Intel - EPM7064LC84-12 Datasheet





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Understanding <u>Embedded - CPLDs (Complex</u> <u>Programmable Logic Devices)</u>

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixedfunction ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	EE PLD
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	12 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	4
Number of Macrocells	64
Number of Gates	1250
Number of I/O	68
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	84-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	84-PLCC (29.31x29.31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7064lc84-12

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The MAX 7000 architecture supports 100% TTL emulation and high-density integration of SSI, MSI, and LSI logic functions. The MAX 7000 architecture easily integrates multiple devices ranging from PALs, GALs, and 22V10s to MACH and pLSI devices. MAX 7000 devices are available in a wide range of packages, including PLCC, PGA, PQFP, RQFP, and TQFP packages. See Table 5.

Table 5. M	AX 7000) Maxim	um Use	r I/O Piı	ns N	ote (1)						
Device	44- Pin PLCC	44- Pin PQFP	44- Pin TQFP	68- Pin PLCC	84- Pin PLCC	100- Pin PQFP	100- Pin TQFP	160- Pin PQFP	160- Pin PGA	192- Pin PGA	208- Pin PQFP	208- Pin RQFP
EPM7032	36	36	36									
EPM7032S	36		36									
EPM7064	36		36	52	68	68						
EPM7064S	36		36		68		68					
EPM7096				52	64	76						
EPM7128E					68	84		100				
EPM7128S					68	84	84 (2)	100				
EPM7160E					64	84		104				
EPM7160S					64		84 (2)	104				
EPM7192E								124	124			
EPM7192S								124				
EPM7256E								132 (2)		164		164
EPM7256S											164 (2)	164

Notes:

 When the JTAG interface in MAX 7000S devices is used for either boundary-scan testing or for ISP, four I/O pins become JTAG pins.

(2) Perform a complete thermal analysis before committing a design to this device package. For more information, see the *Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet*.

MAX 7000 devices use CMOS EEPROM cells to implement logic functions. The user-configurable MAX 7000 architecture accommodates a variety of independent combinatorial and sequential logic functions. The devices can be reprogrammed for quick and efficient iterations during design development and debug cycles, and can be programmed and erased up to 100 times.

The MAX 7000 architecture includes four dedicated inputs that can be used as general-purpose inputs or as high-speed, global control signals (clock, clear, and two output enable signals) for each macrocell and I/O pin. Figure 1 shows the architecture of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices.

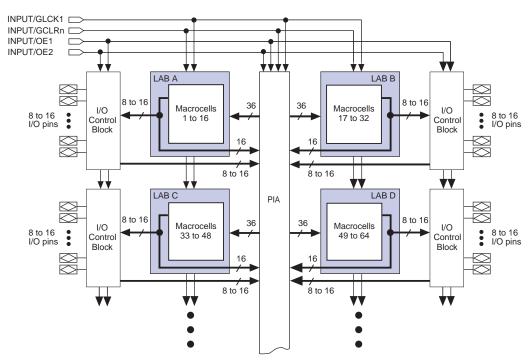
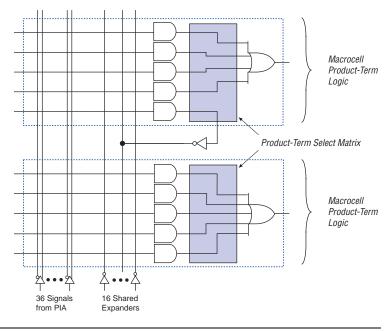


Figure 1. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Block Diagram

Shareable Expanders

Each LAB has 16 shareable expanders that can be viewed as a pool of uncommitted single product terms (one from each macrocell) with inverted outputs that feed back into the logic array. Each shareable expander can be used and shared by any or all macrocells in the LAB to build complex logic functions. A small delay (t_{SEXP}) is incurred when shareable expanders are used. Figure 5 shows how shareable expanders can feed multiple macrocells.

