



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	8
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	2500
Number of I/O	100
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	160-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	160-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7128sqc160-10yy

MAX 7000 devices contain from 32 to 256 macrocells that are combined into groups of 16 macrocells, called logic array blocks (LABs). Each macrocell has a programmable-AND/fixed-OR array and a configurable register with independently programmable clock, clock enable, clear, and preset functions. To build complex logic functions, each macrocell can be supplemented with both shareable expander product terms and high-speed parallel expander product terms to provide up to 32 product terms per macrocell.

The MAX 7000 family provides programmable speed/power optimization. Speed-critical portions of a design can run at high speed/full power, while the remaining portions run at reduced speed/low power. This speed/power optimization feature enables the designer to configure one or more macrocells to operate at 50% or lower power while adding only a nominal timing delay. MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices also provide an option that reduces the slew rate of the output buffers, minimizing noise transients when non-speed-critical signals are switching. The output drivers of all MAX 7000 devices (except 44-pin devices) can be set for either 3.3-V or 5.0-V operation, allowing MAX 7000 devices to be used in mixed-voltage systems.

The MAX 7000 family is supported by Altera development systems, which are integrated packages that offer schematic, text—including VHDL, Verilog HDL, and the Altera Hardware Description Language (AHDL)—and waveform design entry, compilation and logic synthesis, simulation and timing analysis, and device programming. The software provides EDIF 2.0.0 and 3.0.0, LPM, VHDL, Verilog HDL, and other interfaces for additional design entry and simulation support from other industry-standard PC- and UNIX-workstation-based EDA tools. The software runs on Windows-based PCs, as well as Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations.



For more information on development tools, see the *MAX+PLUS II Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet* and the *Quartus Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet*.

Functional Description

The MAX 7000 architecture includes the following elements:

- Logic array blocks
- Macrocells
- Expander product terms (shareable and parallel)
- Programmable interconnect array
- I/O control blocks

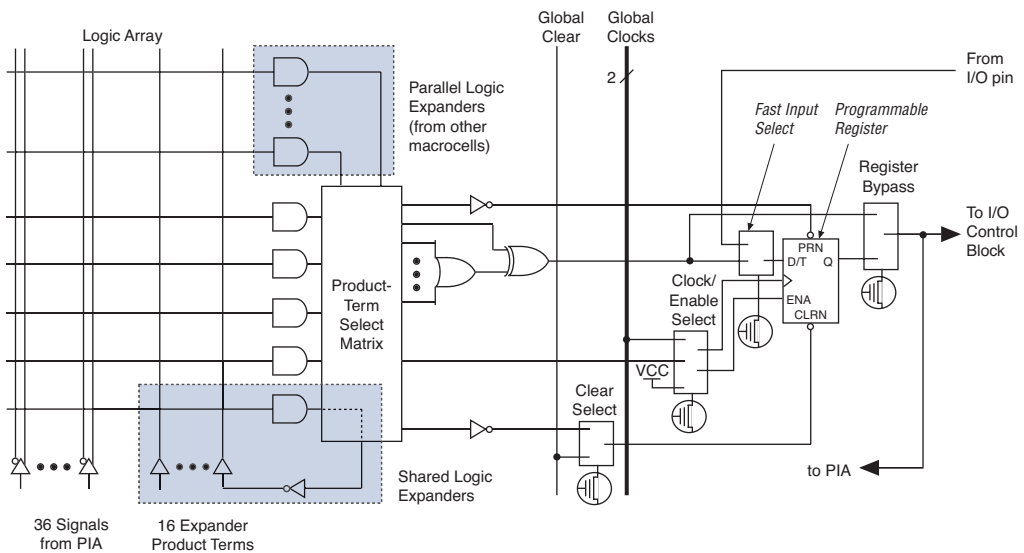
Each LAB is fed by the following signals:

- 36 signals from the PIA that are used for general logic inputs
- Global controls that are used for secondary register functions
- Direct input paths from I/O pins to the registers that are used for fast setup times for MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices

