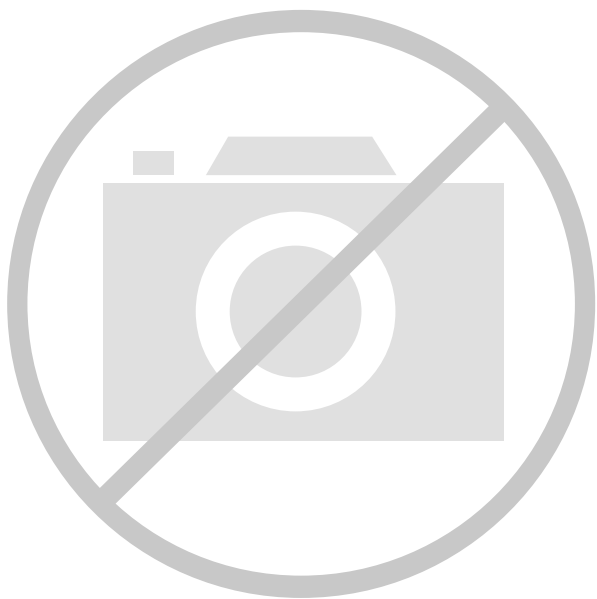




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Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	EE PLD
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	15 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	8
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	2500
Number of I/O	100
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	160-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	160-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7128eqc160-15yy

The MAX 7000 architecture supports 100% TTL emulation and high-density integration of SSI, MSI, and LSI logic functions. The MAX 7000 architecture easily integrates multiple devices ranging from PALs, GALs, and 22V10s to MACH and pLSI devices. MAX 7000 devices are available in a wide range of packages, including PLCC, PGA, PQFP, RQFP, and TQFP packages. See [Table 5](#).

Table 5. MAX 7000 Maximum User I/O Pins *Note (1)*

Device	44-Pin PLCC	44-Pin PQFP	44-Pin TQFP	68-Pin PLCC	84-Pin PLCC	100-Pin PQFP	100-Pin TQFP	160-Pin PQFP	160-Pin PGA	192-Pin PGA	208-Pin PQFP	208-Pin RQFP
EPM7032	36	36	36									
EPM7032S	36		36									
EPM7064	36		36	52	68	68						
EPM7064S	36		36		68	68						
EPM7096				52	64	76						
EPM7128E					68	84		100				
EPM7128S					68	84	84 (2)	100				
EPM7160E					64	84		104				
EPM7160S					64		84 (2)	104				
EPM7192E								124	124			
EPM7192S								124				
EPM7256E								132 (2)		164		164
EPM7256S											164 (2)	164

Notes:

- (1) When the JTAG interface in MAX 7000S devices is used for either boundary-scan testing or for ISP, four I/O pins become JTAG pins.
- (2) Perform a complete thermal analysis before committing a design to this device package. For more information, see the [Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet](#).

MAX 7000 devices use CMOS EEPROM cells to implement logic functions. The user-configurable MAX 7000 architecture accommodates a variety of independent combinatorial and sequential logic functions. The devices can be reprogrammed for quick and efficient iterations during design development and debug cycles, and can be programmed and erased up to 100 times.

The MAX 7000 architecture includes four dedicated inputs that can be used as general-purpose inputs or as high-speed, global control signals (clock, clear, and two output enable signals) for each macrocell and I/O pin. Figure 1 shows the architecture of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices.