Figure 5. Shareable Expanders



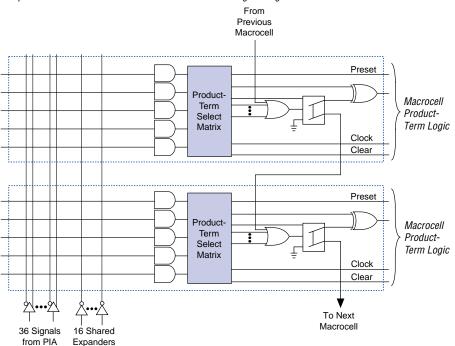
Shareable expanders can be shared by any or all macrocells in an LAB.

Parallel Expanders

Parallel expanders are unused product terms that can be allocated to a neighboring macrocell to implement fast, complex logic functions. Parallel expanders allow up to 20 product terms to directly feed the macrocell OR logic, with five product terms provided by the macrocell and 15 parallel expanders provided by neighboring macrocells in the LAB. The compiler can allocate up to three sets of up to five parallel expanders automatically to the macrocells that require additional product terms. Each set of five parallel expanders incurs a small, incremental timing delay (t_{PEXP}). For example, if a macrocell requires 14 product terms, the Compiler uses the five dedicated product terms within the macrocell and allocates two sets of parallel expanders; the first set includes five product terms and the second set includes four product terms, increasing the total delay by $2 \times t_{PEXP}$.

Two groups of 8 macrocells within each LAB (e.g., macrocells 1 through 8 and 9 through 16) form two chains to lend or borrow parallel expanders. A macrocell borrows parallel expanders from lowernumbered macrocells. For example, macrocell 8 can borrow parallel expanders from macrocell 7, from macrocells 7 and 6, or from macrocells 7, 6, and 5. Within each group of 8, the lowest-numbered macrocell can only lend parallel expanders and the highest-numbered macrocell can only borrow them. Figure 6 shows how parallel expanders can be borrowed from a neighboring macrocell.

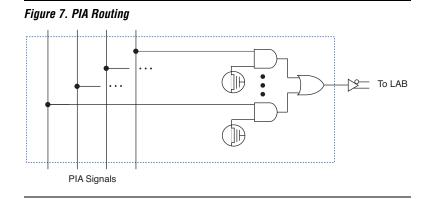
Figure 6. Parallel Expanders



Unused product terms in a macrocell can be allocated to a neighboring macrocell.

Programmable Interconnect Array

Logic is routed between LABs via the programmable interconnect array (PIA). This global bus is a programmable path that connects any signal source to any destination on the device. All MAX 7000 dedicated inputs, I/O pins, and macrocell outputs feed the PIA, which makes the signals available throughout the entire device. Only the signals required by each LAB are actually routed from the PIA into the LAB. Figure 7 shows how the PIA signals are routed into the LAB. An EEPROM cell controls one input to a 2-input AND gate, which selects a PIA signal to drive into the LAB.



While the routing delays of channel-based routing schemes in masked or FPGAs are cumulative, variable, and path-dependent, the MAX 7000 PIA has a fixed delay. The PIA thus eliminates skew between signals and makes timing performance easy to predict.

I/O Control Blocks

The I/O control block allows each I/O pin to be individually configured for input, output, or bidirectional operation. All I/O pins have a tri-state buffer that is individually controlled by one of the global output enable signals or directly connected to ground or V_{CC} . Figure 8 shows the I/O control block for the MAX 7000 family. The I/O control block of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices has two global output enable signals that are driven by two dedicated active-low output enable pins (OE1 and OE2). The I/O control block of MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices has six global output enable signals that are driven by the true or complement of two output enable signals, a subset of the I/O pins, or a subset of the I/O macrocells.

The programming times described in Tables 6 through 8 are associated

Device	Progra	mming	Stand-Alone	Verification
	t _{PPULSE} (s)	Cycle _{PTCK}	t _{VPULSE} (s)	Cycle _{VTCK}
EPM7032S	4.02	342,000	0.03	200,000
EPM7064S	4.50	504,000	0.03	308,000
EPM7128S	5.11	832,000	0.03	528,000
EPM7160S	5.35	1,001,000	0.03	640,000
EPM7192S	5.71	1,192,000	0.03	764,000
EPM7256S	6.43	1,603,000	0.03	1,024,000

with the worst-case method using the enhanced ISP algorithm.

