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Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	EE PLD
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	12 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	8
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	2500
Number of I/O	84
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7128eqc100-12

Table 2. MAX 7000S Device Features

Feature	EPM7032S	EPM7064S	EPM7128S	EPM7160S	EPM7192S	EPM7256S
Usable gates	600	1,250	2,500	3,200	3,750	5,000
Macrocells	32	64	128	160	192	256
Logic array blocks	2	4	8	10	12	16
Maximum user I/O pins	36	68	100	104	124	164
t_{PD} (ns)	5	5	6	6	7.5	7.5
t_{SU} (ns)	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.4	4.1	3.9
t_{FSU} (ns)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3	3
t_{CO1} (ns)	3.2	3.2	4	3.9	4.7	4.7
f_{CNT} (MHz)	175.4	175.4	147.1	149.3	125.0	128.2

...and More Features

- Open-drain output option in MAX 7000S devices
- Programmable macrocell flipflops with individual clear, preset, clock, and clock enable controls
- Programmable power-saving mode for a reduction of over 50% in each macrocell
- Configurable expander product-term distribution, allowing up to 32 product terms per macrocell
- 44 to 208 pins available in plastic J-lead chip carrier (PLCC), ceramic pin-grid array (PGA), plastic quad flat pack (PQFP), power quad flat pack (RQFP), and 1.0-mm thin quad flat pack (TQFP) packages
- Programmable security bit for protection of proprietary designs
- 3.3-V or 5.0-V operation
 - MultiVolt™ I/O interface operation, allowing devices to interface with 3.3-V or 5.0-V devices (MultiVolt I/O operation is not available in 44-pin packages)
 - Pin compatible with low-voltage MAX 7000A and MAX 7000B devices
- Enhanced features available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices
 - Six pin- or logic-driven output enable signals
 - Two global clock signals with optional inversion
 - Enhanced interconnect resources for improved routability
 - Fast input setup times provided by a dedicated path from I/O pin to macrocell registers
 - Programmable output slew-rate control
- Software design support and automatic place-and-route provided by Altera's development system for Windows-based PCs and Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations

- Additional design entry and simulation support provided by EDIF 2.0.0 and 3.0.0 netlist files, library of parameterized modules (LPM), Verilog HDL, VHDL, and other interfaces to popular EDA tools from manufacturers such as Cadence, Exemplar Logic, Mentor Graphics, OrCAD, Synopsys, and VeriBest
- Programming support
 - Altera's Master Programming Unit (MPU) and programming hardware from third-party manufacturers program all MAX 7000 devices
 - The BitBlaster™ serial download cable, ByteBlasterMV™ parallel port download cable, and MasterBlaster™ serial/universal serial bus (USB) download cable program MAX 7000S devices

General Description

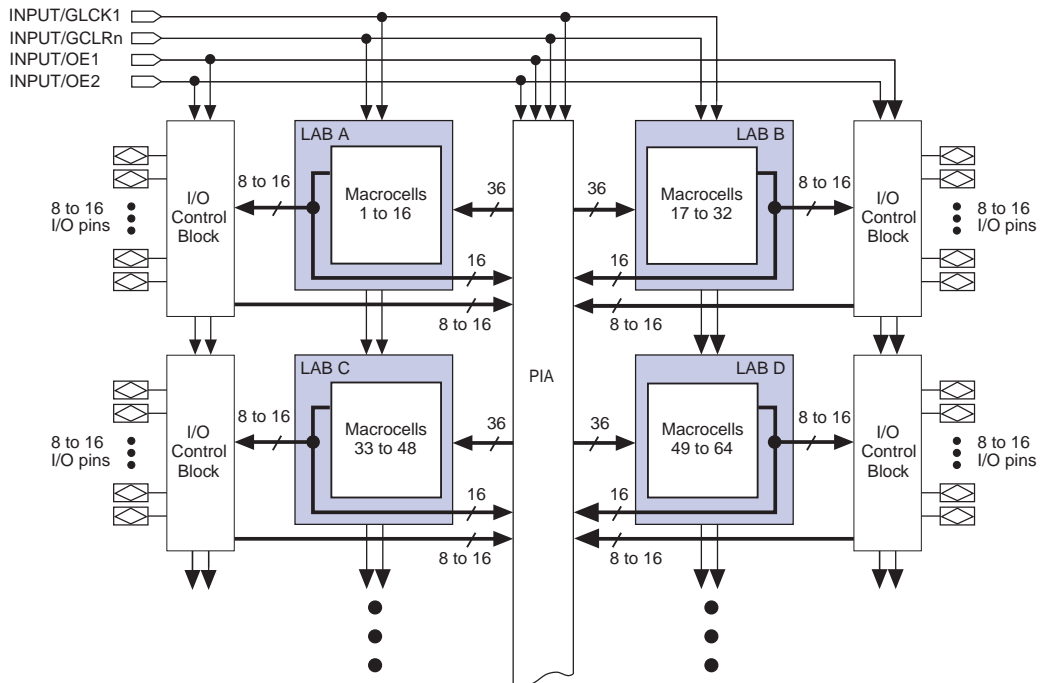
The MAX 7000 family of high-density, high-performance PLDs is based on Altera's second-generation MAX architecture. Fabricated with advanced CMOS technology, the EEPROM-based MAX 7000 family provides 600 to 5,000 usable gates, ISP, pin-to-pin delays as fast as 5 ns, and counter speeds of up to 175.4 MHz. MAX 7000S devices in the -5, -6, -7, and -10 speed grades as well as MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in -5, -6, -7, -10P, and -12P speed grades comply with the PCI Special Interest Group (PCI SIG) *PCI Local Bus Specification, Revision 2.2*. See [Table 3](#) for available speed grades.

