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Understanding <u>Embedded - CPLDs (Complex</u> <u>Programmable Logic Devices)</u>

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixedfunction ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	6 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	2
Number of Macrocells	32
Number of Gates	600
Number of I/O	36
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=epm7032stc44-6

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

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The MAX 7000E devices—including the EPM7128E, EPM7160E, EPM7192E, and EPM7256E devices—have several enhanced features: additional global clocking, additional output enable controls, enhanced interconnect resources, fast input registers, and a programmable slew rate.

In-system programmable MAX 7000 devices—called MAX 7000S devices—include the EPM7032S, EPM7064S, EPM7128S, EPM7160S, EPM7192S, and EPM7256S devices. MAX 7000S devices have the enhanced features of MAX 7000E devices as well as JTAG BST circuitry in devices with 128 or more macrocells, ISP, and an open-drain output option. See Table 4.

Feature	EPM7032 EPM7064 EPM7096	All MAX 7000E Devices	All MAX 7000S Devices
ISP via JTAG interface			\checkmark
JTAG BST circuitry			✓(1)
Open-drain output option			\checkmark
Fast input registers		~	\checkmark
Six global output enables		~	\checkmark
Two global clocks		~	\checkmark
Slew-rate control		~	\checkmark
MultiVolt interface (2)	\checkmark	~	\checkmark
Programmable register	\checkmark	~	\checkmark
Parallel expanders	\checkmark	~	\checkmark
Shared expanders	\checkmark	~	\checkmark
Power-saving mode	\checkmark	~	\checkmark
Security bit	\checkmark	~	\checkmark
PCI-compliant devices available	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

Notes:

(1) Available only in EPM7128S, EPM7160S, EPM7192S, and EPM7256S devices only.

(2) The MultiVolt I/O interface is not available in 44-pin packages.

The MAX 7000 architecture includes four dedicated inputs that can be used as general-purpose inputs or as high-speed, global control signals (clock, clear, and two output enable signals) for each macrocell and I/O pin. Figure 1 shows the architecture of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices.

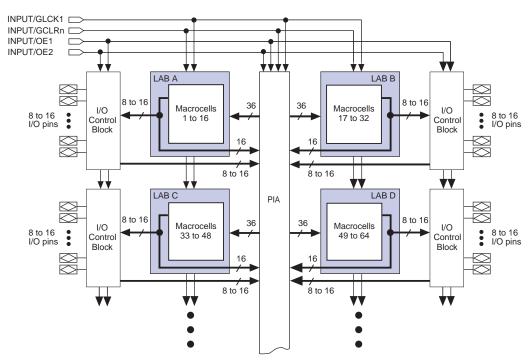
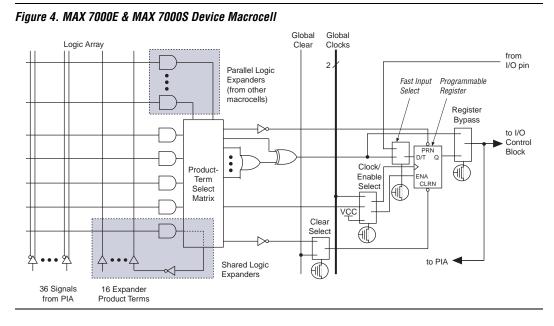
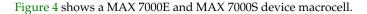


Figure 1. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Block Diagram





Combinatorial logic is implemented in the logic array, which provides five product terms per macrocell. The product-term select matrix allocates these product terms for use as either primary logic inputs (to the OR and XOR gates) to implement combinatorial functions, or as secondary inputs to the macrocell's register clear, preset, clock, and clock enable control functions. Two kinds of expander product terms ("expanders") are available to supplement macrocell logic resources:

- Shareable expanders, which are inverted product terms that are fed back into the logic array
- Parallel expanders, which are product terms borrowed from adjacent macrocells

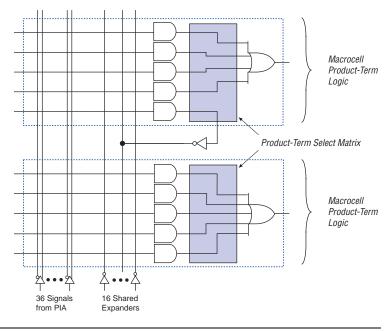
The Altera development system automatically optimizes product-term allocation according to the logic requirements of the design.

For registered functions, each macrocell flipflop can be individually programmed to implement D, T, JK, or SR operation with programmable clock control. The flipflop can be bypassed for combinatorial operation. During design entry, the designer specifies the desired flipflop type; the Altera development software then selects the most efficient flipflop operation for each registered function to optimize resource utilization.

