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### Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	EE PLD
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	15 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	2
Number of Macrocells	32
Number of Gates	600
Number of I/O	36
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	44-PLCC (16.59x16.59)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7032lc44-15">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7032lc44-15</a>

The MAX 7000E devices—including the EPM7128E, EPM7160E, EPM7192E, and EPM7256E devices—have several enhanced features: additional global clocking, additional output enable controls, enhanced interconnect resources, fast input registers, and a programmable slew rate.

In-system programmable MAX 7000 devices—called MAX 7000S devices—include the EPM7032S, EPM7064S, EPM7128S, EPM7160S, EPM7192S, and EPM7256S devices. MAX 7000S devices have the enhanced features of MAX 7000E devices as well as JTAG BST circuitry in devices with 128 or more macrocells, ISP, and an open-drain output option. See [Table 4](#).

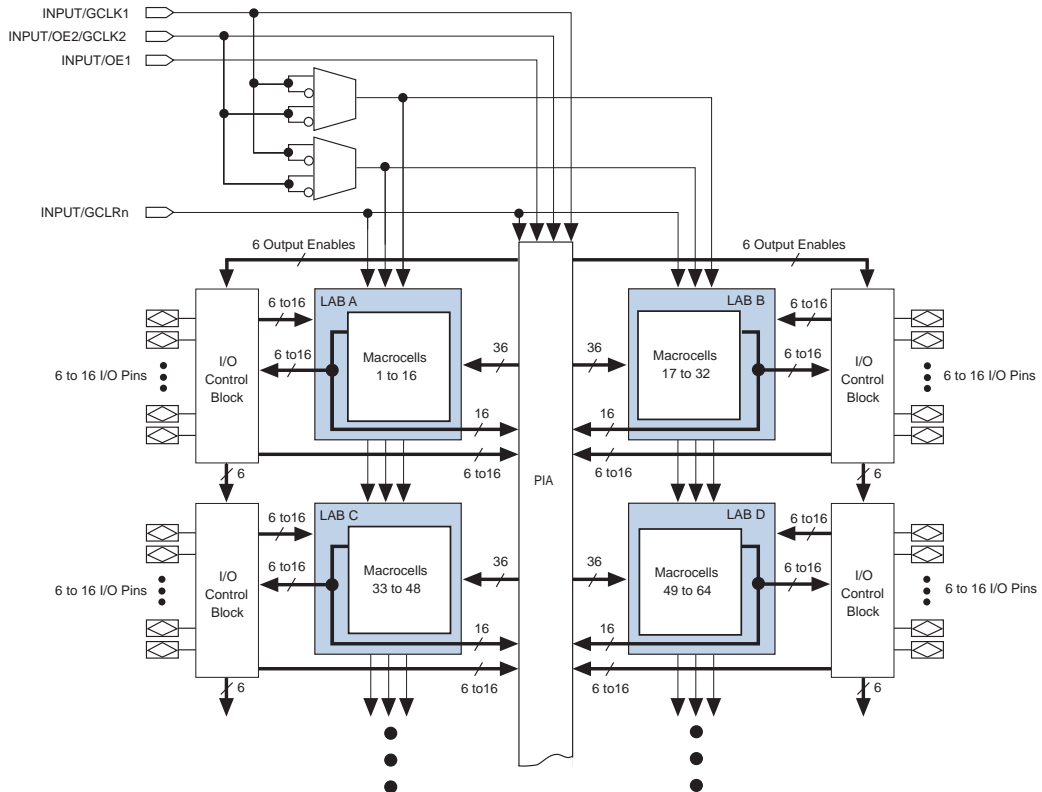
<b>Table 4. MAX 7000 Device Features</b>			
<b>Feature</b>	<b>EPM7032 EPM7064 EPM7096</b>	<b>All MAX 7000E Devices</b>	<b>All MAX 7000S Devices</b>
ISP via JTAG interface			✓
JTAG BST circuitry			✓ <sup>(1)</sup>
Open-drain output option			✓
Fast input registers		✓	✓
Six global output enables		✓	✓
Two global clocks		✓	✓
Slew-rate control		✓	✓
MultiVolt interface <sup>(2)</sup>	✓	✓	✓
Programmable register	✓	✓	✓
Parallel expanders	✓	✓	✓
Shared expanders	✓	✓	✓
Power-saving mode	✓	✓	✓
Security bit	✓	✓	✓
PCI-compliant devices available	✓	✓	✓

**Notes:**

- (1) Available only in EPM7128S, EPM7160S, EPM7192S, and EPM7256S devices only.
- (2) The MultiVolt I/O interface is not available in 44-pin packages.

