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Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details		
Product Status	Obsolete	
Programmable Type	In System Programmable	
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	6 ns	
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V	
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	4	
Number of Macrocells	64	
Number of Gates	1250	
Number of I/O	36	
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)	
Mounting Type	Surface Mount	
Package / Case	44-TQFP	
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)	
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7064stc44-6	

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

- Additional design entry and simulation support provided by EDIF 2 0 0 and 3 0 0 netlist files, library of parameterized modules (LPM), Verilog HDL, VHDL, and other interfaces to popular EDA tools from manufacturers such as Cadence, Exemplar Logic, Mentor Graphics, OrCAD, Synopsys, and VeriBest
- Programming support
 - Altera's Master Programming Unit (MPU) and programming hardware from third-party manufacturers program all MAX 7000 devices
 - The BitBlasterTM serial download cable, ByteBlasterMVTM parallel port download cable, and MasterBlasterTM serial/universal serial bus (USB) download cable program MAX 7000S devices

General Description

The MAX 7000 family of high-density, high-performance PLDs is based on Altera's second-generation MAX architecture. Fabricated with advanced CMOS technology, the EEPROM-based MAX 7000 family provides 600 to 5,000 usable gates, ISP, pin-to-pin delays as fast as 5 ns, and counter speeds of up to 175.4 MHz. MAX 7000S devices in the -5, -6, -7, and -10 speed grades as well as MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in -5, -6, -7, -10P, and -12P speed grades comply with the PCI Special Interest Group (PCI SIG) *PCI Local Bus Specification, Revision 2.2.* See Table 3 for available speed grades.

Device	Speed Grade											
	-5	-6	-7	-10P	-10	-12P	-12	-15	-15T	-20		
EPM7032		✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓			
EPM7032S	✓	✓	✓		✓							
EPM7064		✓	✓		~		✓	✓				
EPM7064S	✓	✓	✓		~							
EPM7096			✓		~		✓	✓				
EPM7128E			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓		
EPM7128S		✓	✓		~			✓				
EPM7160E				✓	✓		✓	✓		✓		
EPM7160S		✓	✓		~			✓				
EPM7192E						✓	✓	✓		✓		
EPM7192S			✓		✓			✓				
EPM7256E						✓	✓	✓		✓		
EPM7256S			✓		✓			✓				

The MAX 7000 architecture includes four dedicated inputs that can be used as general-purpose inputs or as high-speed, global control signals (clock, clear, and two output enable signals) for each macrocell and I/O pin. Figure 1 shows the architecture of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices.

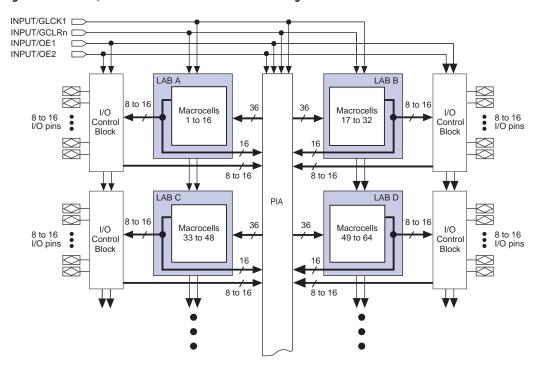


Figure 1. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Block Diagram

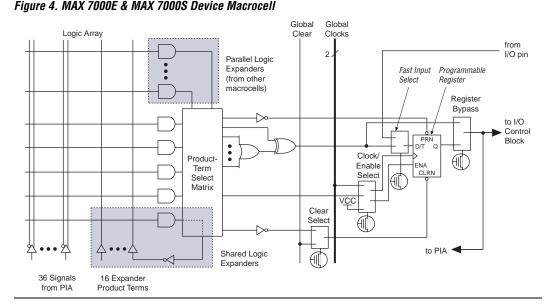


Figure 4 shows a MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S device macrocell.

Combinatorial logic is implemented in the logic array, which provides five product terms per macrocell. The product-term select matrix allocates these product terms for use as either primary logic inputs (to the OR and XOR gates) to implement combinatorial functions, or as secondary inputs to the macrocell's register clear, preset, clock, and clock enable control functions. Two kinds of expander product terms ("expanders") are available to supplement macrocell logic resources:

- Shareable expanders, which are inverted product terms that are fed back into the logic array
- Parallel expanders, which are product terms borrowed from adjacent macrocells

The Altera development system automatically optimizes product-term allocation according to the logic requirements of the design.