Shareable Expanders

Each LAB has 16 shareable expanders that can be viewed as a pool of uncommitted single product terms (one from each macrocell) with inverted outputs that feed back into the logic array. Each shareable expander can be used and shared by any or all macrocells in the LAB to build complex logic functions. A small delay (t_{SEXP}) is incurred when shareable expanders are used. Figure 5 shows how shareable expanders can feed multiple macrocells.

Figure 5. Shareable Expanders



Shareable expanders can be shared by any or all macrocells in an LAB.

Parallel Expanders

Parallel expanders are unused product terms that can be allocated to a neighboring macrocell to implement fast, complex logic functions. Parallel expanders allow up to 20 product terms to directly feed the macrocell OR logic, with five product terms provided by the macrocell and 15 parallel expanders provided by neighboring macrocells in the LAB.

devices.

Figure 9 shows the timing requirements for the JTAG signals.

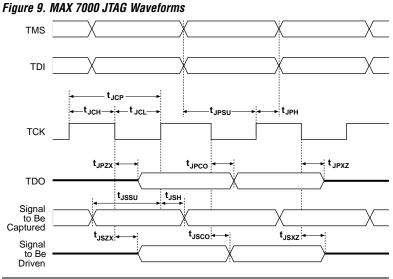


Table 12 shows the JTAG timing parameters and values for MAX 7000S

Table 1	2. JTAG Timing Parameters & Values for MAX 70	00S De	vices	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	100		ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	50		ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	50		ns
t _{JPSU}	JTAG port setup time	20		ns
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	45		ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output		25	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance		25	ns
t _{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	20		ns
t _{JSH}	Capture register hold time	45		ns
t _{JSCO}	Update register clock to output		25	ns
t _{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t _{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance		25	ns



For more information, see *Application Note* 39 (IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) *Boundary-Scan Testing in Altera Devices*).

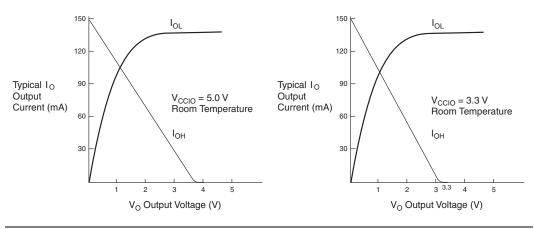
MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet

Notes to tables:

- (1) See the Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet.
- (2) Minimum DC input voltage on I/O pins is -0.5 V and on 4 dedicated input pins is -0.3 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to -2.0 V or overshoot to 7.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.
- (3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
- (4) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
- (5) The POR time for all 7000S devices does not exceed 300 μs. The sufficient V_{CCINT} voltage level for POR is 4.5 V. The device is fully initialized within the POR time after V_{CCINT} reaches the sufficient POR voltage level.
- (6) 3.3-V I/O operation is not available for 44-pin packages.
- (7) The V_{CCISP} parameter applies only to MAX 7000S devices.
- (8) During in-system programming, the minimum DC input voltage is -0.3 V.
- (9) These values are specified under the MAX 7000 recommended operating conditions in Table 14 on page 26.
- (10) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sourcing the specified current. The I_{OH} parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current.
- (11) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sinking the specified current. The I_{OL} parameter refers to low-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current.
- (12) When the JTAG interface is enabled in MAX 7000S devices, the input leakage current on the JTAG pins is typically -60 μA.
- (13) Capacitance is measured at 25° C and is sample-tested only. The OE1 pin has a maximum capacitance of 20 pF.

Figure 11 shows the typical output drive characteristics of MAX 7000 devices.

Figure 11. Output Drive Characteristics of 5.0-V MAX 7000 Devices



Timing Model

MAX 7000 device timing can be analyzed with the Altera software, with a variety of popular industry-standard EDA simulators and timing analyzers, or with the timing model shown in Figure 12. MAX 7000 devices have fixed internal delays that enable the designer to determine the worst-case timing of any design. The Altera software provides timing simulation, point-to-point delay prediction, and detailed timing analysis for a device-wide performance evaluation.

Table 2	21. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Ext	ernal Timing Parame	eters Note	(1)			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed (Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	0E (-10P)		00 (-10) Doe (-10)	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		8.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f _{cnt}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This parameter applies to MAX 7000E devices only.
- (3) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (4) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (5) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (6) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (7) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 27 and 28 show the EPM7032S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	0	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		4.0		5.0		7.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		3.5		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		1.1		2.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.7		3.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.6		8.2		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns

Table 2	8. EPM7032S Internal T	iming Parameter	rs A	lote (1)							
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	-5 -6 -7 -10							
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.1		1.4		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		10.0		10.0		11.0	ns