Figure 2 shows the architecture of MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.

**Figure 2. MAX 7000E & MAX 7000S Device Block Diagram**



## Logic Array Blocks

The MAX 7000 device architecture is based on the linking of high-performance, flexible, logic array modules called logic array blocks (LABs). LABs consist of 16-macrocell arrays, as shown in Figures 1 and 2. Multiple LABs are linked together via the programmable interconnect array (PIA), a global bus that is fed by all dedicated inputs, I/O pins, and macrocells.

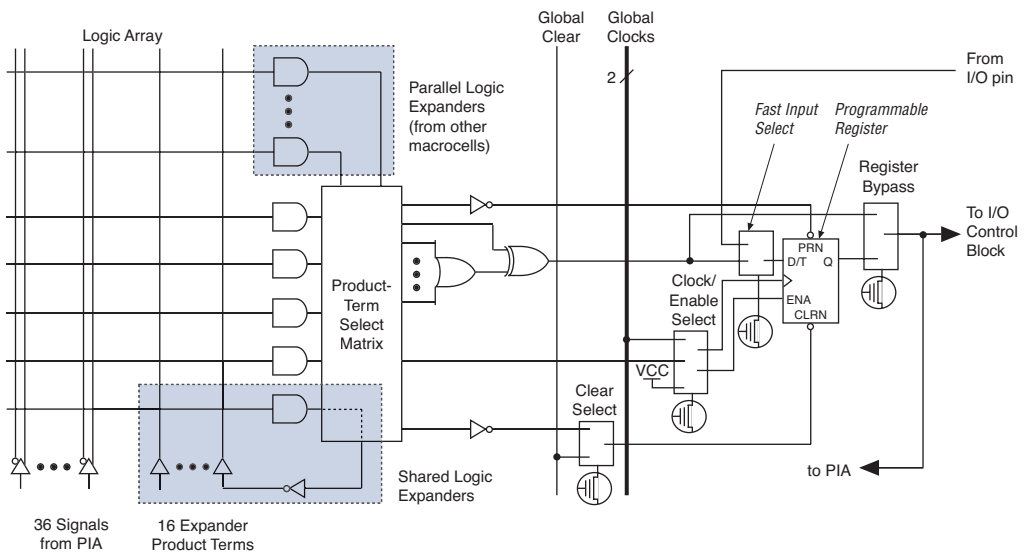
Each LAB is fed by the following signals:

- 36 signals from the PIA that are used for general logic inputs
- Global controls that are used for secondary register functions
- Direct input paths from I/O pins to the registers that are used for fast setup times for MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices

## Macrocells

The MAX 7000 macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. The macrocell of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices is shown in Figure 3.

