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Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.75V ~ 5.25V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	8
Number of Macrocells	128
Number of Gates	2500
Number of I/O	84
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7128sqci100-10

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

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- Additional design entry and simulation support provided by EDIF 2 0 0 and 3 0 0 netlist files, library of parameterized modules (LPM), Verilog HDL, VHDL, and other interfaces to popular EDA tools from manufacturers such as Cadence, Exemplar Logic, Mentor Graphics, OrCAD, Synopsys, and VeriBest
- Programming support
 - Altera's Master Programming Unit (MPU) and programming hardware from third-party manufacturers program all MAX 7000 devices
 - The BitBlasterTM serial download cable, ByteBlasterMVTM parallel port download cable, and MasterBlasterTM serial/universal serial bus (USB) download cable program MAX 7000S devices

General Description

The MAX 7000 family of high-density, high-performance PLDs is based on Altera's second-generation MAX architecture. Fabricated with advanced CMOS technology, the EEPROM-based MAX 7000 family provides 600 to 5,000 usable gates, ISP, pin-to-pin delays as fast as 5 ns, and counter speeds of up to 175.4 MHz. MAX 7000S devices in the -5, -6, -7, and -10 speed grades as well as MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in -5, -6, -7, -10P, and -12P speed grades comply with the PCI Special Interest Group (PCI SIG) *PCI Local Bus Specification, Revision 2.2.* See Table 3 for available speed grades.

Device		Speed Grade												
	-5	-6	-7	-10P	-10	-12P	-12	-15	-15T	-20				
EPM7032		✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓					
EPM7032S	✓	✓	✓		✓									
EPM7064		✓	✓		~		✓	✓						
EPM7064S	✓	✓	✓		~									
EPM7096			✓		~		✓	✓						
EPM7128E			✓	✓	~		✓	✓		✓				
EPM7128S		✓	✓		~			✓						
EPM7160E				✓	✓		✓	✓		✓				
EPM7160S		✓	✓		~			✓						
EPM7192E						✓	✓	✓		✓				
EPM7192S			✓		✓			✓						
EPM7256E						✓	✓	✓		✓				
EPM7256S			✓		✓			✓						

The MAX 7000E devices—including the EPM7128E, EPM7160E, EPM7192E, and EPM7256E devices—have several enhanced features: additional global clocking, additional output enable controls, enhanced interconnect resources, fast input registers, and a programmable slew rate.

In-system programmable MAX 7000 devices—called MAX 7000S devices—include the EPM7032S, EPM7064S, EPM7128S, EPM7160S, EPM7192S, and EPM7256S devices. MAX 7000S devices have the enhanced features of MAX 7000E devices as well as JTAG BST circuitry in devices with 128 or more macrocells, ISP, and an open-drain output option. See Table 4.

Table 4. MAX 7000 Device Feat	ures		
Feature	EPM7032 EPM7064 EPM7096	All MAX 7000E Devices	All MAX 7000S Devices
ISP via JTAG interface			✓
JTAG BST circuitry			√ (1)
Open-drain output option			✓
Fast input registers		✓	✓
Six global output enables		✓	✓
Two global clocks		✓	✓
Slew-rate control		✓	✓
MultiVolt interface (2)	✓	✓	✓
Programmable register	✓	✓	✓
Parallel expanders	✓	✓	✓
Shared expanders	✓	✓	✓
Power-saving mode	✓	✓	✓
Security bit	✓	✓	✓
PCI-compliant devices available	✓	✓	✓

Notes:

- (1) Available only in EPM7128S, EPM7160S, EPM7192S, and EPM7256S devices only.
- (2) The MultiVolt I/O interface is not available in 44-pin packages.

MAX 7000 devices contain from 32 to 256 macrocells that are combined into groups of 16 macrocells, called logic array blocks (LABs). Each macrocell has a programmable-AND/fixed-OR array and a configurable register with independently programmable clock, clock enable, clear, and preset functions. To build complex logic functions, each macrocell can be supplemented with both shareable expander product terms and high-speed parallel expander product terms to provide up to 32 product terms per macrocell.

The MAX 7000 family provides programmable speed/power optimization. Speed-critical portions of a design can run at high speed/full power, while the remaining portions run at reduced speed/low power. This speed/power optimization feature enables the designer to configure one or more macrocells to operate at 50% or lower power while adding only a nominal timing delay. MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices also provide an option that reduces the slew rate of the output buffers, minimizing noise transients when non-speed-critical signals are switching. The output drivers of all MAX 7000 devices (except 44-pin devices) can be set for either 3.3-V or 5.0-V operation, allowing MAX 7000 devices to be used in mixed-voltage systems.

