZC-75T48I	32	1.8	7.5	TQFP	48	32	I

ispMACH 4000C (1.8V) Industrial Devices

Family	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage	t_{PD}	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC4032C	LC4032C-5T48I	32	1.8	5	TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032C-75T48I	32	1.8	7.5	TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032C-10T48I	32	1.8	10	TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032C-5T44I	32	1.8	5	TQFP	44	30	I
	LC4032C-75T44I	32	1.8	7.5	TQFP	44	30	I
	LC4032C-10T44I	32	1.8	10	TQFP	44	30	I
LC4064C	LC4064C-5T100I	64	1.8	5	TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4064C-75T100I	64	1.8	7.5	TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4064C-10T100I	64	1.8	10	TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4064C-5T48I	64	1.8	5	TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4064C-75T48I	64	1.8	7.5	TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4064C-10T48I	64	1.8	10	TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4064C-5T44I	64	1.8	5	TQFP	44	30	I
	LC4064C-75T44I	64	1.8	7.5	TQFP	44	30	I
	LC4064C-10T44I	64	1.8	10	TQFP	44	30	I
LC4128C	LC4128C-5T128I	128	1.8	5	TQFP	128	92	I
	LC4128C-75T128I	128	1.8	7.5	TQFP	128	92	I
	LC4128C-10T128I	128	1.8	10	TQFP	128	92	I
	LC4128C-5T100I	128	1.8	5	TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4128C-75T100I	128	1.8	7.5	TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4128C-10T100I	128	1.8	10	TQFP	100	64	I
LC4256C	LC4256C-5FT256AI	256	1.8	5	ftBGA	256	128	I
	LC4256C-75FT256AI	256	1.8	7.5	ftBGA	256	128	I
	LC4256C-10FT256AI	256	1.8	10	ftBGA	256	128	I
	LC4256C-5FT256BI	256	1.8	5	ftBGA	256	160	I
	LC4256C-75FT256BI	256	1.8	7.5	ftBGA	256	160	I
	LC4256C-10FT256BI	256	1.8	10	ftBGA	256	160	I
	LC4256C-5F256AI[1]	256	1.8	5	fpBGA	256	128	I
	LC4256C-75F256AI[1]	256	1.8	7.5	fpBGA	256	128	I
	LC4256C-10F256AI[1]	256	1.8	10	fpBGA	256	128	I
	LC4256C-5F256BI[1]	256	1.8	5	fpBGA	256	160	I
	LC4256C-75F256BI[1]	256	1.8	7.5	fpBGA	256	160	I
	LC4256C-10F256BI[1]	256	1.8	10	fpBGA	256	160	I
	LC4256C-5T176I	256	1.8	5	TQFP	176	128	I
	LC4256C-75T176I	256	1.8	7.5	TQFP	176	128	I
	LC4256C-10T176I	256	1.8	10	TQFP	176	128	I
	LC4256C-5T100I	256	1.8	5	TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4256C-75T100I	256	1.8	7.5	TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4256C-10T100I	256	1.8	10	TQFP	100	64	I

ispMACH 4000V (3.3V) Commercial Devices (Cont.)