**Figure 3. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Macrocell**

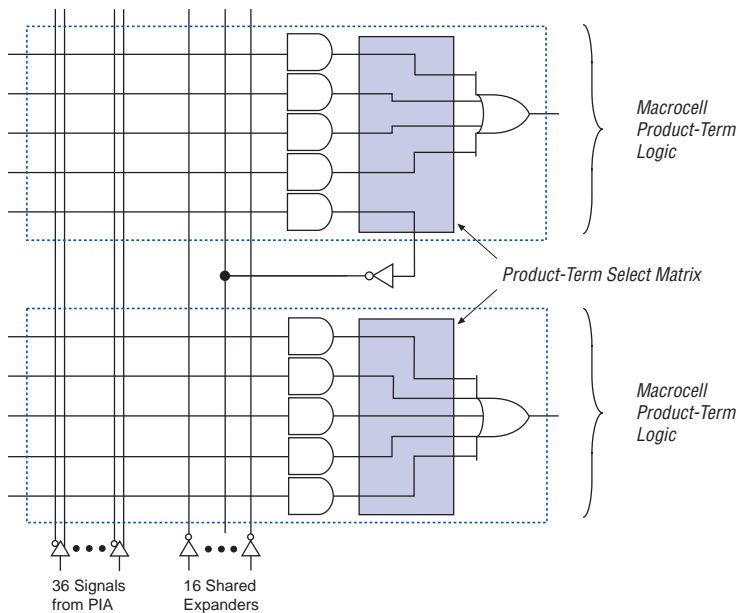


### Shareable Expanders

Each LAB has 16 shareable expanders that can be viewed as a pool of uncommitted single product terms (one from each macrocell) with inverted outputs that feed back into the logic array. Each shareable expander can be used and shared by any or all macrocells in the LAB to build complex logic functions. A small delay ( $t_{SEXP}$ ) is incurred when shareable expanders are used. Figure 5 shows how shareable expanders can feed multiple macrocells.

**Figure 5. Shareable Expanders**

Shareable expanders can be shared by any or all macrocells in an LAB.



### Parallel Expanders

Parallel expanders are unused product terms that can be allocated to a neighboring macrocell to implement fast, complex logic functions. Parallel expanders allow up to 20 product terms to directly feed the macrocell OR logic, with five product terms provided by the macrocell and 15 parallel expanders provided by neighboring macrocells in the LAB.

## Programmable Interconnect Array

Logic is routed between LABs via the programmable interconnect array (PIA). This global bus is a programmable path that connects any signal source to any destination on the device. All MAX 7000 dedicated inputs, I/O pins, and macrocell outputs feed the PIA, which makes the signals available throughout the entire device. Only the signals required by each LAB are actually routed from the PIA into the LAB. Figure 7 shows how the PIA signals are routed into the LAB. An EEPROM cell controls one input to a 2-input AND gate, which selects a PIA signal to drive into the LAB.

**Figure 7. PIA Routing**



While the routing delays of channel-based routing schemes in masked or FPGAs are cumulative, variable, and path-dependent, the MAX 7000 PIA has a fixed delay. The PIA thus eliminates skew between signals and makes timing performance easy to predict.

## I/O Control Blocks

The I/O control block allows each I/O pin to be individually configured for input, output, or bidirectional operation. All I/O pins have a tri-state buffer that is individually controlled by one of the global output enable signals or directly connected to ground or  $V_{CC}$ . Figure 8 shows the I/O control block for the MAX 7000 family. The I/O control block of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices has two global output enable signals that are driven by two dedicated active-low output enable pins (OE1 and OE2). The I/O control block of MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices has six global output enable signals that are driven by the true or complement of two output enable signals, a subset of the I/O pins, or a subset of the I/O macrocells.

## Programmable Speed/Power Control

MAX 7000 devices offer a power-saving mode that supports low-power operation across user-defined signal paths or the entire device. This feature allows total power dissipation to be reduced by 50% or more, because most logic applications require only a small fraction of all gates to operate at maximum frequency.

The designer can program each individual macrocell in a MAX 7000 device for either high-speed (i.e., with the Turbo Bit™ option turned on) or low-power (i.e., with the Turbo Bit option turned off) operation. As a result, speed-critical paths in the design can run at high speed, while the remaining paths can operate at reduced power. Macrocells that run at low power incur a nominal timing delay adder ( $t_{LPA}$ ) for the  $t_{LAD}$ ,  $t_{LAC}$ ,  $t_{IC}$ ,  $t_{EN}$ , and  $t_{SEXP}$ ,  $t_{ACL}$ , and  $t_{CPPW}$  parameters.

## Output Configuration

MAX 7000 device outputs can be programmed to meet a variety of system-level requirements.

### MultiVolt I/O Interface

MAX 7000 devices—except 44-pin devices—support the MultiVolt I/O interface feature, which allows MAX 7000 devices to interface with systems that have differing supply voltages. The 5.0-V devices in all packages can be set for 3.3-V or 5.0-V I/O pin operation. These devices have one set of VCC pins for internal operation and input buffers (VCCINT), and another set for I/O output drivers (VCCIO).