The MAX 7000 family is supported by Altera development systems, which are integrated packages that offer schematic, text—including VHDL, Verilog HDL, and the Altera Hardware Description Language (AHDL)—and waveform design entry, compilation and logic synthesis, simulation and timing analysis, and device programming. The software provides EDIF 2 0 0 and 3 0 0, LPM, VHDL, Verilog HDL, and other interfaces for additional design entry and simulation support from other industry-standard PC- and UNIX-workstation-based EDA tools. The software runs on Windows-based PCs, as well as Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations.



For more information on development tools, see the MAX+PLUS II Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet and the Quartus Programmable Logic Development System & Software Data Sheet.

Functional Description

The MAX 7000 architecture includes the following elements:

- Logic array blocks
- Macrocells
- Expander product terms (shareable and parallel)
- Programmable interconnect array
- I/O control blocks

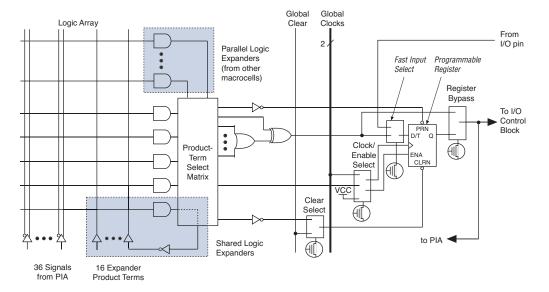
Each LAB is fed by the following signals:

- 36 signals from the PIA that are used for general logic inputs
- Global controls that are used for secondary register functions
- Direct input paths from I/O pins to the registers that are used for fast setup times for MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices

Macrocells

The MAX 7000 macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. The macrocell of EPM7032, EPM7064, and EPM7096 devices is shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3. EPM7032, EPM7064 & EPM7096 Device Macrocell

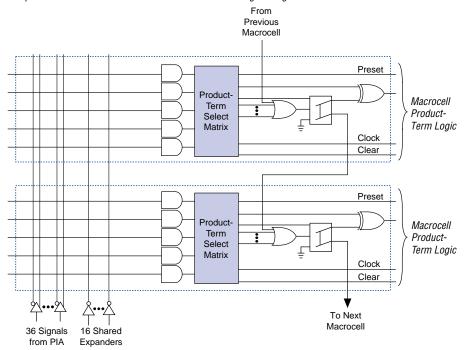


The compiler can allocate up to three sets of up to five parallel expanders automatically to the macrocells that require additional product terms. Each set of five parallel expanders incurs a small, incremental timing delay (t_{PEXP}). For example, if a macrocell requires 14 product terms, the Compiler uses the five dedicated product terms within the macrocell and allocates two sets of parallel expanders; the first set includes five product terms and the second set includes four product terms, increasing the total delay by $2 \times t_{PEXP}$.

Two groups of 8 macrocells within each LAB (e.g., macrocells 1 through 8 and 9 through 16) form two chains to lend or borrow parallel expanders. A macrocell borrows parallel expanders from lower-numbered macrocells. For example, macrocell 8 can borrow parallel expanders from macrocell 7, from macrocells 7 and 6, or from macrocells 7, 6, and 5. Within each group of 8, the lowest-numbered macrocell can only lend parallel expanders and the highest-numbered macrocell can only borrow them. Figure 6 shows how parallel expanders can be borrowed from a neighboring macrocell.

Figure 6. Parallel Expanders

Unused product terms in a macrocell can be allocated to a neighboring macrocell.



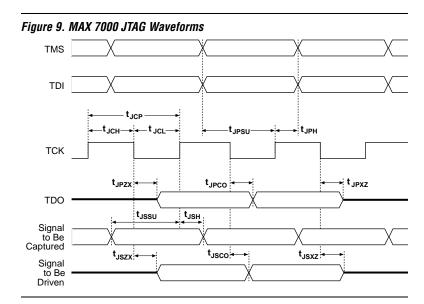


Figure 9 shows the timing requirements for the JTAG signals.

Table 12 shows the JTAG timing parameters and values for MAX 7000S devices.

Table 1	2. JTAG Timing Parameters & Values for MAX 70	00S De	vices	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	100		ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	50		ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	50		ns
t _{JPSU}	JTAG port setup time	20		ns
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	45		ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output		25	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance		25	ns
t _{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	20		ns
t _{JSH}	Capture register hold time	45		ns
t _{JSCO}	Update register clock to output		25	ns
t _{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t _{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance		25	ns



For more information, see *Application Note* 39 (*IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary-Scan Testing in Altera Devices*).