Macrocells

The MAX 7000 macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. The macrocell of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices is shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Macrocell

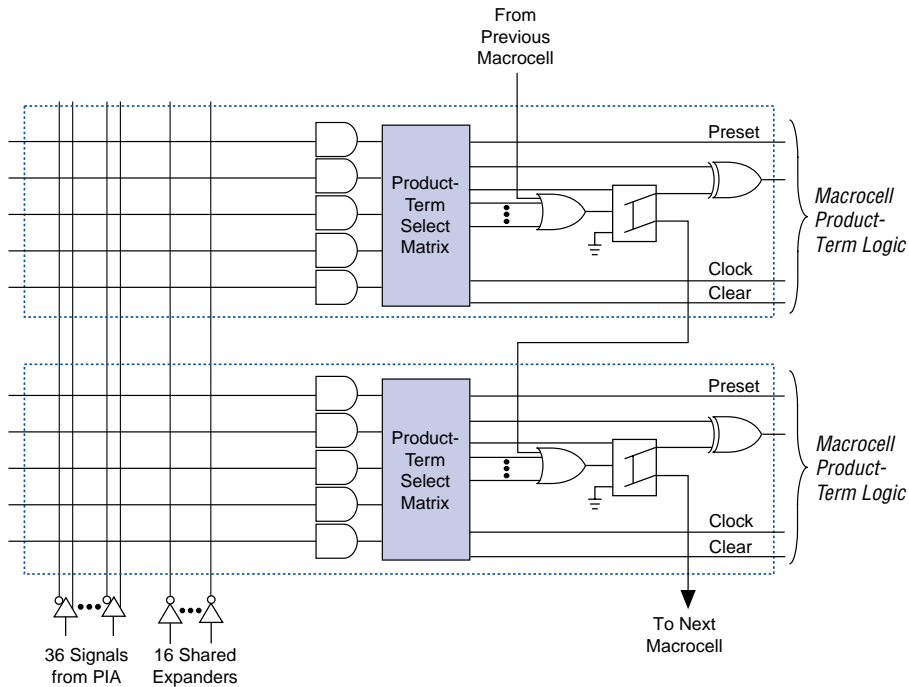


The compiler can allocate up to three sets of up to five parallel expanders automatically to the macrocells that require additional product terms. Each set of five parallel expanders incurs a small, incremental timing delay (t_{PEXP}). For example, if a macrocell requires 14 product terms, the Compiler uses the five dedicated product terms within the macrocell and allocates two sets of parallel expanders; the first set includes five product terms and the second set includes four product terms, increasing the total delay by $2 \times t_{PEXP}$.

Two groups of 8 macrocells within each LAB (e.g., macrocells 1 through 8 and 9 through 16) form two chains to lend or borrow parallel expanders. A macrocell borrows parallel expanders from lower-numbered macrocells. For example, macrocell 8 can borrow parallel expanders from macrocell 7, from macrocells 7 and 6, or from macrocells 7, 6, and 5. Within each group of 8, the lowest-numbered macrocell can only lend parallel expanders and the highest-numbered macrocell can only borrow them. Figure 6 shows how parallel expanders can be borrowed from a neighboring macrocell.

Figure 6. Parallel Expanders

Unused product terms in a macrocell can be allocated to a neighboring macrocell.



When the tri-state buffer control is connected to ground, the output is tri-stated (high impedance) and the I/O pin can be used as a dedicated input. When the tri-state buffer control is connected to V_{CC} , the output is enabled.

The MAX 7000 architecture provides dual I/O feedback, in which macrocell and pin feedbacks are independent. When an I/O pin is configured as an input, the associated macrocell can be used for buried logic.