The VCCINT pins must always be connected to a 5.0-V power supply. With a 5.0-V VCCINT level, input voltage thresholds are at TTL levels, and are therefore compatible with both 3.3-V and 5.0-V inputs.

The VCCIO pins can be connected to either a 3.3-V or a 5.0-V power supply, depending on the output requirements. When the VCCIO pins are connected to a 5.0-V supply, the output levels are compatible with 5.0-V systems. When VCCIO is connected to a 3.3-V supply, the output high is 3.3 V and is therefore compatible with 3.3-V or 5.0-V systems. Devices operating with VCCIO levels lower than 4.75 V incur a nominally greater timing delay of  $t_{OD2}$  instead of  $t_{OD1}$ .

### Open-Drain Output Option (MAX 7000S Devices Only)

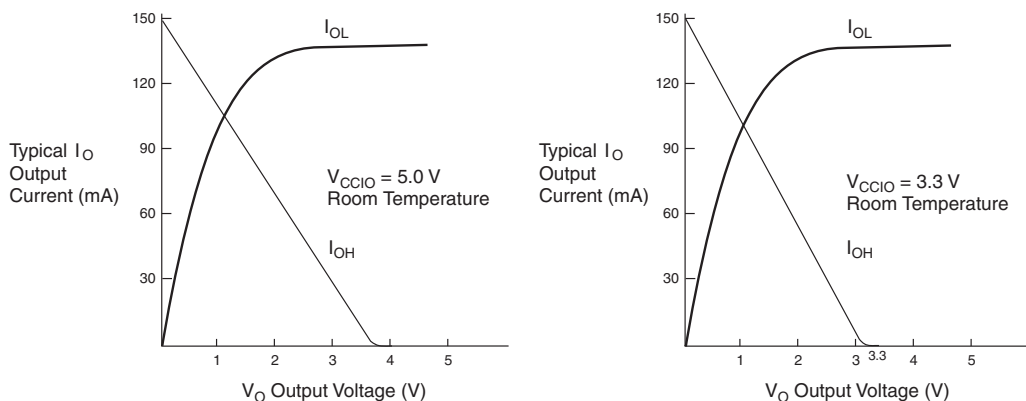
MAX 7000S devices provide an optional open-drain (functionally equivalent to open-collector) output for each I/O pin. This open-drain output enables the device to provide system-level control signals (e.g., interrupt and write enable signals) that can be asserted by any of several devices. It can also provide an additional wired-OR plane.

**Notes to tables:**

- (1) See the *Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet*.
- (2) Minimum DC input voltage on I/O pins is  $-0.5$  V and on 4 dedicated input pins is  $-0.3$  V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to  $-2.0$  V or overshoot to  $7.0$  V for input currents less than  $100$  mA and periods shorter than  $20$  ns.
- (3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
- (4)  $V_{CC}$  must rise monotonically.
- (5) The POR time for all 7000S devices does not exceed  $300$   $\mu$ s. The sufficient  $V_{CCINT}$  voltage level for POR is  $4.5$  V. The device is fully initialized within the POR time after  $V_{CCINT}$  reaches the sufficient POR voltage level.
- (6)  $3.3$ -V I/O operation is not available for 44-pin packages.
- (7) The  $V_{CCISP}$  parameter applies only to MAX 7000S devices.
- (8) During in-system programming, the minimum DC input voltage is  $-0.3$  V.
- (9) These values are specified under the MAX 7000 recommended operating conditions in [Table 14 on page 26](#).
- (10) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sourcing the specified current. The  $I_{OH}$  parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current.
- (11) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sinking the specified current. The  $I_{OL}$  parameter refers to low-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current.
- (12) When the JTAG interface is enabled in MAX 7000S devices, the input leakage current on the JTAG pins is typically  $-60$   $\mu$ A.
- (13) Capacitance is measured at  $25^\circ$  C and is sample-tested only. The  $\text{OE}1$  pin has a maximum capacitance of  $20$  pF.

