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### Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

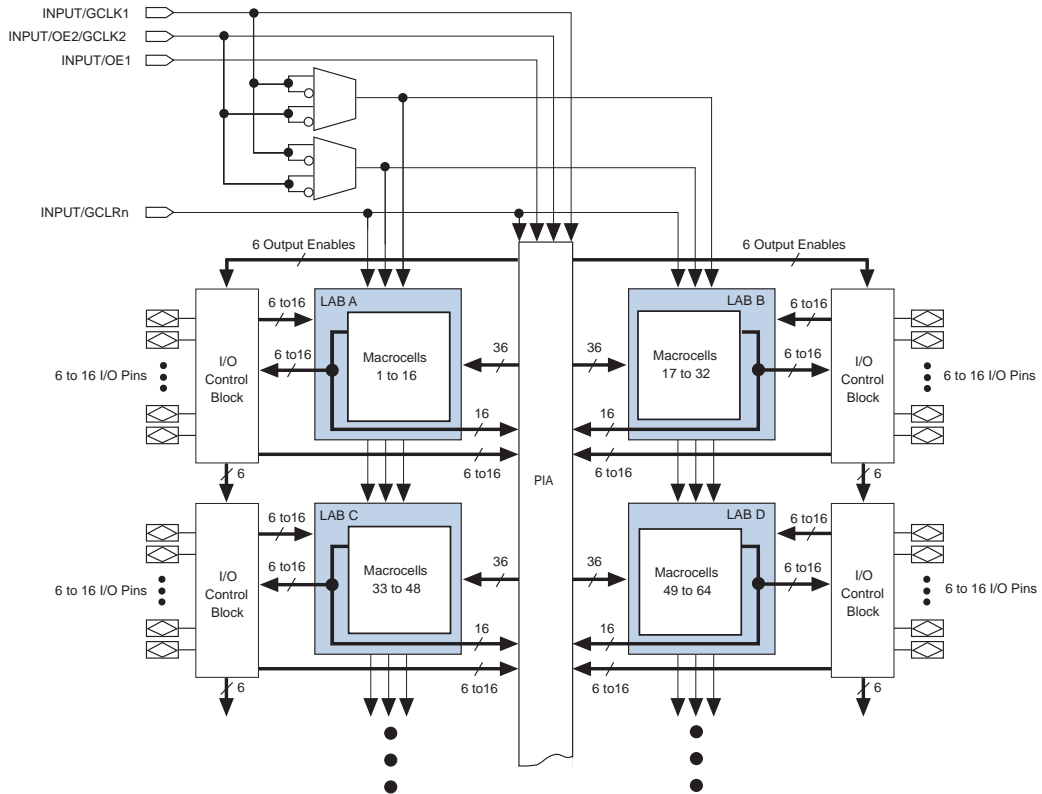
### Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	EE PLD
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	15 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	8
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	2500
Number of I/O	84
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7128eqc100-15yy">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7128eqc100-15yy</a>

Figure 2 shows the architecture of MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.

**Figure 2. MAX 7000E & MAX 7000S Device Block Diagram**



## Logic Array Blocks

The MAX 7000 device architecture is based on the linking of high-performance, flexible, logic array modules called logic array blocks (LABs). LABs consist of 16-macrocell arrays, as shown in Figures 1 and 2. Multiple LABs are linked together via the programmable interconnect array (PIA), a global bus that is fed by all dedicated inputs, I/O pins, and macrocells.