In-System Programmability (ISP)

MAX 7000S devices are in-system programmable via an industry-standard 4-pin Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) interface (IEEE Std. 1149.1-1990). ISP allows quick, efficient iterations during design development and debugging cycles. The MAX 7000S architecture internally generates the high programming voltage required to program EEPROM cells, allowing in-system programming with only a single 5.0 V power supply. During in-system programming, the I/O pins are tri-stated and pulled-up to eliminate board conflicts. The pull-up value is nominally 50 k Ω .

ISP simplifies the manufacturing flow by allowing devices to be mounted on a printed circuit board with standard in-circuit test equipment before they are programmed. MAX 7000S devices can be programmed by downloading the information via in-circuit testers (ICT), embedded processors, or the Altera MasterBlaster, ByteBlasterMV, ByteBlaster, BitBlaster download cables. (The ByteBlaster cable is obsolete and is replaced by the ByteBlasterMV cable, which can program and configure 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5.0-V devices.) Programming the devices after they are placed on the board eliminates lead damage on high-pin-count packages (e.g., QFP packages) due to device handling and allows devices to be reprogrammed after a system has already shipped to the field. For example, product upgrades can be performed in the field via software or modem.

In-system programming can be accomplished with either an adaptive or constant algorithm. An adaptive algorithm reads information from the unit and adapts subsequent programming steps to achieve the fastest possible programming time for that unit. Because some in-circuit testers cannot support an adaptive algorithm, Altera offers devices tested with a constant algorithm. Devices tested to the constant algorithm have an "F" suffix in the ordering code.

The JamTM Standard Test and Programming Language (STAPL) can be used to program MAX 7000S devices with in-circuit testers, PCs, or embedded processor.

Programmable Speed/Power Control

MAX 7000 devices offer a power-saving mode that supports low-power operation across user-defined signal paths or the entire device. This feature allows total power dissipation to be reduced by 50% or more, because most logic applications require only a small fraction of all gates to operate at maximum frequency.

The designer can program each individual macrocell in a MAX 7000 device for either high-speed (i.e., with the Turbo Bit™ option turned on) or low-power (i.e., with the Turbo Bit option turned off) operation. As a result, speed-critical paths in the design can run at high speed, while the remaining paths can operate at reduced power. Macrocells that run at low power incur a nominal timing delay adder (t_{LPA}) for the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , and t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters.

Output Configuration

MAX 7000 device outputs can be programmed to meet a variety of system-level requirements.

MultiVolt I/O Interface

MAX 7000 devices—except 44-pin devices—support the MultiVolt I/O interface feature, which allows MAX 7000 devices to interface with systems that have differing supply voltages. The 5.0-V devices in all packages can be set for 3.3-V or 5.0-V I/O pin operation. These devices have one set of VCC pins for internal operation and input buffers (VCCINT), and another set for I/O output drivers (VCCIO).

The VCCINT pins must always be connected to a 5.0-V power supply. With a 5.0-V VCCINT level, input voltage thresholds are at TTL levels, and are therefore compatible with both 3.3-V and 5.0-V inputs.

The VCCIO pins can be connected to either a 3.3-V or a 5.0-V power supply, depending on the output requirements. When the VCCIO pins are connected to a 5.0-V supply, the output levels are compatible with 5.0-V systems. When VCCIO is connected to a 3.3-V supply, the output high is 3.3 V and is therefore compatible with 3.3-V or 5.0-V systems. Devices operating with VCCIO levels lower than 4.75 V incur a nominally greater timing delay of t_{OD2} instead of t_{OD1} .

Open-Drain Output Option (MAX 7000S Devices Only)

MAX 7000S devices provide an optional open-drain (functionally equivalent to open-collector) output for each I/O pin. This open-drain output enables the device to provide system-level control signals (e.g., interrupt and write enable signals) that can be asserted by any of several devices. It can also provide an additional wired-OR plane.

The instruction register length of MAX 7000S devices is 10 bits. Tables 10 and 11 show the boundary-scan register length and device IDCODE information for MAX 7000S devices.