Tables 7 and 8 show the in-system programming and stand alone verification times for several common test clock frequencies.

Device		f _{TCK}											
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz]				
EPM7032S	4.06	4.09	4.19	4.36	4.71	5.73	7.44	10.86	s				
EPM7064S	4.55	4.60	4.76	5.01	5.51	7.02	9.54	14.58	S				
EPM7128S	5.19	5.27	5.52	5.94	6.77	9.27	13.43	21.75	S				
EPM7160S	5.45	5.55	5.85	6.35	7.35	10.35	15.36	25.37	S				
EPM7192S	5.83	5.95	6.30	6.90	8.09	11.67	17.63	29.55	S				
EPM7256S	6.59	6.75	7.23	8.03	9.64	14.45	22.46	38.49	S				

Table 8. MAX 7000S Stand-Alone Verification Times for Different Test Clock Frequencies

	1								1
Device				f	тск				Units
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz	
EPM7032S	0.05	0.07	0.13	0.23	0.43	1.03	2.03	4.03	S
EPM7064S	0.06	0.09	0.18	0.34	0.64	1.57	3.11	6.19	S
EPM7128S	0.08	0.14	0.29	0.56	1.09	2.67	5.31	10.59	S
EPM7160S	0.09	0.16	0.35	0.67	1.31	3.23	6.43	12.83	S
EPM7192S	0.11	0.18	0.41	0.79	1.56	3.85	7.67	15.31	S
EPM7256S	0.13	0.24	0.54	1.06	2.08	5.15	10.27	20.51	S

The instruction register length of MAX 7000S devices is 10 bits. Tables 10 and 11 show the boundary-scan register length and device IDCODE information for MAX 7000S devices.

Table 10. MAX 7000S Boundary-S	Scan Register Length
Device	Boundary-Scan Register Length
EPM7032S	1 (1)
EPM7064S	1 (1)
EPM7128S	288
EPM7160S	312
EPM7192S	360
EPM7256S	480

Note:

 This device does not support JTAG boundary-scan testing. Selecting either the EXTEST or SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction will select the one-bit bypass register.

Table 11. 32	?-Bit MAX 7	1000 Device IDCODE No	te (1)												
Device		IDCODE (32 Bits)													
	Version (4 Bits)	Part Number (16 Bits)	Manufacturer's Identity (11 Bits)	1 (1 Bit) (2)											
EPM7032S	0000	0111 0000 0011 0010	00001101110	1											
EPM7064S	0000	0111 0000 0110 0100	00001101110	1											
EPM7128S	0000	0111 0001 0010 1000	00001101110	1											
EPM7160S	0000	0111 0001 0110 0000	00001101110	1											
EPM7192S	0000	0111 0001 1001 0010	00001101110	1											
EPM7256S	0000	0111 0010 0101 0110	00001101110	1											

Notes:

(1) The most significant bit (MSB) is on the left.

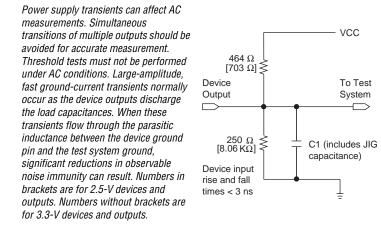
(2) The least significant bit (LSB) for all JTAG IDCODEs is 1.

Design Security All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

Generic Testing

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 10. Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions



QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the *QFP Carrier* & *Development Socket Data Sheet*.

MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed	Grade -6	Speed (Grade -7	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		0.8		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.5		4.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)				2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.5		2.5	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on, V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		7.0		7.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V$	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	C1 = 35 pF (7)		4.5		4.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.5		2.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.5		3.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.0		3.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		10.0	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	15	-1	5T	-2	20	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		2.0		-		4.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			8.0		10.0		9.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
tLAC	Logic control array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		3.0		-		4.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		5.0		-		6.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		8.0		-		9.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		-		11.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		-		14.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		4.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		3.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0		3.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		13.0		15.0		15.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This parameter applies to MAX 7000E devices only.
- (3) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (4) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (5) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (6) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (7) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 27 and 28 show the EPM7032S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	0	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		4.0		5.0		7.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		3.5		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		1.1		2.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.7		3.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.6		8.2		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns

Table 2	7. EPM7032S External Timi	ing Parameter	s (Part	2 of 2) No	ote (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed Grade							
			-	5	-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-*	10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.1		2.5		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.6		5.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		0.8	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		0.4		1.5	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		0.9		2.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		5.4		5.5	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		1.3		2.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		1.7		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.9		2.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		2.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.4		4.2		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.4		1.7		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns

Table 2	8. EPM7032S Internal T	iming Parameter	rs A	lote (1)							
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	ions Speed Grade Unit				Unit				
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	0	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.1		1.4		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		10.0		10.0		11.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 29 and 30 show the EPM7064S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade)			Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		3.6		6.0		7.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		4.0		4.5		5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.0		3.0		ns

Table 2	9. EPM7064S External Tim	ing Parameters	(Part 2	2 of 2)	No	te (1)						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade)		10.0 4.0 4.0 1.0 1.0 1.0		
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	0		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.7		7.5		10.0	ns	
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns	
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns	
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns	
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz	

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Table 30. EPM7064S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) Note (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade	ł			Unit
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.6		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		0.8		0.8	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		2.0		1.5	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		2.5		2.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		7.0		5.5	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.0		3.0		ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade)			Unit
			-	6	-	7	-1	0	-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.4		6.0		7.0		11.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.5		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.9		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
fcnt	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{acnt}	Minimum array clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
facnt	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Tables 31 and 32 show the EPM7128S AC operating conditions.

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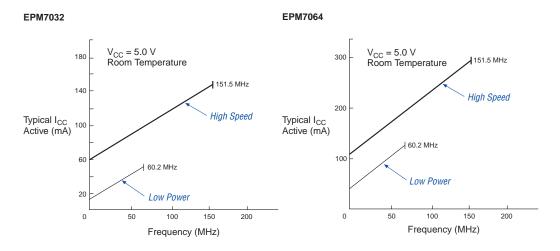
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	-7		-10		5	
			Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 3	6. EPM7192S Internal Tim	ing Parameters (Pa	rt 1 of 2)	Note	(1)				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	7	-1	0	-1	15	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns

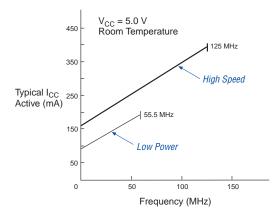
Table 39. MAX 7000 I _{CC} Equation Constants									
Device	A	В	C						
EPM7032	1.87	0.52	0.144						
EPM7064	1.63	0.74	0.144						
EPM7096	1.63	0.74	0.144						
EPM7128E	1.17	0.54	0.096						
EPM7160E	1.17	0.54	0.096						
EPM7192E	1.17	0.54	0.096						
EPM7256E	1.17	0.54	0.096						
EPM7032S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7064S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7128S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7160S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7192S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7256S	0.93	0.40	0.040						

This calculation provides an I_{CC} estimate based on typical conditions using a pattern of a 16-bit, loadable, enabled, up/down counter in each LAB with no output load. Actual I_{CC} values should be verified during operation because this measurement is sensitive to the actual pattern in the device and the environmental operating conditions. Figure 14 shows typical supply current versus frequency for MAX 7000 devices.





EPM7096



Revision History

The information contained in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7 supersedes information published in previous versions. The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

Version 6.7

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

Reference to AN 88: Using the Jam Language for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor has been replaced by AN 122: Using Jam STAPL for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor.

Version 6.6

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.6:

- Added Tables 6 through 8.
- Added "Programming Sequence" section on page 17 and "Programming Times" section on page 18.

Version 6.5

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.5:

Updated text on page 16.

Version 6.4

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.4:

Added Note (5) on page 28.

Version 6.3

The following changes were made in the *MAX* 7000 *Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.3:

 Updated the "Open-Drain Output Option (MAX 7000S Devices Only)" section on page 20.



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