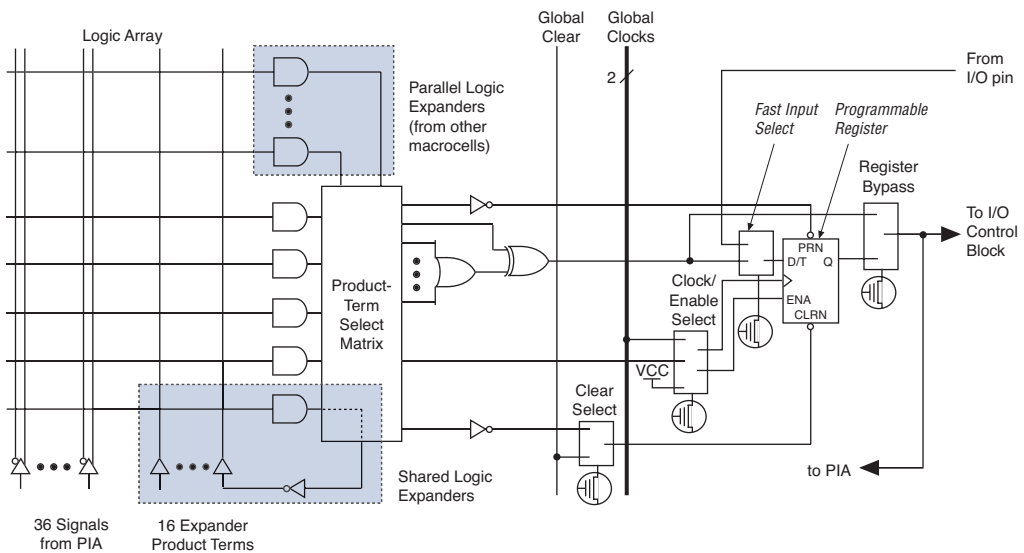
Each LAB is fed by the following signals:

- 36 signals from the PIA that are used for general logic inputs
- Global controls that are used for secondary register functions
- Direct input paths from I/O pins to the registers that are used for fast setup times for MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices

## Macrocells

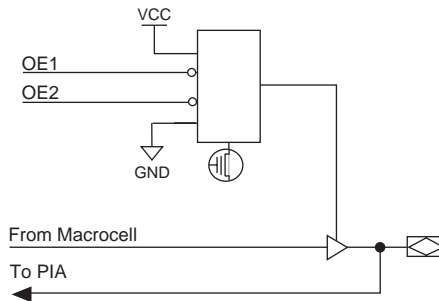
The MAX 7000 macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. The macrocell of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices is shown in Figure 3.

**Figure 3. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Macrocell**

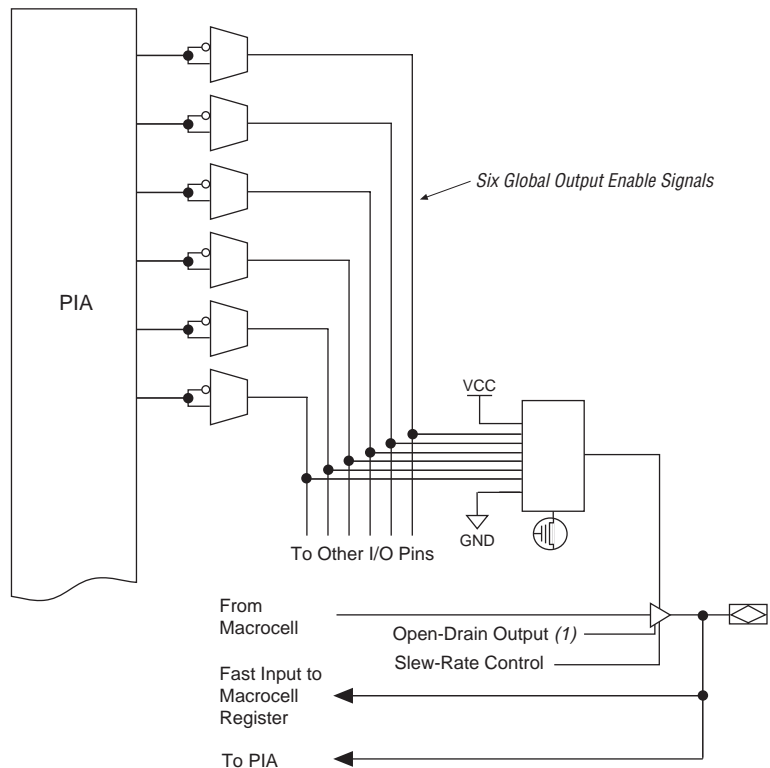


**Figure 8. I/O Control Block of MAX 7000 Devices**

**EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Devices**



**MAX 7000E & MAX 7000S Devices**



**Note:**

- (1) The open-drain output option is available only in MAX 7000S devices.