Figure 1. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Block Diagram

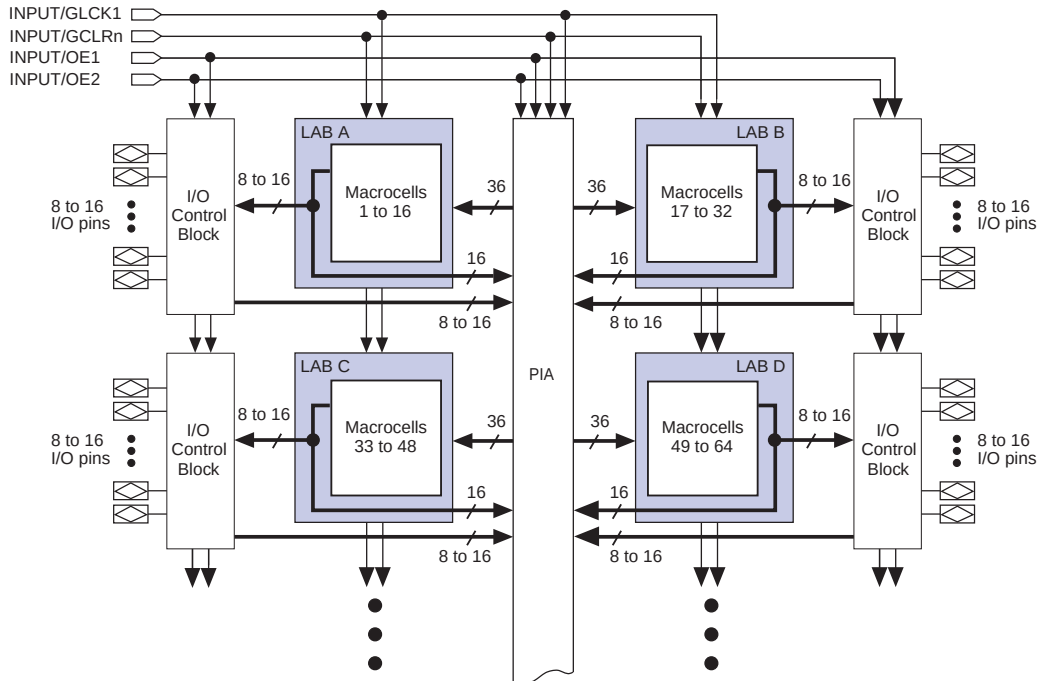
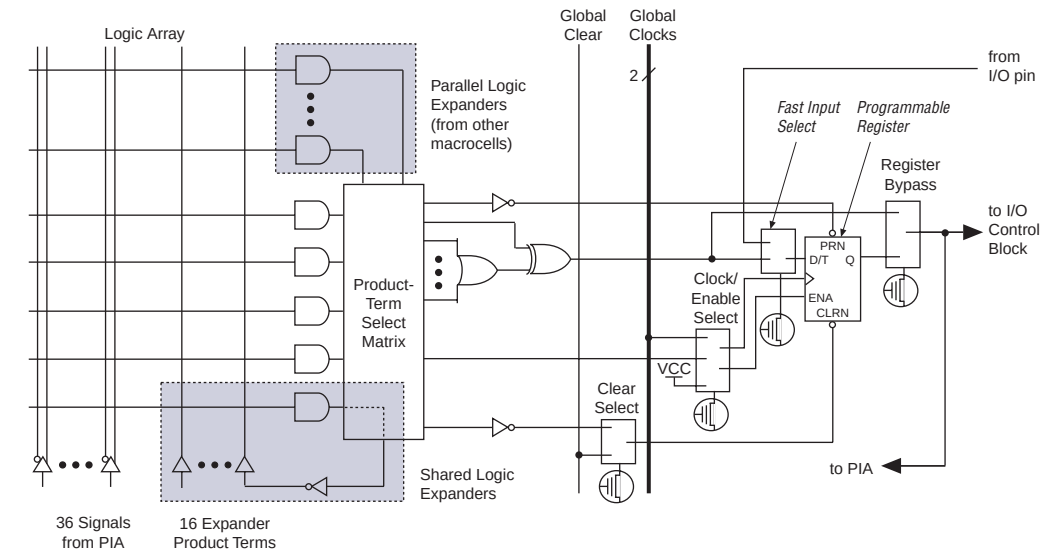


Figure 4 shows a MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S device macrocell.

Figure 4. MAX 7000E & MAX 7000S Device Macrocell



Combinatorial logic is implemented in the logic array, which provides five product terms per macrocell. The product-term select matrix allocates these product terms for use as either primary logic inputs (to the OR and XOR gates) to implement combinatorial functions, or as secondary inputs to the macrocell's register clear, preset, clock, and clock enable control functions. Two kinds of expander product terms ("expanders") are available to supplement macrocell logic resources:

- Shareable expanders, which are inverted product terms that are fed back into the logic array
- Parallel expanders, which are product terms borrowed from adjacent macrocells

The Altera development system automatically optimizes product-term allocation according to the logic requirements of the design.

For registered functions, each macrocell flipflop can be individually programmed to implement D, T, JK, or SR operation with programmable clock control. The flipflop can be bypassed for combinatorial operation. During design entry, the designer specifies the desired flipflop type; the Altera development software then selects the most efficient flipflop operation for each registered function to optimize resource utilization.

EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Devices

VCC



- 15

Design Security

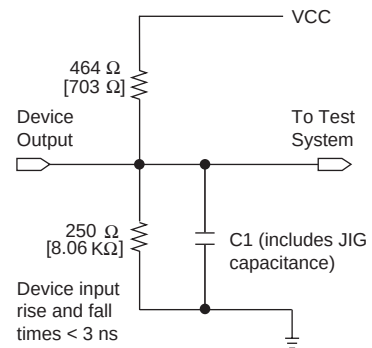
All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

Generic Testing

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in [Figure 10](#). Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions

Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground, significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result. Numbers in brackets are for 2.5-V devices and outputs. Numbers without brackets are for 3.3-V devices and outputs.



QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the [QFP Carrier & Development Socket Data Sheet](#).



MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.

Table 15. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device DC Operating Conditions *Note (9)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		2.0	$V_{CCINT} + 0.5$	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		-0.5 (8)	0.8	V
V_{OH}	5.0-V high-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OH} = -4$ mA DC, $V_{CCIO} = 4.75$ V (10)	2.4		V
	3.3-V high-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OH} = -4$ mA DC, $V_{CCIO} = 3.00$ V (10)	2.4		V
	3.3-V high-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.1$ mA DC, $V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ V (10)	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$		V
V_{OL}	5.0-V low-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OL} = 12$ mA DC, $V_{CCIO} = 4.75$ V (11)		0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OL} = 12$ mA DC, $V_{CCIO} = 3.00$ V (11)		0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OL} = 0.1$ mA DC, $V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ V (11)		0.2	V
I_I	Leakage current of dedicated input pins	$V_I = -0.5$ to 5.5 V (11)	-10	10	μ A
I_{OZ}	I/O pin tri-state output off-state current	$V_I = -0.5$ to 5.5 V (11), (12)	-40	40	μ A

Table 16. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capacitance: EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Devices *Note (13)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input pin capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$ V, $f = 1.0$ MHz		12	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O pin capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0$ V, $f = 1.0$ MHz		12	pF

Table 17. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capacitance: MAX 7000E Devices *Note (13)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input pin capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$ V, $f = 1.0$ MHz		15	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O pin capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0$ V, $f = 1.0$ MHz		15	pF

Table 18. MAX 7000 5.0-V Device Capacitance: MAX 7000S Devices *Note (13)*

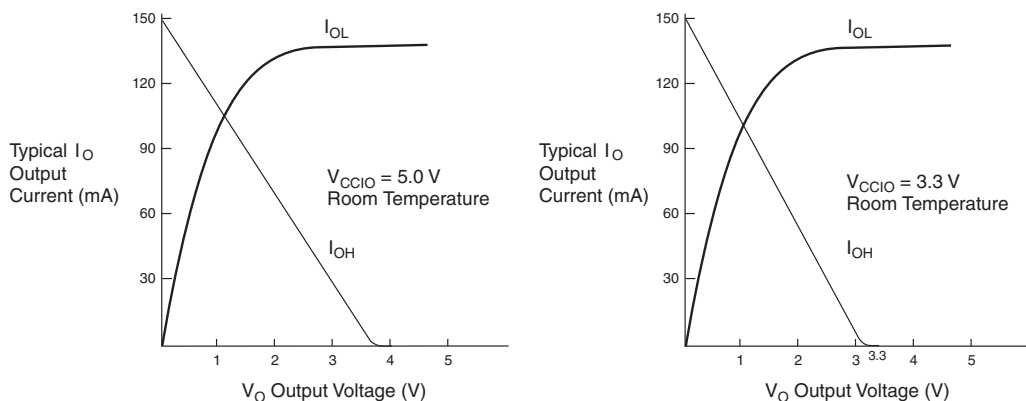
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Dedicated input pin capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$ V, $f = 1.0$ MHz		10	pF
$C_{I/O}$	I/O pin capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0$ V, $f = 1.0$ MHz		10	pF

Notes to tables:

- (1) See the *Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet*.
- (2) Minimum DC input voltage on I/O pins is -0.5 V and on 4 dedicated input pins is -0.3 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to -2.0 V or overshoot to 7.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.
- (3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
- (4) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
- (5) The POR time for all 7000S devices does not exceed 300 μ s. The sufficient V_{CCINT} voltage level for POR is 4.5 V. The device is fully initialized within the POR time after V_{CCINT} reaches the sufficient POR voltage level.
- (6) 3.3 -V I/O operation is not available for 44-pin packages.
- (7) The V_{CCISP} parameter applies only to MAX 7000S devices.
- (8) During in-system programming, the minimum DC input voltage is -0.3 V.
- (9) These values are specified under the MAX 7000 recommended operating conditions in [Table 14 on page 26](#).
- (10) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sourcing the specified current. The I_{OH} parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current.
- (11) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sinking the specified current. The I_{OL} parameter refers to low-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current.
- (12) When the JTAG interface is enabled in MAX 7000S devices, the input leakage current on the JTAG pins is typically -60 μ A.
- (13) Capacitance is measured at 25° C and is sample-tested only. The 0E1 pin has a maximum capacitance of 20 pF.