Table 10. MAX 7000S Boundary-Scan Register Length	
Device	Boundary-Scan Register Length
EPM7032S	1 (1)
EPM7064S	1 (1)
EPM7128S	288
EPM7160S	312
EPM7192S	360
EPM7256S	480

Note:

- (1) This device does not support JTAG boundary-scan testing. Selecting either the EXTEST or SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction will select the one-bit bypass register.

Table 11. 32-Bit MAX 7000 Device IDCODE <i>Note (1)</i>				
Device	IDCODE (32 Bits)			
	Version (4 Bits)	Part Number (16 Bits)	Manufacturer's Identity (11 Bits)	1 (1 Bit) (2)
EPM7032S	0000	0111 0000 0011 0010	00001101110	1
EPM7064S	0000	0111 0000 0110 0100	00001101110	1
EPM7128S	0000	0111 0001 0010 1000	00001101110	1
EPM7160S	0000	0111 0001 0110 0000	00001101110	1
EPM7192S	0000	0111 0001 1001 0010	00001101110	1
EPM7256S	0000	0111 0010 0101 0110	00001101110	1

Notes:

- (1) The most significant bit (MSB) is on the left.
 (2) The least significant bit (LSB) for all JTAG IDCODEs is 1.

Tables 19 through 26 show the MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E AC operating conditions.

Table 19. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-6 Speed Grade		-7 Speed Grade		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
t_{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		7.5	ns
t_{SU}	Global clock setup time		5.0		6.0		ns
t_H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t_{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.5	ns
t_{CH}	Global clock high time		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{CL}	Global clock low time		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{ASU}	Array clock setup time		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{AH}	Array clock hold time		2.0		2.0		ns
t_{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.5		7.5	ns
t_{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	3.0		3.0		ns
t_{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t_{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
f_{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
t_{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			6.6		8.0	ns
f_{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	151.5		125.0		MHz
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	200		166.7		MHz

Table 20. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade -6		Speed Grade -7		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.5	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.5		4.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)				2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		2.5		2.5	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		7.0		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off, $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		4.5		4.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	$C1 = 5$ pF		4.0		4.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		3.0		3.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		1.5		2.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.5		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{JC}	Array clock delay			2.5		3.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			2.0		3.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		10.0		10.0	ns

Table 22. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-10P)		MAX 7000 (-10) MAX 7000E (-10)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		1.5		2.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		2.0		2.5	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		5.5		6.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF		5.0		5.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ V	$C1 = 35$ pF (7)		5.5		5.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 5.0$ V or 3.3 V	$C1 = 35$ pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	$C1 = 5$ pF		5.0		5.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		2.0		3.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			5.0		5.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			3.0		3.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			3.0		3.0	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		11.0	ns

Table 23. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade				Unit
			MAX 7000E (-12P)		MAX 7000 (-12) MAX 7000E (-12)		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		7.0		10.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		12.0		12.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		5.0		5.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		5.0		5.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	5.0		5.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			11.0		11.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			11.0		11.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	90.9		90.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	125.0		125.0		MHz

Table 27. EPM7032S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz

Table 28. EPM7032S Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.1		2.5		1.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.6		5.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		0.4		1.5	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		0.9		2.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		5.4		5.5	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		1.3		2.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		1.8		1.7		3.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.5		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.2		1.6		1.9		2.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.9		1.1		1.4		2.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			2.7		3.4		4.2		5.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			2.6		3.3		4.0		5.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.6		1.4		1.7		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			2.0		2.4		3.0		3.0	ns

Table 33. EPM7160S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			6.7		8.2		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	149.3		122.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 34. EPM7160S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.6		4.3		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.3		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.8		3.4		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.8		3.4		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.9		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		5.5		5.5		8.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		1.2		2.0		4.0		ns
t_H	Register hold time		1.6		2.0		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		2.2		3.0		2.0		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.8		0.5		1.0		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			1.3		1.6		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.3		2.0		1.0	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			2.9		3.5		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			2.8		3.4		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		2.4		1.0		1.0	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		3.0		3.0		4.0	ns