## Programming Times

The time required to implement each of the six programming stages can be broken into the following two elements:

- A pulse time to erase, program, or read the EEPROM cells.
- A shifting time based on the test clock (TCK) frequency and the number of TCK cycles to shift instructions, address, and data into the device.

By combining the pulse and shift times for each of the programming stages, the program or verify time can be derived as a function of the TCK frequency, the number of devices, and specific target device(s). Because different ISP-capable devices have a different number of EEPROM cells, both the total fixed and total variable times are unique for a single device.

### *Programming a Single MAX 7000S Device*

The time required to program a single MAX 7000S device in-system can be calculated from the following formula:

$$t_{PROG} = t_{PPULSE} + \frac{Cycle_{PTCK}}{f_{TCK}}$$

where:  $t_{PROG}$  = Programming time  
 $t_{PPULSE}$  = Sum of the fixed times to erase, program, and verify the EEPROM cells  
 $Cycle_{PTCK}$  = Number of TCK cycles to program a device  
 $f_{TCK}$  = TCK frequency

The ISP times for a stand-alone verification of a single MAX 7000S device can be calculated from the following formula:

$$t_{VER} = t_{VPULSE} + \frac{Cycle_{VTCK}}{f_{TCK}}$$

where:  $t_{VER}$  = Verify time  
 $t_{VPULSE}$  = Sum of the fixed times to verify the EEPROM cells  
 $Cycle_{VTCK}$  = Number of TCK cycles to verify a device

The instruction register length of MAX 7000S devices is 10 bits. Tables 10 and 11 show the boundary-scan register length and device IDCODE information for MAX 7000S devices.

**Table 10. MAX 7000S Boundary-Scan Register Length**

Device	Boundary-Scan Register Length
EPM7032S	1 (1)
EPM7064S	1 (1)
EPM7128S	288
EPM7160S	312
EPM7192S	360
EPM7256S	480

**Note:**

- (1) This device does not support JTAG boundary-scan testing. Selecting either the EXTEST or SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction will select the one-bit bypass register.

**Table 11. 32-Bit MAX 7000 Device IDCODE** Note (1)

Device	IDCODE (32 Bits)				1 (1 Bit) (2)
	Version (4 Bits)	Part Number (16 Bits)	Manufacturer's Identity (11 Bits)		
EPM7032S	0000	0111 0000 0011 0010	00001101110		1
EPM7064S	0000	0111 0000 0110 0100	00001101110		1
EPM7128S	0000	0111 0001 0010 1000	00001101110		1
EPM7160S	0000	0111 0001 0110 0000	00001101110		1
EPM7192S	0000	0111 0001 1001 0010	00001101110		1
EPM7256S	0000	0111 0010 0101 0110	00001101110		1

**Notes:**

- (1) The most significant bit (MSB) is on the left.  
 (2) The least significant bit (LSB) for all JTAG IDCODEs is 1.

Figure 9 shows the timing requirements for the JTAG signals.