Figure 11 shows the typical output drive characteristics of MAX 7000 devices.

**Figure 11. Output Drive Characteristics of 5.0-V MAX 7000 Devices**



## Timing Model

MAX 7000 device timing can be analyzed with the Altera software, with a variety of popular industry-standard EDA simulators and timing analyzers, or with the timing model shown in [Figure 12](#). MAX 7000 devices have fixed internal delays that enable the designer to determine the worst-case timing of any design. The Altera software provides timing simulation, point-to-point delay prediction, and detailed timing analysis for a device-wide performance evaluation.



Tables 19 through 26 show the MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E AC operating conditions.

**Table 19. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-6 Speed Grade		-7 Speed Grade		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{PD1}$	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
$t_{PD2}$	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
$t_{SU}$	Global clock setup time		5.0		6.0		ns
$t_H$	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{FSU}$	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{FH}$	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
$t_{CO1}$	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5	ns
$t_{CH}$	Global clock high time		2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{CL}$	Global clock low time		2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{ASU}$	Array clock setup time		2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{AH}$	Array clock hold time		2.0		2.0		ns
$t_{ACO1}$	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5	ns
$t_{ACH}$	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		ns
$t_{ACL}$	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		ns
$t_{CPPW}$	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	3.0		3.0		ns
$t_{ODH}$	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
$t_{CNT}$	Minimum global clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
$f_{CNT}$	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
$t_{ACNT}$	Minimum array clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
$f_{ACNT}$	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
$f_{MAX}$	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	200		166.7		MHz

**Table 21. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-10P)		MAX 7000 (-10) MAX 7000E (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		7.0		8.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f <sub>ACNT</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

Table 25. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-15		-15T		-20		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		11.0		11.0		12.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		–		5.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		–		0.0		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		8.0		8.0		12.0	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns
f <sub>ACNT</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	100		83.3		83.3		MHz

Table 27. EPM7032S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f <sub>ACNT</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz

Table 28. EPM7032S Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{IN}$	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
$t_{IO}$	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
$t_{FIN}$	Fast input delay			2.2		2.1		2.5		1.0	ns
$t_{SEXP}$	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.6		5.0	ns
$t_{PEXP}$	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		0.8	ns
$t_{LAD}$	Logic array delay			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
$t_{LAC}$	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
$t_{IOE}$	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		1.0		2.0	ns
$t_{OD1}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		0.4		1.5	ns
$t_{OD2}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		0.9		2.0	ns
$t_{OD3}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		5.4		5.5	ns
$t_{ZX1}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
$t_{ZX2}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
$t_{ZX3}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
$t_{XZ}$	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
$t_{SU}$	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		1.3		2.0		ns
$t_H$	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{FSU}$	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		1.7		3.0		ns
$t_{FH}$	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.5		ns
$t_{RD}$	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.9		2.0	ns
$t_{COMB}$	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		2.0	ns
$t_{IC}$	Array clock delay			2.7		3.4		4.2		5.0	ns
$t_{EN}$	Register enable time			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
$t_{GLOB}$	Global control delay			1.6		1.4		1.7		1.0	ns
$t_{PRE}$	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns
$t_{CLR}$	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns

**Table 28. EPM7032S Internal Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{PIA}$	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.1		1.4		1.0	ns
$t_{LPA}$	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		10.0		10.0		11.0	ns

**Notes to tables:**

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the  $t_{LAD}$  parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The  $f_{MAX}$  values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions:  $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$  for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to the  $t_{LAD}$ ,  $t_{LAC}$ ,  $t_{IC}$ ,  $t_{EN}$ ,  $t_{SEXP}$ ,  $t_{ACL}$ , and  $t_{CPPW}$  parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 29 and 30 show the EPM7064S AC operating conditions.

**Table 29. EPM7064S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2)** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
tPD1	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
tPD2	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
tSU	Global clock setup time		2.9		3.6		6.0		7.0		ns
tH	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
tFSU	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		3.0		3.0		ns
tFH	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		ns
tCO1	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		4.0		4.5		5.0	ns
tCH	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
tCL	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
tASU	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		3.0		2.0		ns
tAH	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.0		3.0		ns

Tables 31 and 32 show the EPM7128S AC operating conditions.