Table 35. EPM7192S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 36. EPM7192S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t_{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns

Table 39. MAX 7000 I_{CC} Equation Constants

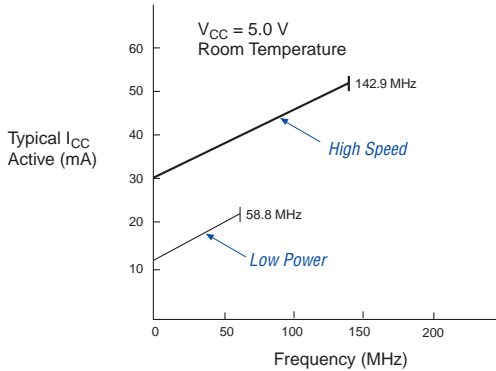
Device	A	B	C
EPM7032	1.87	0.52	0.144
EPM7064	1.63	0.74	0.144
EPM7096	1.63	0.74	0.144
EPM7128E	1.17	0.54	0.096
EPM7160E	1.17	0.54	0.096
EPM7192E	1.17	0.54	0.096
EPM7256E	1.17	0.54	0.096
EPM7032S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7064S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7128S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7160S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7192S	0.93	0.40	0.040
EPM7256S	0.93	0.40	0.040

This calculation provides an I_{CC} estimate based on typical conditions using a pattern of a 16-bit, loadable, enabled, up/down counter in each LAB with no output load. Actual I_{CC} values should be verified during operation because this measurement is sensitive to the actual pattern in the device and the environmental operating conditions.

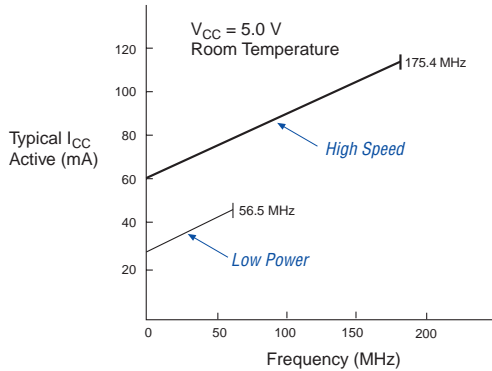
Figure 15 shows typical supply current versus frequency for MAX 7000S devices.

Figure 15. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000S Devices (Part 1 of 2)