**Figure 9. MAX 7000 JTAG Waveforms**

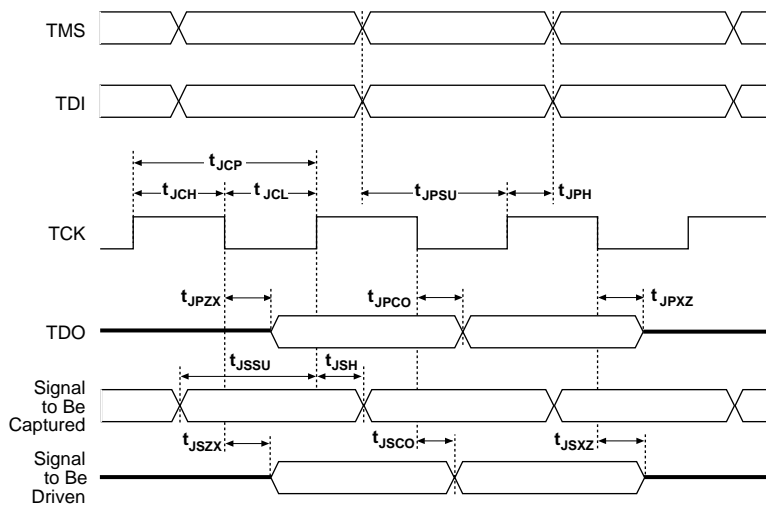


Table 12 shows the JTAG timing parameters and values for MAX 7000S devices.

<b>Table 12. JTAG Timing Parameters &amp; Values for MAX 7000S Devices</b>				
<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$t_{JCP}$	TCK clock period	100		ns
$t_{JCH}$	TCK clock high time	50		ns
$t_{JCL}$	TCK clock low time	50		ns
$t_{JPSU}$	JTAG port setup time	20		ns
$t_{JPH}$	JTAG port hold time	45		ns
$t_{JPCO}$	JTAG port clock to output		25	ns
$t_{JPZX}$	JTAG port high impedance to valid output		25	ns
$t_{JPXZ}$	JTAG port valid output to high impedance		25	ns
$t_{JSSU}$	Capture register setup time	20		ns
$t_{JSH}$	Capture register hold time	45		ns
$t_{JSCO}$	Update register clock to output		25	ns
$t_{JSZX}$	Update register high impedance to valid output		25	ns
$t_{JSXZ}$	Update register valid output to high impedance		25	ns



For more information, see [Application Note 39 \(IEEE 1149.1 \(JTAG\) Boundary-Scan Testing in Altera Devices\)](#).

## Design Security

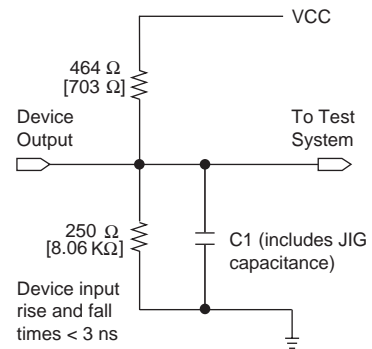
All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

## Generic Testing

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in [Figure 10](#). Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

**Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions**

*Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground, significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result. Numbers in brackets are for 2.5-V devices and outputs. Numbers without brackets are for 3.3-V devices and outputs.*



## QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the [QFP Carrier & Development Socket Data Sheet](#).



MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.



## Operating Conditions

Tables 13 through 18 provide information about absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, operating conditions, and capacitance for 5.0-V MAX 7000 devices.