Table 31. EPM7128S External Timing Parameters    Note (1)											
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		3.4		6.0		7.0		11.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.5		0.0		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5		5.0		8.0	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		0.9		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>ACNT</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

**Table 34. EPM7160S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2)** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{CLR}$	Register clear time			2.4		3.0		3.0		4.0	ns
$t_{PIA}$	PIA delay	(7)		1.6		2.0		1.0		2.0	ns
$t_{LPA}$	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

**Notes to tables:**

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the  $t_{LAD}$  parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The  $f_{MAX}$  values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions:  $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$  for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to the  $t_{LAD}$ ,  $t_{LAC}$ ,  $t_{IC}$ ,  $t_{EN}$ ,  $t_{SEXP}$ ,  $t_{ACL}$ , and  $t_{CPPW}$  parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 35 and 36 show the EPM7192S AC operating conditions.

**Table 35. EPM7192S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2)** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		4.1		7.0		11.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.7		5.0		8.0	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		1.0		2.0		4.0		ns

**Table 35. EPM7192S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2)** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>ACNT</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

**Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2)** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{IN}$	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
$t_{IO}$	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
$t_{FIN}$	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
$t_{SEXP}$	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
$t_{PEXP}$	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
$t_{LAD}$	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
$t_{LAC}$	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
$t_{IOE}$	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
$t_{OD1}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
$t_{OD2}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
$t_{OD3}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
$t_{ZX1}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
$t_{ZX2}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
$t_{ZX3}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
$t_{XZ}$	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
$t_{SU}$	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns



Tables 37 and 38 show the EPM7256S AC operating conditions.

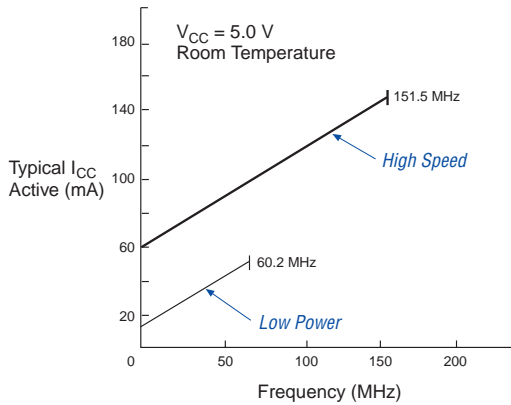
**Table 37. EPM7256S External Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		3.9		7.0		11.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.7		5.0		8.0	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		0.8		2.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.9		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>ACNT</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

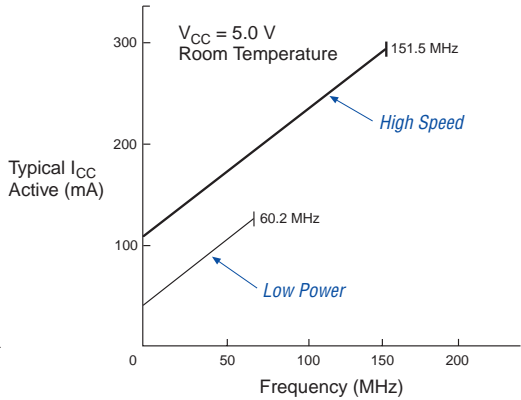
Figure 14 shows typical supply current versus frequency for MAX 7000 devices.

Figure 14.  $I_{CC}$  vs. Frequency for MAX 7000 Devices (Part 1 of 2)