For registered functions, each macrocell flipflop can be individually programmed to implement D, T, JK, or SR operation with programmable clock control. The flipflop can be bypassed for combinatorial operation. During design entry, the designer specifies the desired flipflop type; the Altera development software then selects the most efficient flipflop operation for each registered function to optimize resource utilization.

Design Security

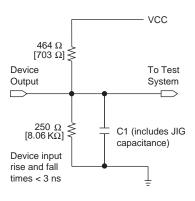
All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

Generic Testing

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 10. Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions

Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground. significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result. Numbers in brackets are for 2.5-V devices and outputs. Numbers without brackets are for 3.3-V devices and outputs.



QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the *QFP Carrier & Development Socket Data Sheet*.



MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.

Notes to tables:

- (1) See the Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet.
- (2) Minimum DC input voltage on I/O pins is –0.5 V and on 4 dedicated input pins is –0.3 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to –2.0 V or overshoot to 7.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.
- (3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
- (4) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
- (5) The POR time for all 7000S devices does not exceed 300 μs. The sufficient V_{CCINT} voltage level for POR is 4.5 V. The device is fully initialized within the POR time after V_{CCINT} reaches the sufficient POR voltage level.
- (6) 3.3-V I/O operation is not available for 44-pin packages.
- (7) The V_{CCISP} parameter applies only to MAX 7000S devices.
- (8) During in-system programming, the minimum DC input voltage is –0.3 V.
- (9) These values are specified under the MAX 7000 recommended operating conditions in Table 14 on page 26.
- (10) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sourcing the specified current. The I_{OH} parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current.
- (11) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sinking the specified current. The I_{OL} parameter refers to low-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current.
- (12) When the JTAG interface is enabled in MAX 7000S devices, the input leakage current on the JTAG pins is typically -60 uA.
- (13) Capacitance is measured at 25° C and is sample-tested only. The OE1 pin has a maximum capacitance of 20 pF.

Figure 11 shows the typical output drive characteristics of MAX 7000 devices.

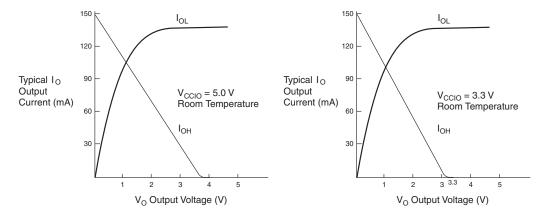
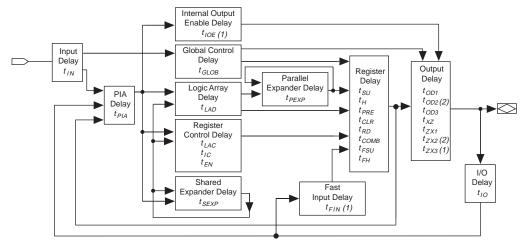


Figure 11. Output Drive Characteristics of 5.0-V MAX 7000 Devices

Timing Model

MAX 7000 device timing can be analyzed with the Altera software, with a variety of popular industry-standard EDA simulators and timing analyzers, or with the timing model shown in Figure 12. MAX 7000 devices have fixed internal delays that enable the designer to determine the worst-case timing of any design. The Altera software provides timing simulation, point-to-point delay prediction, and detailed timing analysis for a device-wide performance evaluation.

Figure 12. MAX 7000 Timing Model



Notes:

- (1) Only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- Not available in 44-pin devices.

The timing characteristics of any signal path can be derived from the timing model and parameters of a particular device. External timing parameters, which represent pin-to-pin timing delays, can be calculated as the sum of internal parameters. Figure 13 shows the internal timing relationship of internal and external delay parameters.



For more infomration, see *Application Note* 94 (Understanding MAX 7000 *Timing*).