**Table 13. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Absolute Maximum Ratings** *Note (1)*

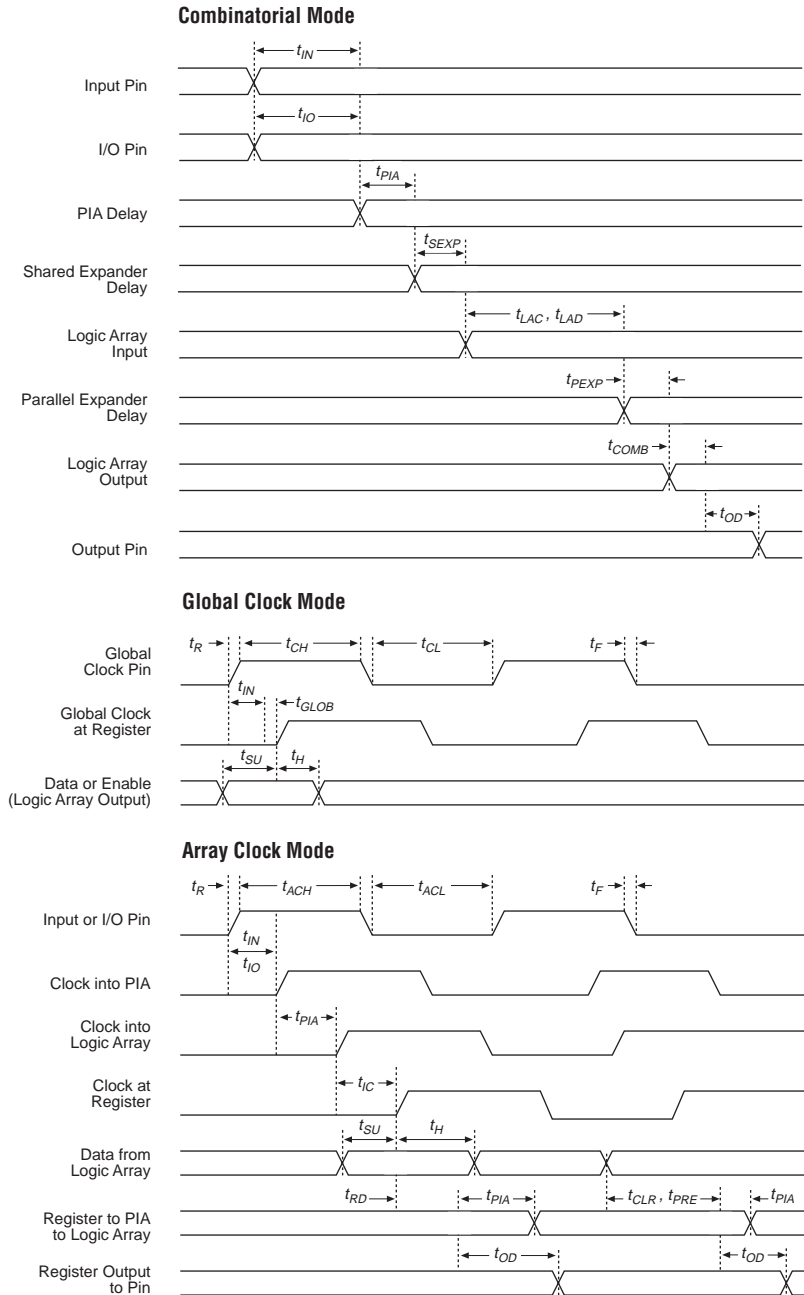
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	With respect to ground (2)	–2.0	7.0	V
$V_I$	DC input voltage		–2.0	7.0	V
$I_{OUT}$	DC output current, per pin		–25	25	mA
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature	No bias	–65	150	°C
$T_{AMB}$	Ambient temperature	Under bias	–65	135	°C
$T_J$	Junction temperature	Ceramic packages, under bias		150	°C
		PQFP and RQFP packages, under bias		135	°C

**Table 14. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CCINT}$	Supply voltage for internal logic and input buffers	(3), (4), (5)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
$V_{CCIO}$	Supply voltage for output drivers, 5.0-V operation	(3), (4)	4.75 (4.50)	5.25 (5.50)	V
	Supply voltage for output drivers, 3.3-V operation	(3), (4), (6)	3.00 (3.00)	3.60 (3.60)	V
$V_{CCISP}$	Supply voltage during ISP	(7)	4.75	5.25	V
$V_I$	Input voltage		–0.5 (8)	$V_{CCINT} + 0.5$	V
$V_O$	Output voltage		0	$V_{CCIO}$	V
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	For commercial use	0	70	°C
		For industrial use	–40	85	°C
$T_J$	Junction temperature	For commercial use	0	90	°C
		For industrial use	–40	105	°C
$t_R$	Input rise time			40	ns
$t_F$	Input fall time			40	ns

**Figure 13. Switching Waveforms**

$t_R$  &  $t_F < 3$  ns.  
Inputs are driven at 3 V  
for a logic high and 0 V  
for a logic low. All timing  
characteristics are  
measured at 1.5 V.