EPM7032



EPM7064



EPM7096

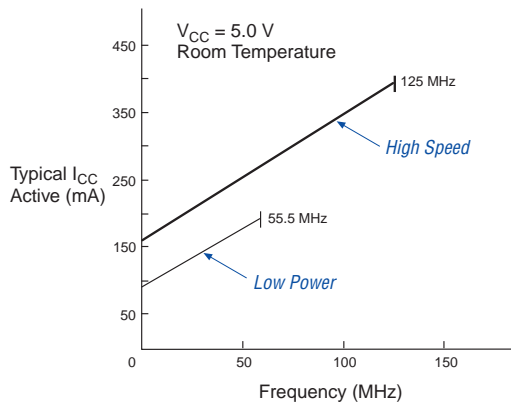
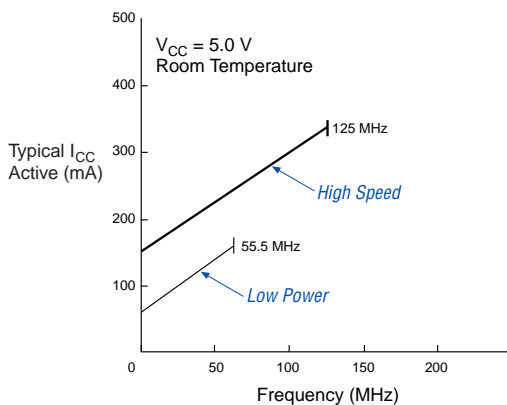
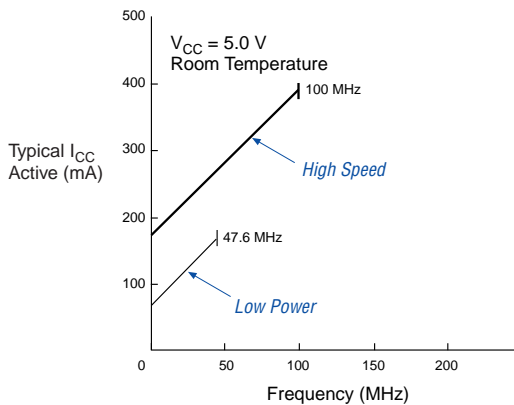


Figure 14.  $I_{CC}$  vs. Frequency for MAX 7000 Devices (Part 2 of 2)