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 29 and 30 show the EPM7064S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade									
			-5		-6		-7		-10			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns	
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns	
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		3.6		6.0		7.0		ns	
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		3.0		3.0		ns	
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		ns	
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		4.0		4.5		5.0	ns	
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		3.0		2.0		ns	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.0		3.0		ns	

Table 2	9. EPM7064S External Timi	ing Parameters	(Part 2	2 of 2)	No	te (1)						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade									
			-5		-6		-7		-10			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.7		7.5		10.0	ns	
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns	
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns	
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns	
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz	

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Table 30. EPM7064S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) Note (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.6		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		0.8		0.8	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		2.0		1.5	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		2.5		2.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		7.0		5.5	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.0		3.0		ns

Table 3	0. EPM7064S Internal Tir	ning Parameters	s (Part à	2 of 2)	No	te (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	-5		-6		7	-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.3		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.3		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		11.0		10.0		11.0	ns

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade)			Unit
			-	6	-	7	-1	0	-1	5	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.4		6.0		7.0		11.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.5		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.9		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
fcnt	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Tables 31 and 32 show the EPM7128S AC operating conditions.

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade	l			Unit
			-	6	-	7	-1	10	-1	15	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	-
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.7		4.0		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		0.8		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		2.0		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.9		2.5		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		7.0		5.5		8.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		3.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		0.5		1.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.4		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			3.1		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.4		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 33 and 34 show the EPM7160S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.4		4.2		7.0		11.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.9		4.8		5		8	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.9		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.7		2.1		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.4		7.9		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after C1 = 35 pF (3) 1.0 1 clock		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns		
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			6.7		8.2		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{сnт}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	149.3		122.0		100.0		76.9		MHz

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- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Power Consumption

Supply power (P) versus frequency (f_{MAX} in MHz) for MAX 7000 devices is calculated with the following equation:

$$P = P_{INT} + P_{IO} = I_{CCINT} \times V_{CC} + P_{IO}$$

The P_{IO} value, which depends on the device output load characteristics and switching frequency, can be calculated using the guidelines given in *Application Note* 74 (*Evaluating Power for Altera Devices*).

The I_{CCINT} value, which depends on the switching frequency and the application logic, is calculated with the following equation:

 $I_{CCINT} =$

 $A \times MC_{TON} + B \times (MC_{DEV} - MC_{TON}) + C \times MC_{USED} \times f_{MAX} \times tog_{LC}$

The parameters in this equation are shown below:

MC _{TON}	=	Number of macrocells with the Turbo Bit option turned on,
		as reported in the MAX+PLUS II Report File (.rpt)
MC _{DEV}	=	Number of macrocells in the device
MC _{USED}	=	Total number of macrocells in the design, as reported
		in the MAX+PLUS II Report File (.rpt)
f _{MAX}	=	Highest clock frequency to the device
togLC	=	Average ratio of logic cells toggling at each clock
		(typically 0.125)
A, B, C	=	Constants, shown in Table 39

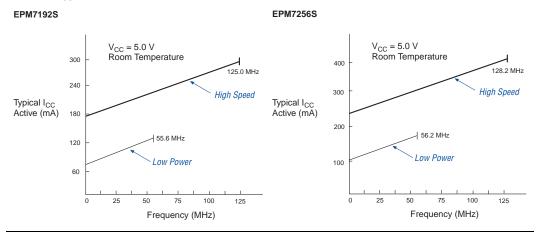


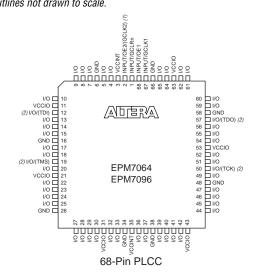
Figure 15. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000S Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Device Pin-Outs

See the Altera web site (http://www.altera.com) or the *Altera Digital Library* for pin-out information.

Figure 17. 68-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outlines not drawn to scale.

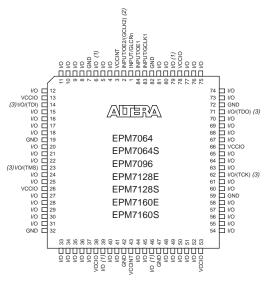


Notes:

- The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (2) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



84-Pin PLCC

Notes:

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Revision History

The information contained in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7 supersedes information published in previous versions. The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

Version 6.7

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

Reference to AN 88: Using the Jam Language for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor has been replaced by AN 122: Using Jam STAPL for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor.

Version 6.6

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.6:

- Added Tables 6 through 8.
- Added "Programming Sequence" section on page 17 and "Programming Times" section on page 18.

Version 6.5

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.5:

Updated text on page 16.

Version 6.4

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 6.4:

Added Note (5) on page 28.

Version 6.3

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.3:

 Updated the "Open-Drain Output Option (MAX 7000S Devices Only)" section on page 20.



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