Figure 11 shows the typical output drive characteristics of MAX 7000 devices.

Figure 11. Output Drive Characteristics of 5.0-V MAX 7000 Devices



Timing Model

MAX 7000 device timing can be analyzed with the Altera software, with a variety of popular industry-standard EDA simulators and timing analyzers, or with the timing model shown in [Figure 12](#). MAX 7000 devices have fixed internal delays that enable the designer to determine the worst-case timing of any design. The Altera software provides timing simulation, point-to-point delay prediction, and detailed timing analysis for a device-wide performance evaluation.

Table 20. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade -6		Speed Grade -7		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.5		4.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)				2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		2.5		2.5	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		7.0		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		4.5		4.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	$C1 = 5$ pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		3.0		3.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		1.5		2.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			2.5		3.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		10.0	ns

Table 21. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-10P)		MAX 7000 (-10) MAX 7000E (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		8.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		10.0		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			10.0		10.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	100.0		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

Table 27. EPM7032S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz

Table 28. EPM7032S Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.1		2.5		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.6		5.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		0.4		1.5	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		0.9		2.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		5.4		5.5	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		1.3		2.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		1.7		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.9		2.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		2.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.4		4.2		5.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.4		1.7		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns

Tables 31 and 32 show the EPM7128S AC operating conditions.

Table 31. EPM7128S External Timing Parameters Note (1)											
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
tPD1	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
tPD2	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
tSU	Global clock setup time		3.4		6.0		7.0		11.0		ns
tH	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
tFSU	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
tFH	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.5		0.0		ns
tCO1	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5		5.0		8.0	ns
tCH	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
tCL	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
tASU	Array clock setup time		0.9		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
tAH	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
tACO1	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
tACH	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
tACL	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
tCPPW	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
tODH	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
tCNT	Minimum global clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
fCNT	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
tACNT	Minimum array clock period			6.8		8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
fACNT	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	147.1		125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
fMAX	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 32. EPM7128S Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.5		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.7		4.0		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.1		0.8		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		2.0		1.5		4.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.9		2.5		2.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		7.0		5.5		8.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		3.0		2.0		4.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		5.0		4.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		3.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.5		0.5		1.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.4		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			3.1		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			3.0		3.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.4		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.4		1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Table 34. EPM7160S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.4		3.0		3.0		4.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.6		2.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		10.0		11.0		13.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 35 and 36 show the EPM7192S AC operating conditions.

Table 35. EPM7192S External Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		4.1		7.0		11.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.7		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		1.0		2.0		4.0		ns

Tables 37 and 38 show the EPM7256S AC operating conditions.

Table 37. EPM7256S External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		7.5		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		3.9		7.0		11.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		3.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.5		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.7		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.8		2.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.9		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			7.8		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	128.2		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 39. MAX 7000 I_{CC} Equation Constants

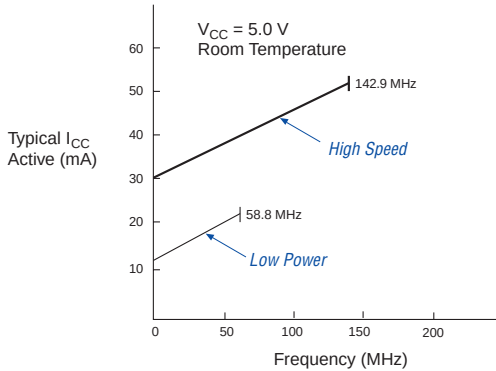
Device	A	B	C
EPM7032	1.87	0.52	0.144
EPM7064	1.63	0.74	0.144
EPM7096	1.63	0.74	0.144
EPM7128E	1.17	0.54	0.096
EPM7160E	1.17	0.54	0.096
EPM7192E	1.17	0.54	0.096
EPM7256E	1.17	0.54	0.096
EPM7032S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7064S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7128S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7160S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7192S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7256S	0.93	0.40	0.040

This calculation provides an I_{CC} estimate based on typical conditions using a pattern of a 16-bit, loadable, enabled, up/down counter in each LAB with no output load. Actual I_{CC} values should be verified during operation because this measurement is sensitive to the actual pattern in the device and the environmental operating conditions.