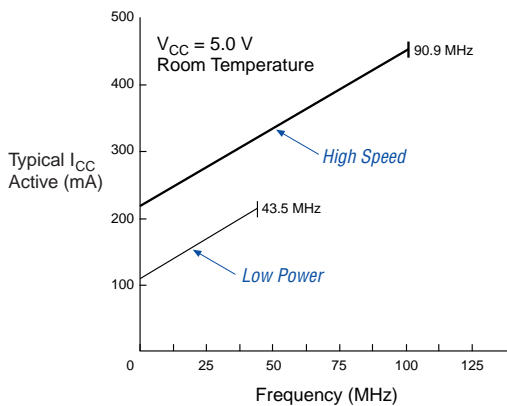
EPM7128E



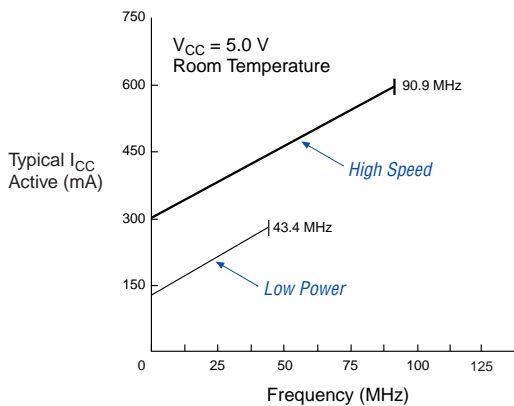
EPM7160E



EPM7192E



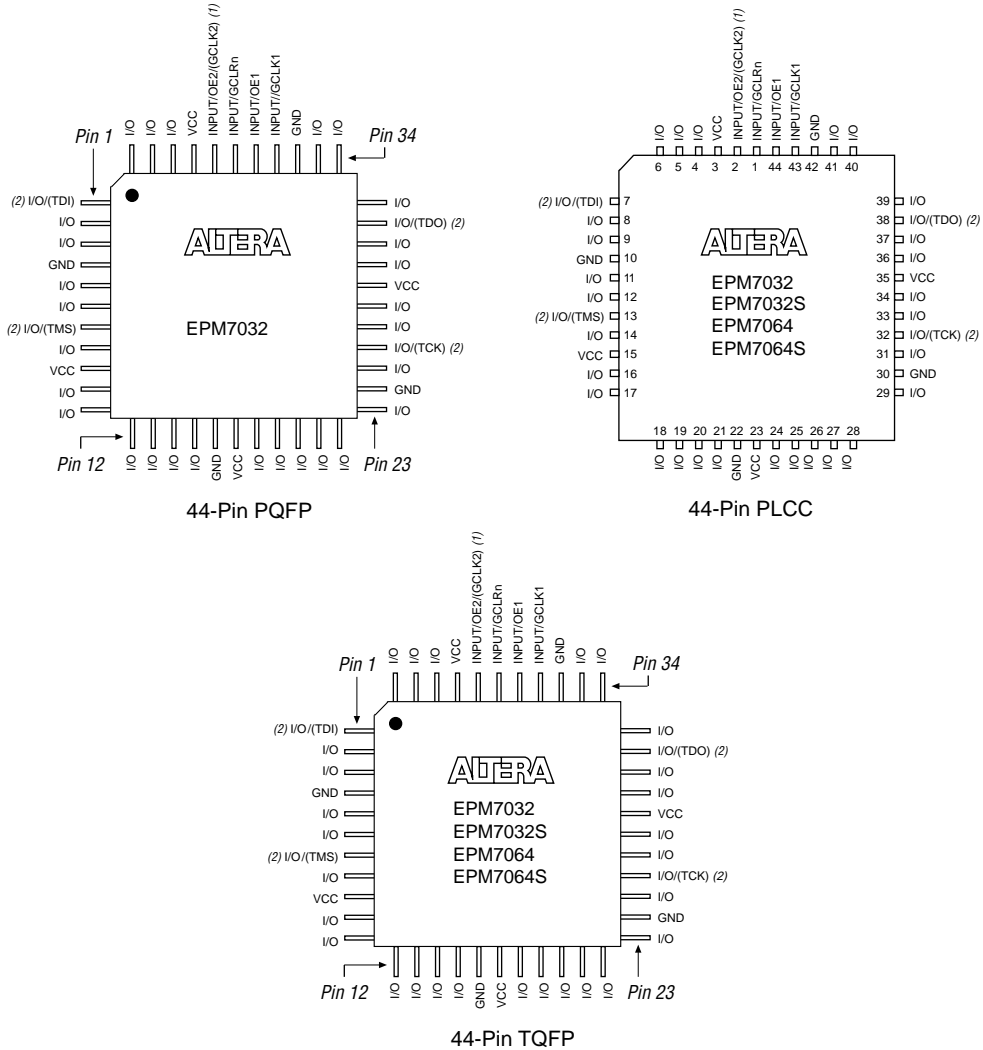
EPM7256E



Figures 16 through 22 show the package pin-out diagrams for MAX 7000 devices.

**Figure 16. 44-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram**

Package outlines not drawn to scale.

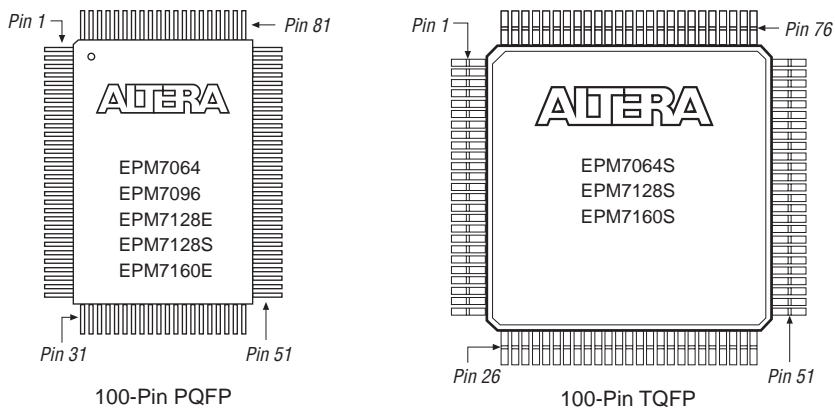


**Notes:**

- (1) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (2) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

**Figure 19. 100-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram**

*Package outline not drawn to scale.*



**Figure 20. 160-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram**

*Package outline not drawn to scale.*