Table 3. MAX 7000 Speed Grades

Device	Speed Grade									
	-5	-6	-7	-10P	-10	-12P	-12	-15	-15T	-20
EPM7032		✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	
EPM7032S	✓	✓	✓		✓					
EPM7064		✓	✓		✓		✓	✓		
EPM7064S	✓	✓	✓		✓					
EPM7096			✓		✓		✓	✓		
EPM7128E			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓
EPM7128S		✓	✓		✓			✓		
EPM7160E				✓	✓		✓	✓		✓
EPM7160S		✓	✓		✓			✓		
EPM7192E						✓	✓	✓		✓
EPM7192S			✓		✓			✓		
EPM7256E						✓	✓	✓		✓
EPM7256S			✓		✓			✓		

The MAX 7000 architecture includes four dedicated inputs that can be used as general-purpose inputs or as high-speed, global control signals (clock, clear, and two output enable signals) for each macrocell and I/O pin. Figure 1 shows the architecture of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices.

Figure 1. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Block Diagram



EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Devices



- 15

Programming Times

The time required to implement each of the six programming stages can be broken into the following two elements:

- A pulse time to erase, program, or read the EEPROM cells.
- A shifting time based on the test clock (TCK) frequency and the number of TCK cycles to shift instructions, address, and data into the device.

By combining the pulse and shift times for each of the programming stages, the program or verify time can be derived as a function of the TCK frequency, the number of devices, and specific target device(s). Because different ISP-capable devices have a different number of EEPROM cells, both the total fixed and total variable times are unique for a single device.

Programming a Single MAX 7000S Device

The time required to program a single MAX 7000S device in-system can be calculated from the following formula:

$$t_{PROG} = t_{PPULSE} + \frac{Cycle_{PTCK}}{f_{TCK}}$$

where: t_{PROG} = Programming time
 t_{PPULSE} = Sum of the fixed times to erase, program, and verify the EEPROM cells
 $Cycle_{PTCK}$ = Number of TCK cycles to program a device
 f_{TCK} = TCK frequency

The ISP times for a stand-alone verification of a single MAX 7000S device can be calculated from the following formula:

$$t_{VER} = t_{VPULSE} + \frac{Cycle_{VTCK}}{f_{TCK}}$$

where: t_{VER} = Verify time
 t_{VPULSE} = Sum of the fixed times to verify the EEPROM cells
 $Cycle_{VTCK}$ = Number of TCK cycles to verify a device

Design Security

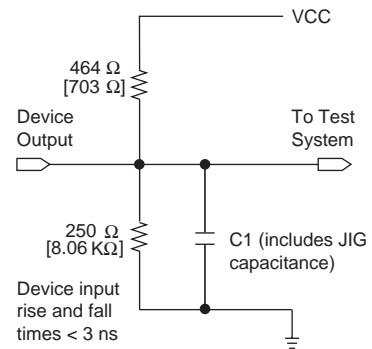
All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

Generic Testing

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in [Figure 10](#). Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions

Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground, significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result. Numbers in brackets are for 2.5-V devices and outputs. Numbers without brackets are for 3.3-V devices and outputs.



QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the [QFP Carrier & Development Socket Data Sheet](#).



MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.

Table 21. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-10P)		MAX 7000 (-10) MAX 7000E (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		8.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

Table 22. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-10P)		MAX 7000 (-10) MAX 7000E (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		1.5		2.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		2.0		2.5	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		5.5		6.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		5.0		5.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		5.5		5.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	$C1 = 5$ pF		5.0		5.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			3.0		3.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			3.0		3.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		11.0	ns

Table 23. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-12P)		MAX 7000 (-12) MAX 7000E (-12)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		10.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		5.0		5.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		5.0		5.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	5.0		5.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			11.0		11.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			11.0		11.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

Table 24. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-12P)		MAX 7000 (-12) MAX 7000E (-12)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			7.0		7.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			7.0		5.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		1.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		2.0		4.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		5.0		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		7.0		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		10.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	$C1 = 5$ pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		4.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		6.0		4.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	4.0		2.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		2.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			7.0		5.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		0.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		3.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		3.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		12.0	ns

Table 26. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-15		-15T		-20		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		2.0		—		4.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			8.0		10.0		9.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		3.0		—		4.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (7)		5.0		—		6.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$ or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (2)		8.0		—		9.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (7)		7.0		—		11.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$ or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (2)		10.0		—		14.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	$C1 = 5\text{ pF}$		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.0		—		4.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	2.0		—		3.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0		3.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		13.0		15.0		15.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This parameter applies to MAX 7000E devices only.
- (3) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (4) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (5) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (6) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (7) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 27 and 28 show the EPM7032S AC operating conditions.

Table 27. EPM7032S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		4.0		5.0		7.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		3.5		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		1.1		2.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.7		3.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.6		8.2		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns

Table 28. EPM7032S Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.1		1.4		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		10.0		10.0		11.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 29 and 30 show the EPM7064S AC operating conditions.

Table 29. EPM7064S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		3.6		6.0		7.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		4.0		4.5		5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.0		3.0		ns

Tables 31 and 32 show the EPM7128S AC operating conditions.

Table 31. EPM7128S External Timing Parameters Note (1)											
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
tPD1	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
tPD2	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
tSU	Global clock setup time		3.4		6.0		7.0		11.0		ns
tH	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
tFSU	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
tFH	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.5		0.0		ns
tCO1	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5		5.0		8.0	ns
tCH	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
tCL	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
tASU	Array clock setup time		0.9		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
tAH	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
tACO1	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
tACH	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
tACL	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
tCPPW	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
tODH	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
tCNT	Minimum global clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
fCNT	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
tACNT	Minimum array clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
fACNT	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
fMAX	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 32. EPM7128S Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.7		4.0		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		2.0		1.5		4.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.9		2.5		2.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		7.0		5.5		8.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		3.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		0.5		1.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.4		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			3.1		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.4		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Table 35. EPM7192S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in [Table 14](#). See [Figure 13](#) for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Power Consumption

Supply power (P) versus frequency (f_{MAX} in MHz) for MAX 7000 devices is calculated with the following equation:

$$P = P_{INT} + P_{IO} = I_{CCINT} \times V_{CC} + P_{IO}$$

The P_{IO} value, which depends on the device output load characteristics and switching frequency, can be calculated using the guidelines given in [Application Note 74 \(Evaluating Power for Altera Devices\)](#).

The I_{CCINT} value, which depends on the switching frequency and the application logic, is calculated with the following equation:

$$I_{CCINT} =$$

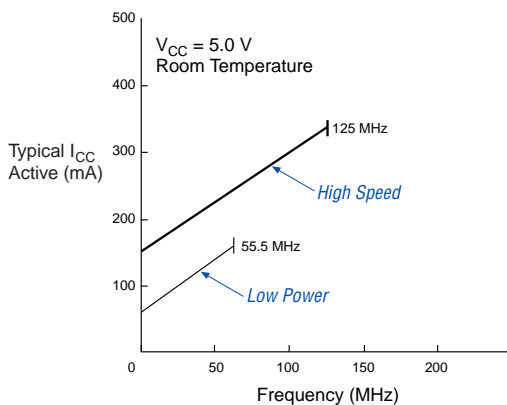
$$A \times MC_{TON} + B \times (MC_{DEV} - MC_{TON}) + C \times MC_{USED} \times f_{MAX} \times \text{tog}_{LC}$$

The parameters in this equation are shown below:

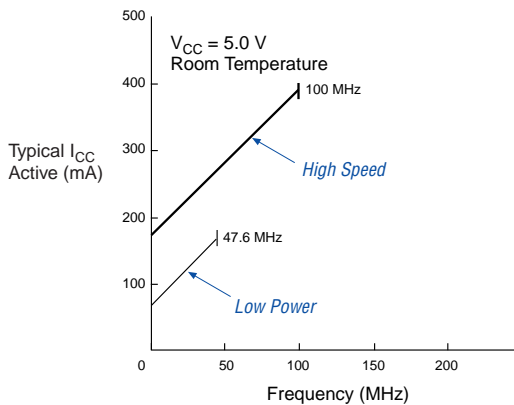
MC_{TON}	=	Number of macrocells with the Turbo Bit option turned on, as reported in the MAX+PLUS II Report File (.rpt)
MC_{DEV}	=	Number of macrocells in the device
MC_{USED}	=	Total number of macrocells in the design, as reported in the MAX+PLUS II Report File (.rpt)
f_{MAX}	=	Highest clock frequency to the device
tog_{LC}	=	Average ratio of logic cells toggling at each clock (typically 0.125)
A, B, C	=	Constants, shown in Table 39

Figure 14. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000 Devices (Part 2 of 2)

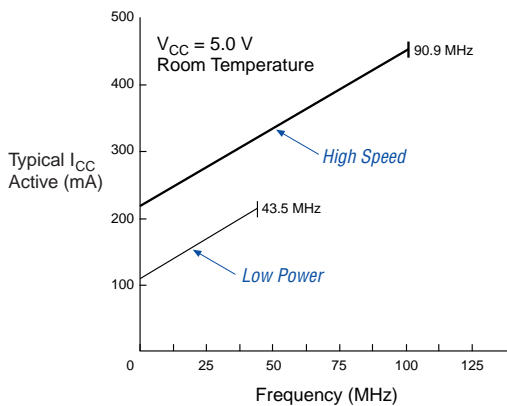
EPM7128E



EPM7160E



EPM7192E



EPM7256E

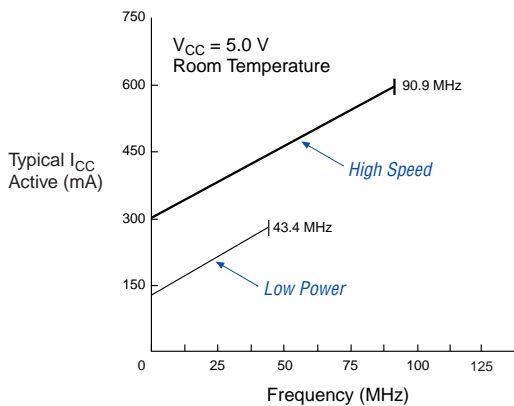
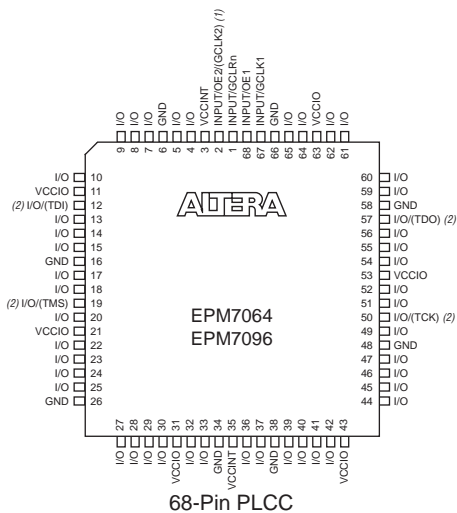
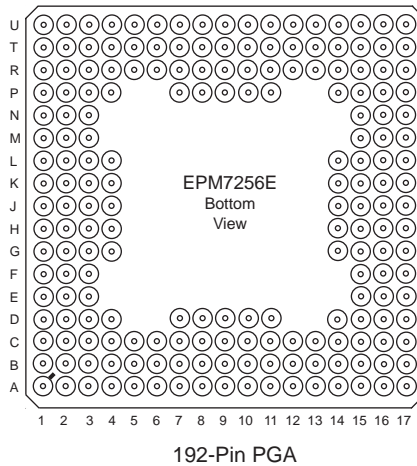


Figure 17. 68-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram*Package outlines not drawn to scale.***Notes:**

- (1) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (2) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 21. 192-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

**Figure 22. 208-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram**

Package outline not drawn to scale.