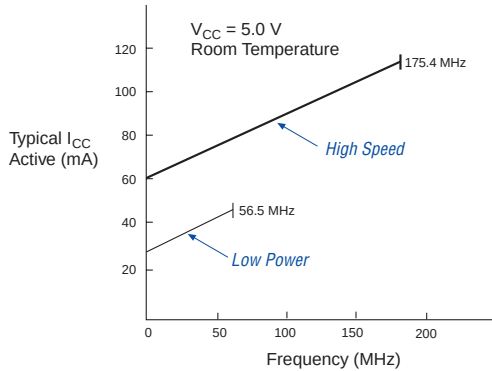
Figure 15 shows typical supply current versus frequency for MAX 7000S devices.

Figure 15. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000S Devices (Part 1 of 2)

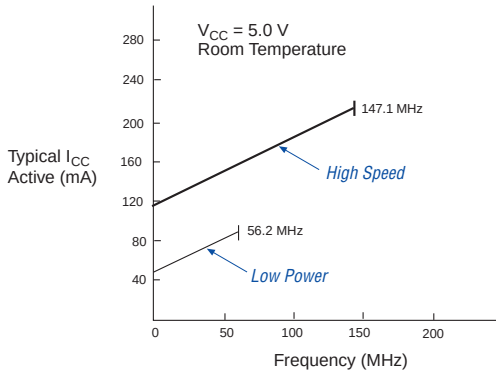
EPM7032S



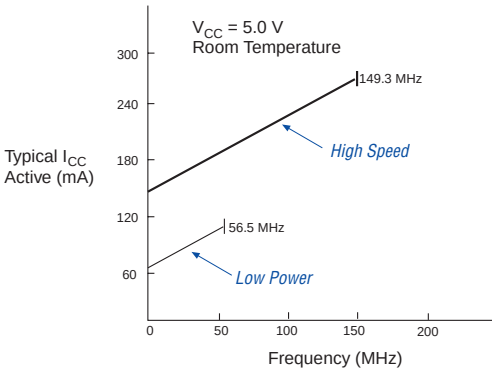
EPM7064S



EPM7128S



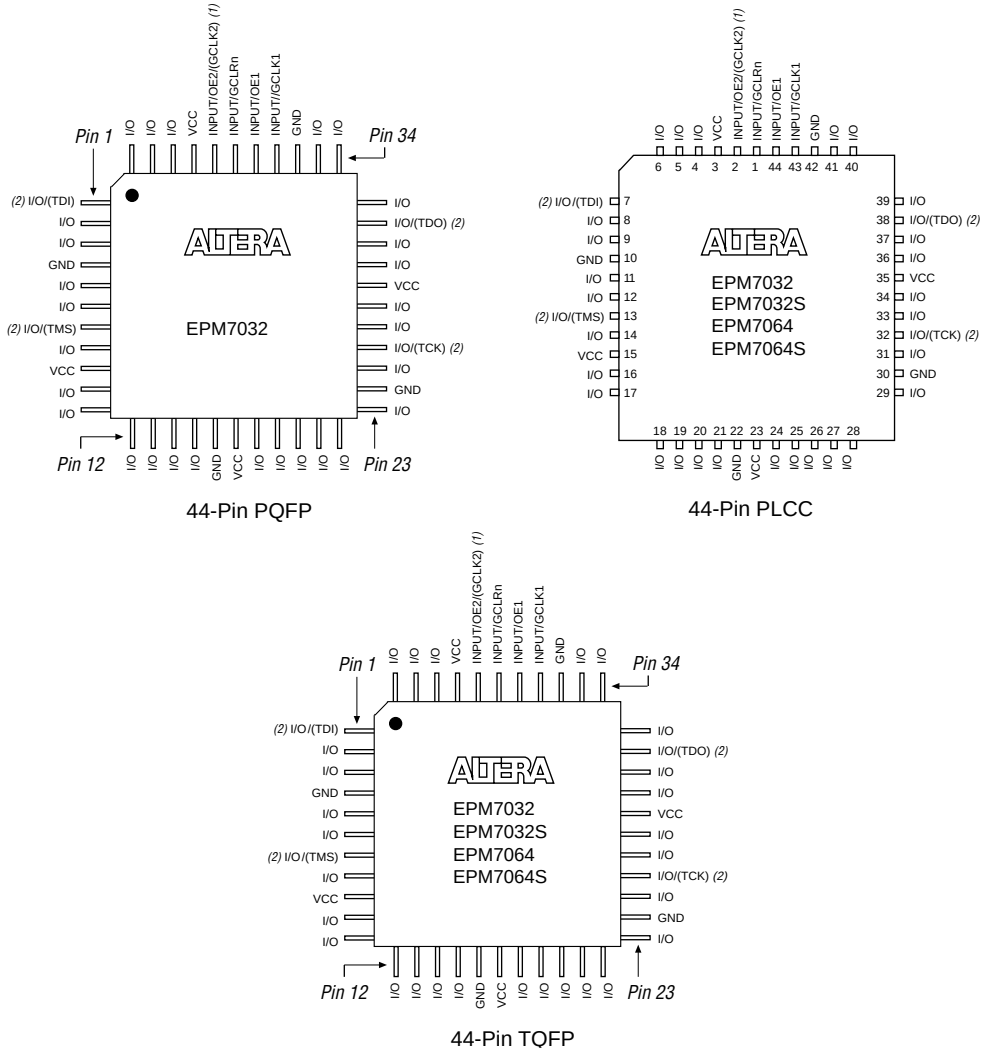
EPM7160S



Figures 16 through 22 show the package pin-out diagrams for MAX 7000 devices.

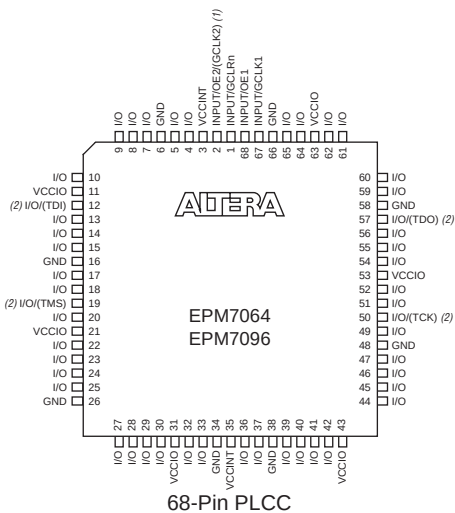
Figure 16. 44-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outlines not drawn to scale.



Notes:

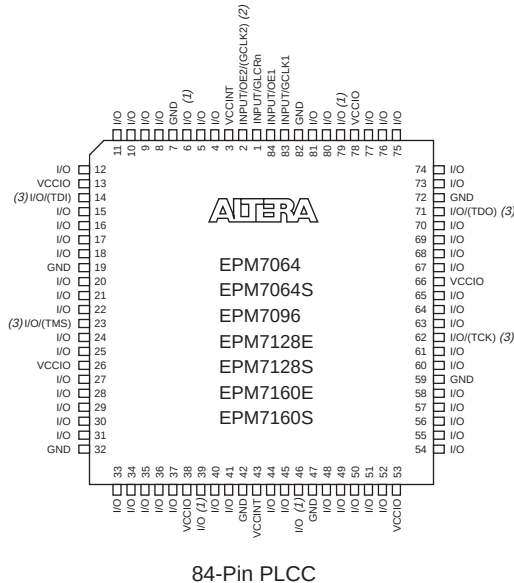
- (1) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (2) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 17. 68-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram*Package outlines not drawn to scale.***Notes:**

- (1) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (2) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



Notes:

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 19. 100-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

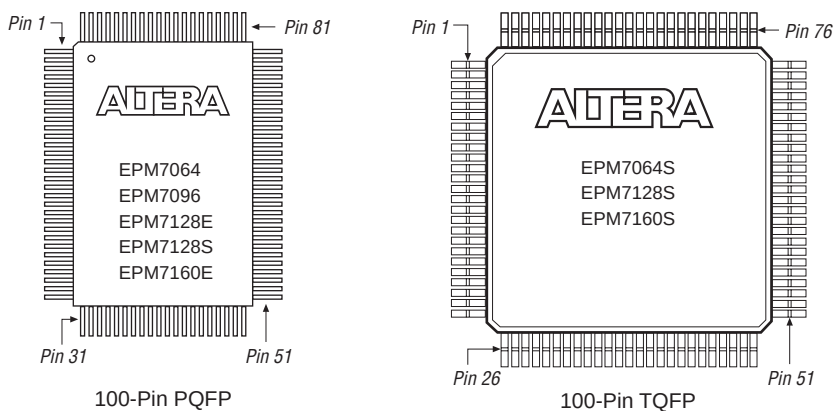


Figure 20. 160-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