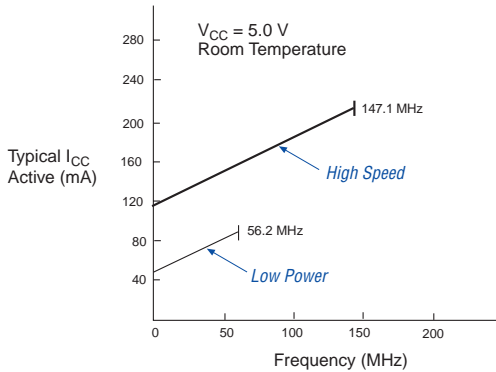
EPM7032S



EPM7064S



EPM7128S



EPM7160S

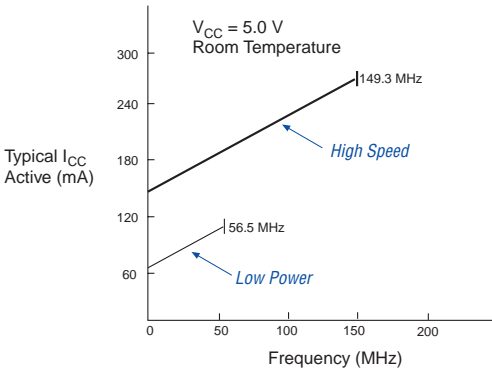
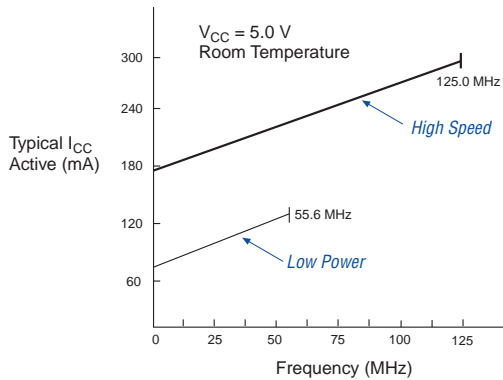
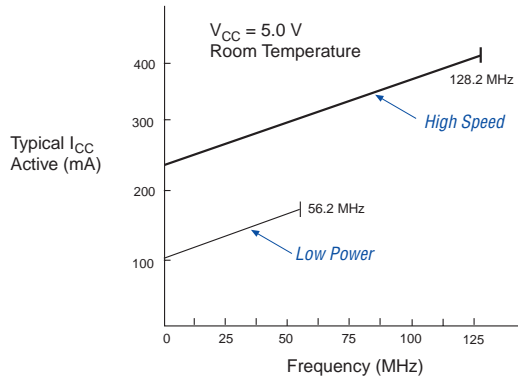


Figure 15. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000S Devices (Part 2 of 2)

EPM7192S



EPM7256S

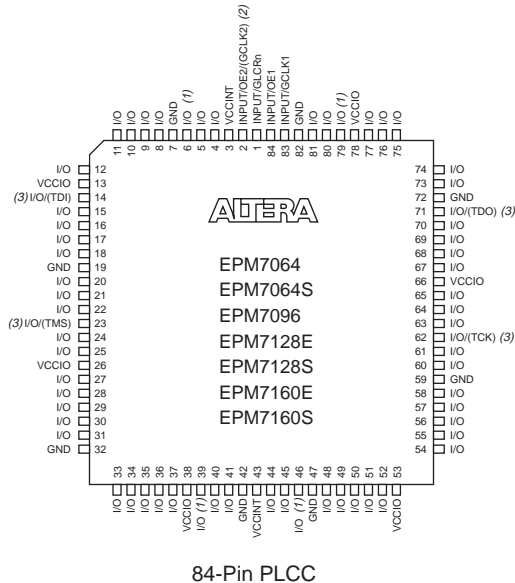


Device Pin-Outs

See the Altera web site (<http://www.altera.com>) or the *Altera Digital Library* for pin-out information.

Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



Notes:

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.