Tables 19 through 26 show the MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E AC operating conditions.

**Table 19. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-6 Speed Grade		-7 Speed Grade		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{PD1}$	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
$t_{PD2}$	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
$t_{SU}$	Global clock setup time		5.0		6.0		ns
$t_H$	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{FSU}$	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{FH}$	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
$t_{CO1}$	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5	ns
$t_{CH}$	Global clock high time		2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{CL}$	Global clock low time		2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{ASU}$	Array clock setup time		2.5		3.0		ns
$t_{AH}$	Array clock hold time		2.0		2.0		ns
$t_{ACO1}$	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5	ns
$t_{ACH}$	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		ns
$t_{ACL}$	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		ns
$t_{CPPW}$	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	3.0		3.0		ns
$t_{ODH}$	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
$t_{CNT}$	Minimum global clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
$f_{CNT}$	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
$t_{ACNT}$	Minimum array clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
$f_{ACNT}$	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
$f_{MAX}$	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	200		166.7		MHz

**Table 21. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-10P)		MAX 7000 (-10) MAX 7000E (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		7.0		8.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	4.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f <sub>ACNT</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

**Table 22. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-10P)		MAX 7000 (-10) MAX 7000E (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{IN}$	Input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
$t_{IO}$	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
$t_{FIN}$	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
$t_{SEXP}$	Shared expander delay			5.0		5.0	ns
$t_{PEXP}$	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
$t_{LAD}$	Logic array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
$t_{LAC}$	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
$t_{IOE}$	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
$t_{OD1}$	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		1.5		2.0	ns
$t_{OD2}$	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		2.0		2.5	ns
$t_{OD3}$	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		5.5		6.0	ns
$t_{ZX1}$	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		5.0		5.0	ns
$t_{ZX2}$	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		5.5		5.5	ns
$t_{ZX3}$	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
$t_{XZ}$	Output buffer disable delay	$C1 = 5$ pF		5.0		5.0	ns
$t_{SU}$	Register setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
$t_H$	Register hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
$t_{FSU}$	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
$t_{FH}$	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
$t_{RD}$	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
$t_{COMB}$	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
$t_{IC}$	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
$t_{EN}$	Register enable time			5.0		5.0	ns
$t_{GLOB}$	Global control delay			1.0		1.0	ns
$t_{PRE}$	Register preset time			3.0		3.0	ns
$t_{CLR}$	Register clear time			3.0		3.0	ns
$t_{PIA}$	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
$t_{LPA}$	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		11.0	ns

**Table 26. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-15		-15T		-20		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{IN}$	Input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
$t_{IO}$	I/O input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
$t_{FIN}$	Fast input delay	(2)		2.0		—		4.0	ns
$t_{SEXP}$	Shared expander delay			8.0		10.0		9.0	ns
$t_{PEXP}$	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
$t_{LAD}$	Logic array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
$t_{LAC}$	Logic control array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
$t_{IOE}$	Internal output enable delay	(2)		3.0		—		4.0	ns
$t_{OD1}$	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
$t_{OD2}$	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (7)		5.0		—		6.0	ns
$t_{OD3}$	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$ or $3.3\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (2)		8.0		—		9.0	ns
$t_{ZX1}$	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
$t_{ZX2}$	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (7)		7.0		—		11.0	ns
$t_{ZX3}$	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0\text{ V}$ or $3.3\text{ V}$	$C1 = 35\text{ pF}$ (2)		10.0		—		14.0	ns
$t_{XZ}$	Output buffer disable delay	$C1 = 5\text{ pF}$		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
$t_{SU}$	Register setup time		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
$t_H$	Register hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
$t_{FSU}$	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.0		—		4.0		ns
$t_{FH}$	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	2.0		—		3.0		ns
$t_{RD}$	Register delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
$t_{COMB}$	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
$t_{IC}$	Array clock delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
$t_{EN}$	Register enable time			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
$t_{GLOB}$	Global control delay			1.0		1.0		3.0	ns
$t_{PRE}$	Register preset time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
$t_{CLR}$	Register clear time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
$t_{PIA}$	PIA delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
$t_{LPA}$	Low-power adder	(8)		13.0		15.0		15.0	ns