Tables 19 through 26 show the MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-6 Spee	d Grade	-7 Spee	d Grade	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		5.0		6.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		2.0		2.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	200		166.7		MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed	Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	OE (-10P)		00 (-10) DOE (-10)	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.5		2.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		2.5	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.5		6.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		5.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		5.0		5.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			3.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			3.0		3.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		11.0	ns

Table 2	23. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Ext	ernal Timing Param	eters Note	e (1)			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed	Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	0E (-12P)		00 (-12) DOE (-12)	-
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		10.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		5.0		5.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		5.0		5.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	5.0		5.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			11.0		11.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			11.0		11.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

Table 24	4. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Int	ernal Timing Parame	eters Note	e (1)			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed	Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	OE (-12P)		000 (-12) 00E (-12)	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			7.0		7.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			7.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		4.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.0		7.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		6.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	4.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		2.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			7.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		0.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		3.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		12.0	ns

Table 2	Table 27. EPM7032S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) Note (1)													
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade	1			Unit			
			-	-5 -6 -7 -10						0				
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max				
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz			
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz			

Table 2	8. EPM7032\$ Internal Tim	ing Parameter	rs /	Note (1)							
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade)			Unit
			_	5	-	6	-	7	-	10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.1		2.5		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.6		5.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		0.4		1.5	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		0.9		2.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		5.4		5.5	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		1.3		2.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		1.7		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.9		2.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		2.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.4		4.2		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.4		1.7		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	10	-
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.3		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.9		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.3		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		11.0		10.0		11.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	6	-	7	-1	10	-1	15	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	-
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.7		4.0		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		2.0		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.9		2.5		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		7.0		5.5		8.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		3.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		0.5		1.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.4		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			3.1		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.4		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 33 and 34 show the EPM7160S AC operating conditions.

Table 3	33. EPM7160S External Timi	ng Parameters	(Part	1 of 2)	No	nte (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade)			Unit
			-	6	-	7	-1	0	-1	15	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.4		4.2		7.0		11.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.9		4.8		5		8	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.9		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.7		2.1		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.4		7.9		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			6.7		8.2		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	149.3		122.0		100.0		76.9		MHz

Table 3	35. EPM71928 External Timi	ing Parameters (F	art 2 of 2	?) No	ote (1)				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	-7		-10		15	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) Note (1)									
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions Speed Grade						Unit	
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns

Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) Note (1)										
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed Grade						
			-7		-10		-15			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	1	
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		2.3		3.0		2.0		ns	
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.7		0.5		1.0		ns	
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.4		2.0		1.0	ns	
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.2		2.0		1.0	ns	
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			3.2		5.0		6.0	ns	
t _{EN}	Register enable time			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns	
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.5		1.0		1.0	ns	
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns	
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			2.7		3.0		4.0	ns	
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		2.4		1.0		2.0	ns	
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns	

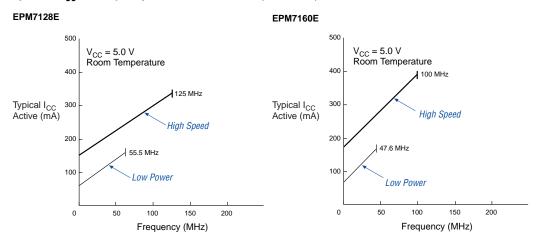
Notes to tables:

- These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 37 and 38 show the EPM7256S AC operating conditions.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						
				7	-1	-15		Unit	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
			IVIIII	7.5	IVIIII	10.0	IVIIII	15.0	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.9		7.0		11.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.7		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.8		2.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.9		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Figure 14. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000 Devices (Part 2 of 2)



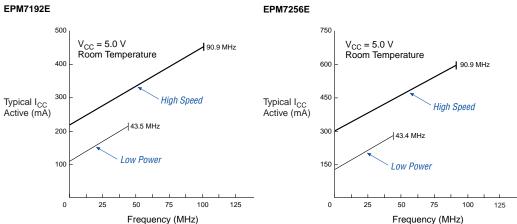
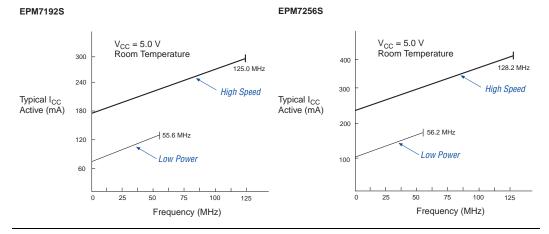


Figure 15. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000S Devices (Part 2 of 2)



Device Pin-Outs

See the Altera web site (http://www.altera.com) or the *Altera Digital Library* for pin-out information.