Design Security

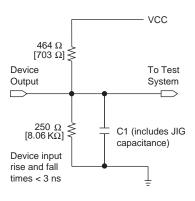
All MAX 7000 devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a proprietary design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

Generic Testing

Each MAX 7000 device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 10. Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Figure 10. MAX 7000 AC Test Conditions

Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground. significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result. Numbers in brackets are for 2.5-V devices and outputs. Numbers without brackets are for 3.3-V devices and outputs.



QFP Carrier & Development Socket

MAX 7000 and MAX 7000E devices in QFP packages with 100 or more pins are shipped in special plastic carriers to protect the QFP leads. The carrier is used with a prototype development socket and special programming hardware available from Altera. This carrier technology makes it possible to program, test, erase, and reprogram a device without exposing the leads to mechanical stress.



For detailed information and carrier dimensions, refer to the *QFP Carrier & Development Socket Data Sheet*.



MAX 7000S devices are not shipped in carriers.

Notes to tables:

- (1) See the Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet.
- (2) Minimum DC input voltage on I/O pins is –0.5 V and on 4 dedicated input pins is –0.3 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to –2.0 V or overshoot to 7.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.
- (3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
- (4) V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
- (5) The POR time for all 7000S devices does not exceed 300 μs. The sufficient V_{CCINT} voltage level for POR is 4.5 V. The device is fully initialized within the POR time after V_{CCINT} reaches the sufficient POR voltage level.
- (6) 3.3-V I/O operation is not available for 44-pin packages.
- (7) The V_{CCISP} parameter applies only to MAX 7000S devices.
- (8) During in-system programming, the minimum DC input voltage is –0.3 V.
- (9) These values are specified under the MAX 7000 recommended operating conditions in Table 14 on page 26.
- (10) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sourcing the specified current. The I_{OH} parameter refers to high-level TTL or CMOS output current.
- (11) The parameter is measured with 50% of the outputs each sinking the specified current. The I_{OL} parameter refers to low-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current.
- (12) When the JTAG interface is enabled in MAX 7000S devices, the input leakage current on the JTAG pins is typically -60 uA.
- (13) Capacitance is measured at 25° C and is sample-tested only. The OE1 pin has a maximum capacitance of 20 pF.

Figure 11 shows the typical output drive characteristics of MAX 7000 devices.

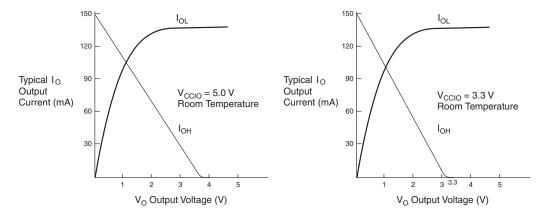


Figure 11. Output Drive Characteristics of 5.0-V MAX 7000 Devices

Timing Model

MAX 7000 device timing can be analyzed with the Altera software, with a variety of popular industry-standard EDA simulators and timing analyzers, or with the timing model shown in Figure 12. MAX 7000 devices have fixed internal delays that enable the designer to determine the worst-case timing of any design. The Altera software provides timing simulation, point-to-point delay prediction, and detailed timing analysis for a device-wide performance evaluation.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed Grade						
			MAX 700	OE (-10P)		00 (-10) DOE (-10)				
			Min	Max	Min	Max				
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns			
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.5		1.0	ns			
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns			
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			5.0		5.0	ns			
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.8		0.8	ns			
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			5.0		5.0	ns			
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns			
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns			
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.5		2.0	ns			
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		2.5	ns			
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.5		6.0	ns			
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		5.0	ns			
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		5.5		5.5	ns			
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		9.0		9.0	ns			
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		5.0		5.0	ns			
t_{SU}	Register setup time		2.0		3.0		ns			
t_H	Register hold time		3.0		3.0		ns			
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		3.0		ns			
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.5		0.5		ns			
t _{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns			
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns			
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns			
t_{EN}	Register enable time			5.0		5.0	ns			
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0	ns			
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			3.0		3.0	ns			
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			3.0		3.0	ns			
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns			
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		11.0		11.0	ns			