**Table 28. EPM7032S Internal Timing Parameters** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{PIA}$	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.1		1.4		1.0	ns
$t_{LPA}$	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		10.0		10.0		11.0	ns

**Notes to tables:**

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the  $t_{LAD}$  parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The  $f_{MAX}$  values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions:  $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$  for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The  $t_{LPA}$  parameter must be added to the  $t_{LAD}$ ,  $t_{LAC}$ ,  $t_{IC}$ ,  $t_{EN}$ ,  $t_{SEXP}$ ,  $t_{ACL}$ , and  $t_{CPPW}$  parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 29 and 30 show the EPM7064S AC operating conditions.

**Table 29. EPM7064S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2)** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Global clock setup time		2.9		3.6		6.0		7.0		ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>FSU</sub>	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>FH</sub>	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		ns
t <sub>CO1</sub>	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		4.0		4.5		5.0	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ASU</sub>	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		3.0		2.0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.0		3.0		ns

**Table 35. EPM7192S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2)** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>AH</sub>	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t <sub>ACO1</sub>	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t <sub>ACH</sub>	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>CPPW</sub>	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t <sub>ODH</sub>	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>CNT</sub>	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>CNT</sub>	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t <sub>ACNT</sub>	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f <sub>ACNT</sub>	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

**Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2)** *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{IN}$	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
$t_{IO}$	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
$t_{FIN}$	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
$t_{SEXP}$	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
$t_{PEXP}$	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
$t_{LAD}$	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
$t_{LAC}$	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
$t_{IOE}$	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
$t_{OD1}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
$t_{OD2}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
$t_{OD3}$	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
$t_{ZX1}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
$t_{ZX2}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
$t_{ZX3}$	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
$t_{XZ}$	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
$t_{SU}$	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns



Figure 14.  $I_{CC}$  vs. Frequency for MAX 7000 Devices (Part 2 of 2)

EPM7128E



EPM7160E



EPM7192E

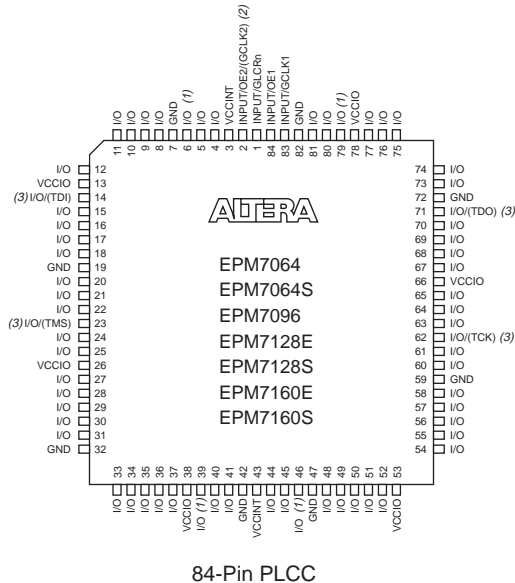


EPM7256E



**Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram**

Package outline not drawn to scale.



**Notes:**

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

## Revision History

The information contained in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7 supersedes information published in previous versions. The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

### Version 6.7

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

- Reference to *AN 88: Using the Jam Language for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor* has been replaced by *AN 122: Using Jam STAPL for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor*.

### Version 6.6

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.6:

- Added [Tables 6](#) through [8](#).
- Added “[Programming Sequence](#)” section on [page 17](#) and “[Programming Times](#)” section on [page 18](#).

### Version 6.5

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.5:

- Updated text on [page 16](#).

### Version 6.4

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.4:

- Added [Note \(5\)](#) on [page 28](#).

### Version 6.3

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.3:

- Updated the “[Open-Drain Output Option \(MAX 7000S Devices Only\)](#)” section on [page 20](#).



*Notes:*



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