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage	t_{PD}	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC4128V	LC4128V-27T144C	128	3.3	2.7	TQFP	144	96	C
	LC4128V-5T144C	128	3.3	5	TQFP	144	96	C
	LC4128V-75T144C	128	3.3	7.5	TQFP	144	96	C
	LC4128V-27T128C	128	3.3	2.7	TQFP	128	92	C
	LC4128V-5T128C	128	3.3	5	TQFP	128	92	C
	LC4128V-75T128C	128	3.3	7.5	TQFP	128	92	C
	LC4128V-27T100C	128	3.3	2.7	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4128V-5T100C	128	3.3	5	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4128V-75T100C	128	3.3	7.5	TQFP	100	64	C
LC4256V	LC4256V-3FT256AC	256	3.3	3	ftBGA	256	128	C
	LC4256V-5FT256AC	256	3.3	5	ftBGA	256	128	C
	LC4256V-75FT256AC	256	3.3	7.5	ftBGA	256	128	C
	LC4256V-3FT256BC	256	3.3	3	ftBGA	256	160	C
	LC4256V-5FT256BC	256	3.3	5	ftBGA	256	160	C
	LC4256V-75FT256BC	256	3.3	7.5	ftBGA	256	160	C
	LC4256V-3F256AC[1]	256	3.3	3	fpBGA	256	128	C
	LC4256V-5F256AC[1]	256	3.3	5	fpBGA	256	128	C
	LC4256V-75F256AC[1]	256	3.3	7.5	fpBGA	256	128	C
	LC4256V-3F256BC[1]	256	3.3	3	fpBGA	256	160	C
	LC4256V-5F256BC[1]	256	3.3	5	fpBGA	256	160	C
	LC4256V-75F256BC[1]	256	3.3	7.5	fpBGA	256	160	C
	LC4256V-3T176C	256	3.3	3	TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4256V-5T176C	256	3.3	5	TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4256V-75T176C	256	3.3	7.5	TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4256V-3T144C	256	3.3	3	TQFP	144	96	C
	LC4256V-5T144C	256	3.3	5	TQFP	144	96	C
	LC4256V-75T144C	256	3.3	7.5	TQFP	144	96	C
	LC4256V-3T100C	256	3.3	3	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4256V-5T100C	256	3.3	5	TQFP	100	64	C
	LC4256V-75T100C	256	3.3	7.5	TQFP	100	64	C
LC4384V	LC4384V-35FT256C	384	3.3	3.5	ftBGA	256	192	C
	LC4384V-5FT256C	384	3.3	5	ftBGA	256	192	C
	LC4384V-75FT256C	384	3.3	7.5	ftBGA	256	192	C
	LC4384V-35F256C[1]	384	3.3	3.5	fpBGA	256	192	C
	LC4384V-5F256C[1]	384	3.3	5	fpBGA	256	192	C
	LC4384V-75F256C[1]	384	3.3	7.5	fpBGA	256	192	C
	LC4384V-35T176C	384	3.3	3.5	TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4384V-5T176C	384	3.3	5	TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4384V-75T176C	384	3.3	7.5	TQFP	176	128	C

ispMACH 4000C (1.8V) Lead-Free Commercial Devices (Cont.)

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage	t_{PD}	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC4512C	LC4512C-35FTN256C	512	1.8	3.5	Lead-free ftBGA	256	208	C
	LC4512C-5FTN256C	512	1.8	5	Lead-free ftBGA	256	208	C
	LC4512C-75FTN256C	512	1.8	7.5	Lead-free ftBGA	256	208	C
	LC4512C-35FN256C[1]	512	1.8	3.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	208	C
	LC4512C-5FN256C[1]	512	1.8	5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	208	C
	LC4512C-75FN256C[1]	512	1.8	7.5	Lead-free fpBGA	256	208	C
	LC4512C-35TN176C	512	1.8	3.5	Lead-free TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4512C-5TN176C	512	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	176	128	C
	LC4512C-75TN176C	512	1.8	7.5	Lead-free TQFP	176	128	C

1. Use ftBGA package. fpBGA package devices have been discontinued via PCN#14A-07.

ispMACH 4000C (1.8V) Lead-Free Industrial Devices

Device	Part Number	Macrocells	Voltage	t_{PD}	Package	Pin/Ball Count	I/O	Grade
LC4032C	LC4032C-5TN48I	32	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032C-75TN48I	32	1.8	7.5	Lead-free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032C-10TN48I	32	1.8	10	Lead-free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4032C-5TN44I	32	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	44	30	I
	LC4032C-75TN44I	32	1.8	7.5	Lead-free TQFP	44	30	I
	LC4032C-10TN44I	32	1.8	10	Lead-free TQFP	44	30	I
LC4064C	LC4064C-5TN100I	64	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4064C-75TN100I	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4064C-10TN100I	64	1.8	10	Lead-free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4064C-5TN48I	64	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4064C-75TN48I	64	1.8	7.5	Lead-free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4064C-10TN48I	64	1.8	10	Lead-free TQFP	48	32	I
	LC4064C-5TN44I	64	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	44	30	I
	LC4064C-75TN44I	64	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	44	30	I
	LC4064C-10TN44I	64	1.8	10	Lead-free TQFP	44	30	I
LC4128C	LC4128C-5TN128I	128	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	128	92	I
	LC4128C-75TN128I	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-free TQFP	128	92	I
	LC4128C-10TN128I	128	1.8	10	Lead-free TQFP	128	92	I
	LC4128C-5TN100I	128	1.8	5	Lead-free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4128C-75TN100I	128	1.8	7.5	Lead-free TQFP	100	64	I
	LC4128C-10TN100I	128	1.8	10	Lead-free TQFP	100	64	I