Table 24	4. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E Int	ernal Timing Parame	eters Note	e (1)			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed	Grade		Unit
			MAX 700	OE (-12P)		000 (-12) 00E (-12)	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			1.0		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			7.0		7.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			7.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		2.0		4.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		5.0		7.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		6.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	4.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		2.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			5.0		5.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			7.0		5.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		0.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		3.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		3.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			1.0		1.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		12.0	ns

Table 2	5. MAX 7000 & MAX 7000E	External Timing I	Paramete	ers /	lote (1)				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	15	-1	5T	-2	20	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		11.0		11.0		12.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input	(2)	3.0		-		5.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input	(2)	0.0		-		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		8.0		8.0		12.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		5.0		6.0		6.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		15.0		15.0		20.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(3)	6.0		6.5		8.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (4)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(5)	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			13.0		13.0		16.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(5)	76.9		76.9		62.5		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(6)	100		83.3	_	83.3	_	MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	15	-1	5T	-2	20	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay	(2)		2.0		_		4.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			8.0		10.0		9.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay	(2)		3.0		_		4.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		5.0		-		6.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		8.0		-		9.0	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = off V _{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (7)		7.0		-		11.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay Slow slew rate = on V _{CCIO} = 5.0 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF (2)		10.0		-		14.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		6.0		6.0		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		4.0		4.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		4.0		4.0		5.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		4.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input	(2)	2.0		-		3.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			6.0		6.0		8.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.0		1.0		3.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			4.0		4.0		4.0	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay			2.0		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		13.0		15.0		15.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- (1) These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This parameter applies to MAX 7000E devices only.
- This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (4) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (5) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (6) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (7) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , t_{ACL} , and t_{CPPW} parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 27 and 28 show the EPM7032S AC operating conditions.

Table 2	77. EPM7032\$ External Time	ing Parameter	s (Part	1 of 2) No	ote (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		4.0		5.0		7.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		3.5		4.3		5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		1.1		2.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.7		3.0		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.6		8.2		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		142.9		116.3		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.0		8.6		10.0	ns

Table 2	8. EPM7032S Internal Tim	ing Parameter	rs /	lote (1)							
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-	-5 -6 -7 -10							
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(7)		1.1		1.1		1.4		1.0	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	(8)		12.0		10.0		10.0		11.0	ns

Notes to tables:

- These values are specified under the recommended operating conditions shown in Table 14. See Figure 13 for more information on switching waveforms.
- (2) This minimum pulse width for preset and clear applies for both global clear and array controls. The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to this minimum width if the clear or reset signal incorporates the t_{LAD} parameter into the signal path.
- (3) This parameter is a guideline that is sample-tested only and is based on extensive device characterization. This parameter applies for both global and array clocking.
- (4) These parameters are measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
- (5) The f_{MAX} values represent the highest frequency for pipelined data.
- (6) Operating conditions: $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ for commercial and industrial use.
- (7) For EPM7064S-5, EPM7064S-6, EPM7128S-6, EPM7160S-6, EPM7160S-7, EPM7192S-7, and EPM7256S-7 devices, these values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.
- (8) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{EN} , t_{SEXP} , $\mathbf{t_{ACL}}$, and $\mathbf{t_{CPPW}}$ parameters for macrocells running in the low-power mode.

Tables 29 and 30 show the EPM7064S AC operating conditions.

Table 2	9. EPM7064S External Timi	ing Parameters	(Part	1 of 2)	No	nte (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								
			-	5	-	6	-	7	-1	10	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF		5.0		6.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time		2.9		3.6		6.0		7.0		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		2.5		2.5		3.0		3.0		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		0.0		0.0		0.5		0.5		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		3.2		4.0		4.5		5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		2.0		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time		0.7		0.9		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		2.1		2.0		3.0		ns

Table 2	9. EPM7064\$ External Timi	ing Parameters	(Part 2	2 of 2)	No	te (1)					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade								
			-	-5 -6		-7		-10			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		6.7		7.5		10.0	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	2.5		2.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			5.7		7.1		8.0		10.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	175.4		140.8		125.0		100.0		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	250.0		200.0		166.7		125.0		MHz

Table 30. EPM7064S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) Note (1)											
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-5		-6		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.2		0.5		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		2.6		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.1		3.8		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.9		1.1		0.8		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.6		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.5		3.2		3.0		5.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.8		2.0		2.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.2		0.3		2.0		1.5	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.7		0.8		2.5		2.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.2		5.3		7.0		5.5	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		4.5		5.5	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		9.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		4.0		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		0.8		1.0		3.0		2.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.7		2.0		2.0		3.0		ns