Figure 19. 100-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

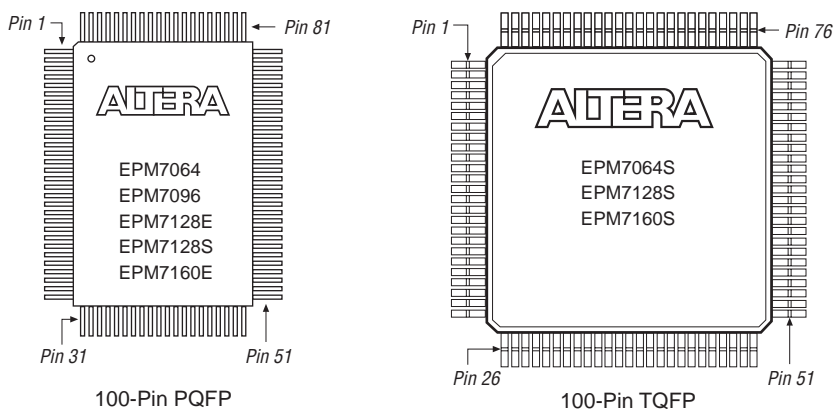


Figure 20. 160-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

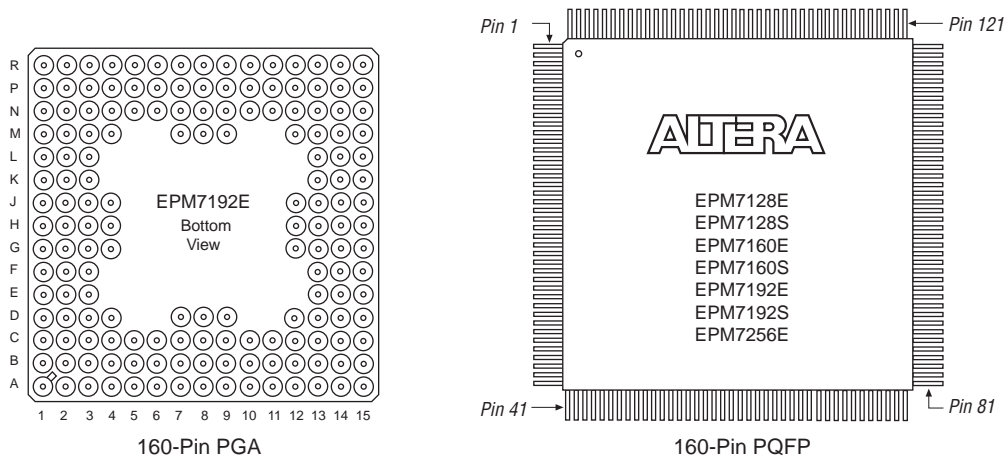
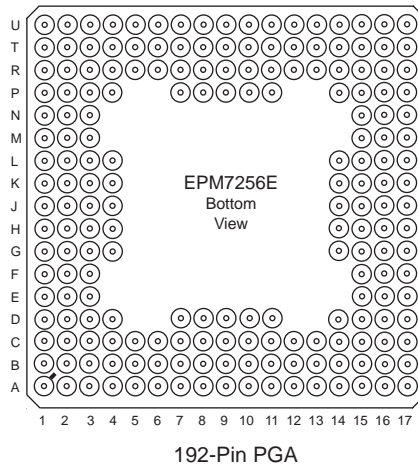
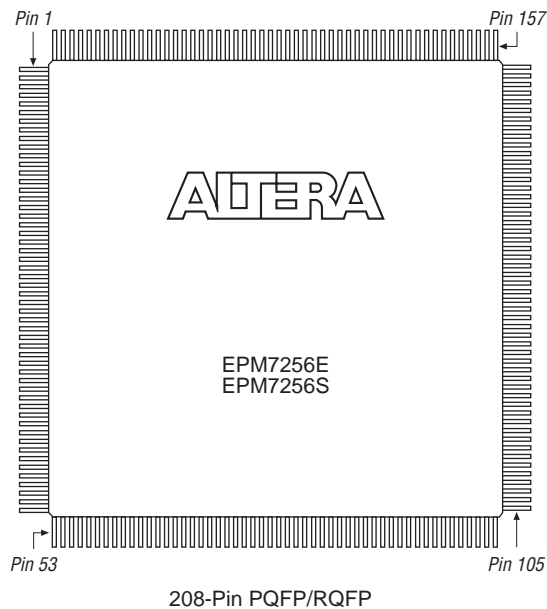


Figure 21. 192-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

**Figure 22. 208-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram**

Package outline not drawn to scale.



Revision History

The information contained in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7 supersedes information published in previous versions. The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

Version 6.7

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.7:

- Reference to *AN 88: Using the Jam Language for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor* has been replaced by *AN 122: Using Jam STAPL for ISP & ICR via an Embedded Processor*.

Version 6.6

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.6:

- Added [Tables 6](#) through [8](#).
- Added “[Programming Sequence](#)” section on [page 17](#) and “[Programming Times](#)” section on [page 18](#).

Version 6.5

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.5:

- Updated text on [page 16](#).

Version 6.4

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.4:

- Added [Note \(5\)](#) on [page 28](#).

Version 6.3

The following changes were made in the *MAX 7000 Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 6.3:

- Updated the “[Open-Drain Output Option \(MAX 7000S Devices Only\)](#)” section on [page 20](#).