Table 3	Table 33. EPM7160S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) Note (1)										
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Conditions Speed Grade Un						Unit		
			-	6	-	7	-1	0	-1	5	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			6.7		8.2		10.0		13.0	ns
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	149.3		122.0		100.0		76.9		MHz
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz

Table 34. EPM7160S Internal Timing Parameters (Part 1 of 2) Note (1)											
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions				Speed	Grade				Unit
			-6		-7		-10		-15		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.2		0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.6		3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			3.6		4.3		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.0		1.3		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			2.8		3.4		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			2.8		3.4		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.7		0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.4		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		0.9		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.4		5.5		5.5		8.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		1.2		2.0		4.0		ns
t _H	Register hold time		1.6		2.0		3.0		4.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		1.9		2.2		3.0		2.0		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		0.6		0.8		0.5		1.0		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			1.3		1.6		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			1.0		1.3		2.0		1.0	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			2.9		3.5		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			2.8		3.4		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		2.4		1.0		1.0	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			2.4		3.0		3.0		4.0	ns

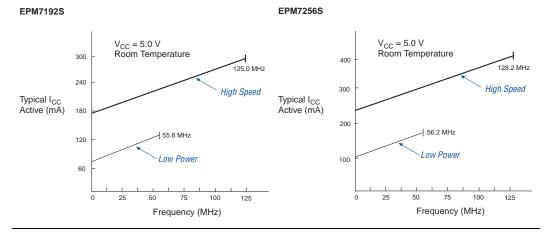
Table 3	Table 35. EPM7192S External Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2) Note (1)									
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade		Unit		
			-	7	-1	10	-15			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time		1.8		3.0		4.0		ns	
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		10.0		15.0	ns	
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns	
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		4.0		6.0		ns	
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset	(2)	3.0		4.0		6.0		ns	
t _{ODH}	Output data hold time after clock	C1 = 35 pF (3)	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns	
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns	
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz	
t _{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period			8.0		10.0		13.0	ns	
f _{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(4)	125.0		100.0		76.9		MHz	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	(5)	166.7		125.0		100.0		MHz	

Table 3	6. EPM7192\$ Internal Tim	ing Parameters (Par	t 1 of 2)	Note	(1)				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	7	-1	10	-1	15	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		2.0	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			3.2		1.0		2.0	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			4.2		5.0		8.0	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			1.2		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			3.1		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.9		2.0		3.0	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		0.5		1.5		4.0	ns
t _{OD2}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		1.0		2.0		5.0	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay	C1 = 35 pF		5.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{ZX2}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF (6)		4.5		5.5		7.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay	C1 = 35 pF		9.0		9.0		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		4.0		5.0		6.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.1		2.0		4.0		ns

Table 39. MAX 7000 I _{CC} Equation Constants									
Device	Α	В	С						
EPM7032	1.87	0.52	0.144						
EPM7064	1.63	0.74	0.144						
EPM7096	1.63	0.74	0.144						
EPM7128E	1.17	0.54	0.096						
EPM7160E	1.17	0.54	0.096						
EPM7192E	1.17	0.54	0.096						
EPM7256E	1.17	0.54	0.096						
EPM7032S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7064S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7128S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7160S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7192S	0.93	0.40	0.040						
EPM7256S	0.93	0.40	0.040						

This calculation provides an I_{CC} estimate based on typical conditions using a pattern of a 16-bit, loadable, enabled, up/down counter in each LAB with no output load. Actual I_{CC} values should be verified during operation because this measurement is sensitive to the actual pattern in the device and the environmental operating conditions.

Figure 15. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for MAX 7000S Devices (Part 2 of 2)

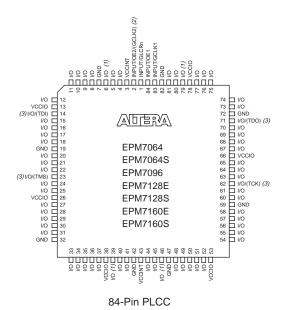


Device Pin-Outs

See the Altera web site (http://www.altera.com) or the *Altera Digital Library* for pin-out information.

Figure 18. 84-Pin Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



Notes:

- (1) Pins 6, 39, 46, and 79 are no-connect (N.C.) pins on EPM7096, EPM7160E, and EPM7160S devices.
- (2) The pin functions shown in parenthesis are only available in MAX 7000E and MAX 7000S devices.
- (3) JTAG ports are available in MAX 7000S devices only.